THE GETTYSBURG COMPILER,
A Democratic Family Journal,
IS PUBLISHED EVERY MONDAY MORNING,
BY HENRY J. STAHLE.

"Truth is Mighty, and Will Prevail."

TERMS OF PUBLICATION.—$2 00 per annum, if paid strictly IN ADVANCE—$2 50 per annum if not paid in advance. No subscription discontinued, unless at the option of the publisher, until all arrearages are paid.

ADVERTISEMENTS inserted at usual rates.

JOB PRINTING of all kinds done with neatness and dispatch.

OFFICE in South Baltimore street, between Middle and High, near the Post Office—"Compiler Printing Office" on the sign.

Gettysburg Compiler.

BY H. J. STAHLE. GETTYSBURG, PA., MONDAY, APRIL 4, 1867. 49TH YEAR.—NO. 27.

The Old System

OF HIGH PRICES VETOED

BY NORRIS,

At his new cheap Clothing, Hat, Cap, Boot, Shoe and Variety Store, on Chambersburg street, next door to Buehler's Drug Store, Gettysburg, Pa.

The public will find at this Store, the largest and most fashionable assortment of Gentlemen's and Boy's wear, in Adams county.

OVER COATS.

Beaver Overcoats, Petersham Overcoats, Seal Skin Overcoats, Cloth Overcoats, Esquimaux Beaver Overcoats, etc., etc.

DRESS AND BUSINESS COATS!

Black Cloth Dress and Sack Coats, Cassimere Sack and Frock Coats, Knit Woolen Union Coats and Jackets.

PANTS AND VESTS!

Black Cloth Pantaloons, Black Cassimere Pantaloons, Fancy Cassimere Pantaloons, Herris Cassimere Pantaloons, Black Cloth Vests, Silk Grenadine Vests, Plush and Satinet Vests, &c.

HATS AND CAPS.

Resorte Hats, Silk Dress Hats, Dexter Hats, Driving Hats, Clipper Hats, French Hats, Dasher Hats, Broadway Hats, Plush Hats, Morton Hats, Brighton Hats, Mincio Hats, Croquet Hats, Bismark Hats, Peto Hats, Warwick Hats, Metropol'n Hats, U. S. A. Hats, Dunkard Hats, Cassimere Hats, etc., etc. Velvet Caps, Cassimere Caps, Fur Caps, Cloth Caps, McClellan Caps, Navy Caps, Scotch Caps, Petersham Caps, Boy's Caps, Plush Caps, Just THE THING Caps, etc., etc.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

Men's Calf Skin Boots, Men's Heavy Boots, Boy's Jockey Boots, Sporting Boots, Men's Coarse Shoes, Men's Calf Skin Shoes, Boy's Fine Shoes, U. S. Army Shoes, Gentlemen's Slippers, Gum Overshoes, etc., etc.

GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS.

White Linen Shirts, Cassimere Shirts, Linen and Paper Collars, Neck Ties and Butterflies, Handkerchiefs, Woolen and Cotton Stockings, Gloves, Buckskin Gauntlets and Gloves, Woolen Drawers and Undershirts, Scarfs and Comforts, Suspenders, Umbrellas, Canes, Valises, Trunks, Red Flannel Woolen Drawers, &c.

The above mentioned articles can always be found at the CHEAP STORE of T. C. NORRIS,

Chambersburg st., next door to Buehler's.

Nov. 19, 1866.

Swan's Grocery.

JOHN M. SWAN has just received a splendid assortment of FRESH GROCERIES, at his Store on the corner of the public Square, in Gettysburg.

SUGARS.

The finest lot of Sugars ever brought to Gettysburg, and very cheap.

COFFEE.

His Coffee is superior to any offered in the place. If you don't believe it come and see.

MOLASSES.

If you want the best Syrups and Molasses in town you will find them at Swan's.

QUEENSWARE, &c.

His stock of Queensware, Dishes, Lamps, &c., is full, cheap and good. Every style and price.

CIGARS AND TOBACCO.

His Cigars and Tobacco are of superior quality. Acknowledged by good judges to be the best in the market.

CANDIES AND NOTIONS.

