



THE CENTRE REPORTER.

FRED. KURTZ, Editor and Prop'r.

DEMOCRATIC STATE TICKET.

FOR AUDITOR GENERAL, CAPT. ROBERT TAGGART, Of Warren County. FOR STATE TREASURER, HON. JOSEPH POWELL, Of Bradford County.

Mrs. Harriet Beecher Stowe wears clothes twenty-five years out of fashion. Better do that than wear fashionable clothes that you never intend to pay for.

The agony is at last over in New Hampshire and Mr. Pike has been elected to the United States senate to succeed Hon. Edward H. Rollins. The struggle has been a long and severe one, resembling in many points that in Pennsylvania two years ago, and the result has been similar as the choice has fallen upon a man who, it is alleged, is free from the chains of bossism. This is a defeat of the machine in the Granite State.

The government is now run by clerks, the President and heads of departments are all away having a good time, while a golden stream keeps running from Stevens' bank.

ing of Garfield himself in deceiving Conkling, Grant and other leaders and going square back on his promises with them. Since Dorsey let the cat out of the bag, the Republican organs are turning their batteries on the distinguished star router. They don't—they can't—deny the revelations he makes of the corruptions of that campaign, but they slap at him for telling all the same.

The Democratic State convention completed its work in the utmost harmony, and nominated a good ticket, which is admitted by the Philad. Press and other leading Republican journals. Taggart and Powell stand high in their respective counties, and with all who know them, for honesty and integrity. There was no bossism about the convention. There was no slate. There never was a ticket nominated with cleaner hands, and so free from the accustomed button-holing, bargaining and selling.

The platform is sound and will commend itself to every honest voter. The Democratic ticket should be elected, so that the funds of the State will no longer be used by party-hacks to the amount of several millions, who use it in private business speculations or have it on interest among pet banks and pocket the interest—a game that has been played with the state funds ever since the bosses have been in power.

JUDICIAL.

The Judicial Conference committee of the Legislature agreed to a report, and submitted the same to their respective Houses. The committee was composed of senators Greer, Davies and Wallace, and Representatives McDonald, Adams and Gordon. The bill provides for eighty Judges (six more than now are on the bench) and apportioned as follows:

- First, Philadelphia—Twelve Common Pleas and three Orphans Court Judges. Second, Lancaster Two Judges. Third, Northampton One Judge. Fourth, Tioga One Judge. Fifth, Allegheny Six Common Pleas and two Orphans Court Judges. Sixth, Erie One Judge. Seventh, Bucyrus One Judge. Eighth, Northumber and One Judge. Ninth, Cumberland One Judge. Tenth, Westmoreland One Judge. Eleventh, Luzerne Two Common Pleas and one Orphans Court Judge. Twelfth, Dauphin (Lancaster attached) Two Judges. Thirteenth, Bradford One Judge. Fourteenth, Fayette (Greene attached) One Judge. Fifteenth, Chester One Judge. Sixteenth, Bedford and Somerset One Judge. Seventeenth, Clearfield (Schuylkill attached) One Judge. Eighteenth, York Two Judges. Nineteenth, Union, Snyder and Mifflin One Judge. Twentieth, Schuylkill Two Judges. Twenty-first, Wayne and Pike One Judge. Twenty-second, Berks Two Common Pleas and one Orphans Court Judge. Twenty-third, Blair One Judge. Twenty-fourth, Clinton, Cameron and Elk One Judge. Twenty-fifth, Columbia and Monroe One Judge. Twenty-sixth, Washington One Judge. Twenty-seventh, Venango One Judge. Twenty-eighth, Lycoming One Judge. Twenty-ninth, Crawford One Judge. Thirtieth, Lehigh One Judge. Thirty-first, Delaware One Judge. Thirty-second, Adams One Judge. Thirty-third, Berks One Judge. Thirty-fourth, Mercer One Judge. Thirty-fifth, Beaver One Judge. Thirty-sixth, Warren and Forest One Judge. Thirty-seventh, Montgomery One Judge. Thirty-eighth, Franklin One Judge. Thirty-ninth, Luzerne One Judge. Fortieth, Juniata and Perry One Judge. Forty-first, Adams and Fulton One Judge. Forty-second, Carbon and Monroe One Judge. Forty-third, Wyoming and Sullivan One Judge. Forty-fourth, Lackawanna Two Judges. Forty-fifth, Clearfield One Judge. Forty-sixth, Cambria One Judge. Forty-seventh, McKean (Pottsville attached) One Judge. Forty-eighth, Butler and Lawrence attached—One Judge and the Additional Law Judge of the Seventeenth district, as constituted under the act of 1874, and now residing in Butler county, shall be the President Judge until the expiration of his commission.

