The Compiler.

GETTYSBURG, PA.

Monday Morning, May 27, 1867.

THE RADICAL PROGRAMME.

The so-called "National Union Committee" of the Radical party has issued a circular to the faithful, urging organization for "the remaining elections of 1867, preparatory to the coming Presidential contest," and begging money to pay the way of Radical speakers throughout all the South.

This appeal of the Radical leaders should open the eyes of every man, woman and child in the land, to the infamous designs of its authors. The meaning of Wilson and Kelly's stumping tour through the South is now made clear as daylight. They are there, not to elevate the intellectual or moral condition of the negro, or to re-build the shattered interests of that once fruitful region, but to stir up strife and bad feeling—to create agitation, riot and blood-shed—and all with the single aim of keeping the bad men now ruling the Radical party, longer in office, and their hands longer in the pockets of the people. That this is their programme, no intelligent man, no matter what party he may belong to, can longer doubt.

As to the details of the plan, they are so clearly stated in the *National Intelligencer*, the old conservative organ at Washington, as to leave no room for question on the subject. That none may be deceived by Radical bluster and falsehood, let all read the *Intelligencer's* article—as follows:

"There is an earnest desire on the part of some of the Radical leaders to create a Southern riot of such proportions as will afford an excuse for the reassembling of Congress in July, the impeachment of the President, and the passage of a law of confiscation of Southern property. This is the great end and aim of some of those who see in this present condition of affairs only an opportunity for money making. They are utterly indifferent as to the result upon the country. Some of them have made money out of the war; some of them have seen others realize fortunes from the public disturbances, and are anxious to prolong them with the hope of profit to themselves.

It is such people who have induced the mission of Radical members of Congress into the Southern States to make a canvass. They procured Senator Wilson, of Massachusetts, to go thither, but he was too tame. He was not incendiary enough for their purposes. He would not make the blood and thunder speeches that these speculators desired. He did not create excitements. He was everywhere kindly and courteously received. He originated no riots. He was a failure in the speculation. Other Radical speakers were started upon the tour, with the hope of better success, among them Judge Kelley, of Pennsylvania, to stir up the passions of the people and bring about a riot if possible. These emissaries of the Radical speculators, without knowing it themselves, are simply martyrs to Northern speculators, who would, if possible, delay reconstruction, promote sectional differences, and excite riots. If one of these Northern stump orators should be assaulted or killed during his trip, the wire-pullers here would be delighted. They would be far advanced towards the accomplishment of their object. It would be heralded at once as a proof of the insubordination of the people of the South, made a pretext for the getting up of a furious crusade of public opinion in the North, the reassembling of Congress in July, the impeachment and deposition of the President without delay, and the passage of bills of confiscation of Southern lands—perhaps one or two hundred leading Southern men might be seized and tried and hung by military commissions, in order to make the reign of terror more complete.

This is unquestionably the programme. We hope the people of the South will remember it and be guarded against allowing any hot headed defender of their cause precipitating the result so much desired, not by the people, but by the political speculators in the North. Let them tolerate free speech to the utmost extent. Let them treat with courtesy and kindness the Radical emissaries who come among them. Let them with calmness and dignity meet argument with argument and statement with statement. There is hardly a negro in the whole South who has not sense enough to appreciate right from wrong when it is exhibited to him, nor to perceive that these imported disciples of equal rights are working only for party purposes. Their efforts to incite riots and political disturbances should only elicit disgust. This is a new phase of the pending contest. If the people of the South will keep their tempers and maintain their dignity now, those who are endeavoring to re-open old sores and make them still greater sufferers, will be disappointed.

The Mobile Riot—The Truth Coming Out—Kelley acts the Coward.

The New York *Post*, a Radical journal, referring to the recent riot at Mobile, says "the meeting was broken up by a panic rather that a riot." And the N. Y. *Commercial Advertiser*, Conservative Republican, says Kelley's speech was "incendiary, and calculated to arouse deep feeling," and then adds:

"It is evident that Kelley feared some unknown evil, and that in his 'panicky' state of mind, he uttered the threats in regard to using the United States army to sustain his right to speak, and these words only aggravated the 'row' which had already commenced, and which had been produced by accidental causes. * * *As the facts of this Mobile affair become known, it will be seen that the Radicals cannot make political capital out of it.*"

A gentleman of veracity and character who was at the meeting, writes, under date of Mobile, May 15, that about one hundred respectable white men were present and some two thousand negroes—that

"The whites were *unarmed*, not desiring or expecting a difficulty. As soon as 'Kelley the Coward' had got the row started, he got under the table on the platform, *lying down at full length*, and when it was safe to do so hatless, he ran to the Battle House, and out of breath asked that a pitcher of water be sent to his room, and if any one asked for him to *swear he was out*; the coward deserted his negro dupes, has not been out of his room the whole day, and has a guard of United States soldiers at the hotel to protect him, while no one here feels anything but amusement at his abject cowardice and fear. * * * The whole thing was organized by Radicals before hand. * * I was present at it all. A negro boy tells me he was requested by a person to go to the meeting armed, and to shoot any s—— of a b—— of a confederate that showed his face."

