THE GOLDEN AGE.

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Story of the Discovery of Cold in California.

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It was in the munth of January, 1846, in a small cheety in the earther spenish of Sun Francisco, that two young metalitite humber of Yerela Bonen, on the Bee of Sun Francisco, that two young metalitite humber of Yerela Bonen, on the Bee of Sun Francisco, that two young metalitite humber of Yerela Bonen, on the Bee of Sun Francisco, that two young metalitite humber of Yerela Bonen, on the Bee of Sun Francisco, that two young metality is the sun of the Sun Francisco, that two young metality is the sun of the Sun Francisco, that two young metality is the sun of the Sun Francisco, that two young metality is the sun of the Sun Francisco, that two young metality is the sun of the Sun Francisco, that two young metality is the sun of the Sun Francisco, that two young metality is the Sun Francisco, the Sun Francisco, that two young metality is the Sun Francisco, the Sun Francisco

event since the discovery of America. It was on the 19th day of January, 1848, on the south fork of the American river, fifty-four miles east of Sutter's Fort. Early in the morning of that day, James W. Marshall, who was building a mill for himself and Sutter, from which they or himself and Sutter, from which they expected to supply the ranches and settlements with pine lumber, picked up from the bedrocks of the race of the mill rejection of the idea that it was gold. Mrs. Wimmer tested it by boiling it in strong lye. Marshall afterward tested it with nitrie acid. It was gold, sure enough, and the discoverer found its like in all the surrounding gulches wherever he dug for it. The secret could not be love love. It was known as ong kept. It was known at ena three months after the discovery, and the two printers above men-tioned put this slight notice of it in their

New GOLD MINE.—It is stated that a heaving gold mine has been discovered on the American Fork of the Sacramento, supposed to be (it was not) on the land of William A. Leidesdorff, Esq., of this place. A specimen of the gold has been exhibited, and is represented to be

| Supplementary | Not compared to the compared of the compared

the Bioth in Amoritance with the Researce of the Stan Josephin Part of the Stan Josephin Part

How well they were founded, to what they led, and how they were suddenly and summarily silenced, is a story that covers a very interesting part of the history of California, and the progress of civilization in America. civilization in America.

SAMUEL SEABOUGH.

about seventeen grains. It was maleable, heavier than silver, and in all respects resembled gold. About 4 o'clock in the evening Marshall exhibited his ind to the circle composing the property of the composing the property of the composing the property of the circle composing t spects resembled gold. About 4 o'clock in the evening Marshall exhibited his find to the circle composing the mill-company laborers. Their names were fames W. Marshall, P. L. Wimmer, Mrs. Winner, James Barger, Ira Willis, Sydney Willis, Alexander Stephens, James
Brown, Ezkish Persons, Henry Bigler,
Israel Smith, William Johnson, George
Exans Charles Report and William Considerably, and, among other things,
described a hurricane which had visited Evans, Charles Bennett and William St. Christopher's (August, 1772), and sent the description to a local newspaper. This attracted so much attender. tion as to induce his friends-he only 15 then-to gratify his oft-expressed wish for a better education than the West Indies could afford. The result was that he was sent to this counry, going first to a grammar school at Elizabethtown, N. J. He then entered Elizacethown, N. J. He then entered King's (now Columbia) College, and had the intent to acquaint himself with unatomy, in addition to his regular studies, with the view of practicing weekly paper, The Californian, on the 19th of April:

New Gold Mixe.—It is stated that a new "The trouble with England about the

ca-tax having come to a crisis gave a new direction to Hamilton's thoughts,

The frontles with England about the Pack of the Research, supposed to be direct and the Search are specified to be as one calibride, and is proposed to the same continued of the pack as one calibride, and is proposed to the same continued of the pack as one calibride, and is proposed to the same continued of the pack as one calibride, and is proposed to the same continued of the pack as one calibride, and is proposed to the same continued of the pack as one calibride, and is produced to the same continued of the pack as one calibride and the pack as one calibride and the pack as one called call in the beat as one called call in the pack as one call call in the pack as one c

The extension of manufacturing industries in a country so large as our sexts a very important influence upon the national body politic. Where one section of a great country is almost exclusively eneaged in agricultural pursuits, and another section devoted mainly to manufactures, questions of public policy frequently arise which she, being a Derry woman, could not not estimate the time to those of the other.

The agitation of such questions is likely to engender jealousies of more or less bitterness, and to render it extremely difficult to settle such difference our late war, manufactures, especially of iron and metal work, were largely confined to the Eastern States. The creadstuffs of the West were slipped to the seaboard, and the products of New England mills and factories shipped back in return. About all the cotton of the South was transported a thousand miles from the fields upon which it was grown, to be spun and woven into factories of the whole of the seaboard and southward, and the products of New Japen's that have been going quietly on since the Son the market. The changes that have been going quietly on since the Son the market. The changes that have been going quietly on since the Son the market. The changes that have been going quietly on since the Son the market. The changes that have been going quietly on since the Son the market. The changes that have been going quietly on since the series of the series dustries in a country so large as ours exerts a very important influence upon the national body politic. Where one

while supper was being prepared. Evil-looking men moved about the room,

About thirty formates of the Minnesota inside and asylum were burned or frozen to death during the recent fire at St. Peters.

