The Compiler.

GETTYSBURG, PA.

Monday Morning, June 17, 1867.

OUR NOMINEE.

Hon. George Sharswood, of Philadelphia, the nominee of the Democratic party for Supreme Judge, is admitted on all sides to be one of the ablest judges and purest men in the Commonwealth. In the Convention which nominated him, Judge Black rose and said:

I did not vote for Judge Sharswood; but that only proves that there are other men deemed worthy of the high honor which has fallen upon a proper person. I have known Judge Sharswood for a good many years. I think I know him well, both as a man and a lawyer; there is not one unsound spot upon him; there are precious few men in Pennsylvania who are his equal; and to say that is to say about as much as can well be said of any man. He understands the law and the constitution thoroughly, and would die rather than violate a great principle.

Such a tribute, from such a source, is enough to place the nominee in the confidence of every right-thinking, patriotic voter. We shall have more to say of him hereafter. With so auspicious a start, the Democracy cannot well fail of success at the polls. To work, then, Democrats, at once! Strike for your country, your institutions, and your rights as white men!

ILLINOIS, TOO!

An election has just been held in Illinois which shows the change in public sentiment in that quarter. The Second Judicial District of that State, which gave 3,044 majority for the Radicals in November, 1866, now elects a Democrat for Judge by a majority of 4,000. This is a healthy indication, and should induce renewed exertion on the part of the Democracy of Pennsylvania to redeem the old Keystone State in the coming contest.

☞ Last winter the Radicals of the Illinois Legislature changed the time of holding the municipal election in Galena from March to June, in order to take advantage of the absence of many Democrats on the River. At the election on the 5th instant, however, the Democracy elected the mayor by 250 majority, all the aldermen, and captured the third ward, which has always been in opposition. Cheating never prospers long.

☞ The Missouri *Republican* thus chronicles a recent Democratic victory in that State:

The Radicals of Belleville received a drubbing yesterday which they will remember. The Democrats elected Wildings by a majority of 159—a gain of *seven hundred* since last fall. The *Democrat* says the Democracy is a corpse! But it sloshes around the Radicals in a fatal style.

Local Elections in West Virginia.—The local elections in West Virginia which have recently taken place show large Conservative gains, and many counties have been completely revolutionized. Every county in what is known as the Panhandle has given large Conservative majorities, and the great diminution in Radical strength is said to be noticeable everywhere.

Democratic Victory in a New England City!—The Democracy of Waterbury, Connecticut, achieved a signal victory on the 10th. Last year the Radicals carried the city by 300. Now the Democrats have it by 300, and on a vote much larger than that of last year. The Democratic Mayor has within a fraction of 300, and on all the Aldermen the Democratic majority is considerably over 300, and on some over 830! This are the white men of the country almost everywhere asserting their self-respect.

BEECHER'S BAIT FOR THE BLACK MAN.

In his remarks before the Equal Rights Association, Henry Ward Beecher said: "Take a black man, bait him with a white woman, and I think you will catch the black man." This, says the Chicago *Times*, is probably true, but somewhat disgusting. If the Radicals propose to use white women as baits to catch darkies with, it is to be hoped that they will use their own daughters and sisters first; but as in the war they got others to do the fighting, and as in negro suffrage they propose it only for other States, so, in the matter of bait, they will probably attempt to use somebody else's white women.

INTELLIGENT COLORED GENTLEMEN.

John M. Botts, who is serving on the Richmond Grand Jury with five colored men, cannot make them understand, he says, that the jury has nothing whatever to do with confiscating lands, which they are constantly talking about. They reply: "Gor a mighty, Mr. Botts, the colored people want land, and how is dey goin to git it without it's confiscated and gub to em?" This is rather a pertinent question. A set of Radical mischief-makers have filled the heads of these ignorant creatures with the idea that they ought to have the plantations of their old masters, and it seems impossible for even their friend, Mr. Botts, to convince them that a Grand Jury has no power over the subject. Radicalism is beginning to bear its legitimate fruit, but the end is not yet.

THE CAMPAIGN IN TENNESSEE.

Brownlow is conducting the campaign in Tennessee on true radical principles. He has organized a band of thieves and cut throats in every county of the State, and his armed ruffians are doing the political work assigned them in true radical style. Murders and other infamous and brutal outrages are of daily occurrence. The people of the State are making loud appeals to the President, and eagerly seeking the protection of the Government. What a glorious republic this is, to be sure! The re-election of Brownlow through the agency of his gangs of desperadoes will be heralded as another triumph of freedom. Hail Columbia, happy land!

☞ Maximilian has been captured by the forces of Juarez in Mexico, and is to be tried by court-martial. Several of his favorite generals have already been shot. Whilst the attempt to establish a monarchy in that long-distracted country has failed, it is not at all certain that peace will reign long within her borders.

NEGRO VS. CAUCASIAN.

