

The Centre Reporter.



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CENTRE HALL, PA., WEDNESDAY, MAY 18, 1887.

NO. 20

THE CENTRE REPORTER.

FRED KURTZ, Editor.

Gov. Beaver has signed the high license bill.

The fact that there is a man in the moon, settles it that it has barber shops too.

Gen. Hastings is getting quite popular as Adj. General, and is pointed to as a sample of the finely built men we raise in Centre county.

All the licenses throughout the state having been granted for 1887, they stand unaffected by the high license law, until the expiration of the year.

The officers of the State Liquor League announced that the constitutionality of the High License bill will be contested as soon as it goes into operation.

Candidates are out seeing their friends and those not their friends—the latter the ones they are most interested in. Let's have a canvass of good will this year.

The Mexican earthquake was bad and good—it killed a great many persons, but then it brought out a supply of good water in a dry region and shook out to view some gold mines in a poor region.

Things still look unsettled in Europe. One hundred and forty thousand Austrian soldiers are under arms in Dalmatia prepared for a campaign. The Montenegrin army is reported ready for action.

In the new Senatorial Apportionment bill Huntington and Centre counties are to comprise the Twenty-ninth district. This makes a close district and parties will have to put forward their best men in consequence.

Dr. Atherton, president of State College, is gratified with the passage of the bill authorizing the sale of the two experimental farms. The Dr. has his whole mind set upon the success of State College, and seems to be the right man in the right place.

We have received the first number of "The Historical Journal," a monthly record devoted principally to north-western Pennsylvania, by John F. McGinnis, of Williamsport. It will be a valuable record for the preservation of the local history of the northwestern part of our state, including our own county, and edited by a gifted pen. Price \$2 per year.

The sale of the Crown jewels began in Paris on the 12th. There were about 250 French and foreign jewelers in attendance. Ten lots were disposed of, realizing 505,700 francs. Among the articles sold were a diamond necklace for 181,250 francs, and a pair of diamond epaulettes for 84,000 francs. The necklace was bought for Tiffany, of New York. The other articles went to European buyers.

The Irish question is the all exciting one in England, and is attracting great attention in this country. To show how high the feeling runs in England, it is chronicled that the breach in the personal relations of Gladstone with Lords Hartington and Chamberlain is now complete. Until recently their political differences did not cause a cessation of their personal intercourse. Now, however, when they meet in the lobbies of the house of commons they do not speak and do not even exchange salutations. Chamberlain sits close to Gladstone in the house, but neither makes a sign of recognition.

We think, from all indications, that President Cleveland will be renominated by the Democrats in 1888. From a canvass made by the Pittsburg Post, among the Democratic legislators and press of this state, it is evident that Cleveland will be the choice of Pennsylvania. His renomination is almost demanded for the good of the party, and his administration having been pure, it can not be successfully assailed. The only complaint that has been made against the administration thus far, has been its tardiness in removing Republican office holders—many Democrats would have preferred a more rapid "turn the rascals out." But, we must be willing to concede the President acted from proper motives in this regard, and the matter will be overlooked in his renomination, and, as our standard bearer in the national campaign next year, Mr. Cleveland will be backed by a united Democracy, and receive a triumphant election. No administration can please everybody, and, in the main the administration of President Cleveland has been pure and patriotic.

THE HIGH LICENSE BILL.

The second section requires applicants to be of temperate habits and prohibits the sale of a greater quantity than a quart.

The fourth section requires applications to be filed three weeks before the hearing; that applicants pay the clerks of court \$5 for publishing the lists of applicants, and that no license shall be granted to sell in grocery stores.

Section five requires petitions to give the name and residence of the applicant, the place desired to be licensed, the place of birth; if naturalized, when naturalized, name of the owner of the premises, and must show that the place to be licensed is necessary for the accommodation of the public; that the applicant is not in any manner pecuniarily interested in the profit of the business conducted in any other licensed place in the county; that the applicant is the only person pecuniarily interested in the business so asked to be licensed. The applicant must also state whether his license has been revoked during the preceding year.

The two bond-men must be reputable freeholders and give security in \$2,000 each and shall not be engaged in the manufacture of intoxicating liquors.

Section six requires twelve signers of the proper ward, borough and township.

