The Centre Reporter.

FRED KURTZ ..... EDITOR.

CENTRE HALL, PA., Sept. 15, 1881.

DEMOCRATIC COUNTY TICKET.

For Associate Judges { John K. Runkle. J. G. Larimer.
For Sheriff—Thos. J. Dunkle.
For Treasurer—D. C. Keller.
For Prothonotary—J. C. Harper.
For Register—James A. McClain.
For Recorder—Frank E. Bible.
For Commissioners { A. J. Griest, John Wolf.
For Auditors { John S. Proudfoot, F. P. Musser.

The first gun for Charley Wolf, for governor, comes from the independent republicans of Schuylkill county, who held their convention last week, and pronounced in favor of the Union county statesman for governor.

The weather in Dekota, is acting very queer, and seems to have forgotten that it is hot September instead of cold January. This is one of its freaks:

Deadwood, D. T., Sep. 7.—There was a snow storm the in Black Hills on Monday night and Tuesday morning.

The Lewistown *Gazette* still can't believe, or can't bear the idea, that Judge Black was loyal, notwithstanding the conclusive proof furnished in the recent Philad. *Press* letters This obstinate *Gazette* man is one of those fellows, who convinced against his will clings to his error still.

The case of George Hoover, the lad of thirteen, who shot and killed his sister, Lottie, in May last was tried at Sunbury last week, the trial only occupied a few hours, as the most important witnesses, the boy's mother and sister, refused to testify and left the city. The commonwealth did not push the case and the jury acquitted the boy of murder but convicted him of manslaughter. The sentence was deferred. The counsel for the defense gave notice to the court that they had some evidence which they wish to present to him to mitigate the boy's sentence.

Those fellows who can not get at Guiteau because he is safe behind the bars, are bombarding him at a distance with postal cards. We see his mail the other day consisted mostly of postal cards. One dated Boston, Mass., said: "Will give you $800 per night to lecture after you have served eight years in Dry Tortugas. Will advertise you as the Great Unhung, but will not be responsible for the caprices of Judge Lynch. A. E." A man of Cleveland, Ohio, writes: "You are wanted in Ohio, dear sir; the Buckeye boys want a shooting match with you, you unhung wretch." H. O. D., of St. Louis, sends his compliments in this fashion: Charles Guiteau, I hope you will be eaten up by rats alive; the devil is waiting for you." A piece of hemp came tied to one of the cards from Cincinnati. On the card was a picture of the gallows, and the following: "I would like to put this kind of a twine around your neck and pull it a little four times per day, so that you would die by degrees like a dog: you coward! you villian! you assassin!"

Is the ball about to open? As the republican state convention has met, and was simply a tool of the Cameron bosses, the independent or reform wing of the party is not satisfied and refuses to wear the yoke. The result is that Chas. S. Wolfe has announced himself as an independent candidate for state treasurer.

General Baily, the Cameron nominee for state treasurer, was one of the 306 at Chicago who held out to the last for Grant, in obedience to the bosses Cameron and Conkling.

The republicans of this county held a convention on Tuesday to nominate a ticket. They can do that without much trouble and no doubt did do it without much trouble—but what's the use? where are the votes to come from to elect it?

The democracy are sticking close to their own nominees, and will pile up for all, Larimer, Runkle, Dunkle, and the rest the round majority of 1000.

The democracy are unusually fortunate in their nominees for Commissioners. Greist and Wolf are gentlemen of the strictest integrity and generally known to the people as possessed of good business judgment. They were born and raised in our county and are both identified with its interests.

Jas. M'Clain's majority will run the highest on the ticket. All who know him like him, and say he will make one of the most efficient Registers this county ever had. And so will he.