☞ A secret negro military organization has been discovered at Fredericksburg, Virginia, hostile to the United States military. The "colored troops fought bravely" and are all "loyal."

☞ Greeley says the man who pays more for shop rent than for advertising *don't know his business.*

DEMOCRATIC VICTORIES IN INDIANA.

The municipal elections in the State of Indiana show large Democratic gains. The following items in regard to some of the principal places are plainly indicative of great changes in public sentiment:

Terre Haute elects the whole Democratic ticket by 250 majority. Mr. Cookerly, whose printing establishment was destroyed by a mob a few years ago, was elected mayor.

New Albany Democratic by 600 majority.

That stronghold of Radicalism, the city of Richmond, for the first time in many years, elects a Democratic mayor and 5 Democrats to 3 Republicans as councilmen.

Logansport Democratic by 70 majority.

Delphi elects a Democratic mayor, marshall, treasurer, clerk and 4 out of 6 councilmen. Last year the Democrats had but *one* member of the council.

Vincennes elects the entire Democratic ticket, with Gen. Green, editor of the *Sun*, for mayor, over R. Y. Chaddington, editor of the Radical *Times*.

Columbus elects a sound Democrat, Mr. John Pettillots, for mayor.

Lafayette, which has heretofore been intensely Radical, elects Hon. Pettit, Democrat, for mayor.

Madison, another stronghold of Radicalism, elects a Democratic treasurer, clerk, assessor and 8 out of 12 councilmen.

Peru, which heretofore elected none but Radicals, now gives us a Democratic mayor, clerk, marshall and 5 councilmen.

With such facts before them, it is not surprising that the leaders of the Radical party are filled with terrible alarm, and that, with falsehoods such as that reported from Fort Wayne, they should endeavor to prop up their falling fortunes.

Not a Radical Victory.—The telegram which appeared in Radical papers a few days ago, announcing a Radical victory at Fort Wayne, Indiana, was a misrepresentation. The Fort Wayne *Gazette*, the Radical organ of that place, says:

"We notice a dispatch in the Chicago papers of this morning announcing the result in this city as a Republican triumph. This is all a mistake; it was in no sense a party success. The German Democrats first inaugurated the movement and deserve the credit, although some of the candidates were Republicans and the Republicans generally voted the ticket."

The organ of the German Democrats, (the *Staats Zeitung*) which supported the successful ticket, denies, most pointedly, the claim of a Radical victory. The ticket was simply a local German arrangement entirely exclusive of politics.

The Radical leaders must be badly off, indeed, when compelled to resort to the manufacture of falsehoods about town elections. This desperation is scarcely to be wondered at, however. Of the scores of city and town elections reported during the present spring, not one that we can recollect exhibits a Radical increase. On the contrary, the Democracy have not only increased their own and reduced the Radical majorities, but, in a number of instances, they have turned the tide entirely against the negro party. These facts are potent to even the casual reader of the newspapers, and are significant of a widespread change in popular opinion.—*Patriot & Union.*

Another Democratic Victory.—The annual election for mayor and councilmen of the city of Cumberland, Md., came off on Monday week, and resulted in the success of the entire Democratic ticket. For mayor, Jacob Humbird, Democrat, received 438 votes, and James C. Linn, Republican, 312. Democratic majority 126. Last year it was 57.

☞ The Democrats of Elizabeth, Allegheny co., Pa., carried every office at the borough election, on the 6th inst., by eleven majority—a gain of 65 over last fall. This may truly be called bearding the varmint in his den.

WHAT OUGHT TO BE DONE.

Now is the time, says the *World*, to prepare for the great Presidential contest of 1868, upon the result of which depends civil liberty in this country. It is to settle the question whether we are to be governed by the Constitution and laws, or by the whims and caprice of an irresponsible majority of a rump Congress. It is to determine, more than any other election that has preceded it, for or against the representative constitutional government established by the heroes and sages of the Revolution. It is to determine whether we shall be a great, powerful, free, and prosperous nation governed by wise and humane laws, or whether the country is to be torn to pieces by faction and violence, and finally to end in despotism. If the country is to be redeemed from its present downward tendency, it must be done through the principles and the sway of the Democratic party. This is a matter that vitally concerns us all. We are all alike interested. We cannot escape its consequences, however we may neglect our duties. Each and every Democrat has a duty to perform, and in no other way can so much good be accomplished as by the timely diffusion of sound Democratic newspapers. Every Democrat should constitute himself a committee of one for that purpose. Put them on the cross-roads; put them in the families of the poor, and in the hands of moderate Republicans. Get up subscriptions among Democrats who are able and willing to contribute for gratuitous circulation. Democrats have failed in their duty in this respect. Our opponents appeal to men's passions; Democrats appeal to their reason and their patriotism. Our opponents are chiefly held together by lust of power and public plunder; we are united upon the great and tried principles of civil and religious liberty. Their history is one of strife, bloodshed, disunion, bankruptcy and widespread national calamities; whilst ours is a history of more than half a century of national happiness and prosperity unexampled in the history of any other nation or people in modern times. Democrats! if you will but deserve success, you will be victorious. Our Democratic friends in Connecticut have done their duty, and they have nobly triumphed. Go to work and do likewise!

