Gettysburg Compiler.

FRIDAY, NOV. 6, 1868.

CAMPAIGN SUBSCRIBERS.

This issue of the COMPILER completes our engagement with campaign subscribers. All who desire to have the paper continued—and we trust there are many such—will please notify us before next Friday. The names of those who do not so signify will then be stricken from the list.

We beg all to remember, however, that the battle with Radicalism is not yet over. This country can only be restored to genuine peace and prosperity under Democratic rule; and so believing, we shall fight on, never doubting the ultimate triumph of the "GOOD OLD CAUSE." The readers of the COMPILER will find it, if possible, more earnest and out-spoken than ever, and none the less deserving of their patronage.

THE elections over, our readers may look for greater variety in these columns. Whilst keeping pace with the political movements of the day, the tastes of all will be catered for. The Farming and House-keeping column shall have our best attention; the first page will have much to entertain, amuse and instruct; whilst the local department shall be kept as full and fresh as possible. In no direction will effort be spared to make the COMPILER a welcome visitor everywhere, in town and country.

Though one of the very largest papers in the State, it should not be forgotten that it is published at the old price of $2 per year, in advance. Whilst our list is large, the books are still open.

How will the coming Congress meet the question of debt and revenue? Unless the latter is increased the former will be augmented in a material degree. The Radicals removed taxation from several departments of business. But this was a mere election-bearing trick. Since that time the debt has mounted rapidly, and now some means must be devised to stop progress in this direction, or both the business and credit of the nation will suffer still more seriously. A reduction of the expenses would be the proper starting step. But that, the leaders of the party in power will not agree to. It would disband their organization at once. Taxation is the only feasible loophole for the Radicals, and they will have to increase the burdens of the people. How will they relish this exhibition of Radical care for the masses?

SIXTY THOUSAND FEDERAL OFFICIALS.—Said Governor Seymour in his Cleveland speech: "A short time ago, when I was in Washington, I gratified my curiosity by looking over the 'Blue Book' to see how many of these officials there are in the country, and I found that there are more than sixty thousand." These sixty thousand are the regularly appointed and registered officials and do not include the special subordinates who number thousands more. What an army of leeches to be living upon and sucking the life blood out of the productive industry and the bone and sinew of the country!

ONE of the "trooly loil" men of Georgia having recently stated in the Georgia Legislature that one hundred and sixty negroes had been killed in Stewart county, in three months, the Coroner thereof certifies that for the last two years there have been but five persons killed and one drowned. One negro killed by his wife, one by the Union League, one white man killed by the Sheriff of Marion county, and the other two the jury did not know who did the killing.

WE are told that the Radical Election Board at Petersburg took the vote of a *mulatto*. Can it be possible that political depravity has sunk the Republican party so low a depth in that district? The matter calls loudly for investigation.

CESSNA'S "TEN STRIKE."—We must do John Cessna the justice to admit that he made a "ten strike" at the late election. To show our readers how it was done, we copy the following from the official returns of Bedford county:

Adams, Radical, for Surveyor, had 2668 votes.
Cessna, " " Congress, " 2658 "
Cessna's "ten strike," 10

That is, Cessna's "ten strike" consisted in his being struck ten votes below the Radical candidate for County Surveyor.—*Valley Spirit.*

THE Democratic party returns at once to the conflict with Radicalism, and gives battle anew for liberty and law. With a reckless faction of Radical politicians directing the legislation of the country, and with a raw and inexperienced soldier in the chair of President, our republican institutions were never so greatly imperilled. The unceasing vigilance, courage and patriotism of the Democracy alone can preserve American liberties.—*Patriot.*

As the eastern-bound mail train approached Van Wert, Ohio, the engineer, Israel Adams, noticed a small child on the track. To stop in time to save it he saw was impossible, and running out on the cow-catcher, and reaching down, he caught up the child and lifted it upon the engine without injuring a hair of its head, although he was in great danger of losing his own life.

PAR ORDRE DU ROI—BY THE KING'S COMMAND.—These are the French and English titles of the two versions of Victor Hugo's new novel, to be published at an early day by D. Appleton & Co. They purchased the early sheets of M. Lacroix, who pays the author 300,000 francs. In size and literary importance the work ranks with "Les Miserables," and its appearance in Paris is anticipated with even keener interest than was that romance, owing to recent events in the life of the author which have brought his name afresh to the sympathy of his fellow-countrymen. The scene of the story is laid in England.

