

# The Centre Reporter.

VOLUME (OLD SERIES, XL, NEW SERIES, XVII.)

CENTRE HALL, PA., WEDNESDAY, JUNE 4, 1884.

NO. 22

**THE CENTRE REPORTER.**

**FRED. KURTZ, Editor and Prop'r.**  
We repeat for the tenth time, Tilden will be the nominee.

Butler, pull down your vest.  
Delegate Flanagan, of Texas, to Ward in his cell: "What are you here for?"

An Easton Jewess, the other day, eloped with a mulatto man.  
Grant had a Ward, now let him have a guardian.

Le Moyné crematory is said to have more applications for burning bodies than it can attend to. Why not send 'em over to that other crematory that has been in operation over 4000 years? Its capacity is unlimited.

The Republican National convention is in full blast now at Chicago, but nothing done, as we go to press, to indicate what kind of a grist it will grind. Whether it will be an Arthur grist, Blaine chop, Edmunds bran, or dark-horse shorts, we may be able to tell in the next issue of the **REPORTER**.

An item has been published in some of the dailies that Judge Hoy is not a candidate for President Judge. This is not correct, and we are authorized by the Judge to say that he is a candidate for the position and at no time had any idea of declining.

After a trial of several terms in Centre and Huntingdon counties, the people have seen the evidences of a safe and competent judge in Mr. Hoy. There is not a legal gentleman in this Commonwealth of stricter integrity, and a judge having this quality coupled with undoubted legal ability is beyond price. The people of this district can make no better choice—under Judge Hoy's occupancy of the bench every man's rights will be secured and justice kept her abode within our court-chambers.

The announcement of Judge Hoy, as a candidate, will be found in this issue of the **REPORTER**.

The Philad. Times very properly thinks if a thief should steal a bag of meal or a horse in New York, the delay in arresting and forcing him to trial would scarcely enable him to arrange his business affairs or to confer extensively with his friends. Yet it took three or four days more than a fortnight to reach the conclusion to arrest Ferdinand Ward, while almost three weeks had passed before James D. Fish and John C. Eno were subjected to the righteous process. These men had deliberately stolen or gambled away millions of other people's money and had done everything that recklessness and dishonesty could produce a general financial panic.

The New York State Board of Health reports a terrible condition of affairs in the cow stables at Blissville, Long Island, near New York City. Pleuro-pneumonia exists in all the stables. The dying cattle are milked, then killed and the carcasses smuggled into New York and Brooklyn and sold for food.

The new Mahdi, who is stated to have appeared in the Sudan, claims the power to become invisible at will. A story is told by the natives that the Mahdi sent soldiers to capture the prophet, but when the soldiers had surrounded the divan in which he was sitting, he suddenly vanished in the air.

What a capital bank president he would make for a Wall street concern—if the institution went up he could "go up" with it; might do pretty well for a dark horse for the fellows now in convention at Chicago.

Ferdinand Ward was visited in Ludlow street jail, Friday, 30 ult., by his counsel, Mr. Sheppard. In reply to a question he said "the responsibility of General Grant and John D. Fish in the firm of Grant & Ward was the same as my own."

Now Gen. Grant has the floor.  
The prevailing opinion about the capitol seems to be that Blaine is steadily gaining. Senator Voorhees said: "Oh, Blaine will be the nominee. That's clear."

Fred Grant is short 1 1/2 millions, and Jesse R. also in a large sum.

President Fish now says that he did not mean to charge that Gen. Grant had any guilty knowledge of the frauds in government contracts, but simply intended to say that the letters received from Gen. Grant were of such a tenor as to warrant any one having confidence in representations made by Ward, John D. Fish says that his father regarded Gen. Grant's opinion in regard to Ward's transactions as similar to his own; that both of them were misled to the extent of

trusting entirely to what was said by Ward.

The Penn Bank of Pittsburgh is the boss breaker. It broke one day last week, opened for business two days after then broke again.

