Gettysburg Compiler.

Friday, March 27, 1868.

DEMOCRATIC STATE TICKET.

AUDITOR GENERAL,
Hon. CHARLES E. BOYLE, of Fayette county.

SURVEYOR GENERAL,
Gen. WELLINGTON H. ENT, of Columbia co.

THE SPRING ELECTIONS.

Adams County Democratic as Usual—Only More So!

The elections throughout this county last Friday resulted in the choice of a large majority of Democratic Judges and other officers. On account of the bad weather and bad roads, the vote in many of the districts was light, but taken all in all, the *Democracy have reason to* congratulate themselves upon defeating Radicalism so handsomely.

In this borough the Radical majority *was reduced about forty.* One of the Democratic candidates ran within six votes of his opponent. The Radicals hoped to make a "big blow" over the result in historic "Gettysburg," *by telegraph*, throughout the country, but their *anticipated majority of one hundred was brought down to about sixty. Hence* the silence of the telegraph on the subject.

In Cumberland township the Radicals made a desperate push, but were completely routed. The Democrats elected their whole ticket—the Judge by 27, the Constable by 42 majority. Big figures for Cumberland.

In Franklin a very light vote was polled. The Radicals took the unwarranted liberty of placing several Democrats on their ticket, hoping thus to elect their Assessor, but the trick did not succeed. The Democrats elected all but the Constable.

In Hamiltonban our friends made a gallant fight, and succeeded in electing the Justice, Assessor, one Supervisor and the Constable—greatly to the disappointment of the Radicals, who believed their regular majority unchangeable.—Democracy is on the rise.

Liberty shows a larger Democratic majority than usual

Freedom and Highland are still joined to the Radical idol.

Mountjoy resulted in a tie on Judge, Inspectors, Supervisors and Clerk. The Democrats elected the Assessor, and the Radicals the School Directors and Constable. With anything like a full turn out, our friends could have carried all the offices. They will have the Judge, Supervisors and Clerk yet.

In Germany the Radicals did not show fight at all.

Littlestown borough did gloriously.—Though heretofore a Republican district, the Democrats made a square, stand-up fight, and elected the Judge, Council, one of the School Directors, Auditor and Constable—eight or nine out of the thirteen officers voted for. The Republican Burgess was elected by but one majority.—Our friends there have much cause for rejoicing, as well as the hope that they will sweep the borough hereafter.

Union—heavily Democratic, of course.

Conowago gave the Democratic Judge an unusually large majority, and did well generally.

Oxford, which last spring elected a Republican Assessor, with some others, on Friday, elected the entire Democratic ticket.

Berwick township—Democratic, as usual.

Berwick borough was carried by the Radicals, of course—but the Democrats succeeded with two candidates.

Hamilton elected the whole Democratic ticket, with the exception of a Justice.

Reading elected the whole Democratic ticket, as usual.

Straban did the same.

Mountpleasant distanced the opposition out of sight.

Tyrone elected the Democratic Judge and nearly everything else on the Democratic ticket.

Huntington and Latimore were carried by the Radicals, as always heretofore.

Menallen and Butler ditto—with the exception that in the latter John Hanes, Dem., beat P. L. Houck, Rad., for Justice.

It will thus be seen that the Democrats have carried 14 Judges to 9 for the Radicals. There is a tie vote on one, but he may be safely counted on as a Democrat also—making 15 to 9. Good weather on election day would have shown the county still more decidedly with us—but the above results are quite sufficient to justify the assumption that Adams is as soundly Democratic as ever—only more so!

A GOOD SPEECH.—On our first page will be found the speech of Hon. A. J. Glossbrenner on Impeachment. It is short, but pointed in every line. The impeachment articles are dissected—laid bare—in a masterly manner. After perusing the speech, the reader will feel like thanking us for giving him so excellent a treat.

ARKANSAS REPUDIATES NEGRO RULE.—The State of Arkansas has repudiated the rule of the negro. Despatches sent to General Grant say the Reconstruction Constitution has been defeated by a decided majority of the actual votes cast. Here is another check to the Radicals, and one of the most decided yet received by them. They are not sure of the votes of the Southern States at the coming Presidential Election, and without them Grant has not the shadow of a chance to be elected.

THE Rump conspirators are fearful that Chief Justice Chase is disposed to insist upon a fair trial of the President, or, at least, to insist upon a tolerably decent respect for the outward forms of law. They have accordingly set their chief hound at his heels, and the obedient creature is filling his "two papers—both daily" with his howls.

FORNEY'S *Press* tries to account for the *big Democratic majority in Harrisburg* by representing that an unusually small vote was polled. The *Patriot & Union* effectually disposes of that pretext by showing that it was the largest vote cast at a municipal election in that city. Will the *Press* correct its mistake? Let its readers watch and see.

GENERAL J. WILSON SHAFER peremptorily declines to run as the Radical candidate for Governor of Illinois. He does not want to be beaten, as any man will be who stands on the Radical platform.

