The Centre Reporter.

P. GRUNDY KURTZ.....EDITOR.

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CENTRE HALL, Pa., Sept. 7, 1876.

TERMS.—$2 per year, in advance, 2,50 when not paid in advance.

Advertisements 20c per line for three insertions, and for 6 and 12 months by special contract.

FOR PRESIDENT:

SAMUEL J. TILDEN, of New York.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT:

THOS. A. HENDRICKS, of Indiana.

ASSEMBLY:

JAMES F. WEAVER, Milesburg,
W. K. ALEXANDER, Penn.

ASSOCIATE JUDGES:

JOHN DIVENS, Walker,
MAJ. SAM'L FRANK, Miles.

JURY COMMISSIONER.

JOHN RISHEL, of Gregg.

IMPORTANT TO VOTERS.

To secure the right to vote in Pennsylvania, all persons must be assessed two months before the election and have paid a State or county tax (either will do) within two years. In case the tax is paid this year, it must be a month before the election.

Foreign born citizens wishing to vote next November must take out their naturalization papers a month before the election. They must also be assessed two months previous to the day of voting, and must have paid a tax as above.

The election will be held on Tuesday, the 7th day of November.

Wed'say, September 6, is the last day for being assessed.

Thursday, October 5, is the last day for securing naturalization papers.

Thursday, October 5, is the last day on which taxes can be paid in legal time to vote.

The above dates should be carefully remembered and acted on by all voters.

The Republican cackles a hatful over its county ticket. Next fall it will be in mourning and its favorites up Salt River. Better spend your wind on agricultural topics, neighbor.

The Democracy of Elk county have declared in favor of Hon. L. A. Mackey's re-nomination for Congress. This being the last county in the district to speak, settles the matter in favor of Mr. Mackey. We look for the withdrawal of the names of Col. Bush, of our county and of Hon. Andrew Reed of Mifflin, when the conference meets, so that the deserved compliment of a nomination by acclamation for re-election may be extended to Col. Mackey, who has represented this district so ably and with fidelity. Every democrat feels proud of our representative in congress, and even some of the republican organs have spoken in terms of praise of his services. We are not disappointed, and feel proud that the Reporter was one of the first papers in the district to bring him forward for congress. His first term reflects credit upon him and he will be returned with a majority greater than the extraordinary one given him two years ago. We predict that Col. Mackey will serve a second term with the same fidelity that characterises his first.

Grant and his household in company with some of the leading ringsters, and jobbers intend putting in a nice time, the last two months, at public expense, in a government vessel. The little affair described below will cost several thousand dollars. The coal to run the vessel, the hands on board, the provisions, vines and all other expenses of a steamboat pleasure trip, will be drawn from the public treasury just as the expenses for similar junketings have been taken from the public purse heretofore, and is a clear steal. A despatch from Washington, 28 ult., says: Having secured a sufficient amount of money by retiring a large number of active navy officers, and make all the political capital possible by falsely asserting that the Democratic House forced him to do it, Secretary Robeson finds himself pecuniarily able to give the White House ring its annual junket at the Government expense, and set sail to-day in the United States steamer Tallapoosa for a two-months pleasure trip. The party at the start was rendered small by the fact that the President and main body have already gone to Philadelphia, besides the jolly Secretary, eighteen pieces of the Marine Band and a full supply of highwines and other necessaries. The vessel to-day only carried off the regal crowd, J. L. Redfern, who loves Robeson and his contracts, about equally; a son of ex-Senator Cole, of California, and Commodore B. W. Taylor. At Philadelphia, however, the circle will be filled out, as the programme has it, by the President and Mr. Grant Colonel Fred and wife, Ulysses, jr., Mrs. Marshal Sharp, Miss Bessie Sharp, Mrs. General Dent, B. C. Dent, et id omne genus. The Tallappoosa has been announced for a week as loading with freight for one of the sloops-of-war at Norfolk. It will proceed to Philadelphia, Newport and Rye Beach, furnishing free accommodations, &c., for a prolonged trip to the Centennial and along shore.

Gen. M'Clellan in his letter endorsing Tilden well says: "It is now abundantly evident that had not a Democratic House been elected in 1874, it would have been impossible to unearth the various instances of maladministration that have come to light, and it is equally clear that until the Government passes into the hands of the Democrats, we shall never know the whole truth, whatever it may be, and we need to know the truth as to the past, that it may serve to guide us in the future."