The Union Deposit Bank, of Greensburg, has gone up. Liabilities, \$100,000. Many poor workmen lose their hard earned savings.

The greenbackers met in national convention last week, and nominated Ben. Butler for President. A ballot resulted 323 votes for Butler, 98 for Harper and a few for the other candidates. Solon Chase, although not placed in nomination, received two votes. General Butler was declared the nominee.

The convention then nominated General A. M. West, of Mississippi, by acclamation for Vice President.

The Reading railroad is in default and cannot make its June payment—\$703,400 interest and \$280,000 in dividends. A receiver will be asked for.

Up in Worcester they gave a bungling doctor his deserts, where, the other day, Dr. Franklin Pierce was found guilty of manslaughter. The defendant attended Mrs. Bemis and ordered her swathed from head to foot with kerosene bandages, by which the outer skin was destroyed. On a second visit he caused kerosene to be poured on the bandages without removing them to see the effect of his treatment. The woman died soon after. The jury was out ten minutes.

Tilden's health is pronounced robust by his two closest friends, Messrs. Bigelow and Green.

The accusation that Stanley Matthews was appointed to the Supreme bench by virtue of a bargain whereby a \$300,000 contribution was made to the campaign fund in 1880 has been again revived. The story goes that Mr. T. C. Platt, once Senator from New York, has avowed his willingness to come forward and produce undoubted proof of the truth of the charge.

It is now taken for granted that the depositors of the broken Penn Bank of Pittsburgh will be fortunate if they get 5 per cent. of the amounts of their deposits. The concern is completely gutted. The assets are fast diminishing and the liabilities are swelling even more rapidly. Those who had the call on the resources drew with an unsparring hand. The books shed very little light on the identity of those who deposited with the institution, as the accounts are in fictitious names. Capitalists like Wm. H. Vanderbilt are made to masquerade on the ledgers for those who received aid in some unknown way. The shortage grows greater as the intricacies of the book accounts are unravelled, and from less than \$350,000 overdrawn it has grown to \$1,000,000 now, and the end is not yet. So clear a sweep has rarely been made in Pittsburgh. The liabilities will reach over \$2,000,000.

There was half an inch of snow on the ground in Potter county on Saturday morning.

The Philadelphia weavers' association has declared for free trade.

Some more bank officials have got into limbo within the last few days. Keep putting them in.

Eno, the absconding New York bank president, was arrested at Montreal, on 30 ult.

Six attempts were made to burn Danville by incendiarism on Friday night.

The frost has done considerable damage to tobacco plants in York Co.

The signs at Chicago, says the *Patriot*, are that Blaine will lead on the first ballot, with about 350 votes, and that Arthur will follow with about 300. The Blaine boomers are very enthusiastic and vociferous but seem to lack discipline and system. The Arthur forces are well organized and are marshaled under the personal supervision of the president who is said to have telegraphic communication with Chicago by a private wire run into the White House.

This is going to be the greatest "off year" the rats ever had. They'll be put off for all time.

**GOLD IN PINE BOARD.**

A pine floor laid in a goldsmith's shop in ten years becomes worth \$150 per foot. A Syracuse jeweler bought for less than \$50 some sweeping that gave \$208 worth of gold. In his cellar a tub into which he dumped the dust from a polishing lathe accumulates \$50 a year. A workman in that shop carried off at various times, on the tip of his moistened finger, \$80 of filings in a few weeks. Workmen sometimes oil their hair and then run their fingers through it, leaving a deposit of gold particles, which they afterward wash out.

Receivers were appointed for the Reading railroad company, on Monday. The affair caused considerable anxiety in financial circles.

