THE CENTRE REPORTER.

Centre Hall, Pa, Th'rs. June 24, 80.

TERMS.—*$2 per year, when paid in advance; $2.50 when not paid in advance. Advertisements 20cts per line for three insertions, and 5 cents per line for every subsequent insertion. Advertisements by the year at a liberal discount.*

Subscribers outside the county should remit us 10 cts, amount of one year's postage, instead of 20cts as formerly when paid by themselves.

Subscribers can always tell how their accounts stand at the Reporter office by consulting the lables on their papers. If the lable reads "John Roe 1 jan '75" it means that John is indebted for subscription from the 1st of January, 1875, and that it is time he was paying the printer

LODGE MEETINGS.

CENTRE HALL LODGE, No. 289, I. O. of O. F., meets every Saturday evening in the Odd Fellows Hall. G. L. GOODHART, Sec'y. W. R. FROM, N. G.

OLD FORT LODGE, No. 537, F. A. M., meets on Monday evening on or before each full moon in the Masonic Hall.
C. F. HERLACHER, Sect. J. J. ARNEY, W. M.

PROGRESS GRANGE, No. 93, P of H, meets at their Hall, Centre Hall on the Saturday on or before full moon at 2 P. M. and every two weeks after. Jas. A. Keller Master. LEONARD RHONE, Sect.

LOCAL ITEMS.

—Sale of personal property of Geo. Fowler, dec'd in Haines, June 19, at 1 o'clock.

—"Nathan," will appear next week.

—Centre Hall will petition next court to be incorporated into a boro'.

—T. G. Ehrhart of Haines is about to return from a trip to Kansas.

—Lewins still ahead on last ballot, and selling clothing 25 per cent. less than the rest.

—There is a Boston Bible class with a teacher on a salary of $1,000 a year.

—The State Teachers' Association of Pennsylvania will hold their annual meeting at York on the 27th, 28th, and 29th of July next.

—Whittaker may now walk off on his left ear, all others walk into the Standard clothing hall, where a splendid stock is being sold at cost.

—The Chicago Tribune now spells have "hav," and favorite without an e. And the REPORTER gives notice that it will spell programme "program" and column "colum."

—Marriage makes the man; the woman was maid before, and when you are married get your groceries at Sechler's, it shows that you have the qualities of good house-keeping.

—A horse of Mr. Jacob Sprankle, near Bellefonte, was killed in the field recently by lightning.

—The evil that men do lives after them. Cows likewise do not give oleomargarine until they are dead, but the Philad. Branch sells cheapest clothing right along, and don't intend to quit business either. All goods plainly marked, one price, and manufactured by their own house.

—An exchange says a ton of gold is worth $500,000. As we have our doubts about this we may satisfy ourselves by weighing a ton one of these days.

—The army worm has crossed the Penn'a line and made its appearance in Delaware county, causing great injury to the wheat and rye fields. Let Centre county farmers get their shot guns ready.

—For fine, fresh groceries call at Dinges'.

—Grain was cut at Mr. Bible's, near Centre Hill, this week—there are other fields in which the wheat is ripe. It is rare we find grain ripe so early in this valley.

—Barnum claims to have the biggest tent. How about the national canvass? Why bother about such trifles, say we, when essentials like, ham, tea, coffee, sugar, canned and dried fruits, stone ware, queensware, all of best quality can be had purer, fresher, and so low at Sechler's boss grocery?

—Lock Haven market: Butter, 12 to 15cts; eggs, 14c; potatoes, 25 to 30c per bu; chickens, 50 to 60 cts, per pair; lard 9 cts. per pound; applebutter, 50 cts. per gal; tomato plants 15 cents per dozen; onions, 5 cts. per dozen; strawberries, 12 cts. per qt.; cherries, 8 to 10 cts. per quart.

—The ranks of single men at Spring Mills were thinned out on Wednesday, by the marriage of our young friend, Dr. Frank Van Valzah, to an estimable lady of same name. Our best wishes to the happy pair.

We give another installment in this issue of the REPORTER, from Garfield's Credit Mobilier record. The testimony was taken by a republican committee, and we ask its perusal by republican voters.

—The proprietor of a Louisville bone factory announces that persons leaving their bones with him can have them ground at short notice. Yes, and leave your measure at the Beehive and you get the best fit in the state, and lower than any ready made auction goods.

The army worm has appeared in Camden county. Some of the farmers who harvested their hay earlier than usual and stored it away in their barns have been forced to empty them on account of the sickening smell of the worm, as it was found that a large quantity of dead worms were in the hay. It is reported that other crops have suffered severe injury by the worm.

The corrected figures show the population of the District of Columbia to be 175,000, a gain of 43,300 over the census of 1870.

Gold found in Pennsylvania and New York is among the late news items.

