

The Centre Reporter.

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NEW SERIES XX

THE CENTRE REPORTER.
FRED KURTZ, . . . Editor.

1887.
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THE FARMER'S NEEDS.

Of all legislation, that which will ameliorate the condition of the farmer should be enacted. The writer hereof lives in an agricultural section and all his interests and investments are wrapped in the prosperity of the farming community—hence we have an opportunity of observing and feeling the disadvantages under which the agricultural population labors, not only in Centre county but all over the country.

If there ever was a time when it could be said that farming paid, that time is not now. Low prices for all farm products, burdensome local taxation which rests solely upon real estate, discrimination in freights, and other causes, are beggaring our farmers, and leaving them nothing for their heavy toil, and the consequent depreciation in real estate makes their sum total look gloomy.

How can this be bettered? One item might be mentioned, namely, let all revenues from mercantile, liquor and other licenses no longer drop into the state treasury, but let them go to the counties, to help the road, school and poor funds. This would take off so much from the farmer's tax to keep up these branches. Let a part or all of the fines and forfeited recognizances remain in the counties where they are imposed, and go in the same direction, and the tax upon the farmers acres will again be lightened.

Why should not these monies go to the immediate benefit of the people of the county from which they are derived, instead of the state treasury which has other sources of revenue in abundance? Now the above suggestions, if enacted would relieve the tax of the farmer very materially, and there is no good reason why it should not be so.

Gov. Beaver has been presented with a new Bible. The General has great admiration for the good book and in all his careful readings of it has never found the term "boss" in it, hence will not allow any bossing about him.

They are having another big strike in New York. Business along the wharves in that city and Brooklyn and Jersey city is in a serious condition. Freight is piled up on the piers and the green hands at work make slow progress. The ocean steamships are greatly delayed by the great strike. There are something like 30,000 coal-handlers, railroad freight handlers and longshoremen out, and where the movement will end no one can say.

The greatest difficulty was met in moving freight on the docks along the North river, where most of the large ocean steamers are berthed. All steamers scheduled to sail on Saturday were delayed for want of coal, and of those that did get to sea most had an insufficient supply and the strikers say that their cargoes were also incomplete.

It seems quite strange to us, an old fisherman, that Uncle Sam and John Bull should fall out about fishing. We have followed fishing for the last twenty summers and never fell out with any one. We fell in the water sometimes.

The son of millionaire Senator Fair, in a Washington saloon, asked congressman Page to take a drink, which the congressman declined. Young Fair then drew a pistol, which Page was quick enough to take from the young snob, and led the senatorial chip out of the saloon. What business has a congressman to say, no, when a senator's son wants to set 'em up. That's the question.

NEW LICENSE BILL.

The Republican caucus of the House, at Harrisburg, has adopted the Brooks bill, as a new license law.

The bill has in it the following section: "In all cities of the first and second classes—all houses, rooms, or places where vinous, spirituous, malt or brewed liquors, or any admixture thereof, are sold, shall pay a license fee of \$600; in all cities third, fourth and fifth classes, \$500; boroughs having a population of 5000 and upward, \$400 and other places \$300. Under the act no license shall be granted if a majority of the citizens of any ward, township or borough petition the court not to grant any license in it. The applicant to receive a license shall not be pecuniarily interested in any other establishment than the one for which he is asking for license, nor shall anybody but himself be pecuniarily interested in the place for which license is asked. The signers are restricted to one petition. The Courts are required to hear remonstrances and petitions and shall refuse the license, if it be shown that the house asked to be licensed, is not necessary for the accommodation of the public and entertainment of strangers or travelers, or that the applicant is not a fit person. One half of the sums received by any city or county treasurer for licenses shall be paid to the State Treasurer and the other half to be retained by the City or County Treasurer to meet the expenses of the county. The number of licenses shall not in each ward, borough or township exceed one to every two hundred assessed voters, the number of voters to be taken from the returns of the preceding year. Persons selling without a license shall pay not less than twice the license fee, nor more than \$5,000, and undergo imprisonment from one to twelve months. No license shall be granted to any house within four hundred feet of a school building or place of worship. Liquors must be sold on the first floor fronting on a public street or road. No screens, blinds, shutters, curtains, partitions, or painted, ground or stained glass windows, or any other obstruction which may interfere with a view of the interior of the room where liquors are sold are allowed. Bars must be closed before 10 o'clock at night, and shall not be opened until 6 next morning, except that Councils in cities and boroughs may allow persons to keep their places open until 12 o'clock. The penalty for violating this provision is not exceeding \$500, and imprisonment not exceeding one year. Liquor selling is prohibited in places where there are special prohibitory laws.