**MEMORIAL DAY.**

The touching and impressive ceremonies of to-day will long remain fresh in our memories. Nothing occurred during the day to prevent us from rendering tribute to the memory of those who fell in defence of their country and loved ones. The members of the Post, who live in and about Centre Hall, with a few citizens, left Centre Hall at 7 a. m., reaching Farmers Mills at 8 o'clock, where we were joined by other comrades, citizens and Farmers Mills cornet band. The procession—in whose ranks were Hon. J. B. Linn and Col. D. S. Keller—then marched into the cemetery. The exercises were opened with prayer by Rev. Sarvis, after which to our extreme gratification and pleasure, we saw the Hon. Fred Kurtz alight from the coach. He was immediately pressed into service and gave us a good, solid little address about which—more by and by. Colonel Keller then delivered an eloquent address. After the strutting of flowers and rendering of the dirge by the band we were dismissed by Rev. Sarvis, and left for Spring Mills, which place we reached by 10 o'clock, and were met by a large concourse of people, consisting of Sunday school members of the town and vicinity, and joined by the Spring Mills drum corps. After the procession was formed we were escorted to the cemetery. After the regular services Colonel Keller again addressed us. His address was able, and well received by all, after benediction marched to the hotel where we were dismissed. We were not long in finding Mr. Shaffer's dining room where we found a sumptuous dinner awaiting us. We know it was out of respect Mr. Shaffer had for the occasion that he treated us so excellently and liberally, for which he and his have our thanks.

After dinner the procession—now being swelled by citizens of Spring Mills and vicinity—started for Georges Valley where, on account of misrepresentation, we did not find many citizens assembled. It had been rumored that there would be no address delivered at that place. The consequence of which the Sunday school was out. We had an address, however, and a good one again by Mr. F. Kurtz, which was attentively listened to and appreciated by all who heard it.

**THE MORGANATIC BRIDE.**

London, May 26.—Another crop of scandal is promised in connection with the left-handed marriage of the Grand Duke Louis IV. of Hesse. Mme. De Kalamine, the morganatic spouse whom Louis wishes to divorce to please his mother-in-law, Queen Victoria, now threatens fight and promises ugly revelations. She says that the Grand Duke's life since the death of his wife, Princess Alice, would not be so close scrutiny, and that she has the best of reasons for knowing of some of his lapses. She also says that if she has committed such ante-nuptial sins as are charged by the Grand Duke, she did not sin without a partner, and that if there were any sin and any partnership therein the Grand Duke knows who the partner was. She declares that the height of ungenerosity to tax her with such offenses to gratify the spleen of another woman, and she threatens to "tear the whole Harrodid court to pieces" morally, if the Grand Duke persists in his attempt to secure a divorce on account of any such charges to be alleged against her.

A stenographic report of the proceedings of the last Democratic State Convention, in Allentown, April 9, has been published by the state committee. It is a pamphlet of 20 pages with the title "Publication for '84." Single copies can be had on application (with enclosure of 2 two-cent stamps,) to W. U. Hense, Ch., Lancaster, Pa.

Persons desiring fruit or ornamental trees, vines, shrubbery, will do well to consult W. W. Delleit who is representing J. A. Smith, of Rochester, N. Y. Mr. Shaw can be depended upon as furnishing good stock and treating the material, as he has been in the business for more than a quarter of a century. Mr. Shaw is endorsed by Jas. Vicks, Chase Bros' and other prominent nurserymen. Mr. Delleit is from Milroy, Millin Co., and can give the best of references if desired. He makes a specialty of fruit adapted to this section of country.

