Gettysburg Compiler.

Friday, July 3, 1868.

DEMOCRATIC STATE TICKET.

AUDITOR GENERAL,
Hon. CHARLES E. BOYLE, of Fayette county.

SURVEYOR GENERAL,
Gen. WELLINGTON H. ENT, of Columbia co.

DEMOCRATIC COUNTY COMMITTEE.

The Democratic County Committee will meet at the "Globe Inn," Gettysburg, on SATURDAY, the 18th day of JULY inst., at 10 o'clock, P. M.

W. A. DUNCAN, (Chairman.

The following is the list of the members of the Committee:

Gettysburg W. A. Duncan, H. J Stable, Jacob Troxel.
Berwick tp.—Jacob Hull, S. A. Wertz.
Berwick bor.—Edw. Wenchoff, Henry Mayer.
Cumberland—J. W. Lost, H. L. Bream.
Conewago—Jas. W. Gubernator, Sol. Schwartz.
Highland—Peter Stoner, J. Scott Wilson.
Butler—S. H. Eicholtz, Joseph Wolff.
Freedom—Jacob Brown, Richard Crouse.
Germany—Hon. Wm. McSherry, Jacob Klunk
Huntington—Jacob Zug, Jeremiah Shrybaugh.
Hamilton—Dr. F. C. Wolf, Maj. Henry Wolf.
Menallen—Isaac Bender, Amos Schlosser.
Mountjoy—Moses Hartman, Isaac Lightner.
Mountpleasant—Dan'l Lawrence, H. J. Hemler.
Franklin—Capt. Jacob Plank, Frederick Diehl.
Oxford—Dr. W. J. McClure, Jacob Myers.
Latimore—John Martin, Joel Griest.
Straban—D. C. Brinkerhoff, S. A. Gilliland.
Tyrone—J. C. Pittenturf, Wm. Mackley.
Union—Daniel Geiselman, Amos Lefever.
Littlestown—John Diehl, S. S. Bishop.
Reading—Thos. N. Dicks, Emanuel Neidich.
Liberty—James Corey, John Nunnemaker.
Hamiltonban—Col. R. C. Swope, Daniel Biesecker.

July 3, 1868.

WHO WILL BE NOMINATED?

The question is often asked us, "Who will be the Democratic nominees for President and Vice President?" Of course we cannot answer. We have not even cared to speculate much as to the result, assured as we feel that the selections will be wisely and harmoniously made—and being thus satisfied, it requires no effort to possess our soul in perfect patience. We may say, however, that general opinion narrows the clibice for President down to Pendleton, Hancock and Hendricks. The latter seems to be getting stronger, and if this should continue, we would not be surprised to see the ticket made up of Hendricks and Hancock, or Hancock and Hendricks, the chances for heading it being about equal. Mr. Pendleton, having been earlier placed in the field, will start with the largest number of votes, but that he will secure two-thirds on that or any subsequent ballot is at this time considered doubtful. These are mere speculations, however, and may be entirely at fault. Indeed, names altogether new in this connection may be selected, as was the case in 1844 and 1852. In both contests the Democracy triumphed gloriously, AS THEY WILL IN THIS.

LATEST.—It is reported that Hendricks declines a nomination—thus improving Pendleton's chances.

GREAT preparations have been made in New York by the Soldiers' and Sailors' Committee, of which Gen. Halpine (Miles O'Reilley) is chairman, for the National Democratic Convention of Soldiers and Sailors, which meets in Cooper Institute to-morrow. Among the delegates reported, are Major General Love, of Indiana, with the "white boys in blue" to the number of at least 400, uniformed; Major General John A. M'Clernand, of Illinois, with from 300 to 500; Major General Frank Blair, of Missouri, with about 300; Major General Ewing, of Ohio, with 400; Major General Runyon, of New Jersey; Major Generals Lovell H. Rosseau and Don Carlos Buell, of Kentuckey, with a large delegation; Generals Andrew Porter and M'Candless, of Pennsylvania, with the Hancock Legion, numbering 1,200 men; Major General W. B. Franklin, of Connecticut; Gen. Couch, of Massachusetts; General M'Quade, of New York.

THE Secretary of War has just sent in to Congress an estimate of what will be needed to supply *deficiencies* in the appropriations already made for the execution of the Reconstruction acts. It foots up the grand total of SIX HUNDRED AND THIRTY-ONE THOUSAND, FIVE HUNDRED AND SEVENTY-EIGHT DOLLARS AND TWENTY-FIVE CENTS. Here is a nice little sum to be wrung from the toil and sweat of the white men of the North. It amounts to more than a dollar for every voter in Pennsylvania. Work away, ye toiling masses! Your masters want millions of money to control negro votes, which are to count against yours at the coming Presidential election. Therefore work away, like dumb, unthinking brutes; and be sure to keep on voting for Radical candidates! Vote for Grant! Vote for Colfax! Vote for Radicals for all offices! Vote to make the negroes masters of the South! Vote to give negroes the balance of power in Congress, and at Presidential elections! Keep on voting as your masters bid you! Vote to make yourselves slaves!