A DARKEY'S HOPE.

At the Baltimore Black and Tan gathering on the 14th, William Sanders, a darkey, nominated Creswell for President, remarking that it was "not time yet for Frederick Douglass." He said further that "the only hope of the Radical party will be the vote of the colored man"—which tells the whole story of Radicalism, with its mock philanthropy, rights of man and shoddy patriotism. Another negro—A. Ward Handy—"hoped soon to see the day when the white birds will be swept from the State of Maryland, if not from the continent of America." We have no doubt of that. The same hope has long been entertained by the Jamaica darkies, and it has frequently been manifested in massacres of white men, women and children; but, in Maryland, and in every other State, the closer that hope is buried in the black hearts of the black Radicals the better it will be for the negroes.

☞ Napoleon and King William have signed the treaty and the Luxemburg question is said to now settled.

VARIOUS.

—Strawberries from Norfolk are selling in Washington City at from twenty-five to forty cents per quart; tomatoes at twenty-five cents per dozen and green peas at eighty cents per peck.

—In Lower Saxony a shoemaker, named Joseph Tanod, has contrived to live to the ripe age of one hundred and fourteen years. He is an inveterate smoker, "and scarcely ever without a pipe in his mouth."

—A Northern imposter has been swindling the Georgia negroes out of considable money by persuading them that he had the power to make them citizens and entitled to vote.

—The indications are that the Mexican Liberalists will get up a formidable war among themselves as soon as Maximilian is disposed of.

—A negro named Jordan is to be run as the Radical candidate for mayor of New Orleans. That's what Radicalism is coming to.

—It is said that Archbishop Kenrick intends to erect a cathedral, upon a lot which he has in St Louis, at a cost of two million dollars.

—According to an act of the last Legislature any man who may desert his wife, or children, or both, can be arrested and imprisoned until support, not exceeding one hundred dollars per month, is guaranteed by sufficient security.

—It is supposed that women were made smaller than men, to enable the latter to lift them over the gutters when it rains.

—The hunting party that is going to visit the Rocky Mountains this summer wouldn't let Ben Butler go along, fearing that when they would get high up among the clouds he might *pocket* the silver lining.

—After Jefferson Davis had been released and was about to enter a carriage, he was greeted with loud cheers from a large crowd of negroes in the streets and about fifty of them crowded forward and shook him cordially by the hand.

—Beecher says in his novel: "Perhaps nowhere in the world can be found more unlovely wickedness—a malignant, bitter, tenacious hatred of good—than in New England."

—A Radical paper in New York says that party has become "dwarfed and debased in mind."

—A Radical candidate in Georgia promises forty acres of land to every negro who shall vote for him. The devil once made equally brilliant promises, but, as in the Georgia case, the "old boy" didn't own a foot of land in the universe.

—A New York paper says a modern undertaker's bill is about as frightful as a visit from the sheriff. To lay out, ice, shroud, coffin, decorate, remove and bury an adult costs about $382. As a consequence people all over the country are postponing dying.

—The malignant Radical elements howl fearfully over the release of Jefferson Davis on bail. They begin to see that the Greeley general amnesty-ites are getting the ascendant. The "patriot Underwood" is now denounced as fearfully by them as he was once foully bespattered with their praises.

☞ The tax-payers of the North cannot forget that the heaviest part of their present burdens consists of the cost of governing the South, under the military bills, with a standing army, "at an expense of millions of money," when no army and no such bills are required. For almost two years the ten Southern States were peaceably and lawfully governing their own affairs, repairing the wreck of war, and preparing to put taxes into the Federal Treasury. They were not one cent of legitimate expense to the tax-payers of the north. Radical legislation has not only put a stop to Southern prosperity and the prospect of any speedy tax receipts from that source, but it has compelled Nothern enterprise and labor to contribute heavy sums to help carry out the infamous political scheme of the party leaders to perpetuate their power and their hold on office.

☞ A Kentucky exchange, in reply to the charge of the New York *Tribune*, that several of the Democratic Congressmen elect from that State had been in the "rebel" army, says: "This statement of the great Radical organ is characteristically veracious. The only one of the candidates elected who was ever in either army is Major Adams, and he was in the Federal service."

