The Centre Reporter.

FRED. KURTZ.....EDITOR.

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CENTRE HALL, Pa., Feb. 21. 1878

HON. C. A. MAYER.

The Centre county bar, unanimously requests Hon. Chas. A. Mayer to be a candidate for re-election as President Judge of this district. This is a voluntary tribute of which Judge Mayer is eminently worthy. He is one of the foremost jurists of this commonwealth, and we believe if the opportunity were presented, every citizen of the district would put his name to a request like the above.

The delegates to the late democratic county convention will re-assemble at Bellefonte, on 28, to elect senatorial conferees and delegates to state convention.

Huntingdon is rid of the small pox. There were 11 deaths.

Fires on 13: Ten buildings at Hempstead, Texas, $70.000. Ledge Island House, Me., $40,000. Sash factory and several buildings at Niles, Mich., Taunton Mass., print mill, $60.000, 16 tenement houses in Chicago.

The President has appointed Bayard Taylor minister to Germany. That's good.

Mr. Fortney, the new district attorney, has entered upon his office and discharged his duties during the late term of court with great credit to himself which is acknowledged even by those who voted against him. We feel confident that he will sustain his reputation throughout, and fill the office to the entire satisfaction of the people.

Mr. J. L. Spangler, Mr. Fortney's predecessor, retires with honors, and has gained popularity for himself by his bearing and the ability he showed in the discharge of his duties as district attorney during the last three years. Jack would have been renominated without opposition, had he desired it, but he declined to be a candidate for a second term.

Hayes, Sherman, Matthews, and the other visiting statesmen are raising a terrible howl because Anderson, one of the rascally returning boarders has been convicted and these saints, who helped plan the fraud and are now profiting by it and in power, pronounce the prosecution a great outrage. Well it is just such an outrage as should go a little farther and take in Hayes, Sherman and all of them.

The World makes a fitting comment upon the howl that is going up from Washington and says "it is not to his credit that Secretary Sherman should object so earnestly as he does to any prosecution of Anderson and the other members of the Louisiana Returning Board. He was one of the visiting statesmen who a year ago went to New Orleans to see that the vote of Louisiana was counted for Hayes. But that surely constitutes no reason why he should so hotly object to having it declared by a jury in Louisiana that the acts which he approved as a witness were scandalously unjust. It will not be easy for any judicious friend of Mr. Sherman to explain his outbreak recorded this morning. If Secretary Sherman believes that there was no counting out done in Louisiana, or that counting out is laudable, he ought to have said so in so many words. If he believes that the verdict of the jury in Anderson's case clouds the title of the President, he should have said so in so many words. It is worse than idle to speak of the trial of the members of the Returning Board as "an unlooked-for and terrible commentary on the efforts of the President to quiet the turbulence and violence of Louisiana politics," which will "bring into contempt all efforts at peace and conciliation." If the men are innocent, actually or technically, that fact may in due time be made to appear. If they are guilty, how can their conviction and condign punishment bring into contempt all efforts at peace and conciliation? An effort at peace and conciliation based upon the perversion of justice and upon guarantees of immunity to scoundrels could hardly be brought into contempt. It was not necessary for Messrs. Sherman, Matthews, Hale, Garfield and White to volunteer the opinion that the "American people will redress any injustice" of which General Anderson may be a victim. And why should they be so swift to assure the General of this? It seems to us to be a revival of the business of "visiting statesmanship" for these eminent Republicans to concern themselves in this remarkable manner with the fate of the Louisiana Returning Board under the laws of Louisiana; and the country will certainly not be gratified if it should prove to be true, as is this morning asserted in our Washington despatches, that the President has imitated his Secretary of the Treasury in this matter."

The following is the despatch sent by the visiting statesmen to the caged returning boarder:

"WASHINGTON, D. C., February 4, 1878.
"*To General Thomas C. Anderson, New Orleans, La.:*

"The undersigned feel it due to you under present circumstances, to assure you of our unhesitating belief that in the matter wherein you stand charged you are altogether guiltless of any offense against law; that you are falsely accused and maliciously persecuted; that the proceeding against you, though in the form of law, is without the substance of justice; that we hereby tender our earnest sympathies and express our hope that the sense of justice and love of peace of the people of Louisiana will protect you, and not permit the best interests of the whole country to be disturbed by a revival of sectional animosities. In any event, we are confident, that the American people will redress any injustice of which you may be made the victim.

(Signed) JOHN SHERMAN.
STANLEY MATTHEWS,
J. A. GARFIELD,
EUGENE HALE,
HARRY WHITE."

