

### Everybody's Air-Brake.

"Yes, sah," said Uncle Zach, "I watched it forty years an' its a sez: De dust of May an' Christmas day de same year allers comes on de same week day."

Further conversation proved Uncle Zach a most incredulous person. Chancing to mention Dr. Carver's feat of breaking glass balls with a rifle, he said:

"I heard 'bout dat shootin' and knowed right off it wasn't squar; dat was a Yankee trick, boss, sho's your born."

"What was the trick?"

"Dat was loadstone put into de glass balls, an' likewise out de bullet; so when de bullet fly outen de gun, it an' de ball jed drew tergeder, which, in course, brokes de glass—dat's de trick!"

Later, Uncle Zach observed a rope running along the side of the car.

"Boss, what's dat line fer?"

"To apply de air-brake in case of accident." Then he had further to explain how the force of the brake was obtained, to which Uncle Zach responded:

"Look a here boss, dat foolshy don't 'spect me to b'levee dat shootin'! Why, de biggest haricane whatever blowed couldn't stop de train, rink'n forty mile a hour, an' you think I gwine to b'levee a little pipe full of wind under de kyars can do it? No, sah-ree!"

There are a great many Uncle Zachs who judge everything simply by appearances. The air-brake does not seem to be a very powerful thing, but power and efficiency are not necessarily equivalent to ignis and pretense.

Philip Beers, Esq., who resides at the United States Hotel, New York city, and is engaged in raising subscriptions for the New York World Bartholdi pedestal fund, was once upbraided by a distinguished relative who was a physician, for commending in such enthusiastic terms, a remedy that cured him of Bright's disease eight years ago. He said: "Sir, has the medical profession with all its power and experience of thousands of years, anything that can cure this terrible disorder? No, no, that is true, there is no mistake about it but that Warner's safe cure is really a wonderfully effective preparation. That remedy is an 'air-brake' that every man can apply and which explains why it has saved so many hundreds of thousands of lives.—Copyrighted. Used by permission of American Rural Home."

**Why Prairies are Treeless.**—Mr. Thomas Meehan believes that we have nearly reached the solution of the cause of the absence of trees from the prairies. It is not climatic, for timber belts flourish in all the prairie regions. It is not in conditions of soil, for the prairie is the most favorable to the germination of seeds, of trees as well as other plants, and artificial plantations are remarkably successful wherever they are made. The real cause is probably to be found in the annual fires which have swept over the prairies from time immemorial, killing the young trees before they can grow large enough to resist the heat. The seeds of the annual plants of the prairie vegetation, maturing every year are shed and find protection before the fires come; the young trees, on the other hand, bear no seed and can leave no resources for a succession after they are burned. The theory is supported by the fact that an abundant growth of trees had set in wherever the fires have been stopped. The fires were made by the aborigines for centuries before the white man came.

Mr. Meehan suggests, or preventing the growth of trees and preserving the buffalo pastures. The question remains how prairies first came to be naked. They probably formed the bottom of the lakes and marshes that were left after the retreat of the glaciers, and continued wet after the highlands were covered with trees. Man followed the glaciers so closely that he anticipated the trees on these spots, and having learned already in southern latitudes the virtue of burning them began before the trees had gained a foothold.

Eleven stars have been selected for observation at Lisbon and Washington, to determine whether those places are changing in latitude. Each star will be observed fifteen or twenty times yearly, with the greatest possible accuracy in recording its position. Observations at Pulukowa have indicated a diminution of about twenty-three feet in latitude between 1843 and 1872, and greater changes have been shown at other observatories; but it is by no means certain that these results are not due to errors of observation.

Preliminary trials with an apparatus specially constructed for photographing the stars have been made at the Paris Observatory during the past year. The results have been so satisfactory that Admiral Mouchez now declares the problem of making charts to the heavens, including all stars down to the fifteenth magnitude, to be solved. Photographic impressions of the stars visible to the naked eye are taken with a minimum exposure of one hundredth to one half of a second, while for the faintest stars—those of the fifteenth and sixteenth magnitudes—an hour and a half or more is necessary.

On a clear night about 5,000 stars are visible to the naked eye. A like number in the opposite hemisphere makes a total of about 6,000 that can be seen without a glass. These are divided according to their apparent brightness, into six classes, twenty ranking as first magnitude stars, sixty-five as second, 1,100 as fifth, and about 4,000 as sixth. The "eleventh" stars, unseen by the unaided eye on account of their remoteness, are classified as high as the fourteenth magnitude, and their number is vastly greater, being reckoned as high as 20,000,000.