☞ The following appeared in the New York *Tribune* of Monday:

The Richmond editors, judging by the reports they give of the recent banquet in the Exchange Hotel in that city, to the gentlemen representing different newspapers at the trial of Mr. Davis, were surprised at the sentiments evinced by some of the Northern journalists present. The scenes of the banquet were closed by drinking a toast to "The Health of Mr. Jefferson Davis, as a Soldier and Man," proposed by Mr. Joseph Macfarland, editor of the Washington *Chronicle*, and by the company singing "Auld Lang Syne."

Let it be remembered that the Washington *Chronicle* is one of John W. Forney's foul-mouthed Radical organs.

IN CHARACTER.

The Rochester *Express* (Radical), published its dispatch from New Orleans about Judge Kelley's speech, with the heading of "Good News from New Orleans," as follows:

GOOD NEWS FROM NEW ORLEANS.

NEW ORLEANS, May 13.—After the meeting on Sunday night, addressed by Judge Kelley and others, the negroes attacked a street car, drove out the white occupants, took possession, and ordered the driver to go ahead.

☞ It is said that the Republican Committee at Washington is trying to engage Miss Anna Dickinson to deliver a course of radical lectures in the South.

Just like them—Kelley and Wilson have become frightened, and now they wish to send a women down to do their work.

☞ The President has appointed Mr. Hunt—the man who was cheated out of his election as congressional delegate—to the governorship of Colorado.

RAILROAD SURVEY.—Messrs. Joseph S. Gitt and P. Harry Irwin, employed to survey a line for the proposed Railroad from Littlestown to Frederick, commenced at the former place on Friday, the 10th instant, and reached the latter on Friday following. A line of very easy grades was found, and of only thirty miles in length, or three miles less than the public road. The line was run into the western end of Frederick. Another route will be surveyed, starting from the Depot, in the eastern section of the city, and running to Worman's mill, there connecting with the line already surveyed. At Woodsboro' it will diverge from this line to the left, by Double Pipe Creek, leaving Taneytown to the right, by which it is expected that a further reduction in distance can be effected. With so favorable a survey, it is hoped that the friends of the enterprise will be stimulated to such efforts as will secure its early success.

TOWN AND COUNTY AFFAIRS.

THE NEW POWER PRESS.—Our Press builders write us, under date of New York, May 22, as follows: "If it is possible for us to ship your Power Press by July 1st, we will do so. Shall leave no effort untried to accomplish it." Though anxious to enlarge the COMPILER without delay, the reader will see by the above that our impatience must be curbed a short while yet. As soon as the machine does arrive, a column will be added to each page of the paper, and all the columns lengthened, making a difference of eight or nine of our present columns in space. We shall do our best to please all the COMPILER'S numerous *friends, and make it* as worthy as we may know how of the public's continued patronage.

THE AGRICULTURAL FAIR.—The buildings and fencing on the Fair Grounds at Bendersville have been torn down, with a view to their removal to and re-erection on the grounds purchased by the Agricultural Society here, where the Fairs are in future to be held. A number of our farmers have already volunteered a day's hauling towards getting this material down, and we allude to it with the hope of inducing others to do likewise. The Board feels the necessity of economizing wherever it is possible, and if farmers and others who have teams would do this job of hauling gratuitously, it would be quite an item saved to the Society, and only a matter of a day's loss of time to those generous and public-spirited enough to give it. What say you, farmer friends? Can you not spare now—or after your corn-planting is over—a day to help forward an organization whose interests are entirely your own?

—It may not be out of place to say, in this connection, that work on the new Fair Grounds has been commenced, and will be pushed forward as vigorously as the means at the control of the management will admit. We have already alluded to the necessity for the sale of a large number of Life Memberships, and trust that farmers and others interested will act promptly on the suggestion. The cost of a Life Membership is $10. Such as have Certificates for this year can surrender them, and by the payment of $9 additional receive a Certificate which will entitle them to membership, throughout their lives, without the cost of an extra cent. Think and act, and thus *help*, without delay.

HOUSE RAISING AND MOVING.—It may interest many persons in the town, and county, to know that we have now among us a gentleman prepared to raise or move buildings, from the smallest to the largest size, of wood, brick, or other material. The gentleman alluded to is Mr. F. S. Giutling, who has spent some time at Chicago in this business, and now returns, well skilled, and having all the necessary machinery. Mr. G. already has several jobs of raising on hand—indeed has completed one, on York street, near the Globe Inn, for Ex-Sheriff Wolf. See card in another column.

SENTENCED.—At the Orphan's Court, last Wednesday, the application for a new trial to Basil Little, convicted at the April sessions of robbing Wm. Morgan of some $40 in money, was sentenced to the Eastern Penitentiary for one year.

Tavern license was granted to J. A. H. Reather, at Middletown.

INTERNAL REVENUE.—The Chambersburg *Spirit* says that C. W. Ashcom, Esq., recently appointed Collector of Internal Revenue for this district, intends collecting the revenue taxes of Franklin county in person, visiting Chambersburg at stated periods for that purpose. It is said that he will adopt the same plan in regard to Adams.

