

# The Centre Reporter.

VOL. 10. OLD SERIES, XL. NEW SERIES, XIX.

CENTRE HALL, PA., WEDNESDAY, JULY 21, 1886.

NO. 28

## THE CENTRE REPORTER.

FRED. KURTZ, Editor and Prop'r

The first six months of 1886 furnish a rather remarkable record of the results of railroad mismanagement in the United States. Over five thousand miles of this species of property under the names of seventeen different corporations have been sold under foreclosure. The face value of securities representing this property is \$201,620,000, the majority of which is bonded indebtedness and the rest capital stock. It is not too much to say that these bankruptcies have been brought about mainly by over-capitalization attended by a transfer of what should have been devoted to reducing the indebtedness to the private accounts of the managers.

Thomas Hendricks declined to run a second time with Tilden, he thought him too old. Hendricks is dead and Tilden is living.

When you find a fellow joining every order and society, along with temperance and anti-temperance, and for years hugging Tom, Dick and Harry, in order to get support for an office, and doing all kinds of dishonorable tricks besides, you can make up your mind the fellow has very little merit to go on, particularly when after all such stooping he finds it hard work and uphill business to enlist support. With what satisfaction such a fellow must look at himself in his glass.

John Kelly thought it would not do to nominate Tilden, he was to old to live out his term. John Kelly is dead and Tilden is living.

So far as the returns have come in Potter township has already been traded off to three or four Sheriff candidates for next year, or the Prothonotary race now going. All of these fellows will find themselves cheated when next year comes around, just as a half dozen sheriff candidates found themselves duped two years ago in taking the word of a candidate for prothonotary in a like deal. The fellow who presumes to put the Democrats of Potter in market like sheep, won't be able to deliver the goods at all. Mark that.

Seymour was thought of for the nomination—but Seymour is dead and Tilden is living.

It looks as if the oleomargarine bill would pass the senate with a tax of 5 cents per pound. Senator Harris submitted an amendment to the bill which proposes to substitute for all the provisions of the bill, except those defining oleomargarine, a provision making it a misdemeanor for any person to sell or offer for sale in the District of Columbia or Territories of the United States any oleomargarine which is not distinctly branded and sold as such.

Enemies of the bill claim that the President will veto the bill on the ground that it is prohibitory legislation, and that the revenue that might be derived from the tax is not needed.

Hancock was nominated because Tilden might be too old. Hancock is dead and Tilden is living.

In Milford county, Messrs. Parcells, Utley and Sheaffer, Democratic candidates for nomination for Congress in the 20th District, embracing Union, Clearfield, Clinton, Elk, Milford and Centre county, have withdrawn from the contest. Hon. Andrew Reed is now the only candidate from that county.

M'Clellan was young and thought a proper person for nomination, because Tilden was so old. M'Clellan is dead and Tilden is living.

Illinois has got up a new potato bug, as if the former one was not bad enough. Illinois farmer state that the potatoes are being destroyed by a big black bug that is even more dangerous and destructive than the common striped bug. They are about a quarter of an inch long, and have done considerable damage.

Wilson Norris will next claim he won the battle of Jericho—a little more benzine and he'll say it.

"The Republican platform includes all that is worth saying," says the Bellefonte Republican. And the Republican might have added that Gen. Beaver told the convention beforehand that he was willing to accept anything the convention would say.

Ex-Senator Cox has declared himself in favor of Wallace for Governor.

One of the Prothonotary candidates says some of the others are not honorable. For one that has done everything that is low and dishonorable to gain support to making such an assertion, is the most ridiculous impudence. Satan reproving sin.

A. H. Dill will be a candidate for congress in Union county, in which event Mr. Baker will not enter the race.

## THE RECEIPTS FROM MONEY AT INTEREST.

The counties of Adams, Armstrong, Bedford, Blair, Butler, Cameron, Chester, Clarion, Clearfield, Cumberland, Elk, Fayette, Forest, Juniata, Lawrence, McKean, Mifflin, Montour, Perry, Somerset, Susquehanna, and Union have filed their reports of the amounts of assessments of tax with the Attorney General. The main interest in them is the largely increased amount of money at interest in every county thus far reported, the percentage of increase, as compared with the previous year ranges from 100 to 4,000, and the average increase is 329. The counties indicated last year reported moneys at interest subject to the four-mill tax at \$11,382,946. The amounts this year from the same counties aggregated \$48,846,800. As the tax has been reduced to three mills the revenue the State will get from these counties will reach \$146,540, against \$45,521 received last year. Although completed, the report of the assessments levied in Philadelphia the current year has not been received at the Auditor General's Department.