MASSACHUSETTS, like Oliver Twist, is always asking for more, and she gets it. The Philadelphia *Ledger* says: "Massachusetts, by continual hammering, has just got $261,000 more of her 'war claims' allowed by the Treasury."

A GERMAN philosopher predicts that the continents of the Old and New Worlds will one day be submerged. Nobody, however, need be alarmed. The philosopher says that this event will take place in about five hundred million years.

EUROPE has 102,061 miles of railway in operation.

DEFEATED—BUT NOT DISMAYED.

The Democratic party, though defeated last Tuesday, will yet triumph. The people will not always be blind to the wrongs and iniquities of Radical rule. Knowledge will come by suffering, if not otherwise.

To adopt the language of the Age, it is idle at this time to speculate upon the causes which led to our defeat. Fraud, bribery, intimidation, the lavish and unscrupulous use of money, corruption in its worst forms, and open and undisguised villainy, have *done their work effectually*, and the apparent triumph of Radicalism today is stained and blackened by almost every conceivable crime in the criminal calendar. We had hoped that the masses of American freemen, who love their country, and, whatever may be the present adverse verdict, will not permit our free institutions to be sacrificed by wicked and designing partisans, would have risen in their might, and would have swept from existence the reckless crew now driving the old Ship of State upon the breakers. But although disappointed in this expectation, we do not despair of the Republic. As far as the Democratic party is concerned, *the fight has only begun!* From this day forth the Democracy will renew the battle, undismayed by present disaster, and unappalled by the temporary cloud which envelops them. We feel that a greater responsibility now devolves upon us than ever, to watch with zealous care the successful party, and to thoroughly expose all their mad and traitorous schemes to overthrow the Union and the Constitution. Being purely a party of principles, not wedded to men but to doctrines, the future of the great Democratic organization will be as its past—steadfast in its devotion to principle—unyielding in its advocacy of right—contesting every inch of ground with a corrupt opposition—defiant and aggressive in defeat—and unfaltering in its onward march to ultimate victory. The old flag which has so often braved the battle and the breeze, will not be lowered for a single instant. The well disciplined legions that have met disaster before and have born it, as they do now, like brave men and gallant soldiers, will not give up an inch of ground to an insolent and mercenary foe. To-day we again call the Democratic roll! To-day we again buckle on the Democratic armor! To-day, before the smoke of the battle has cleared away, before the contending armies have left the field, before the ringing shouts of the victors have died upon the breeze, we again proudly advance the Democratic banner, hopefully believing that THE RIGHT, though now obscured by Wrong, will yet prevail, and urging in all earnestness and faith our Democratic brethren, who fought so gallantly last Tuesday, to remember, that,

The world rolls Freedom's swelling wave,
And ripens with is sorrow;
Keep heart!—who bears the cross to-day,
Shall wear the crown to morrow!

GRANT IMPOTENT TO GOVERN!

A Mr. William Jones, of Neenah, Wisconsin, is stated by the Boston Evening *Transcript* of the 31st ult., to have recently made a political speech *at the place of his residence*, in which is given the subjoined epistle:

BAY VIEW, near Lanesville, Mass., August 25, 1857.

MY DEAR SIR: I have read your letter to Mr. Smith, upon the proposed nomination of Grant, with much interest. Its criticisms on Grant's career are just, but what will you do? You cannot get it or anything else concerning Grant that is not laudatory published, and why? *Because both sides are courting him for the Presidency, and so the truth must not be told.* We are, I fear, to try the experiment again that we did with Johnson, *i. e.*, nominate a man for supposed availability, *without knowing his principles or fitness. Grant's election will be a misfortune because it will put in a man without a head or heart, indifferent to human suffering and impotent to govern.*

I am yours truly,
BENJ. F. BUTLER.
W. Jones, Neenah, Wis.

THE ELECTIONS.

Though not full, enough returns have been received to render certain the election of Grant and Colfax. The general estimates are that they have carried Pennsylvania by 15,000, Ohio 85,000, Indiana 8,000, Illinois 50,000, Michigan 20,000, Minnesota 5,000, Missouri 8,000, Nebraska 4,000, Wisconsin 12,000, Connecticut 3,000, Rhode Island 6,000, Maine 23,000, Vermont 30,000, West Virginia 8,000, and Tennessee 20,000.

The following States have been carried for Seymour and Blair: New York by 9,000, New Jersey 3,000, Maryland 35,000, Delaware 2,000, Kentucky 75,000, Georgia 20,000, Alabama 10,000, Arkansas 5,000, Louisiana 20,000, North Carolina 5,000, South Carolina 5,000, Oregon 800—with California claimed by both parties.

