

# The Centre Reporter.



VOL. OLD SERIES, XL.  
NEW SERIES, XIX.

CENTRE HALL, PA., WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 22, 1886.

NO. 36

## THE CENTRE REPORTER.

FRED. KURTZ. Editor and Proprietor.

### KICKING.

We hear occasional allusions to kicking, among Democrats, against the ticket. Such kicking would be a Godsend to the Republican nominees, if it amounted to anything, for after enjoying the offices uninterruptedly for twenty five years without so much as offering the Democrats a crumb, these fat fellows would glory in getting back to their old stalls if the Democrats could be induced to be foolish enough to send them there by kicking against their own ticket—one of the best ever nominated. Hence, these sleek, fat Republicans would like to see some Democratic kicking.

We can take the reader back for twenty years, in the history of the Democracy of this county, and show that they always stood true to every nomination made. Why not now?

If kicking is to prevail when one's favorite candidate is not nominated, then pray, tell us how long would it take until there would be nothing left of our party? What reason is there now to kick against any Democratic candidate in the field.

When a candidate announces himself subject to the decision of the Democratic convention, it is always understood that he and his friends mean what they say and are ready to prove it by doing what they promise, abiding by the decision of the convention and supporting the ticket. In the face of such a promise, any other course would be unmanly and highly dishonorable. What Democrat wants to place himself in such a predicament by being a kicker?

When fraud, bribery and such like are used to secure a nomination, then there would be grounds for dissatisfaction, or where the nominee is notoriously unfit by character or ability to fill the position for which he is nominated, there might be justification for kicking. But such is not the case with any single name now upon the Democratic ticket. Every man was nominated with the utmost fairness; every one is eminently qualified; every one has a spotless character, and every one has been true to the party organization in the past.

Now, why kick against such a ticket and elect men of a party who have held the offices for 25 years without giving Democrats a smell? How can such a kicker consistently ask a favor from the party hereafter?

We do not believe there is any danger of the Democratic ticket being defeated by kicking, but we don't want to see a single Democrat make a dunce of himself to please the Republicans. Democrats stand by your organization, and by your ticket for you never had one more worthy of your support.

Another silly rorback used to hurt Mr. Shaffer, is that he, used \$1200 towards buying his nomination. We will say for Mr. Shaffer, on our own responsibility, that he will give \$50 to any one proving that he used 12 cents in that way. He's not that kind of stuff, and a better man in every respect than a circus full of his slanderers boiled down to one.

Next advice Quay will give Beaver will be laconic as before, viz: "Dear Beaver stay at home there's going to be an earthquake."

### IMPEACHMENT OF MAYOR SMITH.

The Committee of the Common Council charged with investigating the allegations of malfeasance in the office of Mayor Smith recommended that he be impeached.

The report was signed by seven members of the committee. One member dissented and presented a minority report. The grounds on which an impeachment is based is the receipt of money for licenses and neglecting to pay it into the city treasury; failing to enforce the ordinance in regard to pawnbrokers; permitting his private secretary to receive and retain public moneys, etc. Private Secretary Linton has tendered his resignation.

This shows that the Philad. Times' exposures were well founded, and is another instance of the usefulness of a fearless public press. When scamps are thus exposed by a fearless editor, their backers and henchmen cry out against the newspaper and its editor, that "he is making trouble," and he and his paper must be crushed out. All rogues fear a courageous and honest paper, but the people will stand by its editor and see that the truth is maintained. The safety of our liberties depends upon a fearless public press, and when you find a set that wants to crush out a newspaper you always find it is because the journal stood in the way of their wicked schemes.