The bill provides that in all cases where a county is or shall be attached to an adjoining district the qualified voters of such county shall be entitled to vote for President Judge.

The State Department has a very important and valuable communication from abroad, showing the condition of the crops in Germany, Italy, Russia and Hungary. It is from Consul du Bois, of Aix-la-Chapelle, a careful official, and considered an important report. It shows that Germany is likely to have a better crop this year than in many years. From Hungary, Russia and Italy the reports are also favorable, and the indications point to a larger crop than Europe has enjoyed for many years.

Never before in the past twenty years has the price of grain been so low in Germany as now. He traces this to two causes—the cheapness of American wheat and inferior quality of that grown in that country. Wheat, rye, oats and potatoes he says, are all promising well in Germany, while the most promising of all the agricultural interests is the fruit crop. From Hungary and Russia he says the reports are favorable. In

ome sections there are complaints about the backwardness of cereals, but recent rains are expected to remedy this. From Italy the reports are also encouraging, especially from Lombardy.

DEMOCRATIC STATE CONVENTION.

Harrisburg, Pa., Aug. 1.—The Democratic party has every reason to feel proud of the gathering at the State convention in this city this morning. The body was large, yet up to the time that a recess was taken, until two o'clock, no meeting was more harmonious. Besides the 356 delegates, many prominent democrats were here, among them Hon. A. G. Curtin and Hon. S. J. Randall.

Chairman Hensel called the delegates to order a few minutes after ten o'clock, so that business might be expeditiously attended to. Robert E. Bright, of Lehigh county was unanimously chosen temporary chairman. He made an excellent speech of a few minutes in length, in which he said the Democrats of the Keystone State have reason to feel proud, as every office of the State government was now controlled by Democrats except two, and he felt satisfied they would also be in their hands after the November election.

At the afternoon session Senator Patton of Greene, Chairman of the Committee on Permanent Organization, made a report naming Hon. Robert E. James, of Northampton, as President of the convention and the following as permanent officers:

Secretaries—E. P. Kiser, P. Gray Meek, S. W. Shade, J. B. Lighty, George H. Hoffman, James E. Morgan.

Quite a number of names were presented for Auditor General. The names of all the candidates, except those of Messrs. Taggart, Ziegler and McCachran, were then withdrawn. The following was the result of the first and second ballots:

FOR AUDITOR GENERAL.

First Ballot—Grier, 16; Swan, 11; Guss, 28; Ziegler, 49; Taggart, 48; Duff, 28; Brown, 13; McKennan, 3; Nicholson, 7; Cox, 8; Harrity, 43; Bogert, 1. Second Ballot—Grier, 36; Swan, 1; Guss, 18; Ziegler, 54; McCachran, 47; Taggart, 78; Duff, 19; Brown, 2; McKennan, 2; Harrity, 71; Turney, 10.

On the third ballot Mr. Taggart was nominated by a large majority and the nomination made unanimous.

STATE TREASURER.

Joseph Powell's name was presented by S. W. Little, of Bradford, as "a true representative of the Democracy—a man as pure in morals as he is sound in politics." Mr. Waddington gave the record as he nominated B. Bryson McCool. Geo. Ross in a ringing speech presented Thomas MacReynolds, and was seconded by Robert McNamara, who spoke of him as the man "who will collect \$2,700,000 that day as day are deposited in the Republican banks of this State." He said further that \$500 on interest in a single bank in this State to pay Republican campaign expenses would be on interest no longer but invested as directed by the Humes law. Hon. Hugh Mackin was nominated by Mr. Donohue, of the Philadelphia delegation. Then the ballot was proceeded with. Throughout the first call there was an unusual interest, the vote being very close. It stood at the close: Powell 131, MacReynolds 119, McCool 81, Mackin 18. The second ballot decided the nomination, Mr. Mackin's name being withdrawn. The result was: Powell 225, MacReynolds 89 and McCool 30. The cheering was uproarious and lasted for some time.