The official vote of Wisconsin for presidential electors was: Garfield, 144,396; Hancock, 114 653; Weaver, 7,982; Dow, 67; Phelps (anti-Masonic), 91.

The official canvass of the complete vote of Minnesota gives Garfield 93,963, and Hancock 53,316.

From Washington.

Reports received by the agricultural department indicate that the cotton crop will be an average yie d, the wheat crop an increase over last year, and the cat crop a decline.

The annual report of W. T. Sherman, general of the army, to the scretary of war, has just been made public. In it he says: "I will venture to call your attention to the fact that the revised statutes, edition of 1878, section of the army, limits its strength to not more than 39,000 enlisted men; and that number is the least possible at which we can maintain the present organization of the army, limits its strength to not more than 39,000 enlisted men; and that number is the least possible at which we can maintain the present organization of the army, limits its strength to not forty regiments in anything like good order, discipline and economy; and I infer this end can be reached by simply omitting the provisos in the next appropriation bill. The combistant lorce remains to-day the same that it was last year, composed of ten regiments of cavalry, five of artillery and twenty-five of inlinity; but under the proviso 'limit,' 25,000 men, the companies are too small for proper discipline or economical service; and I am convinced that the proposed increase of enlisted men will double the efficiency of the army, and hardly be felt in the annual expendatures."

Ab it is steamer which left San Francisco a few days ago for Hong Kong Collinamen.

The public debt of Mexico now amounts to glat the deart of Maxico from when a tenant was recently evicted, was shot dead while sitting at his freside.

The british steamer which left san Francisco of Lamencok, 524,000.

would send his beat abead again, and he finally wen by over three lengths.

Two leading Nifillists have been hanged at St. Petersburg.

John Bright has delivered an exceedingly vehement and brilliant speech at Birmingram, in which he reviewed the Irish question in its many phases, and practically declared that the present agiration is due to the oppression of the land-holding classes of Ireland. Mr. Bright traced the history of the Irish pessant for some time past, and said that the present disturbances in the island had been bought about perhaps unintentionally on their part, by the absenteeism of the Irish landfords from their estate, which have been left to the tender mercies of rack-re-t agents, who, not

Geneva conference debates, and dissented from the views of his colleagues s) much that he refused to sign the award to the United

injured by a bone.
Wales.
The international boat race on the Thames was won by Laycock, of Australia, Ross, of New Brunswick, coming in secont. Hosmer, of Boston, third, and Warren Smith last.

The Eagle and Cat.

It is well known that eagles some-times carry off hares; they are also said to be exceedingly partial to the flesh of dogs, and occasionally they pounce upon poor grimalkin. One in pounce upon poor grimalkin. One in the North of Scotland suddenly came down upon a cat, and bore it away to her nest. The injuries inflicted by the clutch of the eagle, and the unusual mode of traveling, so confounded poor puss that she exhibited no signs of life, and was accordingly left for dead by the eagle with her young ones. But soon after the eagle had left the nest the cat revived, and, having killed the eaglets, made a hearty meal of one ol them. She then made a hurried retreat, and effected her escape without

Did the Chinese Invent Bank Notes? Sir John Lubbock, in the Nineteenth Century, credits the Chinese with the invention of bank notes. It is related that about 119 B. C., the court being in want of money, the Halifax of the day hit upon the following device: When any Prince or courtier entered the imperial presence it was customary to cover the face with a piece of skin. It was first decreed that for this purpose the skin of a certain white d in one of the royal parks, should alone be employed, and then these skins, which appear to have passed from one noble to another, were sold for a high price. Thus bank notes are believed

When the season for making presents comes, make some sufferer of your acquaintance a present of a bottle of Dr. Buil's Cough Syrup and note the benefit it will do him and the thanks you will receive.

habit of putting his pennies into the box at Sunday-school till last Sunday, when he can be supposed in the box at Sunday school till last Sunday, when he came running into the house in a breathless hurry and shouted:
"Mamma, I shan't save up my pennies any more. The money don't go up to God! I saw Mr. Kelly take it and put it in his pocket!"

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spasma. Physicans gave me but temporary relief, but after using three and one-shall cottles of Warner's Sate K.dney and Liver cure, my nervous spasms were entirely relieved. My age is seventy-seven years. I recommend this great remedy to all suffering rom nervous troubles.

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Kidney Complaints.

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Dear Sir.—I have used your VEGETIME for some time, and can truthfully say it has been a great benefit to ne; and to those suffering from disease of the kidneys I cheer fully recommend it.

Respectfully, O. H. SMITH,
Attested to by K. B. Ashfield, druggist, corner Eighth and Central avenues. Ma. H. R. STEVENS;

I have suffered several years with the kidney complaints, and was induced to try Vegetine. I have taken several bottles of your preparation, and am convinced it is a valuable remedy. It has done me more good than any other medicine, I can heartily recommend it to all suffering from kidney complaints.

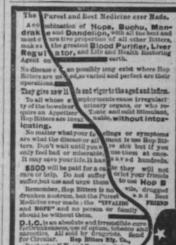
Your respectfully,

J. S. McMILLEN.

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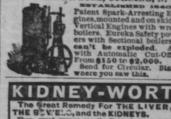
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