Our attention has been directed to the following remarkable passage from a lecture recently delivered by Professor Agassiz, of Boston. There is nothing new in the statement that there are radical differences of structure in the various races of men. Science has long since settled the fact that the Caucasian and the Negro are two species of the human family that are distinctly and widely separated from each other. But we did not know that the opposing characteristics of the white and the black man were so numerous as they are said to be by Professor Agassiz. His statement will be read with interest, and he speaks with an authority that is seldom or never disputed either here or in Europe:

"I have pointed out *over a hundred specific* differences between the bonal and nervous systems of the white man and the negro. Indeed their frames are alike in no particular. There is not a bone in the negro's body which is relatively the same shape, size, articulation, or chemically of the same composition as that of the white man. The negro's bones contain a far greater percentage of calcareous salt than those of the white man; even the negro's blood is chemically a very different fluid from that which courses in the veins of the white man. The whole physical organism of the negro differs quite as much from the white man's as it does from that of *the chimpanzee*, that is in his bones, muscles, nerves and fibres. The chimpanzee has not much further to progress to become a negro than a negro has to become a white man. This fact science inexorably demonstrates. Climate has no more to do with the difference between the negro and the chimpanzee, than it has between the horse and the ass, or the eagle and the owl. *Each* is a *distinct* and *separate* creation. The negro and white man were *created* as different as the owl and the eagle. They were designed to fill *different plans* in the system of nature. The negro is no more a negro by accident or misfortune than the owl is the kind of bird he is by accident or misfortune. The negro is no more the white man's brother than the owl is the sister of the eagle, or the ass is the brother of the horse. How stupendous, and yet how simple is the doctrine that the Almighty Maker of the universe has created inherent species of the lower animals to fill the different places and offices in the grand scenery of nature!"

THE RADICAL NEGRO VICTORY IN WASHINGTON.

We do not suppose that any one was surprised at the result of the election in Washington City, a Radical Congress having passed a law allowing the thousands of lazy negroes lounging there to vote. But the negroes did not only vote—other frauds of the most high-handed character were perpetrated. The *National Intelligencer* explains the infamous process by which the city was carried, thus:

The memory of man runneth not to such extent as to find the parallel of the election frauds perpetrated yesterday by the negro party managers. There is evidence that they dragged negroes from the country off the market wagons at the market place, and had them registered. There is evidence that they voted negroes living in Maryland and Virginia by scores and hundreds. There is evidence that their busy myrmidons, men who have neither interest nor character in the community, were allowed to pass up and down the lines of voters waiting to gain access to the polls, and to inspect the tickets of the colored men, and when Conservative tickets were found in their possession they were taken away, torn up, and Radical tickets substituted for them. The poor, ignorant creatures dared not remonstrate against this outrage, and the police did not interfere with these disturbers of the election; but the men who were guilty of these practices will be presented to the grand jury and indicted and tried for malfeasances. Elections heretofore have been carried by violence, but no case has ever yet been presented in which such open, barefaced, and undisguised frauds have been attempted as those perpetrated by the negro party managers and permitted by the authorities yesterday.

CONFISCATION.

The Doylestown *Democrat*, in alluding to "a letter from Thad. Stevens, vindicating his policy of confiscation, addressed to the Hon. Edward McPherson, Clerk of the House of Representatives of the United States," remarks: "Mr. Stevens remains in his diabolical frame of mind, and would despoil the South of the little property she has left. We charged long ago that he was only actuated by a feeling of *revenge and malice*, and this letter *proves it*. * Our government has already been guilty of such acts since the war broke out as to disgrace it with the rest of the world without resorting to confiscation, to gratify the malice of a devilish old man."

☞ Mr. Thaddeus Stevens has written another letter on confiscation. It was addressed to a citizen of Alabama, and published in a late number of the Montgomery *Advertiser*. It reads thus:

LANCASTER, May 21, 1867.

DEAR SIR: We do not confiscate loyal men, nor rebels unless they are rich; few men suffer, *not enough I fear*; some innocent men will I fear.

THADDEUS STEVENS.

In commenting upon this brutal utterance of "the great commoner," the New York *Times*, Conservative Republican, says:

This is a curious document—indicative rather of the writer's fixed purpose to push his confiscation project than of any clear idea as to the mode of carrying it into effect. If Southern property is to be confiscated, it must be by law; how can a law, which must be equal in its operation, distinguish between the rich and the poor? Mr. Stevens and General Butler are determined to build up a Southern party called Republican, on the scheme of confiscation. They expect to get by that bribe the whole negro vote and enough of the white vote to control the Southern States, and this calculation is not so wild as it may at first sight seem. But if the Republican party allows these men to fasten confiscation upon them as a party measure, they will lose more electoral votes by it in the North than they can possibly gain at the South. The project meets no sort of favor with the Republican press generally, and we presume it will be promptly squelched at the next meeting of Congress.

BLOCKHEADS VS. COPPERHEADS.

Horace Greeley having dubbed those people who disapprove his course in bailing Jeff. Davis, "narrow-minded blockheads," it is at last settled what is to be the generic title of the pie-bald and mongrel opposition to the Democratic party. "The Blockheads" will sound very well as a set-off to "Copperheads."

