

The Centre Reporter.

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CENTRE HALL, PA., WEDNESDAY, MAY 6, 1885.

NO. 18.

THE CENTRE REPORTER.

FRED. KURTZ, Editor and Prop'r.

Gen. Grant is now allowed one year.

The seat of war just now is at Joliet, Illinois.

Wilkesbarre is stricken with typhoid fever. There are one thousand cases in that town.

There were mountain fires in many sections of the country last week. Much timber has been damaged.

It seems that England and Russia won't go to war after all about that little Afghan. Latest devices look towards peace.

After six months suffering the Philadelphia Journal has been healed of pink-eye. Had our neighbor taken the Reporter's advice it would have been cured the first week.

Prosecutions against Mormons are still going on, and the convictions that follow will make some of the saints think it is best for a man not to have more than one wife after all.

Ten thousand barrels of beer spilled away in Pittsburgh! Oh dear, if beer is going to flow out at that rate, we'll need no more temperance societies, and the occupation of the itinerant lecturer, male and female, is gone.

Gov. Pattison vetoed the bill to print an additional 15,000 copies of Small's handbook for members to hand around and thus help a re-election. That was right, as the thing was both a job and an electioneering game.

The Pennsylvania Railroad has a contract on hand to transport 62,000 immigrants from New York to Chicago. They are all coming by way of the Conard line of steamers, and the companies carry them from England to the western metropolis for \$12 a head.

Twenty-four business houses, all there were in the town, and fourteen residences at Cobbery, Ill., were burned on Saturday night. Several guests at the Commercial hotel had narrow escapes with their lives, losing everything except their night clothes. The loss will aggregate \$90,000 to \$100,000.

100 FRAUDULENT PENSIONS.

Col. A. Wilson Norris, of Philadelphia, has received orders from the Commissioner of Pensions at Washington to suspend 102 pensions upon which money has been drawn since the death of the pensioners, and seven pensions of widows who, though remarried, have continued to draw money. Some of the persons in whose names the pensions were drawn died in 1871. The Commissioner has requested the Attorney-General to bring suit for the money unlawfully paid out.

BUILDING A NEW RAILROAD.

Now that a charter has been granted to the new Senecaqueanna and Mahoning Railroad, which will run through the northwestern portion of Clearfield county and terminate at the village of Big Run in Jefferson county, active preparations on the route will be commenced at the earliest possible day. The capital stock of the company is \$150,000. The road is to be a connecting line between the Southwestern road, now being built, and the Rochester and Pittsburg, completed a year or more since through the northwestern corner of Clearfield county.

Another trunk horror on the list, and Pittsburg has it this time. On the evening of 1st Baggage Master Jenkins, at the union depot, upon bursting open a trunk which gave out a suspicious odor, was horrified to find therein the body of a man, securely bound and in an advanced state of decomposition. The face was badly discolored and bloated, and the stench was so great that it kept at a safe distance the large crowd that quickly collected. The trunk was a common wooden one and evidently had not been in use before. It arrived from Chicago over the Pittsburg, Fort Wayne and Chicago railroad, at 6:40 a. m., on the morning express and was checked 4171, but no person called to claim it.

The baggage-master noticed a peculiar smell when it was unloaded from the train in the morning, but no attention was paid to it until evening when the stench became unbearable. After a consultation the railroad officials decided to open it and the result was the ghastly discovery. The body, in order to get it into the trunk, had been bent almost double. Around the neck, arms and legs was a hemp cord about one-eighth of an inch in thickness, which had been drawn so tight that it had cut deep into the flesh. There were no marks of evidence and so far as could be ascertained from an outward examination the stomach was in a normal condition.

Mr. S. Quay, one of the Republican bosses, has announced himself as a candidate for state treasurer. What does this mean? There is something behind it, it puts a nigger in the woodpile and his ivory grin will show itself in due time.

The Times says a prominent conservative politician said that what Quay wanted was to get control of and run the gubernatorial fight and that the stepping stone to that scheme was to be elected State Treasurer, which would revive his political strength. The program arranged upon so far is to make Judge Ulysses Mercur, of the Supreme Court, the nominee for the Governorship and to make General James A. Beaver, who might want to be the gubernatorial nominee, Judge Mercur's successor on the Supreme bench. Judge Mercur was elected for a term of fifteen years. He has about two years still to serve. If General Beaver accepts the nomination and is elected, under the new law it will be for a term of twenty-one years.

