THE CENTRE REPORTER.

Centre Hall, Pa., Sept. 21, 1882.

FRED KURTZ, ... Editor.

TERMS —$2 per year in advance. $2.50 when not in advance. Advertisements 20 cents per line for three insertions. Yearly and half yearly ad's at special rates.

☞ Hereafter all subscribers paying their subscription in advance, will get a credit of two months additional as a premium.

"THE FAIR."

The only "FAIR" in Centre Co. is at SPRING MILLS.

Wonders from all parts of the World and the handiwork of all nations now open. Bring the Family along.

Admittance Free.

G. R. Speigelmeyer & Co.

LOCAL ITEMS.

——Wednesday threatens rain.

——We will send the REPORTER, for the campaign, in clubs of 20, for $4.00. Send in names for clubs of 20.

——Hon. S. Gilliland honored our sanctum with a call, the other day. He reports corn a little over half a crop in College twp.

——Nice fresh sweet potatoes, 35 cents per peck, at Sechlers, and all other groceries low in proportion, and goods all fresh.

——Had a roaring storm on Thursday night of last week.

——Brockerhoffs keep all kinds of goods, and deal honestly with customers. Call at Brockerhoff's Centre Hall store for the latest styles.

——The Centre Hall Y. M. C. A. have elected the following delegates to the state convention to be held at Williamsport next week: W. P. Hosterman, Chas. Kurtz, Jac. S. Derstine and C. Dinges.

——Don't miss Sechler's grocery when at Bellefonte—everything belonging to their line of trade always found there. Their goods are always fresh, and they warrant them pure.

——J. D. Murray's drug store was entered by some one on Monday night, through a back window, who stole one dozen pocket knives, a money drawer with lock and alarm and $10,50 in money, 4 pint bottles of whisky and probably some other articles.

——A new comet is on the way, coming; get ready to dodge into Sechler's grocery for sugar, coffee, tea, cheese, ham, canned and dried fruit, sweet potatoes, beans, etc, while the comet keeps coming.

——The handsome shoes now worn by all ladies in this county, our reporters find were purchased at Doll & Mingles, in the Brockerhoff house block, where the largest and best assortment is always found.

——The Reporter for the campaign only 25 cents, cash.

——The picnic at the Cave, held by Farmers' Mills band, on Saturday, was a pleasant affair and passed off finely. The Zion band was present and did itself credit by its charming music. The Farmers' Mills band wish to return their thanks to the community for their kind assistance.

——Every grade of sugar and tea, warranted pure, at Sechlers. Also canned goods of all kinds from the best and most reliable canning establishments in the world. They invite housekeepers to give them a trial.

——The Union county fair will be held at Lewisburg, Oct. 4th to 7th.

——A son of Sam'l Moyer, dec'd, living with his mother at Aaronsburg, had an arm broken a few days ago by jumping from a shed.

— Brackbill sells more furniture than all other establishments in the county. Reason: He has the largest and best assortment, home and city made; he sells better furniture for less money; it is the oldest and most reliable furniture store in the county. Never purchase furniture unless you first examine Brackbill's.

——Cleve Dinges has a handsome new wagon for delivering goods to customers. Wonder whether we could borrow it to go fishing some other place?

——Had a brisk little thunder shower, early Monday morning; afternoon very warm.

——The Carlin property is advertised for sale in the REPORTER; also the Barnet Wagner and Fisher farms. A chance for investments.

——The fall campaign for all who would be independent of high prices in clothing, is now open at the Philad. Branch. A large stock of ready-made clothing has been received, and Lewins only asks that people go and see it and learn the prices, which will convince any one that for bargains in men and boys' clothing the Philad. Branch is ahead of all others, no matter where or who. All goods warranted, and satisfaction guaranteed.

——The meeting for the boys, held in the association hall, on Sunday, in place of the regular meeting, was quite a success; the attendance being 43. Interesting addresses were made by Rev. Foster, Prof. Hosterman, Michael Derstine and others.

Mr. Joseph Heslop, of Cambria county, wound up a four days' drunk by going home and knocking down his aged mother with a billet of wood.

——Services in the Centre Hall Luth'n church, Sunday morning next, at 10, by Rev. Fischer.

Indigestion, dyspepsia, heart-burn, nausea, etc., cured by using Brown's Iron Bitters.

Theodore Rupert, of Centre County, came across a den of rattlesnakes one day. He threw a large stone among them and killed 37.

The sales of oil per day recorded at Bradford amounts to 6,392,000 barrels, which is the largest aggregate ever known. One well produces 2,180 barrels alone.

——The best and most juicy dried beef we have yet used, was purchased at Sechlers recently, and they have plenty of the same sort left. If you want a really excellent article of dry-beef, by all means go to Sechlers for it.

Samuel Meyer, of Butler county, who is 80 years of age, is the father of fifteen children. More than one hundred persons call him grandfather and thirty-three recognize him as great-grandfather.