The Right Color.—The telegraph announces that the Republicans of Washington held a grand mass meeting to celebrate their triumph. A negro was properly selected as President. They believe in the superiority of the negro, and ought to practice on their belief.

STATE JUDICIAL CONVENTION.

Nomination of Hon. George Sharswood.

A SOUND PLATFORM.

The Democratic State Convention met at Harrisburg on Tuesday last, for the nomination of a candidate for Supreme Judge, to be voted for at the coming October election. Every district in the State was represented, whilst many of the most prominent Democrats not delegates gave the assemblage the benefit of their presence.

At 12 o'clock, M., Hon. Wm. A. Wallace, Chairman of the Democratic State Central Committee, called the Convention to order, in the Hall of the House of Representatives, and made an appropriate and telling speech. The list of delegates was called over—Hon. Wm. McSherry appearing as the Representative delegate for this county, and Hon. J. McDowell Sharpe as the delegate for this Senatorial district.

Hon. D. M. Fox, of Philadelphia, was made temporary Chairman, with several Secretaries.

Hon. Charles E. Boyle, of Fayette, and Hon. J. S. Black, of York, were nominated for permanent President. Judge Black declined in favor of Mr. Boyle, and the latter was chosen.

Hon. Wm. McSherry was placed on the Committee on Organization, and Hon. J. McDowell Sharpe on Resolutions.

In the afternoon, immediately after the report of the Committee on Organization, the Convention proceeded to nominate a candidate for Supreme Judge. Two ballots were had, as follows:

First Ballot.—Sharswood 50, Maynard 14, Fisher 9, Ryon 14, Pershing 2, Lowrie 16, Elwell 7, Church 8, Graham 6, Grant 2.

Second Ballot.—Sharswood 85, Maynard 15, Fisher 9, Ryon 11.

The nomination of Judge Sharswood was hailed with a loud outburst of enthusiasm, and was made unanimous, on motion of Judge Black.

Hon. Wm. A. Wallace was unanimously re-elected Chairman of the State Central Committee until January 1, 1869, and the following persons were selected as members of the Committee:

1st District, Gen William McCandless; 2nd, Adam B. Walter, Philadelphia; 3d, Samuel J. Randall, Philadelphia; 4th, Albert R. Schofield; 5th, A. D. Markley and Nimrod Strickland, Jr.; 6th, O. P. James; 7th, C. M. Knauss; 8th, James McCauty; 9th, George De B. Keim; 10th, Peter Gilbert; 11th, Joseph L. Merriman; 12th, David R. Randall; 13th, G. O. Deise; 14th, Major John Cummings; 15th, John A. Punston; 16th, David Mitchell; 17th, Wm. P. Brinton, Robert Crane; 18th, Wm. Penrose; 19th, Henry J. Stahle; 20th, John O. Gemmel; 21st, Gen. A. P. Wilson, Joseph Swartz; 22d, Joseph M. Thompson; 23d, Thos. J. McCullough; 24th, W. T. H. Pauley; 25th, Hon. James P. Barr, William D. Moore; 26th, Freeman Brady, Jr.; 27th, David S. Morris; 28th, Robert M. De France; 29th, Pierson Church.

Hon. B. M. Boyer, of Montgomery county, from the Committee on Resolutions, reported the following Platform, which was adopted with cheers:

We, the delegates of the Democratic party of Pennsylvania, in general State Convention assembled, for the nomination of a candidate for Judge of the Supreme Court, profoundly grateful to the Supreme Ruler of the Universe for the return of peace to our beloved country, but deeply mindful on account of the trials and delays which impede the complete restoration and reunion of all the States, and appreciating the dangers which still threaten the safety of our political institutions, and the future peace, liberty and prosperity of the people,

RESOLVE, That we steadfastly adhere to the principles of civil government established by the founders of the Union, and in the present conflict of legislative usurpation with constitutional law, we esteem a wise, upright, and fearless judiciary the great bulwark of public liberty and individual right.

That the *Union of the States is perpetual*, and the Federal government supreme within its constitutional limits.

That representation in the Congress of the United States and in the Electoral College is a right, fundamental and indestructible in its nature, and abiding in every State, being a duty as well as a right pertaining to the people of every State, and essential to our republican system of government. Its denial is the destruction of the government itself.

Each State having, under the Constitution, the exclusive right to prescribe the qualifications of its own electors, we proclaim as a usurpation and an outrage the establishment of negro suffrage in any of the States by the coercive exercise of Federal power, and we shall resist to the last resort the threatened measures of the leaders of the Republican party to interfere by acts of Congress with *the regulation of the elective franchise* in the State of Pennsylvania.

We are opposed to any amendment of the Constitution of the State giving to negroes the right of suffrage.

That the failure of the tariff bill in the last session of the late Congress, more than three-fourths of whose members belonged to the Republican party, is an illustration of their infidelity to their pledges and their neglect of their professions in relation to the great industrial and financial interests of the country.