**MARKETS.**  
Philadelphia, June 1, 1884.  
(Corrected Weekly.)

	Chicago	Philadelphia
Corn	55	55
Wheat	89 1/2	103 1/2
Oats	32	40 1/2
Pork	19.25	
Lard	8.12	

**SAMUEL WHITE, JR.,** Com'n Broker,  
31 South Third Street,  
SPRING MILLS MARKET.

Wheat—Red	1.00
White & Mixed	95
Rye	65
Corn, shelled, and ears old	20
Oats	10
Buckwheat	40
Barley	55
Cloverseed	50
Timothy seed	1.40
Plaster, ground per ton	9.00
Floes and middlings	5.00
Butter, 22 tallow, lard, 10; ham, 16; shoulder 16; bacon or side, 12; eggs per dozen 12 cents	
Corrected weekly by L. J. Greenoble.	
COAL—Pea, 2 1/2; Chestnut, 4 1/2; stove, 5.00	

**BELLEFONTAINE MARKET.**  
Wheat, red, 95; Corn, 30  
Wheat, mix., 90; Oats, 20  
(Corrected weekly by L. J. Greenoble.)  
Produce—Butter 12, eggs 15, ham 14, shoulders 12, sides 12 1/2, lard 10, potatoes 40—by Valentines' Store.

**MARRIED.**

May 19, by Rev. Z. Hornberger, Henry Newton Jones and Eliza Bianche Smith, both of Milesburg.

On 30 April, Mr. Samuel Alter, of Millheim, and Miss Harriet S. Stover, of this valley.

**DIED.**

On May 23, in Boggs twp., Mr. Levi Dickson aged 65 years, 11 months, 22 days.  
Near Millheim, on May 23, David Shertzer, aged 71 years, 17 days.  
At Aaronsburg, on 19 ult., Rachel, relict of David Kremer, aged 75 years.  
Mrs. Maggie E. Stover, wife of Geo. W. Stover, and eldest daughter of John Herper, of near Centre Hall, died at Millheim, May 24, aged 82 years, 2 months, 23 days. Her disease was a general breaking down and affection of the lungs which had been affected for a few years. She leaves a husband and one son, (Johnny,) about three years old.

The Post were each presented with a beautiful wreath prepared by the ladies, and the children with bouquets. The procession being ready, all marched through Front and Church streets to the cemetery, to the music of the bands and drum corps. At the cemetery the graves of the fallen heroes were strewn with becoming solemnity, when all gathered for the address. Rev. Fischer opened the services, and was followed by the orator, Hon. John B. Linn, who delivered an address replete with patriotic sentiment, eloquence and historic interest that will long leave its impress upon the large audience that gave ear with breathless silence. Mr. Linn's address was the subject of favorable remark by all who were so fortunate as to hear it.

**A CLINTON COUNTY LUMBERMAN ENDS A FAMILY QUARREL.**

Renovo, June 1.—Uriah Hammerslev, an old and respected citizen, of Leidy township, residing about sixteen miles north of this place, got into an altercation with his son-in-law, John Kehoe, on Thursday afternoon and was shot and instantly killed by the latter. A short time previous to the murder Kehoe and his wife had a quarrel. Mrs. Kehoe left her home and went to her father's house a few hundred yards distant. She communicated her family troubles to her father. While out in the field with her father, she picked up a piece of wood and struck Kehoe a blow on the arm. At this the latter pulled out a revolver and fired six shots at Hammerslev, four of which took effect and caused instant death.

**SOCRATES LEARNS TO DANCE.**  
The ancients held the dance in the very highest esteem; for it was not invented by the goddess Rhea, who preserved Jupiter from Saturn, while Homer and Hesiod sang its praises, provoking a possible suggestion from the irreverent moderns that they had been "dogs" in their day? Socrates himself, who is supposed to have realized the vanity of all things save the immortality of the soul, went to the trouble of learning to dance with an old man, and perhaps received the invitation of some antique edition of Mrs. Ponsouly de Tomkyns or Mrs. Leo Hunter, eager for his entrance. But then it must be borne in mind that the classic dance was more severe in character, as the martial Pyrrhic dance, performed by Greek or Roman, armed cap-a-pie, weapon, torch, or wand in hand, amply testified. The ancient rustic was, however, particularly partial to a curious dance, which consisted of jumping with one foot only on a bladder inflated with air or filled with wine, and rubbed on the outside with oil; and he who did this slippery exercise well received the wineskin for his palan.