IT is said that Gen. Hancock will be assigned to the command of the new military district of the Atlantic, and that General McDowell will be sent to New Orleans.

HON. DAVID WILMOT, at one time a prominent member of Congress, and author of the celebrated "Wilmot proviso," died at his residence in Bradford county, Pennsylvania, on Monday week, aged 58 years.

ALMOST every where in this State where party lines were drawn the Democrats have carried the municipal and township elections.

THE IMPEACHMENT TRIAL.

The impeachment case was resumed on Monday. There was not much speechifying attempted, the impatience of the impeachers overshadowing everything. At 1 o'clock Chief Justice Chase took his seat. The defence of the President, which was read by his counsel, was a very voluminous document, occupying an hour and a half in the reading—The principal points are, *in brief*, an admission that he appointed Lorenzo Thomas Secretary of War *ad interim*, and without the consent of the Senate, but denies that he thereby committed any offence; that there was a vacancy in the War office, and, although the Senate was in session, he authorized General Thomas to act; and in reply to allegations in reference to his speeches, *the President asserts that he is not correctly reported*, but maintains his right as a citizen to form opinions in reference to the legislation of Congress, and to give expression to them. At the conclusion of the reading, the counsel for the President applied for an extension of time of thirty days after replication to make preparation for defence. This motion was resisted by the managers of impeachment, and finally refused by a strict party vote. A motion by Mr Johnson to grant ten days was pending at the close, when the court adjourned until next day.

—On Tuesday, after the Chief Justice had taken his seat, Mr. Boutwell, for the impeachers, read the replication. The motion of Mr. Johnson, to allow the President ten days to prepare for trial, then came up. Mr. Sumner moved to proceed immediately. The Senate retired for consultation, and after being out two hours, decided to give the President until Monday, March 30th. The trial will therefore begin at 12½ o'clock on Monday next.

The following is said to have been the vote by which Monday was fixed upon:

Yeas—Messrs. Cameron, Cattell, Chandler, Cole, Conkling, Conness, Cragin, Drake, Ferry, Harlan, Howard, Howe, Morgan, Morrill of Maine, *Morrill* of Vermont, Morton, Nye, Patterson of New Hampshire, Pomeroy, Ramsey, Ross, Stewart, Sumner, Thayer, Tipton, Willey, Williams and Wilson—28.

Nays—Messrs. Anthony, Bayard, Buckalew, Corbett, Davis, Dixon, Doolittle, Edmunds, Fessenden, Fowler, Frelinghuysen, Grimes, Henderson, Hendricks, Johnson, McCreery, Norton, Patterson of Tennessee, Saulsbury, Sherman, Sprague, Trumbull, Van Winkle and Vickers—24.

Not Voting—Messrs. Wade and Yates—2.

"THE RADICAL CRUSADE."

Under this caption, the New York *Citizen* puts forth the following well considered and truthful article. It is of course from the pen of its editor, Gen. Halpine, or "*Private Miles O'Riley*," if the reader likes the latter designation better:

The National Legislature has entered upon the greatest business that this Republic has ever witnessed. It is nothing less than an attempt to impeach the National Executive for political purposes, and to gratify a petty spirit of partisan malice, unbecoming the character of true statesmen and the dignity of a great nation—destined, alas! how soon none may tell, to be called great only in the extent of its territory. That there exists no just or legal cause for this outrage on the part of Congress, is not likely to have much weight in deterring the malignity of the Radical faction from the consummation of its purpose. And if no justice can be found in the case of this iniquitous proceeding, how can we expect justice in the conduct of it? We may look for the same indecent haste, the same intolerance, the same disregard of fairness in the trial of the Executive that has invariably characterised the action of Congress in all its efforts to frustrate his reconstruction policy. Indeed, if the President be not suspended from office during impeachment it will be in no measure due to the good intentions of the Radical majority. Policy or discretion may restrain them, but justice or propriety never.

The Radical design to eject the President in technical disgrace from the Executive mansion, and thus prevent him ever again holding any office under the Government, may succeed. The country may submit peacably to the disgrace and chagrin of having its regularly elected Executive removed from office without just cause, merely to gratify the capricious animosity of a Congressional majority; but the precedent is a dangerous one to establish, and must ultimately prove subversive of republican institutions. No government can long exist which is ready at the slightest pretext to substitute the fervor of party passion for the calm rule of principle. With the ballast of national traditions thrown overboard, the old ship of state will drift whithersoever the winds and the waves shall carry her. One innovation is soon followed by another, and anarchy finally ensues. How important then to guard against the first fatal innovation. The deposition of the Executive for cause would be a most unfortunate alternative in the innovation it would initiate, but without cause it is suicidal to the stability of Republican government.

It is absurd to concede to Congress the authority to magnify the President's action into the proportions of a "high crime"—it is an affront to the common sense and intelligence of the nation.—The meaning of the language is as well settled in the common understanding of the people of this country as any rule in ethics, and the efforts of Congress to invest it with a new and solemn meaning at variance with the common acceptation, will meet with the scorn and derision of every impartial mind, besides being in itself incontestable proof of the weakness of a position so feebly bolstered up by puerile technicalities.