Grant will probably have 183 electoral votes and Seymour 108.

PENNSYLVANIA.

The following majorities are reported *from counties in this State:*

For Seymour—Berks 6,000, Bucks 650, Cumberland 450, Fulton 800, Lehigh 1,900, Lycoming 225, Montgomery 1,800, Schuylkill 600, York 2,650.

For Grant—Chester 2,800, Dauphin 2,100, Erie 3,300, Franklin 200, Lebanon 1,500, Susquehanna 1,500, Lancaster 6,000, Allegheny 9,000, Union 825, Mifflin 75, Philadelphia 1,603.

JOHN T. HOFFMAN, Democrat, is elected Governor of New York by probably 20,000. The Democrats also carry the Governor of New Jersey by a handsome majority. Thus do the Democrats make gains of Governors in two important States.

GAINS.—The Democrats gained eight or ten Congressmen at the elections last Tuesday. They will also gain United States Senators in New York and New Jersey.

ALL the Democratic candidates for Congress in Maryland are elected. Hamill has 460 majority over Weisel in the Allegany, Carroll, Frederick and Washington district. A Democratic gain.

THE internal revenue receipts have fallen off fully thirty thousand dollars per day. This indicates a frightful stagnation in business. But this decline is insignificant as compared with that which will occur if the debt be still further increased and the taxation prolonged, as the Radical party desire. The resources of the land will become more and more contracted and the burden of taxation proportionately heavier and harder to bear. The financial issue is of equal importance to business men and the laboring classes.

AN apple tree at Perry Narrows, Ct., is said to be now bearing a second crop of blossoms and leaves.

MURDER NEAR HAGERSTOWN.

It has already been stated that Andrew Rowland, a farmer, residing four miles from Hagerstown, Md., was mysteriously murdered on Sunday night week. The *Hagerstown Mail* has the following additional particulars:

An examination of the wife of the deceased disclosed the fact (according to her statement) that Mr. Rowland had been killed about one o'clock in the night, by some one to her unknown. She stated that Mr. Rowland, accompanied by Lewis Snyder, had been to *Boonsboro', during* Sunday; that they had returned about half-past nine o'clock the same night; that she was in bed sleeping; that upon being waked up and asked by Mr. Rowland, she got up and prepared supper; that after they had partaken of supper some time was spent in conversation, when, about midnight, all retired for rest; that she first retired, and afterwards Mr. Rowland, and that both soon fell asleep thereafter. She then stated that she was waked by a noise and a groan from her husband; that upon calling him he failed to answer other than with a groan; that, becoming alarmed, she screamed, and, jumping out of bed, aroused her father, who had been sleeping in the third room from her's, who hastened to the spot, and heard some one stumble over a chair in his effort to escape from the house. And then followed the awful intelligence, upon a light being produced by Mr. Charles F. Gelwicks, her father. Mr. Rowland lay a bleeding, ghastly corpse, foully and brutally murdered. The testimony of all who slept in the house—Mr. Charles Gelwicks, a son and daughter of Mr. Rowland, and Lewis Snyder—was of like import, and nothing like a clue could be gained who it was that committed the foul deed. No light was thrown upon it, but from the testimony of Mr. Gelwicks it was evident that no one could have committed the deed who was a stranger on the premises, as two very cross dogs, he said, would have given the alarm.

The murder seemed so mysterious that it was deemed advisable by the physicians, Messrs. McKee, Tobey and Blake, to perform an autopsy on the deceased, to ascertain how or with what instrument he came to his death. The examination disclosed the fact that death must have resulted from a club in the hands of some one, as the left side of his face was mashed in, a deep hole having been made near the temple, and his cheek and jaw bones broken. Owing to the awful character of the murder and its mysterious nature, the jury adjourned to meet in Hagerstown when called together, without signing any verdict, in the hope that a little time would reveal some light upon the dark transaction.

Thus matters stood until the following day (Tuesday), when H. H. Keedy, State's Attorney, accompanied by Esquire Biershing and several constables, revisited the premises, and from *circumstantial evidence, deemed it* advisable to place Lewis Snyder under arrest, who was accordingly brought to town, and lodged in jail.