Captain Taggart and Mr. Powell both appeared before the convention and thanked the delegates for the honor conferred, promising to administer the trust, if confided to them, with fidelity and an eye single to the best interests of the public.

It is worthy of mention that of the many clothing houses established in the county within the last five years, but one survives and enjoys a large trade with every prospect of permanency, and that one is the extensive Philad. Branch clothing store. While others have gone by the board, this one retains the confidence of the people and has grown in public favor. This is owing to a system of the strictest fair dealing maintained at the Philad. Branch with all its customers. You can go there and perfectly rely upon goods being as represented, or if by chance, not found so, the same can be returned and the money will be refunded. Then, in addition, no one is fleeced in prices, but clothing is put at the lowest possible margin, and always lower than can be bought elsewhere. The public knowing these facts, appreciate them, and very properly patronize the Philad. Branch because they feel assured that it is conducted upon honest business principles.

—Take notice—that Lewins & Co., are not a traveling circus, but stationary. We don't want to sell you truck which we can't sell at home, and nothing we can't recommend and guarantee—and our guarantee means satisfaction or money refunded. No going and no truck at the Philad. Branch. In case you want truck or shoddy do not come to the Philad. Branch, as such is not kept by LEWINS & CO.

A GUN THAT IS EXPECTED TO THROW A SHOT 3,000 FEET A SECOND.

The Lyman-Haskell multicharge gun resembles an exaggerated soda water generator. It is 25 feet long and weighs 25 tons. The theory of its invention is the accumulation of powder and velocity by a succession of charges of powder exploded in chambers or pockets behind the projectile as it passes along the bore of the gun. The inertia of the shot is first overcome by a moderate charge of coarse-grained, slow-burning powder, and then repeated charges of quick-burning powder are applied in succession until greatly increased velocity is attained. By the accelerating principle of the gun many times as much powder can be applied, and yet the maximum pressure in the gun is not increased. Instead of the 50,000 pounds pressure to the square inch upon the walls of the single charge gun, it is claimed for this gun that a pressure of only 30,000 pounds is necessary. When the pressure exerted by the first charge is diminished by expansion, resulting from the displacement of the shot, and just when the shot has passed the first pocket, the ignition of the first pocket charge of quick-burning powder raises the pressure again up to the initial amount. When this pressure is reduced in its turn by the further progress of the shot, and the consequent greater expansion force of the powder, the second pocket charge becomes ignited, and so on with the remaining pocket charges, thus keeping a continuous pressure of about 30,000 pounds to the square inch all the way between the breech and muzzle.

In the old style guns a certain quantity of powder secures to the projectile the highest velocity attainable with one charge, and any increase in the quantity of powder beyond that amount tends to reduce the force of the ball. This is because up to a certain point the powder can be all burnt within the time necessary to propel the shot, and any surplus powder adds to the weight which has to be expelled by the power that is utilized. In the multicharge gun there are four supplemental powder chambers in addition to the breech. The shot to be used in it will weigh from 100 to 150 pounds. A total of 130 pounds of powder will be used, of which 18 pounds will constitute the breech charge, and 28 pounds the charge for each of the pockets. The shot will be from 18 to 24 inches long, which is three or four times the calibre of the gun; and is expected to have a velocity of 3,000 feet a second—a gain of 50 per cent. over that attained by the Armstrong 100-ton gun, the largest weapon of warfare ever made—while its penetrating power is expected to gain from 200 to 300 per cent.

THE ISCHIA DISASTER CAUSED BY THE SINKING OF THE GROUND.