To expect an impartial verdict as the result of a trial before bitterly prejudiced judges is to seek in human nature for the attributes of divinity. A fairial trial will probably take place before the Senate, and perhaps the removal of the President may ensue. But it seems not unlikely that the more moderate counsels of some of the less aggressive Radicals may prevail, and that a decision on the impeachment question will be held in abeyance until after President Johnson's term of office shall have expired. We hope, for the honor and good name of the country, that such a result will be reached. But if the disgraceful scheme of impeachment is to be pursued to the bitter end, nothing is more certain than *that it will be the death warrant of the party that pursues it.* God grant that it may not be the first downward step in the career of the Model Republic!

THE Radical State convention of South Carolina has nominated a negro named Cordozo, for Secretary of State, and selected a delegation to the Chicago National convention, one-half of which is composed of darkies. Go it, Sambo!—go it, Radical!—and the devil take the hindmost.

CHIEF JUSTICE CHASE is snubbed at Washington with saying that it would be a strange thing to impeach a man for a difference of political opinions.

TRAD. STEVENS IS DICTATOR.

We hear the cry continually uttered that the Present Congress is the Government. That fragmentary body has not only arrogated to itself powers which do not belong to it, but has not only curtailed the constitutional authority of the Executive and made repeated assaults upon the Supreme Court, but has set itself up as supreme in all things. It has subjected the country to its whims and caprices, and has marred the prospects of the nation by the most reckless abuse of partisan power. In all this course of folly Congress has been led by a few extreme *fanatics, the chief of whom in malignity* and despotic will is Thaddeus Stevens.—He has acted the part of a dictator for years. His word has been law to his party fellows. Under the lash of his bitter tongue they have cowered like whipped spaniels. Weak as he is, trembling on the verge of the grave, with voice gone and brain paralyzed to a great extent, the shadowy skeleton of the old malignant is still a power among the Radicals, the controlling agent in the Rump Congress.

The last and boldest piece of assumption which we have noticed as coming from this representative of Radicalism, is the following letter:

WASHINGTON, March 11, 1868.

Hon. J. W. Forney:

Dear Sir:—I have long, and with such ability as I could command, reflected upon the subject of the Declaration of Independence, and have finally come to the *sincere conclusion that universal suffrage* was one of the inalienable rights intended to be embraced in that instrument by our fathers at the time of the declaration, and that they were prevented *from inserting it in the Constitution* by slavery alone.

They had no intention to abandon it as one of the finally enumerated rights, but simply to postpone it.

The Committee on Reconstruction have inserted that provision with great unanimity in the bill *admitting the State of Alabama into the Union.*

They have finally resolved that no State shall be admitted into the Union unless under that condition.

I have deemed this notice necessary that the States now in progress of construction or reconstruction may be advised thereof.

THADDEUS STEVENS.

The Reading Gazette calls special attention to this letter, and asks the people to mark the dictatorial terms of the concluding paragraph. Never was the ukase of an Emperor issued in more peremptory style. Thaddeus Stevens speaks, not as a mere partisan leader, not merely as a man in authority, not as a President of the United States might speak, but as one possessing supreme power, with no law but his own rude will. When it has come to pass in this country that such a man as Thaddeus Stevens can thus issue his orders from the chair in which he is daily carried up the steps of the Capitol, this country has surely fallen so low in the scale of infamy that there can scarcely be a lower depth of degradation. Let the people ponder this last order of the Radical dictator with the seriousness it deserves.

THE NEGRO BUREAU TO BE CONTINUED.—The Rump House, on the 19th, passed a bill to continue the Negro Bureau for another year after the 1st of July. So there goes another twelve million appropriation and from ten to twenty millions from the sales of abandoned lands, and other "gobblings." Who dare say that the Southern nigs are not a blessed race? It costs them nothing for food; nothing for clothing; nothing for medicine and medical attendance; nothing for traveling to and fro; nothing to carry on lawsuits. And then they have nothing to do but attend political meetings and elections, as the "superior race;" to sit in conventions to make constitutions at from $10 to $20 a day; to run for governors, members of Congress, *Assemblymen, mayors, aldermen*, and a thousand minor offices, and generally to see to it that the "white trash" are kept at work making money to pay the *taxes to keep the State machinery running.*

The Rump makes a singular estimate *of negro capabilities. Although the blacks are inferior to the whites in mental vigor and development*, they are given supreme control in civil and political affairs; and although, as a race, the blacks are superior in physical strength and endurance, the burden of labor is put upon the whites, and the negroes are required to do nothing but live in idleness at the expense of the people.