—Pure groceries, and none other, at Brockerhoffs. Try 'em.

——At a meeting at Burnside last week measures were taken toward the formation of a new county to comprise parts of Clearfield, Cambria and Indiana counties.

——No stock of boots and shoes is so complete as that at Doll & Mingles, and no prices are found so low. It is headquarters for bargains in boots and shoes, for men, women and children.

Altoona, Pa., Sept. 14.—Joseph Watson, a lad of 18 years, while stealing a ride on a stock car in this city to-day, fell off and a following car run over him, cutting off one leg and breaking the other. He cannot recover.

——We are sorry to learn that our friend Rev. T. J. Frederick is oblidged to quit the ministry on account of ill health. He will, for the present, make Tusseyville his home, and engage in such business as may be conducive to his health.

——Fine canned goods of all kinds, warranted a superior article, at Brockerhoff's store.

— THE OLD RELIABLE STAND:—For beauty and chastness of design, correct workmanship and durability of material the monuments made at the Millheim Marble Works stand second to none in central Penn'a. The proprietors understand the business thoroughly and are entirely responsible for all they promise. We advise our readers to patronize the Millheim Works for anything they may want in the marble line. 2t

PIC-NIC AT LINDEN HALL.

There will be a pic-nic and festival at Linden Hall, Festival commencing on Friday evening, Sept 29, and pic-nic on Saturday, Sept. 30, closing on the evening of said day with a festival. Six Sunday Schools have promised to be present. This promises to be the most successful pic-nic and festival of the season. Prominent speakers have been engaged to address the schools. The Lemont band is to help furnish the music. All are cordially invited. Supper furnished on the ground. Come and have a good time with us.

Committee.

——Mr. C. Dinges no doubt feels a half dozen pegs higher since he has stepped into the ranks of men and voters—having attained his majority—the magic 21—a few days ago. Clevan was alive with business when a boy, having opened out business some 8 years ago, when he started a small confectionery, which soon budded into a grocery, and then followed by unfolding the flag of a general store for dry goods and groceries in a handsome new brick building, where he enjoys a liberal share of trade built by his keen nack of advertising, which attracted customers from far and near.

Mr. Dinges is a self-made man, of unexceptional character, and a supporter of all worthy enterprises in our midst, and a leading and useful figure in the Y. M. C. A. and the church. We congratulate our young friend upon attaining his majority under these favorable auspices, and think we descern a bright and prosperous future in store for him, which he richly deserves.

The statements of M. De Lesseps, who arrived at Paris from Egypt a few days ago, and was interviewed by a *Herald* correspondent, are about the most reliable received from that country. The English reports are unfair, untruthful and mainly slanderous of the Arabs. The pith of De Lesseps' statement is that Arabi has the whole nation back of him, the movement is a national one, the English stories of brutality untrue, and that Arabi has arms for 20,000 men, has 35,000 armed and disciplined and when he needs more men can get them. De Lesseps is of the opinion that the war will be a long one.

We have just received from the publishers of the new Bi Centennial music, "William Penn March" and "Two Hundred Years Have Rolled Away," both composed by Prof. J. R. Sweney, the composer of the popular Sunday School books, "Quiver," "Garner," "Ark of praise," &c. The great esteem in which this excellent composer is held by the masses, makes it unnecessary for comments from us, and we hope that our readers will supply themselves by ordering from the publisher, JOHN P. DECHERARY, 22 West Third street, Chester, Penna. Price 40 cents each. For sale by all music dealers.

ARABI'S ARMY

Surprised at Dawn and Badly Defeated. 2000 Killed.

London, Sept. 13.—The correspondent of the Exchange Telegraph Company at Alexandria announces that Tel-el-Kebir was carried this morning. Forty guns and a large number of prisoners were captured The cavalry are in pursuit. Arabi's force appears to be quite broken.

The Exchange Telegraph Company has received the following: At the capture of Tel-el-Kebir the Egyptian loss is estimated at 2,000 men. Our loss is probably 200, including many officers. The Highland Brigade bore the brunt of the action.

Reuter's Telegram Company has the following from Kassassin: The attack on Tel-el-Kebir began at 4:45 o'clock this morning. The main attack was directed against the enemy's extreme left flank, four miles north of the railway. The heavy artillery and infantry fire is now proceeding. The British troops are advancing rapidly and are evidently turning the enemy's flank. The British armored train, with the forty-pounder Krupp guns which was captured at Kassassin and the Gatlings, has just come into action. The fire of the enemy opposite the extreme right of the British is nearly silenced.

A dispatch to the *Central News* says: The Egyptians opened fire when the British were within about a mile of Tel-el-Kebir. The place appears to have been finally captured by a rush. The Indian cavalry are hotly pursuing the fugitives on the south and the British cavalry on north of the canal.