On Wednesday the jury was reconvened, when testimony of such a character was brought before it as justified the State's Attorney in ordering the arrest and lodgment in jail of Mrs. Rowland, and on the same evening she was brought to town and is now confined in the county prison. For reasons that are not deemed necessary to subserve the ends of justice, the facts that led to the arrest and imprisonment of Mrs. Rowland, as accessory to the death of her husband, are withheld for the present. The case will be brought before the grand inquest of the county, when it is to be hoped that the guilty party or parties may be ferreted out and justice meted out to them, and the innocent proved so, and acquitted. No such murder has ever been committed in this county. Such a shocking, brutal murder, in the very heart of the family circle, is so chilling to the blood that we cannot dwell upon its startling enormity. It has shocked and unnerved our entire community.

Mr. Rowland was a member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows of this place. He had his life insured for the sum of $5,000, in the Knickerbocker Life Insurance Company, one-half for the benefit of his wife, and the remainder for the benefit of his children by his former wife. At his death, his wife would be entitled to $100 from the treasury of the Odd Fellows, besides the $2,500 insurance, which will doubtless be paid her, if her innocence is established.

We neglected to state that suspicion having been aroused that poison had been administered the deceased, the physicians have caused the stomach to be taken from the body, and despatched it to Professor Aiken, of Baltimore, for chemical analysis. The result of this investigation is not yet known.

MORE ABOUT THE MURDER.—Since our last some additional facts in relation to the murder of Andrew Rowland have been brought to light. Three negroes have been arrested and are now lodged in jail, one a woman, the wife of one of the parties charged with the murder.

Circumstances were brought to light through the untiring diligence of H. H. Keedy, Esq., the State's Attorney, aided by that able detective, Capt. William Colklesser, to the effect that Mr. Rowland had been killed by some one concealed in the house. A negro named Carrol, living in the immediate vicinity of Rowland's, was arrested and testified that a man named Harry Weaver had offered him, some time back, the sum of $500 if he would kill Rowland, but he had refused. He stated further that Mrs. Rowland had made various propositions to induce him to commit the deed, but that he refused her also, stating among other reasons that he refused because he was afraid he might fail. He was let off at first, on a small bail for his appearance at Court, but Capt. Colklesser being on the trail had Carrol re-arrested, together with his wife, both of whom were committed to jail. From the testimony of Carroll's wife, a negro man named *George House* was also arrested and committed to jail on suspicion of being an accomplice of Carroll's. Mrs. Carrol in her evidence stated that during the Sunday night on which the fatal deed was committed, House was there all night, possibly about midnight she waked and found that her husband was not in bed; that she got up, struck a light and found both her husband and House were not in the house; that later in the morning after she had retired, and had fallen asleep, she was wakened by her husband coming to bed, who asked her if she did not hear cries of murder, telling her to listen, that the cries were being then repeated, &c. Other evidence was adduced, which it is not proper here to report, but from the testimony thus far it is believed that the light thus far thrown upon the murder will lead to its revelation.

Since writing the above a telegram has been received announcing the fact that Capt. Colklesser, through a Pittsburg detective, had caused the arrest of Harry Weaver, at Pittsburg, for whom a warrant will be at once issued, and the Sheriff despatched with a requisition from Gov. Bowie on the Governor of Pennsylvania for the arrested party.

Mr. R. was not, as stated, an Odd Fellow at the time of his death.—*Hagerstown Mail.*

FRIGHTFUL ACCIDENT.—About noon yesterday a heartrending accident occurred in the hall of the Executive Chamber. A man named George Hannam, hailing from Mount Joy, Lancaster county, was *in the vicinity of* the Capitol all morning and was very anxious to see Governor Geary. He inquired as to his whereabouts, and was answered that he was not in his office. This did not satisfy him, however, and he went up the steps leading to the Executive Chamber, and, when up to the height of about fifteen feet, lost his balance and was precipitated over the banister down upon a tile floor. No bones were fractured, but the concussion bursted an artery in the head, causing him to bleed profusely, which led to his death in about an hour after the occurrence of the accident. An immense quantity of blood oozed from his right ear. Medical aid was promptly summoned, but the injuries sustained by him were so serious that his recovery was impossible. For some time it appeared as if his pulse was getting stronger, and faint hopes were entertained that he might withstand the terrible wound received, but they were soon dispelled by symptoms strongly indicating the near approach of death. Life struggled determinedly, but the "grim monster" proved himself the stronger, and thus another spirit wafted its flight to eternity. The poor fellow survived the fatal shock an hour. He was apparently about forty-five years of age.—*Harrisburg Patriot of Tuesday.*

ST. LOUIS, MO., October 31.—Five men attempted to rob the First National Bank at Alton, Ill., early this morning. While they were at work drilling the vault, Mr. H. Fuller, a private watchman, arrested one of the parties, who was outside watching, when the remainder of them attacked the officer, cut his head dreadfully with a steel bar, and shot him through the heart, causing instant death. The robbers then escaped, leaving behind them all their tools. One thousand dollars reward is offered for the arrest of the murderers.