This would lop the title of General from Beaver and he would then be dubbed Judge Beaver, which might be hard for some fellows to get used to.

The same paper gives a Harrisburg opinion of this Quay move thus:

The announcement of Colonel Quay's candidacy for State Treasurer causes much talk here. It is generally believed that it means a great fight between Quay and Magee and perhaps such bad blood in the party that the Democrats will carry off the prize. That Quay is in deep earnest is the almost universal belief, especially of those who remember the part he took in the last state convention, when he saved Magee and his Allegheny followers as delegates to Chicago, his reward to be the naming of the next candidate for Treasurer. Magee, however, so the story runs, decided not to give up his power in the Treasury, for it would mean the loss of his influence with the Legislature, and so he brought out James McDevitt, of Lancaster, formerly of Pittsburg, whom he has been pushing for some time. If Quay proves too strong it is thought Magee will drop McDevitt and take up H. C. Greenwalt, now cashier of the Treasury Department, who, it is conceded, is very popular in many parts of the state.

The Democratic Senators are inclined to think that a war between Quay and Magee is opened in good faith. They say it matters not who the Republican candidate may be he will have a dissatisfied party to deal with, and being alone on the ticket the expense to himself or his friends will be enormous. On the other hand the local leaders of the Democratic party are all anxious to distinguish themselves at the next election in the hope of favors from Washington and the campaign will be conducted with great spirit and little cost. It is thought the Democratic candidate should come from Philadelphia, and S. Davis Page is mentioned.

The Marriage License bill passed the Senate last week, and if the House concurs, the loose marriage law of Pennsylvania will receive a radical and much needed amendment. The bill makes a license from the Clerk of the Orphans' Court an essential pre-requisite to marriage. The license fee is fifty cents, and the clerk before granting the license is required to put the parties applying to him on their oath as to there being no legal impediment to the marriage, and if either of them is under age the consent of the parents must be given in person before the clerk or provided by a certificate in writing, executed with all the formalities of a deed. The object of such precautions is, of course, to place an obstacle in the way of persons marrying who have already a wife or husband living, and especially to prevent the secret marriage of minors. If a marriage is performed without license it is not invalid, but the minister or justice or the attesting witnesses are rendered liable to a fine of \$1,000, so that it will be difficult for an unlicensed couple to find anyone willing to unite them in marriage.

August M. Cannon, who is President of the Mormon "State," a brother of Congressman Delegate George Q. Cannon, has been convicted of unlawful cohabitation. A proffer to prove no sexual commerce was ruled out. Judge Zane held that living with three women, represented to the world as wives, constituted the crime of cohabitation. Bishop James C. Hamilton has been arrested on a charge of polygamy.

The bill for the establishment of an agricultural experiment station passed second reading in the house. It was opposed by Rhoads and favored by Woodward and Brown.

By a hailstorm in Virginia, last week, growing cotton, corn and vegetation were destroyed and the farmers will be compelled to plant again.

A party of eastern capitalists, interested in Clearfield county coal lands, are arranging for the formation of a syndicate with a view of building a new railroad from the main line at Tyrone to the head of Moshannon Creek, in Clearfield county, by the Tipton Gap. Starting at Tyrone, this road, after reaching an elevated grade on Tipton run, will reach the summit with comparative ease. The topography on the dividing summit is of such a character that connection with the head of Moshannon creek would not only be practicable but easily accomplished. The amount of coal on the Moshannon creek will justify the expense of this new road from that section to Tyrone. The immediate field that will be developed by this new road consists of 10,000 acres, which would expand to 40,000 or 50,000 acres by extending short branches. The several owners of this vast body of locked-up coal are anxious to contribute toward the grading of the road up Tipton Run, the most advantageous route that can be selected. The only reason for the past neglect of this large mineral territory is that it was not known heretofore to contain valuable coal.

TWENTY-THREE YEARS AT LAW.

McCormick's Long Suit Against the Pennsylvania Road Decided in His Favor.