Another dispatch from the same correspondent, dated Kassassin, 10 28 a. m., says: The enemy's killed alone amount to 2,000. The retreat of the enemy on the north is cut off. The cavalry are still pursuing.

London, September 13.—A correspondent gives the following description of the battle:

Tel-el-Kebir, September 13, 4.45 a. m.—General Wolseley has arrived on the ground. The artillery opened fire before the enemy were aware of our presence. The infantry immediately afterward pressed forward, deploying, and opened fire from a sheltering position. At this moment the battle is raging fiercely so far as firing is concerned, but the men have not yet come to close quarters with the rebel forces.

9 a. m.—The great battle is practically over. The rebels discovered our men when about a mile from their works and opened a heavy rifle fire. Our men paused for a minute on the line of the sand hills, then with a gallant rush they were among the rebels. Acting on General Wolseley's orders they reserved their fire and went in with the bayonet. The slaughter for the time was very great. The rebels could not stand it and broke and fled, pursued hotly. I followed the Royal Irish regiment into the trenches before one of the forts. They were filled with Arabi's followers, dead and dying. The final rush was made over a distance of 200 yards, the men skirmishing and seeking cover until they reached this point. Several thousand Egyptians have been taken prisoners. Our own loss up to this time I should compute at 200 killed.

ARABI A CAPTIVE.

The Rebel Chieftain Unconditionally Surrenders.

London, Sept. 15.—The following dispatch has been received by the war office from Gen. Wolseley:

"Benah, Sept. 15.—I have just arrived. Gen. Lowe occupied Cairo yesterday afternoon. Arabi Pasha and Toulba Pasha have surrendered unconditionally. Ten thousand troops at Cairo have laid down their arms. The prefect of police has undertaken to maintain order. I go to Cairo at once."

Alexandria, Sept 15.—The khedive and Sir Edward Malet, the British consul general, will proceed to Cairo as soon as the road is open. All offers of submission must be made to the khedive nominally, but by actual surrender to General Wolseley.

London: Sept. 15.—General Wolseley has arrived, whence he has sent the following:

"Cairo, Sept. 15.—The war is over. Send no more men from England. Midshipman Dechair is safe. I have been received here with open arms by all classes. The soldiers are glad to return to their homes. Our cavalry did extremely well in the long forced march yesterday."

TEL-EL-KEBIR.

Another Story of the Battle.

By early dawn the troops arrived within a thousand yards of the enemy's lines, and halted there a short time to enable the fighting lines to be formed and other preparations to be made. Perfect silence still reigned over the plain. It was difficult to credit the fact that fourteen thousand men lay in semi circle around the enemy's lines ready to rush forward at the signal at the low sand trenches in front, behind which so many men slumbered unsuspicious of their presence. As usual in a movement carried out in darkness, many detached parties altogether lost their way. I with some mounted policemen among the number, for a while completely beat the rest of the force we went hither and thither all night until daybreak, and nearly stumbled into the enemy's lines. The attack began on the left. Nothing could be imagined finer than the advance of the Highland brigade. The Seventy-fourth were next the canal. Next were the Cameronians, and the Gordon Highlanders continued the line, with the Black Watch upon their flank. The Forty-sixth and Sixtieth regiments formed a second line.

THE CHARGE.

Swiftly and silently the Highlanders moved forward to the attack. No word was spoken, no shot fired until within three hundred yards of the enemy's earth-works. Nor up to that time did any sound in the Egyptian lines betoken that they were aware of the presence of their assailants. Then suddenly a terrific fire flashed along the line of sand heaps. A storm of bullets whizzed over the heads of the advancing troops. A wild cheer broke from the Highlanders and in response the pipes struck shrilly up, bayonets were fixed, and at double quick time they dashed forward. The first line of intrenchments were carried, the enemy scarcely offering any resistance. But from another line of intrenchments, behind which in the still dim light one could scarcely see, a burst of musketry broke out. For a few minutes the Highlanders poured a heavy fire, but it was probably as innocuous as that of the unseen enemy whose bullets whistled harmlessly over head. The delay in the advance was short. Then the order was given and the brigade again went rapidly forward. Soon a portion of the force had rapidly passed between the enemy's redoubts and opened a flanking fire. This was too much for the Egyptians, who took to their heels and fairly ran, suffering, as the crowded masses rushed across the open, very heavily from our fire, being literally mowed down by hundreds.

EGYPTIAN FLIGHT.

Then, as the British poured in, the Egyptians fled as rapidly as those upon the other side of the canal had done before the Highlanders. The fight was now practically over, the only further danger arising from the bullets of the British troops, who were firing in all directions upon the flying enemy as with loud cheers the whole line advanced in pursuit. The Egyptians did not preserve the slightest semblance of order, but fled a confused rabble, at the top of their speed. As we descended the hill leading to Tel-el-Kebir station we captured the standing camp with immense stores of forage and provisions. At the station were two trains which were filled with fugitives who managed to get away before the troops came up. Another engine, however, which was on the point of starting, was blown up by one of our shells. The victorious line of troops advanced cheering across the enemy's camp, and halted at the station where Sir Garnet Wolseley soon after arrived Immediately afterward General Drury Lowe, with his staff, rode up, having cut across the line of retreat of the flying enemy. A good many were killed by our rifle and artillery fire.