But, then, the negroes of the South have been *fashioned into Radical voting* machines, and must be kept in complete repair to overcome majorities against *Radicalism in the Northern States.* This is why the Rump is so liberal with the money wrung from Northern mechanics and laborers by burdensome taxation.—*Patriot & Union.*

THE *New York Commercial*, a Republican journal, declares that the annual stealings from the Government would more than support its legitimate expenses, and leave a margin toward the payment of the interest of the National debt. If there were more economy in public affairs, there would be less talk about the repudiation of the public debt. The people are everywhere beginning to feel the effects of corruption in the shape of diminished business activity and scarcity of employment. At least the signs of the times indicate the termination of the reign of corruption—only the reform must emanate from without, not *from within—by the people and not by* Congress.

WHISKEY FRAUDS.—Nearly every paper we meet with contains some alarming statements of whiskey frauds perpetrated upon the public revenue system. Whose fault is this? Is the law so defective that these frauds cannot be prevented? Why does not the Radical Congress amend the law? Does the fault lie with the Commissioner of Internal Revenue? Why then is he not removed? Removed by whom? Congress says the President cannot remove him. Then he is not responsible. Who is? Congress—the Radical Rump Congress.

THE State Guard, a Radical sheet published at Harrisburg, thus endorses our candidate for Auditor-General: "Mr. Charles E. Boyle, of Fayette county, the Democratic nominee for Auditor General, is among *the extreme men of the* faction to which he belongs, though it cannot be denied that he is a man of ability, that he is personally honest, and if elected Auditor-General, would make a competent officer."

RELIABLE advices from Tennessee give the lie to all the terrible stories about outbreaks and outrages upon Union men in that State. The reports about the Kukuluk Klan, which have appeared in Radical journals, excite laughter where the facts are known. No outrages have been committed by them. There is some disturbance here and there, but the Radicals and the lawless idle negroes are to blame for it.

THE New York *Evening Post*, (Radical) gives its friends in Congress this broad hint as to their fate if they continue in the course they are pursuing: "It may look very well in a man who is approaching a precipice to cry out, 'No step backward,' but to those who see where he is going it looks very foolish."

PENNSYLVANIA SPEAKING!

Democratic Victories Everywhere!

York, Harrisburg, Reading, Lebanon, Titusville, Corry, &c., &c., &c., proclaim for the Constitution and a White Man's Government! —and pronounce against Impeachment!

The Spring Elections throughout Pennsylvania, on Friday last, resulted gloriously for the Democracy. We have reports of Democratic victories or gains from nearly all points. The following are a few of the significant "straws:"

HARRISBURG, March 21.—The Democracy of Harrisburg covered themselves with glory yesterday, electing Mr. Geo. W. Weaver, for City Treasurer, by 446 majority—*the largest majority ever polled in the city*, and a gain of 221 over last spring and 262 over Judge Sharswood's majority last fall.

The three City Auditors are elected by an average majority of 455 votes.

Every ward in the city went Democratic by handsome majorities. The Democracy now control the whole city government—electing all the Common Councilmen—a gain of two, six School Directors, all the Assessors, Judges of Election, &c.

All honor to the working Democrats of the Capital City.

YORK, March 20.—David Small, the Democratic candidate, was elected Chief Burgess to-day by three hundred and ninety-six majority. This is the largest Democratic majority ever given in this borough, and is a gain over last fall of thirty-eight (38)

BEDFORD, March 20.—At the election *to-day the Democrats carried this* borough by sixty-five majority, a gain of forty-one over last fall.

TITUSVILLE, March 20.—At the city election held to-day in Corry and Titusville the Democrats elected their Mayors and a majority of the council in both places, which were never known to go Democratic before.

MIDDLETOWN, March 21.—Col. John McCreary, the Democratic candidate, was elected Chief Burgess of Middletown on Friday last, by a majority of 91, a gain of 121 votes since last fall. The South and Middle wards were carried by the Democrats.

LEBANON, March 21.—At the election *yesterday, John H. Bassler* was elected Burgess, and J. Richert Assistant, by 30 majority—a gain of 110 votes for the Democracy.

ELIZABETHTOWN, Lancaster county, March 21.—The Democracy made a gallant fight yesterday, and carried their Burgess, Judge, &c. The town has been steadily Republican.

WILKESBARRE, March 21.—The election yesterday was a complete Democratic triumph, resulting in a majority for them of 15 in the First Ward, a Democratic gain of 34 since last October, and a Democratic majority of 76 in the Second Ward, a gain of 35 since previous election.

MARCUS HOOK, March 21.—For the second time in the memory of the oldest inhabitant, *ye ancient Borough of Marcus Hook* yesterday elected the entire Democratic ticket by majorities ranging from ten to thirty-five. It was an open stand-up fight all day, but the Blackies (*as they called themselves*) had to succumb to the charges of the White Veterans.

GREENE COUNTY.—The Spring Elections in Greene county resulted in unprecedented Democratic victories. The Radicals only carried two election districts in the county. That same near being a clean sweep.

WEST DONEGAL.—The Democracy of West Donegal township elected their Judge and almost the entire ticket on Friday. This has heretofore been a Republican stronghold. Even in Lancaster county the light of political truth *begins to break through the dark night of* Radical error, which has so long rested upon that section.