New York, April 29.—The Court of Appeals has just decided the peculiar case of Cyrus H. McCormick, a resident of Chicago, against the Pennsylvania Central Railroad, which suit has been in litigation 23 years. The suit was begun in and has been passed upon four times by the Supreme Court and three times by the Court of Appeals. Eminent counsel were employed on both sides, the plaintiff being Daniel D. Lord, E. W. Stoughton, Beach and Brown and Keose Conkling, and for the defendant, Blatchford, Steward, Griswold and De Costa. The leading facts in the case are as follows:

On March 11, 1862, plaintiff, with his family and baggage, applied to defendant at Philadelphia for transportation on its railroad. The baggage was placed on the train, and while plaintiff was procuring the tickets and having some dispute about the checking of the baggage the train started off with the baggage. The defendant refusing to give plaintiff either the tickets or the baggage. It was carried on to Chicago and destroyed at the depot by fire on the morning of its arrival. The trunk contained costly clothing and diamonds belonging to Mrs. McCormick, their loss involving thousands of dollars. The jury awarded a verdict in favor of Mr. McCormick for the full value of the goods and interests, which amounted to \$16,431. The Pennsylvania Railroad appealed the case and a prolonged litigation over fine points of law and technicalities raised by counsel on both sides. The plaintiff claimed that the defendant had wrongfully seized and held his property in resistance of his claims and therefore was liable for its full value. The defendant argued that the effort of the plaintiff to have his baggage stopped was virtually a waiver of his right of action; that the plaintiff had no right to recover for such property as had been presented by him to his wife, and that jewelry could not be designated as baggage. The action on appeal was begun in April, 1867.

The late decision is a finality to this long contested case and gives the executors of the plaintiff the full amount of the claim with interest.

THE PLYMOUTH EPIDEMIC CARRIES DEATH TO MANY OTHER TOWNS.

Wilkesbarre, Pa., April 27.—The terrible disease in Plymouth spread signs of abating, but the alarm among the inhabitants is increasing. This afternoon fourteen funerals of the victims of the disease were held, and business throughout the borough was suspended. Along the route to the cemetery the stores were shut up, and the people gathered in knots and gloomily watched the mournful processions as they wound through the town. At the cemetery the interments were all made within an hour or two, and many hundreds of people lingered. The municipal authorities have set to work to remove the cause of the epidemic. At daylight this morning twenty wagons, with five men to each wagon, started out and began the work of cleaning. The town was divided into districts, the houses and yards of the residents were invaded, the cellars explored and every particle of rubbish, garbage, offal and ashes taken away and the premises thoroughly disinfected. This work will go right on and it is hoped will be completed within 48 hours. Today six deaths are reported: A son of Rev. J. E. Walker, a young Methodist minister; Miss Flora Beischer, 18 years old; Miss Annie Trainor, 24 years old; Jacob Corroll, 16 years old; Miss Carrie Snyder, 20 years old, and an infant child named Lewis. Two other deaths were reported this evening.

A singular fact concerning this epidemic is the large proportion of young men and women between the ages of 18 and 30 who have fallen victims. Fully three-fourths of the victims are between these ages. The alarm has been greatly increased by the fact that the epidemic is spreading and has appeared in several neighboring villages. Cases are reported in Parkville, Kingston, Avondale and other places in Plymouth township. There are many portions of this city that are in a deplorable condition so far as accumulations of rubbish are concerned, and grave fears exist that the epidemic may make its appearance here.

In some households in Plymouth the distress is very great. In the family of James McAlarney one son, aged 21, died on Friday, and the father and four children are now prostrated by the disease, leaving the mother and one child the only healthy members of the family.

INDICATIONS ARE FOR PEACE.

The Lion and the Bear Will Lie Down with the Ameer Between Them.

London, May 3.—The cabinet council on Saturday had under consideration a dispatch received from Sir Edward Thornton, British Minister to Russia, stating that M. DeGiers, the Russian minister of foreign affairs, asked for time in which to discuss and interpret the agreement of March 17, before deciding whether arbitration was required to settle the pending difficulties. As a result of the cabinet discussion Earl Granville intimated his willingness to defer the laying of the dispute before a third party for settlement, provided M. DeGiers admitted the principle of arbitration. A further communication from Sir Edward Thornton was received at the foreign office to-night. It is reported that the English minister states in this dispatch that Russia accepts the principle of arbitration.

A cabinet council has been summoned for to-morrow. The Czarina, whose influence is nearly absolute over the Czar, is actively assisting in the peace negotiations. The Sunday edition of the London newspapers confirm the report that a secret treaty has been made between England and Turkey, according to the terms of which England will be allowed to send men through the Dardanelles in the event of war.

REDUCED RATES TO THE ARMY REUNION AT BALTIMORE VIA PENNA. R. R.