Particular attention paid to this department. A full supply of Candies, Nuts, Fruits, Soaps, Fancy articles, in short any and everything usually found in a first class Grocery. In laying in my stock I was careful to know what I was buying, and am now prepared to sell not only GOOD Groceries, but to sell them very cheap. Give me a call and judge for yourselves. JOHN M. SWAN.

Nov. 5, 1866.

Dry Goods! Dry Goods!

HATS AND CAPS, BOOTS AND SHOES.—Having just returned from the City, with a splendid assortment of DRY GOODS, I am now prepared to offer greater inducements to buyers than ever before. My stock consists of every description of Dress Goods, plain and fancy, Cloths, Cassimeres, Muslins, Hoop Skirts, Balmorals, Flannels, Hosiery, Gloves, Trimmings, &c.

—ALSO—

In connection with my Dry Goods, I have opened in an adjoining room a large stock of HATS AND CAPS, BOOTS AND SHOES, which I will sell very cheap. Children's Shoes as low as 12½ cents, and other goods at corresponding rates. My stock is well selected, and the most complete yet offered. Give us a call and examine for yourselves. No trouble to show Goods.

SEWING MACHINES.

We are also agent for the Florence Sewing Machine, which is acknowledged to be the best in use. It is the latest improved machine out, having the REVERSABLE FEED, giving it an advantage over all other machines.—Call and see them. M. SPANGLER.

Oct. 6, 1866

NEW GOODS.

LATEST ARRIVAL.

FAHNESTOCK BROTHERS

Have just received a large and complete assortment of

FALL AND WINTER GOODS,

of every style and at all prices, to which the attention of buyers is directed. Those in want of good Goods at the lowest possible rates should not fail to give us an early call.

FAHNESTOCK BROS.

Oct. 8, 1866.

Hanover B. Railroad.

TIME TABLE.—On and after FRIDAY, Nov. 24th, passenger trains on the Hanover Branch Railroad will leave as follows:

FIRST TRAIN, (which makes connection with three trains on the Northern Central Railway at the Junction,) will leave Hanover at 9 A. M., for York, Baltimore, Harrisburg and intermediate points.

☞ This train returns to Hanover at 12 M., and arrives at Gettysburg at 1 P. M.

SECOND TRAIN leaves Hanover at 3.20 P. M., and arrives at the Junction at 3.10 P. M., connecting with the Mail Train South, which arrives at Baltimore at 5 P. M. Passengers by this train for York lay over at the Junction until 6.12 P. M.

Passengers leaving Baltimore for Hanover, Gettysburg and Littlestown, will take either the Mail Train at 9 A. M., or the Fast Line at 12.10 P. M. JOSEPH LEIB, Agent.

Dec. 18. tf

CONSTANTLY on hand, an assortment of FINE FRAMES, PHOTOGRAPH ALBUMS, Beads and Baskets for grasses from the Battle Field. PHOTOGRAPHS of our Generals and other distinguished individuals at the Excelsior Gallery. C. J. TYSON.

GO to DURBORN & HOFFMAN'S, to buy your Dry Goods, Notions, Queensware, &c., on the northwest Corner of Diamond, Gettysburg, Pa.

PRIME HAMS, first quality, and reasonable in price, can be had at KALBFLEISCH'S.

Professional Cards.

Edward B. Buehler,

ATTORNEY AT LAW, will faithfully and promptly attend to all business entrusted to him. He speaks the German language. Office at the same place, in South Baltimore street, near Forney's drug store, and nearly opposite Danner & Ziegler's store.

Gettysburg, March 20.

Law Partnership.

W. A. DUNCAN & J. H. WHITE, ATTORNEYS AT LAW,

Will promptly attend to all legal business entrusted to them, including the procuring of Pensions, Bounty, Back Pay, and all other claims against the United States and State Governments.

Office in North West Corner of Diamond, Gettysburg, Penn'a.

April 3, 1865. tf

D. McConaughy,

ATTORNEY AT LAW, (office one door west of Buehler's drug and book store, Chambersburg street,) ATTORNEY AND SOLICITOR FOR PATENTS AND PENSIONS. Bounty Land Warrants, Back-pay suspended Claims, and all other claims against the Government at Washington, D. C.; also American claims in England. Land Warrants located and sold, or bought, and highest prices given. Agents engaged in locating warrants in Iowa, Illinois and other western States. ☞ Apply to him personally or by letter.