THE FREEDMEN'S BUREAU SWINDLE.—The New York *World* is ventilating the Freedmen's Bureau establishment. It gives an accurate list of the agents and clerks employed to carry on this gigantic swindle, showing that there are 703 of them, receiving salaries amounting in the aggregate to $809,340 a year. A large number of these agents manage, also, to swindle their living in government rations and perquisites. The cost of this swindle is estimated at $11,000,000 per annum. The whole concern is a mere political machine, and is an injury rather than a benefit to the poor negroes, who neglect labor and occupy their time in attending political meetings, or marching to the polls, with muskets in their hands, to vote as they are directed by their new masters, the paid agents of the Bureau. And the white working classes of the North have to foot the big bills.

SPLIT OF THE RADICALS IN PHILADELPHIA.—A serious rupture has taken place in the Radical party in Philadelphia. In the convention to nominate a candidate for District Attorney, the other day, W. B. Mann, the candidate of the office-holders' "ring," was nominated, whereupon sixty-four delegates withdrew from the Convention and nominated Isaac Hazlehurst. The *Press* says that this division endangers the success of the whole Radical ticket in Philadelphia, and intimates that it may have so deleterious an influence upon the prospects of Grant, that even he may be defeated by it. The fact is, the Radical party is demoralized everywhere, and needs but the *coup de grace* of a good Democratic nomination to destroy it utterly.

THE Democratic Convention of Bedford county, on Monday week, nominated B. F. Myers, Esq., for Congress, subject to the decision of the district conference—with Messrs. E. F. Kerr, P. G. Morgart and James Sill as conferees. Hon. J. McDowell Sharpe, of Chambersburg, was nominated for Additional Law Judge, and Capt. T. H. Lyons for the Legislature.

THE Democracy of the State are already engaged in planting hickory poles.

THE TWO GREAT CONVENTIONS.

On to-morrow, the anniversary of the Declaration of American Independence, there will assemble in the city of New York, two great National Conventions, both in the interest of the old Democratic party.

In the one will be gathered together the representatives of the men who went forth to fight for the restoration of the Union and the preservation of the Constitution. There will be many of the foremost fighting Generals of the Union armies, the dauntless chieftains who led the way where the fight was thickest and danger most imminent; and there, too, hundreds of those who won distinction as subordinate officers, with thousands of the rank and file, who bore the brunt of battle on many a bloody and well contested field from the first Bull Run to the last battle at Appomattox Court House.

To this Convention the eyes of a majority of the Union soldiers of the Nation are now anxiously turned. They see that Grant has, with a mean and truckling spirit, fallen down at the feet of Stevens, Butler, Washburne and Forney, ready to follow their traitorous bidding to any extreme, in order to gratify his ambition to be President. Whatever of respect the honorable and honorably discharged veterans may have had for Grant, he has completely and forever forfeited. It is not strange, therefore, that his name should fail, as it has failed, to elicit the first spark of enthusiasm. The men who once followed him with pride when he led on the battle field, now regard him with cold disdain, and think of his self-assumed baseness with a loathing too deep for utterance. They will not vote for a man who has willingly consented to abandon an honorable position to become the pliant tool of base political adventurers and fanatical destructives. So, to the Soldiers' Convention, which is to meet in New York to-morrow, the soldiers of the nation look for an expression of opinion, as they look to the other Convention which assembles on the same day for a candidate whom they will gladly support.

The National Nominating Convention of the Democratic party will be called to order at high noon of Independence Day, in the new and magnificent temple which will be dedicated for the occasion. There will be gathered the loftiest intellects of the nation. It will be a grand re-union of all the States. Not one will be unrepresented. The foremost men in civil life from every State and Territory of the Union will be gathered to take council together, to devise means for rescuing the nation from the dangers that beset it and for bringing relief to an oppressed people.

That wisdom will guide these two great Conventions, and that entire harmony will prevail, we have no doubt. The Democratic party are actuated by the highest and purest motives in this great crisis. The leaders, civil and military, we are assured, are prepared, without an exception, to abandon all mere personal preferences, and to unite upon a platform of the most patriotic principles, upon which they will place as candidates none but men of the most exalted character. The time grows short. A few days more only will intervene before the names of the next President and Vice-President of the United States will be announced to the listening nation in the persons of the candidates of the Democratic party.

REPUDIATION.

A great deal is said about repudiating the Federal debt. Some people are very nervous upon this subject. Did it ever occur to such people that 600,000 blacks will vote for members of Congress at the next election? And are those who profess to be in so great trepidation about the safety of the "nation's honor," such numb-skulls that they cannot see that these 600,000 blacks have not a single *rusty nickel* at stake in this matter? Nay, is it not their interest to favor repudiation, in order to relieve themselves of taxes which they already complain of as oppressive? If there be danger of repudiation in any quarter, it is, as a cotemporary very truly remarks, in the *Negro vote*. Look out, ye would-be saviors of the nation's honor; the "nation's wards" are becoming restive, and when the Hon. Sam. Gumbo and the Hon. Jim Bones get to Congress, there will be a quaking among the bond-holders. The hoe-holders are coming. 'Rah for Col. and Grantfax!