—Rain storms of great violence and unusual duration have raised the water in most of the rivers in the Northwest to a higher point than was ever known. But there is no rise in the stream of clothing constantly sold at the Philad. Branch at 25 per cent. less than any other store.

—William Wheeler kindly turned the crank of the ice cream freezer for a festival at Phillips, Me., for nearly two hours. Thinking it didn't freeze as it ought, he looked in and found the ingredients were in the cupboard! Just a case like that of the chap who didn't buy his clothing at the Standard clothing hall where everything is now offered at cost in order to settle up business. Mind, your ingredients at the Standard.

—A writer in the *Rural New Yorker* reports a method pursued by a friend for causing apple trees to bear every year, and which some reader of the REPORTER may wish to try just at this stage of the apple. The friend's trees, a dozen in number, were bearing heavy crops every other year, so he took a long pole and gave them a heavy beating on one side, just as the fruit was about the size of hickory nuts, knocking all the apples off on half the tree. The next year the alternate side took its turn, and for many years the owner had plenty of apples for home use every year. His trees stood in a rich soil that was annually cultivated, no grass being allowed to grow.

—The Beehive keeps busy and humming above any other store or two stores in the county. The proprietors, Messrs. Bauland & Newman, are men of wonderful energy and enterprise which keeps them ahead. They sell goods in order to sell a great deal and thus to benefit a greater number. They are perfect gentlemen, always treat you right and never give a customer cause to complain. Remember, the Beehive is the most extensive store in the county.

—Cultivators, shovel plows, horse-hay rakes, of the most improved make, at rock bottom prices by Alexanders, Bellefonte, Pa. 2t.

—Cayuga plaster, finely ground, the best in the market, only $7 per ton, at Alexanders, Bellefonte, Pa. 2t.

—We are the authorized agents for the sale of the Geiser thresher and separator, with horse power or Peerless steam engine, at low prices and on favorable terms. We are also agents for the sale of the Heebner patent level-tread horse power, for one or two horses with patent speed regulator, with little giant thresher and cleaner. All warranted to do good work.

Owners of the Geiser Separator and horsepower will please send in their orders of repairs at the earliest day possible, to enable us to have a full supply in due time. ALEXANDER & CO.
10jun 2t. Bellefonte, Pa.

—Weather quite warm Sunday, Monday and Tuesday, with thunder showers in some parts.

—The largest and best assortment of shoes in town at Dinges;

Read Tilden's letter declining a renomination. It is a masterly document.

—Door-step parties are having large attendance during the course of the present moon. Also large attendance at Goldman's, opposite Brockerhoff, where during present moon, all clothing is sold at cost to settle up business.

—Work at Matilda Furnace, Mifflin county, has been suspended on account of the low price of iron.

—A train on the Pennsylvania Railroad yesterday ran from Philadelphia to Jersey City, ninety miles, in ninety-three minutes, stopping four times and slowing up twice to cross bridges. That goes ahead of anything except the cheap and good clothing at the Philad. Branch.

—Prices still going down at Dinges' new store. Give him a call.

—Our friend, Mr. A. P. Luse, of Gregg, put up a barn the other day, on 10. in short metre, and no doubt in shorter time than any other carpenter in the United States can boast of. Mr. Luse had the contract for the new barn by Mr. David Keller, of Boalsburg; the building is 50x100 and with the assistance of about 80 hands, it was raised in 3½ hours. Irvin Leach, of course, was there too, and this was the 35th barn Irvin helped to raise in his life time. He intends to score the 100 dredth, and will come one nearer, at Colyer's raising in a short time. Irvin is as fond of barn raisings as we are of trout fishing. Hope he'll not wear out until he reaches the 999 barn.

The cheapest dress goods at C. Dinges.

—Many of the diseases which persons are in danger of in summer, are induced by unwholesome and impure diet. Be careful to furnish your table with that which is pure, fresh and ripe, and you will save large doctor bills. You can be safe in these important points if you make it a rule to get your groceries at Sechlers; they keep none that are stale, impure, unripe, or unwholesome. This we know to be a fact from personal experience, and if you will call at this famous grocery and examine what they keep, you will find it all true. Let housekeepers take good advice, save money, health and doctor bill's by getting pure and wholesome food at Sechlers.

—Drop in at Dinges' store and see how cheap you can buy goods.

MIFFLINBURG, JUNE 21, 1880.

EDITOR,—In answer to problem of last week is as follows:

94	head of pigs	$47.00
1	" sheep	3.00
5	" cows	50.00
100		$100.00

—A five-year-old daughter of one of our citizens observed to him in the presence of company, at breakfast: "You mustn't go off without kissing me, papa." "I never forget to do it, do I?" he asked, surprised. "You may not forget it, but sometimes you go off mad, you know," she artlessly replied. The company consulted their coffee. Just the case with those fellows who buy clothing at other stores than the Philad. Branch, they always go off mad.