BUILDING ASSOCIATION.—The Gettysburg Building Association is proving a grand success. The last share was taken on Saturday afternoon, and in the evening three shares brought a premium of $1 30 each.

WATER COMPANY.—At the annual election for Managers of the Gettysburg Water Company, on Saturday week, the following persons were chosen: George W. McClellan, George Swope, E. B. Buehler, S. R. Russell and H. J. Stable. The Board organized by the re-appointment of Geo. W. McClellan as President, and S. R. Russell as Secretary and Treasurer. David Sweeney is Collector of Water Rents.

PENNSYLVANIA RESERVES.—The first annual meeting of the Pennsylvania Reserve Association will be held in Harrisburg on Thursday next. The oration will be delivered by General Wm. McCandless, late of the 2d Regiment, and the banquet served at the State Capital Hotel.

LARGE COLT.—We are informed that Samuel March, Esq., of Reading township, is the owner of a two year old colt which weighs 1090 pounds. This is certainly a very large colt. Who can report a heavier one?

RAILROAD REPORT.—From the fifteenth annual report of the President and Directors of the Hanover Branch Railroad Company, just published, we learn that the gross receipts during the past year were $58,502 29, and the total expenses $39,588 85, leaving the net receipts $19,024 24.

RAILROAD SMASH UP.—On Friday evening week, the train on the Littlestown Railroad, when near Plum Creek, ran into a car which had been left standing on the track by the repair hands, resulting in severe damage to the engine and several freight cars. Surprising as it may seem, not a single person on the train was injured.

CAT ORDINANCE.—The Borough Council of Hanover has decreed "that it shall be unlawful for any person to maliciously destroy, in the borough of Hanover, any cat *for the purpose of obtaining its skin*," and attaches a penalty of $10 and costs for each and every violation of this anti-cat-skinning ordinance.

☞ A Convention, under the auspices of the State Temperance Union, will be held in Chambersburg, to-morrow, at 2 o'clock, for the district embracing the counties of Adams, Franklin and Fulton.

SHEAFFER'S NEW GALLERY AT HANOVER, is the place to have your Pictures taken. None better, none cheaper—Money refunded if not satisfactory. *

Married.

On the 16th inst., by the Rev. E. Benbenbaugh, Mr. JOSEPH A. LINSEY to Miss CLARA A. BROADS, both of Cumberland county, Pa.

On the 19th inst., at the Lutheran Parsonage in Arendtsville, by Rev. M. Sycler, Mr. ISAAC H. PETERS to Miss KATE RACANZAHN, both of this county.

Died.

On the 24th inst., in this place, Mrs. MARGARET ARMOR, aged 85 years 2 months and 3 days.

In Mummasburg, on the 17th inst., Mrs. MARIA EICHOLTZ, (wife of Jacob Eicholtz, and daughter of Jonas Roth,) aged 39 years 5 months and 12 days.

On the 23rd inst., in this place, MARY LINCOLN, infant child of Hiram and Charlotte Mickley, aged 1 year 2 months and 8 days.

On the 14th ult., in Tyrone, Blair county, Mrs. ANN C., wife of George W. Keefer, formerly of Adams county, aged 31 years 1 month and 7 days.

In Mechanicsburg, Cumberland county, on Tuesday, May 14th, Mr. DANIEL COMFORT, formerly of this county, aged 61 years.

Special Notice Column.

To Consumptives.

The advertiser, having been restored to health in a few weeks by a very simple remedy, after having suffered for several years with a severe lung affection, and that dread disease Consumption—is anxious to make known to his fellow sufferers the means of cure.

To all who desire it, he will send a copy of the prescription used (free of charge), with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a sure cure for Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, Coughs, Colds, and all Throat and Lung Affections. The only object of the advertiser in sending the prescription is to benefit the afflicted, and spread information which he conceives to be invaluable, and he hopes every sufferer will try his remedy, as it will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing. Parties wishing the prescription, free, by return mail, will please address

REV. EDWARD A. WILSON,
Williamsburg, Kings co., N. Y.

May 27, 1867. 1y

Errors of Youth.

A gentleman who suffered for years from Nervous Debility, Premature Decay, and all the effects of youthful indiscretion, will, for the sake of suffering humanity, send free to all who need it, the recipe and directions for making the simple remedy by which he was cured. Sufferers wishing to profit by the advertiser's experience, can do so by addressing, in perfect confidence,

JOHN B. OGDEN,
May 27, 1867. 1y 42 Cedar st., New York.

"Not Bad to Take."