A GENTLEMAN of eighty-five, in Maine, recently led to the altar a bride of eighty.

A LEAD mine has been discovered at St. Clair, Mo., by following the furrow of a mole.

School Directors' Duties.—The last number of the Pennsylvania *School Journal* has the following sensible article on the importance of school directors visiting schools:

The duty of visiting the schools is considered one of the most important duties that directors have to discharge in the administration of the system. The law makes the duty imperative, and no person should accept the office of school director unless he is willing to perform it. When well done, its effect is always to make the schools more efficient. It encourages good teachers and exposes poor ones. It stimulates pupils in their studies. It enables directors to ascertain the exact condition of the schools, school houses and school grounds. On the whole, so high a value does the Department set upon the local supervision of the schools that it always expects to find schools of districts which are regularly and systematically visited by Boards of Directors, according to the provisions of law, other things being equal, *fifty per cent.* better than those of districts in which the schools are entirely neglected in this respect; and this estimate is made from personal observation in hundreds of districts.

The Lady's Friend, for November.—We take pleasure in calling the attention of our readers to this "Queen of the Monthlies," which we can assure them has no superior among the Lady's Magazines. The sweetest domestic group we have seen for many a day, smiles out from the fine steel plate in front of the present number. The colored fashion-plate is picturesque and elegant, while it is as faithful as ladies or modistes could ask; and the wood-cuts, giving full information in all departments of dress, and useful and ornamental patterns for the work-table, are beautifully executed, especially the Parisian Skating Costumes, in front. The music is the Roxborough Polka, and the literary department opens with the continuation of "Fleeing from Fate"—a striking and superior story, in Louise Chandler Moulton's highest style. "The Debarry Fortune," a very fine story, by that *charming writer*, Miss Amanda M. Douglas, is also continued. Then we have "Oliver Hatch—His Enemy," by Virginia F. Townsend, and fine articles by August Bell, Leslie Walter, Frances Lee, &c. The Prospectus for the next year contains unequalled *inducements to new subscribers*, and we advise our readers to send for a specimen number (which is furnished *gratis*), and avail themselves of the Publishers' munificent offers. Published by Deacon & Peterson, 319 Walnut street, Philadelphia, at $2.50 a year (which *also includes a large steel engraving*). Four copies, $6. Eight (and one gratis), $12. "The Lady's Friend" and "The Saturday Evening Post," $4.00.

The American Farmer, Baltimore, for November, is on our table—a very interesting number, containing among others, the following articles: Seven Propositions with regard to the Economical Use of Manures—Manures the Test of Good Farming—Saving Manures—Wheat and Clover—The Yield of Wheat—Cutting Clover vs. Pasturing—Advice to Beginners in Fruit Culture—Fall Pruning of Grapes—The Strawberry Market—&c. The *Farmer* is published by Worthington & Lewis, Baltimore, Md., at $2 per annum.

A Southern Excursion.—We learn from the Hagerstown *Mail* that Mr. Daniel Dechert, one of the proprietors of that paper, contemplates making another excursion through the States of Virginia and North and South Carolina about the 18th of November, accompanied by quite a large party. Persons wishing to join the excursion will be furnished half-fare Railroad tickets from Hagerstown, and will also have the benefit of cheaper hotel bills than when traveling singly.—Those wishing to join the party should notify Mr. Dechert at once.

Local Department.

TOWN COUNTY AND SURROUNDING COUNTIES

ADAMS COUNTY.—OFFICIAL.

The following are the majorities in the several districts of this county:

	SEYMOUR.	GRANT.
Gettysburg,		117
Cumberland,	23	
Littlestown,		11
Germany,	72	
Oxford,	63	
York Springs		212
Millerstown,		16
Berlin,	100	
Menallen,		160
Hunterstown,	30	
Franklin,	56	
Conowago,	30	
Heidlersburg,	25	
Mountjoy,	21	
Mountpleasant,	184	
Hampton,	64	
Berwick bor,		14
Freedom,		22
Union,	123	
Butler,		32
Berwick twp.,	52	
Highland,		15
	852	599
	599	

Seymour's majority, 253

The Democratic majority at the October election in this county was 341. The falling off is attributable to the discouraging effect of the October elections in Pennsylvania, Indiana and Ohio—an effect which was felt, with more or less force, in every quarter of the Union.