—A Western Coroner recently had, in one day three cases of did-not know it-was-loaded. Let all men and boys bear this fact in mind that the large stock of clothing at Goldman's Standard hall is now being sold at cost in order to settle up business. The best chance for bargains in suits you ever heard.

For the REPORTER.

MR. EDITOR:—The puff-ball of the *Journal*, last week intimated that Millheim citizens enter printing offices in order to get a notice. If that were so, it would only be a disease that Benny himself is full of. Every step he takes or turn he makes he *modestly* parades in his sheet which is always full of little things about himself; when this *Ego* quits puffing himself, it will do to talk of puffs by others. TRAMP.

SPRING MILLS ITEMS.

Our church going people had the pleasure of listening to an able discourse, delivered on last Sunday eve, by the Rev. Mr. White of Milroy.

The entertainment given under the auspices of the Star Literary Society drew a crowded house, and every thing passed off decently and in order; thanks are due the ladies for their kind assistance, and also to Prof's E. F. Smith and P. H. Meyer.

Spring Mills is booming up as a summer resort, already we have two persons here to enjoy the invigorating breezes of the beautiful valley of Penns.

On last Saturday was work day to prepare a permanent pic-nic ground, when quite a crowd of men and boys met in the woods, a very short distance above the depot, to assist in removing brush &c. It will make a very nice place, and it is also very convenient to the hotel, depot, and all other places of attraction.

Royal Dimmrick, of Kingston, N. Y. has filed a notice with the Secretary of State that he discovered a gold mine in the town of Rosendale, Ulster County. Dimmrick has begun work, and the ore shows by test $64 per ton.

There is great excitement at Newmanstown, Pa., because of the supposed discovery of gold. Dr. S. K. Smite sunk a shaft on South Mountain and is taking out a mineral which he claims to be gold ore. He says his tests are conclusive.

THE CAPTURE OF ARICA BY THE CHILIANS.

EIGHT THOUSAND MEN ON BOTH SIDES KILLED AND WOUNDED.

London, June 14.—Intelligence received from Rio Janeiro represents that the Chilians on the 17th inst. took the town of Arica, Peru, by assault and made prisoners of the garrison. The Peruvian corvette Manco Capac was sunk.

The following telegram from the Consul-General of Peru at Panama has been received by the Peruvian Charge d'Affaires in this country:

Arica has been occupied by the Chilians after three day's fighting. Colonel Camacho, of Bolivia, was killed and 8,000 men on both sides were placed hors de combat. One thousand Chilian prisoners taken by Montero. Tacna besieged by the allied armies. The Chilians are completely surrounded by Leiva and Montero.

ESTRAY. Came to the premises of the undersigned, five stray shoats. The owner is requested to prove property, pay costs and remove the same.
22 June 3 t J. A. GROVE.

A Card.

In order to close out my entire stock for the purpose of quitting the business, I will sell from this date, May 28, 1880, anything in my store AT COST. I have on hand now a larger stock of fine ready made clothing, gent's furnishing goods, hats, &c., than any other dealer in Bellefonte, all of which customers *can have at cost prices.* I mean business.
SIMON FREEDMAN,
10jun 3t. for H. D. GODLMAN.

NOTICE OF APPEALS.—Appeals will be held at the Election Houses for the different boroughs and townships as follows:

Boggs twp., Thursday June 24.
Milesburg boro. Friday June 25.
Union twp., and Unionville, Saturday June 26.
Huston twp., Monday June 28.
Worth twp., Tuesday June 29.
Taylor twp., at Fowler, Wednesday June 30.
Rush twp., and Philipsburg, Thursday July 1.
Burnside twp., Friday July 2.
Snow Shoe twp., Saturdry July 3.
Spring twp., Monday July 5.
Benner twp, Tuesday July 6.
Bellefonte boro. Wednesday July 7.

From 9 o'clock A. M. to 3 o'clock P. M., of each day, the Assessors with their Assessments and their assistants are required to be in attendance.

HENRY BECK, Clerk. ANDREW GREGG, GEORGE SWAB, JACOB DUNKLE, Commissioners.
20may 3t.

WHO MURDERED MORGAN?

Thurlow Weed Tells all About it.

[From the Pioneer-Press.]

New York, May 23.—"I know how Morgan was killed," said Mr. Weed, "and where and when he was killed, and who killed him. It was a dreadful murder."

"How do I know?" he asked, repeating my question. "I know because the criminals themselves confessed it to me before they died."

"Is it possible?" I said. "Will you tell the public about it?"

"Yes, I have told it partially before. It was in 1834, about five years after the sudden disappearance of Morgan, that on my trial for libeling the Masons, two men volunteered to be my witnesses. One of these men was John Whitney."

I think Mr. Weed said the other was the man who had charge of the old fort where Morgan was confined by his captors.