Alexandria, September 16.—Fort Aslan was surrendered at 11 o'clock this morning to General Wood in person. The commandment and twelve officers came forward to surrender. General Wood immediately inquired for the Italian naval lieutenant Paolucci, who was supposed to have espoused Arabi Pasha's cause. After some delay Paolucci was brought forward, wearing the uniform of an Egyptian officer. He was immediately placed under arrest. All the Egyptian soldiers who were at Mallaha have left that post and quit the army. The native troops have also disappeared from Kafr-el-Dwar. General Wood occupied that position and Mallaha at 1 o'clock this morning. The naval brigade, with their guns, have embarked. Kurshid Pasha, commanding at Aboukir, has sent in a message announcing his readiness to surrender. The khedive has learned that the commander at Damietta refuses to surrender. He has five thousand black troops. Hassan Pasha Cheref, Arabi's minister of pious foundations, and Kiamil Pasha have been arrested in Alexandria. Mahmoud Pasha Baroudi has been arrested near Cairo.

PROMINENT LEADERS SURPRISED.

Cairo, September 16.—With the exception of a few leaders and one or two persons accused of crimes no rebels were made prisoners by General Lowe, who merely required them to surrender their arms. Many who have been prominent in the rebellion were told, much to their surprise, that they were free.

A DOUBLE MURDER.

Knoxville, Tenn., Sept. 14.—A double murder was committed this afternoon near Sweetwater, forty miles west of Knoxville, in which two men were killed—Sheriff W. T. Gates, and his deputy, Jno. Conway, of Chattanooga, who had in custody three prisoners whom they were bringing to Knoxville to the Supreme Court. Two of the prisoners, John Taylor and Sam Carter, who were under sentence for murder, were chained together. The other prisoner, a negro, was chained to the seat. When the train stopped at Sweetwater, three men entered the car. One, a brother of the prisoner Taylor, entered from the rear, while the other two entered from the front. When the train reached Philadelphia Taylor's brother approached Deputy Sheriff Conway from behind and blew his brains out with a pistol. He then released the prisoners, and they secured the dead deputy's pistol. At this instant Sheriff Gates rushed at the men, firing at them. As he fired, the prisoner Taylor and the other two men shot him, and he fell dead. Taylor and his three rescuers then jumped on the engine and forced the engineer, with a pistol at his head, to pull out immediately and run twenty miles up to Lenoir's, running through three towns without stopping. At Lenoir's the four men jumped from the engine and secured horses which were waiting for them and all escaped. The prisoner Carter and the negro came to Knoxville without a guard and surrendered themselves to the Sheriff of Knox county. The Sheriff of London county is following the gang, but with no hopes of overtaking them. They are making for the mountains in North Carolina. A reward of five thousand dollars will be offered for their capture.

FAITH CURES.

We publish in our correspondence columns of this week a speech recently delivered by Dr. Spear before a meeting of ministers, at Saratoga Springs, on the subject of faith cure. The subject was the theme of discussion at three successive meetings. At the first of these meetings Dr. Eddy, of Detroit, opened the discussion in a somewhat elaborate speech and took ground in favor of the faith-cure theory. At the next meeting Dr. Spear delivered the speech referred to.

The essential point involved in this theory is whether diseases of the human body can, in this age of the world, be cured and are cured by faith and prayer, independently of second causes ministering to the result. If this be a fact, then the cure is effected by a miracle, and the miracle is wrought by a special exercise by God's power, in answer to the prayer of faith. The cure must be miraculous, since nobody pretends that prayer in itself, no matter how earnest or what amount of faith may be exercised, is a natural method of curing disease, and that, like medicine applied to or taken into the body, it operates and produces its effects under established laws of Nature. If A prays for B, who is dying with a cancer, and the praying cures the cancer, then the result must be due to a special interposition of God's power, in answer to the prayer, and not to any actual effect produced upon the cancer by the praying; and this manifestly embodies the essential idea of a miracle.

The faith cure men claim the power to work such miracles by praying and claim to have wrought them. They hold such relations to the Deity that, in answer to their prayer, He steps out of the ordinary course of his providence and cures disease by a special action of divine power, and that, too, independently of second causes. They profess to know this beforehand if the prayer of faith is made, and, when the cure is effected, they also know that it is in answer of such praying. If the praying fails of such a result, it, is because the proper faith was not exercised, and not because the theory was built on a false assumption. If the whole Church were only of the mind of these faith-cure men and had the mind of Christ, and the same power with him that they have, then faith cure would not only be the common doctrine, but also the common experience of the Church. It is simply a low grade of spirituality that prevents the continuance of miracles in and with the Church in this form.