The appointment of Col. D. H. Hastings as Adjutant General seems to please all, and the position will be well filled by a handsome man. Hereafter it will be Gen. Hastings.

FOR TARIFF REFORM.

The protection Democrats completed consideration of the bill to reduce the surplus revenue upon which they have been at work for some time past. The meeting was attended by about twenty Congressmen, including members from the Southern anti-internal revenue organization. The bill wipes out the tax on tobacco and weis beer and also the license tax on dealers in whiskey. The question whether the tax on alcohol used in the arts should be removed or the tax on whiskey should be reduced is left open to be decided by the House.

The provisions of the Randall bill which increased the duties in certain cases are stricken out. The free list of the Randall bill has also been augmented. Lumber, goats'-hair, fur for making hats, jute and jute butts are among the articles placed on the free list. The duty on steel rails is reduced to \$13. The principal features of the Hewitt customs administrative bill are incorporated in the new bill, together with some additions suggested by the Treasury Department. What is known as the "warehouse" section of the Hewitt bill, however, is eliminated. It is expected that the customs sections of the bill will effect a reduction of about \$10,000,000, and that the total reduction of revenue made by the bill will be from fifty-five to sixty million dollars. The intention in framing the customs portion of the bill was to avoid as far as possible all questions likely to lead to controversy. The committee appointed at the last meeting will confer with Speaker Carlisle as to the best mode of procedure.

Since ladies wear hats, wouldn't politeness require that they tip them on meeting young gentlemen, even after having passed them the length of a fence rail?

WEEDING OUT THE DEMOCRATS.

At Harrisburg the clerks in the office of the Secretary of the Commonwealth are being gradually weeded out and Republicans put in their places. Thus far three of Governor Pattison's clerks have been succeeded by members of the opposite party. The remaining Democratic clerks will have to go as soon as

their places can be satisfactorily filled. That's the way Republicans do it, those Democrats who busy themselves to put Republicans in offices, can put this in their pipes.

The New York World says: "It is easier for a camel to go through the eye of a needle" than for a poor man to enter the United States Senate.

Gov. Beaver's administration is turning out all Democratic officials about Harrisburg. The work is going on briskly, and sets Cleveland in the shade. Some of the deputy Republicans or pretended Democrats—who are always in cahoot with the opposite party, even in old Centre, will no doubt be pleased with Gov. Beaver's action in making Democrats walk the plank, as that is what a certain class of Democrats have been working at in our own county.

One of the most lucrative offices on the hill is that of Secretary to the State Board of Agriculture. His salary is not so large, but his opportunities to pile up debts against the Treasury are almost limitless. Last year he was paid \$6,270, for analyzing fertilizers and \$4,658.21 for salary and expenses in reporting cases of pleuro-pneumonia among cattle and suppressing the same. In addition to these amounts he received a salary of \$1,125. The office which has paid Secretary Edge handsomely was created through the efforts of a relative while the latter was a member of the Legislature. We don't think our farmers are benefited a farthing by these operations it is simply a soft snap for a fellow who pockets a nice sum of the people's taxes.

Ex-Governor Curtin tells the story of the recovery of his eyesight as follows: "I went to the oculist absolutely sceptical. He looked at my eye and said he could cure it. I was going to Boston the next day to attend the merchants dinner, and I thought I would like to go seeing if possible. So when he asked when he could perform the operation, I said: "Now at once; might just as well have done with it." He deacidened my eyes with cocaine. He took an instrument. He made one skillful cut with it. He filled my eye with blood. It was all over in a minute. He said, "There, Governor, go home and go to bed, and in the morning you will see as well as anybody." And sure enough, I did.

SPECIAL OFFER.

We desire to make a very liberal proposition by which we hope to increase the circulation of the REPORTER and thereby be enabled to reduce its price to all who will accept the offer. Instead of sending out agents we propose to let our patrons have the benefit of an agent's pay, and put you to scarce any trouble for the gain to you.

1st. If you obtain for the REPORTER one subscription with \$1.25 cash, we will add to it 4 1/2 months free, to make up the year, as a trial subscriber, and you to have two months extra credit and get the REPORTER after that for \$1.50.