GRANT AND THE NEGRO.

AN INFAMOUS ORDER.—The following despatch has been received from New Orleans:

NEW ORLEANS, June 28.—Gen. Buchanan yesterday recieved *an order from General Grant* directing the removal of Gov. Baker and Lieut. Governor Voorhees, and the appointment of Warmouth and Dunn to their places. The appointments take effect on Monday, when the Legislature convenes. In obedience to this order Gen. Buchanan last night issued an order making the required changes. The same order authorizes all parish and municipal officers declared elected by his previous orders to take their offices upon taking the oath prescribed by the new constitution. *On Monday Louisiana will have a perfectly black negro for Lieut. Governor.*

From this it is evident that Grant has become as rabid a Radjoal as Thad. Stevens himself. To vote for him after this implies capacity to swallow the negro head and heels. *White* men, *can* you support such a candidate?

WHAT MAY BE EXPECTED.—If the people permit the rotten Radical party to elect Grant and Colfax, they may expect a rigid rule of military tyranny. In its worst form, together with unparalleled extravagance and redoubled taxation to pay for the same. Grant announces that if elected *he will have no policy*, which means that he intends to be controlled by the manipulators of Radicalism, the impertinent, vindictive and unscrupulous Butlers, Stevenses, Boutwells, and Binghams.

If the people *desire these things* they must vote for Grant, for the Democracy intend, if placed in power, to abolish the extravagant Freedmen's Bureau, reduce the army one half, and remove many other evils now oppressing the people.

Intelligent, but oppressed tax payers must decide which party they will support next November.

COST OF THE REGISTRY LAW.—The Registry law passed by the Radicals last winter will prove to be a most costly affair, if carried out. The York *Democratic Press* makes an accurate calculation of the amount of money which will be required to enforce its regulations in that county this year. The sum total foots up $3,720. It will cost each county in the State a proportionate amount. The people did not desire the passage of this law, and all classes will be pleased if the Supreme Court should decide it to be unconstitutional, as we suppose they will.

ADJOURNMENT OF CONGRESS.—The House of Representatives, on Monday, by a vote of 91 to 45, passed a concurrent resolution for the adjournment of Congress on the 15th of July.

THE BALANCE OF POWER.

The Chicago platform, endorsed by Gen. Grant, declares that Negro Suffrage must be maintained in the Southern States, and upon this doctrine the Radicals ask the people to support Grant for President. Now the States which have been "reconstructed" upon the Congressional plan, contain upwards of 600,000 Negro voters, *more than enough to give the balance of power in the government* to these unlettered and semi-barbarous Africans.

Mr. Green Goslin, who was born a "Republican," and, therefore, thinks it his duty to vote the Radical ticket, even though he knows that ticket to be pledged to the enforcement of Negro Suffrage upon the South, says, "Oh! I am opposed to Negro voting, but it doesn't matter so long as they vote only in the South."

The silly goose! As if the voters of Pennsylvania and those of the rest of the States, did not all vote together on the first Tuesday in November, for President of the United States, and as if the 600,000 Negro votes did not count as many on that day, as if they were cast in Pennsylvania, instead of Louisiana, Alabama and the rest of the Africanized States! The Negro who votes for Grant for President in Alabama, kills the vote of the white man in Pennsylvania who votes for Grant's opponent. Thus, remarks the Bedford *Gazette*, does Negro Suffrage affect Pennsylvania. The old Keystone *may declare by her 600,000 white votes* that this or that candidate shall be the next President; but the 600,000 blacks of the South can say: No! not your choice, but ours, shall be the occupant of the Presidential chair. The balance of power, is, truly, in the hands of the enfranchised blacks. It was placed there by the present infamous *Radical Congress*, and it is to be kept there by Gen. Grant, if the people, by electing him, endorse the Chicago Platform. This is "the truth, the whole truth, and nothing but the truth."

WHO IS GRANT?

Who is Grant? The man who said he would "fight it out on this (the Wilderness) line, if it took all summer," but didn't and was fain, in the end, to take McClellan's line, on the James river. Who is Grant? The General who, before he took Richmond, lost nearly twice as many men as Lee had in his whole army when the opposing forces first met on the Rappahannock. Who is Grant? The man who "swung round the circle" with Andy Johnson in 1866, until he became giddy at Cleveland, and couldn't swing any further; the man who stood by Andy Johnson's side when the latter was presented the resolutions of the Philadelphia Convention; the man who kicked out Stanton in August, and sneaked out of the War Office in order to let Stanton crawl back to it, in December; the man who broke his word with his friend, the President; the man who endorses the enfranchisement of 600,000 negroes, and, at the same time, declares he will have "no policy" if elected to the Presidency. This is Grant. From such a President, good Lord, deliver us!—*Harrisburg Patriot.*

LOYAL VETERAN GRANT CLUBS.