That the Radical party in Congress, and those who sustain them, have overthrown the Constitution, dismembered the Federal Union, and subverted our republican form of government by a long series of usurpations, among which are the following: The denial of the right of the States of the Union to representation in Congress; the treatment of ten States as subjugated provinces, and governing them by military force in time of peace; the enactment of laws denying indemnity for arrest and false imprisonment made without authority of law; the resistance of the authority of civil tribunals, and their overthrow by the substitution of military commissions for the trial of undefined offenses: their efforts to destroy the Executive and Judicial departments of the government by threatened impeachment, to control executive action, and a projected remodeling of the Supreme Court of the United States, to force obedience to the venal mandates of Congress; the ejectment from their seats in the Federal Senate and House of Representatives of members duly and legally chosen; the purpose of confiscation, avowed by the Republican leaders, in violation of the declaration of rights and other guarantees of Federal and State constitutions, tending, as it does, to destroy all protection to private property, advances them far on the highroad to repudiation.

That a strict conformity, both by Federal and State governments, to all powers, restrictions, and guarantees, as contained in the Constitution of the United States; a rigid and wise economy in the administration of public affairs, and the election of capable, honest, and patriotic men to office, are measures absolutely necessary to restore public confidence, avert national bankruptcy, and insure the perpetuity of our free institutions.

That the late Republican Legislature of this State has distinguished itself by the number of its unwise and unconstitutional enactments. *Some of these laws have already been judicially* determined to be unconstitutional; others are unwise, inexpedient, oppressive and fanatical, and the members who sustained them should be condemned by the people at the polls.

That the power and success of the Democratic party greatly depend on the character and efficiency of its newspaper press, and that to give due force to its usefulness, this Convention earnestly request that in every county all the members of the Democratic party should make vigorous efforts to increase its circulation by giving it their individual patronage and support.

That the Democracy of Pennsylvania by their representatives now assembled, hereby tender acknowledgments and thanks to the Hon. George W. Woodward in his retirement from the position of Chief Justice of this Commonwealth, for the pure and faithful manner in which he discharged the duties of that exalted position.

That the candidate we this day present to the people of Pennsylvania for a place on the Supreme Bench of the State, is, in all respects, worthy of the confidence and support of all who are in favor of an enlightened, faithful and impartial administration of the laws.

After the appointment of a committee to inform Mr. Sharswood of his nomination, (Hon. Richard Vaux chairman,) the Convention adjourned in the best of spirits, all the members full of hope of certain success at the polls in October.

☞ The "loyal" Baltimore correspondent of the Philadelphia *Inquirer* says the constitutional convention will make the judiciary elective by the people, and immediately adds: "Nothing but the Sumner-Wilson bill enfranchising colored men, can ever take Maryland out of her present Democratic rule." Nothing seems to be so infamous for Radicals to propose or enforce to destroy popular democracy. If Radicals happened to own all the horses and cattle, there is scarcely a doubt that some Radical demagogue would propose horse and cattle suffrage.

TOWN AND COUNTY AFFAIRS.

LECTURE.—We are requested to state that a Lecture will be delivered by Rev. B. Villiger, (Superior at Conowago Chapel,) in the Catholic Church, Gettysburg, on Monday evening next, June 24th. Subject, "The Existence of God." The proceeds are to be devoted to repairs on St. Ignatius Church, in Buchanan Valley. This Lecture is spoken of as very able, and should attract a full house.

The Gettysburg Cornet Band has been engaged for the occasion. Price of tickets, 50 cents—to be had at Schick's and Martin's Stores. Lecture to commence at 8 o'clock.

VISITORS.—This pleasant June weather is bringing quite a number of visitors to our historic battle-field. On Thursday next we are to have Lieut. General Grant, at the invitation of the National Cemetery Association. It is said that Gen. Geary is also to be here on that day. The coming of these distinguished visitors is likely to bring many others of lesser note.

THE FAIR GROUNDS.—A large force of hands is now at work on the Fair Grounds, putting up the enclosure, and preparing for the erection of the necessary buildings. The draining and grading of the track will soon commence. When properly improved, as they will be, the Gettysburg Fair Grounds will be among the best in the State. The location is convenient, and admirably adapted in every way. The length of the track is a half mile exactly, and if it does not attract all the fast stock in this and adjoining counties, the Managers will be greatly mistaken.

— Mr. Jonas Rouanzahn, the Treasurer, was in town last week, collecting the subscriptions made by our citizens during the winter. He made some progress, but had not time to remain to gather all in. He therefore left the book with Dr. E. G. Fahnestock, the Secretary, with authority to receipt in his name, and it is hoped, as money is now required daily to continue the work, that all who have subscribed will pay promptly. Now is the time to push the enterprise vigorously, and the entire community (town and country) should give it all the aid possible. The general taking of Life Memberships would be of great assistance. Why not all who can afford it do so at once? Certificates can be had of the President, Secretary, Treasurer, or any member of the Board.