The Lock Haven Democrat says Judge Orvis delivered a fine Temperance speech to a large audience at the Court House on Monday night, 11th.

Wheeler sings hymns with the Hayes family every Sunday evening.—Courier Journal.

Yes, but they are careful never to sing that beautiful hymn, "When I can read my title clear,

Things that are not.

The miracle at Mauch Chunk was not a miracle.

The Demerara boy was not Charley Ross.

The man who died in Philadelphia and came to life again was not dead.

Hayes was not elected President.

If war breaks out between Russia and England, the Paris exposition will be postponed.

THE ELECTION OF A POPE.

The death of Pope Pius IX was the absorbing topic last week, and is followed by the interest that will be felt in the election of the next Pope. No doubt all the readers of the Reporter feel anxious to learn how this is brought about, and for their enlightenment we give below an article from the pen of Prof. Geo. P. Fisher, D. D:

THE CONCLAVE.

The institution known as the Conclave originated in a stormy period of the Middle Ages, when it was thought expedient, in repeated instances, to catch the cardinals and shut them up, in order that they might be compelled to fill a vacancy in the Papal office. Clement IV. died in 1269, at Viterbo. The strife between the French and the Italian factions among the cardinals prevented the choice of a successor, for two years and nine months, the largest interregnum that has existed in the whole history of the Papacy. During this interval, the citizens of Viterbo, under the town captain, Ranieri Gatti, not only imprisoned the cardinals in a palace, but resorted to the bold expedient of unroofing the edifice and leaving their Eminences to the mercy of the elements, besides diminishing their supplies of food. It was not, however, until a year after this irreverent proceeding that an election was made. Gregory X., who was chosen, was moved, in consequence of these disorders, at the General Council at Lyons, held in 1274, to establish fixed regulations for the proceedings in the case of the death of a Pope; and he may be considered the founder of the Conclave. His rules have been in various particulars modified by his successors. They are subject to modification at the will of the Popes. At the same time, they still form the basis of the ecclesiastical law on the subject.

When the Pope dies, the cardinals wait for ten days only for the absent members of their body to appear. No notifications are sent out to absentees. They must come, if they come at all, of their own motion. At the end of this time, the cardinals are to enter into Conclave in the palace where the Pope died. Each cardinal may now have two attendants, who are lodged in two of the three small sleeping apartments which, together with another little room, constitute his "cell." The old restrictions as to the supply of food are very much mitigated; and communication with persons from outside is not absolutely prohibited, except during the time of actual voting, though such communication is not allowed to be private. No other business is permitted in the Conclave except what pertains to the election of a Pope, unless measures have to be taken to defend his territory. Of course, this last proviso is now rendered obsolete. A vote of two-thirds is requisite for an election. Cardinals under ecclesiastical censure, or even under excommunication, cannot be excluded from taking part in the assembly. All bargains and prior agreements are solemnly prohibited; and the electors are bound by stringent oaths to the observance of all the regulations which the Church has prescribed for the performance of their function.

On the death of a Pope, the Cardinal Camerlingo (Chamberlain) is informed of it at once. He proceeds to the room where the dead Pope lies, and strikes his forehead thrice with a little hammer addressing him, at the same time, by his original name. Receiving no reply, he takes from his finger "the ring of the fisherman," and breaks it. On the tenth day, the Cardinals enter into Conclave in the chambers which have been set apart for this purpose in the Vatican—if the Pope dies in Rome—and which, in the interval, have been walled in, the doors, and the windows with the exception of a narrow space at the top for the admission of light, being closed up with brick and mortar. Within the Conclave everything takes place by rule, under official supervision. The Pope may be chosen in either of three ways. First, he may be elected by acclamation—also called "Inspiration," or "Adoration"—when all the cardinals, gathered at the appointed time and place, with one voice designate some individual for this office. Such a mode of election is of very rare occurrence. Secondly, he may be chosen by direct vote. In this case, as was said above, a candidate must have the suffrages of two-thirds of those who participate in the election. Each cardinal must swear that his ballot is cast for the one whom he deems most fit for the office. The greatest precautions are taken to prevent fraud. The ballot is secret; the number and motto of each cardinal however, being recorded on the ballot, which is folded and sealed so that this part of it is not seen, unless it becomes necessary to ascertain by whom the vote was cast. In case no candidate receives two-thirds of the ballots cast, any one who has received a single vote may, nevertheless, be chosen, If a sufficient number who have voted for other persons "accede," to constitute the two-thirds. This is a choice by "accession," and is not unfrequent. Thirdly, a Pope may be chosen by compromise. When it is found that the requisite number of votes cannot be obtained by any one—in other words, when there is a "deadlock" in the Conclave—the business of selection may be delegated to a committee of the cardinals, by whose decision the rest are bound to abide. In this way, the impossibility of an agreement among the electors, and the calamities of a long interregnum have, in noted instances, been avoided.