Section seven requires the court to refuse a license if it is shown that the license is not necessary for the accommodation of the public and entertainment of strangers or travelers, or that the applicant is not a fit person to have license. The court is also empowered to revoke the license if the holder violate any law.

In cities of the first class four-fifths of the money shall be paid for the use of the city and county and one-fifth for the use of the commonwealth; in cities of the second and third classes two-fifths to the county and one-fifth to the state; in all other cities and in boroughs, three-fifths to the city or borough, one-fifth to the county and one-fifth to the state; in townships, one-fourth to the county, one-fourth to the state and one-half to the township, the same to be applied to keeping roads in repair; places receiving parts of licenses shall bear their proportionate shares of the expenses attending the collection of the same.

Section eleven requires constables the first week in each term of court to report licensed and unlicensed drinking places, willful disobedience to be followed by suspension from office, the imposition of a fine not exceeding \$500, or imprisonment not exceeding two years.

Section twelve requires constables to pay monthly visits to places where intoxicating liquors are sold to ascertain if the law is violated, and if so, return the law-breakers to the court.

Section thirteen requires licenses to be framed under a glass.

Section fourteen provides that if a license shall trust or give credit for drinks no action shall be maintained or recovery had in any case for the value of the liquor sold.

Section fifteen imposes a fine of not less than \$500 nor more than \$5,000 and imprisonment of not less than three months nor more than twelve months for the sale of intoxicating liquors without license. Persons having a license convicted of violating the license laws shall be fined not less than \$100 nor more than \$500 for the first offense, and not less than \$300 nor more than \$1,000 for the second offense and not exceeding \$5,000 for the third offense or imprisonment not exceeding twelve months. Any person convicted of more than one offense shall not again be licensed and the license of any person permitting the customary visitation of disreputable persons or keeping a disorderly place may upon proof be revoked and the same party shall not again be licensed.

Section sixteen prohibits druggists and apothecaries from selling intoxicating liquors except upon the written prescription of a regularly registered physician. Alcohol or any preparations containing the same may be sold for scientific, mechanical or medicinal purposes.

Section seventeen prohibits sales on election days, Sunday, to any minor or person of known intemperate habits, or a person visibly affected by intoxicating drinks, or on any pass book or order on a store, or to receive from any person goods, wares, merchandise or provisions in exchange for liquors.

The adherents of Henry George in New York have decided to call a State Convention with a view of entering the next campaign in that State as an Independent organization, having neither Democratic nor Republican affiliations. They seem to be impressed with the belief that they still hold not only the nearly 70,000 votes cast for Mr. George in the recent mayoralty contest in New York City, but that their numerical strength is as relatively large throughout the State. In this they may be sadly disappointed.

RESPECT FOR LAWFUL AUTHORITY.

The Patriot says it is always a dangerous thing to encourage a disregard of duly appointed authority. It smacks of anarchy, and anarchy should have recognition in no shape among a people who make the baser principles of the mind subservient to cool judgment and patriotism.

O'Brien, the Irish agitator, who is now by his actions and utterances throwing all Canada into a ferment, may be actuated by a laudable motive; his purpose to acquaint the people of that dominion with the wrongs of a certain portion of his fellow countrymen and to fix the responsibility for the perpetration of those wrongs upon Lord Lansdowne is doubtless nothing more than the exercise of the right of free speech which Americans are always ready to accord to all, and may be in itself a perfectly lawful act. But even lawful rights can be exercised by an individual only with a due regard to discretion to the peace of the community and to the rights of others.

KANSAS CORN WATERED.

Reports from Wichita Kansas, of 15 says there was a large rainfall in that section of the state, and specials from the western part of the state report the same there. The early plant of corn has been killed by dry weather, which was causing no little uneasiness through the state. The late plant had not sprouted, but the heavy rains of Friday, it is thought, insure a fair crop in Kansas. There is no hope for an oats crop, as it has been destroyed by the drought.

A Bill has passed the legislature for the sale of the experimental farms, one in Chester and the other in Indiana county. The proceeds will go to the State Agricultural College, to enable it to carry on the purposes of the law on the farms in connection with the College. We think the passage of the bill was proper, and is the result of the visit of a senatorial investigating committee to the College, which they found was carrying out the provisions of the act of congress which led to the establishment of the institution.