2nd. If you get the names of four such trial subscribers sending cash for each name, as above, we will send you the REPORTER one year free. Or, if you can give you two such trial names, we will give you six months credit, free, on REPORTER.

This can be done by very little effort and will pay you well. We will lose by it the first year, but expect to retain the most of these trial names at \$1.50 per year thereafter, and make it up by an increase in circulation.

Names can be sent at any time as they are obtained. The offer will be open until April 1887.

The gain for you will be a reduction in price to \$1.50, and six months for every two names sent us.

Try it, and get the REPORTER half or one whole year free, for very little trouble. Most any one will take trial trip on above proposition.

THE CENTRE REPORTER.

Centre Hall, Pa.

It remains of Gen. Stone were seen as rest in the National cemetery at West Point with military honors.

The Farnellites in the British parliament have re-elected Mr. Parnell, chairman of the Irish parliamentary party and Mr. Justin McCarthy vice-chairman.

The city council of Boston has undertaken to secure the wiping out of the Sunday blue laws of Massachusetts by legislative enactment, providing that each city or town shall define the elements that may be engaged in on Sunday.

The cotton planters along the Mississippi river have won a victory over the American Cotton Oil Trust and advanced the price of cotton seed.

A law making it only a misdemeanor to kill the betrayer of a woman is proposed in Illinois, and is supported even by clergymen.

A bill introduced in the New York assembly proposes to make combinations to corner articles of food, fuel and other necessities of life illegal and punishable as such.

John L. Sullivan, champion pugilist of the world, fainted in a doctor's chair while he was having his injured arm rebroken. After it was properly set the great slugger felt sick, but talked fight.

Dr. Scholer, dean of the Town College of Physicians and Surgeons, at Des Moines, has been indicted for grave robbery.

Mr. Tread, superintendent of the sugar works at Cape May, accidentally shot and killed his assistant, Mr. Roach.

J. A. McFalls is suing for a divorce at Ann Arbor, Mich., but is unable to positively identify his wife.

Mr. A. J. Seigelman, who is on his bridal tour, has been held as a hostage for arrears of wages by the miners at Wickes, M. T.

The public school teachers of New York

TORN BY DYNAMITE.

A Dastardly Attempt to Sink an Old Dominion Steamer.

NEW YORK, Feb. 1.—Just after sundown last night as the Old Dominion Line steamer Guyandotte was passing Long Branch on her way south at full speed a terrific explosion occurred on board in the saloon. It destroyed nearly the entire after part of the steamer, ripping off her decks and sending boats, skylights and furniture skyward.

That dynamite was the agent employed in attempting to wreck the steamer there is no doubt. It was placed in a closet on the starboard quarter of the saloon just before the vessel left the dock by a man who jumped ashore just as the gangplank was pulled in.

There was just daylight enough left for those on shore to see the accident. The greatest excitement prevailed on board immediately after the explosion. Everyone expected to see the steamer sink at once. But after some five minutes they saw her head turn to the northward and she began to come slowly back towards Sandy Hook.

The crews of the life saving stations were about to man their boats and go to the assistance of the crew and passengers, but the steamer set no signal of distress, and a tug-boat soon after took her in tow and assisted her to pier in this city.

Capt. Kelly and his crew had a thrilling story to tell when they landed late last night.

The steamer left her pier, 39 North river, at 3 o'clock yesterday afternoon. She steamed down the bay, past Quarantine and through the Narrows to the Lower bay, and the pilot had left her only twenty minutes when the explosion occurred.

"That's a fearful sensation," said the captain. "I'm stunned every one on board and I thought for a moment the ship would sink under us."

All hands rushed to the after part of the ship as soon as the explosion was over and the engines stopped to learn the extent of the damage. Lying on the cabin floor D. A. Kelly, a passenger, and James Justin, a colored waiter, were found severely hurt.

Robert Sinclair, a mess boy, stated to the captain that before the steamer left her pier he saw a suspicious looking man hanging about the saloon with a bag in his hand. He described him as being about five feet nine inches in height, with light whiskers and complexion, and having a brown overcoat and black derby hat. He ran from the direction of the closet as the steamer was leaving her pier and was the last man to jump ashore.

At the steamer's pier last night when she arrived there was the greatest excitement. The news had come by telegraph from Long Branch, and scores of people had come to see what the damage was. An ironmen of the fifteen feet square was broken through the handsome roof of the saloon, while a hole five feet square was blown in the deck. The machinery was intact, but hardly a vestige of the joiner work in the saloon was unharmed.