He went on:

"I invited them to eat some oysters with me after the trial, and while we were at the table John Whitney consented, in reply to our urgency, to make a clean breast of it about the murder of Morgan. He declared the terrible secret had been a burden on him day and night, and then he told who the men were who left the lodge one dark night to put Morgan out of the way, lest he might reveal the secrets of he order. He said he was one of the men. The others were Col. William King, Garside, Howard and Chubbock. They went to the fort, bound the prisoner hand and foot, laid him in a boat carried him to about the middle part of the Niagara River, where it was two miles to either shore, and there, tying weights to his head and heels, they flung him overboard. When he had told the story, Whitney said he felt relieved. The other witness turned to him and said, 'John, Weed can hang you now.' 'Yes,' said Whitney, 'but he won't.' I thought much about my duty to the public, but it was obviously impossible to convict him unless he would say solemnly in court what he said to me.

"It was nearly thirty years afterwards when I met John Whitney in Chicago, when I was there at the Convention in 1860. He came to me and said he wanted to make a careful confession for me to write down, to be published after his death. There was nobody else he dared to trust it to, he said. I agreed to commit his dreadful secret to paper as soon as the Convention adjourned. The hour it adjourned he was waiting for me at my hotel. I was in the depths of disappointment, and was busy with a hundred things, and I told Whitney that I should come back to Chicago shortly and would then attend to it. We exchanged letters after that, but he died suddenly and I never saw him again."

"The Chicago papers," I said, "ought to look up his relatives or friends there, and see if he left any document or told his secret."

"Yes," he replied, "it would be well. It is strange, by the way, that every one of those five murderers is dead, and all but one died violent deaths. Col. King committed suicide, and Garside was kicked to death by a horse."

CINCINNATI.

THE LATEST OUTLOOK.

Detailed Report of the Preparations for the Meeting.

Cincinnati, June 21.—The days developments have done nothing to solve the democratic presidential problem. There is as much uncertainty to-night about the nomination as there has been at any time during the past three days. This is not particularly surprising when the fact is taken into consideration that many of the delegates themselves are undecided as to their choice. The supporters of Hancock are doing excellent work to-day and now claim 112 votes on the first ballot.

Cincinnati, June 21.—The national committee has agreed upon Senator John W. Stevenson, of Kentucky, for permanent chairman. It agreed to admit the contesting delegations from New York and Massachusetts to seats until the committee on credentials reported, but only the regular delegations will be entitled to vote. The Massachusetts delegation had a meeting to-night with the view of compromising the differences in their state so as to admit both delegations. If this is accomplished it will save much time to the convention. The Ohio delegations took impartial action although nominally Thurman has a majority, yet when it came to electing a chairman Alex Long, a Payne man, was chosen by a vote of 24 to 20 for Durbin Ward, who represented Thurman and Jewett. An entire Payne organization was elected. In Illinois a vote for preference was taken, resulting, Seymour 16, Morrison 18, Palmer, Davis, Trumbull and Tilden each received one vote. Nebraska has voted to unite with New York, Connecticut and New Jersey, but no choice of a candidate has been made. Indiana strongly holds off from joining Ohio still remaining firm for Hendricks. At a meeting to-night a resolution by the Indiana delegation was adopted specially condemning any effort to put M'Donald in the field. The night has been noisy and busy. Delegations and clubs were marching through the streets with music and banners.

Cincinnati, June 21.—The New York delegation has just accepted Mr. Tilden's withdrawal by a resolution congratulating him on the act.

The following is the resolution of the New York delegation;

Resolved, That with a sense of profound gratitude for his great services to the country and to the democratic party and unqualified admiration for his character and abilities, this delegation has received with deep regret the impressive declination by Governor Tilden to be a candidate for renomination for president of the United States.

The convention perfected its organization on Tuesday without any difficulty, and the usual committees were appointed after which it adjourned till Wednesday at 10 a. m.

LATEST.

One Ballot Taken—John Kelley Shut Down On,

Cincinnati June 23, 3 P. M.—It is said Kelley arose to protest against the selection of members of committees from N. Y. State, he failed to make himself heard.

The Kelleyites met with the committee on credentials but were requested to witdraw. They received no recognition in the convention.

Committee on resolutions not being ready to report delegates from N. Y. moved to proceed to nomination of candidates for President. Carried.

The following is the result of the first ballot;

Bayard,	165
Hancock,	101
Payne,	90
Fields,	65
Thurman,	64
Morrison,	62
Hendricks,	47
Tilden,	30

The convention then then adjourned till 10 a. m., Thursday, without any further ballots.

The report of Committee on platform congratulated the convention the escape from a third term and regretted that Tilden had withdrawn as a candidate.

GARFIELD'S GREED.

PROOF OF HIS CONNECTION WITH THE CREDIT MOBILIER.