It is gratifying to note that the State College is accomplishing its mission, and leaves little for quibblers to scold over. The present legislature was not troubled with nonsensical thrusts at the College, and it is winning favor right along. Dr. Atherton is doing noble work as president of the institution, and is untiring in his efforts to make it what the act of congress intended it should be. His labors are being crowned with success.

We are pleased to note that Chairman McClain is at work to bring the Democracy of our county on a good and solid footing for the fall campaign, with a view to restoring the old majorities. Let every good Democrat come to the aid of the chairman; he is worthy of the utmost confidence, and must have the moral support of Democrats in his efforts to get the organization in good trim. Mr. McClain has all the executive ability needed to make an efficient chairman, and we know has the good of the party at heart and the success of our nominees next fall. We are sure he will succeed in his work, but Democrats must come to his aid. Let there be no bickerings, no combinations among candidates, let each one go on his own merits, and stand up to his pledge to abide by the decision of our county convention, paying no attention to rumors, and reports whatever they be, and 1000 majority will be inscribed on the banner of the Centre county Democracy next fall.

The greatest wheat deal on record is said to be progressing. The manipulators are credited with holding 40,000,000 bushels and commanding an unlimited amount of capital. Their operations extend to Liverpool and embrace every grain market in the United States. If all the rumors as to the participants are correct, Mackay and the Nevada Bank clique generally, Rockefeller and other Standard Oil men, a Cincinnati band of capitalists—one in Galveston—P. D. Armour and an indefinite number of other millionaires in Chicago and New York are engaged in it.

If it terminates successfully the hero, when he becomes known, will enjoy a fame which any one who wants that kind of fame might well be proud of. How many of the rumors are true it is impossible to say. There is one redeeming feature about the situation, and that is that the price of wheat is not very high.

It is estimated that under the new revenue bill now under consideration, the one-half of the personal property tax which by the second section is to be returned to the counties, will exceed \$1,000,000. Centre county's share would be \$7,000, and we guess our efficient board of commissioners would make good use of it.

—Oil cloths, every pattern and width new and beautiful stock, at S. & A. Loeb, and very low in price.

NEW TAX LAW.

A new tax law was passed by the legislature on Tuesday which touches all classes and interests of the state, with a view to equalize taxation and increase the revenues. The new law is chiefly the work of Mr. Shapley, aided by Auditor General Norris, and it is regarded as largely increasing the revenue rather by the equalization of taxes than by an increase of taxation.

The new law does not impose a tax upon manufacturing companies, corporate or limited, actually employed in manufacturing within the state.

The feature of the new bill that will be most generally felt is that exempting household furniture, carriages, watches, plate, etc.

THEY WILL TEST THE LAW.

The Pittsburg Post, of 14 inst., says Fred Schmidt, president of the Allegheny County Saloonkeepers' Protective Association, is preparing a call for a special meeting of the association, which will be held towards the end of next week. Although members of the organization are at present averse to saying anything about their plans, the fact has leaked out that the meeting is for no other purpose than making arrangements to test the constitutionality of the Brooks high license bill. Some of the leading saloonkeepers in this city have already sought legal advice and received assurance that the bill is an unwarranted usurpation of authority and will not stand the scrutiny of the supreme court.

A BIG STRIKE COMING.

There seems to be little doubt that the threatened strike throughout the anthracite coal region will come. The miners have made demands for an increase, but the disposition of the coal companies at present is to simply ignore the demand. They claim that the demand is made at a bad time, as they have a large supply of coal on hand so that in many ways the strike would relieve the market. They also claim that the miners are better paid this year than last year. An official of the Pennsylvania railroad company denied that there had been any conference among mining companies concerning the demand for increased wages.

It is rather amusing to see the anxiety manifested by the average Republican politician to create the impression that President Cleveland will not be a candidate for re-election. The wish is father to the thought. Mr. Cleveland has administered the presidential office with signal ability and with fidelity to all public interests. His administration commands the respect and confidence of the people, and all the present indications point to his re-nomination. With him as the standard-bearer the Democracy will be invincible in the battle of 1888.

The only fault to find is, that the Republican office-holders were not made to walk a little faster.

The legislature will adjourn at noon to day. Good.