The N. Y. Sun, like the Reporter well says that business men all over the country are crying out for a total change in the character of the Administration. To secure that, they must vote for Tilden, well knowing that the election of Hayes will mean the continuance of Grantism, with its Zach Chandlers, Secor Robesons and Don Camerons still ruling the roost.

Hayes sent a letter to Grant a short time ago telling him that he endorses his administration. Just as we said all along. How can reform be expected from Hayes then?

James B. Belford, a son of Dr. S. Belford, of Lewistown, has been nominated for congress by the Colorado republicans. But Colorado goes largely democratic, you see!

A CHANGE.

But the Times of to-day, for party reasons, vilifies Mr. Tilden to its heart's content. It finds nothing to say either for or against Hayes and Wheeler. Its main efforts are directed against Tilden and Hendricks. It assumes a sort of guardianship over the Democratic tigers, but neglects the Republican oysters. It laments over the recent coalescence of Democrats, and fears that our reunion will help the Republicans? Next November will settle that. The people demand a change of administration, and will have it. The days of the Republican party are numbered!

TILDEN'S REFORM.

In his dealings with the rogues who had gained access to some of the most important positions in his State, Gov. Tildea has displayed the manner in which he will pursue the work of reform when the control of the affairs of the nation is placed in his hands. He has been but about eighteen months in the Executive chair of New York, yet in that time he has originated and carried into operation, measures which have reduced the expenditures in one department only to the extent of two and a half million dollars annually. He has also exposed and completely destroyed an elaborate system of frauds by which the State has been annually robbed of large amounts of its canal revenues, he has broken up the largest most influential, and most compact of the plundering rings which have infested the state. He has driven out of the field, and in some cases into the State prison, the horde of dishonest contractors and officials who were stealing the people's money. He has carefully watched the proceedings of the Legislature, and by vetoing improvident acts, has reduced the appropriations for general purposes about a million of dollars. He has caused the State taxes to be cut down nearly fifty per cent. This is reforming in a way that the people can understand. Honest and dishonest alike can appreciate at its full value such services as these. The former show their estimate of its value by rallying to his banner; the latter by straining every nerve to prevent the inauguration of this kind of work at Washington. The mass of the people is however, enrolled on the side of honesty, and is determined to give the Great Reformer the widest possible scope for a display of his genius in the field which, with such eminent success, he has cultivated in New Hork.

CLASS DISTINCTIONS.

In the administration of the government all political and religious differences, all distinctions of race and color, must be utterly and irretrievably abolished. Those who being invested with authority, use their influence to stir up strife between the different races under their control, are enemies of mankind and obstructors of the advance of civilization. The present Executive is guilty of this heinous crime, and asks for permission to continue in the opportunity for its commission. The public is however, aroused to the necessity of placing its strong restraining hand upon these men; it knows that the scenes of turmoil and bloodshed, with the records of which our Republican brethern are continually assailing our ears, will never cease until, as Governor Hendricks tersely puts it in his letter of acceptance, "the power for evil is taken away from a party that makes political gain out of scenes of violence and bloodshed, and the constitutional authority is placed in the hands of men whose political welfare requires that peace and good order shall be preserved everywhere.

WHY "DON" WAS APPOINTED.

The Sun in its issue of 28 ult. tells it as handsomely as truthfully why Simon's Don was appointed. It remarks that the President's isolation was growing painful. His trusted friends were stepping down and out on every side, each with the nation's hiss of "thief!" in his ear. Schenck, Belknap, Shepherd, Williams, Delano, Creswell, Babcock, carpet-baggers, brother-in-law, whisky thieves, bribe takers, an endless procession of the President's favorites marching down into the shades of historical infamy. He had thought he would continue to the close without loading up with Simon Cameron. Simon had led him on various fishing excursions into the wilds of Pennsylvania, and between drinks and bites, poured into his ear the tale of Don's extraordinary accomplishments, and still Grant had remained firm. But he was in sore want of a new prop to lean upon—the old ones being rotten and shaky—and in the eighth year of his disgraceful administration he staggered up and fell against Simon Cameron as the last hope of support. Simon solemnly agreed to pull him through—to save him from repudiation by his own party—to nominate a candidate for President who would not be objectionable, and to carry the November elections in the good old Pennsylvania style.