He Claims a Larger Share than He Gets—The Story Oakes Ames Tells—Evidence Before the Poland Committee—The Official Record.

The following is the official record of the testimony taken before the Poland committee in reference to the connection of James A. Garfield with the Credit Mobilier transaction:

Jan. 22, 1873. Oakes Ames recalled: * *

Question. In regard to Mr. Garfield, state to the committee details of transactions between you and him in reference to Credit Mobilier stock. Answer. I got for Mr. Garfield ten shares of the Credit Mobilier stock, for which he paid par and interest.

Q. When did you agree with him for that? A. That agreement was in December, 1867, or January, 1868; about that time; I had these conversations with him of them; it was all about the same time

Q. State what grew out of it. A. Mr Garfield did not pay me any money; I sold bonds belonging to his $1,000 of stock at 97, making $776, in June I received a dividend in cash on his stock of $600 which I paid him; that is all the transaction between us; I did not deliver him any stock before or since, that is the only transaction and the only thing.

Q. The $329 which you paid him was the surplus of earnings on the stock above the amount to be paid for it, par value? A. Yes, sir; he never had either his Credit Mobilier stock or Union Pacific railroad stock; the only thing he realized on the transaction was the $329.

Q. I see in this statement of the account with Gen. Garfield a charge of $47; that is interest from the July previous, is it? A. Yes, sir.

Q. And the $776 on the credit side of the account is the 80 per cent. bond dividend sold at 97? A. Yes, sir.

Q. And the $600 on the credit side is the money dividend? A. Yes, sir.

Q. And after you had received these two sums, they in the aggregate overpaid the price of stock and interest $329, which you paid him? A. Yes, sir.

Q. How was that paid? A. Paid in money, I believe.

Q. Did you make a statement of this to Mr. Garfield? A. I presume so. I think I did with all of them; that is my impression.

Q. When you paid him this $329 did you understand it was the balance of his dividend after paying for his stock? A. I suppose so; I do not know what else he could suppose.

Q. You did not deliver the certificate of stock to him? A. No, sir; he said nothing about that.

Q. Why did he not receive his certificate? A. Do not know.

Q. Do you remember any conversation between you and him in the adjustment of these accounts? A. I do not.

Q. You understood you were the holder of these ten shares? A. Yes, sir.

Q. Did he so understand it? A. I presume so. It seems to have gone from his mind, however.

Q. Was this the only dealing you had with him in reference to any stock? A. I think so.

Q. Was it the only transaction of any kind? A. The only transaction.

Q. Has that $329 ever been paid to you? A. I have no recollection of it.

Q. Have you any belief that it ever has? A. No, sir.

Q. Did you ever loan Gen. Garfield $800? A. Not to my knowledge; except that he calls this a loan.

Q. You do not call it a loan? A. I did not at the time. I am willing it should go to suithim.

Q. What we want to get at is the exact truth. A, I have told the truth in my statement.

Q When you paid him $329 did he understand that he borrowed that money from you? A. I do not suppose so.

Q. Have you any belief now that he supposed so? A. No; only from what he said the other day. I do not dispute anybody.

Q. We want your judgment of the transaction. A. My judgment of the transaction is just as I told you. There was but one thing about it.

Q. That amount has never been repaid to you. You did not suppose that you had any right to it, or any claim to it? A. No, sir.

Q. You regarded that as money belonging to him after the stock was paid for? A. Yes, sir.

Q Did Gen. Garfield ever receive these bonds? A. No, sir; never has received but $329.

Q. And that he has received as his own money? A. I suppose so; it did not belong to me. I should not have given it to him if it had not belonged to him.

Q. You did not understand it to belong to you as a loan; you never called for it, and have never received it back? A. No, sir.

Q. Has there been any conversation between you and him in reference to the Pacific stock he was entitled to? A. No, sir.

Q. Has he ever called for it? A. No, sir.

Q. Have you ever offered it to him? A. No, sir,

Q. Has there been any conversation in relation to it? A. No, sir.

Q Has there ever been anything said between you and him about rescinding the purchase of the ten shares of Credit Mobilier stock? Has there anything been said to you of its being thrown up or abandoned or surrendered? A. No, sir, not until recently.

Q. How recently? A. Since this matter came up.

Q. Since this investigation commenced? A. Yes, sir

Q. Did you consider at the commencement of this investigation that you held these other dividends, which you say you did not pay to him in his behalf? Did you regard yourself as custodian of these dividends for him? A. Yes, sir, he paid for his stock and is entitled to his dividends.

Q. Will the dividends come to him at any time on his demand? A. Yes, sir; as soon as this suit is settled.

Q You say $329 was paid to him; how was it paid? I presume by check on sergeant-at-arms. I find there are some checks filed without any letters or initials indicating who they were for.

Q. Have you had any correspondence, since this dividend was paid, with him in regard to this matter? A. I do not know what matter you refer to.