Naples, July 30.—Prof. Palmieri, Director of the Meteorological Observatory on Mount Vesuvius, states that the disaster on the Island of Ischia, on Saturday night, was not due to an earthquake, but to a subsidence of the ground. Ten houses remain standing at Casamicciola. Cries for help can be heard coming from the ruins. The shock lasted fifteen minutes. In Laccameo, out of 1,600 people living in the districts visited by the shock, but five escaped and only five houses are left standing. At Casamicciola the number of persons who lost their lives by the disaster is now stated to be 3,000. Boats from Ischia of all descriptions are continually arriving at Naples loaded with dead and dying. At Naples the hospitals are crowded, and the dead houses and sheds adjoining are filled of corpses. A detachment of sappers has been sent to the scene of the disaster to assist in rescuing people who have been buried but are still alive. Parties who have just arrived at Naples from the ill-fated cities describe the scenes as terrible, saying that on all sides can be seen partially buried persons crying for help while thousands of persons who have friends missing are scouring through the ruins searching for them.

A dispatch from Naples says the earthquake destroyed all the productive part of the island of Ischia. Vineyards, farms mines and summer residences by the hundreds were destroyed. The loss of life, 3,000, is based on the estimate of the Government officials, who consider their figures lower than the actual figures will probably warrant. The whole island is in a condition of intense terror, suffering and helplessness.

Lincoln, Neb., July 29.—A fire this morning destroyed ten business places. Loss, \$250,000. Leighton & Brown, wholesale druggists, are the heaviest losers.

The Philad. Branch is not affected by competition—none try to compete with Lewins & Co., in low prices. None can show so fine a variety of clothing. There is no shoddy, no auction stock, and no deception in any article of clothing offered for sale.

Copeland & Co., a Boston shoe firm suspended—liabilities \$750,000.

PENN HALL ITEMS.

The Reporter's article "That Railroad" meets with the views of our people and especially those who paid their hard earned money with the promise to build a through road; our people have been shamefully deceived, and those politicians that electioneered here in disguise should be plainly marked. The Lutheran Sabbath school has received a new library. The Salem Ref. congregation have purchased a sweet toned Carpenter organ for the use of the church, it is a handsome instrument. Gen'l B. Frank Fisher, Mrs. Fisher and son, of Chester Co. B. Fisher. The Gen'l has his office in Philad.; he is a prominent attorney and politician; he was a resident of Penn Hall about thirty-seven years ago clerking for J. B. Fisher; he is a pleasant and jovial visitor. Rev. L. Kreider Evans, of Potstown, is visiting his parents and relatives—seeking recreation for a brief season. Misses E. and F. Kuhn, daughters of Rev. Sam'l Kuhn, of Hummelstown, Pa., have been visiting friends in this vicinity. Miss Annie Condo, daughter of Jacob Condo, dec'd, of Springfield, Ohio, is visiting relatives in the old home. Miss Lovina Smith, of Nitany valley, was here on a brief visit. Mrs. Charles Royer, of Walnut, Kansas, was visiting relatives in this town. P. J. Auman and family, of Schuylkill, are here. Mr. Auman was away 16 years; he is a school teacher and proposes to locate in this valley again. Mrs. Alice Bartgus and Mrs. Wendall were fishing one day last week, at Penns creek, under the direction of Kline, the fisherman; they received a number of bites, but the larger number were mosquito bites.

NEWS BOX.

COBURN ITEMS.

Business is booming. Kitchen meetings are in vogue with a young operator. The hum of industry is heard in the vicinity of Nevada's planing mill. S. Groeninger is receiving new goods daily. J. Kleckner, the boss landlord—entertaining travelers in a princely style. Our grain merchants, Messrs. Stover & Greenoble, are paying the highest market price for new wheat. Coburn is to have a new school house. The site was chosen and measured on Friday. Some of the citizens want patent seats but the directors prefer the old style. LEO.

For the Reporter. Mr. Kurtz:—The gentlemen that are seeking the nomination for Judge, do not give general satisfaction throughout the county. I believe with the founder of the Democratic party—Thomas Jefferson—that the office should seek the man, and not the man the office. I will give you names of a few, any one of whom would give satisfaction if placed on the ticket and would serve if made the choice of the party, namely, Samuel Grove and J. B. Fisher, of Egg, John Grove of Potter, Harrison Miller of Harris and Sam'l Gilliland, of College. A DEMOCRAT.

SIX MEN ROASTED TO DEATH.