Resigned.—Rev. H. C. Grossman has resigned the New Chester Lutheran charge.

Court.—November Court will commence on Monday, the 23d, and continue two weeks. Forty-eight Traverse Jurors have been drawn for each week.

Large Yield.—From a seven acre field of Hon. James H. Marshall's farm, near Fairfield, 1,100 bushels of ears of corn have just been husked. Can York or Lancaster beat it?

Financial.—Occupied entirely with the political campaign, our financial affairs have been neglected. As a consequence, large paper bill on hand, with nothing to meet it. Friends in arrears, give us "a lift," WITHOUT DELAY.

Border Damages.—Franklin county has put in 1,504 claims, Fulton 127, Perry 5, Bedford 47, and Cumberland 132. Adams will probably have 1,000, and York several hundred. The claims in the aggregate will reach from $1,500,000 to $2,000,000.

Survey.—Lieut. W. H. Chase, of the Engineer Corps, U. S. A., is now engaged in making a topographical survey of the Gettysburg Battle-field, under orders from the War Department. By a notice in another column it will be seen that he desires the stakes and bench-marks to remain undisturbed until the survey is completed.

Monument.—The *crowning statue* for the Monument to be erected in the National Cemetery reached Gettysburg last week It represents the Goddess of Liberty, and stands 12 feet high, weighing 14,000 pounds. It was modeled and cut in Italy under the supervision of the sculptor Rodgers. The monument itself will not be put up until spring.

Death from Lock-jaw.—About two weeks ago, Miss Maggie, daughter of Thomas A. Marshall, deceased, of Carroll's Tract, met with an injury in the foot by tramping on a nail in a loose lath. Causing little pain, no apprehension was felt; but on Thursday following symptoms of lock-jaw presented themselves. Prompt and unremitting medical help was given, and everything possible done for the relief of the agonized suffer—but all without avail. She died on Sunday night. Her age was about 15 years.

Property Sales.—George Bupp recently sold his property, in East Berlin, to Nathaniel Nickey, for $2,200. Two days after Mr. Nickey sold it to W. B. Moul for $2,500.

A. W. Flemming has sold a half lot, in West Middle street, Gettysburg, to Thomas Browning, of Washington, D. C., for $150 cash.

Messrs. Beck and Bierbower have purchased the two new houses of Nicholas Weaver, on Chambersburg street, at $2,400 each.

Hotel Improvement.—Mr. George A. Corwell, on the Chambersburg pike, near the top of the mountain, has greatly improved his hotel property. When there, recently, we were agreeably surprised with the marked change in appearance. A broad piazza across the entire front gives an air of additional comfort to the house; whilst large new stabling and shedding welcome the traveller's horse and vehicle. George is a clever landlord, and is now better prepared than ever to accommodate the public.

Arrested for Stealing.—Wm. Bloomhung and Theodore Richards, hailing from the mountain back of Emmittsburg, were arrested and lodged in jail here on Tuesday, charged with stealing a bag and flour, crout stand, &c., from Jacob Baker, at Two Taverns. They travelled in a one-horse wagon, and in addition to the above articles, had on board a bag of screenings, a bag of oats, a bag of buckwheat, &c., stolen *from George Lawrence and others*, along the Maryland line.

Railroad Bondholders' Meeting.—The Bondholders of the Gettysburg Railroad met in the Arbitration Room of the Court-house on Friday afternoon last. Hon. S. R. Russell was called to the chair, and E. G. Fahnestock appointed Secretary. George Swope, Esq., the Trustee, stated that the meeting had been called at the request of a number of the Bondholders, with a view to getting a more general expression of opinion on the question of foreclosing the mortgage. After discussing the matter for some time, a resolution to sell the road was adopted. Messrs. E. G. Fahnestock, W. D. Himes and D. A. Buehler were appointed a committee to take in charge the interests of the Bondholders, either in the purchase of the road entire, or the pro rata share of such as may desire to participate in the purchase. We suppose, therefore, that early steps will be taken to carry out the action of the meeting.

Another Supply.—B. C. Cobean, Chambersburg street, near the Keystone House, has just been to the city and laid in a large supply of Hats, Caps, Boots, Shoes, Notions, &c., which he can sell at reduced prices. Great variety to select from, of best manufacture. Call and be satisfied.

His stock of Harness is attractive, as heretofore, and no one can offer superior inducements. Purchasers in this line are asked to see for themselves. No trouble to show goods. nov6 3t

DAMAGE CLAIMS.