Formerly, each of the great Catholic Powers have had the privilege of exercising the "veto" upon any obnoxious candidate for the Papacy. But this could be used but once during the process of filling a vacancy by the Conclave, and if used at all, was necessarily exerted before the decisive vote had been taken. In the present relation of the Papacy to the Catholic Powers, it is understood that the exercise of the veto, which is not considered by the Papal Canonists as a right, will not be conceded.

When the choice has been made, a window is opened, and the announcement of the result of the election is made to the throng of people without. The coronation of the Pope, who usually receives the tiara from the oldest cardinal deacon, takes place on the next Sunday or next festal day after his election. If a deacon, he must first be elevated to the priesthood and the episcopate. During the procession in St. Peter's, as a part of the coronation ceremonies, a little tow is burned, to remind the Pontiff elect of the transitoriness of worldly glory. The enthronement follows the coronation. The Pope assumes another name on his induction into office.

LEGISLATIVE.

We take the following from the house proceedings of 13:

The consideration of the bill fixing the compensation of county superintendents was resumed on second reading and was passed after nearly an hour's discussion. It provides that superintendents of all the counties except Philadelphia shall receive $2 for every school and 75 cents for every square mile in their county. If the amount do not reach $800 they shall receive that amount. In every county having 100 schools and over the salary shall be at least $1,000 and not exceeding $2,000.

The local option bill was next considered on second reading. Mr. Gehr said that the bill had no more chance of passing than he had of flying to heaven, and he therefore moved to postpone it indefinitely to prevent the alleged further waste of time in its discussion.

The motion was defeated by a vote of 80 nays to 75 yeas.

The question being on the amendment of Mr. Long to exclude from the provisions of the act native wines and malt liquors.

Mr. Morgan submitted the following amendment, which was disagreed to.

That all damages to personal character or property caused by the sale or use of intoxicating drinks in any county shall be assessed upon and collected from any or all persons engaged in the manufacture or sale of spirituous, vinous or brewed liquors.

The amendment relating to native wines and malt liquors was defeated by 34 yeas to 118 nays.

The next question was an amendment by Mr. Long requiring counties voting against license to reimburse owners of distilleries and breweries. The amendment was defeated by the following vote: Yeas 43, nays 100.

The vote was then taken on the first section of the bill, and it was defeated and consequently the bill. The yeas and nays were as follows:

YEAS—Messrs. Ackerly, Agnew, Alexander, Bell, Billingsley, Black, Brooks, Brown, Buckman, Buler, Caughey, Chapin, Conrad, Creps, Dickey, Dorrance, Duncan, Eberhart, Edge, Elliott, Findley, Foster (Bradford), Foster, (M'Kean), Fulton (Chester), Fulton (Indiana), Gates, Gillespie (Jefferson), Gillett, Graham (Allegheny), Greenawalt, Hall, Hayes, Heiner, Hill, (Allegheny), Hines, Hitchcock, Hunter, Irvine Jackson, (Mercer), Kincaid, King, Larrabee (Susquehanna), Lockwood, Magill, Mapes, Matlack, M'Cleery, M'Gowan, M'Lain, Meyers, Mifflin, Miller Allegheny, Morgan, Lawrence, Neall, Nelson, Nisley, Peoples, Port, Potter, Reznor, Roberts, Salter, Shantz, Shock, Shonk, Spears, Stackpole, Stewart, Stone, Summerville, Tate, Tyler, Weaver, Centre, Will and Myers, Speaker—78.

NAYS—Messrs. Audre, Bachman, Bigger, Boone, Bowers, Bowman, Burgess, Carver, Early, Ettla, Faunce, Felthoff, Fish, Flinn, Gaffey, Garman, Gehr, Gemmill, Gross, Hallowell, Harris, Heller, Henry, Hill, Lycoming, Hugus, Jackson, Wyming, James, Judge, Kennedy, Kimble, Kline, Kramer, Law Montgomery, Leigh, Long, Longaker, Mackin, Martin, M'Carron, M'Cormick, M'Elroy, M'Henry, M'Kibben, Miller, Berks Miller, Lebanon, Miller, Snyder, Miner, Mitchell, Moore, Morgan, Schuylkill, Nakel, Newell, Osbourn, Pallatt, Patterson, Petroff, Potts, Quigley, Richardson, Scarborough, Schafer Allegheny, Schaeffer Berks, Schnatterly, Sheibly, Sherwood Yord, Sherwood Northumberland, Smith Berks, Snavely, Snyder Steinmetz, Thomas, Walker, Walter, Weaver Allegheny, Westbrook, Wilcox, Wise and Zern—77.