Q If you had any correspondence, between you I would like to see it. A. I have no copy of it.

Q. Have you the original? A. No, sir. Mr. Garfield showed me a letter which he said he intended to enclose with some money sent me. I did not know who the money came from. He showed me a letter which he said he intended to have put in. I indorsed on the back of the letter my reply. I just turned over the letter and wrote what I wrote on the back of it and let him have it.

Q. Your answer indorsed on the back of the letter was published in the newspaper? Yes, sir. He published the letter, I believe.

Q. As published did they correspond with your recollection of the paper as written? A. Yes, sir. I wrote it off hastily. He came to my room and said he had been accused of all kinds of crime and misdemeanors. I told him I had made no such statement as he represented. He wanted me to say in writing that I had not. I took his letter, which he said he intended to have inclosed with the money, and wrote on the back of it that I had made no such statement.

Q. The published correspondence in the morning papers of the next day is your recollection of what occurred? A. It agrees with my recollection, except that he says he left a letter for me at the Arlington. I never received that letter. I only saw the letter on which I endorsed my answer.

Q. Did he inclose the money? A. Some money came to me inclosed in an envelope, which he said he had sent. I gave it back to him.

Q. How much money was in that envelope? A. Four hundred dollars.

The following memorandum, referred to by witness as a statement of his account with Mr. Garfield, was placed in evidence:

J. A. G.

1868— Dr.	
To ten shares stock Credit Mobilier of A	$1,000
Interest	47
June 19, to cash	329
Total	$1,376
1868— Cr.	
By dividend bond Union Pacific railroad	$1,000
At 80 per cent. less 3 per cent	776
June 17, by dividend collected for your account	600
Total	$1,376

The following is Gen.

Garfield's Explanation

before the same committee:

"The first I ever heard of the Credit Mobilier was in 1866 or 1867. I can not fix the date when George Francis Train called on me and said he was organizing a company to be known as the Credit Mobilier of America, to be formed on the model of the Credit Mobilier of France; that the object of the company was to purchase lands and build houses along the line of the Pacific railroad at points where cities and villages were likely to spring up; that he had no doubt money thus invested would double or treble itself each year; that subscriptions were limited to $1,000 each, and he wished me to subscribe. He showed me a long list of subscribers, among them Mr. Oakes Ames, to whom he refered me for further information concerning the enterprise. I answered that I had not the money to spare, and if I had I would not subscribe without knowing more about the proposed organization. Mr. Train left me saying he would hold a place open for me, and hoped I would yet conclude to subscribe. The same day I asked Mr. Ames what he thought of the enterprise. He expressed the opinion that the investment would be safe and profitable.

"I heard nothing further upon the subject for a year or more, and it was almost forgotten, when sometime, I should say, during the long session of 1868, Mr. Ames spoke of it again; said the company had organized, was doing well, and he thought would soon pay large dividends. He said that some of the stock had been left, or was to be left, in his hands to sell, and I could take the amount which Mr. Train had offered me by paying the $1,000 and accrued interest. He said that if I was not able to pay for it then he would hold it for me until I could pay, or until some of the dividends were payable. I told him I would consider the matter, but would not agree to take any stock until I knew from an examination of the charter and the conditions of the subscription the extent to which I should become pecuniarily liable. He said he was not sure but thought a stockholder would be liable only for the par value of his stock; that he had not the stock and papers with him, but would have them after a while. From the case as presented I probably should have taken the stock if I had been satisfied as to the extent of pecuniary liability. Thus the matter rested for some time. I think until the following year. During that interval I understood that there were

Dividends Due

amounted to nearly three times the par value of the stock. But, in the meantime, I had heard that the company was involved in some controversy with the Pacific railroad, and that Mr. Ames' right to sell the stock was denied. When I next saw Mr. Ames I told him that I had concluded not to take the stock. There the matter ended, so far as I was concerned, and I had no further knowledge of the company's operations until the subject began to be discussed in the newspapers last fall. Nothing was ever said to me by Mr. Train, or Mr. Ames, to indicate or imply that the Credit Mobilier was or could be in any way connected with the legislation of congress for the Pacific railroad, or for any other purpose; Mr. Ames never gave nor offered to give me any stock or other valuable thing as a gift. I once asked and obtained from, and afterward repaid to him, a loan of $300. That amount is the only valuable thing I ever received from or delivered to him. I never owned, received, or agreed to receive, any stock of the Credit Mobilier, or of the Union Pacific railroad, nor any dividends or profit arising from them."