NOTICE OF APPEALS.

Notice is hereby given that Appeals will be held at Commissioners' office in Bellefonte for the different townships and boroughs as follows:

- For the townships of Miles, Penn. Haines and Gregg, and Mithelm borough May 31.
- For Harris, College, Ferguson, Halfmoon and Potter townships, and Centre Hall borough June 1.
- For Rush, Taylor, Boston and Worth townships, and Philipsburg borough June 2.
- For Union, Bernside, Snow Shoe and Mitesburg boroughs June 3.
- For Howard, Curtin, Liberty, Marion and Walker townships, and Howard borough June 6.
- For Benner, Patton and Spring townships, and Bellefonte borough June 7.

Assessors are required to be present and have their transcripts with them.

John Wolf,
A. J. Greist,
J. C. Henderson,
Commissioners.

Attest,
G. W. Romberger,
Clerk.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

TREASURER.
We are authorized to announce that Joshua T. Potter, of north precinct Potter, is a candidate for Treasurer, subject to Democratic usages.

SHERIFF.
We are authorized to announce that Josiah Hoyt, of Marion, is a candidate for sheriff, subject to Democratic usages.

REGISTRAR.
We are authorized to announce that John G. Miles, of Martha Furnace, is a candidate for Registrar, subject to Democratic usages.

RECORDER.
We are authorized to announce that W. A. Lohr, of Benner township, will be a candidate for Recorder, subject to Democratic usages.

REGISTER.
We are authorized to announce that John A. Rupp, of College twp., is a candidate for Register, subject to Democratic usages.

—For summer silks, satin rhadamies, summer silk and China silk, go to Lyon & Co.

JOHN HOWARD PAYNE'S LOVE.

Death of the Woman for Whom He Wrote "Home, Sweet Home."

ATLANTA, Ga., May 16.—Miss Mary Harden, the fiancée of John Howard Payne and the lady for whom he wrote "Home, Sweet Home," died in Athens Friday night and was buried there Sunday. It is said that the original copy of "Home, Sweet Home" was buried with her, as it was interlined with love declarations from Payne which the lady did not wish to have fall under the eyes of the public. She had been offered large sums for the manuscript but always declined to part with it. Miss Harden passed her seventy-eighth year on her last birthday.

Probably not half a dozen persons outside of Athens knew that the quiet little house in Hancock avenue held this remarkable lady, and many a resident of Athens even lost sight of her. Gen. Harden, of Savannah, was her father. While a girl she reared in a French family and she learned the language thoroughly. In the use of the rapier she became proficient, practicing regularly.

She spent several years in Europe, completing her education in Paris. While still young her father was appointed commissioner to treat with the Cherokee Indians, and she lived in Rome, Ga. One of the agents or assistants in this Indian transaction was John Howard Payne, a young man from New England, who went to Athens, with Gen. Harden and met and loved his daughter Mary. Payne was ardent, but the young girl was not touched by his wooing. Payne loved on, and when absent his young wife about \$10,000 provided she should not marry again. She did marry, and her husband was James Ryan, her late husband's grandson by a former wife. The priest who performed the ceremony was in ignorance of their relationship. Subsequently their relationship became known to the bishop and he caused them to separate. A suit touching the rent to some property has now arisen in which one party holds that as she believed the marriage was illegal she lost the right to retain the money willed to her. The other party holds that the marriage was legal and therefore no marriage at all. The suit will, it is said, establish the legitimacy or illegitimacy of her child by Ryan. The evidence in the suit is being taken by Master in Chancery Boice.

Did She Marry Again?

NEW YORK, May 15.—William Boyland died a few years ago in New Brunswick, leaving his young wife about \$10,000 provided she should not marry again. She did marry, and her husband was James Ryan, her late husband's grandson by a former wife. The priest who performed the ceremony was in ignorance of their relationship. Subsequently their relationship became known to the bishop and he caused them to separate. A suit touching the rent to some property has now arisen in which one party holds that as she believed the marriage was illegal she lost the right to retain the money willed to her. The other party holds that the marriage was legal and therefore no marriage at all. The suit will, it is said, establish the legitimacy or illegitimacy of her child by Ryan. The evidence in the suit is being taken by Master in Chancery Boice.

Michigan Forest Fires.