The amount of money at interest is placed at \$128,234,169, an increase of \$41,631,270, as compared with the assessments of the previous year. As the assessment in Philadelphia heretofore has been more rigid than in other portions of the State, the increase is about only forty-eight per cent, reducing the average increase to about eighty-one per cent. Including Philadelphia the reported assessments aggregate \$177,080,969 as against \$97,955,845 the previous year in the same counties. In all the counties of the State reported last year the amount was \$145,286,762, realizing a tax, at four mills of \$581,000. The tax the State will receive from the twenty-three counties which have filed reports at the Auditor General's Department and Philadelphia will reach about \$531,000. The remaining counties are expected to swell the amount to nearly \$2,000,000.

Reports from various parts of Illinois indicate heavy loss to crops from hail, wind and rain. The destruction in several localities is estimated at 40 per cent. Intensely hot weather is reported, from Northern Dakota, and in portions of Iowa. Grain is said to be suffering.

## MILLS STOPPED AND CROPS RUINED IN NEW ENGLAND.

New England just at present is suffering from a drouth the disastrous effect of which has rarely been witnessed in this section of the country. For nearly two months, except in local instances, little or no rain has fallen, and from all directions reports have been received of the great damage that has been done to the later crops, vegetables, and fruits. All through Massachusetts the grass is perfectly dead, while the leaves on the trees have turned yellow and are falling from the boughs. All the rivers are low especially the Connecticut and Merrimac. In both these valleys the rivers have dwindled to mere ribbons, while most of their tributaries have gone dry, causing a large number of mills to shut down and throw an army of hands out of work. At Cape Cod most of the bogs and springs have dried up. It is estimated that two-thirds of the cranberry crop is ruined. Along the Connecticut the damage done is very serious. The hay crops have been gathered, but barley, oats, and vegetables are a total loss, and the citizens are afraid passing locomotives will fire the inflammable materials. A number of the towns have put the inhabitants on short rations, as the supply is nearly exhausted. In Vermont the great grazing grounds are grassless, and great trouble is experienced in getting sufficient fodder. There has been no rain for weeks, and there is no sign of it. From all quarters come reports of extensive forest fires. Farmers and lumbermen in and about Twin Lakes, Holton, Whitehall, Fruitport and New Holland have been battling the flames for days, and many of them have been obliged to move their families and household goods on accounts of the threatening danger.

From Maine also come sad reports and it is hoped that the rain, which began will end the drouth which has prevailed throughout Eastern Maine for several weeks, and which has done much damage to crops already. Springs have given out and rivers as large as the Penobscot have run low enough to bother the logmen. On the Nattawanke river 6,000,000 feet of logs are hung up, and a big crew is now engaged in an effort to float them down. The branch drive of 35,000,000 feet will not reach the boom before August 10.

Powderly says he will not accept a nomination for Governor if tendered him unanimously and would not serve if elected.

Gen. Beaver has gone to California. Will not the golden state feel slighted if the General leaves her borders without having taken a sip of her delicious wines? The General should at least take a

## BEAVER TALKS AND DRINKS.

The Story he Told a Liquor League Delegate.

Pittsburg, July 14.—All the delegates to the Convention of the State Liquor League had arrived in the city before 10 o'clock yesterday morning. At that hour a meeting of the Executive Committee was held at the Hotel Duquesne, and the program for the convention mapped out. At 1 o'clock the delegates formed in front of the hotel for the opening parade. Nearly all were in carriages or buggies, over 200 persons being in the line of march. The Pittsburgh City Band headed the procession.

GEN. BEAVER'S TALK.  
General James A. Beaver, the Republican candidate for Governor, got on the Fast Line which bore the greater number of delegates to the city on Wednesday night. The General had been in Philadelphia and came as far as Tyrone. He circulated freely among the delegates and tried to make friends with all of them.

Stephen M. Nash, of the Philadelphia Volkshalle, and a delegate to the convention, gives this conversation as having occurred between him and General Beaver:  
"I asked the General to take a drink, but he declined. He said that he didn't want me to think that he was a temperance man."  
"Down at Bellefonte they think I'm a great temperance man," said General Beaver, "and maybe I am there, but they're greatly mistaken. Why I go on tears often. I don't do it as often as I would like to, because it hurts me, and I can't stand it. But don't you liquor men get the idea in your heads that I am a Prohibitionist, or a temperance advocate. I like a drink once in a while just as well as anyone else does, and I take it, too."  
Mr. Nash says he is willing to be qualified to the truth of the statement. General Beaver himself called him to a quiet place at the end of the car in order to have the conversation with him.—Post.