SPEAKS FOR GUITEAU.—Judge E. R Hoar, United States Senator from Mass., has written a letter condemning the action of the District Attorney for the District of Columbia for Directing that Guiteau be subjected to the peculiar and unusually severe treatment while he is held to await the action of the Grand Jury. Judge Hoar very truly says:

"The Warden is undoubtedly responsible for the safe custody of the prisoner, and should use all proper precautions against escape, but he has not yet been tried or found guilty of any crime, and is, in view of the law, only held for trial No man has a legal right to punish him until he has been tried and convicted, and then only by the punishment to which he is sentenced. To subject him to any privation or indignity not required for his safe-keeping is illegal, and should not escape the condemnation because this poor wretch is the object of universal odium. If he has a friend or relative or wishes to see a legal adviser, why should he not be allowed to see them? The District Attorney is the officer who is to present public justice in the prosecution of alleged criminals. What authority of law has he to 'direct' a jailer upon the subject of indulgences to be permitted to unconvinced prisoners?"

The Delaware County *Democrat* says, 'what a lucky thing it is for Judge Hoar that he is a Republican! Were he a Democrat, such language as the above would be indignant by denounced as 'disloyal' by the Republican press."

Mr. Dunkle, our nominee for Sheriff, is immensely popular in his own section of the county. When a man's standing is good at home, it is proof of his worth. He is a selfmade man—a hard working man, and well qualified for the office of Sheriff.

The passenger war still goes on. A telegram from Chicago of the 9, says: Five-dollar tickets to New York were in fair demand to-day. But none of the outgoing trains were uncomfortably crowded. The Pennsylvania Company sold tickets for Boston at $6 (for fast express only). The Baltimore and Ohio continued to sell for New York without rebate. The thirty-day round-trip tickets to Boston advertised by the Grand Trunk line were in great demand. It is rumored that Vanderbilt will establish a passenger line between Chicago and Philadelphia via the Lake Shore, New York Central, Lehigh Valley and Northern Pennsylvania. The Pennsylvania people threaten if their territory is invaded in this manner to sell cheap tickets via the Fort Wayne and connections to Toledo, Cleveland and Buffalo. The Erie, which has had no connection West since the war began, completed arrangements to-day whereby the Pittsburg, Fort Wayne and Chicago agents will be permitted to ticket passengers via the Atlantic and Great Western and Erie to New York at the current rebate fare. It is thought that an arrangement has also been entered into between the Erie and Grand Trunk for the establishment of a through passenger route from Chicago to New York via those routes.

The republican state convention was held at Harrisburg last week. The Cameron wing, or stalwarts, carried the day by a two-thirds vote over the halfbreeds, or Charley Wolfe wing, and nominated their choice, S. M. Baily, of Fayette county, for state treasurer on first ballot.

And now Cameron and Quay boss the machine again in Pennsylvania, and the republicans throughout the state will put on the yoke.

WOLFE OR BAILY.

The republicans now have two candidates for state treasurer—Baily, the choice of the Cameron machine, and Wolfe of the independent republican wing.

A great deal depends upon the life of Garfield. If the President lives until election, Wolfe will have a larger vote than the nominee of the bosses, because he will have the sympathy of Blaine, M'Veagh as well as of Garfield and his Pennsylvania office holders.

If Garfield should die, Arthur's administration will throw its influence in favor of Baily and the stalwarts, and Wolfe will not have a heavy following in consequence.

This is a war between the republican factions, and whichever has the admiuistration on its side will be uppermost. Just now it is with the independents, and the bosses will find no sympathy from that quarter, and their only salvation is in the death of Garfield.

CHARLES S. WOLFE BOLTS.

He is a Candidate for State Treasurer on His Own Responsibility.

The following announcement of Chas. S. Wolfe, of Union county, was received by telegraph at the *Times* office.

To the Editor of the *Times*:

The black flag has been raised against the Independent Republicans of Pennsylvania. Please announce that on my own responsibility I am an Independent Republican candidate for State treasurer, in full sympathy with the administration and against the rule of the bosses. I will stump the State and give my reasons for this action.

CHARLES S. WOLFE.