Gettysburg, Nov. 21, '53.

J. C. Neely,

ATTORNEY AT LAW.—Particular attention paid to collection of Pensions, Bounty, and Back-pay. Office in the S. E. corner of the Diamond.

Gettysburg, April 6, 1863. tf

Dr. F. C. Wolf,

HAVING located at EAST BERLIN, Adams county, hopes that by strict attention to his professional duties he may merit a share of the public patronage. [Apr. 2, '66. tf

Dr. J. W. C. O'Neal's

OFFICE and Dwelling, N. E. corner of Baltimore and High streets, near Presbyterian Church, Gettysburg, Pa.

Nov. 30, 1863. tf

Dr. D. S. Peffer,

ABBOTTSTOWN, Adams county, continues the practice of his profession in all its branches, and would respectfully invite all persons afflicted with any old standing diseases to call and consult him

Oct. 3, 1864. tf

Dr. T. O. Kinzer,

HAVING located permanently at BONAUGHTOWN, Adams county, will attend promptly to all professional calls, day or night. Office at John Landis's, where he can always be found, unless professionally engaged.

Aug. 6, 1866. 1y

J. Lawrence Hill, M. D.,

HAS his office one door west of the Lutheran church in Chambersburg street, and opposite Dr. C. Horner's office, where those wishing to have any Dental Operation performed are respectfully invited to call. REFERENCES: Drs. Horner, Rev. C. P. Krauth, D. D., Rev. H. L. Baugher, D. D., Rev. Prof. M. Jacobs, D. D., Prof. M. L. Stover.

Gettysburg, April 11, '53.

Keystone House,

CHAMBERSBURG STREET, GETTYSBURG, PA.—WM. E. MYERS, Proprietor.

This is a new House, fitted up in the most approved style. Its location is pleasant, central and convenient. Every arrangement has been made for the accommodation and comfort of guests. The Table will always have the best of the market, and the Bar the best of wines and liquors.

There is commodious Stabling attached, with an accommodating ostler always on hand.

This Hotel is now open for the entertainment of the public, and a share of patronage is solicited. No effort will be spared to render satisfaction.

Jan. 14, 1867. tf

Railroad House,

NEAR THE DEPOT, HANOVER, YORK CO., PA.

The undersigned would respectfully inform his numerous friends and the public generally, that he has leased the Hotel in Hanover, near the Depot, formerly kept by Mr. Jeremiah Kohler, and will spare no effort to conduct it in a manner that will give general satisfaction. His table will have the best the markets can afford—his chambers are spacious and comfortable—and he has laid in for his bar a full stock of choice wines and liquors. There is stabling for horses attached to the Hotel. It will be his constant endeavor to render the fullest satisfaction to his guests, making his house as near a home to them as possible.—He asks a share of the public patronage, determined as he is to deserve a large part of it. Remember the Railroad House, near the Depot Hanover, Pa. A. P. BAUGHER.

Oct. 2, 1865. tf

Globe Inn,

YORK ST., NEAR THE DIAMOND,

GETTYSBURG, PA.—The undersigned would most respectfully inform his numerous friends and the public generally, that he has purchased that long established and well known Hotel, the "Globe Inn," in York street, Gettysburg, and will spare no effort to conduct it in a manner that will not detract from its former high reputation. His table will have the best the market can afford—his chambers are spacious and comfortable—and he has laid in for his bar a full stock of wines and liquors. There is large stabling attached to the Hotel, which will be attended by attentive hostlers. It will be his constant endeavor to render the fullest satisfaction to his guests, making his house as near a home to them as possible. He asks a share of the public's patronage, determined as he is to deserve a large part of it. Remember, the "Globe Inn" is in York street, but near the Diamond, or Public Square. SAMUEL WOLF.

April 4, 1864. tf

Agreeable

AND PROFITABLE EMPLOYMENT FOR LEISURE TIME.