MARIETTA.—The Democracy of Marietta swept the town on Friday, electing the whole ticket from top to bottom, with the exception of a single member of the town Council. This is an extraordinary victory, the borough having long been under the complete control of the Radicals.

WRIGHTSVILLE.—In Wrightsville borough, where Williams, Republican candidate *for Supreme Judge, last fall*, had 23 majority, the Democrats at the late election, elected their Chief Burgess, *and the whole ticket by some 27 majority.* Wrightsville has been steadily Republican.

DAUPHIN, March 22.—At the election held here on last Friday, for borough and township officers, the entire Democratic ticket was elected. There were three candidates for Judge in the field—Democratic, Radical, and Independent. The Democrats elected their candidate by a majority of 71 over the Radical candidate, and 54 over both. As the Independent was also a Democrat, this would increase the majority to 98. The Democratic majority at the last election was only four.

BLOOMSBURG, March 22.—On Friday last "we met the enemy, and they are ours." Our majority is fifty-seven (57). This result shows a Democratic gain of forty-one (41) over last fall. The Radicals have only two townships left in Columbia county. They are about capitulating to the triumphant Democracy.

WASHINGTON, Pa., March 23.—In this borough, on last Friday, the Democrats made a clean sweep of everything. The entire ticket was elected, and the gain over last spring is large. At the election last fall, Williams (Radical) received a majority of twenty-two in this town.

CHAMBERSBURG.—The Radical majority of 200 reduced to 25—Democratic gain 175!

MIDDLETOWN, N. Y., March 24.—The town of Wallkill elects Henry B. Ogden, the Democratic candidate for supervisor, by 40 majority. He is the first Democratic supervisor elected in thirteen years. A Democratic town clerk was also elected, and probably the rest of the Democratic ticket. Last year the town went Republican by 298 majority.

ONE of the *on dits* afloat is that the President's counsel will summon one hundred prominent lawyers, of both parties, to testify upon the legality of the tenure-of-office law.

THE Radical conspirators have spent three years of peace in trying to put the negro up as a ladder for themselves, but have only succeeded in bringing disaster upon the country and defeat to themselves wherever fair elections have been held.

JUDGE BLACK has said that he would as soon think of advising the President to lay his hand upon the block as to advise him to resign, and he believed the President would be as likely to follow the one advice as the other. This settles a Radical falsehood which the conspirators would give fifty millions of public money to have constructed into a fact.

THE Philadelphia *Post* (Radical) says "Grant finds himself at the head of a party without ever having served in its ranks."

Local Department.

TOWN, COUNTY AND SURROUNDING COUNTIES.

Death of an Estimable Lady.—In our record of deaths to-day will be found that of Mrs. Mary, wife of Capt. Robert McCurdy, of this place, which occurred on Sunday last. She was in usual health up to Tuesday noon, and dined with the family. Soon after, however, she was stricken down with apoplexy, speechless and apparently unconscious. Medical aid was promptly at hand, and everything possible was done to effect a restoration of consciousness, but without avail. Drs. Horner, Huber and O'Neal were unremitting in their attentions to the case, and no act of the most devoted nursing was spared; but she continued in the same condition for five days, giving no sign of consciousness, either by speech or recognition of what was transpiring around her, and taking little or no nourishment, until Sunday noon, when pulsation ceased, and she was numbered with the dead. Stricken down in the prime of life and usefulness, surrounded by an interesting and affectionate family and a large circle of devoted friends and acquaintances, this dispensation is one of a peculiarly affecting character, and calls forth general condolence with the bereaved.

Another.—We learn that Mrs. McSherry, *wife of Hon. Wm. McSherry, of* Littlestown, died on Wednesday last, of pneumonia. She was a most estimable lady, and respected by all who knew her. She, too, leaves an interesting and devoted family, and many warm friends, to mourn her death.

Child Drowned.—On the 20th instant, Joseph William, an interesting son of George and Margaret Wolf, of Straban township, about three miles from this place, was drowned, under peculiarly distressing circumstances. The child was on the porch, awaiting his father's return from the barn, when he was attracted to a rain barrel standing at the end of the porch. It is supposed that whilst reaching over playing in the water, he lost his balance and fell into it.—He was missed only a few minutes, and upon search being made, was found as stated. Medical aid was promptly summoned, but before Dr. O'Neal could reach the sad scene the vital spark had fled. His age was 3 years 4 months and 8 days.

Fire.—About 10½ o'clock on Monday night, our citizens were startled by the cry of "Fire!" occasioned by the burning of the stable of Hon. D. Ziegler, near the Carriage Works of Danner & Ziegler. The stable was consumed, as were three horses in it, the fire when discovered having made too much progress to admit of their being rescued.—One of them was a great favorite of the Judge's, and his loss is especially regretted. Several carriages in one end of the stable were gotten out, but the hay, corn, oats, &c., it contained were destroyed.—The fire had a very threatening appearance, and the escape of the several contiguous buildings can be attributed only to the timely and active efforts of our citizens generally. We never saw buckets do a better work, and would recommend that on similar occasions in the future they be promptly brought by everybody.