### BLACK IN HIS OWN COUNTY.

A leading Philadelphia lawyer recently received a letter from a firm of his clients, doing a very heavy business in

York. All the members of the house are Republicans, but they say they will vote for Black and that his majority in his own county will be something enormous. At the recent Democratic county convention of York the following resolutions were passed, unanimously and by acclamation:

Resolved, That the Democracy of York county, this day in convention assembled, take occasion to express its supreme gratification and acknowledge with feelings of pride, the high honor paid the county of York and its devotion to Democratic principles, in its selection of its distinguished son, the Hon. Chauncy F. Black, as the Democratic candidate for Governor of Pennsylvania by the State Convention; an honor all the more complimentary and marked in consideration of the fact that so many other eminent and distinguished gentlemen were presented to the convention from which to choose a candidate. And it is further

Resolved, That the Democracy of this loyal county will not rest satisfied with this simple acknowledgement of the distinction shown in the convention's selection of a standard bearer from its citizens, but will in a more emphatic manner, register its approval of that selection, in November next, by giving the candidate for Governor and his illustrious associates upon the ticket, a greater majority than ever heretofore known in the history of the county, and thus, in this substantial manner, show its more earnest appreciation of the honor bestowed upon it.

Democrats you can be proud of your county ticket. It is made up from the farmer's ranks and self-made men. Look at it, Woodward and Rhone for Assembly; Shaffer for Prothonotary; Meyer for District Attorney; and Reifensnyder for County Surveyor.

In 1885 the amount of money at interest, in this state, as returned by the assessors, was \$145,286,762. In 1886 the amount returned under the act requiring a sworn statement, is \$390,749,556. This is quite a difference.

### REFRESHING MR. GROW'S MEMORY.

Perhaps no turncoat in Pennsylvania has more obsequiously tried to conform himself to the narrow revenue policy of the Republican party since he joined his fortunes to the organization than has Galusha A. Grow. He is a politician for revenue and goes on the winning side. While he was making his campaign speech in Erie and firing off his high tariff platitudes, the Philad. Record was publishing the following letter, sent by him in 1846 to Hon. Robert J. Walker, then Secretary of the Treasury:

MONTGOMERY, PA., Aug. 20, 1846.  
Hon. R. J. Walker, Sir:

My apology for obtruding this note upon your attention is the interest which I have as a Democrat, for the continuance of wise councils in the administration of our Government. The Democracy even in this remote region, is beset by the friends of special legislation with the cry of protection to home industry, and especially to Pennsylvania interests. Therefore, if it is not trespassing too much on your kindness, please forward any statistics, or any information that you may think proper which will enable me to sustain the tariff of 40, either in public assemblies or private controversies, with the enemies of fair and equal legislation. A compliance with this request will greatly oblige

Your obedient servant, etc.,  
GALUSHA A. GROW.

The Clearfield Democrats have determined to push Wallace's nomination for congress with all their might. This move will attract great attention to our district from all parts of the state.

The Democratic party has always objected to putting a Black man in a high public position. Will they withdraw their objections this year.—Wmst. Bulletin.

Oh, no, our Black man has such a very white record, you know.

You want an obliging, efficient and accommodating man in the Prothonotary's office, and one who can speak German as well as English. Lew Shaffer is that man.

The New England tanners have determined to open war on the Knights of Labor. They have agreed to lock out over 8000 operatives on Oct. 1, and to keep them out until the men are ready to abandon their connection with any labor organization and accept such wages as their employers see fit to give them. The defeats that labor organizations have met with of late—frequently through unwise and ill-considered strikes—have emboldened a large number of employers to think that all they have to do now is to kill out the labor organizations and have everything their own way. This policy on the part of the employers is just as foolish as unwise strikes are on the part of the employed. There does not exist enough power in this country to eradicate labor organizations, and the sooner this is accepted as

a fact, and some reasonable basis of treaty between organized capital and organized labor established, the better it will be for both parties and for that very large remaining number of people who at present belong to neither of the two. The attempt to settle the labor problem by indecisive and costly war, first one side and then the other being the aggressor, is unworthy of the common sense and experience of a people so long civilized as we have been, says the New York Star.

Farmers, mechanics, laboring men, look at the Democratic state and county ticket, every man is taken from your own ranks. Be true to yourselves by voting the whole list from Black on down.