The Guyandotte left several days late without a complete cargo, owing to the strike and boycott against the Old Dominion line by the longshoremen. Since the longshoremen employed by that company struck against a reduction of wages on Jan. 3 several attempts have been made to settle the difficulty without avail. A boycott was placed upon the company by the Longshoremen's union about two weeks ago and it has not yet been lifted. The arrest of James E. Quinn and four other members of District Assembly No. 49 at the instigation of President McCready of the company, has embittered the Knights of Labor. A meeting of the order said last night that the leaders of No. 49 would be furiously indicted when the report of the explosion reached them. He said a reward would probably be offered by the Knights for the apprehension and conviction of the man who committed the dastardly act.

"The enemies of Labor," he said, "will be too ready to believe that this cowardly attempt to destroy life and property was instigated by the strikers, but all fair minded people will see in it rather the work of some crank who took advantage of this condition to commit an insane act."

Italians Declare War on Canada.

BUFFALO, Feb. 1.—It is learned that there are a number of Italians of this city eagerly watching the chances of a war with Canada, and are ready to lead into the Dominion, if occasion demands, to show their loyalty for the United States. Mr. A. Oni, a well known Italian of Buffalo, says he has just discovered a very pronounced war element among his people here. "I went into a saloon," he said, "and found it full of Italians. As soon as they saw me they began to shout and gather around me. 'Here is the man who can lead us into Canada,' they said. 'He knows us and can speak our language,' and they picked me up and carried me about in their enthusiasm. The men threw their hats up and proclaimed me as their leader." Mr. Oni stated further that he had heard little or nothing of the movement, if it can be called such, until within a day or two, but he is convinced from what he hears that the men are in earnest. They are loyal and they want to show their loyalty. They claim that they can raise 2,000 men in Buffalo alone and 5,000 or 6,000 in the state.

Will Probably Pay Damages.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 1.—The Star says although Secretary Bayard has not yet announced that the British schooners seized in Alaskan waters for illegal fishing were unlawfully seized and held by the government, that this will be the outcome of the whole matter, and proper damages will be paid by this government for loss and damages. It is understood, the Star says, that this is in accordance with an opinion of the attorney general. It has been shown that the vessels were catching seal outside of the three mile limit, and were therefore well within their rights, according to the construction this government has always insisted upon.

Coal Blockade at Port Richmond.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 1.—There are about 100,000 tons of coal accumulated at Port Richmond. The Reading company's own vessels are the only ones that can be utilized for shipping coal, and they have only 15,000 tons total daily capacity. The company's officials say that the Cacora, which lately applied at Port Richmond for a cargo, will not be loaded.

Lorillard's Strike Ended.

NEW YORK, Feb. 1.—The strike at Lorillard's tobacco factory in Jersey city is ended, the employees returning unconditionally, upon the promise that their grievances were impartially considered and satisfied, if possible. The new employees will not be discharged, so that some of the old hands have lost their places.

A Doctor's Sudden Death.

BINGHAMTON, N. Y., Feb. 1.—Dr. George A. Thayer, ex-mayor of this city, dropped dead yesterday afternoon. He had been called to attend a man injured by falling through an elevator, and while pulling on the man's broken arm the doctor suddenly fell dead. He was 63 years of age, and noted for his benevolence.

CUSTOM HOUSE LABORERS GO OUT.

The laborers employed in the weigher's department of the custom house and detailed to wharves along the East river and Brooklyn have joined the strikers. They say that they do not get enough pay.

They receive only \$2.50 a day, and Surveyor Beattie says there is substantial cause for their grievance, and that he has recommended at Washington that they be paid \$3 a day.

There was a conference last night between the representatives of District 40 and the unions affected by the strike. A representative of Italian labor organizations said he had 5,000 Italian laborers and freight handlers organized. He was instructed to call on the Italian consul to-day and ask him to take steps to prevent Italian padrones from furnishing laborers to the steamship companies.

ACTIVITY AT HOBOKEN.

At Hoboken the Hamburg and Bremen wharves were scenes of activity all day, every employe being a non-union man.

The arrivals at the North German Lloyds, or Bremen wharves yesterday were the steamships Saale, from Bremen, also the Donau, with 1,000 tons of freight for this city, which will be handled by non-union men.