## CHANGING INTO A DESERT.

The Plains of Colorado Drying Up and the Inhabitants Suffering.

Denver, Col., July 16.—The great plains are hot and parched and daily they are becoming more like the veritable desert of the pioneer days. Not for many years has there been such a scarcity of water in Colorado, and especially in the region of the Platte. Vegetation is becoming brown and crisp. The grass is withered, wells are drying up, irrigation ditches are dry, crops are burned up by the intense heat. Cattle are dying, and at some points on the plains the people are almost perishing for water.

Pitiful are the tales told by ranchmen of crops destroyed, cattle perishing and their families in great danger of suffering. Reports from the eastern parts of Arapahoe and Weld counties, near the Colorado and Kansas line, represent a terrible state of affairs. This section seems fated to disaster and misfortune. Last winter it is estimated that 100 people lost their lives near the State line in snow blockades and terrible storms that prevailed. Now they are scourged with an intense heat that is bringing ruin and disaster. No emigrants for many years have suffered such extremes of cold and heat as they. Induced by the favorable reports of the rainfall of the two previous years, and influenced by the commonly accepted theory that the rainfall is each year increasing and the rain center moving westward, hundreds of new settlers have attempted raising crops without irrigation, but the present season has been a very unfortunate one, not only the crops totally destroyed and their stock dying, but the unfortunate ranchmen and their families are in some places suffering for water to drink. Nothing but misery is ahead of them, and unless relief of some kind is soon obtained it is said that they will be obliged to move away or perish. Cattle are choked with thirst, and often the poor brutes are seen standing at the dried up watering places with tongues lolling out of their mouths.

In some places the wild animals are becoming tame, even the antelope, the fleetest and most active animals on the plains, in some instances have become so exhausted from thirst that they have been captured by boys from the ranches. The reports from all the ranchmen confirm the statement that unless water is procured the suffering among cattle will result most fatally and that the loss to ranchmen will be immense, as these little bunches are in many cases all the ranchmen possess; to lose them would be most disastrous. In fact, as one life and death to them. The great stock ranges, which it had been hoped would escape, are now becoming brown, and the leading stockmen are beginning to feel apprehensive. The cattle have suffered more in the southern sections and many have perished.

Raleigh, N.C., July 14.—Heavy and continuous rains throughout the State have caused the greatest floods since 1867. Farmers on the Cape Fear river have lost all their crops and many have been forced to leave their homes on account of the flood. Many turpentine distilleries are under water and stores and dwellings are deserted. All the low land crops in the State are injured, and only in a few sections on stiff uplands is there much prospect of any sort of crops. The damage in many sections is well nigh total and in others from one quarter to one-half.

Gov. Curtin is mentioned in many parts of the state in connection with the Democratic nomination for governor.

## BADLY SHAKEN UP.

SHOCKS OF EARTHQUAKES IN NEW ZEALAND.

Graphic Details of the Terrible Upheavals on the South Pacific—A Scene of Grandeur on the Isle of Rotona.

San Francisco, July 12.—Further details of the earthquakes in New Zealand state that the most violent disturbances were felt in the neighborhood of Rotona. The severity of the shocks led many to believe that the island would sink into the sea. The sensation is said to have been fearful beyond description. Immediately after the first shock the inhabitants rushed frantically in all directions. When the second shock came the country for miles around was lit up by the glare from a volcano which had suddenly burst into activity. The scene was as grand as it was awful. Huge volumes of smoke illuminated with flames simultaneously burst forth from a range of mountains over 60 miles in length, and above the smoke could be seen huge masses of fire resembling meteors rushing through the sky. The natives who had escaped death gathered in groups and filled with abject terror, held religious services, but when another shock would cause the earth to tremble they would fall with their faces to the ground quivering with fear. As soon as news of the fearful occurrence was received at Auckland a government agent made immediate preparations to go to the relief of the suffering. Wagons were chartered and filled with provisions and clothes. Mr. Johnston, the government agent, on his arrival at Rotona sent back the following account: "The scene among the mountains as viewed from the Wairoa country is entirely grand. Flashes of lightning, peals of thunder and shocks of earthquake are incessant, while dust is falling in heavy showers. In addition to these inconveniences the roads throughout the entire country are covered with several feet of blue clay and mud ejected from the volcanoes. All vegetation is destroyed, and the aspect of the country is entirely changed. Blue Lake and Lake Rotakakahi have been transformed into mud baths. The outlet of the latter is blocked up, and the bridges which cross the lower end are covered with mud. Nearly all the buildings that I have noticed are crushed in by falling mud. At this place Snow's Temperance hall and the two principal hotels, as are nearly all the other buildings in the town, are completely wrecked. The house occupied by Mrs. Hazard and her family was borne down by the weight of the debris. Mrs. Hazard was dug out alive, but four of her children were found dead. Mr. Hazard is missing. Detailed reports of the foreign residents at other points who were killed have not yet been received.