That is the title under which the Radicals are trying to rally Union soldiers to the support of their schemes of disunion. Query—Will those soldiers who decline to vote for the tool of Forney and Washburne be considered *disloyal*? There will be a vast army of them—more than half the rank and file of the gallant volunteer soldiery of the country, with multitudes of the most distinguished officers—and they cannot be frightened from the determination to vote for the conservative candidates by the stale old cry about *disloyalty*. Not they. Having bravely faced Southern treason on the battle field, they are ready to meet Northern treason to the Union and the Constitution at the ballot box. They will fight it down though it seeks shelter under the leadership of Grant, and will "fight it out on that line, if it takes all summer."—*Lancaster Intelligencer.*

GENERAL FORREST ON POLITICS.—The ex-Confederate General Forrest is going to the New York Fourth of July Convention as a delegate. In the course of a recent conversation he is reported to have said that it will not be any more curious to see him in the Democratic Convention than it was to see Joe Brown, of Georgia, in the Radical Convention, and he adds:

"The Radicals like Joe Brown because he is a Radical. I suppose the same rule would apply to me with the Democrats. Why, sir, the warmest reception I've had since the war was from General Sherman. I'm not afraid of the Democratic soldiers or the Republican soldiers. I like General Hancock, and I don't believe there is a brave or reasonable Union soldier who dislikes or doubts me as a man. I went into the war because my vote had been unable to preserve the peace. I took a through ticket of course, and I fought and lost as much as any one else; certainly as much as I could. Now the war's over, and I'm under oath to keep my parole. Suppose I consider myself an outlaw, and refuse to take part in what's going on, does that help me to keep my oath? Won't folks that are disposed to be ill-natured say I'm sullen and dangerous, and only waiting a chance to break out in a fresh place? That's what they have said. Now I give the country a sort of hostage, in addition to my parole, when I join an active, organized body of Union men in the North, and I proclaim when I go to New York that I am at least as well reconstructed as Joe Brown, who was an original secessionist."

THE *Franklin Repository* says:

Hon. Edward McPherson has been honored with the appointment of American editor, for the present year, of the *Almanack de Gotha*—a noted European publication of high literary and scientific reputation. Not a mean compliment.

You are slightly mistaken, neighbor. The *Almanack de Gotha* is merely a record of the names of the reigning families of Europe, and of late, we believe, including the names of the rulers of other countries. There is nothing about it that is "literary and scientific." We suppose Mr. McPherson was appointed to report the names of King Wade's family after he got on the throne—but he didn't reach it.—*Doylestown Democrat.*

FORNEY wants negro midshipmen and cadets. He says: "The tendency of West Point and Annapolis schooling is toward exclusiveness, and until the recent war-period admission into honorable rank in either the army or navy was as difficult as into a brotherhood of Brahmins." This is the first step of course to the admission of young African gentlemen. 'Rah for Ekal Rights! What's the next madness?

NAPOLEON paid over $40,000,000 in gold to have Maximilian killed off and Carlotta sent to the mad-house.—*Evening Bulletin.*

We can beat that considerably in this country. Thad. Stevens, Ben. Butler, and company, paid $4,000,000,000 of other people's money and sacrificed a million of lives to have our constitution destroyed and negro equality established.—*Daily News.*

THE Philadelphia *Bulletin* says:—"Grant shrinks from office."

He will dry up entirely by November.

Local Department.

TOWN, COUNTY AND SURROUNDING COUNTIES.

Preaching.—Rev. Mr. Wilhelm will preach in the Presbyterian Church at Hunterstown, next Sabbath, at 10 A. M.

Anniversary.—Don't forget the Orphans' Anniversary, at Agricultural Hall, this evening.

Excursion Tickets over the Gettysburg Railroad will be sold at half fare from the 3d to the 6th of July inclusive. See adv.

Literary Entertainment.—The Literary Entertainment given at Boyd's Schoolhouse, will be repeated, by special request, on Saturday evening, July 4th.

Delegates.—The Delegates to the Democratic National Convention from this district are Hon. Geo. W. Brewer, of Chambersburg, and John R. Donehoo, Esq., of McConnellsburg.

To be Closed.—The Stores and places of business in Gettysburg will be closed on the 4th. The Post-office will be open from 6 to 7 A. M. and CLOSED the balance of the day.

Normal School.—The examination of the Gettysburg Normal School, on Friday last, was very satisfactory, reflecting more than ordinary credit on Mr. Sheely and his large class of students.

Closing Exercises.—The closing exercises of the Gettysburg Female Seminary, consisting of Essays, Music, &c., by the young ladies, will take place this afternoon. Commencements at this institution are always interesting, and therefore attract full houses.