A steady stream of water poured upon the ruins of the Cronwell line's pier No. 9, North river yesterday. At nightfall the timbers were still smoking. A careful investigation as to the cause of the fire resulted in settling the fact that the striking longshoremen had no hand in it. It is thought that the ashes from a cigar or pipe set fire to some loose cotton.

The loss will not be as heavy as was at first supposed. Many bales of cotton were taken out almost unharmed. Many barrels of freight also were removed unharmed by the gang of men at work there yesterday.

PLENTY OF DEPUTY SHERIFFS.

"We have been manufacturing deputy sheriff by the wholesale," said the superintendent of the Berwind-White Mining company, at South Amboy, to a reporter yesterday.

The statement was not exaggerated, for over 600 specials with badges and formidable clubs were found scattered over the five piers of the company. This great force was deemed necessary, as the piers and trestle-work are each over one mile in length.

One hundred non-union men, mostly Scandinavians, were put at work yesterday, and at night the entire gang was quartered on a barge which has been fitted up with bunks for 150 men and provisions to last thirty days. The company officials declare that they will keep their army of deputies half a year if it needs to protect the new men.

A PROBABLE CRISIS.

New Jersey's Capital Expecting a Shaking Up To-Day.

TRENTON, Feb. 1.—It is stated that at the Republican caucus last night it was decided on a vote of 7 to 5, to organize the senate to-day at 12 o'clock. It is also given out officially that Sewell is the choice for United States senator of the Republicans, and will be the regular nominee at the caucus to be held two weeks hence. The caucus will be held at this time in compliance with the law that provides for the United States senator's election on the second Tuesday after the organization of the legislature. New a new complication arises. The Democrats are talking about voting for Lellan's resolution and not allow the senate to organize. The resolution is to adjourn the house sine die, which the members say can be done; the house meets at 12, and it is proposed to organize the senate at 12. There is also the possibility of the Republicans strengthening by Speaker Baird and Throckmorton, opposing its motion to adjourn the house in time to allow a joint assembly meeting for the usual vote for Abbott. This meeting must be held at 12 o'clock, and if Baird and Throckmorton vote with the Republicans against adjournment before that hour, it will leave the Democrats at sea in regard to their determination to meet each day and vote for United States senator. The organization of the senate at 12 will also tend to prevent it. Altogether there may be some fun. The assembly chamber is thronged at each session with visitors, expectant of a repetition of the scenes which took place at the opening of the session.

Another caucus is to be held by the Republicans at 11:30, to decide finally about the organization of the senate.

Gen. Sewell left for Washington at 11 o'clock last night. Before leaving he said: "I am in this fight to stay and I will not be driven out by any man."

Revolt of Jersey Convicts.

TRENTON, N. J., Feb. 1.—Some excitement was occasioned in the state prison yesterday afternoon by fifteen convicts who refused to go to work in the laundry department under Keeper Moore. The gang was led by convict Thomas, who is serving a long term for manslaughter and who is regarded as a desperate character. He told Moore that the men had made up their minds not to work under him any longer. The men stood threateningly and awaited a sign to attack Moore, who touched the bell for help. In half a minute several deputy keepers responded to the call and with drawn revolvers quickly cowed the convicts, who were marched to the prison center, where they were put in irons and returned to their cells. They will be thoroughly disciplined and when taken to work again will be placed in different squads.

Congressional Doings.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 1.—The sub-committee of the house committee on naval affairs, having in charge the various bills providing for war vessels, has reached an informal agreement upon part of the work. So far it has been agreed that there shall be two 4,000 ton cruisers of the Newark pattern; four gunboats, like gunboat No. 1 now in course of construction, and three torpedo boats. It is believed a bill can be laid before the full committee this week.

The agricultural appropriation bill was considered in committee of the whole, and was passed with amendments providing for the equal compensation of all persons employed in the seed room, whether dressed in silk or other fabrics, and that the bond of the commissioner of agriculture shall be in the sum of \$25,000.

A Doctor's Sudden Death.

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BRIEF MENTION.

SUMMARY OF THE WEEK'S HAPPENINGS IN BRIEF PARAGRAPHS.

Accidents and Incidents—Personal Mention—Sayings and Doings in All Parts of the World Upon the Questions of the Day.

Advice from Berlin are to the effect that Prince Bismarck has found an ally in the pope, who has issued a document which is expected to induce Catholics not to oppose the government candidates in the elections for members of the new reichstag.