The fire is supposed to have been the result of incendiarism, and involved a loss of about $800—insured for $200, in the Perry County Company.

Gettysburg Improvements.—The large double two-story dwelling house, in East Middle street, being built by Judge Ziegler, is rapidly approaching completion—may be occupied in a month. It will be quite an addition to the street.

Wm. Strickhouser is having a two-story frame dwelling erected a little lower down on the same street.

Messrs. Fahnestock, O'Neal and Duncan, purchasers of the Vandersloot property, nearly opposite this office, are preparing to put an additional story on the brick dwelling and remodel the front.—It will be a decided improvement.

Stallsmith & Son have broken ground on the College Campus for two new Professors' houses. Mr. Turner has resumed operations on the Preparatory Department—suspended only during the excessive cold weather.

Mr. John Rupp's new Cottage will soon be in progress of erection. We are told that it will be one of the finest houses in Baltimore street, if not in the town.

New Oxford Improvements.—Mr. Jacob Stock, one of the most enterprising business men in New Oxford, has erected a steam Saw-mill, which is working very well.

Dr. Wm. J. McClure has purchased a lot of ground in New Chester street, New Oxford, near the Diamond, upon which he intends to erect a brick dwelling and office the coming summer. He expects to have the office up and finished in a short time.

Miss Adaline Myers has also purchased a lot, with a view to the immediate erection of a frame dwelling thereon.

Mr. Hezekiah Hagarman, farmer, has a frame dwelling in progress, on a lot purchased by him for that purpose.

Zephaniah Hersh is about building a house on the turnpike, near the toll-gate.

We are glad to note these evidences of go-ahead-a-tiveness on the part of the New Oxford people.

Border Damage Bill.—The Border Damage Bill came up in the House at Harrisburg on the 17th inst., and the first section was defeated by a vote of 17 yeas to 59 nays. The vote was, however, reconsidered next morning, and a substitute adopted, empowering the Governor to appoint a board of commissioners to ascertain the damages and report them to the Auditor General—and then the proper State officers to seek compensation from the United States. Sufferers will hardly be likely to indulge in large expectations from such a bill.

Ellinger & Foote's Combination will exhibit, in Agricultural Hall, this and to-morrow evenings, with a matinee to-morrow afternoon. Admission—evenings, 35 cents, children 25 cents; afternoon, 25 cents, children 15 cents. Among the attractions are Com. Foote, the smallest man alive, Miss Eliza Nestelle, (sister of Com. Foote,) the smallest lady ever known, and Col. Small, a trifle taller than Com. Foote; besides Mrs. C. G. Russell, Miss Minnie Chase, Barny Carter, Prof. Brooks, and Master Willie A. Hunter, (Young America,) vocal and instrumental performers.

N. Y. Commission Merchant.—Attention is directed to the advertisement, in another column, of Josiah Carpenter, *General Commission Merchant*, New York City. We understand that along the Cumberland Valley Railroad large consignments are made to Mr. Carpenter, and that satisfactory returns are in all cases had. The matter should commend itself to many of our people.

Our Harrisburg letter we regret to say, reached us too late to be put in type for this issue.

Borough Election.—The following was the vote in this borough on Friday last:—The Radical majority of about one hundred, last spring and fall, was whittled down to nearly half. True, the vote was light, but this affected both sides. Had there been a full Democratic turn out with the Radical vote out, more than half of the Democratic candidates would have been elected, if not all of them.—Radicalism is growing weaker, even in this hotbed. Its iniquities are making *some* impression, persistent as the leaders are in their efforts to cover them up or gloss them over. We annex last Friday's result:

Rad.		Dem.	
	BOROUGH.		
Peter Myers	148	Henry Chritzman	141
	TOWN COUNCIL.		
Wm. S. Hamilton	175	Charles Ziegler	167
A. M. Hunter	158	Jacob Belley	143
	JUDGE.		
David Sweney	205	Wm. E. Biddle	140
	INSPECTOR.		
J. F. McCreary	205	Wm. J. Martin	142
	SCHOOL DIRECTORS.		
Wm. Guinn, 3y	198	Adam Rebert, 3y	146
Jas. A. Scott, 3y	200	Rob't D. Armor, 3y	150
Wm. T. King, 2y	201	S. K. Faulk, 2y	143
	ASSESSOR.		
W. H. Aughinbaugh	196	H. G. Wolf	147
	CONSTABLES.		
Geo. W. Welkert	197	Lewis Myers	183
Jas. E. Flaherty	181		

Lectures.—From the *Princeton Standard*: "No lectures or entertainments, worthy of the patronage of the intelligent and refined, have ever drawn out larger audiences, or been more highly enjoyed and appreciated by the people of Princeton, than those given by Professor Kidd."