Fancy Colors.—Jobs are printed at the COMPILER office in any color ordered, or in as many colors as may be desired. We have all the necessary inks and bronzes for the purpose, not forgetting plenty of bran new type, and the best Job Press in five counties.

Hay and Grain.—Our farmers are still busy at their hay, the unusually heavy crop requiring more than ordinary time and labor.

The wheat is ripening rapidly, and before this paper shall reach many of its farmer readers they will be in the midst of harvest operations. The appearance of the weevil has resulted in considerable damage in some quarters of the county, but on the whole the crop shows less injury now than was anticipated a week ago. A fair yield may be counted on.

The Fourth.—There will be no general celebration of the Fourth here, but our people will, we suppose enjoy themselves pic-nicing in the many beautiful groves in the vicinity.

The Zouaves will parade at 4 o'clock in the morning, each member provided with fifty rounds of blank cartridges. They will also meet in the evening for target practice.

The Town Council having, on Monday evening, modified the borough ordinance prohibiting the sale and firing of Fireworks, so as not to include New Year's day, the 22d of February and the 4th of July, of course "Young America" will enjoy itself immensely with crackers, torpedoes, &c.

Burned to Death.—On Saturday last, Theresa Jane, a little daughter of Mr. Francis C. Gardner, of Straban township, met a very sudden and heart-rending death. The mother was absent for a short time to do some washing near by, and when she returned found the child burned almost to a crisp, her clothing having taken fire from the cook stove. Dr. O'Neal was promptly called in, but he found the little sufferer beyond help, and next day she died. The child was aged about 6 years. We deeply sympathise with the afflicted parents in their sore bereavement.

Accident.—We regret to learn that our friend Francis Cole, the owner of the large saw-mill at the head of the Narrows, met with a severe accident on Monday week. He was engaged, with several of his hands, in getting out saw logs. To a very heavy one they had *left a part of a limb, the easier to work* it down a steep hill. When starting the log on a slide, Mr. Cole was at the front end of it. Moving more rapidly than was expected, the limb mentioned caught one of his legs just back of the knee, and carrying him with it some distance, struck the knee against a sapling, badly *fracturing the cap. But for* the intervening sapling, the consequences must have been fatal. Dr. Study is attending Mr. Cole, and we understand that he is as comfortable as could be expected. There are now hopes of his escaping a permanently stiff knee.

Another.—One day last week, Mr. Peter Frey, one of our oldest and most esteemed citizens, met with a painful mishap, especially for one so aged. Whilst removing a ladder from one part of his premises to another, he fell on his side, fracturing a rib. The severe shock caused a general prostration of the system, but under Dr. O'Neal's careful attentions he is recovering as rapidly as could be expected under the circumstances.

Another Railroad Project.—An act was passed last winter to incorporate the "Adams County Railroad Company," with power to build a Railroad from a point at or near Petersburg, (Y. S.,) to connect with the Northern Central Railway at or near New Cumberland, or with the Cumberland Valley Railroad at or near Mechanicsburg.

The Commissioners named in the act held a meeting at Petersburg on the 23d ult., and at once adopted measures to lift the charter and have the several routes surveyed. The proceedings of this meeting will be found in another column.

A Railroad built from Petersburg to either point would pass through a rich and productive country, which would *from the start give it a large trade and* make the enterprise a paying one. Success to it.

Want.—We have some idea of enlarging the COMPILER from blanket to barn-door size. Our only need is, a mill able to manufacture paper large enough.

Owners of mills likely to answer (and desiring to sell) are requested to parade their establishments in front of our office for inspection. Mill dams need not accompany the mills—though they may be brought as far as the edge of town, where a score of juveniles will be ready "to dive" in to test depth, bottom, &c. The mill or mills (with dam or dams) selected, will be promptly paid for—in the handsomest job printing ever done in this region.

Hurrah for the Fourth!—The Town Council having modified the Borough Ordinance in regard to Fire Works, so far as not to include the 4th of July, John M. Minnigh has promptly entered from the city a full supply of all kinds of Fire Works, Crackers, Torpedos, Rockets, &c. "Young America" had better get their change ready, to secure a supply, as the demand for them will of course be great.

The Locusts are dying rapidly. In a few days they will disappear altogether, to be seen no more for seventeen years.

Dr. Gideon Smith, who has been giving the subject much thought and examination, says that the locusts do not go deep in the ground. They live on the vegetable juices of the roots near the surface, which they take with their snouts or rostrum. There are three small hairs in the snout, which, in feeding, are projected and spread out over the surface of the roots or leaves of trees, and these collect the juice and convey it by capillary attraction to the stomach. You can see this operation very distinctly in the perfect insect, by watching it with a magnifying glass. They have no other mouth or means of taking food, either in the larva or winged state.

Our readers will find an interesting *communication* on the subject of locust stings, from our friend, Dr. Benson, of Littlestown, in another column. *Scary* people will find much comfort in it.