The Bellefonte Republican has a profusion of correspondents. The fellow who does up its Millheim epistles gives the Reporter a few sly digs. One thinks we are a fool for supporting the democratic ticket, because certain democrats are seeking to injure the Reporter; another says the Reporter is aroused from its "languor and comatose condition." This is too bad, we mean the "comatose." If some ill-disposed Democrats are seeking to hurt the Reporter, they do it without cause. There is no democratic paper in the state that can show up a truer record of devotion to the party than the Reporter, although some for whose election we have worked have "fooled" us. With very few exceptions, thus far, all candidates elected by our party, and with the aid of the Reporter, and its numerous friends, have dealt fairly with us and have acted like honorable men and good democrats, and if some choose to act a different part and go "back on us" as the Republican's correspondent has it, we do not see that such conduct should make us swerve from Democracy or that it makes us a "fool" either. If the above writers think the county treasurer, or the sheriff, or any other officer whom this paper and its democratic friends in Pennsvalley in good faith assisted to elect, intend to "go back" on the Reporter, we are not a "fool" on that account, for we had a right to expect the same fair treatment that was shown us by all previous officers, and prefer to leave the matter for our democratic friends to think over.

The radical camp is thinning out for good men. Here is the way those go who don't endorse Hayes and Grantism:

General Sigel who has been the Republican candidate for Secretary of State of New York—the gallant German soldier—is for Samuel J. Tilden.

Gideon Welles, the honest Secretary of the Navy in Lincoln's Cabinet, is for Samuel J. Tilden.

Ex-Gov. Palmer, of Illinois, the friend of Lincoln, and the gallant soldier, who was elected Govenor of his State by the Republicans, is for Samuel J. Tilden.

Montgomery Blair, another member of the Lincoln Cabinet, and one of the original members of the Republicon party, is for Samuel J. Tilden.

Ex-Governor Curtin, of Pennsylvania, one of the great lights of the Republican party during the war, and since, is for Samuel J. Tilden.

Charles Francis Adams, the ablest of our foreign ministers under Lincoln's administration, is for Samuel J. Tilden.

A Frenchman has discovered that there are seventy-one different kinds of whales. In November the Americans will discover another one—a Hayes whaled, Wait Til-den.

THE N. Y. "TIMES" THANKS MR. TILDEN.

"If anything can arouse the New York public to that pitch of indignation which alone becomes them in the present crises it is the account which we publish today. Here we have, thanks to the labors of Mr. Samuel J. Tilden, full and conclusive evidence that Wm. M. Tweed differs only from a common thief in having stolen tens of thousands instead of tens of dollars."—The N. Y. Times, Oct 26th, 1871.

The democratic state convention, of New York, met at Saratoga, last week and did a magnificent thing—it nominated Horatio Seymour for governor by acclamation. Ex-Gov. Seymour week before the convention met persistantly refused to be considered a candidate. The people have called upon him and his patriotism will lead him to obey the call.

Heratio Seymour has declined the nomination for Governor of New York unanimously tendered him by the democracy of that state. His reasons are ill-health and a desire to hold no more offices. The ex-governors declination will be received with regret all over the country. The state committee will fill the vacancy.

Col. Hyatt's Military Academy is one of the institutions of which Pennsylvania should be proud. Not long ago, a member of Congress on the floor of the House said that it was a question with many competent judges "whether their drill was inferior to that of the West Point Cadets." Physical training should go along with the mental and the moral to accomplish the best results of a good education. To be simply a good scholar is not enough. Too many small boys with pale intellectual faces and puny bodies are seen going to the schools all around us. Their physical development seems to have been overlooked altogether. They may become learned, but they will be very likely to die early.

It is a satisfaction to know that there are some schools where great stress is laid upon the health of the body and its normal development. Nothing secures this so perfectly as a wise military drill under well-trained instructors. This is found under the very best conditions at the Pennsylvania Military Academy near Chester. Col. Hyatt, its head, is an army officer, and his corps of teachers are among the most competent in the land. The curriculum covers a full range of studies, professional and practical, including literature, the sciences and art fitting pupils for business or professional life.

The September school-days are approaching. The parental mind is agitated by the question "where shall my boy go?" For one, we should seek for him an institute that, while it gives all the advantage of a finished education, adds to it a discipline that improves the physical health, promotes the fullest and finest bodily development, secures a manly bearing, and instills habits of obedience to authority, and other good principles, that can nowhere be so well taught as in a school such as we have named. The Colonel, will be pleased to send a circular of information to all who wish it.