The possibility of obtaining echoes from icebergs or vessels at sea, even at considerable distance, has been demonstrated by Prof. Bell, of telephone fame. He suggests that shots fired periodically from the bows of beflagged vessels may reveal the presence of obstacles ahead in season to avert an accident.

### HOUSEHOLD.

**HANGING PIN CUSHIONS.**—Very elegant pin cushions for hanging up at the side of a looking glass are made just now in the shape of a slipper. They are made in three pieces. First, a piece of cardboard must be cut in the form of the sole of a shoe about six inches long, and then the toe—which in those we saw made in two pieces it preferred. These three pieces of cardboard must be first covered with satin and a small spray embroidered on each of them, at the heel end of the shoe and in the middle of the other pieces. The back of the sole should be neatly lined. When the three pieces are all covered and sewn together, a little pin cushion covered with the same satin and stuffed with bran must be tightly wedged in the toe of the shoe. When this is all done a cord should be run along to hide the stitches made by joining the pieces, not forgetting the edge of the sole, and a twist of three loops made at the heel to hang it up by.

**PEACH SHORT-CAKE.**—Take one quart of sifted flour, adding two teaspoonfuls of baking powder. Now rub into the flour two ounces of good butter. Wet the flour with enough milk to form a soft dough, adding first to the buttermilk a teaspoonful of soda and dissolving it. Mix the whole lightly and make into a cake about nine or ten inches in diameter and thick enough to allow it to be split. As soon as thus prepared bake immediately on a griddle, and while still warm split it open, spread both halves over liberally with the best of butter, and over the lower half put a thick layer of ripe peaches, pared and rather thinly cut. Sprinkle the peaches thickly with pulverized sugar and cover them with the other half of the cake; dust the top with fine white sugar, and while the whole is still quite warm smother it with rich cream, and—well, we presume our readers know what to do next.

**THE ANCIENT FEATHER-BED.**—Will the day ever come when the ancient feather-beds of our grandmothers will be utterly banished from our homes, when it will be counted no prize for the little grandchild to have handed down to her "grandma's best feather-bed," and all its belongings. I know a house that holds a baker's dozen of these valuable relics of the dark ages, and I am confident that some of these geese from whose breasts those feathers were plucked quacked at the close of the last century. It is a most remarkable house for funerals. A thousand times healthier and sweeter is a good straw bed, which you can change often and wash clean every spring. A comfortable mattress over it is luxurious enough for a king.

**PAPER SLIPPERS.**—Paper slippers are the latest form in which paper is introduced in new inventions. An Englishman has patented a system of manufacturing slippers, sandals and other coverings for the feet out of paper. Paper pulp, or papier mache, is employed for the upper, which is molded to the desired form and size, and a sole is provided made of paper or pasteboard, leather board or other suitable paper material, which is united to the other by means of cement, glue or other adhesive material. The upper is creased, embossed or perforated at the instep and sides, which renders them somewhat pliable, and prevents them cracking while in use.

**GRAHAM MUFFINS.**—Stir slowly into very fast-boiling water enough graham flour to make a thin pudding. The flour should be sprinkled evenly from the hand, and the water should boil violently all the time, so the flour will be scalded immediately. Five minutes will be sufficient to cook it. Salt to taste. A Scotch bowl—which is a round-bottomed iron kettle—is best to cook it in. A great deal depends on the manner of cooking, as from the same material a delicious dish may be made, or one not fit to eat. It is especially nice for breakfast, served with cream and sugar.

**VARIETIES FOR FUTURE.**—The simplest and perhaps the best is the solution of shellac only; but many add gum sandarach, mastic, copal and arabic, the last is not required if the solvent be pure, because insoluble in rectified spirits or rectified wood naphtha. Good solvents are: (1) shellac, one and a half pounds; naphtha or spirits, one gallon; dissolve, it is ready without filtering; (2) shellac, twelve ounces; copal, three ounces (or an equivalent of varnish); dissolve in one gallon of naphtha or spirits.