TWIN FRAUDS.

The Majority party in the Legislature are just delivering themselves of two measures, that may be justly termed twin frauds. One is to fix up the recordership of Philadelphia so as to yield forty or fifty thousand dollars per year to the appointee, who it is said will be Mr. Quay. The proposition to make it a salaried position of $10,000 was rejected. Of course there is an election fund hid in these perquisites. The other twin is a bill to create a bank department. On its merits, so to speak, this bill has no standing. There is no apparent necessity for such a department: and if there were, the term of five years for the chief is too long. Then why create this office with a chief at $3,500 per year and several clerks? Senator Ermentrout answered this when he said it was "a place fixed up as a soft bed to receive the bruised and crushed bones of a political cripple—the defeated candidate for State Treasurer." Rejected by the people, he must be cared for by his party, and they pension him off for five years, with the privilege of extension, at the expense of the people, who dance up to this costly music at the rate of about ten thousand a year! These are both extravagant and corrupt measures and ought to be defeated, and would be if there were Democratic votes enough in the Legislature to reach them.

THE BLAND BILL PASSES THE SENATE.

Washington, February 16.—The silver bill was passed at 5 o'clock this morning by a vote of 48 to 21. In general character, the bill is not very different from that recommended by the Committee on Finance. It provides for the coinage of silver dollars of 412½ grains, on the Government account, at the rate of not less than $2,000,000, nor more than $4,000,000, worth of silver to be purchased monthly, by the Secretary of the Treasury, at its market value. These dollars are to be a legal tender for all dues, public and private, except in the redemption of gold coin certificates. The bill also provides for an invitation to the States of the Latin Union to join the United States in the establishment of a common ratio between the values of gold and silver. It also provides for the issue of certificates for silver coin deposited in the Treasury, but not in exchange for silver bullion.

THE WAR.

Our European dispatches are of a more pacific character than they have been for some time. The fact that the English fleet has been withdrawn to Mundania Bay, a point forty miles south of the Turkish capital, and that Russian troops would not enter the city, would go to show that some understanding has been arrived at between the Bear and the Lion. The fact that a Congress has been agreed to by the Powers, and that it is arranged to assemble at Baden-Baden, is a great step in the direction of peace. A London journal states that Russia desires this country to have a representative in the Congress, to which suggestion England has not shown much opposition.

NOT GOOD AT GUESSING.

MILLHEIM, Feb. 15, 1878.

ED. REPORTER:—Please translate the following, and insert in next issue of the "Reporter:"

As Ben Deininger has made the positive assertion to certain persons that I am the originator of the letter by "Jacobus," which appeared in the late issue of the "Reporter," written in Pennsylvania German, I beg the Editor to bear witness that I was neither the author nor the transmitter of said letter. ADOLPH MILLER.

We never say who is or is not the author of communications; in this case, however, we will say that Mr. Miller did not send above letter, and to the best of our knowledge is not the author of the famous "Jacobus" epistle.

—On last Saturday the 16th, inst, a very interesting game of base ball was played on the grounds of J. G. Sankey by the Pine Stump School club and the "Mountain" club, the contest ended resulting in 22 runs for the former and 8 for the latter club, this is the second victory for the boys of Pine Stump this winter, having distinguished themselves as victor at Rock Hill a few weeks ago.

THE GRAVE RESULTS OF ANDERSON'S CONVICTION.

Washington Dispatch to the Press.

Republican leaders in the Senate and House regard the conviction of Anderson in the Criminal Court at New Orleans, on the charge of making a false return of the vote for Presidential electors in the late contest, as the inauguration of a controversy which is likely to involve issues as serious as those only averted by he Election Commission bill.

— There is still a good assortment of winter Clothing on hand at Newman's Eagle Clothing Hall, Bellefonte, but the stock is going fast, and if you do not embrace the opportunity you will regret it, for there never was a better chance for bargains in ready made clothing. Newman is bound to have it go and if he loses on it, for he must have the room for spring and summer goods. Sternberg is there and will treat you like a gentleman and send you away pleased. Pitch in, pitch in, ere it be too late.

SUBSCRIBE FOR IT.