Hon. Heister Clymer of Pennsylvania, who became the bete noir of the Republican press as soon as he caught Belknap in his crime. Before that he was rather well thought of by the Republicans, but they never forgive any one who catches an official thief. To Mr. Clymer's ability and promptness in forcing Belknap's confession the Grantities justly ascribed their failure in re-nominating the President, and a large part of the gloom that now enshrouds their cause.

Col. Bob. Ingersoll.—Col. Ingersoll, who nominated Blaine at Cincinnati, has gone to stump Maine. He is the most brilliant of Radical orators, and the ablest infidel in the United States. He entirely disbelieves in the existence of God, and showed the courage of his opinions by officiating recently at the funeral of his father-in-law, at which he would permit no religious ceremony.—*Portland Argus.*

Lewisburg, August 28.—The democrats of Union county in convention assembled to-day nominated John Walls for Congress, A. H. Dill for Senator, D. W. Pellman for Sheriff, Martin Rudy for Associate Judge. Union will improve handsomely on her former democratic votes.

The New York Times wants Tilden to withdraw. And that would be a good thing for Haye's, would it not? Well Uncle Samuel will not be ready to withdraw until 4 th of March, when he will withdraw to the white-house.

Furrows six miles long are talked of on a farm in Dakota. That's nothing—the democrats will plow a furrow through the radical Hay field that will extend from Jersey to California.

At last the Republican ticket is completed, and we see clearly the candidates between whom we are to choose. Which is it to be, Tilden and Hendricks, or Hayes and Kilpatrick?

Has Mr. Bristow, the great internal Reformer of the administration, anything to fear from revelations as to his manner of conducting the Whisky Ring prosecutions, that he is trying to make himself so serviceable in the Republican canvass?

If Governor Hayes is annoyed that so little notice is taken of him by either side in the present canvass, why does he not endeavor to do something that shall be worthy the attention of his fellow-citizens?

The difference has just here, Hayes tells what he will not do, and Tilden tells what he will do. The one is an equivocation—the other is a pledge.

Where you come across a knot of three men abusing "old man Tilden," you will find that two of them are office-holders who expect to loose their "jobs."

"If it takes every Northern man and every Northern dollar we must hold the Union together," said Mr. Tilden when Fort Sumpter was bombarded.

The New York World has no doubt that Mr. Tilden will, in his own way and time, think it not unbecoming his position "to set his foot upon the charges."

Every Southern State which has been ruled by Republicans since the war has doubled its debt. Extravagance and corruption mark every footstep of that party.

Business will not revive nor will work be plentiful until something occurs to give capitalists confidence. An honest man like Tilden in the White House would do it.

The New York Tribune, which excellently represents the views of the Republican party, says:

"The more Gov. Tilden's letter is read the less it is liked."

Col. Robert Ingersoll, who stumps Maine for Hayes, is a brother of the former member from the Peoria District in Illinois, who amassed such a large fortune by his skill at Poker, and built an elegant Washington residence with the winnings of one session. Perhaps Bob. who believes in nothing else, believes in his brother Clark's system at Poker.—*Portland Argus.*

What kind of a campaign is it to call Gov. Tilden a "perjurer," and a "swindler?" Is that your "bloody-shirt campaign with money in it," or your "financial campaign without money in it?

The Boston Herald asks what we should do for a President since Speaker Kerr's death, if Grant and Ferry should die,

The blacks are threatening to burn the town of Monroe, in Louisiana. This is a good cause for sending troops down there to control the elections and keep the whites from voting for Tilden. Forwards, Don, Ulysses, Patterson and old Zack and just as well old Nick too.

The Pittsburg Post, August 31, says: Oil at four dollars per barrel at the well has made rapid fortunes for those who held quantities in tank. This is the first visible wave of success since September, 73, and will infuse new vigor into many departments of industry directly and remotely connected with the production of oil. This city will feel the effects, and already we notice cheerful faces replace the funeral expression of the past few years.

THE PUBLIC DEBT STATEMENT.

The debt statement shows a reduction during August of $3,119,369.92. The amount of coin in the treasury is $62,511,866. Currency balance, $11,066,805; special deposits of legal tenders held for redemption of certificates of deposit, $31,880,000; coin certificates, $39,969,800.