ENLARGEMENT—JOB PRINTING.—Our new Power Press is to be finished by the first of July, and as soon as it arrives the enlargement of the COMPILER will take place. We are quite as impatient as are our numerous readers on the subject, but must console ourself (as we ask them to) with the reflection that, though somewhat long delayed, the improvement will be very marked, and correspondingly satisfactory, when it is effected.

Workmen have been employed for a week or more in arranging matters in our office—strengthening floors, enlarging stands and galleys and introducing new ones, and placing in case a large lot of the latest and prettiest styles of type and borders, with "a thousand and one" other things necessary to make the establishment what we mean it shall be, regardless of expense—A FIRST CLASS COUNTRY PRINTING OFFICE, always ready and able to do first-class work. Come on, then, with your jobs, of every kind, from the smallest label to the largest poster, and we promise full satisfaction. We have not only the necessary *variety* of material to do such work, but it may be honestly claimed that the COMPILER office *knows how to use it*. Specimens can be seen at all times.

SCHOOL BOARD.—The Board of Directors of Gettysburg School District met on Monday evening. The vacancy in the Board occasioned by the death of J. T. McIlhenny, was filled by appointing A. J. Cover, Esq., Director until next election. The Board organized by the election of the following officers, viz:

President—A. J. Cover.
Secretary—J. F. McCreary.
Treasurer—E. G. Fahnestock.

Jeremiah Culp was appointed Collector, and John Geiselman Janitor. The salaries of Teachers were fixed at the same as last year—Schools to re-open September 1, and continue 9 months. The examination and election of Teachers will take place Monday, July 8.

PREPARATORY BUILDING.—The contract for the erection of the Preparatory Department building has been taken by Mr. John R. Turner, of Carlisle, at Mr. McCoy's bid—$18,377. Mr. McCoy was prevented by other arrangements from taking the job. Mr. Turner is favorably known to many of our citizens, as the builder of the Court-house, eight or ten years ago. The building now contracted for by him is to be of brick, three storied, 55 by 63 feet. It is to be roofed and closed in by winter, and finished by the 1st of July, 1868.

MEMORIAL CHURCH MEETING.—We are informed that there will be, on the 20th, a meeting for the organization of an Auxiliary Society for the erection of the Memorial Church in Gettysburg. General Grant and General Geary, who will be in town on that day, are expected to be present. Rev. B. H. Crever will deliver an address.

The meeting will be held in the Court-house, and a full turn out is solicited.

THE CEMETERY.—From the annual report published in the *Star and Sentinel*, we learn that the receipts of Ever Green Cemetery last year were $604 56, including $150 borrowed; and the expenditures $542 34, leaving $62 22 in the treasury.

THE INDIAN DOCTOR will be in Gettysburg, at the Eagle Hotel, Monday, the 24th of June, to remain until the 1st of July. See his notice in another column of this paper.

HOMEOPATHIC. — The Pennsylvania Homeopathic Medical Society had its annual meeting in Philadelphia week before last. Dr. Bushrod W. James delivered the address of welcome. The session was well attended, and a large number of physicians were proposed and elected to membership. Among the officers chosen for the present year, we observe the name of Dr. J. H. Marsden, of this county, as first Vice President. Among the reports read on scientific subjects was one by Dr. Marsden on Obstetrics.

AMALGAMATION.—That the Radical "equality" theory is already bearing its legitimate (or *illegitimate*) fruit, can now be proven without going far for the evidence. Yesterday a-week a big buck negro and a rather "likely" white girl came to this place, from Virginia, stating their purpose to be to enter into the marriage relation—both, like Barkis, being "willin'." After stopping at a hotel, the negro started out to secure the services of some one authorized to tie the matrimonial knot, but did not succeed. It was asking too much—too much in the shape of *practical* "equality," to go down well with a sharp-sighted and thin-nosed public. Disappointed, the negro and his white "lub" changed their quarters to the residence of a colored woman in the outskirts of town. What became of them we do not know; nor are we informed whether they succeeded in having "solemnized" that "mixing of the races" which Radicalism so unerringly points to. Surely no comment on this disgusting subject can be needed. The bare mention of it should arouse the indignation of every white man and woman in the community.

A LONG FAST.—Mr. Andrew Stock, of this place, informs us that about four weeks ago he missed a favorite chicken, and after considerable fruitless search, gave it up as lost. Two weeks subsequent to its disappearance, he had occasion to remove some lumber standing upright in one corner of his stable, and to his great astonishment, found the hen behind it, not only alive, but little less lively than before. He says the only thing strange about it was an enormous thirst, which required almost an hour's drinking of water to satisfy.

Roosting on the stable loft, the hen must have fallen down behind the lumber mentioned, and but for its accidental finding by Mr. Stock, would of course be there yet. Whether "alive and kicking," however, "ye local" does not venture to predict.