Lewisburg, Pa, September 9.

If we are to have a republican state treasurer let it be Chas. S. Wolfe. Now let such republicans as propose to favor honesty and reform, show it by voting for Wolfe and against Baily the nominee of the bosses. The large majority of the republicans for the last four years endorsed the fight of Mr. Wolfe against the Cameron bosses. Will they stand by him now? the cause is just the same.

GUITEAU SHOT AT.

Washington, D. C., Sep. 11.—Sergeant Mason, battery B, Second artillery, when relieving the guard at the jail here this afternoon shot at Guiteau through the window of his cell and came near killing him. The ball grazed his head and was imbedded in the cell wall. Mason was promptly arrested and taken to the arsenal and incarcerated.

Mason no doubt wanted to gain notoriety for trying to shoot Guiteau. He had no more right to shoot Guiteau than the latter had to shoot Garfield, and he should receive the same punishment as though he made an attempt upon the life of any other citizen. We must have the rule of law and not of assassination.

Washington is the capital of the nation, where, above all other localities, it should be proven that the law is supreme. Guiteau is in the hands of the authorities and in due time he will be punished for the great crime he committed. To permit any thing else at the capital of the nation would disgrace us in the eyes of all nations.

PROVIDENCE AND THE REPUBLICAN PARTY.

The Chicago *Times*, which has a habit of "slashing around loose" in politics, gets off this palpable hit: "A year ago, not only were all the industries active as now, but the crops were abundant. For this fortunate condition of affairs the Republican party claimed all the credit. In vain was it said that a gracious Providence had so ordered it that the crop was large. The statement was repelled as rank blasphemy against the omnipotence of the Republican party. John Sherman was quite shure it was all his doings. In Ohio especially was the claim put forth that all the fortunate conditions were due to the reign of the Ohio men, and every stump in Buckeyedom sounded the praises of the gracious gods of prosperity. This year the scene changes. There is still a campaign in Ohio, for, no matter what betide, they will ballot-box in Ohio. A widespread, longcontinued, field-destroying drouth has spread over the land, and the harvester is in despair. So is Mr. Charles Foster, candidate for Governor. He had taught the simple Buckeye that, so long as he pinned his faith on the Republican party, prosperity would be his proportion; for the crops were controlled by the administration, which was Republican, and would see that the faith suffered no detriment in their fortunes. He hastens now to throw the blame of the exceptionally dry season upon Providence, but the discontented farmer bids him go to the devil with his blowings hot and his blowings cold, and threatens to demand a change. Surely, it's a poor rule that won't work both ways."

Every body is going to vote for Cal Harper, for Prothonatary, of course. Julian Fleming, his opponent, is a foreigner, born up in Bradford county, and never took out civilization papers.

The President on Sunday was a little worse; on Monday he improved some again, with pulse, at noon, 106.

—Garfield would have been taken to Bellefonte for a healthy locality, but it was ascertained that the noise and bustle caused by the constant rush to the Pnilad. Branch, by men and boys, for new and cheap clothing might prove fatal to the President in a short time. Hence he was taken to Long Branch.

A census just completed of British India shows a population of 252,500,000. The first regular census ever taken of India was in 1871, and showed a population of 238,830,000. Its area is one-third of the United States, and its population five times greater.

Gen. A. E Burnside, U. S. Senator from Connecticut, died on the 13th, of heart disease.—Garfield is able to sit up.

THE OHIO CANVASS.

Candidates Bookwalter and Foster And Their Laboring men—A Remarkable Telegram.