MARQUETTE, Mich., May 16.—The fog horn here has been sounded for three days and three nights continuously, and is still at it. Dense smoke covers the shores and lake. The forest fires are widespread, and cover every quarter of the peninsula. There has been no wind at all for three days, but it is now blowing very fresh from the south and reports of losses are pouring in. Several towns have been saved with difficulty. A rose of men are fighting fire all over the peninsula. Much valuable pine has been destroyed. Everything is terrible dry in this city and vicinity. There are no fires within eight miles of Marquette.

Will Sue Consul Hobbs of Tampa.

NEW YORK, May 16.—Ramon Rubiera, who went down to Tampa, Fla., to help organize the cigar makers and was driven out with the help of the Board of Trade, got back to this city Sunday. He is fully equipped with law papers from United States Attorney L. W. Bethel, and left for Washington to-day to call upon the State department to sign papers for beginning suit for \$50,000 against the Spanish Consul at Tampa, a Mr. Hobbs. He alleges that the Consul recognizing in him a Cuban revolutionist, stirred the Board of Trade against him and his mission.

Sullivan Talking Fight.

BUFFALO, May 13.—John L. Sullivan and his combination reached this city and took quarters at the Stafford house. The champion was in good condition and expressed himself as pleased with the houses the combination has been having. Referring to the challenge of Kilrain, Sullivan said he could pay no attention to him. He thinks the challenge is a "bluff." "When I get back to New York," said he, "I'll see if Kilrain has any fight in him. I will challenge him, and if he wants to fight I'll accommodate him."

Funeral of Justice Woods.

WASHINGTON, May 16.—The funeral of the late Justice Woods will take place at Newark, O., Tuesday afternoon. The arrangements will be in charge of the supreme court of the United States, the justices of which will be the honorary pallbearers, while the active pallbearers, in accordance with established custom, will be the messengers of the court. Private religious services were held at the house by Dr. Gleisy, of the Epiphany Episcopal church.

Want Yale's Pitcher.

NEW HAVEN, May 16.—Stagg, Yale's pitcher, has received a telegram from James O'Rourke, the well-known baseball player, asking whether he would enter the professional ranks, and telling him that he might join the New York club on his own terms. Mr. Stagg says that he has no present intention of accepting any offer, and added that he already refused to join the Indianapolis club.

Ex-Gov. Moses Wants a Pardons.

BOSTON, May 16.—The friends of Franklin J. Moses, the lawyer and ex-judge and ex-governor of South Carolina, have made application to Gov. Ames and council for a pardon. Moses in October, 1868, was sentenced to three years in state prison, having been convicted of forgery. It is said that he is in poor health.

The Rio Grande Valley Flooded.

LAREDO, Tex., May 16.—Heavy rains fell throughout the Rio Grande valley Saturday night, continuing for hours. The Rio Grande began rising rapidly about midnight, and by noon Sunday had risen eight feet. One of the largest ferry-boats on the river was sunk and the custom-house was washed away.

NEWS OF THE WEEK.

Mrs. Catherine Hood, of Essex, Vt., died Sunday aged, 133 years and 7 months.

M. B. Forbes, of Olean, N. Y., a prominent business man dropped dead Sunday. The will of the widow of Richard Bond, of Boston, gives \$25,000 to Dartmouth College.

William H. King of Newburg while brooding over domestic trouble shot himself. He will die.

The Irish college has printed and presented to the Vatican a long memoir on the Irish question.

The Columbia typographical union No. 101 of Washington, contributes \$500 to the Childs-Drexel fund.

The Baltimore brick carters strike is over. They having been granted the increased wages demanded.

The trial of John Greenwell for the murder of Lyman S. Weeks has begun in the court of sessions, Brooklyn.

A largely attended memorial service in memory of the late Oliver Hoyt was held in the Stamford opera house, Sunday.

Yarborough, who killed the son of Robert Laird Collier, has been found guilty of murder in the first degree at Emporia, Kan.

A party of bicyclists from Washington, Baltimore and Philadelphia, passed through Winchester, Va., Sunday on a southern tour.

The strawboard mill at Wooster, Ohio, owned by Albert Ingard, of a New York, was burned Sunday. Entailing a loss of \$25,000.