THE CROPS.—A walk into the country does one a power of good these pleasant days. The sight of the wheat and rye fields is enough to gladden the heart of the most morose—on every side, as far as the eye can reach, the fields of waving green stretch away until lost in the distance, rich with the promise of abundant yield. The wheat and rye never looked better than they do this season, and our farmer friends are no doubt jubilant over the prospect of once more harvesting a good old-fashioned crop.

HARVEST has commenced in Georgia, and the crop is good. It is stated that the weevil has made its appearance in Virginia, and is doing much damage. We have no reports of its appearance yet in this county—and anticipate little if any injury from it.

SUDDEN DEATH.—It is with more than ordinary feelings of sadness that we announce the sudden demise of Mrs. Julia Ann Smyser, near the Hanover Junction, in this county, on Monday of last week. Mrs S., while bringing in their cows, passed a neighbor's residence, Mr. Glatfelter's, and when a short distance off, Mrs. Glatfelter heard a loud shriek, as she thought from a woman, in the direction where Mrs. S. went. Going in pursuit, she soon came to where Mrs. S. was, leaning against the fence. She was taken to her home, and medical aid sent for, but she expired in a few minutes. The deceased was a daughter of Reuben Reilly, deceased, who resided near this place, and where she was raised. She was beloved by all who knew her, and her early and sudden death is much lamented by all. Her age was 32 years, 3 months and 3 days.—*Hanover Citizen.*

— Mrs. Smyser was a sister of Mr. Jacob Reilly, of this place.

IMPROVEMENTS IN NEW OXFORD.—Mr. John Barnitz has a new house under roof, and Mr. Zouck has a house ready for the roof. Mr. Stidler has a new house partly up, and several other houses are about being finished.

PIC-NIC.—The proposed Pic-Nic at Cashtown Springs, on Saturday next, June 22d, promises to be a pleasant and popular affair. It is in the hands of an active and efficient committee: S. P. Stover, H. Heiges, Wm. Biesecker, H. Brough, E. Sheely and S. A. Lauver. 1t

☞ The Beater Press Hay Co. of this and York counties had 2,000 tons of hay burnt in the destruction of Charles W. Slagle & Co.'s Warehouse in Baltimore, one day last week. The hay was packed, most of it, by Mr. John Heagy, of New Oxford.

SHEAFFER'S NEW GALLERY AT HANOVER, is the place to have your Pictures taken. None better, none cheaper.—Money refunded if not satisfactory. *

TALL RYE.—Mr. E. M. Myers, of Germany township, sends us a stalk of rye measuring 8 feet. That's decidedly tall—and hard to beat.

☞ A Building Association has been formed in Westminster, and a Gas Company is talked of. The introduction of Gas is also agitated at Hanover. "Put 'em through!" Such enterprises are good things, as Gettysburg has very satisfactorily learned. They cost considerably in the start, but pay in the end.

NOT TRUE.—An rumor was in circulation in this place during the past week, to the effect that Col. A. K. McClure, wife and son, had been murdered on the Plains by the Indians. The Colonel is still alive and hearty, and is not likely to give the red devils an opportunity to shorten the term of his natural life.—*Chambersburg Spirit.*

DROWNED.—Peter McGiffigan, an old resident of Chambersburg, was accidentally drowned in the Falling Spring, on Wednesday evening week.

☞ E. M. Alsip, Esq., of Bedford, *bagged 360* trout the other day. So says the *Inquirer*.

—We were out on a trout "bagging" expedition a few days ago, with a nearly similar result—the difference being *only* 359.

☞ We learn that the Rev. H. W. McKnight, of the Gettysburg Theological Seminary, has accepted the call recently tendered him, to become the pastor of the Lutheran church in this place, and that, shortly after finishing his course and a few weeks' recreation, he will assume the duties of the pastorate.—*Newville Star.*

Shad Fishing.—Great success has attended the shad fisheries near Newport of late. During last week from three to five hundred were caught daily. At Mitchell's fishery, on Friday last, fifty-two were brought out at one haul.—*Patriot & Union.*

☞ The *Erie Observer* comes to us in a very neat new dress. The *Observer* is one of the best Democratic papers in the State, and we are glad to witness this evidence of its prosperity.

☞ The Boston *Post* facetiously remarks that the first line of the new Radical song begins thus: "We'll hang Horace Greeley on that sour apple tree, because he helped to set Jeff Davis free."

☞ Satrap Sheridan has removed Gov. Wells, of Louisiana, and appointed one of his own favorites. It is said that the President and Gen. Grant will interfere. A check upon Sheridan's tyranny is certainly needed.

☞ Mrs. Maulsby, wife of Hon. W. P. Maulsby, of Frederick, Md., died on the 4th inst. She was a highly cultivated lady, and her death is deeply regretted.

☞ The trial of John H. Surratt is now in progress in the District Court at Washington.

☞ The first dose convinces that Coe's Dyspepsia Cure is just the thing for any disorder of the Stomach. It is not necessary to try half a dozen bottles; the first dose will stop distress after eating in ten minutes.