The dance of the Eumenides, or Furies, in the theatre at Athens is said to have produced such an effect on the spectators that they were totally unable to control their excited feelings, and the direst results often happened. Dancing now remains among the savage nations the outward and visible sign of their emotions. Perhaps the most curious custom in the history of dancing is that which is said to have taken place at Limoges not long ago, where the inhabitants "danced the round" in the choir of the church, invoking their patron saint, St. Marcel, saying, instead of the *Gloria Patri*, "St. Marcel, pray for us, and we shall dance in honor of you."

**A HOT REGION.**

One of the hottest regions of the earth is along the Persian gulf, where little or no rain falls. At Babrin the arid shore has no fresh water, yet a comparatively numerous population contrives to live there, thanks to the copious springs which burst forth from the bottom of the sea. The fresh water is got by diving. The diver, sitting in his boat, winds a great goatskin bag around his left arm, the hand grasping its mouth; then he takes in his hand a heavy stone, to which is attached a strong line, and, thus equipped, he plunges in and quickly reaches the bottom. Instantly opening the bag over the strong jet of fresh water, he springs up the ascending current, at the same time closing the bag, and is helped on board. The stone is then hauled up, and the diver, after taking breath, plunges in again. The source of these copious submarine springs is thought to be in the green hills of Osanan, some 500 or 600 miles distant.

Remember by paying the **REPORTER** one year in advance subscribers get credited for 14 months.

**WIND-SOUNDS IN THE DESERT.**

The traveller's tales of sounds like the ringing of bells, which they have heard in deserts and lonely places, are familiar. Some of them are too well substantiated to admit of serious dispute. Among them is that of the noises heard at the Gobel Nakra, in the Sinaiic Peninsula, which the Arabs say proceed from a convent of danned monks; the musical cliffs of the Orinoco, told of by Humboldt; and the sounds which the French savants Jollois and Devilliers declare they heard at sunrise at Karnak, Egypt, and described as comparable to the ancient fable of the vocal Memnon. The sounds are not always or exactly like the ringing of a bell; sometimes they resemble the music of a string, and may be generally described as of an intermediate character between the two classes. A characteristic of the sound is that no one can discern where they come from. M. Emile Sorel, in order to determine their origin, has made some successful experiments in reproducing them artificially. Taking his gun into an open field, he placed it at an angle of 45 deg. against the wind, when it gave forth a sound. Then moving it around, he caused it to utter the exact tone he sought. The sound could not be localized. Addressing a peasant, he asked him, "Do you hear my gun?" "Pardon, monsieur, it is the bells of—." A similar answer was got from every one whose attention was called to the noise. It was believed to come from about two miles and a half to the windward. M. Sorel believes this experiment authorizes the hypothesis that the ringing is the result of the blowing of the wind over a slope at the foot of which is something that may act as a resonator. What is done on a small scale in a gun may be done on a large scale in nature, on the face of a mountain or rock which is backed by a valley or ravine, or which is itself elastic enough to give the resonant effect. The sounds are apparently not as readily given when the vibrating surfaces and media are moist.