**TEA BISCUITS.**—One quart of sifted flour, one and a half cups of sour or buttermilk, half teaspoon of salt, one teaspoon of soda dissolved in the milk; mix well; then roll and bend with the rolling pin till the dough is full of blisters and cracks loudly; roll out and cut with a biscuit cutter; grease the top with butter, fold one-half over the other; lay on the baking tin, so that the biscuits will not touch. Dip the fingers in milk and rub the top of each, to glaze them; bake in a quick oven.

**CRANBERRY PUDDING.**—Cranberry pudding is made by pouring boiling water on 1 pint of dried bread crumbs, melt tablespoonful of butter and stir in. When the bread is softened add 2 eggs and beat thoroughly with the bread. Then put in one pint of stewed fruit and sweeten to your taste. Bake in a hot oven for half an hour.

**FICKLED PEAS.**—Pare and halve the fruit; take seven pounds of the fruit, three pounds of sugar, one quart of vinegar, one ounce of whole cloves, one ounce of stick cinnamon; put all together and boil slowly for a short time. This recipe is good for either peas, peaches or plums.

The generality of men have, like planets, latent properties which chance brings to light.

### For convenience in cleaning lamp chimneys, nothing is nicer than a small sponge attached to the end of a stick.

A New Orleans paper refers editorially to the wonderful restoration to health of Mr. T. Posey, druggist, 225 Canal street, that city who some time ago was prostrated by an excruciating attack of sciatica. After much suffering his wife applied St. Jacob's Oil, which cured him promptly and entirely.

Few are the orators who know when to stop talking.

I had a severe attack of catarrh over a year ago, and became so deaf I could not hear common conversation. I suffered terribly from roaring in my head. I procured a bottle of Ely's Cream Balm, and in three weeks could hear as well as I ever could, and now I can cheerfully say to all who are afflicted with the worst of diseases, catarrh and deafness, take one bottle of Ely's Cream Balm and be cured. It is worth \$1,000 per bottle to any man, woman or child suffering from catarrh.—A. E. Newman, Grayling, Campbell Co., Michigan.

No man is wise at all times.

The Kidneys Cleanse the System. It is important to keep them healthy and active, and this is best done with HUNT'S (Kidney and Liver) REMEDY. It is a specific for all kidney, liver and urinary complaints. Some of the worst chronic cases that have been given up to die by physicians and friends, have been cured.

Mr. Stephen A. Aplin, Washington, D. C., says: "A member of my family having been troubled for several years with kidney disease was induced to use your HUNT'S (Kidney and Liver) REMEDY, and has been completely cured."

Health is better than wealth but wealth will bring health to all who suffer from diseases of the kidneys, liver and urinary organs, if it is expended in judicious amounts for the old reliable HUNT'S (Kidney and Liver) REMEDY. Dropsy, Rheumatism and Bright's Disease are immediately relieved by its use.

A whisper separateth friends.

**LIVER COMPLAINT** is declared by many old sufferers, after years of medical experiment, to be incurable, and yet VEGEAR BITTERS has effected innumerable permanent and perfect cures of chronic cases. Invalids, do not suffer longer, but purchase a bottle of the Bitters and Judge for yourselves.

Charity is the bond of perfection.

**FRAZER AXLE GREASE** There is no need of being imposed on if you will insist on having the Frazer Brand of Axle Grease. One greasing will last two weeks.

There are remedies for all things but death.

**MENSTRUATION REGULATOR.** THE ONLY preparation of food containing the entire body's supply of blood. It contains blood-making, force generating and life-sustaining properties; invigorates the system, relieves all ailments, restores the system to its normal condition, whether the result of exhaustion, nervous prostration, over-work or acute disease, particularly if resulting from pulmonary complaints. Caswell, Hazard & Co., proprietors, New York. Sold by druggists.

Striking manners are bad manners.

**IMPORTANT.** When you go to New York City, save baggage expressage and \$3 carriage hire, and stop at the Grand Union Hotel, opposite Grand Central Depot. 500 elegant rooms, fitted up at a cost of one million dollars, and it is upwards per day. European Plan. Elevators. Restaurant supplied with the best. Horse cars, stages and elevated railroad to all depots. Families can live better for less money at the Grand Union Hotel than at any other first-class hotel in the city.

A good example is always the best sermon.

If afflicted with sore eyes use Dr. Isaac Thompson's Eye Water. Druggists sell it, 23c.

Idleness always enervates industry.