### COAL AT BEECH CREEK.

The Clinton Democrat says it has long been known that the Beech creek country, especially in the region of Cato, is rich in bituminous coal deposits, but some doubted whether the deposits were sufficient to warrant any development. George Armstrong of this city, is satisfied that it will pay to work it, and accordingly a number of capitalists have formed a combination to work the veins and take out the coal. Mr. Armstrong has been engaged as general superintendent and informs us that the work will be commenced at once. The organization is to be called the Cato Coal Company, and they mean business. There are millions of tons of coal in the several veins, the geologists assert and should their assertions prove correct, which is probable, Beech creek's future is a bright one. The work of developing the tracts will necessarily require the investment of considerable money and give employment to many hands. That the enterprise will be an extensive one there seems to be no doubt by those who are interested and know whereof they speak. We hope that their fullest expectations may be realized and that before many days Beech creek will be known as a coal center.

Beaver went all the way to California to find four leaved clover. He came back without finding any. Chauncy Black finds one occasionally right at home.

Everybody seems to think this is a bad time to have lawyers in the legislature—neither Woodward or Rhone come under that head. Dont trade.

We take the following from the Harrisburg Call, and would remark that a few lessons of this kind all over the State would result in fewer petty and unwarranted cases taking up the time of the courts and entailing expenses on the people: "Isaac B. Vance, justice of the peace of Coneago township, at the November sessions, 1885, had nine bills ignored, in which he was ordered to pay costs. Yesterday Judge Simonton called Mr. Vance up and required him to pay the costs in the nine cases, or furnish security for same within 10 days, and to be in custody of the sheriff until the sentence be complied with. The costs amount to about \$130."

The prices of coal have again been advanced by representatives of the monopolies to which Congress has accorded the privilege of regulating this matter to suit themselves. We have seen no notice of any increase of pay to the miners, who are working nearer the "pauper wages" of England than are any unprotected laborers in the country.

It's a little rough too that Col. Norris, candidate for Auditor General, on the Republican ticket, can talk all he wishes, while Beaver has orders to keep his mouth shut. We think Beaver has as much right to talk as Norris.

At the veteran's reunion at Lemont, Gen. Beaver told us how he and Black rode together in Philadelphia last week. Glad it's so. But we expect they will part company in November—Beaver will go up Salt River, and Black get ready to move up the Susquehanna river, to a place called Harrisburg.

Chas. R. Buckalew has been nominated for Congress in the 11th district. That is the kind of material the State can feel proud of.

The State Constitution is not always enforced against railroad co-operation, but it is inflexible in its operation upon the right of the franchise; and no man can vote in Pennsylvania at the November election unless "if twenty-two years of age or upwards, he shall have paid within two years a State or County tax, which shall have been assessed at least two months and paid at least one month before election." The last day to pay this tax this year will be on Saturday, October 2, and it should be looked after at once.

The public debt statement shows a reduction during August of \$1,910,609.02. Total amount of cash in the Treasury \$474,270,651.74.

### BLACK'S LETTER OF ACCEPTANCE.

Plain Words on the Questions Involved in the Pennsylvania Election.

Philadelphia, Sept. 19.—The nominees of the Democratic State Convention have sent their letters of acceptance to the committee that was appointed to make the notifications. The letter of Chauncy F. Black, the candidate for Governor, is wholly devoted to questions of State government. He writes that in accepting the nomination he accepts the platform, and if elected he would invite the cooperation and advice of duly appointed representatives of all labor organizations in the State with reference to the needs of their people. The letter says:

"Through a long series of years their influence has scarcely been perceptible in our legislation. While the lobbies swarmed with well-paid and expert agents of all the interests, the laboring man in his vocation, trusting to the honor of his official representatives. The result is a mass of laws in which every interest but his is carefully provided for while he is cunningly restricted in the most important concerns of his life. Others may combine to limit production and suspend his employment; to raise the prices of the necessities of life or to lower the wages which purchase them; but should he combine with his fellows to market his labor or at better rates he is too frequently charged with disorders for which he is not primarily responsible; prosecuted under laws which are but a slight modification of the barbarous conspiracy laws; confronted by police representing the employer, instead of the public authority; and not unfrequently he is cast drift, while imported laborers, alien to his blood and country, are brought forward to take his job and to eat the bread of his children. He sees the wealth of the country increasing in a ratio almost appalling; but he also sees it concentrated in the hands of a very few, and he knows there is something essentially wrong in those laws which permit such a division of the common produce of capital and labor. What he wants principally is a free field and a fair game, a repeal of the laws which discriminate him, with a careful revision, followed by a vigilant enforcement, of those which protect his life and health while at work, and insure him the regular payment of his earnings in honest cash.

Labor troubles, Mr. Black writes, will cease only "when the wage earner is placed upon the dead level of legal equality with the wage payer, at every stage and in every particular of the several transactions between them."

The Democratic denial of the right of prohibition, writes Mr. Black, "implies the duty of regulation; and though the just power of the State does not extend to the prescription of the drink, diet, or dress of the individual man, it does extend to the prevention of any abuse of his private right affecting his neighbor or society at large; and I favor the enactment of any laws, however stringent, which may be necessary to that purpose, and, in any event, the rigid enforcement of those now in existence."

In conclusion, he says of the issues to be determined by the election:

"They are none of them partisan questions. They concern deeply and vitally the most important interests of society, and each of them involves the permanent welfare of entire classes of our people. Will the voters permit merely party action considerations to determine their action upon them? I cannot think so. They have heretofore shown that when parties have fallen under corrupt or reckless control and a supreme public necessity arose, they knew how to assert the sovereign power of an enlightened people. They did so when the Constitution was adopted, notwithstanding the resistance of the same political combinations and the same monopoly interests which now obstruct its enforcement. They did so four years ago, when they found it imperative necessary to rescue the Commonwealth from unworthy hands. They have had no occasion to regret the largely non-partisan decisions then rendered. On the contrary, the new Constitution has proved an unmixing blessing in just so far as it has been respected and obeyed; and the Democratic Executive brought in, I power by the independent action of a great number of citizens has given us an honest, frugal, and irreproachable administration. It cannot be supposed they will now go to the polls and deliberately decree a relapse to the servitude of the past."

The Republicans are still kicking like sheep. It ain't safe for two of 'em to come within stonethrow of each other. Golly, how mad!

To defeat the Democratic legislative nominees will be the aim of the Republicans. Democrats be vigilant, Woodward and Rhone had a unanimous nomination, and the party can not afford to lose a single member. If the farmers and working classes want anti-monopolists in the House, then give your support to our nominees.

Junge Ludlow, of Philadelphia, died on Monday.

Mayor Smith, of Philadelphia has been impeached, and his trial will soon take place.

Envoys Sedgewick at Home.

NEW YORK, Sept. 20.—Envoy Sedgewick left New York for Washington last night to submit his report on the Cutting affair to Secretary Bayard. He refused here to be interviewed, but allowed certain expressions to escape him which justify the belief that libel suits will be remarkably plentiful this fall.

### A LIVELY CYCLONE

#### BURSTS UPON JOLIET AND PLAYS HAVOC GENERALLY.

A Bridge Carried Two Blocks, and a Grindstone and Many Houses Carried Away and Wrecked—The People Had Warning and Fled in Time.

JOLIET, Ill., Sept. 20.—The scene of Saturday night's cyclone in this city was visited yesterday by fully 10,000 people. It is a remarkable fact that although fifteen or twenty houses were completely demolished and scattered by the terrific wind, yet not a single person was fatally hurt. Everybody seemed to be aware of the approach of the cyclone some minutes before it struck the city, and secured safety by fleeing to cellars. The cyclone came from the southwest, straight up the Desplaine's river. The constant flashes of lightning lit up the sky so that the funnel shaped monster could be plainly seen as it came whirling toward the city with a roar like a hundred locomotives blowing off steam.