Ames Was Recalled,

January 23, 1873, and testified to the stock he had issued to Garfield, and dividends allowed him, and the balance of money paid into his hand, which Garfield pretended was a "loan." He submitted a memorandum of the account in detail. It came to the knowledge of the committee that Garfield had visited Ames with the object of inducing him to retract or modify his testimony, and he was re-examined on the 29th of January, as follows:

Q. You may state whether the conversation with *you*, Mr. Garfield claims, as he claimed before *us*, that the only transaction between you was borrowing $800? A No, sir; he did not claim that with me

Q. State all you know in reference to it. A. I told him he knew very well that that was a dividend. I made out a statement and showed it to him at the time. In our conversation he admitted it, and said there was $2 400 due him in stocks and bonds. He made a little memorandum of $1.000 and $1,400 and said there was $1.000 of Union Pacific railroad stock, $1,000 of Credit Mobilier stock, and $400 of stock or bonds.

Q. When was that memorandum made? A It was made in my room. I can not remember the date. *It was since this investigation commenced.*

Q Have you the memorandum that Mr. Garfield made? A. I have the figures that he made. [Paper shown in Garfield's hand writing]

Q. You say these figures were made by Mr Garfield? A. Yes, sir.

Q. That was his idea of what was *coming to him?* A. Yes, sir. T. C. C.

FINANCIAL STATEMENT

OF POTTER SCHOOL DISTRICT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDING JUNE, 1880.

Tax Rate 2½ School purposes, 0 mills for building.

TREASURER'S ACCOUNT—MONEY RECEIVED.

Balance on hand from last year	$ 320 15
Received from State Appropriation	589 10
From Collector Including Taxes of all kinds	2748 50
From Grange for Rent of School Room	15 00
From Sale of Stove	2 50
Gregg twp. Tuition	23 34
Total Receipts	$3698 59

TREASURER'S ACCOUNT—MONEY PAID OUT.

Desks for Centre Hall Room.	$ 112 00
For Teachers Wages	2'52 40
For Fuel and Hauling	326 00
Fees of Treasurer,	57 59
Salary of Secretary, expenses stationery, postage, &c.	40 00
Abatement	77 22
For repairing houses	178 62
Total money paid out	$2937 43

RESOURCES AND LIABILITIES.

Cash on hand	$761 16	
Amount due district	500 00	1261 16
Amount due on unsettled bills		8 65
Total Resources		$1252 51

The above account has been duly audited by the Auditors of this District, and Certified by them to be correct.

J. W. GILLILAND, Pres't.
W. A. KERR, Sec'y
17jun 4t.

THIS SPACE IS RESERVED FOR THE

Philadelphia Branch of No. 26 North Third Street, Philadelphia,

ONE PRICE

CLOTHING HOUSE,

(SUCCESSORS TO J. NEWMAN, JR.)

ALL CLOTHING 25 PER CENT. LOWER THAN EVER BEFORE SOLD IN BELLEFONTE. CLOTHING OF A BETTER GRADE THAN EVER BEFORE SOLD IN THIS COUNTY. PERFECT SATISFACTION GUARANTEED TO ALL CUSTOMERS. ALL GOODS PLAINLY MARKED. ANYTHING IN THE LINE OF CLOTHING FOR MEN AND BOYS. NO MISREPRESENTATION, ALL CLOTHING OUR OWN MANUFACTURE.

AND WHICH THEY WILL RETAIL AT WHOLESALE PRICES

29Jan

COME AND SEE! COME AND SEE! COME AND SEE!

SAMUEL LEWINS, Manager.

Wheeling, W. Va., June 19, 1880.—The army worm is fast coming this way. The advance guard is reported as having reached this (Ohio) county, and is doing some damage. They are said to be quite numerous in Washington county, Pa., adjoining our own State. Wherever they find a river or creek in their course they are unable to pass. It is feared unless some heretofore unknown agent is brought forth to destroy them, that they will do great damage to young oats, now growing. Their mode of destroying grain is to climb the stalk and cut off the heads.

DIED.

On Friday, 18th, near Centre Hall, of typhoid pneumonia, Catharine, wife of Noah Orman, aged 51 years, 7 months and 20 days.

MARKET.

Philadelphia, June 21,—Wheat red at $1 22@1 23 and amber at $1 4@0 00 Rye is firm at 88c yellow at 00c Oats mixed at 37½@38c, Corn 52½@52½c mixed 51½@52c.

Chicago, June 21.-No 2 Chicago spring 93c @0 00 for cash and May, Corn 35½@35½c for cash and May, Oats 26½c. Barley easier 72@74c.

CATTLE MARKET.

Philadelphia, June 21.—Cattle—Receipts, 3 000 head, prime 6c good 5½c; medium 5½c; common 4½c; Sheep—Fair; receipts 8 000 head; prime 5½c; good 4½c medium 4@4½c; common 3½@3½c. Hogs—market slow; receipts 6,000 head; prime, 6½c; good 6½c; medium 6½c; common, 6c.

MARKETS.

Spring Mills Market.