Troy, August 1.—A terrible accident occurred this morning on the Troy and Boston Railroad between Petersburg Junction and Pawnee, Vt. Two freight trains came into collision and six men were killed in the wreck. There were forty-five cars on one train and twenty-five on the other. The engines were telescoped and many of the cars were piled atop of each other. The other cars fell into the Hoosick River.

The wreck at once took fire and the six men, partly buried under the cars, were burned to death.

CENTRE COUNTY TEACHERS EXAMINATIONS, 1883.

- Snow Shoe and Burdette—Snow Shoe Tuesday Aug 14. Huston—Julian.....Wednesday 15. Worth—Port Matilda.....Thursday 16. Taylor—Hannaburg.....Friday 17. Phillipsburg and Rush—Phillipsburg Saturday 18. Unionville and Union—Unionville Monday 20. Liberty—Eagleville.....Tuesday 21. Howard and Curtin—Howard Wednesday 22. Walker—Hubersburg.....Tuesday 28. Marion—Jacksonville.....Wednesday 29. Milesburg and Boggs—Milesburg Thursday 30. Spring—Pleasant Hill.....Friday 31. Benner—Knox School House Saturday, September 1. Patton—Waddle's School House Monday 3. Halfmoon—Stormstown.....Tuesday 4. College—Lemont.....Wednesday 5. Ferguson—Pine Grove.....Thursday 6. Harris—Boalsburg.....Friday 7. Millheim and Penn—Millheim Monday 10. Haines—Aaronsburg.....Tuesday 11. Miles—Rebersburg.....Wednesday 12. Potter—Centre Hall.....Thursday 13. Gregg—Spring Mills.....Friday 14.

A special examination will be held in the school house, Bellefonte, Saturday, Oct. 6; applicants must come recommended by three directors of the district in which they intend teach. Examinations begin at 9 o'clock a. m.; applicants must be punctual. A meeting of Directors is desired on each day of examinations. They should permit none except persons of good character to enter the classes. D. M. WOLF, Co. Supt.

THE CHOLERA SOUTHER.

London, August 3.—The Daily News asserts that the total number of deaths from cholera in Egypt so far has been sixteen thousand. It says the disease is now less virulent. Of ten men attacked among the British troops an average of six survive.

Eleven Thousand Victims in Egypt.

Alexandria, Aug. 2.—There were 887 deaths from cholera in Egypt on Wednesday, including 273 at Cairo, where there were three deaths among the British troops, and two in Alexandria. The total number of deaths in Egypt since the first outbreak of the disease to date is 11,000. Twelve English doctors arrived at Alexandria to day.

THIRTY BUILDINGS DESTROYED IN SAN FRANCISCO.

San Francisco, Cal., Aug. 5.—A fire yesterday on Post street destroyed almost the entire block. Thirty buildings were burned to the ground, among them the Winter Garden theatre and Druid's hall. The losses are estimated at \$300,000; insurance believed to be less than half that amount. The fire was the greatest in extent of area that has occurred in this city since 1876.

No sensible man prefers wealth to health. Some few have both; very many haven't either. Well, you may have first choice. Which will you take? "Health." Very well, "that's your ailment?" "A little of everything." "What's the cause?" "Blood out of order, kidneys weak, digestion bad, heart's action irregular." Yes, and every disease can be traced to these same sources. Just take a few bottles of Brown's Iron Bitters, it will remove the causes of disease and restore you to robust health. Ask your druggist and use Brown's Iron Bitters.

IN THE PILOT HOUSE.

"Yes, sir; this kind of work obliges a man to keep sober as a judge. Of all men in the world, seaboards pilots and railroad engineers should get liquor alone. For on their clearness of sight and coolness of head depends the safety of life and property."

Keeping his hand on the wheel as he said this, Mr. A. Brookman, of No. 20 1/2 Silver street, Chicago, added: "Of course, some of 'em drink; but the sober ones have the best positions and the best pay. Yes, the work and exposure sometimes tells on us; but for my part, I find Parker's Tonic to be all the invigorant I need. I've got a bottle aboard here now; never go on a trip without it. When I haven't any appetite, or am in any way out of sorts, it's me up in no time. If drinking too down near the water, it's me saying, 'This Tonic is new life bottled up.' You see that flag-staff? Well, with a bottle of Parker's Tonic in the locker I can keep malaria as far from me as that, all the time. My wife has used it for three years for summer complaints and colic, and as an invigorant, when she's tired out from overwork, she says the Tonic is a daisy. Good bye! Don't break your neck going below."