The "Damage Commissioners" will be here again next Tuesday and Wednesday, to receive the remaining claims. The following were presented at the first sitting, week before last:

	Real.	Personal.
A.		
Arendt John		$115 85
Albert George		456 00
Asper Jacob W.		250 00
Asper Jonas		50 00
Albert Eliza		200 00
Allison William		358 70
Albert Henry		150 00
B.		
Brown Andrew		120 00
Bucher Isaac M.		400 00
Benner Christian		1,098 49
Buehler E. B. et al.	$1,136 10	161 40
Brenneman Jonathan		150 00
Baer Abraham		175 00
Boller William		125 00
Boller John	100 00	105 00
Brame Adam		490 00
Brown George		210 00
Bittinger George F.		210 00
Brough Emanuel		227 00
Basehoar Jacob G.		175 00
Bollinger Adam R	90 00	350 16
Brown Jacob		520 50
Beecher David		799 50
Bricker David		333 00
Bucher Samuel		330 00
Bucher Henry		325 00
Brinkerhoff David C.		372 50
Beitler Daniel (estate)		104 00
Bushman Michael	400 00	317 50
Baily Joseph		618 00
Butt John jr.		427 50
Barrett John	130 64	140 00
Brough Jacob		130 00
Boyer John		426 25
Bricker Leonard		982 80
Bender John		1,119 37
Brown Joshua		217 00
Bowers Isaac H.		295 00
Beard Samuel	618 00	555 00
Biggs Basil	826 00	690 80
Bender Daniel		685 00
Blythe Robert R.		74 50
Brown Daniel		700 00
Brame Marks		500 00
Beams David K.	151 50	945 25
Bucher Samuel		778 00
Biesecker Jacob sr.		486 00
Boyer Charles A.	300 00	1,418 18
Beard George		225 00
Bishop Simon S.		168 00
Bucher Jacob		220 00
Buhrman Charles H		500 00
Biddle William E.		900 00
Bollen Jacob		100 50
Bollinger Ann M		571 00
Budy Francis M.		215 25
Barker Joseph		175 00
C.		
Cobean Samuel	388 00	802 40
Cobean Samuel A.	358 80	284 00
Cleaver John		150 00
Culp George R.	8 50	282 75
Conrad John		150 00
Cook Jesse		150 00
Conrad Thomas	30 00	289 25
Carson George C.		175 00
Culp George	478 50	628 90
Cline Jesse		300 00
Cook Josiah		175 00
Chronister Jacob B.		215 00
Chronister David		350 00
Chronister Benjamin		303 00
Cashman Jane		250 00
Currens Alexander	2,750 00	1,178 27
Clock Henry		585 00
Culbertson Hugh		923 25
Cownover Peter	350 00	929 85
Carl D.		160 00
Cook Thomas E.		190 00
Crouse William F.	100 00	
Cashman Amos		209 00
Cline Samuel		200 00
Cochran John		150 00
Cleveland John		197 25
Culp William		1,759 50
Crouse Daniel		343 00
Cobean Samuel		128 76
D.		
Durboraw Isaac N.		371 50
Deardorff Joseph		106 00
Deatrich Abraham		100 00
Drorbaugh Reuben		122 00
Deardroff Isaac	100 00	289 00
Dull John (estate)		140 00
Danner J. V.		727 90
Deatrich Jacob J.		100 00
Deardorff Benjamin		1,606 25
Doersom Adam	25 00	608 62
Dotters William H.	25 00	380 31
Deardorff George L.		150 00
Deeter Elias		400 00
Detrich Boreas		150 00
Deardorff Isabella		981 50
Deardorff Ephraim	125 00	140 00
Deardorff John		1,173 70
Dustman Henry	239 90	140 00
Dill A. B.		130 00
Deardorff Jacob	1,729 41	2,340 41
E.		
Eppelman Henry		204 00
Elcholtz Benjamin		150 00
Elcholtz John		125 00
Eichinger William		155 00
Ebert John		200 00
Eyster Samuel		115 37
Eckenrode Jacob C.	554 00	833 00
Eckert L. H.		100 00
F.		
Frey Peter	1,003 97	2 00
Fetterhoff Eliza		162 64
Fehl Henry		127 00
Fisher Abraham		330 00
Freeman Samuel	65 00	135 00
Fleck Joseph		339 00
Fidler Peter		371 00
Fidler Peter of J.		300 00
Fidler George		140 00
Fohl George		180 00
Felty Catharine V.	110 00	200 00
Felty John F.	200 00	215 00