☞ Several communications received last week will receive attention as soon as space may permit.

☞ Barnum may be a pious man, but he failed to make his "election sure."

Special Notice Column.

A Wonderful Power.

These Pills vary from all others introduced. They differ from various cathartics in many points. In the first place, Railway's Regulating Pills are purely vegetable, free from all minerals, all poisonous ingredients. Secondly, they are so elegantly coated with gums to become tasteless, and leave no smell. And they never produce any of the disastrous ulterior consequences that too often follow the indiscreet use of those powerful mineral medicines. They are an excellent remedy for Dyspepsia, Asthma, Headache, Fevers in all forms, Pneumonia, in adjusting the Liver, Bowels, Kidneys, Bladder, and nothing so sure for Nervousness. They cure the Piles effectually, when taken according to directions. For all disorders of the Stomach, and the various glands of the system, there are no Pills so good. They have stood high in value in every climate; have been the means of saving tens of thousands of lives during the past half century. They are always effectual and speedy. Never cramp nor purge heavily, but possess the wonderful power of curing Diseases.

Sold by Druggists. Price 25 cents per box.

June 17, 1867. 2w

To Consumptives.

The advertiser, having been restored to health in a few weeks by a very simple remedy, after having suffered for several years with a severe lung affection, and that dread disease Consumption—is anxious to make known to his fellow sufferers the means of cure.

To all who desire it, he will send a copy of the prescription used (free of charge), with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a sure cure for Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, Coughs, Colds, and all Throat and Lung Affections. The only object of the advertiser in sending the prescription is to benefit the afflicted, and spread information which he conceives to be invaluable, and he hopes every sufferer will try his remedy, as it will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing. Parties wishing the prescription, free, by return mail, will please address

REV. EDWARD A. WILSON,
Williamsburg, Kings co., N. Y.

May 27, 1867. 1y

Errors of Youth.

A gentleman who suffered for years from Nervous Debility, Premature Decay, and all the effects of youthful indiscretion, will, for the sake of suffering humanity, send free to all who need it, the receipe and directions for making the simple remedy by which he was cured. Sufferers wishing to profit by the advertiser's experience, can do so by addressing, in perfect confidence,

JOHN B. OGDEN,
May 27, 1867. 1y 42 Cedar st., New York.

A Young Lady

returning to her country home, after a sojourn of a few months in the City, was hardly recognized by her friends. In place of a coarse, rustic, flushed face, she had a soft ruby complexion of almost marble smoothness, and instead of twenty-three she really appeared but eighteen. Upon inquiry as to the cause of so great a change, she plainly told them that she used the CIRCASSIAN BALM, and considered it an invaluable acquisition to any Lady's toilet. By its use any Lady or Gentleman can improve their personal appearance an hundred fold. It is simple in its combination, as Nature herself is simple, yet unsurpassed in its efficacy in driving away freckles, tan, sallowness, cleansing and beautifying the skin and complexion. By its direct action on the cuticle it draws from it all its impurities, kindly healing the same, and leaving the surface as Nature intended it should be, clear, soft, smooth and beautiful. Price $1, sent by Mail or Express, on receipt of an order by

W. L. CLARKE & CO., Chemists,
No. 3 West Fayette St., Syracuse, N. Y.
The only American Agents for the sale of the same.

March 4, 1867. 1y

A Card to the Ladies.

DR. DUPONCO'S GOLDEN PERIODICAL PILLS FOR FEMALES. Infallible in correcting Irregularities, Removing Obstructions of the Monthly Turns, from whatever Cause, and always Successful as a Preventive.

It is now over thirty years since the above celebrated Pills were first discovered by Dr. DUPONCO, of Paris, during which time they have been extensively and successfully used in most of the public institutions, as well as in private practice, of both hemispheres, with unparalleled success, in every case, and it is only at the "urgent request" of the thousands of ladies who have used them, that he is induced to make the Pills public for the alleviation of those suffering from any Irregularities whatever, as well as to prevent an increase of family where health will not permit it.

ONE PILL IS A DOSE.

Females peculiarly situated, or those supposing themselves so, are cautioned against using these Pills while in that condition lest they "invite miscarriage," after which admonition, the Proprietor assumes no responsibility, although their mildness will prevent any mischief to health, otherwise the Pills are recommended as a MOST INVALUABLE REMEDY for all those afflicting complaints so peculiar to the sex.

ONE BOX IS SUFFICIENT.

10,000 Boxes have been sold within Two Years. Ten Thousand Boxes sent by Mail, both by myself and Agents, to all parts of the world, to which answers have been returned, in which far less say, nothing like the above Pills have been known since the Science of Medicine dawned upon the world, in Removing Obstructions and Restoring Nature to its Proper Channel, Quieting the Nerves and bringing back the "Rosy color of Health" to the cheek of the most delicate.

Price $1 per Box. Six Boxes $5.

Sold by JOHN S. FORNEY, Druggist, Sole Agent for Gettysburg, Pa.