Prof. Kidd will deliver the seventh lecture of the course of the Literary Societies on next Tuesday evening, March 31st. His subject will be, "An Evening with the Poets, Orators and Humorists." The gentleman has a wide reputation as an Elocutionist.

The eighth lecture will be delivered by Rev. T. De Witt Talmage, on Tuesday evening, April 7th.

Col. McClure's Lecture, on "Mormonism," in Agricultural Hall, on Monday evening, was very interesting. The audience was unusually large, and unanimously pleased—the highest kind of a compliment.

Services.—Rev. James Jones Smyth, of Erie county, will preach in the Marsh Creek Presbyterian church on Sabbath morning next (March 29), at 11 o'clock, A. M., and also at the Hunterstown church at 3 P. M.

The Spring Equinox.—The sun crossed the line on Saturday, but instead of bringing balmy spring weather, we have had sleet and snow almost every day since.—The snow yesterday morning was about eight inches deep.

—How would it do to buy off Professor Agazzis? He predicts another deep snow to-morrow.

Large Sale.—A friend informs us that the sale of Jacob Lady, in Franklin township, on the 11th instant, was probably the largest in the county—amounting to $3,518.80. The highest horse, in price, sold for $320—the highest cow $60. Mr. L. had his sale well advertised, and paid liberally for conducting it, the cryer receiving $25 and the clerk $12.50.

Contract.—Mr. Hugh L. Gallagher, of Shepherdstown, Va., (formerly of this place,) has received the contract for supplying a large quantity of Virginia granite for the paving of Broadway, New York.

Before the war, Mr. Gallagher was supplying the Government with the material for the construction of the fortification known as Castle Calhoun, or Rip-Raps, in Hampton Roads.

Eyre & Landell prefer dealing in good Goods at fair prices. This is a Dry Goods House of long standing, and has acquired an enviable reputation. Read advertisement in this issue. It

Defeated.—At the election in Chambersburg on Friday, the sense of the voters was taken on the questions of a new Market House and a Steam Fire Engine. Both were defeated—the former by 103, and the latter by 308.

Graffenberg.—Graffenberg Springs hotel is now kept by Mr. Hiram M. Jones, who has leased it from Samuel Secrist.—We doubt not that the high reputation this hotel acquired under Daniel Miller will be maintained.

Law Judge.—D. Watson Rowe, of Franklin county, has been commissioned as additional Law Judge for that district, by Governor Geary, to serve until the first Monday of December next, when the place will be filled by election.

Premiums.—The York Springs Building Association has got ahead of its neighbors in the line of premiums—one share of money selling last week at 45 per cent. premium, and another at 47 per cent.

To House-Keepers.—Young folks and others, who are preparing to go to house-keeping this spring, will do well to make a call at Col. C. H. BUEHLER'S Ware-rooms, near the Depot, Gettysburg, Pa., where, in addition to a large variety of the most approved COOKING STOVES, *Sitting Room and Chamber Stoves*, can be found a very large assortment of every kind of TIN-WARE, Hollow-Ware, Japan Ware, Toilet and Chamber Sets, Bread and Spice Boxes, Tea and Coffee Canisters, Waiters, Coffee Mills, Water Coolers, Spittoons, Pudding Moulds, Flour Sieves, Candle Sticks, Smoothing Irons, Egg Beaters, Fruit Cans, Jelly Moulds, and a thousand other articles in the house-keeping line—all of which will be sold at lowest cash prices. Call and examine. tf

Removed.—Henry Overdeer has removed his Flour and Grocery Store to his new house, on "the hill," in Baltimore street, where he asks all his friends and the public generally to give him a call. He has a nice new store room, a nice stock of goods, and will sell them at prices that must please. He has gone to much expense to have everything right, and flatters himself that the public will appreciate it. It

Carlisle a Sea-port Town.—Great Reduction in the Price of Queensware.—Two invoices just landing from Liverpool, England, for WM. BLAIR & SON, go away down. The people shall have CHEAP GOOD GOODS.

Carlisle, Pa., March 24, 1868.

P. S.—Two car loads of best Fish, at lowest prices, wholesale and retail.

The Blood owes its red color to minute globules which float in that fluid, and contain, in a healthy person, a large amount of iron, which gives vitality to the blood. The Peruvian Syrup supplies the blood with this vital element, and gives strength and vigor to the whole system. It

Speer's Wine.—Speer's Port Grape Wine is the only wine calculated to do good in diseases of the stomach, bowels, liver, and kidneys, such as acidity, dysentery, diarrhœa, incontinence of urine, and general debility. One bottle is sufficient to convince the most sceptical of the great curative powers contained in this Wine. Sold by druggists. It

The Great American Hair Preparation, valued at home and abroad, as real Hair Restorer or Dressing, (*in one bottle.*) A great triumph of science. MRS. S. A. ALLEN'S IMPROVED, (*new style.*) Every Druggist sells it. Price One Dollar.