MESSRS. BLACKWELL & CO., *Newspaper and Periodical Subscription Office, No. 82 Cedar Street, New York,* Desire to encourage one good correspondent in each town to extend their business in the principal Magazines and Newspapers, for which they take subscriptions at the publishers' lowest prices.

The business is respectable, pays well, and no capital is required: it is also suitable for Ladies. Full particulars in our "Correspondent's Circular," mailed free.

Also, now ready, a new Edition of our Third Annual Newspaper and Periodical Catalogue (for 1867) containing over 200 different publications—a most useful thing to all lovers of literature. Free to any address.

BLACKWELL & CO., 82 Cedar street, New York,

Feb. 25, 1867. tMar31 Box 4298 P. O.

Bark Wanted.

THE subscriber will pay FIVE DOLLARS per CORD for BLACK OAK BARK, delivered at his Tannery, in Gettysburg.

JOHN RUPP.

June 18, 1866.

NONE but first-rate PICTURES are allowed to be taken from the Excelsior Gallery. Samples shown before the order is filled.

C. J. TYSON.

Moro Phillips'

GENUINE IMPROVED

SUPER-PHOSPHATE OF LIME,

Standard Guaranteed.

FOR SALE AT MANUFACTURER'S DEPOTS, No. 27 North Front St., Philadelphia, AND No. 25 South Street, Baltimore, And by Dealers in general throughout the Country.

The Material of which Moro Phillips' Phosphate is manufactured contains fifty per cent. more Bone Phosphate than Raw Bone, therefore it is more durable. The ammonia present gives it great additional fertilizing value.

Six years' experience has proved to the Farmer that it makes a heavier grain than even stable manure, and is not only active but lasting. MORO PHILLIPS,

Sole Proprietor and Manufacturer.

☞ Price $56 per ton of 2,000 lbs. Discount to Dealers.

March 4, 1867. 9m

Farmers,

PREPARE FOR YOUR SPRING CROPS.

Baugh's Raw Bone Phosphate,

a highly popular and dependable Fertilizer, of twelve years' standing, and of which many thousand tons are annually sold.

Maryland Powder of Bone.

Guaranteed free from adulteration and analyzing 54 per cent. Phosphate of Lime, and over 3½ per cent. Ammonia. Uniformly made and fine enough to drill.

Ground Plaster.

A very superior article, manufactured at Red Beach Mills.

No. 1 Peruvian Guano,

Of direct importation, which I will deliver from Government Agent's Warehouse.

☞ All of these articles will be furnished at lowest rates. ☞ Liberal discount to dealers. ☞ Send for a circular.

GEORGE DUGDALE, Nos. 97 and 105 Smith's Wharf, BALTIMORE, MD.

☞ Orders received by Samuel Herbst, Gettysburg, Pa. [Jan. 28. 3m

Great Conowago Mills.

10,000 BUSHELS OF WHEAT WANTED.

The undersigned, having remodeled and improved his Mills, near New Chester, Adams county, (formerly called "Walnut Grove," but now "Great Conowago Mills,") is prepared to do all kinds of work in his line with unusual dispatch.

Constantly on hand, for sale or exchange, the very best qualities of Super, Extra and Family FLOUR, also Rye, Corn and Buckwheat Flour, with every variety of Chop and offal of wheat.

Having a SAW MILL attached, he is prepared to saw all kinds of lumber, at the shortest notice. A farmer in need of lumber and flour, can put a log upon his wagon, throw a few bushels of wheat on the top, have the wheat exchanged for flour and the log sawed, thus saving a double trip—and all because of the new and perfect machinery now employed in these mills.

Having the best of workmen, he will be able to please everybody. Thankful for past favors, he hopes for a continuance of the same. H. J. MYERS.

New Chester, Jan. 14, 1867. 3m*

Forwarding and Commission House.

FLOUR AND FEED.

GRAIN AND GROCERIES.

Having purchased the extensive Warehouse, Cars, &c, heretofore owned by Samuel Herbst, we beg leave to inform the public that we are continuing the business at the old stand on the corner of Washington and Railroad streets, on a more extensive scale than heretofore.

We are buying the highest market price for Flour, Grain and all kinds of produce.