Deaths.—Harrisburg lost by death on Tuesday last one of its oldest and best citizens, in the person of Mr. Jacob Ziegler, who had nearly reached the age of 97 years. He never missed an election, and never failed to vote the Democratic ticket, after arriving at his majority. He was nearly related to the Zieglers here—brother to Emanuel Ziegler, Sr., deceased.

Hon. W. H. Kurtz, formerly member of Congress from York and Adams, died at York, of paralysis, on the 24th ult., in his 65th year.

Mail Service.—Service on the mail routes in Pennsylvania and Maryland, under the new contracts, commenced on Wednesday, the 1st. The Department has made some changes in this county since the contracts were awarded. The service on the Menallen route has been divided—one to run tri-weekly, to Idaville, via Mummasburg, Arendtsville, Bigler, Flora Dale, and Bendersville, and the other semi-weekly to the same office, via Menallen and Table Rock. Wenk's will be supplied from Bendersville. The service from New Oxford to York Springs, via Hampton; Round Hill, &c., has been restored to a daily route. We annex the new schedules, as they now stand:

No. 2155. Hanover to East Berlin, tri-weekly, Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday.
2156. Hanover to Mechanicstown, daily; to Square Corner, tri-weekly; Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday.
2161. Gettysburg to Hagerstown, tri-weekly, leaving Gettysburg Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday—returning Monday, Wednesday and Friday.
2162. Gettysburg to New Chester, semi-weekly, Tuesday and Saturday.
2163. Gettysburg to Idaville, via Mummasburg, Bendersville, &c., tri-weekly, Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday.
2164. Gettysburg to Idaville, via Menallen and Table Rock, semi-weekly, Wednesday and Saturday.
2165. New Oxford to York Springs, daily except Sunday.
2206. East Berlin to Dillsburg, once a week, Thursday.
2167. Littlestown to Harney, tri-weekly, Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday.
2168. York Springs to York, once a week, Saturday.
2192. Gettysburg to Mechanicsville, tri-weekly, leaving Gettysburg Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, and returning Monday, Wednesday Friday.
2201. York Springs to Carlisle, daily, except Sunday.
2240. Gettysburg to Chambersburg, and Gettysburg to Littlestown, daily as at present.
2262. Gettysburg to Frederick, tri-weekly, leaving Gettysburg Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday; returning Monday, Wednesday and Friday.

From the Hanover Citizen.

Sudden Death.—Mr. Henry Delloue, of Franklin Grove, Illinois, formerly of East Berlin, Adams county, died very suddenly at his residence, at the former place, on the 21st ult. His remains were brought to the residence of his mother, in East Berlin, and on Thursday following interred in the burial ground at Paradise Church, near Abbottstown.

Accident.—Last Saturday, a young son of Mr. Pius Stoeringer, of Conewago township, Adams county, was severely injured by falling from a log of a barn now being built by Mr. S. It appears the boy was in the act of walking on a board at some height, when it slipped, he falling to the ground, receiving a severe cut in his face and injuring one of his legs. Medical aid was procured, and we understand the sufferer is now doing as well as could be expected.

Painful Accident.—On Saturday last, a son of Mr. John Hostetter, of Union township, Adams county, met with a very painful accident while assisting his father in cutting grass with a reaper. The lad, who is about fifteen years of age, was sitting on the reaper removing the grass, when the reaper struck a stump, throwing the boy over on the knives, cutting one of his legs severely and making an ugly gash in one of his feet. He is now doing well.

Job Printing.—Our new Job Press is operating splendidly, daily turning out work such as has never been approached, and rarely seen, in these parts. It is certainly the best machine, for plain or fancy printing, in the market. Specimens of our work can be seen by calling at the office.

Housekeepers and others wanting good Cooking Stoves, the best in the market, warranted to bake and give satisfaction, or any thing in line of Tin Ware, Japan Ware, Hollow Ware, Chamber Sets, Bread and Spice Boxes, Ice Cream Freezers, Water Coolers, Coffee Mills, Bird Cages, Fruit Jars and Cans, Waiters, &c., &c, will find just what they want at the Ware-room of Col. C. H. Buehler, corner of Railroad and Carlisle street, opposite the Passenger Depot, and at prices which defy competition. tf

Dog Days.—Caniculare, or dog days, commence on the third of July and end on the eleventh of August. The rising and setting of Sirius, the Dog Star, with the sun, has been erroneously regarded as the cause of excessive heat and of consequent calamities.—*State Guard.*

A Full Assortment.—The attention of Farmers, Builders, Contractors, and others is invited to the large assortment of LUMBER of all kinds suitable for building purposes, to be found at Col. C. H. BUEHLER'S Lumber Yard, at corner of Carlisle and Railroad streets including Boards, Planks, Flooring, Siding, Laths, Pickets, Shingles, &c. Also Posts, hewed and sawed, with prime Fencing Boards, white Pine and Hemlock. His stock is not only large, but his arrangements are such that he can sell at the very lowest cash rates. Also, constantly on hand, Blacksmith, Lime-burners' and Stove COAL. tf

The great amount of time consumed by the ladies in dressing and arranging their hair must make any article which would lessen their labor particularly desirable. Ring's Vegetable Ambrosia leaves the hair in such condition as to render the dressing and arranging a very easy matter. It imparts to it that splendid glossy appearance so much admired, cleanses the scalp from dandruff and all humors, and prevents baldness; promotes its growth, and restores gray hair to its original color. June 12. 1m

Dr. Lugol of Paris, one of the most eminent chemists of Europe, says, when Iodine can be dissolved in pure water the most astonishing results may be anticipated. Dr. H. Anders' Iodine Water *is today dissolved in pure water*, and the most astonishing results have followed its use in cases of scrofula and all chronic diseases.