Theoretically we have no objections to this doctrine—which to the well-informed reader of the history is by no means a new thing under the sun—provided it is proved to be true by the Bible, or by experience, or by both. We are ready to believe it the moment it is established as a fact; and until it is so established by its advocates we think it safe to give them further time and wait for further light. We do not deny its possibility, since we believe in a God who can work miracles whenever and wherever he pleases. What we want and fail to find, either in the Bible or out of it, is the evidence that God now miraculously cures diseases in answer to prayer. —*Independent.*

THE FOSSIL FOOTPRINTS.

America seems to be the land of footprints. It is true the fossil tracks have been found in England, Scotland and Germany, but nowhere have they been found in such abundance and variety as in the estuary muds of Connecticut hardened into sandstone. Pennsylvania has also supplied her foot tracks of the Carboniferous period, and here and there a stray fossil print has been found in other places. Some magnificent collections adorn our cabinets, of which that made by Dr. Hitchcock, for the Amherst College, is the chief.

America has just supplied a new foot print, which has promised to eclipse in interest all that have gone before. It is said and believed to be that of a man, and is found in a Tertiary sandstone of the latest date, that of the last glacial period, probably, in Carson, Nevada. Accompanying it are tracks of the mastodon and other animals of the period. They are found in quarrying what was the bed of an ancient estuary and occur in regular series. To the superficial observer the tracks appear to be unmistakably human. They are clearly rights and lefts, turn outward, are of about the right length and stride, and seem unmistakably made by a biped; they are remarkable, however, as showing no toe-prints and as showing an unexpected straddle from right to left, as if the man, if such it was, walked. If it be a human track, the foot was clothed in large and wide raw hide or wooden sandals, which compelled the wearer to carry his feet wide apart, which tendency might be increased by walking in deep mud. Professor Le Conte, a conservative geologist of the first rank, who has carefully examined casts of the tracks, cannot explain them in any other way than by supposing them to be human, but still prefers to hold conclusion in suspense until other tracks have been opened in the quarry. The only other possible superstition is that the tracks were made by a quadruped whose hind feet covered the track of his fore feet. But Prof. Le Conte says that he only knows two animals that could make a track at all resembling these—namely, the bear and the myledon, a gigantic ground sloth, and it is difficult to regard them as made by either of these animals, because of their absence of claw marks. He prefers to await more evidence before coming to a conclusion.

And so we do. This is not, however, the first evidence we have of geological man in America. The discoveries of flint implements near Trenton, N. J., in gravel of the same glacial period as mentioned in Mr. Dawkins' presidential paper on the antiquity of man, would render such a discovery as the present not improper. If, however, the footprints at Carson should prove to be genuinely human, they would afford an evidence of the antiquity of man of the highest value, as there can be no question either of fraud or that they were contemporaneous with the sandstone rocks. A great difficulty hitherto with remains found in caves and gravel has been to convince doubters that they were not introduced at some later period. We can hardly doubt that it will be found worth while to make very extensive explorations of the locality. A single track a little out of the line might show the mark of a fore foot not quite covered by the hind foot, which would prove the animal which made it to be a quadruped and not a biped.

BROWN SAID TO BE A BRIBE TAKER.

Washington, September 14.—The *Star* says: "During the star route trial when the conduct and record of the jurors were matters of much scrutiny, affidavits were filed with the department of justice indicating that Wm. Brown, the colored man, who held out for the acquittal of Brady and Dorsey received a bribe in a three-card monte case trial just before the star route case was called. This case will be, it is stated, laid before the grand jury.

Every person owning even a small garden spot should set out small fruits, and to know when, how and what to plant send to A. M. Purdy, Palmyra, N. Y., for his catalogue, sent free to all applicants; or for 25 cents in stamps will get his 64-page "Small Fruit Instructor." He also publishes a twenty page monthly paper called "THE FRUIT RECORDER AND COTTAGE GARDNER," price $1.00 per year, or from this time to Dec., 1883, only $1.00. He sends a specimen copy free to all applicants. 14sep3t

FOURTEEN PERSONS DROWNED

Concord, N. H., Sept. 14.—A dispatch was received early at Weers this evening stating that the packet Nellie Haly, an hour out of Wolfborough, Lake Winnepisiog, capsized and fourteen persons were drowned. No further particulars are given.

Two mormon missionaries, who have been trying to make converts to their faith in York county, have been requested to leave at once or they will be roughly handled.

Madrid, Sept. 14.—One hundred and three deaths occurred from cholera at Marlla on Monday. Two hundred and thirty-seven deaths are reported in the provinces.

PLAIN TRUTHS

The blood is the foundation of life, it circulates through every part of the body, and unless it is pure and rich, good health is impossible. If disease has entered the system the *only* sure and quick way to drive it out is to purify and enrich the blood.