An old lady of Danville, Ill., proceeded to flag her son, a young man of sixteen years, for coming home at 1 o'clock drunk. The son resisted her efforts and in the scrimmage both mother and son fell a distance of twelve feet out of a window. The mother was killed. A coroner's jury acquitted the boy of any imputation of crime.

The following appears in a Picton (Ont.) paper: "Notice—God helping me, I am determined to save myself and as many of my fellow-sufferers as possible from the snares and traps of all hotel-keepers and whiskey-sellers. By my own weakness, and their cupidity, I find myself well-nigh ruined in every respect, and am determined to redeem the past by a sober future, and I warn and caution every man in the trade that should they ever again give me the intoxicating cup, under any pretense whatever that I will surely bring them to justice, as I mean this and will perform what I say.—John H. Wanamaker."

A QUESTION EASILY ANSWERED

Governor Hendricks Squarely Supported the Government During the Rebellion.

[From the New York Sun of August 25 1876.]

TO THE EDITOR OF THE SUN—*Sir*: I am frequently told by Republicans that Gov. Hendricks during the war was disloyal; that he was for peace at any price, and that he was opposed to sending soldiers from Indiana to fight for the Union. Can you give me any evidence to confute these charges? A TILDEN MAN.

The best witness in regard to Gov. Hendrick's attitude toward the Government during the rebellion is Gov. Hendricks himself. Below will be found, in his own words, uttered in April, 1861, an explicit declaration of his belief that it was the duty of the citizens of Indiana to give the Government an honest and earnest support in the prosecution of the war until it should be brought to an honorable conclusion:

[Indianapolis Journal, Thursday, April 25, 1861.]

INDIANAPOLIS, April 24.

MR. EDITOR: My attention has been called to an editorial in the Journal of this morning, in which it is stated that at a Union meeting held at Shelbyville, a few evenings since, a committee was appointed to wait upon me, with the request that I should speak; that, being called upon by the committee, I refused to speak, saying that I had no hand in originating the difficulty, and would have nothing to do in extricating the country from its perilous condition.

The writer has been wholly misinformed. I never heard of the appointment of such a committee, and suppose none was appointed. No committee waited upon me with such a request. Had I been so honored, I certainly would have responded. I have never withheld my views upon any question of public interest from the people of Shelby county. Upon all occasions, when it appeared proper, I have expressed my opinions in relation to our present troubles. Since the war commenced I have uniformly said that the authority of the Government of the United States is not questioned in Indiana, and that I regarded it as the duty of the citizens of Indiana to respect and maintain that authority, and to give the Government an honest and earnest support in the prosecution of the war, until, in the providence of God, it may be brought to an honorable conclusion, and the blessings of peace restored to our country, postponing until that time all controversy in relation to the causes and responsibilities of the war. No man will feel a deeper solicitude in the welfare and proud bearing of Indiana soldiery, in the conflict of arms to which they are called, than myself.

Allow me to add that, in my judgment, a citizen or newspaper is not serving the country well in the present crisis by attempting to give a partisan aspect to the war, or by seeming to pervert the cause of the country to party ends.

Respectfully,
THOMAS A. HENDRICKS.

FIRES.

Tyrone, Sept. 3.—Alberts Brothers' steam saw mill and Jonathan Boyerton's lumber yard, together with the railroad company's water tank at Woodland, Clearfield county, Pa., was burned this morning. The fire was caused by an incendiary. About 1,000,000 feet of sawed lumber and 40,000 pickets were destroyed. Loss on lumber, $15,000. Insured for $5,000 or 6,000. Loss on mill $25,000. Insured for $9,000.

St. Hyacinthe, Ontario, Sept. 3.—A destructive fire broke out here this afternoon in the bakery kept by M. Chapel, near the post office, and spread rapidly till it reached the river, near the Grand Trunk railway bridge. The flames ran down both sides of Main Street, taking in their course the St. Hyacinthe, Quebec and National banks, post office, market and court house, factories and over eighty wholesale and retail stores. At three p. m. the fire had spread, by means of burning cinders, to three parallel streets and burned everything up. People had no time to save a stitch of clothing. At seven p. m. six hundred houses had been burned. A steam fire engine arrived from Montreal by a special train at 5.30 p. m., too late to be of much service. Hundreds of families are homeless, with nothing to eat. The loss is roughly estimated at $2,000,000.

A CARD TO THE AMERICAN PUBLIC.