Columbus, September 5.—Mr. John W. Bookwalter, the Democratic candidate for Governor, to-day returned from a trip through the great central mining districts lying in Perry' Hocking and Athens counties. Mr. Bookwalter met with a reception that has alarmed Governor Foster and the Republican Committee. It was from this region that a delegation of 1,500 miners dressed in their work-day attire came to Columbus on the day of the Democratic State Convention and marched in procession to the opera-house, where it was in session, and asked for Mr. Bookwalters nomination. The Republican managers seem just to have discovered the meaning of this demonstration. Governor Foster is a large stockholder in many of the mines, furnaces and railroads in this district where some 1,500 votors are miners. For years the question of reducing wages has kept the district in a ferment and prolonged and riotous strikes have resulted annually. When Governor Foster's companies reduced the prices of mining and a strike ensued Governor Foster sent the State milita to overawe the strikers. The miners and the community generally were not slow to conclude that Governor Foster was utilizing the military recources and the treasury of the State in the prosecution of his business.

The course of Mr. Bookwalter has been in striking contrast with this. He is one of the largest manufacturers in the State and keeps an army of men constantly employed. He has made money and has always paid his employees top prices. He has never had a strike nor a dispute with his workmen He has solved the problem of establishing a perfect union between labor and capital. After the panic of 1873, when other heavy manufacturers reduced the wages of their employees, Mr Bookwalter paid former prices and finally gave his workmen an advance. For almost two years he run his business without any profit to himself, merely keeping his machinery and buildings in repair and dividing what profit accrued among his employees. All of them fully understood this, and this fact was quietly disseminated among the mechanics and workingmen through their various organizations, not only in Ohio but all over the country, years before any one thought of him as a candidate for Governor. The mechanics, artisans, and workingmen knew all about him when the politicians inquired: "Who is Bookwalter?"

THE MACHINE TRIUMPHANT.

An Easy Victory for the Clan Cameron.

As fortold in the *Patriot* of yesterday the republican state convention yesterday registered the will of the machine leaders by a two-thirds majority. The independents under the lead of McPherson, Wolf, Koontz, Lee, and others, made a gallant stand, but they failed to make any impression on the compact organization of the stalwarts. Each faction held a caucus at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, the independents meeting in the senate committee rooms and the stalwarts in the state library. The former found they could count but eighty-three votes, just about one-third of the convention, and were of course greatly depressed by the discovery. They had at one time confidently counted on a majority of the convention, and in fact if there had not been some notable desertions from their ranks and if Secretary Quay's tactics of quietly securing substitutions had not worked so successfully the battle would have been a doubtful one. For instance when Attorney General Palmer and the rest of the Luzerne delegation were elected it was generally understood that they would support Senator Davies for state treasurer, but yesterday the attorney general showed up as one of the principal advocates of the nomination of Baily. The Philadelpnia patriots who were to support Davies also failed to come to time, with the exception of Recorder Lane and a few others. The effusive Kneass did not put in an appearance until a late hour though he finally turned up and voted for Davies. But there was no heartiness in the support received by the latter from Philadelphia. There were a great many substitutions from the rural districts and they were for the most part in the interest of the machine. The programme proposed by the stalwart caucus was carried out to the letter in the convention. Colonel Quay was made temporary chairman by a two-thirds vote and Harry White permanent chairman without a division. Baily's nomination followed by nearly the same vote as that given to Quay for temporary chairman. The resolutions adopted by the convention are remarkable for nothing so much as an absence of all allusion to political questions, unless it be the cautions and gingerly manner in which the tariff is handled.

Wednesday, 7, so far, has taken the premium as the hottest day of the heated term. In Pennsylvania it was the hottest day in ten years, and this seems to be true for nearly the whole country. The greatest heat record was 108° in the shade at Little Silver, N. J. Among the stations scattered all over the United States where the temperature at 3½ o'clock was noted by the Signal Service, New York and Baltimore were the hottest. In each city the thermometer marked an even 100°. Pittsburg was next with 99°. In St. Louis it was 97°, in Boston and Albany 96° and in Cincinnati 93°. At Long Branch the highest temperature was 101° on the shore and at the depot 106°. At Red Bank it was 104°, at Barnegat 105°, and at South Ambov 107°. The heat compelled the suspension of work in several mills at Trenton, N. J. Throughout New England the day was the hottest in many years. In Boston the temperature was 100° in the shade, and at Sandwich and Dedham it was 102°.