**solid Checks of Wisdom.** The only answer to all criticism, the true test of all work, is the result and when Carboline restores the hair we know that it is the best restorer.

To select well among old things is almost equal to inventing new ones.

Why continue the use of irritating powders, snuffs or liquids. Ely's Cream Balm, pleasant of application and a sure cure for catarrh, and cold in head, can be had for 50 cents, at druggists. It is easily applied with the finger, is safe and pleasant and is curing the most obstinate cases. It gives relief at once. We will mail it at 60 cents. Ely Bros., Owego, N. Y.

Every man has just as much vanity as he wants understanding.

### St. Bernard Vegetable Pills.

WARRANTED PURELY VEGETABLE. The best cure for Liver and Bilious Affections. Constipation, Headache, Indigestion and Dyspepsia. As a Purgative, it is the most safe and effective. No family should be without it. Sample sent FREE. Price 25 cents at Druggists. Address: Sample sent FREE. Andrew Nestor, 800 Broadway, New York.

**HOSTETTER'S**  
CELEBRATED  
**STOMACH BITTERS**

Self-Defense. To a criminal neglect of prevent ve medication may be ascribed a majority of the ailments which affect humanity. It is a well-ascertained fact that a course of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters will put even a naturally feeble system in such a state of defence that it will be competent to resist the most prevalent causes of disease, such as the influence of miasma, unwholesome water, excessive heat, damp, cold, sudden changes of temperature, &c. For sale by all Druggists and Dealers generally.

### FACETIÆ.

"PAPA, did you ever smoke when you was a boy?" asked a 10-year old Brooklyn lad who was vigorously chalking coffee to disguise the vile odor of a cigarette which clung to him still.

"Yes, once," replied the father as he sniffed the smell of tobacco in the air. "What did your papa say?" asked the boy, with usual interest.

"He didn't say a word, my son; but this is what he did when he found it out."

When the father finished the temperature of his scion was several degrees hotter than the ambient atmosphere.

First doctor—"Do you know I am beginning to suspect Slathers?"  
Second doctor—"You surprise me. He seems to be quite a gentleman."

First doctor—"Oh, certainly; but I mean—well, I hate to say it, but I suspect he is not a regular practitioner."  
Second doctor—"You horrify me!"  
First doctor—"In fact, I feel certain of it."  
Second doctor—"Upon what do you base your opinion?"  
First doctor—"Upon facts, sir, facts, All his patients recover."

A COUNTRYMAN in a restaurant ordered roast lamb, and the waiter bawled to the cook:

"One lamb!"  
"Great Scott, mister!" cried the countryman, "I can't eat a lull lamb. Gimme some fried oysters instead."  
"One fried!" bawled the waiter.  
"Well, Methusalem's ghost, mister, one fried oyster ain't goin' to be enough! Gimme a dozen of 'em. Durn these city eatin' places!"

"What's the population of Chattanooga?" asked a Knoxville man with an inquiring turn of mind, of a citizen of Chattanooga.

"Oh it is fully—but first tell me the population of Knoxville," said the Chattanooga.

"No you say first," insisted the man from Knoxville.

"No, after you."  
They subsequently changed the subject.

"YOUNG PERKINS—"Ethel, in a few short days I will be far away."  
Ethel (longingly)—"How far?"  
Young P. (desperately)—"I know not—thousands of miles, perhaps. Tomorrow night I shall leave this house, perhaps forever."

Ethel (with interest)—"What's the matter with to-night?"

"Will you be good enough to bring me some butter?" said a traveler to a hotel waiter. "You have butter on your butter dish, sir," said the haughty night of the soup ladle, in reproachful tones. "Oh, excuse me," said the traveler, "I took it for a grease spot." And then no sound could be heard except the gentle rustle of the dinner gown.

"Now, sir, describe the horse."  
"He was a bay gelding, sixteen feet high."  
"What sixteen feet? You mean hands."  
"Did I say feet?"  
"You did,"  
"Very well, then, I'll stick to it. I mean feet."

TO TEST YOUR musical talent whistle all the time. Sing the rest of the time. Hum a bar of every new opera incessantly. Drum on the table with your fingers, and pat the floor with your foot. If your friends do not place you in a lunatic asylum after this you will be warranted in buying a cornet, flute, violin, accordion, or hiring a piano.