For many years we have made two medicines suited for the ailments of a vast class of sufferers. Thousands of cures have been made by them, and in fact, the word failure could never be coupled with them but within the last two years counterfeits of our medicines have sprung up, dangerous in their close imitation of our trade mark. To secure the people we have placed upon each genuine box of Holloway's Pills and Holloway's Ointment the name and fac simile of the signature of our Agent, Mr. Jos. Haydock. To counterfeit this is a felony. We shall relentlessly pursue any one who imitates this with the utmost vigor of the law. We most earnestly beg that the great mass of the American people will aid us in our efforts to protect their health, and help us in our task of bringing these most unprincipled men to the bar of justice. Uniformly refuse to purchase Medicines purporting to be ours unless Mr. Jos. Haydock's signature is attached to each Box of Pills or Pot of Ointment and the end will soon be reached.

The public's obedient servants,
HOLLOWAY & CO

ONE OF FORNEY'S REPUBLICAN HUMORISTS.

From the Detroit Free Press.

Clapp, the Government Printer, who was put in office by Grant because Congress kicked him out for fraud, has come out for Hayes. He would be an awful lonesome thief if he did'nt.

The thirty-second call for the redemption of 5 20 bonds of 1865 was issued on Friday,

MOLLY MAGUIREISM.

ASSASINS OF THE FIRST PROMINENT VICTIM DISCOVERED

The Same Assassins Convicted of Other Murders—Astounding Revelations Anticipated — Hartranft's Letter of Denial—Gowen Does not Take Back a Word.

[Special to Phila. Times.]

MAUCH CHUNK, PA., August 27.—On Saturday evening, December 2, 1871, Morgan Powell, then Assistant Superintendent of the mines of the Lehigh Coal and Navigation Company, fell the first prominent victim of the Mollie Maguires. He was the first mine boss that was murdered. The deed was committed in the maine street of Summit Hill, at 7 o'clock in the evening, immediately after Powell had left the store of Harry Williamson to return to his residence at Lansford, subsequently noted as the scene of the brutal murder of Powell's successor, John P Jones. Three men were directly implicated in the murder. One of these, the smallest, approached Powell from the rear, reached over his shoulder and shot him through the breast. The bullet passed through Powell's body and lodged in the spinal column, and the wound proved fatal the Monday morning following at six o'clock. The night being very dark, the assassins escaped. E. W. Clark, Esq., President of the Company, offered a reward of $1,000 for the arrest of the murderers, and Carbon county added $900. Two men—Patrick Breslin and Patrick Gildea, of Summit Hill—were arrested for the murder, but were entirely innocent, and the first-named was discharged on habeas corpus while Gildea was tried and acquitted.

The Murderers of Morgan Powell are now known. They are Jack Donahoe, alias "Yellow Jack" Donahoe, Alexander Campbell and another whom it is not policy now to name. "Yellow Jack" is the man who fired the fatal shot. He is a Schuylkill county man and a very bad one. He is the Mollie who initiated into the order Jimmy Kerrigan, the "squealer," in Campbell's cellar at Tamaqua. He is now under conviction in the jail at Pottsville for complicity in the murders of Gomer, James Sanger, Ured and the shooting of the Majors. District Attorney Niewers has filed a petition asking the Court to award a writ of habeas corpus adreferendum direct to the sheriff of Schuylkill county, and on Tuesday Captain Peeler, of the Coal and Iron Police, will bring "Yellow Jack" over the mountain, when he will be indicted for this atrocious murder. The trial will take place in October.

The accomplice, Campbell, is now in jail here, convicted of murder in the first degree in the Jones case. His motion for a new trial will be decided to-morrow. The argument being the same that was presented in the previous cases of Doyle and Kelley, it is believed that the motion will be denied. Then it will be taken to the Supreme Court. When the Morgan Powell murder occurred Campbell was working in the mines, and it was after this that he moved to Tamaqua and kept the saloon that has since become so notorious as the headquarters of these things. Without going into detail, I can say that the evidence against Donahoe for the murder is overwhelming and positive. The people throughout this region rejoice at the prospect that this murder is at last to be avenged. It was the first of the series that have since been committed, and startled the people as none has since done. For four years, until Jimmy Kerrigan unsealed his lips, it was shrouded in impenetrable mystery. Astounding light will be thrown upon it ere the close of the Centennial year.

A LIVELY PASSAGE-AT-ARMS WITH MR. GOWEN — DENIALS AND CONTRADICTIONS.