THE LOCUSTS.

LITTLESTOWN, PA., June 29, 1868.

MR. STABLE—Dear Sir:—In your last paper I noticed an account, (clipped from a Harrisburg paper,) stating that seven boys had been stung by locusts and that they had all died from the effects of the stings. If this statement be true, the locust sting is as fatal to its victims as the axe of Antoine Probst was to the Deering family.

I have closely and minutely studied the history and nature of The locust, and for the benefit of those who so much dread the sight of a locust and its fatal sting, I will state that it is contrary to the physiological and anatomical nature and construction of the locust to sting, as the bee or other insects of that class. Its ovipositor is designed only for the legitimate purpose of depositing its eggs, and contains no secretions of a poisonous character. The locust has no stinger independent of its ovipositor.

The history of the locust, from the account given of it in Exodus down to the present, furnishes no authentic instance of any one ever dying from the sting of a locust. Though they have been so numerous in some places as to destroy every living particle of vegetation, and have thereby caused famine, not one word has ever been said about them causing death by stinging by any scientific or historical writer. If a locust is mashed on the skin, the fluid of the locust being acrid will cause some inflammation, which is sometimes mistaken for a sting or bite.

It has also been stated that persons have been poisoned by eating vegetables over which the locusts have crawled, &c. To prove this to be a false notion, I will only refer you to Mr. Chambers' Encyclopedia, which states that the "locusts are eaten in many countries, roasted, or fried in butter. They are also preserved in brine, or dried in the sun. They thus appear in the markets of Arabia, Syria, Egypt, Madagascar, &c., and they are even exported as an article of commerce."

C. W. BENSON, M. D.

(Communicated.

RAILROAD MEETING.

A meeting of the Commissioners named in the act incorporating the "Adams County Railroad Company," was held at the house of John D. Becker, in Petersburg (Y. S.) on the 23rd of June. All the Commissioners except two were present, and much interest was manifested by them, as well as by many other gentlemen present, in the proposed railroad.

Col. John Wolford was elected President, and Gen. W. W. Wright Secretary.

The object of the meeting was then stated to be, *first*, to lift the Charter granted by the Legislature; and second, to take measures for raising money for a survey of the proposed route. The necessary amount of money to procure the Charter was at once raised on the spot, and the following named Committee was appointed to procure the requisite *means for having the survey made:*

Col. John Wolford, President and Treasurer.

Dillsburg—Geo. W. Wagner, George Law, J. J. Moore, P. G. Miller and Jesse Lerew.

Clearspring—Edward Dick and David K. Lerew.

Franklintown—Capt. John Klugh.

Lisburn—John Sherrick.

Huntington township—Ephraim Hiteshew, Hartman & Sadler, John D. Becker, Latshaw & Grove, Mrs. Jane Read, Boreas W. Ziegler, J. Franklin Gardner, Wm. B. Gardner, Isaac Sadler, Thomas G. Neely, John William Wierman, Lewis W. Heikes and Wesley Sadler.

Latimore township—Abraham Flaher, Joseph Fickle, Abraham Ziegler, T. Brenneman, F. N. W. Bowers and Conrad E. Myers.

Reading township—Adam S. Myers.

The following resolutions were then passed:

First—That the sums paid by parties to the survey and charter fund be credited to them on the Stock Subscription Books, when opened, as so much money paid on account of stock subscribed.

Second—That the next meeting of the Commissioners shall be held at the "Nelson House" in Dillsburg, York county, Pa., at 2 o'clock, P. M., on the 1st day of August next.

Third—That the President is authorized to call a special meeting of the Commissioners previous to August 1st, if at any time circumstances should render such action necessary or advisable.

Fourth—That as the object of this meeting is one of public interest, the editors of the several newspapers in Adams, York and Cumberland counties be requested to publish an abstract of the proceedings.

It is proposed to have the preliminary surveys made as soon as the necessary funds can be raised for the purpose. Two lines will be examined from a "point at or near York Springs"—one to connect with the Cumberland Valley Railroad at or near Mechanicsburg, and the other to connect with the Northern Central Railway at or near New Cumberland.

JOHN WOLFORD, President.
W. W. WRIGHT, Secretary.