These simple facts are well known, and the highest medical authorities agree that *nothing* but iron will restore the blood to its natural condition; and also that all the iron preparations hitherto made blacken the teeth, cause headache, and are otherwise injurious.

BROWN'S IRON BITTERS will thoroughly and quickly assimilate with the blood, purifying and strengthening it, and thus drive disease from any part of the system, and it will *not* blacken the teeth, cause headache or constipation, and is positively *not* injurious.

Saved his Child.

17 N. Eutaw St., Baltimore, Md. Feb. 13, 1880.

Gents:—Upon the recommendation of a friend I tried BROWN'S IRON BITTERS as a tonic and restorative for my daughter, whom I was thoroughly convinced was wasting away with Consumption. Having lost three daughters by the terrible disease, under the care of eminent physicians, I was loth to believe that anything could arrest the progress of the disease, but, to my great surprise, before my daughter had taken one bottle of BROWN'S IRON BITTERS, she began to mend and now is quite restored to former health. A fifth daughter began to show signs of Consumption, and when the physician was consulted he quickly said "Tonics were required;" and when informed that the elder sister was taking BROWN'S IRON BITTERS, responded "that is a good tonic, take it."

ADORAM PHELPS.

BROWN'S IRON BITTERS effectually cures Dyspepsia, Indigestion and Weakness, and renders the greatest relief and benefit to persons suffering from such wasting diseases as Consumption, Kidney Complaints, etc.

VALUABLE FARM AT PUBLIC SALE. The undersigned will expose for sale, at public auction on the premises, on Saturday, October 14th, 1882, at 2 o'clock p. m.: The farm and tract of land known as the "BARNET WAGNER FARM," situated one-half mile east of Centre Hill, Potter twp., Centre county, Pa., containing 311 9-10 acres, of which 214 acres are cleared and in a good state of cultivation, the ballance is well timbered with hemlock, pine, oak. A valuable mine of IRON ORE has been opened on same premises by the Penns Valley Mining Co. They have leased ten acres of said premises, which is reserved—the land adjoining shows strong indications of being equally rich in mineral. Sinking Creek runs through said farm besides five springs of hard and soft water are to be found near the buildings. The buildings erected on said farm consist of two dwelling houses, barn, sheds and cribs. Also a fine orchard of choice fruit on the premises.

Terms.—One-third cash, ballance in two equal annual payments, with interest. Deferred payments to be secured by mortgage. JOHN B. WAGNER, MICHAEL STROHM, Executors of Barnet Wagner, dec'd.

NOTICE.

The citizens of Centre county please take notice that a Convention will be held in Centre Hall, in the ——, to convene at 2 o'clock p. m., on Monday, Sept. 25th, 1882, for the purpose of placing in nomination one candidate for the Legislature, to be voted for at the coming fall election.

THOS. J. TAYLOR, Chairman Exec. Com. Prohibition party of Centre county.

ESTRAY—A large roan heifer, almost white, will weigh about 300 pounds, came to the premises of the undersigned, about middle of August. The owner is requested to prove property, pay costs and remove the same. JOHN D. DECKER, 14sep3t Potter Twp.

T. DESHNER, Gunsmith,

43 High St., Bellefonte, Pa.

Has now on hand: Winchester rifles, B. L. Double guns, Shot, and Rifle and Shot, Single Breech loading guns from $5 to $14. Revolvers from 1 to 11 dollars. Muzzle loading guns very cheap. I sell no breech loading "seconds."

Guns made and repaired.

Shot-gun cartridges loaded to order.

Ammunition wholesale and retail.

☞ Sportsmen are respectfully invited to examine my stock. 25aug3m

ORPHAN'S COURT SALE.

By virtue of an order of the Orphan's Court of Centre county, the undersigned will offer at public sale the real estate of George Carlin, late of Potter twp., dec'd, on Saturday, Oct. 14, at 1 o'clock p. m., on the premises, all that certain tract of land situated in Potter twp., Centre county, Pa., bounded by lands of Wm. Potter, Hugh Toner, John Toner and G. W. Stiver, containing two acres and 88 perches and allowance.

Terms—One-half of purchase money on confirmation of sale, and the ballance in one year thereafter with interest and to be secured by bond and mortgage on the premises. sep21td J. G. CARSON.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

In the matter of the estate of John Dunkle, late of Walker twp., dec'd:

The undersigned, an auditor appointed by the Orphans' Court of Centre county to make distribution of the funds in the hands of Jacob Dunkle, administrator of said decedent, to and among those legally entitled thereto, will attend to the duties of his appointment at his office in Bellefonte, on Monday, Oct. 9th, 1882, at 10 a. m., when and where all persons having claims are requested to present them and make proof thereof or be forever debarred from coming in said fund.

ELLIS L. ORVIS, 22sep td Auditor.