The Grand Army of the Republic dedicated its cemetery at Summit Hill, near Tamaqua, on Tuesday. Mr. D. M. Eveland, of the Tamaqua Courier, presided at the ceremonies, and read a letter from the Governor, in which he says: In your letter you briefly allude to a statement in circulation in your vicinity that I had contributed $500 to a fund to employ counsel to defend the parties called Mollie Maguires accused of murder in the counties of Schuylkill and Carbon. This statement you can renounce to be unqualifiedly false, as well as the insinuations made by Mr. Gowen in his recent speech to the jury in one of these trials at Pottsville. If Mr. Gowen meant to convey the idea that my action as an official was in any way influenced by any bargain, arrangement or understanding with any one, directly or indirectly associated with the society known as the Mollie Maguires, then his statement is untrue and he knows it to be.

A reporter of the Philadelphia Evening Bulletin called upon Mr. Gowen on Saturday to ask what he had to say in regard to this letter. We quote: "Mr. Gowen, glancing hastily over Gov. Hartranft's letter, said slowly and rather hesitatingly: 'I don't know; I have nothing—I have nothing to say in reply. All that I said came out in judicial proceedings, and any reply to be made through the same source.' 'Oh!' Mr. Gowen,' the reporter exclaimed, 'I didn't understand the matter in that light.' As the reporter said this he advanced to the door as about to leave, when Mr. Gowen, who was standing in the middle of his office, hastily strode up to the reporter and said, with a peculiar smile, 'If Gov. Hartranft said what I said is not true he is a liar. Give him my compliments.'"

DEMOCRATIC COUNTY COMMITTEE 1876.

Chairman—JOHN HOFFER, Bellefonte.
North Ward—J. W. Gephart, "
South Ward—John M. Keichline "
West Ward—J. C. Harper, "
Howard Borough—Balser Weber.
Milesburg " Wm. A. Kerlin.
Phillipsburg Borough—Ed. Munson,
Unionville " S. A. Martin, Fleming.
Benner Twp—Dr. W. P. Rothrock, Bellefonte.
Boggs—Edward Johnson, Milesburg.
Burnside—R. Mulholland, Pine Glen.
College—Frank Taylor, Lemont.
Curtin—John McClosky, Howard.
Ferguson (Old Precinct)—R G Brett, Pine Grove.
Ferguson New " Sol Gates, Rock Spring.
Gregg—John Coldren, Spring Mills.
Haines—H A Mingle, Aaronsburg.
Harris—J H Meyer, Jr., Linden Hall.
Half Moon—J H Griffin, Half Moon.
Huston—Adam Krebs, Martha.
Howard—S R Leathers, Mt. Eagle.
Liberty—W H Gardner, Blanchard.
Marion—Wm Larson, Walker.
Miles—Ruben Kreamer, Wolf's Store.
Patton—Wm Reed, Buffalo Run.
Potter—Wm B Mingle, Centre Hall,
Penn—D A Musser, Millheim.
Rush—T J Dunkle, Sandy Ridge.
Snow Shoe twp—Austin Hinton, Moshannon.
Spring—J G Laurimer, Pleasant Gap,
Taylor—Wm Calderwood, Port Matilda.
Union—Wm M Sholl, Fleming.
Walker—Ambrose McMullen, Hublersburg.
Worth—Aaron Reese, Port Matilda.

We will send the Reporter until after the campaign for 25 cents. Reader, send us the names, and help the cause of reform.

For the Reporter.

CHRISTIAN UNITY.

St. Paul says: Endurance to keep the unity of the Spirit in the bonds of peace, Eph. 4:3, i. e., Be united in affection and live in peace, according to the leading of the Holy Ghost. But to particularize on this subject, I will discuss it under three divisions:

1. THE NATURE AND EXTENT OF CHRISTIAN UNITY. What is it? It is the spirit of Christ, a product of the Holy Ghost in the heart, and if a man have not the Spirit of Christ, he is none of His, Rom. 8:9. It is a Spirit of love—mutual love—love to all the saints—not only in name, but in deed. By this shall all men know that ye are my disciples, if ye have love one to another, says Christ. It is a spirit of humility. Pride causes contention; it is the opposite of humility. Paul and Barnabas, though largely imbued with the Holy Ghost, were not fully humble, and hence, there was a sharp contention between them at Antioch, Acts 15:39. In the absence of humility we often hear such utterances as these: I am more righteous than he, Stand off, &c. It is a spirit of forbearance, Col. 1:13. Long suffering, long mindedness, the exercise of patience toward those who injure us. It is the essence of true Christianity.