Of all the medicines ever introduced to the public, none give such general satisfaction as these Pills, particularly for controlling the Liver. As this is conceded to be the most important in reaching the desire change, and regulating those functional irregularities, so fatal if should be without them. The tonic properties of which they consist are of such an order as to cause a discharge of the corrupt diseases from the system, and in cases of Biliousness, in all its forms, no Pills are as good. By the use of them, Bad Blood becomes eliminated, and is made good and pure. The bowels are kept in general order, and they rouse up your digestive organs, giving new life to the invalid, satisfying him in his own mind that Radway's Regulating Pills are the one and only sure remedy for the many diseases incumbent upon the human family. They fight against disease and the doctors, and never allow life to be sacrificed by delay. Mild in operation, purgative in effect, satisfactory to the general organism. Dyspepsia, Diarrhea, Dysentery, Diptheria, Asthma, Rheumatism, Gout, Influenza, Headache, Pleurisy, Lumbago, and all like incidental diseases, give way to the power and effect of these purely vegetable Pills, tasteless in effect, being coated with sweet gum, and as Oliver Goldsmith once said of a prescription, "not bad to take."

Sold by Druggists. Price 25 cents per box.

May 20, 1867. 2w

Dr. SCHENCK'S MANDRAKE PILLS.
A SUBSTITUTE FOR CALOMEL.

These Pills are composed of various roots, having the power to relax the secretions of the liver as promptly and effectually as blue pill or mercury, and without producing any of those disagreeable or dangerous effects which often follow the use of the latter.

In all bilious disorders these Pills may be used with confidence, as they promote the discharge of vitiated bile, and remove those obstructions from the liver and biliary ducts, which are the cause of bilious affections in general.

SCHENCK'S MANDRAKE PILLS cure Sick Headache, and all disorders of the Liver, indicated by sallow skin, coated tongue, costiveness, drowsiness, and a general feeling of weariness and lassitude, showing that the liver is in a torpid or obstructed condition.

In short, these Pills may be used with advantage in all cases when a purgative or alterative medicine is required.

Please ask for "Dr. Schenck's Mandrake Pills," and observe that the two likenesses of the Doctor are on the Government stamp—one when in the last stage of Consumption, and the other in his present health.

Sold by all Druggists and dealers. Price 25 cents per box.

Principal Office, No. 15 North 6th Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

General Wholesale Agents: Demas Barnes & Co., 21 Park Row, New York; S. S. Hance, 103 Baltimore St., Baltimore, Md.; John D. Park, N. E. cor. of Fourth and Walnut St., Cincinnati, Ohio; Walker & Taylor, 134 and 136 Wabash Avenue, Chicago, Ill.; Collins Brothers, southwest corner of Second and Vine Sts., St. Louis, Mo.

[4th & 5th w. co. mo. 1yr

A Young Lady

returning to her country home, after a sojourn of a few months in the City, was hardly recognized by her friends. In place of a coarse, rustic, flushed face, she had a soft ruby complexion of almost marble smoothness, and instead of twenty-three she really appeared but eighteen. Upon inquiring as to the cause of so great a change, she blandly told them that she used the CIRCASSIAN BALM, and considered it an invaluable acquisition to any Lady's toilet. By its use any Lady or Gentleman can improve their person and appearance an hundred fold. It is simple in its composition, as Nature herself is simple, yet unsurpassed in its efficacy in drawing impurities from, also healing, cleansing and beautifying the skin and complexion. By its direct action on the cuticle it draws from it all its impurities, kindly healing the same, and leaving the surface as Nature intended it should be, clear, soft, smooth and beautiful. Price $1, sent by Mail or Express, on receipt of an order by

W. L. CLARKE & CO., Chemists,
No. 3 West Fayette St., Syracuse, N. Y.
The only American Agents for the sale of the same.

March 4, 1867. 1y

A Card to the Ladies.

DR. DUPONCO'S GOLDEN PERIODICAL PILLS FOR FEMALES. Infallible in correcting Irregularities, Removing Obstructions of the Monthly Turns, from whatever Cause, and always successful as a Preventive.

It is now over thirty years since the above celebrated Pills were first discovered by Dr. DU PONCO, of Paris, during which time they have been extensively and successfully used in most of the public institutions, as well as in private practice, of both hemispheres, with unparalleled success, in every case, and it is only at the "urgent request" of the thousands of ladies who have used them that he is induced to make the Pills public for the alleviation of those suffering from any irregularities whatever, as well as to prevent an increase of family where health will not permit it.

ONE PILL IS A DOSE.

Females peculiarly situated, or those supposing themselves so, are cautioned against using these Pills while in that condition lest they "invite miscarriage," after which admonition, the Proprietor assumes no responsibility, although their mildness will prevent any mischief to health, otherwise the Pills are recommended as a MOST INVALUABLE REMEDY, for all those afflicting complaints so peculiar to the sex.

ONE BOX IS SUFFICIENT.

10,000 Boxes have been sold within Two Years, Ten Thousand Boxes sent by Mail, both by myself and Agents, to all parts of the world, to which answers have been returned, in which in less say, nothing like the above Pills have been known since the Science of Medicine dawned upon the world, in removing Obstructions and Restoring Nature to its Proper Channel, Quieting the Nerves and bringing back the "Rosy color of Health" to the cheek of the most delicate.