The Man Wowters, who attempted to blow up several families at Lille, has committed suicide. He was a Belgian blacksmith who, when the religious orders were expelled from Lille, volunteered to force the locks of the convent there. He was consequently rigidly "boycotted" by the townspeople with the result that he became a bankrupt and fled to Belgium. In revenge he sent five boxes to various families. One of these on being opened exploded and seriously injured several persons. The other boxes were found to contain bombs filled with powder, arranged to explode on opening the lids of the boxes. Wowters recently encountered near Donis, France, a woman against whom he had a grudge. Saying he would not fail as at Lille, he fired a revolver at her. On being pursued by some workmen, he blew out his brains

—Lots of fellows hurried to Lewistown this week, to get a new suit to wear at the Granger pic-nic, and a good number of chaps let out that their girls said they would not go with them to the pic-nic unless they wore one of those handsome and nicely fitting suits which are kept at the Philad. Branch only. The ladies always have a good eye in those things.

General Carr's force was not massacred by Apaches as reported. News brought by Lieutenant Stanton of the Sixth Cavalry is to the effect that after arresting a medicine man the three companies of that regiment went into camp. Captain Hertig ordered an Indian out of the camp, and the latter fired, killing the officer on the spot. A three hour's fight ensued in which seven soldiers were killed. The troops then retreated (the hostiles numbering 600 warriors) to Fort Apache, where they are now awaiting reinforcements. The Indians are attacking the post, but up to the evening of September 3 without success.

Nearly all the ills that afflict us can be prevented and cured by keeping the stomach, liver and kidneys in working order. There is no medicine known that will do this as surely as Parker's Ginger Tonic. See adv.

MICHIGAN FIRES.

Further Particulars of the Burned Section of the State.

Chicago, September 7.—Later despatches from East Saginaw, Port Huron, Flint and other places in Michigan continue to give alarming reports of fires. The conditional rumors of the loss of lives continues. Several have been burned to death while fleeing from the fire. The village of Dickerville on the Port Huron and Northwestern railway is totally consumed. Anderson station is partly burned. Port is nearly all burned. Verona Mills in Huron county is all destroyed but the church and a store. Badaxe is all gone but the court house and the hotel. Sandusky is totally destroyed, as is Richmondville. The fire is raging in the western part of Fortsville and the people are all moving to the lake shore. In Watertown township two entire families have been burned to death George Ayres Hart and his wife, grandmother, two children and a grandchild have been burned to death. It is so densely dark and smoky as to render breathing troublesome and great harm to the eyes. Lamps are kept constantly burning It is impossible to learn the full extent of the terrible calamity as there is no mail and the telegraph wires are burned down from Forestor to point Crescent.

Details of the Devastation.

Detroit, September 8—The fire of last night was worse and did more damage than that of 1871. The towns of Bad Ax, Verona, Port Hope and Huron City are all burned. Eight dead bodies were brought into Port Hope before eight o'clock this morning At least one hundred lives have been lost in this county. R. J. Meade and his whole family, living four miles West of Sand Beach, were burned. A child of James Meade's was found dead this morning. James Meade and wife have not yet been found. One family were found in a well, safe, but all their goods, houses and barns were burned The people in Vienna buried themselves in their gardens The hose company of this town were up all last night, wetting the streets, houses, barns, etc. The only danger here is from sparks and cinders The town of Sand Beach is shrouded in total darkness and business is suspended. The hose companies have been wetting the business portions of the place Gass and lamps are lighted and many have their clothing and a portion of their bedding packed, ready to go out on the lake. Up to the present time twelve bodies have been found and brought into town. It is reported from Port Hope that twelve persons have been burned near there, and more are missing, who, it is feared have been burned. The entire town of Verona is burned with the exception of a hotel and a church. The inhabitants have saved nothing, and there is not a pound of flour in the village.