Flour and Feed, Salt, and all kinds of Groceries, kept constantly on hand and for sale, cheaper than they can be had anywhere else.

Plaster, and all kinds of fertilizers, constantly on hand, or furnished to order.

☞ A regular line of Freight Cars will leave our Warehouse every TUESDAY MORNING, and accommodation trains will be run as occasion may require. By this arrangement we are prepared to convey Freight at all times to and from Baltimore. All business of this kind entrusted to us, will be promptly attended to. Our cars run to the Warehouse of Stevenson & Sons, 105 North Howard street, Baltimore. Being determined to pay good prices, sell cheap and deal fairly, we invite everybody to give us a call.

CULP & BARNSHAW.

Aug. 13, 1866.

Sewing Machines.

THE GROVER & BAKER—THE BEST IN USE. These Machines have become so well known that little need be said by way of recommendation. They have taken the first premium at all the late State Fairs, and are universally acknowledged to be the BEST in use by all who have tried them. The "Grover & Baker Stitch" and the "Shuttle Stitch" are points that have been attained by no other Machine. They are the only machines that sew and embroider with perfection. These Machines are peculiarly adapted to Family use. They are almost noiseless, sew directly from the spool without rewinding, and are simple in their construction. They are easy to manage, and can be worked by almost any child. Every family should have one. *They save labor, they save time, and they save money,* and do their work better than it can be done by hand.

The undersigned having been appointed Agent for the above Machines, has established an Agency in Fairfield, Adams county, where he will always have on hand a supply. Persons wishing to buy will please call and examine for themselves.

☞ Needles and Thread will also be supplied. J. S. WITHEROW, Agent, Fairfield, Adams county, Pa.

Aug. 27, 1866. tf

Still at Work!

THE undersigned continues the CARRIAGE-MAKING BUSINESS, in all its branches, at his old stand, in East Middle street, Gettysburg.

NEW WORK made to order, and REPAIRING done promptly and at lowest prices.

FALLING-TOP AND STANDING TOP BUGGIES CONSTANTLY ON HAND.

Two first-rate SPRING WAGONS for sale. JACOB TROVER.

U. S. BONDS.

THE First National Bank of Gettysburg will cash 5-20 and 10-40 U. S. Bonds; also 7-30 and Compound Interest Notes.

GEORGE ARNOLD, Cashier.

Oct. 6, 1866. tf

$1,500 Per Year! WE want Agents everywhere to sell our IMPROVED $20 Sewing Machines.—Three new kinds. Under and upper feed.—Sent on trial. Warranted five years. Above salary or large commissions paid. The ONLY machines sold in the United States for less than $40, which are *fully licensed by Howe, Wheeler & Wilson, Grover & Baker, Singer & Co., and Bachelder. All* other cheap machines are infringements, and the seller or user are *liable to arrest, fine and imprisonment.* Illustrated circulars sent *free.* Address, or call upon Shaw & Clark, at Biddeford, Maine, or Chicago, Ill.

May 21, 1866. 1ely

LARGE VIEWS of the Battle Field, singly, or in sets, very low Also, STEREOSCOPIC VIEWS of the Battle Field at the Excelsior Gallery. *Don't fail to see them.*

C. J. TYSON.

For Sale.

THE BEST IN THE MARKET.

THE VICTOR SORGO MILL.

Over Five thousand of these Mills have been made and sold in the last three years. The best recommendations can be given.

Also—COOK'S EVAPORATOR, for making Sugar and Molasses, said to be the best in use.

CORN CRUSHERS,

Three different sizes for grinding Corn in the ear, or shelled—or any other kind of grain. This is a machine that every farmer should have, as a bushel of ground feed is equal to a bushel and a half unground. The high price of feed of all kinds makes an imperative demand for some kind of machinery by which to save. It is a rapid grinder and durable.

BELLS FOR CHURCHES,

SCHOOLS, FARM HOUSES, FOUNDRIES, &c. Made of the best steel composition. Church Bells insured for one year.