The most Popular, the Cheapest, and one of the best Magazines published in the World is Frank Leslie's Popular Monthly. The March number, now ready, contains, as does every copy of this publication, over 100 illustrations and 128 quarto pages filled with excellent matter. The articles on "Celebrated Light Houses, Ancient and Modern," by Professor Charles A. Joy, Ph. D. (seventeen engravings); A Visit to the Chinese quarter, San Francisco," by Mrs. Frank Leslie, (seven engravings); Victor Emmanuel, First King of United Italy," by W. Staughton Chase, (15 engravings); the Court of the Grand Monarque," by Henry Barton Baker (6 engravings), are highly interesting. The stories are excellent, especially "The Old Stone Staircase at Oglethorpe," by the author of "That Lass of Lowrie's; and the continuation of "The American Countess," by Etta W. Pierce. There is also a large amount of carefully selected miscellany, including History, Science, Travels, Fun, etc., and a pretty chromo frontispiece. The price for single copies is but 25 cents; Annual Subscription, $3, postpaid. Address Frank Leslie's Publisning House 537 Pearl Street, N. Y.

A building containing six stories burned in New York Sunday evening. Loss $1,000,000.

Send a copy of the Reporter to your friends in the west, and tell them to subscribe.

RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES OF CENTRE COUNTY from Jan. 1st, 1877, to Jan. 1st, 1878.

D. A. MUSSER, Treasurer of Centre county.

Jan. 1st. 1878.	DR.	
To outstanding taxes Jan 1st 1877		$42,428 60
To taxes assessed for 1877		42,152 43
To tax received of county commissioners		25,727 09
To cash received for redemption of U. S lands	118 47	
To am't transferred from Militia fund	14 06	
To cash received from Treasurer sales U S lands	286 29	
To county order rec'd on acct. last year's balance	2,700 53	
To com. note rec'd for balance	2,000 00	
To balance due Treasurer at settlement		1,199 08—116,716 55
Jan 1, 1878.	CR.	
By bal. at settlement Jan. 1, 1877	$4,700 53	
By warrants paid	55,877 84	
By unpaid taxes outstanding Jan 1, 1878	51,709 50	
By exonerations and commissions	2,328 68	
By salary	2,000 00	
By stationery allowed	10 00	116,716 55
By bal. due Treasurer attsettlement		1,199 08

D. A. MUSSER Treasurer, Centre Co., in account with Commonwealth of Penna.

Jan. 1 1878	DR.	
To balance due State Jan 1, 1877	264 32	
To outstanding taxes	6,391 56	
To taxes assessed for 1877		3,150 73—9,806 61
Jan. 1, 1878	CR.	
By am't outstanding taxes Jan. 1, 1878	4,682 08	
By State Treasurer's receipts	3,080 17	
By exonerations and commissions	113 84	
By Treas commissions	68 09	
Bal. in hands of Treas		1,862 43—9,806 61

MILITIA FUNDS.

Jan. 1, 1878	DR.	
To am't outstanding taxes Jan. 1, 1877		$59 38—59 38
Jan. 1. 1878	CR.	
By outstanding taxes Jan. 1, 1878	44 58	
By Treas. com. on 1406	74	
By am't transferred to county account		14 06—59 38

We, the undersigned, Auditors Centre county, do hereby certify that we have examined the above accounts of D. A. Musser, Treasurer of said county, and find them correct.

Witness our hand and seals this 22nd day of January, A. D. 1878.

WM. M'FARLANE, {L.S.}
A. J. GRIEST, {L.S.} Auditors.
JOS. M. GILLILAND {L.S.}

EXPENDITURES.

Commissioners Pay.

A. Gregg balance $1.15, services $675.-50	$680 63
J. N. Hall balance 65.09 services 655.-50	720 59
H. A. Mingle balance 4.92; services 442.50	446.81
H. Beck commissioners clerk	600.00-2,448 03

Jury Commissioners.

B Liggett bal. from 1876	37 68
Jno Rishel services	15 38
H Keller services	21 34
H Beck clerk to com.	35 00—109 40

County Auditors.

Wm McFarland services	30 00
A J Griest services	30 00
Jos Gilliland services	30 00
C L Buffington as clerk	30 00—120 00

Improvements and Repairs.