Heartrending Scenes,

At Bad Ax fifty families are without food or roof to cover them. No one can imagine the havoc that was made by yesterday's and last night's fire. One little child was found clasped in an elder sister's arms and two others near by were burned to a crisp. One entire family, consisting of five persons, were burned within twenty rods of their house. Reports from what is known as the Erskine estate, running south through the township of Paris, are heartrending Dead bodies are lying all along the road and in the drove yards, having apparently been overtaken by the fire The best estimate that can be made at present places the number of fifty families that are entirely burned out and destitute of food and clothing at 500.

Miles of Flames.

The fire along the St. Louis railroad has evidently done its worst, and is working back into the country. On the other side the trains are running regularly on the St Louis railroad, and no further interference is anticipated. In Saginaw and Kochville townships the fires are still running and doing great damage. Several farmers are reported to have lost their crops, and many miles of fences are totally destroyed on the Flint & Pere Marquett railroad Fires are reported as having started on the Western Division near Coleman, Amber, Custer and some other points, but no great damage had resulted at last advices No fires are reported in the vicinity of St. Charles and Cheranning, but the fires are running through Maple Grove township and New Haven Shiawasse county, and doing great damage. Probably thirty families have been burned out in Buena Vista township and Plumfield township, and thirty miles of fences have been burned up. The situation all through this region of the country is gloomy in the extreme On the Otter Lake branches of the Flint Pere & Marquette there has been a vast destruction of timber and fences, and a portion of the track has been burned. It is feared that unless rain comes immediately the points hitherto escaping, but the fire belt, will suffer immensely.

Many Families Homeless.

A reporter who came in last night from Cass City, Tuscola county, reports the country east for eight miles is swept by fire. But one building is standing. A number of houses in the southern part of the village were burned, but the business portion is all right. A special messenger also arrived from Cass City, with a letter signed by the president of the village to Frank H Thomas, president of Caro village, stating that fires are raging for ten miles east of here, that nearly every settler is homeless, and asking for cooked provisions for distribution. One report says the scene at 3 o'clock p. m. was heartrending. Some of the people are entirely blind. Eighteen persons saved themselves by staying in the well at Bate's mill and all of the dwellings were burned. A Crampton't Switch, three miles south of here, mills lumber and houses are burned all around. In some instances hair was burned from the cattle. Fences are entirely consumed for miles. The damage greatly exceeds that of 1871, but it is too early to estimate it. The township of Bloomfield was swept clean, and seventeen lives are known to have been lost A large number of farmers are left homeless. Port Austin had a narrow escape last night. Assistance is necessary to prevent starvation. People fear the loss of life by suffocation. It is terrible in the country.

Roadside Horrors.

The dense smoke made it dark as night in the day time, and awful in the night, but the roads were the only paths to safety. One man, riding toward the fire, found it suddenly behind him, and only escaped by abandoning his horse and buggy to the flames. Those who escape come in with their clothing scorched, and often with blistered hands, faces and feet. On a space of seven miles on one road six persons dead and dying were found. One family consisted of the husband, nearly dead, with hair and wiskers gone and face and hands peeled, but his feet protected by high boots; his wife lying near, had her clothing burned off up to her waist and her legs singed; their two children, which they were trying to save, were dead. Probably a number of parent could have saved their own lives but they died in trying to save their children. The awful fury of the fire is shown in its effects upon the earth, in places, the soil is actually burned to a depth of several inches, acres and acres of land have been divested of every living thing, clear down to the very roots in the ground, leaving the country as bare as a desert and strewn with ashes. In many cases one cannot tell by the looks the difference between a ploughed field and one on which there was a dense woods. There are whirls mists of lands already for the plough, cleared as thoroughly as if years of labor had been expended upon them. And there are other square miles where the pioneer can now make a farm by removing a few scattered chunks not wholly consumed and putting up fences. There are places where the telegraph lines were so effectually destroyed that one cannot even find a vestage of the iron wire.