As it reached the city limits it turned east on Monroe street, demolishing houses, barns and out-houses. The air was filled with boards, limbs of trees, sections of roofs and pieces of heavy timber. The bridge on Monroe street was picked up bodily and deposited almost intact two blocks away. A heavy grindstone belonging to Mr. Pudney was blown 250 feet. The residences of the Schlim Brothers, John Day, Hod Brown, Jerry Buckley, Patrick Daly, Peter Daly, William Barrett, John Mohr and William Hines were scattered to the winds, pieces of some of these houses were carried a quarter of a mile. A large number of houses were more or less moved from their foundation and wrenched out of shape.

The house of Peter Daly on Chicago street was turned upside down. The roof now rests on the ground and the front door is high up in the air.

Telegraph poles were twisted off like pipe stems, the streets being blockaded with a mass of tangled wires. Along Fourth avenue great holes were scooped out of the hard gravel road. Eye witnesses state that these holes were made by what seemed to be balls of electricity or fire, which bounded along the ground. The horse and buggy of Deputy Sheriff Ward was hitched in front of his house when the cyclone came, and after it had passed the horse and buggy had disappeared. No trace of it has since been found. The damage to property in the city is estimated at \$75,000.

### MANNING AND AUSTRIA.

Treasury Officials Discredit the Report in the Matter.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 20.—Secretary Manning's probable appointment to and acceptance of the Austrian mission has been a topic under discussion here for the past two or three days. The statement when first published was generally credited as altogether probable, but subsequent inquiries at the state and treasury departments, of officials who certainly should know something of the president's purposes and Secretary Manning's plans, weakened belief in the truth of the report.

Secretary Bayard says emphatically that he has no knowledge of any proposition to send Secretary Manning to Austria; Acting Secretary Fairchild has so far obtained all the information on the subject in his possession from the newspapers, and Treasurer Jordan and other treasury officials laugh at or ridicule the notion of increasing Secretary Manning's usefulness in solving the troublesome international silver question, by taking from him the portfolio of the secretary of the United States treasury, and sending him to fill a second class mission in Austria.

### CONCLAVE OF KNIGHTS TEMPLAR.

St. Louis all Aglow With Enthusiasm and Decorations.

ST. LOUIS, Sept. 20.—The opening services of the twenty-third triennial convocation of the Knights Templar were held in the music hall of the Exposition building at 2:30 yesterday afternoon, and were entirely of a religious character, being conducted strictly in accordance with the ritual of the order. The services were public and drew a large crowd to the hall. Templars are arriving by train-loads, while the rush of the accompanying crowds of people is enormous.

The city wears a holiday appearance in honor of the visitors. The legend "Welcome" flutters from thousands of windows, while in all the more prominent hotels and public places the most elaborate decorations appear. The streets are illuminated, and everywhere a happy sea of people surge gaily-naturally from one point of interest to the next. The convocation proper of the Knights began at the music hall of the Exposition building this morning. Tuesday will be given up to the Templars' parade, in which 30,000 Knights are expected to participate.

### Black's Letter of Acceptance.

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### The Miners all Dead.

SCRANTON, Pa., Sept. 20.—At 8:35 o'clock last evening the first pick broke through into the heading leading to the chamber in the Mervine slope, where the entombed miners are supposed to be, and it was found to be filled with gas from roof to floor. It would be impossible for a human being to live in such an atmosphere for three minutes. This proves that all the men are dead. Nothing further can be done toward securing the bodies until the gas is removed, which will take from twenty-four to forty-eight hours.

### Envoy Sedgewick at Home.

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### KILLED IN AN ORE BANK.

On last Thursday evening the community about Gatesburg, this county, was startled by the news of the death of Frank Garber, who was working in Meyer's ore bank near that place. He had returned from a picnic and joined the force of men who work in the ore bank at night. He was stooping forward to pick up a shovel and commence work when a large mass of ground and rock which had been loosened by the rain, fell and completely covered him. His fellow workmen came to the rescue and uncovered him in a few minutes, but all was over with the unfortunate man. His body was crushed into a shapeless form by the ponderous mass of earth, and life was extinct. He was a young man and highly esteemed by all who knew him.