The sixteenth annual reunion of the Army of the Potomac will be held in the city of Baltimore, May 6th and 7th. Present indications forebode one of the most brilliant and successful gatherings ever enjoyed by this association. Great interest is being manifested by the old soldiers all over the Union, and coming as it does on the heels of the visitation of Gettysburg, there is no doubt of a large and enthusiastic attendance. The management of Baltimore, with their usual alacrity in such matters, are bestirring themselves to provide both entertainment and amusement for their guests, both of which they will accomplish in the most thorough manner. The program for the first day embraces a public meeting with a poem and oration; the second day will be devoted to a grand parade of the city and military gauds, with receptions, banquets, excursions, etc., to fill the intervening time. The parade will be a fine spectacle, and a magnificent display of fire-works, in which many novel effects will be introduced, form an interesting feature for one night.

Besides the soldiers of the Union, many of whom will come fresh from the field of Gettysburg, a large number of distinguished persons in civil life are expected to be present. The President of the United States, members of the Cabinet, and other men of high station, will participate in the ceremonies.

For the accommodation of the large number of visitors which will be attracted thither, the Pennsylvania Railroad Co. will sell excursion tickets to Baltimore on the following terms: From Washington to Baltimore and return on the 6th and 7th, good for the day only, at \$1.50; and from all points on the Baltimore and Potomac Railroad at two cents per mile; from all points on the Philadelphia, Wilmington and Baltimore and Baltimore Division of Northern Central Railway, on 6th and 7th, good to return until the 8th, at a rate of about two cents per mile; and from all other points on their system, excursion tickets will be sold to members of the Grand Army on presentation of card orders, to be procured by application to J. Frank Sipples, chairman, etc., Baltimore, Md., from May 2 to 7, inclusive, good to return until 10th, at the rate of two cents per mile.

STRIKING QUARRYMEN.

Rotous Imported Laborers Make it Necessary to Call Out the Militia in Illinois.

Springfield, Ill., May 3.—By order of Adjutant General Vance, a gathering of 55,000 pounds of ammunition, 300 axes, 600 shovels and 35 tents were sent to Joliet yesterday morning. At Joliet 700 strikers were captured by the troops and deputy sheriffs and marched as prisoners to Joliet and held by the sheriff. Four companies of the state troops, numbering 254 men, are at Joliet under arms. The striking stone-cutters number 2,000, and still maintain a strengthening attitude. The strikers captured yesterday were taken to Joliet with the avowed purpose of procuring the release of the four leaders arrested yesterday. The strikers are mostly foreigners who took the place of other striking miners a year or two ago. Sheriff Nanchett, of Coon county, telegraphed the governor to-night that he was unable to control the strikers at Joliet, and asked for more troops. The governor replied that if occasion required the additional general might call out the additional companies and place them at his disposal. Trouble is feared at Joliet. Gov. Oglesby left for Elkhart, Ill., this evening.

10,000 BARRELS OF BEER DESTROYED BY THE CAVING OF A BUILDING.

Pittsburg, May 3.—Vainwright's brewery, on Thirty-sixth street, caved in with a heavy crash about 3 o'clock this morning. The noise occasioned by the crash aroused the citizens in the vicinity, and rumors of the loss of life were freely circulated, but were without foundation. The structure was a 4-story brick, substantially built. In it were 10,000 barrels of beer, and a lot of new and valuable machinery. The immense weight of the beer, it is supposed, caused the supports of the floor to give way, and the building collapsed from the roof to the cellar. The falling in of the walls crushed the barrels, and torrents of the malt fluid ran down the streets and completely flooded the cellar. The loss is estimated at over \$100,000. The structure will be rebuilt at once.

FLAMES AT BEECH CREEK.

Lock Haven, April 28.—This afternoon fire broke out in the town of Beech Creek, eight miles from this city. Owing to the limited facilities for extinguishing the fire it was soon beyond control, and burned with great rapidity. Hall's planing mill was soon a mass of flames, which was completely destroyed. Keyes' fanning mill factory next fell a victim to the devouring element, and was burned with all its contents. Several houses and a large quantity of lumber caught fire and burned briskly, and for a time the entire town was threatened with total destruction.

When the Lock Haven fire engine was removed from the car a long rope was attached for the purpose of dragging it to the fire. This was seized by a large number of men, who started on a run dragging the engine after them. When under full headway a man stumbled and fell, causing many others to fall over him. One of these, Wm. Kemnick, a member of the Lock Haven fire department, had his skull crushed and died in a few minutes, and two others, one named James Bradley, probably fatally injured.