George Ferguson, of White Rock, who has been on the road since Monday, reports that he has seen 116 burned bodies. At one place he saw a man bury eight members of his family, and another man following three coffins.

Origin of the Fire.

The fires originated in the northwestern townships of Sanilac county, and the carelessness of the settlers in the work of burning summer fallow for the purpose of clearing land is the prime factor to which the horror will be justly charged. The flames spread rapidly, the parched condition of the earth aiding the work of destruction, and ere the people dreamed of danger the besom of destruction went roaring in all directions, east and north toward the lake shore, sweeping away farms, houses and live stock in the townships of Sheridan, Colfax, Verona, Siegel, Paris, Sandbeach, Sherman, Huron, Dwight and Meade, and west through Grant, in Huron county; south and south west through the towns of Greenleaf, Custer, Austin, Meriden, Sanilac, Delaware, Marion, Argyle, Moore, Bridgehampton, Forester, Marlette, Flynn, Elk, Waterloo, Elmer, Buel, Maple Valley, Speaker, Eremont, Worth and Washington in Sanilac county, and every township in that county, west and south into Tuscola county, destroying the greater part of the townships of Elmwood, Elkland and Nodesto, and the villages of Cass City. Then backing east again across the Cass river into Sanilac, where it met another division of the winged army of destruction, and their union resulted in a vast tornado of flames, which even the most unimaginative beholders describe as the most awful sight ever beheld.

Detroit, September 9.—A despatch from Port Austin, at the head of Burnett peninsula, sums up the general destruction as follows: The loss of lives by the forest fires on Monday and Tuesday is estimated at from 200 to 300 and the following villages were burned: Bad Axe, Verons, Forest Bay, Richmondville and Sandusky. The following were partly burned: Port Hope, Linden and Elby. The great loss in the villages is nothing to that in the country, where the losses are too numerous to be named.

RATIFYING A TREATY.

Interesting Description of an Official Pow-Wow with the Crows.

[Special Correspondence of the Philadelphia Times.]

Stillwater Agency, Mon., August 22.—Perhaps the last great pow-wow that will be held, has been held at this agency today. As we approached the agency the intermittent chorus from hundreds of dogs announced a large Indian encampment. There were at the agency, which is sixteen miles up the Stillwater River, some 200 lodges of the Crow Nation, coming from all parts of the reserve, which with the resident Indians swelled the number to about 2,000, or within 500 of the entire nation. In the morning the grounds presented a very picturseque sight, as the Indians were painted and decorated in the most gaudy and fantastic manner, each separate one or group of them in moving around being followed by dogs of various breeds—from a little fox dog to a large wolf dog. At 10:30 this morning the chiefs and principal men of the tribe, with the United States Commission, of which Mr Luce is chairman and Messrs. J. T. Dodge, Major Pease and C C Sanders, on behalf of the railroad, and Mr. Keller, the Indian Agent, presiding, met in the school-room of the agency. The room was a small one for the purpose, and the assemblage once seen could never be forgotten—the Indian portion of it, of course. Most of the latter were very large men and of immensity of cheek, and all with their faces more or less painted. Several wore army hats, with great brass eagles in front, and many carried fans made of wings of the eagle. All of them wore their hair long and unkempt and in various fashions, Pentee Coos, one of the principal chiefs, having his braided with little points, which were parted at the base with red sealing-wax. The chiefs sat in front, the common warriors in the rear. Mr. Keller, the agent, through the official interpreter, opened the council by explaining the object of it and then read the letter from the Secretary of the Interior, and after a little flattering tribute to the uniform friendliness of the Crows towards the whites, Mr. Luce made an address explaining the wishes of the Government in the matter of obtaining the right of way for the railroad, and at the same time told them that the Government had in 1864 granted the railroad the privilege of going through the ground, which was not made a reservation until 1868 The council then adjourned for the purpose of filling the bellies of the Indians with a big feast. After they were well fed the council was reopened at 2 o'clock. Mr. Keller opened by saying that they met to settle the question of granting right of way for the railroad and the amount of pay for the same, and not for mere talking.