**LEWISBURG AND TYRONE RAILROAD TIME TABLE.**

	Leave Westward.				Leave Eastward.			
	1	3	5	7	9	11	1	3
	A. M.	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
Montandon	8:30	9:25	10:15	1:45	3:55			
Lewisburg, ar.	6:00	6:55	7:45	11:00	1:15	2:00	6:30	
Fair Ground	7:30		8:15	11:05	2:20			
Bell	7:40		8:25	11:10	2:30			
Vicksburg	7:45		8:30	11:15	2:35			
Millburg, ar.	8:00		8:45	11:20	2:40			
Millburg, iv.	8:05		8:50	11:25	2:45			
Milmon	8:15		9:00	11:35	2:55			
Lanark	8:25		9:10	11:45	3:05			
Colburn	8:35		9:20	11:55	3:15			
Spring Mills, ar.	10:15			11:30	3:30			
	Leave Eastward.				Leave Westward.			
	2	4	6	8	10			
	A. M.	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.			
Spring Mills	6:50			9:00	1:00			
Colburn	8:15			10:25	2:20			
Lanark	8:25			10:35	2:30			
Millburg, ar.	8:40			10:50	2:45			
Millburg, iv.	8:50			11:00	2:55			
Vicksburg	9:15			11:25	3:20			
Bell	9:25			11:35	3:30			
Fair Ground	9:35			11:45	3:40			
Lewisburg, ar.	9:55			12:05	4:00			
Lewisburg, iv.	10:05			12:15	4:10			
Montandon ar.	10:30			12:30	4:30			
Additional trains leave Lewisburg for Montandon at 7:30 P. M., returning leave Montandon for Lewisburg at 7:50 P. M.								

**How Watch Cases are Made.**

It is a fact not generally known that the *James Ross' Gold Watch Cases* really contain more pure gold than many "solid" gold cases. The demand for these watch cases has led to the manufacture of a very poor grade of solid gold watch cases—low in quality, and deficient in quantity. These cases are made from 4 1/2 to 10 karats, and a 5 or 6 karat case is often sold for 12 or 14 karats. It is not economy to buy a watch case so poor in quality that it will soon lose its color, or one so soft that it will lose its shape and fall to shreds, thus letting in dust and damaging the works, or one so thin that a slight blow will break the crystal, and perhaps the movement. It is economy to buy a *James Ross' Gold Watch Case*, in which work of these things ever occur. This watch case is an experiment—it has been made nearly thirty years.

HALESTON, Pa., Oct. 2, 1884.

I sold two James Ross' Gold Watch Cases thirty years ago, when they first came out, and they are in good condition yet. One of them is carried by a carpenter, Mr. L. W. Drake, of Haleston, and only shows the wear in one or two places; the other by Mr. Bowman, of Coalinga, Pa.; and I can produce one or both of these cases at any time.

JAMES ROSS, Jeweler.

Send 2 cent stamp to Keystone Watch Case Factory, Philadelphia. Free Samples Illustrated Prospect showing how James Ross' and Keystone Watch Cases are made.

(To be Continued.)

**LEWISBURG AND TYRONE RAILROAD TIME TABLE.**

	Leave Westward.				Leave Eastward.			
	1	3	5	7	9	11	1	3
	A. M.	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
Montandon	8:30	9:25	10:15	1:45	3:55			
Lewisburg, ar.	6:00	6:55	7:45	11:00	1:15	2:00	6:30	
Fair Ground	7:30		8:15	11:05	2:20			
Bell	7:40		8:25	11:10	2:30			
Vicksburg	7:45		8:30	11:15	2:35			
Millburg, ar.	8:00		8:45	11:20	2:40			
Millburg, iv.	8:05		8:50	11:25	2:45			
Milmon	8:15		9:00	11:35	2:55			
Lanark	8:25		9:10	11:45	3:05			
Colburn	8:35		9:20	11:55	3:15			
Spring Mills, ar.	10:15			11:30	3:30			
	Leave Eastward.				Leave Westward.			
	2	4	6	8	10			
	A. M.	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.			
Spring Mills	6:50			9:00	1:00			
Colburn	8:15			10:25	2:20			
Lanark	8:25			10:35	2:30			
Millburg, ar.	8:40			10:50	2:45			
Millburg, iv.	8:50			11:00	2:55			
Vicksburg	9:15			11:25	3:20			
Bell	9:25			11:35	3:30			
Fair Ground	9:35			11:45	3:40			
Lewisburg, ar.	9:55			12:05	4:00			
Lewisburg, iv.	10:05			12:15	4:10			
Montandon ar.	10:30							