The captain of the steamship Southern Cross, which arrived at Auckland on the 18th, reports having felt at sea the effect of the disturbances. On the morning of June 10, the day following the earthquake, he experienced the downfall of dust. From 5 to 10 a. m. there was complete darkness, and balls of fire were continually playing around the mastheads. A terrible gale suddenly sprang up and carried all his canvas away before it could be taken in. The men were unable to stand the blinding showers of dust and the vessel was put about and stood away to the north, but it was not until 11 o'clock of the day following that the dust was left behind. The reports show that earthquakes generally prevailed at all points in New Zealand during the same period.

## A REJECTED LOVER'S FRENZY.

Terrible Sequel to the Breaking of an Engagement—Five Persons Shot.

Nashville, Tenn., July 19.—A sensational affair occurred here last night, in which five persons were injured, two of them seriously. P. H. Monahan has been courting Miss Laura Carney for two years or more. For a time they were engaged, but Monahan, being very jealous, annoyed her so much with watching and fault-finding that she recently broke the engagement. Last night Miss Carney and some of the neighbors were sitting in the parlor singing, when Mahonian entered the room, pistol in hand, and without a word, shot Miss Carney in the head. He then shot John Rice, the ball striking him in the abdomen, but was turned up a button so as to prevent a fatal wound. He next shot Mrs. Carney through the arm, and John Clap, who attempted to disarm him, received a bullet through the hand. Stepping into the hall, he then shot himself in the head. His own wound and that of Miss Carney are perhaps fatal. The affair caused the greatest excitement and there were determined threats of lynching, which was only prevented by the quick arrival of the police, who carried him to jail as quickly as possible. Monahan is delirious and keeps repeating that Laura's mother made him kill her by her opposition to his suit.

## APPLES, PEACHES AND PLUMS DAMAGED.

Shamokin, July 19.—A heavy hail storm, accompanied by fierce lightning and thunder visited the Shamokin Valley last night. In the agricultural district of Ellysburg the loss will run up into the thousands. The damage to fruit is especially severe. One farmer's fruit alone was damaged to the extent of \$500. Apples, peaches and plums this morning cover the ground. The hailstones were the size of walnuts. This storm also did much damage in parts of Union co.

## CLINTON'S PROHIBITION NOMINEES.

Lock Haven July 15.—The Clinton Co. Prohibition Convention met heretoday. Charles S. Wolfe was present and at several stages assisted the machinery of the convention. G. M. Hille, S. M. Bickford, Charles Kyle and Rev. W. C. Robbins were elected delegates to the State Convention. They are unopposed and have power to elect three of their number as Congressional and Senatorial conferencees. Lewis Path, of Renovo, was nominated for Assembly, and John Morris, of Sugar Valley, and S. M. Bickford for Associate Judges. A permanent county organization was effected.

## HOW NELLIE GRANT SARTORIS IS TREATED.

Washington, July 21.—It is stated by friends of the Grant family here, that Mrs. Nellie Grant Sartoris is entirely dependent upon her mother for everything that she and her children need except shelter and food. She lives with her husband's people in England, but her husband neglects her and makes no provision for her support. Her mother sends her all the money she has.