Ladies, by sending him $1 through the Post Office, can have the Pills sent, (confidentially,) by Mail, to any part of the country, "free of postage."

Sold also by L. Spangler, Gettysburg; G. W. Neff, York; Coleman & Rogers and Brown Brothers, Wholesale Agents, Baltimore, and S. D. Howe, Proprietor, New York.

March 4, 1867. 1y

Know Thy Destiny.

MADAME E. F. THORNTON, the great English Astrologist, Clairvoyant and Psychometrician, who has astonished the scientific classes of the Old World, has now located herself at Hudson, N. Y. Madame Thornton possesses such wonderful powers of second sight, as to enable her to impart knowledge of the greatest importance to the single or married of either sex. While in a trance, she delineates the very features of the person you are to marry, and by the aid of an instrument of intense power, known as the Psychomotrope, guarantees to produce a life-like picture of the future husband or wife, of the applicant, together with date of marriage, position in life, leading traits of character, &c. This is no humbug, as thousands of testimonials can assert. She will send when desired a certificate, or written guarantee, that the picture is what it purports to be. By enclosing a small lock of hair, and stating place of birth, age, disposition and complexion, and enclosing fifty cents and stamped envelope addressed to yourself, you will receive the picture and desired information by return mail. All communications sacredly confidential. Address in confidence, MADAME E. F. THORNTON, P. O. 223, Hudson, N. Y.

March 4, 1867. 1y

Deafness, Blindness and Catarrh.

Treated with the utmost success, by Dr. J. ISAACS, Oculist and Aurist, (formerly of Leyden, Holland,) No 519 PINE Street, Philadelphia. Testimonials from the most reliable sources in the City and Country can be seen at his office. The medical faculty are invited to accompany their patients, as he has no secrets in his practice. Artificial eyes inserted without pain. No charges made for examination.

Sept 24, 1866. 1y

Marriage and Celibacy.

AN ESSAY ON WARNING AND INSTRUCTION TO YOUNG MEN. Also, Diseases and Abuses which permanently prostrate the Vital Powers, with sure means of relief. Sent free of Charge, in sealed envelopes. Address, Dr. J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON, Howard Association, Philadelphia, Pa. [Dec. 3, 1866. 1oct'67

Free to Everybody.

A Large 6 pp. Circular, giving information of the greatest importance to the young of both sexes.

It teaches how the homely may become beautiful, the despised respected, and the forsaken loved.

No young lady or gentleman should fail to send their Address, and receive a copy post-paid, by return mail.

Address P. O. Drawer 21,
March 4, 1867. 1y Troy, N. Y.

Dr. SCHENCK'S PULMONIC SYRUP.

This great medicine cured Dr. J. H. SCHENCK, the Proprietor, of Pulmonary Consumption, when it had assumed its most formidable aspect, and when speedy death appeared to be inevitable. His physicians pronounced his case incurable, when he commenced the use of this simple but powerful remedy. His health was restored in a very short time, and no return of the disease has been apprehended, for all the symptoms quickly disappeared, and his present weight is more than two hundred pounds.

Since his recovery, he has devoted his attention exclusively to the cure of Consumption, and the diseases which are usually complicated with it, and the cures effected by his medicines have been very numerous and truly wonderful. Dr. SCHENCK makes professional visits to several of the larger cities weekly, where he has a large concourse of patients, and it is truly astonishing to see poor consumptives that have to be lifted out of their carriages, and in a few months healthy, robust persons. Dr. SCHENCK'S PULMONIC SYRUP, SEAWEED TONIC, and MANDRAKE PILLS are generally all required in curing Consumption. Full directions accompany each, so that any one can take them without seeing Dr. SCHENCK, but when it is convenient it is best to see him. He gives advice free, but for a thorough examination with his Respiratometer his fee is three dollars.

Please observe, when purchasing, that the two Diagnoses of the Doctor—one when in the language of Consumptives, and the other as he now is, in perfect health—are on the Government stamp.

Sold by all Druggists and Dealers. Price $1.50 per bottle, or $7.50 the half dozen. Letters for advice should always be directed to Dr. Schenck's Principal Office, No. 15 North 6th Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

General Wholesale Agents: Demas Barnes & Co., N. Y.; S. S. Hance, Baltimore, Md.; John D. Park, Cincinnati, Ohio; Walker & Taylor, Chicago, Ill.; Collins Bros., St. Louis, Mo. [3d w. ea ma. 1 yr.

Married.

On the 2nd inst., in Arendtsville, by Rev. D. W Wolff, Mr. JOSEPH RUDISILL to Miss BELL ECKERT, both of Mountpleasant township.

At the same place, by the same, on the 13th inst., Mr. PHILIP SHEFFER, of Glen Rock, to Mrs. SUSANNAH NEWMAN, of Franklin township, this county.

On the 16th ult., by Rev. E. Breidenbaugh, Mr JOHN M. TATE to Miss FANNY T. WILLARD all of this place.

On Thursday week, by the same, Mr. ABRAHAM