WE are assured that the firm of Eastman & Kendall, 65 Hanover Street, Boston, Mass., advertised in our columns, is trustworthy and reliable. For 10 cts. they send a patent pen fountain, and a check describing an article to be sold for $1. Their club system of selling goods is becoming quite popular, particularly with the ladies. It is worthy of a trial. —*Buffalo Gazette.*

Its Good Effects Are Permanent.—In this it differs from all hair dyes. By its use luxuriant growth is guaranteed, natural color and gloss are restored. One trial will cause you to say this of Mrs. S. A. Allen's Improved (*new style*) Hair Restorer or Dressing, (*in one bottle*). Every Druggist sells it. Price One Dollar. July 3. 1m

Communion Wine.—We have been shown specimens of sacramental or pure juice wine, prepared by Mr. Alfred Speer, of Passaic, N. J., out of the Port Grape, which he cultivates in this country. In taste it assimilates to port, without its heating qualities, being absolutely free from spirits further than its own fermentation affords. Preference is given to it over all other wines in New York and other hospitals as a tonic, gentle stimulant, diuretic and sudorific. Mr. Speer has been nine years experimenting in the production of this wine, and the newest wine he sells is four years old, of which our druggists have got in a supply. tf

WHEN Grant's inhuman order expelling the Jews from their homes reached Washington, Hon. George H. Pendleton, with becoming indignation, moved in Congress a vote of censure for the act, which came within two votes of passing. Even Lincoln was so shocked at Grant's brutality, that under the spur of Pendleton's resolution, he promptly revoked the order.

A ST. LOUIS paper publishes a long card, signed by about two hundred Israelites of that city, in which Grant's order is reproduced and denounced. The signers, disclaiming anything of a partisan spirit, protest that while some are Radicals, some Conservatives, and some Democrats, all agree in the determination to oppose Grant's election.

THE *Revolution* is very hard on Grant. It has a writer who says: "He is a man without enemies, because he is a man without ideas. Having no principles in private life, no political outlook in public life, there is nothing to afford vitality to an enemy."

WHO IS IT?

Will the Radical party be good enough to inform us whom it is they have really nominated for President, so as we may know against whom we have to contend; for, like bravely-contending Richard, we begin to think there be six Richmonds in the field." Is it Hiram Ulysses Grant, as Grant senior asserts his son was christened; or Ulysses Hiram Grant, as the son himself used to sign his name at West Point; or Ulysses Simpson Grant, as he was entered upon the books of that academy by his friend and patron, and as, we believe, his friends and himself are still in the habit of calling him? We understood that the Chicago Convention nominated one Ulysses S. Grant for President. Now suppose—and we wish this to be emphasized as a very large SUPPOSE—the said Ulysses S. Grant should be elected, who is going to be daring enough to administer, to a bogus and pretending Ulysses S. Grant, the sacred oath of office belonging to the real Hiram Ulysses Grant or Ulysses Hiram Grant? Every tyro of the law knows that if a writ intended to be served upon Mr. John Smyth is handed to that gentleman with the rare and singular cognomen of John Smith upon it, the said Mr. John Smyth will snap his fingers at the blundering document; how much more careful, therefore, should we be in singling out the right man in this wilderness of Grants. The matter is really becoming serious. The literary world has always been bothered about the real name of the great author of "Pelham," but then it did not matter the toss of a button whether we were admiring the works of Sir Edward Lytton Bulwer, or Sir Bulwer Edward Lytton, or Sir Lytton Edward Bulwer, or Sir Edward Bulwer Lytton. But here is a very different matter we have to contend with. It would be a sorry joke indeed if, after elevating to the Chief-magistracy of our great Republic a Ulysses S. Grant, we should find that the honor was intended—in the language of Mr. Toodles—not for "this man, but another man." We again implore the Radicals to let us know whom they have nominated for the Presidency, and we respectfully accompany the request with the question whether they don't think their nominee—even if having no policy of his own—should at least know enough to know his own name?—*World.*

SEEING there is some doubt as to Grant's real name, the New Orleans *Picayune* suggests that he be styled the "so-called" U. S. Grant.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

A Permanent Tonic.

Every one at times feels the necessity of something to tone up the system depressed by mental or bodily exhaustion. At such times let every one, instead of taking alcoholic or medicinal stimulants, reinvigorate his debilitated system by the natural tonic elements of the

PERUVIAN SYRUP,

or Protected Solution of the Protoxide of Iron, which vitalizes and enriches the blood by supplying it with its *Life Element*, IRON.

Being free from Alcohol in any form, *its energizing effects are not followed by corresponding reaction*, but are permanent, infusing STRENGTH VIGOR and NEW LIFE into all parts of the system, and building up an IRON CONSTITUTION.

WM. C. STERLING, Esq., of Poughkeepsie, N. Y., says:

"Since taking the Peruvian Syrup I feel better, my strength is improved, my bowels are regular, my appetite first-rate."

"There is an old Physician in this city, (older than I am) who has been in the drug business for 40 years, who has used the Syrup for three months, and gives it as his decided opinion, that it is the best Alterative Tonic Medic