## BLOODY AFFRAY IN A KENTUCKY TOWN.

Louisville, Ky., July 13.—Jack Moore, who was shot Friday in a street fight at Mount Vernon, died yesterday morning and his brother Tom cannot live another day. The particulars of the terrible affair are about as follows: Judge G. W. McClure, Lee Carter, Jack and Tom Moore had a dispute about the recent Kn-Klux trouble of the county, and a fight ensued. McClure grappled with Jack Moore and was fired upon by Tom Moore. Carter then opened on Tom Moore, and they emptied their revolvers at each other. Jack Moore and McClure were separated. The Moore boys then armed themselves with guns, and were walking down the street when they met Carter. Jack fired at Carter but missed, and Carter shot him down with a load of buckshot. Tom shot, also missed, and in turn fell by his brother, pierced with six balls. McClure was shot twice but not dangerously. He gave himself up. Carter escaped uninjured and was fired. McClure is ex-sheriff and was Judge of the county court. The Moore boys are sons of a Methodist minister. Carter is a lawyer. There is much excitement over the affair and friends of both sides are flocking into Mount Vernon, though no further trouble is expected.

Gov. Curtin has associated himself with Col. Frank A. Barr, the well-known journalist, in the preparation of a book that will give the Governor's experiences during the war. Success to it.

St. Louis, July 14.—Hugh M. Brooks, alias W. H. Lennox Maxwell, convicted of murdering Charles Arthur Prelier, was sentenced this morning to be hanged August 27, 1886.

Maxwell was brought into court by order of Judge Von Wagner by two deputies. He appeared less hopeful and indifferent than he did during the trial and before his counsel's motion for a re-hearing of his case was denied. He has also grown paler and wears a careworn air. He has not entirely lost hope, he says, for he has two chances of escape—by appealing to the State Supreme Court and the United States Supreme Court. This hope stood him in good stead to-day, and when the sentence was pronounced the expression of his face changed not at all. A motion for an appeal to the Supreme Court will be filed in a few days.

Newspaper men are in glee over the new postal law put in force by the post-office department. It makes the taking of a newspaper, and refusing to pay for the same, theft, and any person guilty of such an action is liable to criminal proceedings, the same as if he had stolen goods to the amount of the subscription. However, it will not be considered a shrewd scheme to take the REPORTER from the postoffice for a year and then refuse to pay for it.

## GLASS BALL SHOOTING.

The following score at glass ball shooting was made by C. K. Sober, of Lewisburg, at Shamokin, July 5:

	Broke.	Missed.
Single ball from right shoulder.....	19	1
do do left.....	16	0
Single balls shooting with one arm.....	10	0
Same conditions and springing his own trap.....	4	1
Double ball from right & out.....	8	0
Same left shoulder.....	4	0
Same conditions and springing his own trap.....	3	1
Gun lying on box when balls were sprung—single.....	4	0
Same conditions, double.....	6	0
Picking up gun from ground after balls were sprung, single.....	2	0
Same conditions, double.....	2	0
Single balls, standing back to trap springing trap himself.....	4	1
Tossing up gun and turning once around, single balls.....	3	0
Same condition, double balls.....	3	1
Same condition, gun between his legs when trap was sprung.....	5	0
Taking gun from shoulder after balls were sprung, single balls.....	3	0
Same conditions, double.....	4	0
C in upside down over head, single.....	4	0
Same conditions, double.....	6	0
5 or 6 ditions, double.....	4	0
1 or 2 barrels through cigar box, right shoulder, single balls.....	4	0
Same conditions, left shoulder single ball.....	4	0
Same condition, double balls.....	9	1
Tossing up gun, turning once around gun barrels through cigar box.....	3	0
Gun thrown 6 ft. to him and caught after balls were sprung.....	4	0
Single balls, gun barrels laid with two handskerchiefs.....	4	0
Single balls, gun upside down over head, and barrels through cigar box.....	4	0
Double balls, same conditions.....	8	0
Double balls from two traps 28 yards apart, he standing on a line in center of traps, breaking one ball from left shoulder and the other from right shoulder.....	9	1
Double balls, as above, gun barrels through cigar box.....	8	0
100 8.		

H. H. SMITH, Scorer (late of Milton).

## SIXTEEN PERSONS KILLED.

St. Petersburg, July 15.—While an iron dealer of this city was unloading a wagon filled with old artillery material which he had purchased at Government auction to-day, a nine-inch shell exploded, killing sixteen persons and wounding many others. Four of those killed were children.

## A CIRCUS IN A WRECK.

Forepaugh Loses Twenty-seven Horses in a Railroad Accident.