March 25. 1m

BOROUGH AND TOWNSHIP OFFICERS.

The following is a list of the officers elected in the various boroughs and townships of this county on Friday last, as we find them returned to the Clerk of the Judge:

GETTYSBURG.—Burgess, Peter Myers; Town Council, W. S. Hamilton, A. M. Hunter; Judge, David Sweeney; Inspectors, John F. McCreary, Wm. S. Mauk; School Directors, Wm. Guinn, J. A. Scott, W. T. King, 2y; Assessor, W. H. Aughinbaugh; Constables, George W. Welkert, James E. Flaherty.

CUMBERLAND.—Judge, Isaac Leeper; Inspectors, Wm. Allison, W. G. Black; Assessor, Jerome J. Sneeringer; Supervisors, Peter Gutting, John A. Lohr; Directors, Moses C. Benner, Henry S. Toot, Jacob Hershey 3y, George Patterson 1y; Treasurer, Francis Stoner; Auditor, Peter D. Swisher; Clerk, John F. Swisher; Constable, John Keefauver.

MOUNTJOY.—Judge, Edward Collins and David Snyder tie; Assessor, Henry Schwartz; Supervisors, a tie between Joseph Wolf, Michael B. Miller, Daniel Trostle and Patrick Gibney; School Directors, James Lane, David Spangler; Treasurer, Joseph Mackley; Auditor, George W. Hoffman; Clerk, Joseph H. Orndorff and Jesse Snyder tie; Constable, Jeremiah Rohrbaugh.

MOUNTPLEASANT.—Judge, Jacob Cashman; Inspectors, John Kerrigan, James A. Biehl; Assessor, Joseph A. Smith; Supervisors, Samuel Hill, James C. Dutterer, School Directors, Egbert Eckert, Peter K. Smith, John Reed 3y; Auditor, Levi Schwartz; Clerk, Charles A. Heuler; Constable, Jacob Noel.

GERMANY.—Justices, Samuel Harner, Christian Rock; Judge, George Hosson; Inspectors, Henry Stear, Cornelius King; Assessor, Samuel A. Kunefelter; School Directors, Levi Harner, P. J. Greenholt, Emanuel Crouse; Supervisors, David King, Jacob Rittase, Auditor, Wm. Staub, Clerk, John G. Wolf; Constable, Joseph A. Crabbs.

LITTLESTOWN.—Burgess, Jas. A. Colehouse; Town Council, Henry Colehouse, Wm. Sheely, Jesse Geiselman, John F. McSherry, John Duttera, Judge, Wm. Kuhns; Inspectors, Wm. H. Lessinger, John A. Spalding; Assessor, Samuel Weikert; School Directors, Jacob Hornberger, T. S. Blocher; Auditor, James L. Jones; Constable, Wm. Sickles.

UNION.—Judge, Daniel Wehler; Inspectors, J. Kellenberger, Samuel Basehoar; Assessor, Emanuel Wildasin; Supervisors, Henry Unger, Henry Bollinger; School Directors, Michael H. Kitzmiller, Daniel Sheely; Auditor, Wm. Slifer; Clerk, William Unger; Constable, Joseph Arndtz.

BERWICK TOWNSHIP.—Justice, Nathaniel Miller; Judge, Jacob Hull; Inspectors, Jacob Sterner, Wm. Elder; Assessor, John Shull; Supervisors, Jacob Wertz, John Richter; School Directors, Samuel Naugle, Henry Miller, Anthony Thoman 2y; Auditors, Cyrus Trone, George Oaster 1y; Clerk, Samuel Kinepaugh.

BERWICK BOROUGH.—Judge, John Q. Motter; Inspectors, George S. Kohn, Frederick Wolf; Assessor, Harry Slaymaker; School Directors, Joseph R. Henry, Henry Mayer; Constable, Jacob Harman.

CONOWAGO.—Judge, Thomas McKinney; Inspectors, E. J. Owings, Emanuel Bunty; Assessor, Solomon Schwartz; Supervisors, Anthony Strasbaugh, Joseph Dreyer; School Directors, Jacob Bollinger, Martin Sawyer, Josiah Myers 1y; Auditors, George Kuhn, Peter Eyster 1y; Clerk, Joseph Burkee; Constable, Jacob Single.

OXFORD.—Judge, Joseph Stough; Inspectors, Solomon Brown, Samuel Neely; Assessor, Henry Felix; Supervisors, David Fink, John Clunk; School Directors, Simon Slagle, Jacob Bollinger; Auditor, Anthony Felix; Clerk, Dr. W. J. McClure Constable, Philip Beck.

STRABAN.—Judge, John G. Brinkerhoff; Inspectors, Peter S. Bechert, Samuel Shull; Assessor, Jacob Pottorff; School Directors, Henry Albert, Jacob Wilmer; Supervisors, Daniel Stallsmith, Stephen Noel; Auditor, John Wertz; Clerk, Jesse McCreary; Constable, Geo. F. Miller.

HAMILTON.