A KANSAS cowboy was seen coming out of the office of a local paper in that State, with a terribly bruised countenance and the general appearance of a walking rag-bag. "What have you been doing in that office?" asked a friend. "Oh, I went in to have the editor explain an item about myself, and he did it. I'm perfectly satisfied. For the love of heaven don't hint to him 'I'm in!'"

BROWN—"What a sad-looking fellow Smith is. What is the matter with him; I wonder?"  
FOG—"Why didn't you ever hear it? He was disappointed in love."  
BROWN—"Got the mitten, eh?"  
FOG—"Oh, dear, no; he married her."

A GENTLEMAN was one day, in the old coaching times, traveling by a coach which moved at a very slow pace. "Pray," said he to the guard, "what is the name of this coach?" "The Regulator," was the reply. "And a very appropriate name, too," said the traveler; "for I see all the other coaches go by it."

"AND so your daughter is in the academy? How does she get along?" "Splendidly; she is studying all the higher branches." "Is she studying the languages?" "Oh, yes, she has nearly completed the language of flowers, and is now engaged in the language of perfumes. My! what an education that girl will have when she gets through."

"IS THERE a dude club in this city?" asked a stranger, entering the editorial room. "There is," returned the editor, as he produced a toothpick from his pocket and laid it on the roll-top desk; "that's it, and the first dude that shows his face in this office will be brained with it." With a deep sigh the stranger turned and disappeared.

At the annual dinner of Sorosis in New York on Monday Mrs. Grely, the president, in offering the toast "The Women Martyrs," said that "martyrdom of woman was an unspoken agony."

"Why," asked Professor Miller, "is a good name better than riches?" and the smart had boy at the foot of the class said he reckoned it was because it was much rarer. He was marked ten pins.

Prof. Tyndall recognizes three principal hues in sea-waves—blue, green and yellow. Solid particles reflecting the light that penetrates the liquid. The rays which are sent out after having traversed only a thin stratum of water pressure their yellow parts; but if the reflections are attenuated, the water appears green; and if they do not exist at all, the sea being clear and free from the muddy matters, the color is deep blue. In an indigo sea the crest of waves will appear green on account of their lack of thickness. Sea-weed, animalcules and other local or accidental causes may have much influence on the color of the water.

A forcible illustration of the weight of the atmosphere was given by Prof. S. F. Langley, the American astronomer, in a recent lecture in London. He remarked that the air, so limp that it scarcely appeared to be matter at all, is so enormous in mass that it really presses with nearly a ton to each square foot; so that the weight of all the buildings in the world's metropolis, for instance, is less than that of the air above them.

A committee of the British Medical Association collecting information concerning the experience and habits of persons who have attained the age of eighty or over. Interesting results are expected.

**Rheumatism**

We doubt if there is, or can be, a specific remedy for rheumatism; but thousands who have suffered its pains have been greatly benefited by Hood's Sarsaparilla. If you have failed to find relief, try this great remedy.

"I was afflicted with rheumatism twenty years. Previous to 1883 I found no relief, but grew worse, and at one time was almost helpless. Hood's Sarsaparilla did me more good than all the other medicine I ever had." H. T. BALCOM, Shirley Village, Mass.

"I had rheumatism three years, and got no relief till I took Hood's Sarsaparilla. It has done great things for me. I recommend it to others." LEWIS BURBANK, Haddford, Me.

Hood's Sarsaparilla is characterized by three peculiarities: 1st, the combination of remedial agents; 2d, the proportion; 3d, the process of securing the active medicinal qualities. The result is a medicine of unusual strength, effecting cures hitherto unknown. Send for book containing additional evidence.

Hood's Sarsaparilla tones up my system, purifies my blood, sharpens my appetite, and seems to make me over." J. J. THOMPSON, Register of Deeds, Lowell, Mass.

"Hood's Sarsaparilla beats all others, and is worth its weight in gold." J. BARRINGTON, 130 Bank Street, New York City.

**Hood's Sarsaparilla**  
Sold by all druggists. \$1; six for \$5. Made only by G. I. HOOD & CO., Lowell, Mass.  
**100 Doses One Dollar.**

Only Temperance Bitters Known.

**VINEGAR BITTERS**  
PURELY VEGETABLE  
FREE FROM ALCOHOL  
DE WALKER'S CALIFORNIA  
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Grateful Thousands proclaim VINEGAR BITTERS the most wonderful invigorant that ever sustained the debilitated system. Made from California roots and herbs, free from Alcoholic Stimulants. A Purgative and Tonic.