The British steamship Guinere has been sunk in the Gulf of Mexico. Her passengers and crew were rescued, and arrived at New Orleans.

A package containing diamonds valued at \$1,000 was stolen from the coat pocket of Henry Quinn while he was playing billiards at the Casino in Boston.

The Michigan house, by a vote of 53 to 34, passed the high license bill. The general tax is placed at \$500, and on wholesale and retail establishments it is \$800.

Joseph Hurst and Harry Bowers, thirteen and fifteen years old respectively, of Carlisle, Pa., were drowned on the Canogaquinet creek, near Oyster Point.

S. R. Callaway has resigned his place as second vice president and general manager of the Union Pacific railroad. I. J. Potter has been chosen first vice president of the road.

Cardinal Gibbons will sail from Queensdown, May 28, and will probably arrive in New York by a delegation of clergy including Rev. Dr. John Foley and Mgr. McColligan.

C. H. Elyen, the New York yacht broker who was arrested in connection with the trouble of Miss Frankie Bell in Brooklyn last week, has been compelled to resign as secretary of the Amaranth amateur dramatic society.

Robert Garrett, of the B. and O. railroad, and some other capitalists have contracted for the erection of a first-class hotel, corner of North Charles and Eager streets, Boston. George C. Boldt, of Philadelphia, will be the manager.

Clergymen Oppose the K. of L.

FORT WAYNE, May 15.—The Missouri synod, the principal convocation of Lutheran clergymen in the United States, concluded its meeting by considering what should be the attitude of the Lutheran church toward the knights of labor. The committee appointed last year reported that they were unable yet to come to a final decision. They recognize that capitalists, in some instances, oppress the poor man, and they therefore see the necessity of resisting such encroachments, but they do not approve the means resorted to by the knights of labor in battling against that oppression. They condemn the boycott denounce the practice of the knights of labor who prevent non-union men from taking the place of strikers, and condemn the manner in which strikers are now conducted. After the report had been read the synod resolved to warn the members of the German Lutheran church against joining the knights of labor.

MR. O'BRIEN NOT FRIGHTENED

No Intimidation Will Prevent Him from Doing What He Has a Right to Do.
MONTREAL, May 16.—At a meeting of the Montreal branch of the Irish National league held Sunday afternoon addresses were delivered by Editor William O'Brien, Dennis Kilbride, the evicted tenant, and several local speakers.

Mr. O'Brien in the course of his speech said his presence in Toronto would scarcely fail to apply a match to the inflammable material, but they were not going to be intimidated by any threats from doing what they had a perfect legal right to do. He said he would go alone, unarmed, with a free and easy conscience and with a full reliance upon the fair play and liberty disposition of the Canadian people, and with deep conviction of the cause he advocated. He also expressed belief that when his tour was finished the Canadian people would send Lord Lansdowne home with the stamp of Canadian reprobation upon his brow.

Ernest Des Rosier, a Frenchman, in a speech said that if England would treat Canadians, through Lord Lansdowne, as England has treated Ireland through Lord Lansdowne, it would be a severe strain upon Canadian loyalty.

Dennis Barry, president of St. Patrick's society, attacked Catholics who did not turn up at Mr. O'Brien's meeting.

Safe With His Bootle and His Victim.

PHILADELPHIA, May 14.—Detective Spittall, who chased J. N. Taggart, the defaulting teller of the Union Trust company through Canada, has forwarded photographs and descriptions of the fugitive to the police offices of the principal cities of Europe. Taggart, who left Halifax on an Allan line steamer, and is now believed to be in Paris, is safe in his refuge abroad, as he cannot be extradited on a charge of embezzlement.

Short Several Thousands.

ST. LOUIS, May 13.—James R. Busby, who has been bookkeeper and cashier of Sheridan & Ryan, grain and general produce commission merchants, left town suddenly, and it was discovered that his accounts are crooked. One check has been found to have been raised from \$129 to \$3,130. The embezzlement will considerably exceed this. A letter was received from Busby, dated Cincinnati, acknowledging his dishonesty.

Slight Earthquake in South Carolina.

CHARLESTON, May 13.—There was a slight shock of earthquake at Summerville and a slight rumbling at Charleston. The vibration was not greater than would be caused by a loaded wagon passing along the street.