Augusta, Me. July 16.—At 3.20 a. m. today Forepaugh's stock and wagon train, bound from Augusta to Waterville, met with a serious accident near Hall's Woods by the breaking of an axle on the forward truck of a car. Four cars left the track and were piled up and badly wrecked. They were filled with heavy team and hand horses, twenty in a car. The shock threw the animals down and crushed them among the debris. Seven were piled up in one end of the car and instantly killed. The struggles of those alive were fearful to witness. Twenty-seven are dead, a number of them having been so badly injured as to necessitate killing. One horse's station was valued at \$1000. Eight buckskin band horses are dead.

## ST. ELMO HOTEL.

No. 317 & 319 Arch Street, Philadelphia. Reduced rates to \$2.00 per day. The traveling public will still find at this Hotel the same liberal provision for their comfort. It is located in the immediate center of business and places of amusement and different railroad depots, as well as all parts of the city, are easily accessible by Street Cars constantly passing the doors. It offers special inducements to those visiting the city for business or pleasure. Your patronage respectfully solicited. JOS. M. FEGREK, Proprietor.

## STEADY EMPLOYMENT.

We want good men in every town in this state to take orders for Nursery Stock during the NEXT TWELVE MONTHS. Previous experience not required. We hire —ON SALARY— You pay our salesman's expenses. For terms and particulars apply to J. W. LINDEN, NURSERY CO., Nursery established 1859. Geneva, N. Y. 29unit

## FRENCH'S HOTEL.

City Hall Square, New York. Opposite City Hall and the Post Office. This Hotel is one of the most complete in its appointments and furniture of any Hotel in New York City and is conducted on the —EUROPEAN PLAN.— Rooms only One Dollar per day. Half minute's walk from Brooklyn Bridge and Elevated R. R. All kinds of cars pass the door. Most convenient Hotel in New York for Merchants to stop at. Dining Rooms, Cafes and Lunch Counter replete with all the luxuries at moderate prices. July 1

## DR. SMITH'S SALVE.

—IS A WELL-KNOWN REMEDY FOR— TETTER, ECZEMA, SCROFULA, ERYSIPELAS, FLESH-WOUNDS, FELONS, BOILS, ULCERS, BURNS, SCALDS, CHAPPED-HANDS, PILES, CHILBLAINS, AND RUNNING SORES. Sent by Mail, post-paid, for 25 CENTS. Address, S. W. SMITH, Centre Hall, Pa. Dr. Peter Smith, dec'd, was an old Centre County Physician of the first rank, having gained that position by the numerous cures effected by Dr. SMITH'S SALVE originated by his ancestors. A trial of the remedy produces the most convincing testimonial. At druggists. July 1

## DR. SMITH'S SALVE.

You must now make your money out of the Barn and Poultry yard, with the LEHIGH CATTLE POWDER, to purify the Blood and cleanse the System, thereby prevent and cure disease in Cattle, Sheep, Swine and Poultry. DUVON'S HORSE & MULE POWDER, for all diseases of the Blood, Muscles and Nervous System, and cures the 87 to 50 per cent. of food lost as indigestion, in the ordinary way of feeding. FARMER'S UNION CATTLE POWDER, in 7 lb. bags, for dairy use; to increase quantity and quality of Milk, Fat, Butter, Flesh and Eggs, and to give nature such ingredients as it needs to yield the largest profits. DAIRY-MEN'S CATTLE POWDER, (for the same use as the Farmer's Union,) in 5 lb. bags, for 50 Cents per bag. GAMBRINUS PULVER, The Liver Remedy. JAPANESE CORN CURE, for Corns and Bunions. UNION ROACH, RAT, MICE and ANT EXTERMINATOR, Never Fails. DAIRY, POULTRY and DOCTOR BOOKS, with Goods Free. For sale by J. D. Murray, Centre Hall, Pa.

## NEW CONFECTIONERY AND GROCERY.

IN THE OLD BANK BUILDING, CHURCH ST. I keep a full line of CANDIES, TROPICAL FRUITS, NUTS, TOBACCO AND SEGARS

I am also prepared to furnish families with —SWISS— MEAD— —on Wednesdays and Saturdays— Give me a call.

## C. W. FISHER.

Threshing Machines A SPECIALTY. A SPECIALTY.

Simplest, Most Durable, Economical and Perfect in use. Wastes no Grain; Cleans it Ready for Market. THRESHING ENGINES & HORSE POWERS. New Mills, Grain Drills and Standard Implements Generally. Send for illustrated catalogue. Pennsylvania Agricultural Works, York, Pa. 191048