This Bitters cures Female Complaints, Inflammatory and Chronic Rheumatism, Headache, Gout, Biliousness, Nervousness and Intermittent Fever, Blood, Liver and Kidney Diseases, Dyspepsia or Indigestion, Constipation, Pain in the Shoulders, Cough, Tightness of the Chest, Nausea, Sour Stomach, Purged Tongue, Bilious Attacks, Pains of the Heart, Faintness, and Pains in the regions of the Kidneys, are cured by the use of the Bitters.

For Skin Diseases, Eruptions, Boils, Erysipelas, Scrofula, Discolored and Scurfy Skin, it is literally dug up and carried off by the system in a short time by the use of the Bitters.

It invigorates the stomach, and stimulates the liver and kidneys, which remove the impurities of the blood, and impart new life and vigor to the whole system. No person can take the Bitters and remain long unwell.

Pin, Tape and other Worms, are destroyed and removed from the system. Cleanse the Vitiated Blood whenever it is foul your feelings will be renewed, the blood purified, and the health of the system will follow.

In conclusion: Give the Bitters a trial. It will speak for itself. One bottle will prove a better guarantee of its merits than a lengthy advertisement.

R. H. McDONALD Drug Co., Proprietors, San Francisco, Cal., and 235 and 237 Washington St., New York, N. Y.

**S.S.S.**  
Indigestion Cured.

I suffered for more than five years with indigestion, scarcely able to retain the simplest food on my stomach. I was debilitated in flesh, and suffered all the usual depression attendant upon this terrible disease. I commenced the use of S.S.S. Specific. The medicine acted upon my stomach, increased the digestive organs, and soon all that burning ceased, and I could retain food without injury. Now I feel strong, and can eat anything in the shape of food and digest it without difficulty. Take the prescribed dose daily.

YALE'S REMEDY, No. 14 by St. Louis, Mo.

TREATY ON BLOOD AND BILIOUS DISEASES mailed free. Write to: THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., 237 N. W. 2nd St., Drawer 3, Atlanta, Ga.

BEST TRUSS EVER USED. Improved Elastic Truss. Won't chafe or hurt. Gives full support. Used by all the best surgeons. Made by the New York Elastic Truss Company, 744 Broadway, New York.

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THE GREAT  
**GERMAN REMEDY FOR PAIN.**

Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sciatica, Lumbago, Backache, Headache, Toothache, Sore Throat, Swellings, Sprains, Bruises, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, AND ALL OTHER BRUISES, PAINS AND AFFECTIONS. Sold by Druggists and Dealers everywhere. Price 50 cents a bottle. Prepared at BREMEN, Germany.

THE CHARLES A. VOELGER CO.  
56 NASSAU ST. N. Y. C.

**BAUGH'S**  
TRADE MARK  
**\$25**  
**PHOSPHATE**

Contains the Life and Essence of Animal Bones. We are selling Baugh's Phosphate in London, and we are selling it in every part of the world. Animal Bones, at our low prices, they can produce a fine article for medicinal purposes. Send for our circular. We will mail you a circular free of charge. BAUGH'S BROS., 20 So. Del. Ave. Philadelphia, Pa.

Dr. E. W. Wood & Co. offer a Remedy for Asthma, Catarrh, LePage's Liquid Glue, and other ailments.

**ASTHMA**  
Cures Asthma, Catarrh, and other ailments.

**LEPAGE'S LIQUID GLUE.**  
UNQUALLED FOR CEMENTING WOOD, GLASS, CHINA, AND OTHER MATERIALS.

**MONY**  
Pensions, R. U. AWARE, Lorillard's Climate Plug.

**THURSTON'S PEARL TOOTH POWDER**  
Keeps Teeth Perfect and Gums Healthy.

**Blair's Pills**  
Pennyroyal, "Chichester's English."

**PENNYROYAL**  
"CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH"

**MORPHINE Opium Habits**  
EASILY CURED. BOOK FREE.

**RUPTURE**  
Cured by Dr. J. C. Hoffman's method.

**PATENTS**  
KIDDER'S PASTILLES.

**QUICK**  
Cures various ailments.

**WORMS**  
Glark's Worm Syrup.

**PATENTS**  
VARICOCELE.