A Moore on jail contract	483 73
Wiley & Parsons, building walk C H	22 75
McClellan & Speer, lumber for C H	20 75
Wm Eckley lumber for C H	6 40
E H Carr hauling lumber for C H	1 60
T E Lyman spouting C H	10 50
B & S RR Columber walk at C H	10 63
J H Fellenbaum repairing at jail	14 75
J J Reynolds & Son range at jail	167 30
Jno Brachbill wall paper &c at jail	82 61
Jno McDermott paving jail	6 50
W S Galbraith work on range at jail	5 64
H A Williams painting and repairing at jail	147 00
J & J Harris, bill paints hardwarde at jail	129 62
G W Tate architect at jail	140 00
M W Cawdrick work at jail	5 40
John McDermont cess pool contract	146 98
H D Yeager, repairing furnace at jail	33 45
W Twitmire repairing hot air pipes at jail	36 50
T A Hicks & Bro hardware for jail	1 64
T I Lee repairing lock at jail	1 25—1,475 00

COURT EXPENSES.

Jurors pay	$5,815 46
Commonwealth cost	3,311 15
Tipstaves pay	436 20
J H Vosburg court reporter	735 00
W Reber court reporter 2 weeks	20 00
B Galbraith court crier	162 00
B Galbraith, janitor balance 1876, 275.-1400 janitor services	625 00
W C Heinle, entries in indictment docket	15 64
A Williams bal due at settlement 1876 11409 prothonotary costs 1877 261 63	375 72
L W Munson court proclamations	76 00
L W Munson, summoning juros	450 00—12,022 17

ORDINARY EXPENSES.

Norah McAllister, washing for prisoners	129 64
Robt McKnight gas bills for Court House and jail	443 05
J R & C T Alaxander coal bills for court house and jail	965 91
J H Dobbins medical services	100 00
Agricultural society appropriation	100 00
Western Penitentiary keeping convicts	450 32
Insane asylum (Danville) keeping	1,732 25
Assessors pay	2,158 25
Road views	729 90
Election expenses	1, 964 73
Refunding U S lands	21 11
Refunding taxes overpaid	166 79
Insurance on public buildings	394 00
Bridge views	101 50
Samuel Brugger Engr at bridges etc	431 13
J D Spering bridge Curtins	845 00
" " bill Howard	100 00
" " swearing viewers	1 50
Miles Zimmerman Karthaus bridge	1,096 00
H D Yerger bal Julian bridge	1 01
Dan'l Irwin work Julian bridge	5 00
M W Cowdrick Penns creek bridge	459 00
Murray Dougal & Co Penn creek bridge	1,664 00
Murray Dougal & Co Howard bridge	2,700 00
H C Holter painting Howard bridge	8 32
Jacob Pletcher lumber &c for Howard bridge	27 26
J C P Jones repairing Milesburg bridge 69 87 and 20 00	89 87
W W Spangler repairing Beech Creek bridge	8 31
Dask & Loneberger painting Curtin bridge	31 72
J J Harris bill paints &c for bridge	7 90
Wm Zimmerman repairs Karthaus bridge	2 00
Constables pay	408 79
Real estate paid for property at sale	425 00
Premium on collections	20 00
C M Bower commission on collection	88 30
Commissioners notes paid	6,605 00
Interest paid on notes and bonds	2,904 85
Commissions on lunacy	55 00
Scalp premiums	773 55
Teachers Institute	145 34
Inquests on dead bodies	58 21
Road damages paid	100 00
L W Munson bal 1876, 133000 on account 3,174 00	4 504 11
C M Bower salary ascomr's atty	75 00
H Y Stytzer stationery	26 57
Freight bills paid	7 84
Meals to Jurors paid to sundries	65 50
Jos Devling bal on Co line & drafts	7 00
S & A Loeb clothing for prisoners and jail	105 85
Harper Bro., clothing for prisoners and jail	8 25
Lyon & Co clothing for prisoners and jail	6 80
C T Fryberger clothing for prisoners and jail	3 00
A Williams judgment docket	24 50
J S Barnhart extra time in office	12 00
Kay Bros hand seal jury com	3 50
D Everhart building scaffold for painting jail	1 00
T A Hicks & Bros hardware C H	1 40
Horse hire paid sundries	5 50
W W Wolf putting in water back jail	4 00
H Vanbuskirk turners and shades C H	26 85
W S Galbraith sundry plumbing bill court house and jail	59 90
Wood for C H and jail and cutting same	37 50
Paid sundries cleaning cess pool	46 82
Robb and Kelly removing ashes court house and jail	2 75
W A Schroyer repairing chairs &c., court house	9 25
W W Wetzler repairing furnace jail	8 85
Jno McDermott repairing heater jail	2 25
H Hoffman repairing at jail	4 00
Alex Green cleaning cells	1 50
Geo Ulrich bounty due him	50 00
Jno T Johnson postage &c	25 34
Jos Fox repairing cells jail	13 65
Bond & Co chairs treas and comss office	17 72
Jos Devling revising U S land lists	40 00
Jno Powers repairing for prisoners	20 40
W A Tobias indexing in recorders office and burner	164 60
J Fellenbaum repairing locks &c jail	31 50
A Williams appearance docket &c	54 50
Jas O'Bryan repairing chairs C H	1 50
Susan Shope scrubbing office 3 times	5 25
T J Lee putting lock on office door	35
J A S Mallory repairing gate C H	3 80
E Joseph & Bro carpet hall at jail	28 42
I Guggenheimer matting for C H	19 80
C Fox removing plantains C H yard	7 00
C Garner cleaning pipes at jail	1 50
W F Reber copying and making duplicate	22 90
F P Musser making duplicate	36 00
W T Twitmire sprinkler and dust pan C H	1 05
L Willard cleaning flues C H	3 50
Jas Harris & Co hardware C H	3 85
F F Adams for chairs C H	2 40
Jos Devling work on U S land lists	3 50
Water tax	127 50
F Deshner keys for coal house	50
D M Glenn & Co ice for C H	1 50
Jacob Schrom binding mattings	1 00
Wilson & McFarland stoves for offices	52 87
H A Williams glazing C H & jail	13 92
D Gallagher repairing hydrant C H	2 00
H Beck chimneys for lamp &c	1 51
Danl Derr repairing gas pipes C H and jail	4 50
A Bartholemew digging ditch C H	1 25
O Kessler repairing assess books	35
Harper Bros covering for desks	3 25
B Galbraith crying U S lands sales	5 00
Wm Mann blank books	36 00
B M Nead guide books for offices	2 00
Alexander & Bower fees on 1st Nat bank case	25 00
S M Winters house holding appeals	5 00
M Hubler bill holding appeals	3 58
D A Musser on acct bal due '76	2,790 58
D A Musser orders for state tax	797 17
Commissioners expenses holding appeals and delivering duplicates &c	363 50
Orders of formers years paid	33 49
Total	$38 406 57