### LUTHERAN SYNOD.

The Central Synod meets at Centre Hall, on Thursday, of next week. Services will be held in the Lutheran church on Wednesday evening previous.

Synodical communion, will be held on Sabbath morning, October 3. The afternoon of same day will be set apart for children's meeting. Synod will continue until Monday or Tuesday of the following week, and the sessions will be of more than usual interest, and all are invited to be present. There will be religious services in the church every evening during the continuance of synod. The ministers and delegates will number about 60.

The Women's Home and Foreign Missionary Society, connected with the Central Synod, will hold its sessions in the Lutheran church, at Bellefonte, on Tuesday and Wednesday of the same week of the opening of the Synod.

### NEW BANK.

Bellefonte is to have another bank. Parties interested in the new iron company will be at the head of it, along with some mounted parties in Bellefonte, E. K. Jameson, of Philad., Blanchard and others of Bellefonte are names mentioned; J. P. Coburn is spoken of as cashier. Possibly it will be a branch of Mr. Jameson's Philad. Banking house.

### NOTICE.

The collector for Potter township can be met at the following places, between the hours of 2 and 6 o'clock, p. m.: Pot- ters Mills Hotel, Sept. 23 and 30; Tusseyville P. O. Sept. 24 and Oct. 1; Centre Hall, Bosl's office, Sept. 25 and Oct. 2; Centre Hill, P. O. Oct. 3 and 5.

E. B. HESTERMAN, Collector.

### LADIES WANTED.

A lady agent is wanted in every city and village; also ladies to travel and solicit orders for Madame Wood's Corsets and Corded Corset Waists, Tampico Forms, Hose Supporters, Steel Protectors, Ladies' Friend, etc. Agents are making from Twenty to fifty dollars a week.

Send for Circulars and prices list to B. Wood, 64 South Salina Street, Syracuse, N. Y. Sesp2m

### REPUBLICAN NOMINATIONS IN CLINTON.

Lock Haven, Sept. 14.—The Republican County Convention met here to-day, and nominated John Patton for Congress Joel A. Herr for Senator and William Hayes for Assembly. W. K. Chestnut, of Renovo, and J. S. Simmons, of Pine Creek, were nominated for Associate Judges. John B. Myers, of this city, was elected county chairman.

### A CAPTAIN'S FORTUNATE DISCOVERY.

Capt. Coleman, scot. Weymouth, plying between Atlantic City and N. Y., had been troubled with a cough so that he was unable to sleep, and was induced to try Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption. It not only gave him instant relief, but allayed the extreme soreness of his breast. His children were similarly affected and a single dose had the same happy effect. Dr. King's New Discovery is now the standard remedy in the Coleman household and on board the schooner.

Free trial bottles of this Standard Remedy at all drug stores.

You must now make your money out of the Barn and Poultry yard, with the LEHIGH CATTLE POWDER, to purify the Blood and cleanse the System, thereby prevent and cure disease in Cattle, Sheep, Swine and Poultry.

FARMER'S UNION CATTLE POWDER, in 7 lb. bags, for dairy use; to increase quantity and quality of Milk, Fat, Butter, Flesh and Eggs, and to give nature such ingredients as it needs to yield the largest profits.

DAIRY-MEN'S CATTLE POWDER, (for the same use as the Farmer's Union,) in 5 lb. bags, for 50 Cents per bag.

GAMBRINUS PULVER, The Liver Remedy.

### JAPANESE CORN CURE, for Corns and Bunions.

UNION ROACH, RAT, MICE AND ANT EXTERMINATOR, Newer Fails.

DAIRY, POULTRY and DOCTOR BOOKS, with Goods Free.

For sale by J. B. Murray, Centre Hall, Pa.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.

When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.

When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.

When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.