2. TO WHAT EXTENT MAY CHRISTIANS BE ONE. I answer, all Christians may be one in faith, in love, in prayer, and in effort. Union in these essential things would soon explode jealousy and bigotry from the christian world. The writer does not mean organic, but fraternal union—oneness of mind and spirit, heart and soul—union in essentials, liberty in non essentials and charity in all things. On this broad ground all the followers of Christ can meet.

2. HOW MAY THIS UNITY BE MAINTAINED AND PROMOTED?

I answer:

1. By decided effort, striving, especially striving together, reading, praying and laboring to this end.

2. By regarding the compact between us as christians. All christians are united in bonds of fraternal amnity. They are bound together by friendship, harmony and good understanding. A practicable disposition and deportment is the bond that binds all christians in one. Discord cuts it asunder. It should, therefore, be carefully guarded and strengthened by all believers.

3. WHY SHOULD THERE BE UNITY AMONG CHRISTIANS? What are the reasons? The arguments used by the apostle are the following:

1. Says he: There is one body, one church of which Christ is the Head and all believers are members. And this one church is a living organism of which Christ is the Life.

2. There is one spirit. The Holy Spirit the soul of the whole church is animated and governed.

3. One Hope. The hope of eternal life. The hope that Christ has forgiven me all my past sins and will forgive me all my future sins, that in all the burdens of life, He will be near to help me, that in the Valley of the Shadow of death, He will be be with me to cheer and comfort me, that a mansion of glory awaits me on the other shore and that I shall be forever happy in the presence of my God.

4. One Lord. Jesus Christ, the Lord of glory 1 Cor. 2:5. The Lord from Heaven, 1 Cor 15.47. The Head of the Church, the Savior of the body. Hence it is said: Be ye one, your Lord is one, see Acts 4:12.

5. One Faith.

1. One grace of faith, the gift of the Holy Spirit.

2. One doctrine of faith. All believe in one and the same doctrine of Salvation. All who are saved are saved and justified by Him.

6. One Baptism. In the name of the Father, Son and Holy Ghost—one door into the Church of Christ. All are by one spirit baptised into one body, not one more, but one baptism. There are many modes, but only one baptism.

7. The God and Father of us all, who is above all and over all and among us all as in his holy temple. All, therefore, who endeavor to divide the Church, do all they can to divide God himself, who decrees in His church as in His temple. Therefore the apostle says: keep the unity of the spirit in the bond of peace, for there is one Body, one spirit, one Lord, one Hope one one faith, one Baptism, one God and Father of all—pursue the apostle's idea a little further, one congregation, one Sunday School and one prayer meeting.

8. The diversity of gifts and graces Christ bestowed, contains an argument for the preservation and promotion of the unity of the spirit as also the different measures and degrees of those gifts and graces. All come from one and the same author and tend to the same end—the glory of Christ and the salvation of souls.

9. The variety of offices and officers Christ instituted, all tend to this end.

1. He gave his church Apostles, a class of men sent forth by His own mouth to spread the gospel and gather the people into Congregations, Acts, 2 1.2.

2. Prophets to foretell future events and explain the writings of the old and New Testaments.

3. Evangelists. They were sent out by the apostles, a kind of itinerant preachers. Some to plant and some to water Church as already planted.

4. Pastors and teachers, bishops and elders, guides and instructors of the church, v 11,12. Christ has afforded us every possible help to keep the unity of the spirit.

CONCLUSION.

Should not, then, ministers and laymen, all Christians labor earnestly to keep the unity of the spirit? How often, though do the enemies of the Cross of Christ go away from the Church, with reason to say: See how these Christians hate one another, instead of, See how they love one another. How they break their swords over each other's heads, instead of breaking them over the Devil's. How they waste their ammunition at each other, instead of wasting it on the powers of darkness and the Legions of Hell, that the victories of Christ may be extended. These things ought not so to be. If all were to adopt the Apostle's Creed and rule their conduct according to its principles and teachings, we should, then, have unanimity and acquiescent peace and harmony among us. Then would the followers of Christ be ruled by faith and charity, rather than by creeds, Liturgies, Rituals and their own selfish theories and schemes, and God would abundantly bless them, so that they could rejoice in His abundant mercy.

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