When the firemen got to work the flames were quickly subdued, but not, however, until a large amount of property had been destroyed. Rough estimates place the loss this evening at \$5,000, on which there is no insurance.

THE LAST HOPES DISPELLED.

London, April 29.—The Russian advance south of Peshah and occupation of Marnchat are regarded in parliamentary circles as dispelling the last hopes of peace, and as the precursor of a Russian attack upon Herat.

THE RUSSIAN TROOPS MOBILIZING.

Odesa, April 29.—The Russian reserves are mobilizing. All business transactions now being entered into here are undertaken subject to heavy war risks. The Russian government has ordered the Southwestern railway to prepare several hundred railway carriages and have them ready at as early a moment as possible for the purpose of conveying troops. It is reported here that the newspapers published within the Russian Empire have been forbidden to print anything in reference to current events in Central Asia.

RUSSIA'S DOGS OF WAR.

St. Petersburg, April 29.—Fifty heavy guns have been sent from Kiev to Fiedland. The Czar has signed orders for the equipping of the whole Russian fleet. The Russian minister of the marine has completed an inspection of all the forts at Coastal.

ENGLAND PREPARING FOR THE WOE.

London, April 29.—Two days' snow has been blowing night and day on the torpedoes, ordered by the British government.

The admiralty has notified all the officers and men at the coast guard stations to be in readiness to join their ships at a moment's notice.

"GOLLY, HOW DEY BURNED."

Washington, Ga., April 28.—For six months the Rhodes family of this county has been the victims of a series of mysterious incendiary fires. First the residence of W. W. Rhodes was consumed by fire, supposed at the time to have been accidental. He was removed to his father's home and the next day the gin house was burned with its storage of cotton. Several days ago the woods were set on fire, threatening the entire plantation outfit, and later the corncrib and outbuildings of the senior Rhodes were swept away. It now transpires that all these fires have been the deliberate work of a 15 year old colored boy who lived with the family, who had come into possession of a box of matches which he had an insane desire to use. He does not seem to realize that he has committed any crime, but merely laughs over the work he has done, saying, "Golly, how dey burned."

PROF. COOK HEARD FROM.

Prof. Cook lately wrote: "Having studied man and his relations fifty years, and having read Dr. E. B. Foote's 'Plain Home Talk,' I say disinterestedly and emphatically that it is worth its weight in gold; nay, gold cannot measure its value to humanity. It is such a book as only such a healthy, well-balanced magnificent brain can produce. Dr. Foote is one of the few doctors who, in his writing and practice, seeks to cure, not kill; to save and prolong life, not obstruct, poison or destroy it; to teach people the structure, functions, facts, forces and relations of the human brain and body; to teach them the significance of life and how to make it healthy and happy also how to make the most of it.

His information, instruction and advice in regard to parentage, marriage, social and sexual functions and relations, its facts and laws of mental, magnetic and temperamental adaptation in marriage and parentage that children may be healthy, happy and viable, etc., make it more valuable to suffering humanity than my poor words can express. What a vast amount of saving information for the people; a large book of 900 pages for only \$1.50. Prof. J. H. Cook."

THE PITTSBURGH TRUNK MYSTERY.

Chicago, May 3.—Francisco Caruso a resident of the Italian district of this city believes the corpse discovered at Pittsburg in a trunk to be that of his brother, Filippo Caruso, who left home last Thursday with \$350 and has not been seen since.

FOUR PERSONS KILLED.

Galveston, Texas, May 3.—One of the boilers at the Fremont hotel exploded this morning, instantly killing four persons, wounding several others and doing great damage to the hotel and neighboring property.

Clipped from Canada "Presbyterian" under signature of C. Blackett Robinson, proprietor: I was cured by oft recurring bilious headaches by Burdock Block Bitters.

A LITERARY CONUNDRUM.

"Has some rich relative left you a colossal fortune which you are spending in publishing books for the people at normal prices? If so, I admire your taste, but won't the old-line publishers be glad when it is gone?" So queried a prominent lawyer concerning the Literary Revolution, Mr. Alden replies that there is neither rich relative nor philanthropy in it; that the books pay good profits even at his unheard of low prices, by the immense sales they secure. Read his advertisement elsewhere.

BUCKLEN'S ARNICA SALVE.