Printing bills.

P Gray Meek bal due 1876 1846 0 printing 1877 285.-25	$469 85
E T Tuten printing	207 35
F Kurtz bal due 1876 31 00 printing 1877 220 35	251 35
W Dellinger printing 1877	161 81
Reader & Beck print "	13 50
F L Hutter printing "	192 81—1296 67
Total expenditures	$55877 84
Orders drawn on road tax acct	604 34
Orders drawn on poor tax acct	425 39—1029 73

L. W. Munson Sheriff in account with Centre county:

Jan 7, 1878	DR.	
To jury fees received	64 00	
To fines rec'd Sam'l Bouch 5 00, G Breon 200 00, W Wagner 25 00 J Rishel 20 00	250 00	
To cash rec'd Martha Bathurst	25 00	
To county orders rec'd on acct	3700 00	
To purchase money on U S land	47 25—4086 25	
Balance	622 68	
		$4708 93
	CR.	
By boarding prisoners	$1942 00	
By conveying prisoners to penitentiary	784 00	
By summoning jurors	450 00	
By court proclamations advertised	76 00	
By advertising election proclamation	177 85	
By conveying insane asylum	192 00	
By advertising poor house election proc	559 25	
By filling ticks and bills sundries for jail	39 10	
By reward paid for Walker and Gallagher	125 00	
By amt paid Walker's bills at Curwinsville	57 00	
By amt paid expense bringing Walker from Curwinsville	30 60	
By services during riots 8 days	32 00	
By amt paid for police guards	18 15	
By watching jail 21 days and nights	31 50	
By advertising removal of fish baskets	9 00	
By removing fish baskets	185 48—4708 93	
By bal due Sheriff Munson at settlement		$622 68

State of Pennsylvania, } ss.
Centre Co.

We, the undersigned auditors of Centre County, do hereby certify that in pursuance of an act of assembly entitled "An act relating to Counties and Townships, and County and Towhawip offices," we met at the Commissioners office, Bellefonte, on the first Monday in January, 1878, and did audit and settle and adjust the several accounts set forth in the foregoing statement. In witness whereof we have hereunto set our hands and seals this 22nd day of January, A. D. 1878.

WM. M'FARLANE, {L.S.}
A. J. GRIEST, {L.S.} Auditors.
JOS. M. GILLILAND {L.S.}

CENTRE COUNTY, SS:

We, the undersigned Commissioners of Centre county, do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true and correct statement of the receipts and expenditures of said county from the first day of January 1877, to the 1st day of January, 1878.