Cambridge and Oxford will contest the annual university boat race this year on the 29th of March.

The Good Templars of New Haven have become involved in a lively row with the young people of the town by refusing to let their hall for a ball in which the waltz figured conspicuously on the order of dancing.

The Canadian press is very angry with the United States senate. Some of the papers suggest that Great Britain should retaliate by boycotting American goods, but the sensible business men of the Dominion would like to see the question settled amicably.

John Walters, a centenarian hero of Lady's Lane, just deceased at South Butler, N. Y., attributed his long life to eating fish and wearing earrings.

The schooner Charles Graham is reported lost near Halifax, N. S., with her crew of six men.

The Rhode Island house has taken steps for the investigation of newspaper charges against the character of the legislature.

A young man in Philadelphia committed suicide to avoid arrest for stealing.

German scientists assembled at New York and discussed the situation of affairs in Europe. The present state of civilization, as represented by Bismarck, was deplored by some of the leading speakers.

"Boodle" Alderman John O'Neil was locked up in the Tombs, New York, because his friends were reported to be tampering with the juryman.

A coroner's jury exonerated Policeman Adams for the accidental killing of the young Italian, Pantalone Canale, in New York.

The Irish Moines growers have given up their violation of the law to avoid accumulated penalties.

Mary Van Woert, a young married woman residing near Hillsboro, Pa., after a whipping at the hands of her husband attempted to leave home. Then her husband approached her with a knife and she shot him dead.

Mr. Gladstone has been denied admittance as a member to the Chicago Union League club.

Hollingsworth, Knox county's defaulting treasurer, has given himself up to justice in Indiana.

A battery of three boilers at Harvey's mills, Wellsburg, W. Va., exploded, killing two men and seriously injuring two others.

At the business meeting of the Woman Suffrage association in Washington officers were elected for the coming year, the old officers being re-elected in nearly every case.

Senator Camden lost another vote on joint ballot in West Virginia.

The Texas legislature came no nearer the election of a senator. Reagan had 54; Maxey, 46; and Ireland, 34.

The senate passed without division the Dependent Soldiers' bill and the Agricultural Experiment Station bill.

The house passed the River and Harbor Appropriation bill; the Delaware gets \$125,000 and the Schuylkill \$10,000.

Parliament was opened. The queen's speech excited no particular interest. Lord Randolph Churchill explained his reason for leaving the cabinet. Gladstone's election of the late Lord Dufferin, and in the lords Lord Salisbury defended the government's Irish policy.

An attempted murder and robbery by two men at Canlor, N. Y., threatens to be followed by a lynching.

Dr. Bradley, Chicago's cocaine experimenter, has been committed to an asylum for the insane.

A sensation was produced in a bill contest at Louisville, Ky., by a lady, the contestant, pleading her own case. She won applause, but lost the case.

Gen. Simon Cameron and party sailed for Bermuda.

After five months' consideration the Canadian customs authorities have imposed the moderate fine of \$25 on the American vessel Howard Holbrook for violating the customs laws in landing a man without first reporting and getting permission. The vicious attitude of congress on the fisheries question is believed to have produced an effect upon Canada in more ways than one.

Chicago tobacco manufacturers have organized to protest against the proposed reduction in the internal revenue tax on tobacco and cigars. There are six large factories and thirteen small ones in Chicago.

GOOD ADVICE.

Dr. Hale, one of the most successful managers of farms in Centre county, advises that the best thing for the owner, as well as tenants, is to have from three to five acres in rye or corn and green food for cattle; remove the middle fences and keep in the stock and not pasture them; much better for the stock and the land he maintains, and use all the hay and fodder on the place. Feed and land, too much impoverished, for farming to pay. Barnyard fertilizers are better than imported phosphate, so says Joe Furey in the Look Haven Democrat.

RENEWS HER YOUTH.

Mrs. Phoebe Chesley, Peterson, Clay Co., Iowa, tells the following remarkable story, the truth of which is vouched for by the residents of the town: "I am 73 years old, have been troubled with kidney complaint and lameness for many years; could not dress myself without help. Now I am free from all pain and soreness, and am able to do all my own housework. I owe my thanks to Electric Bitters for having renewed my youth, and removed completely all diseases and pain."

Try a bottle, only 50c. at all Drug Stores

A fine new dwelling house on Main street, is for rent. Possession given April 1st. Apply at the REPORTER office.

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