The best salve in the world for cuts, bruises, sores, ulcers, salt rheum, fever sores, tetter, chapped hands, chilblains, corns, and all skin eruptions, and positively cures piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents a box. For sale by J. Zeller & Son, Bellefonte, Pa.

BIG FIRE AT SCRANTON.

Scranton, Pa., May 4.—The Lackawanna Iron and Coal Company's steel mill in this city, was destroyed by fire at 1 o'clock this morning; loss between \$200,000 and \$250,000; insurance \$150,000, seven hundred men are thrown out of employment. The rebuilding will require about three months. The blooming mill was partially destroyed. The origin of the fire is unknown.

The "constant tired out" feeling so often experienced is the result of impoverished blood, and consequent enfeebled vitality. Ayer's Sarsaparilla feeds and enriches the blood, increases the appetite, and promotes digestion of the food, and the assimilation of its strengthening qualities. The system being thus invigorated, the feeling rapidly changes to a grateful sense of strength and energy.

FATAL FIRE AT NEW YORK.

New York, May 3.—Eight persons are known to have perished in the fire which occurred last night in the double brick tenement, No. 672 First Avenue. With the exception of Wm. Hurley, who died this morning at the Presbyterian hospital, all were taken out of the building dead. Besides the killed there were 14 persons injured.

Can you tell who is in the greatest danger of catching any infectious or epidemic disease? "Why," you say, "the person whose blood is in an impure or impoverished condition. Such people take special complaints as dry grass, boils into flames before the sparks of a locomotive. Pure blood is a defence, it means safety, and Dr. Kennedy's Favorite Remedy is the mildest, safest and surest purifier of the blood. Our chief dangers are within ourselves. May

A few days ago James Robbins, a farmer, went out to feed his hogs. He had in his pocket a wallet containing \$900 in bank notes. After returning to the house he missed the money. He hurried out to the hog pen, where he saw one of the hogs tearing and eating the lost property. Only a few fragments of the money could be found.

Who does not delight to see a good looking face? Yet erysipelas disfigures the features almost beyond recognition. But that is not the worst of it. This disease is as dangerous as it is repulsive. It is sometimes called St. Anthony's fire, and often causes sudden death. Mrs. S. B. Carpenter, of Grandville, N. Y., had it in both legs and was cured by Dr. Kennedy's Favorite Remedy. This medicine excels all others for the blood. Especially adapted to persons in feeble health.

AN INSANE MAN'S HORRIBLE ACT.

Dubuque, Ia., May 3.—George Thomas, an inmate of an insane department of the county jail, while laboring under one of his periodical fits yesterday, divested himself of all his clothing and deliberately pressed his arms, breast and abdomen to a hot stove, being burned in a horrible manner. He cannot recover.

A GREAT DISCOVERY.

Mr. Wm. Thomas, of Newton, Iowa, says: "My wife has been seriously affected with a cough for 25 years, and it's ending more severely than ever before. She had used many remedies without relief, and being urged to try Dr. King's New Discovery, I did so, with most gratifying results. The first bottle relieved her very much, and the second bottle absolutely cured her. She has not had a cough since. I had bottles of Dr. J. Zeller & Son's, Bellefonte, Pa."

You will find McDonald's Improved Liver Pills so satisfactory as a corrector of a torpid liver, as a regulator of the bowels, as an evacuator of biliousness, that you will regret not having tried them sooner. Money refunded to dissatisfied purchasers. Sold by J. D. Murray, JOHNSTON, HOLLOWAY & Co., Philadelphia Agents.

CULTIVATION AND REFINEMENT.

Hon. B. S. Hewitt, ex-Speaker House Representatives, writes: "J. A. McDonald—Dear Sir: I have been buying my favoring extracts for years from a Pittsburg manufacturer. Recently we tried a bottle of yours and found it very good indeed. Enclosed find five dollars. Send me its value in Vanilla Extracts."

Moral—always ask for McDonald's Favoring Extracts. Sold by J. D. Murray, JOHNSTON, HOLLOWAY & Co., Philadelphia, Agents.

Increased buoyancy in spirit, perfect assimilation of food, improved appetite, gain in flesh, sound refreshing sleep, heightened color in the cheeks and the added brilliancy to the eyes, follow the use of McDonald's Great Blood Purifier or Sarsaparillian Alternative. A bottle or two used in the family would obviate the entire train of spring maladies. Dissatisfied purchasers can have their money refunded. Sold by J. D. Murray, JOHNSTON, HOLLOWAY & Co., Philadelphia, Agents.