Price $1 per Box. Six Boxes $5.

Sold by JOHN S. FORNEY, Druggist, Sole Agent for Gettysburg, Pa.

Ladies, by sending him $1 through the Post Office, can have the Pills sent, (confidentially,) by Mail, to any part of the country, *free of postage.*

Sold also by J. Spangler, Chambersburg; G. W. Neff, York; Coleman & Rogers and Brown Brothers, Wholesale Agents, Baltimore, and S. D. Howe, Proprietor, New York.

March 4, 1867. 1y

Know Thy Destiny.

MADAME E. F. THORNTON, the great English Astrologist, Clairvoyant and Psychometrician, who has astonished the scientific classes of the Old World, has now located herself at Hudson, N. Y. Madame Thornton possesses such wonderful powers of second sight, as to enable her to impart knowledge of the greatest importance to the single or married of either sex. While in a trance, she delineates the very features of the person you are to marry, and by the aid of an instrument of intense power, known as the Psychomotrope, guarantees to produce a life-like picture of the future husband or wife, of the applicant, together with date of marriage, position in life, leading traits of character, &c. This is no humbug, as thousands of testimonials can assert. She will send when desired a certificate, or written guarantee, that the picture is what it purports to be. By enclosing a small lock of hair, and stating place of birth, age, disposition and complexion, and enclosing fifty cents and stamped envelope addressed to yourself, you will receive the picture and desired information by return mail. All communications strictly confidential. Address in confidence, MADAME E. F. THORNTON, P. O. 223, Hudson, N. Y.

March 4, 1867. 1y

Deafness, Blindness and Catarrh.

Treated with the utmost success, by Dr. J. ISAACS, Oculist and Aurist, (formerly of Leyden, Holland,) No. 519 PINE Street, Philadelphia. Testimonials from the most reliable sources in the City and Country can be seen at his office. The medical faculty are invited to accompany their patients, as he has no secrets in his practice. Artificial eyes inserted without pain. No charge made for examination.

Sept 24, 1866. 1y

Marriage and Celibacy.

AN ESSAY OF WARNING AND INSTRUCTION TO YOUNG MEN. Also, Diseases and Abuses which permanently prostrate the Vital Powers, with sure means of relief. Sent free of Charge, in sealed envelopes. Address, Dr. J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON, Howard Association, Philadelphia, Pa. [Dec. 3, 1866. tocl'67

Latest Market Reports.

GETTYSBURG.

FLOUR,	12 50 @ 13 50
RYE FLOUR,	8 00
WHITE WHEAT,	2 25 @ 2 40
RED WHEAT,	2 25 @ 2 70
CORN,	90
RYE,	1 20
OATS,	60
BUCKWHEAT,	50 @ 70
HAY,	15 00 @ 20 00
CLOVERSEED,	6 00 @ 7 50
FLAXSEED,	2 00

BALTIMORE.

FLOUR,	11 00 @ 12 00
WHEAT,	3 00 @ 3 05
RYE,	1 45 @ 1 50
CORN,	1 07 @ 1 18
OATS,	80 @ 82
HOGS, ℔ hund.,	10 00 @ 11 00
BEEF CATTLE, ℔ hund.,	12 00 @ 20 00
HAY,	23 00 @ 25 00
CLOVERSEED,	8 00 @ 9 12
WHISKEY,	2 30 @ 2 35

PUBLIC SALE
OF
Thorough-bred Durham Cattle.

ON TUESDAY, May 28th, 1867, (by postponement from March 22nd ult., on account of the violent storm on that day,) we will sell at public sale, at the farm of John Evans, Esq., 3 miles south of the Borough of York, Pa., a large number of

THOROUGH-BRED DURHAM CATTLE,

embracing BULLS, COWS and HEIFERS, of various ages.

☞ Sale will commence at 9 o'clock A. M., and will be *positive*; should the weather be unfavorable, it will be conducted under cover.

TERMS—Four months' credit on negotiable note, with approved endorser, or 3 per cent. off for cash.

EDW'D. J. EVANS & CO.

May 27, 1867.

Timber Land

AT PUBLIC SALE.—On SATURDAY, the 15th day of JUNE next, the subscribers, Executors of the last will and testament of John Dull, deceased, will offer at Public Sale, on the premises,

A TRACT OF TIMBER LAND, situate in Menallen township, Adams county, about one mile north of Bendersville, on the road leading from that place to Holly Paper Mill, adjoining lands of Jacob Rebert, Isaac Wright, William McCreary, and others, containing 68 Acres, laid off in lots of from 5 to 9 Acres, and covered with first-rate White Oak, Black Oak, Rock Oak and Hickory Timber.

The lots, with but two exceptions, adjoin the public road and are all of easy access. Persons wishing to view the land are requested to call on David Dull, residing near it.