J. N. HALL,
ANDREW GREGG,
H. A. MINGLE,
Commissioners.

Attest:
HENRY BECK, Clerk.

OUTSTANDING TAXES DUE BY COLLECTORS.

1871.		
H Cartin, Bellefonte	$207 28	
A J Hassinger, Benner	141 38—349 66	
1872.		
Jno Ward, Half Moon	256 97	
David Robb, Liberty	14 52	
Jas Gates, Snow Shoe	324 79—596 28	
1873.		
Chas Brown, Bellefonte	360 73	
*Daniel Malone, Boggs	56 38	
*S C Rarick, Marion	204 07	
Jos Ross, Spring	162 07—783 25	
1874.		
Jos Fox, Bellefonte	978 11	
Wm Riddles, Philipsburg	931 31	
D Lobr, Benner	223 52	
F Carson, Burnside	87 34	
F Kirchoff, Curtin	123 28	
Wm Cross, Halfmoon	8 72	
H B Wilcox, Rush	558 11	
H D Yeager, Snow Shoe	125 75-2981 14	
1875.		
Chas Brown, Bellefonte	1438 09	
*A J Graham, Philipsburg	188 76	
¶ P Shope, Milesburg	231 85	
*H L Barnhart, Boggs	458 18	
*J B Newcomer, Burnside	46 08	
*Jno T Lucas, Curtin	68 86	
*Perry Condo, Marion	94 76	
H B Wilcox, Rush	76 74	
Jas Watson, Snow Shoe	163 98	
¶ Jesse Swartz, Walker	13 85-2781 09	
1876.		
*Jno H Morrison, Bellefte	1426 47	
T M Hall, Milesburg	144 27	
*W C M'Cutchen, Philipsburg	552 59	
C Diehl, Howard bor	73 56	
*A Garbrick, Benner	708 51	
J C Walker, Boggs	518 28	
Wm Thompson, College	542 83	
*Wm Mann, Curtin	166 07	
H C Campbell, Ferguson	210 49	
Jno Krumrine, Gregg	320 78	
*John Kettner, Haines	25184	
J T Stewart, Harris	310 11	
*D W Kline, Huston	191 33	
John A Stever, Liberty	374 07	
D Harter, Marion	687 90	
D Kessner, Miles	55 13	
Wm Weiser, Penn	705 76	
G W Koch, Potter	1026 68	
F H Dale Rush	199 81	
John Noll, Spring	706 14	
Jos Thompson, Snowshoe	112 14	
Jno H Beck, Walker	445 50-9720 66	
1877.		
Jno Kechline, Bellefonte	3599 91	
R L Shirk, Milesburg	471 22	
I Gorton, Philipsburg	572 66	
H C Halter, Howard boro	297 88	
R W Ammerman, Union ville	198 17	
U Stover, Benner	1485 94	
W S Loy, Burnside	197 24	
J C Walker, Boggs	1317 97	
E Musser, College	2128 66	
C Singer, Curtin	259 50	
W F Fry, Ferguson	3033 69	
F D Hosterman, Gregg	2862 72	
J H Wiles, Haines	2354 64	
John Myers, Harris	1862 12	
Geo Gensmer, Half Moon	987 54	
D W Kline, Huston	439 22	
J M Kline, Howard	865 15	
D Robb, Liberty	863 28	
D W Orr, Marion	1217 93	
Joel Morris Miles	1603 07	
G W F Gray, Patton	1048 84	
Wm Smith, Penn	1985 90	
Henry Swab, Potter	3699 27	
F H Dale, Rush	889 24	
H I Tibbins, Spring	2291 25	
Jos Thompson, Snowshoe	378 10	
Wm Miller, Taylor	431 22	
Wm Spotts, Union	292 47	
J T Dungle, Walker	2345 12	
H Williams, Worth	300 39-40170 50	
Total outstanding taxes	$57391 58	

* { Paid in part since settlement.
¶ Paid in full since settlement.

FINANCIAL EXHIBIT of Centre Co.

Jan 1, 1878.	DR.	
To notes and bonds outstanding	$2092 87	
To bal due D A Musser, Treas., at sett	1199 08	
To bal due Sheriff Munson at sett	622 68	
To bal due A Gregg, comr at sett	58	
To bal due J N Hall comr at sett	25 34	
To bal due H A Mingle, comr, at sett	81 81	
To bal due A Moore on contract	7 50-84029 86	
Jan 1, 1878.	CR.	
By notes of sundry persons	2660 81	
By amt due on hands of att'y for collection