Fickes J. H.		140 00
Funk John		285 00
Fleck John		329 00
Fesser John		198 00
Ferguson William S.		172 00
Flickinger Lafayette		125 00
Forney William		117 00
Forney John S.	987 00	225 00
G.		
Gallagher James		285 00
Guldon William		335 20
Guldon John		140 00
Gallagher Samuel		300 00
Gallagher Charles M.		223 00
Gallagher John		236 00
Grayson Nathaniel		190 00
Gwynn Catharine	679 00	44 39
Guise Abraham		150 00
Golden Jonathan		288 00
Gilbert John G.	10 00	512 68
Geary John M.		120 00
Gelbach Joseph	150 00	1,010 10
Gardner B.		897 00
Griest C. W.		1,887 50
Ginting Peter	560 32	75 00
Grist Josiah		150 00
Geyer William		80 00
Grostcost Daniel		335 50
H.		
Hoffman Henry		162 00
Hoopert Daniel		125 00
Howe David		300 00
Hamilton John	86 00	408 00
Howe Catharine		240 00
Houghteling William H.		250 00
Hoffman Daniel		150 00
Heagy David A.		220 00
Howe John		115 00
Hann Philip		1,615 00
Heagy Jacob		166 00
Hoffman Jeremiah	25 00	372 77
Hankey John (estate)	1,687 35	482 22
Herbst Jacob	1,737 26	962 10
Hartzell John J.		785 00
Haines Joseph		214 35
Howard George		122 68
Hill William		300 55
Hollinger & Herbst		1,841 81
Hoffman John		230 00
Hoover Jacob		40 00
Hamilton William S.		312 00
Heagy Jacob		90 00
Hoffman William H.		426 50
Hartzell Henry		123 00
Horting John	285 00	253 00
Hardman John M.		274 14
Hess Joseph		234 00
Hess Cornelius		251 50
Hassler Henry		68 40
Howard Andrew	25 00	285 40
Hummer Peter		150 00
Hartman Elias		250 00
Hollebaugh B. G.		125 75
K.		
King Daniel	200 00	137 50
Kennedy Thomas		150 00
Kalbfleisch George F.		1,886 94
Koch Frederick		110 00
Koser Henry G.	60 00	988 00
Kaufman Christian		300 00
Kittinger Joseph W.		186 00
Kready Jacob	87 50	118 50
Kugler Michael	150 00	442 00
Kittinger E. P.		191 00
L.		
Larimer John	50 00	400 16
Livingston George F.		180 00
Leer William		350 00
Leer Michael		340 00
Leer John		60 00
Lerew David P.		300 00
Lyster Lydia	841 50	218 75
Lisher William S.		464 68
Lady George	230 00	351 00
Lenz Joseph jr.	200 00	488 50
Lentz Samuel		140 00
Lightner Nathaniel	600 20	370 00
Landis Henry M.	50 00	384 74
Lutz John		60 00
Lerew David		300 00
Leeper Jesse	24 35	377 48
Lightner Isaac	1,489 70	291 57
Lauver John		200 00
Livingston Jacob		350 00
Little Israel	114 70	484 00
Livingston Abraham		285 00
Lens Henry		200 00
Little Alexander		560 88
Leonard Daniel		345 00
Lott George W.		149 79
Lady Jacob		1,110 50
M.		
Monfort Henry	840 00	439 95
Martin John	285 00	570 00
Myers Philip		150 00
McCullough James	100 25	404 75
Myers Ephraim		325 02
McCullough William		264 00
Mummert Samuel		150 00
Mickley George		270 00
Millar Jacob B.		151 50
Miller John P.		350 00
Mackley Samuel	179 00	868 45
Miller George F.		185 00
Myers John Henry		265 00
Miller Samuel B.		1,250 51
Myers Anna		100 00
Miller Benjamin		150 00
Meals Jacob		308 00
Myers Conrad		190 00
Maring John	15 00	270 25
Meyers Israel	200 00	1,149 00
Moore George A.		384 00
Miller Jacob		680 00
Meyers Eli		300 00
McDannell Henry	430 00	458 39
McNair Samuel S.	225 00	2,440 50
Majors John H.	100 00	623 00
Miller Isaac		415 00
McAllister James	1,127 50	115 50
McIlheany Victor		779 00
Marsden J. H.		75 00
Marshall James H.	200 00	1,029 12
Moritz Samuel S.		542 00
Martin Samuel		921 48
Monfort George B.		238 00
Meyers Eli		175 00
Meyers