"Ashoo Managa," or Crazy Head, was the first chief to speak, and said: "We are always friendly with the whites; bring along your railroad and see that I get something to eat right along, but don't have any timber cut. I want to eat until I die, and my children also. Fix your price on the land and make it a good one." This, with some few complimentary words, constituted all he said, and also what "Two Belly," or "Errets Kap," said. After these two prominent chiefs had spoken, it was asked if they would be satisfied with $20,000 and quite a discussion arose. "The Old Dog," arose and said: "Pass the railroad through and increase our pay and grub." The young chief, "See All the World," then came, put an ornamented buffalo robe on Mr. Keller and said he was satisfied. But the rest were not, and things looked equally. Twenty-two thousand dollars was offered, but no response except dissent. Just at this point Pontee Coos, or "Plenty of Courage," a young and influential chief, arose and said he would touch the pen for the whole camp if the Government would give them $30,000. After a little more palaver they accepted $25,000 as the figures, and most present agreed to sign. The most prominent signers were "Pontee Coos," Iron Bull, Two Belly, or "Errets-Kap," "Beef Bull," Spotted Horse, Long Elk, Crazy Head, or "Ashoo Managa," Pretty Eagle, Thin Belly, Bull Nose and about a hundred others. In the evening there was a grand friendship dance in the courtyard of the agency. This dance was indulged in by about sixty young warriors. Eight old men sat in a circle at one side, beating a one headed drum, and the men danced all kinds of strange, wild figures around a fire in the centre of the place. At noon to-day there was a second dance. The treaty is now considered as ratified, and the Northern Pacific Railroad will commence at once to construct their line through the reserve.

BEAUTIFIER'S.

Ladies, you cannot make fair skin, rosy cheeks and sparkling eyes with all the cosmetics of France, or beautifiers of the world, while in poor health, and nothing will give you such good health, strength, bouyant spirits and beauty as Hop Bitters. A trial is certain proof. See another column.—*Telegraph.*

NATURE'S SLUICE-WAY.

The kidneys are nature's sluice-way to wash out the debris of our constantly changing bodies. If they do not work properly the trouble is felt everywhere. Then be wise and as soon as you see signs of disorder get a package of Kidney-Wort and take it faithfully. It will clean the sluice-way of sand, gravel or slime and purify the whole system. Druggists sell it, both liquid and dry, and it is equally efficient in either form.—*Independent.*

FATAL LAND SLIDE.

Two Hundred People Killed Near The Village of Elm, Switzerland.

Berne, Sep 12.—A land slide occurred last evening near the village of Elm, in Canton Glarus. Two hundred persons were killed and thirty houses destroyed.

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The Apache Indians who massacred the band of General Carr have for 200 years been irreconcilable, and it is the opinion of those who know them well that nothing but extermination will cure their hostility. They were, in early history, almost constantly in conflict with the Spaniards and Mexicans, and so impeded mining operations in the last century that many mines had to be abandoned and many others covered for years to hide them from their ravages.

Senator Beck denies most emphatically in the Cincinnati *Enquirer* that he never expressed himself in favor of the election of Senator Anthony as president *pro tem* of the Senate. The alleged interview was a fiction

S. R. PEALE. H. A. M'KEE.
PEALE & M'KEE,
Attorneys-at-law.
Office opposite the Court House, Bellefonte, Pa 15 sep 1

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EXECUTORS' NOTICE.—Letters testamentary on the estate of Urish Slack, late of Potter twp., dec'd, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate settlement, and those having claims against the same to present them duly authenticated for settlement.
SAM'L G SLACK,
W. A. BOAL
Executors.

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