Wheat No1 $1.05
Rye, 65c
Corn, ears, per bu. 40 c.
Corn old. 40c.
Oats, 30c.
Buckwheat, 50c.
Cloverseed, $3.00 to $3 75
Plaster, ground per ton, $10.00
Flour, per bbl $6.00
Butter, 14c.
Tallow, 6c.
Lard, 6c.
Ham, 10c.
Shoulders, 7c.
Bacon or side, 7c.
Eggs per doz., 10c.

Corrected weekly by I. J. Grenoble.

VALUABLE REAL ESTATE AT PUBLIC SALE.—Will be offered at Public Sale, by virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Centre county, at the late residence of Michael Hettinger, dec'd, in Gregg twp., on

Saturday, July 31, 1880,

the following real estate:—A VALUABLE FARM, containing 104 ACRES more or less, in Gregg twp, bounded on the north by land of James Gentzel, James Hettinger and others, east by lands of James Hanna, south by land of Michael Decker's estate, and west by John Sweet wood, thereon erected a TWO STORY DWELLING HOUSE, BANK BARN, summer house, smoke house, large pigpen, and other outbuildings. There is a good spring of water at the house and a stream of running water at house and barn and a large Orchard of choice fruit on the place; of this tract five acres are good timberland. Another tract mountain land, situate in Potter twp., bounded north, east and south by lands of John Grovenand W. B. Mingle, and west by lands of John Shires, CONTAINING 187 ACRES more or less; no buildings. This mountain tract is well timbered with white pine, hemlock, chestnut, pitch-pine, &c. Sale to commence at 1 o'clock, p. m.

TERMS.—One third of purchase money to be paid on confirmation of sale, one third in one year and the balance in two years with interest from confirmation of sale; said payments to be secured by bond and mortgage on the premises.

AMELIA HETTINGER,
M. L. RISHEL,
jun24 Administrators.

REPORT OF POTTER TOWNSHIP AUDITORS, APRIL 12, 1880.

GEO. GROSSMAN, DR.

To am't of duplicate	$ 964 57
" Jossa Holderman tax	10
" am't of Emerick order	45 42
	$1008 09

CONTRA, CR.

By am't Cr.	$ 39 14
" am't work	514 59
" Damage of new road J. P. Coburn	75 00
" " Jacob Grove	60 00
" " Geo. Durst	25 00
" Water places Centre Hall	5 00
" " places Jas M'Cormick,	5 00
" error in tax S. Kreamer	2 00
" exonerations	9 88
" services	60 00
" percentage	18 90
" cash to Aud	3 68
" bal	189 30
	$1008 09

JAMES B. SPANGLER, DR.

To am't of duplicate	$ 875 76

CONTRA. CR,

By am't of work	559 84
" exonerations	9 62
" books and filling out	2 50
" services	85 62
" bal,	218 18
	$875 76

OVERSEERS.

ROBERT LEE, DR.

To am't of duplicate	$ 754 22
To bal	169 73
	$923 95

CONTRA. CR.

By bal	$ 211 72
" vouchers	561 97
" bill paid T. Grove	22 59
" bal paid for Wilkens	13 75
" services	45 00
" percentage	37 64
" exonerations	1 28
" Dr. J. F. Alexanders bill	30 00
	$923 95

WM. EMBRICK, DR.

To am't of duplicate	$ 615 15
" bal	40 02
" and from other sorces	10 50
	$665 67

CONTRA CR.

By bills paid for vouchers	$ 529 46
" Services	45 00
" percentage	31 28
" sundrises	48
" exonerations	1 81
" bal	57 64
	$665 67

AUDITORS, DR.

To am't in Treasury	$ 12 50
	$12 50

CONTRA. CR.

By cash paid D. J. Meyer for room	$ 1 50
" am't paid Aud	6 00
" bal In Treas	5 00
	$12 50

JAS. B. LEE, Town Clerk. G. L. GOODHART, W. W. ROYER, A. C. RIPKA. Auditors.
jun 3

NEW STORE! NEW GOODS!

DINGES' THE PLACE FOR BARGAINS.

Just received from NEW YORK and PHILADELPHIA at Dinges new stand, Centre Hall, a FULL LINE OF DRY GOODS, CLOTHS, CASSIMERS, &c. LADIES DRESS GOODS, EVERY STYLE, LARGE STOCK OF NOTIONS.
FRESH LINE OF GROCERIES, ALL NEW.
WOOD AND WILLOW WARE.
COAL OIL, TWO KINDS.
DRIVING WHIPS, A FINE ASSORTMENT.

Large Stock of WALL PAPER,

Varied assortment of Tobaccos—all very Low.

Determined to do business by selling cheap and offering bargains, to all, he asks a share of the public patronage, at his new and enlarged Store.
29ap 3m. C. DINGES.

Chili has been often called the Prussia of Spanish America. The terms of peace which she is preparing to offer to the defeated