Beware OF Fraud

BENSON'S CAPCINE PLASTERS

HAVE BEEN IMITATED,

And their excellent reputation injured by worthless imitations. The Public are cautioned against buying Plasters having similar sounding names. See that the word C-A-P-C-I-N-E is correctly spelled.

Benson's Capcine Porous Plasters

Are the only improvement over made in Plasters.

One is worth more than a dozen of any other kind.

Will positively cure where other remedies will not even relieve.

Price 25 cents.

Beware of cheap Plasters made with lead poisons.

SEABURY & JOHNSON, Manufacturing Chemists, New York.

A SURE REMEDY AT LAST. Price 50cts. HEAD'S Medicated Corn and BUNION PLASTER.

AGENTS WANTED TO SELL THE BEST BOOK.

Treasury of Song

For the home circle. A rich volume of 320 best loved gems chosen from the whole realm of Music. Usual cost $6! Here, only $2.50. No book like it. No competition. Sale is immense. Eminent editors say: "A treasury of pleasure for every home." O. D. Tiffany, D. D.: "A perfect marvel of excellence and cheapness." G. A. Pettit, D. D.: "Full of gems of purest ray serene." F. L. Robbinson, D. D.: "I like it." W. H. Doane, Mus. Doc.: "It meets a real household want." A. J. Gordon, D. D.: "Its contents will bring genial sunshine to the home." Prof. W. F. Sherwin: "I have examined this sumptuous volume with great delight." J. R. Vincent, D. D.: "It should be in every household in the land." Prof. C. G. Case: "Three million homes want it, hence it is a grand chance to coin money. Sample pages, &c., free. Address HUBBARD BROS., Philadelphia, Pa. 7sept3

READ, MARK AND LEARN—That a fine enclosed Picnic Ground with every convenience such as Swings, Croquet ground, Quoits, Pavilion, and a fine spring of pure water, plenty of shade. Music and lunch got up at moderate rates. Carriages and tickets to the cave. Societies, Clubs, Lodges, and all respectable parties for further information address

GEO. B. NASH, 13jul3m Spring Mills House. Spring Mills, Pa.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Letters of administration upon the estate of Sarah Lee, late of Potter twp., dec'd, having been lawfully granted to the undersigned, he would respectfully request all persons knowing themselves to be indebted to the estate to make immediate payment and those having claims against the same to present the same duly authenticated for settlement. J. T. Lee, 31aug6 H. D. Lee, Admr's.

LEWISTOWN Marble & Granite WORKS.

D. R. STRATFORD, Proprietor, Lewistown, Pa.

The undersigned respectfully informs the public of Pennsvalley that he is prepared to do all kinds of work in MARBLE AND GRANITE at

Cheaper Rates Than Elsewhere

Write or call on Clevan Dinges for terms and designs.

I have accepted this agency with the view of introducing the work turned out by the Lewistown Marble & Granite Works.

Confident that I can furnish first class work at greatly reduced prices from what has been usually paid; all work warranted and erected on the graves.

Respectfully, 14octly CLEVAN DINGES, Centre Hall.

— DINGES'! —

PLAIN, TALK!

TO EVERY BODY.

—||o||—

READ THIS!!

—o—

I will keep up a FULL LINE OF GOODS, right along.

DO NOT FORGET THIS!

I especially call attention to MY STOCK of GROCERIES as being the Equal if not Superior to any in the Valley.

☞ I Guarantee Bargains—I mean that I will sell low, and only ask that people come and satisfy themselves of this from the prices asked.

WILL GIVE AWAY $1000! this year to cash customers, by a System of Checks. Each customer taking a $20 check sums purchased will be punched and when amount is full $1 will be thrown off the $20, besides having your goods lower than sold elsewhere

New Departure.

—=||o||=—

Believing it to be the best for both merchant and customer that all dealings should be in cash, and following the example of most prominent and successful dealers, I have determined to do away with the credit system after the 17 of July, 1882. After this date the books will be closed and I will sell only

—FOR—CASH—

or its equivalent.

Thankful to my customers for their past patronage, I hope to meet them in the future at my old stand, where I am confident I can sell much CHEAPER THAN BEFORE, and LOWER than elsewhere. Have determined to give my customers the benefit of the new system.

PRODUCE will be taken in exchange for goods at highest market price. Respectfully,

I. J. Grenoble, 13jul y Spring Mills, Pa.

Burchfield's New Grocery.

NEW CENTRE COUNTY BANK BUILDING.

GROCERIES! GROCERIES!

THE New Store in the Centre County Bank Building, High st., Bellefonte Penn'a,

IS NOW OPEN —AND— STOCK FULL.

The goods on sale are the best the market affords, and sold at prices to suit all customers.

GROCERIES, CONFECTIONERY, GLASS WARE, CANNED FRUITS, AND EVERY THING USUALLY KEPT IN A FIRST CLASS STORE.

Remember the Store is a new one opened on Monday, May 1, AND ALL GOODS CONSEQUENTLY NEW AND FRESH.