Sale to commence at 9 o'clock, A. M., on said day, when attendance will be given and terms made known by

CONRAD DULL,
JESSE DULL,
May 27, 1867. ts* Executors.

County Treasurer.

FELLOW-CITIZENS.—I offer myself a candidate for the office of COUNTY TREASURER, and respectfully solicit your support. Should I be nominated and elected, I pledge myself to put a new Town Clock (and a good one too) on the Court House in the Borough of Gettysburg.

Respectfully yours, Clock or no Clock,
H. D. WATTLES.

May 27, 1867.

County Treasurer.

URGED by numerous friends, I offer myself as a candidate for COUNTY TREASURER at the next election, *subject to* the decision of the Democratic County Convention. *Should I be nominated and elected*, I pledge myself to discharge the duties of the office *faithfully* and to the best of my ability.

WM. J. MARTIN.

May 27, 1867.

County Treasurer.

AT the solicitation of many friends, I offer myself as a candidate for COUNTY TREASURER at the next election, *subject to* the decision of the Democratic County Convention. *If nominated and elected*, I will discharge the duties of the office faithfully.

JACOB BRINKERHOFF.

May 27, 1867.

F. S. Giutling,
HOUSE RAISER AND MOVER,
GETTYSBURG, PA.,

HAVING returned from Chicago, will RAISE or MOVE BUILDINGS, anywhere in Adams county, on short notice, and at reasonable rates. He can be found at the Globe Inn.

May 27, 1867. 6w*

Tavern Stand

FOR RENT.—The undersigned, because of death in his family, is compelled to change his business and therefore offers his TAVERN STAND, in Mummasburg, Adams county, FOR RENT. It is a desirable stand, and any one wishing to rent it is requested to make immediate application. Possession can be had at an early day.

JACOB FICHOLTZ.

May 27, 1867. tf

To Bridge Builders.

PROPOSALS will be received by the Commissioners of Adams county, until THURSDAY, the 20th day of JUNE next, for BUILDING A COVERED WOODEN BRIDGE ACROSS OPOSSUM CREEK, at Bricker's Mill, on the road leading from Bricker's Mill to Bender's Church. The Bridge is to be built after the style of "Burr's Patent," one span one hundred and three feet long—to be built of the best mountain white pine. Stone can be had near the site of the Bridge.

Plans and specifications can be seen by persons wishing to bid on the day of letting, or by application to J. M. Walter, Clerk to the Commissioners.

ABRAHAM KRISE,
SAMUEL WOLF,
NICHOLAS WIERMAN,
Commissioners.

Attest—J. M. WALTER, Clerk.

May 27, 1867. tf

Notice to Tax-payers.

THE County Commissioners take this method of informing the Tax-payers of Adams county that the State Authorities no longer allow abatement for early payment of State Taxes—but *add* five per cent to the quota of each county that does not pay by the 1st of August. The Commissioners therefore give notice that in order to meet this demand, Tax-payers throughout this county will be expected to pay on or before the 15TH DAY OF JULY NEXT—otherwise five per cent. must be added by the Collectors in all cases.

By order of Commissioners,
J. M. WALTER, Clerk.

May 27, 1867. td

Election.

EVERGREEN CEMETERY.—An election for a PRESIDENT and SEVEN MANAGERS of Evergreen Cemetery Association, to serve for one year, will be held on TUESDAY, June 4th, at 7½ o'clock, in the Arbitration Room, in the Borough of Gettysburg.

J. L. SCHICK, President.

WM. B. MEALS, Secretary.

May 27, 1867. 3t

Notice.

ANDREW WOLF'S ESTATE.—Letters of administration on the estate of Andrew Wolf, Sr., late of Oxford township, Adams county, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, residing in Tyrone township, he hereby gives notice to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them properly authenticated for settlement.

H. J. MYERS, Adm'r.

May 27, 1867. 6w

Notice.

HENRY BEITLER'S ESTATE.—Letters testamentary on the estate of Henry Beitler, late of Mountjoy township, Adams county, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, residing in the same township, he hereby gives notice to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them properly authenticated for settlement.

JOHN TROSTLE,
May 6, 1867. 6t* Executor.

GO to Tyson's Excelsior Gallery for your PICTURES, if you want the full worth of your money and a little more.

Bounty Account.

A GENERAL STATEMENT of the Bounty Account of MENALLEN TOWNSHIP, Adams county, Pa., made this 18th day of May, 1867.

Year 1864, Account with JOHN CLINE and WILLIAM BLOCHER, Supervisors.

DR.	
Tax assessed for year,	$3,715 85
Money borrowed,	10,659 53
	14,375 10
CR.	
Collected and paid out,	$14,026 92
Exonerations and errors,	136 14
Collectors' percentage,	72 10
Cash on hand at settlement, paid to township treasurer,	139 94
	14,375 10

Year 1865, Account with JONAS ROU