This preparation, which has been known as Parker's Ginger Tonic, will be better called simply "Parker's Tonic." This change has been rendered necessary by substitutes imposed upon their customers by unprincipled dealers under the name of ginger; and as ginger is really unimportant favoring ingredient, we drop the misleading word.

There is no change however in the preparation itself, and all bottles remaining in the hands of dealers, wrapped under the name of Parker's Ginger Tonic contain the genuine medicine and of the same signature of Hiscox & Co. is at the bottom of the outside wrapper. aug 1 r

ENCOURAGING.

Having been encouraged by the steady increase of business, I have remodelled, repainted and added to the external as well as to the internal appearance of my DRUG HOUSE, thereby making it more attractive to my customers. I will now thank my customers for their liberal patronage in the past, and solicit a continuance of the same. My stock is as near full as possible. I am in complete communication with the principal Drug Houses of New York and Philadelphia and am supplied with cuts and prices and anything in my line not kept in stock, will be sent for at once and delivered at the same prices that it could be bought at if you went or sent yourself. I buy my drugs for cash, pay no discounts, which enables me to sell just as cheap as any other drug store in the county. All business between dealer and customers strictly confidential. J. D. MURRAY, Jun 2nd Centre Hall

COURT PROCLAMATION.

Whereas, the Hon. Charles A. Meyer, President of the Court of Common Pleas of the 4th Judicial District, consisting of the counties of Centre, Clinton and Clearfield, and the Hon. J. W. Larrimer, Judge in Centre county, having issued their process, bearing date 1st day of Aug. 1883, to me directed, for holding a Court of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery and for the trial of said county of Centre, in the County of Centre, and to commence on the Fourth Monday of August, 1883, at 10 o'clock a. m. and to continue two weeks. Notice is hereby given to the Coronator, Justices of the Peace, Aldermen and Constables of said county of Centre, that they be then and there in their proper persons, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of said county, with their respective qualifications, examinations, and their own recognizances, to do those things which the law requires of them, to wit: to present and answer to the process, at or on or shall be in the jail of Centre county, be then and there to prosecute against them as shall be just.

Given under my hand, at Centre Hall, the 1st day of Aug. in the year of our Lord 1883, and the one hundred and seventh year of the Independence of the United States of America.

SPRING MILLS HOUSE,

On L. & T. R. R. FINE SUMMER RESORT. Fine Fishing and Hunting—Romanic Mountain and Valley Scenery. Healthy Locality.

TERMS REASONABLE.

J. H. BIBBY, Proprietor

SPRING MILLS, CENTRE COUNTY, PA.

W. M. A. SANDOR,

MERCHANT TAILOR, CENTRE HALL, PA.

Desires to announce to his customers that he has lately taken instructions under W. W. Belford, of Milton, in the latest improvements in cutting, who is one of the best tailors in Pa., and is now able to serve customers with better fits than before. He has also received fashion plates containing the latest styles. Also a fine lot of samples from which you can select for suits. He respectfully asks the public when in need of clothing to give him a trial. 29mry

HIS OPINION.

In Clear Sentences an Authority adds his own to the Popular Judgment. 191 West Tenth Street, New York, Aug. 11, 1883.

Messrs Seabury & Johnson: I am glad to join my faith to any new curative agent, BENSON'S CAPSICINE PODOBIC PLASTER has won my opinion. I find it an exceptionally cleanly plaster to use and rapid in its action. Many tests in its qualities in my own family, and among my patients, have convinced me that there is no other single article so valuable for popular use, none so helpful in cases of Lame Back, Local Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Congestion of the Bronchial Tubes and Lungs, and Lumbago. You may feel free to use my name.

Very truly yours, H. H. KANE, M.D. Physician-in-Chief of the Quaker Home. Price of the CAPSICINE 25 cents. Seabury & Johnson, Chemists, New York.