The patronage of all desiring fair treatment is solicited.

☞ For quotations call and you will be convinced that a revolution has been effected in prices of all goods offered for sale.

jun29 W. E. BURCHFIELD.

ENCOURAGING.

Having been encouraged by the steady increase of business, I have remodeled, repainted and added to the external as well as to the internal appearance of my DRUG HOUSE, thereby making it more attractive to my customers. I would now thank my customers for their liberal patronage in the past, and solicit a continuance of the same. My stock is as near full as possible. I am in complete communication with the principal Drug Houses of New York and Philadelphia and am supplied with cuts and price lists, and anything in my line not kept in stock, will be sent for at once and delivered at the same prices that it could be bought at if you went or sent yourself. I buy my drugs for cash, pay no discounts, which enables me to sell just as cheap as any other drug store in the county. All business between dealer and customers strictly confidential. J. D. MURRAY, jun22tf Centre Hall.

WM. A. SANDO

MERCHANT TAILOR.

Shop oncorner of Church and Main st. Is prepared to do all kinds of work in his line, on short notice, and good fits guaranteed, according to the latest styles. A large lot of samples always on hand. Workmen of long experienced in his employ. 1nov y

☞ SUCH OF OUR SUBSCRIBERS as we have been sending the REPORTER to, for years, paying the postage also, and who have failed to repond to our requests to make us at least a part remittance, we are reluctantly oblidged to take their names from our list, in the next few weeks, as we submit that no paper can be carried on upon such business principles—neither is it right nor justice.

New Brockerhoff House.

BROCKERHOFF HOUSE, ALLEGHENY ST., BELLEFONTE, PA. G. G. McMILLEN, Prop'r. Good Sample Rooms on First Floor. ☞ Free Buss to and from all trains. ☞ Special rates to witnesses and jurors. 8jun tf

BUTT'S HOUSE, BELLEFONTE, PA. FRANK X. LEHAM, Proprietor. Best brands of Liquors and Cigars on hand. Good accommodations for Travelers and Commercial Men. Also Beer bottler. Terms reasonable. 29jun tf

PENNSVALLEY BANKING CO. CENTRE HALL, PA. RECEIVE DEPOSITS and allow Interest; Discount Notes; Buy and Sell Government Securities, Gold and Coupons. WM. WOLF Pres't. WM. B. MINGLE Cashier

Panama, Sept. 7.—A severe earthquake occurred here this morning at 3.30 o'clock and was succeeded by another half an hour later. Property to the value of $250,000 has been damaged.

DIED.

At Penn Hall, Penna., on 17th instant, Mrs. Margaret Weaver, aged 80 years, 5 months and 13 days. She was the widow of George Weaver, of Haines township, and the mother of Mrs. J. B. Fisher, at whose residence she died. Her husband, George Weaver, preceeded her to the eternal world about thirty years ago. She suffered much during her long sickness but God was her helper. Her life was Christ-like and her death triumphant. She often expressed a desire to go home, and we have every reason to believe that her end was peace. Her remains were followed to the grave at the Salem Reformed graveyard by a large concourse of mourning friends and relatives, where she will sleep the sweet slumber of the blest and await the morning when the whole family of God's children will go home in their glorified bodies.

Lottie Viola, infant daughter of John and Emma Stonebraker, died Sept. 17th, aged 1 month and 10 days, near Coburn.

At Millheim, on 7th, Samuel Albright, aged 67 years and 12 days. Mr. Albright was an old residenter of Millheim.

At his home in West Clearfield, on 7th, Henry Kramer, aged 72 years, 3 months and 14 days.

On 28 ult., John S. A. Musser, only son of George W. Musser, of College twp., aged 5 years, 4 months and 16 days.

Spring Mills Market.

Wheat, $1.00, No. 2, .90: No. 3 .75
Rye 80c
Corn, shelled and ears, per bu. 80
Corn, shelled. 90c.
Oats, 40c.
Buckwheat, 50c.
Barley 50c. to 75c
Cloverseed, 4 00 to 4.5 0
Timothy seed, 1.60 to 1 75
Plaster, ground per ton, $9.00
Flour, per bbl $5.00
Butter 25c
Tallow, 6c.
Lard, 12½
Ham, 15c.
Shoulders 14c
Bacon or side, 14c
Eggs per doz. 20c
Corrected weekly by I. J. Grenoble

GOLDSMITH BROTHERS.

THE GREAT

BBB EEE EEE H H I V V EEE
B B E E H H I V V E
BBB EE EE HHH I V V EE
B B E E H H I VV E
BBB EEE EEE H H I V EEE

THIS SPACE is Reserved for the NEW STOCK Soon to be received —AT THE— BEE HIVE

For Autumn Wear.

Our Bargain sections offer many lots of Clothing for men and boys, well adapted for Fall wear, at an average of forty per cent off from the low prices established at our June Upset Sale.

You may save the cost of a