WILLOUGHBY'S GUM SPRING DRILL,

WITH CROWELL'S GUANO ATTACHMENT. This is considered one of the best Drills now in use. It will distribute any kind of grain evenly, and sow from one bushel up to three to the acre. The Guano Attachment has given entire satisfaction wherever used. It is so constructed as not to clog in sowing any kind of Phosphates or Bone Meal. Having sold a number of these machines last season, I can fully recommend them to be what they are represented. Persons wishing to buy should make application early as the supply is small and the demand great.

F. & B. SMITH'S CAST STEEL PLOUGHS.

First, It is the only Plough yet produced that wil invariably scour in any soil.

Second, It is now an established fact, that It will last from three to six times longer than any other steel plough in use.

Third, It draws lighter than any other Plough, cutting the same width and depth of furrow.

The different parts of the Plough are cast in moulds, into the exact shape desired for the mould-boards, shares and land-sides, giving the parts most exposed to wear any desired thickness. The shares can be sharpened by any blacksmith. The steel is perfectly malleable and works kindly. Edge tools have been made out of pieces of the plough by blacksmiths all over the country.

For sale by WM. WIBLE, Agent,

Aug. 27, 1866. Near Gettysburg, Pa.

628. **Hoop Skirts.** 628.

NEW SPRING STYLES, "Our own make," embracing every new and desirable size, style and shape of Plain and Trail HOOP SKIRTS,—2, 2¼, 2½, 2¾, 3, 3¼, 3½, 3¾ and 4 yards round, every length and size waist; in every respect First Quality, and especially adapted to meet the wants of First Class and most fashionable Trade.

"Our own make" of Hoop Skirts, are lighter, more elastic, more durable, and Really Cheaper than any other make of either Single or Double Spring Skirt in the American Market. They are *warranted* in every respect, and wherever introduced give universal satisfaction. They are now being extensively sold by Retailers, and every Lady should try them.

Ask for "Hopkins' own make," and see that each skirt is stamped "W. T. HOPKINS, Manufacturer, 628 Arch Street, Philadelphia." No others are Genuine. A Catalogue containing Style, Size and Retail Prices, sent to any address. A uniform and liberal Discount allowed to Dealers. Orders by mail or otherwise, promptly and carefully filled—Wholesale and Retail, at Manufactory and Salesrooms, No. 628 Arch Street, Philadelphia.

Skirts made to order, altered and repaired. TERMS, NET CASH. ONE PRICE ONLY.

WM. T. HOPKINS.

March 11, 1867. 10m

Latest Fashions

DEMAND J. W. BRADLEY'S CELEBRATED PATENT DUPLEX ELLIPTIC (OR DOUBLE SPRING)

SKIRT.

THE WONDERFUL FLEXIBILITY and great COMFORT and PLEASURE to any lady wearing the DUPLEX ELLIPTIC SKIRT will be experienced particularly in all crowded Assemblies, Operas, Carriages, Railroad Cars, Church Pews, Arm Chairs, for Promenade and House Dress, as the Skirt can be folded when in use to occupy a small place as easily and conveniently as a Silk or Muslin Dress, an invaluable quality in crinoline, not found in any Single Spring Skirt.

A lady having enjoyed the PLEASURE, COMFORT, and great CONVENIENCE of wearing the DUPLEX ELLIPTIC STEEL SPRING SKIRT for a single day, will never afterwards willingly dispense with their use. For Children, Misses and Young Ladies they are superior to all others.

They will not bend or break like the Single Spring, but will preserve their perfect and graceful shape when three or four ordinary Skirts will have been thrown aside as useless. The Hoops are covered with double and twisted thread, and the bottom rods are not only double springs, but twice (or double) covered, preventing them from wearing out when dragging down steps, stairs, &c.

The Duplex Elliptic is a great favorite with all ladies and is universally recommended by the Fashion Magazines as the STANDARD SKIRT OF THE FASHIONABLE WORLD.

To enjoy the following inestimable advantages in Crinoline, viz: superior quality, perfect manufacture, stylish shape, finish, flexibility, durability, comfort and economy, enquire for J. W. Bradley's Duplex Elliptic, or Double Spring Skirt, and be sure you get the genuine article.

CAUTION.—To guard against IMPOSITION be particular to NOTICE the skirts offered as "DUPLEX" have the red ink stamp, viz: "J. W. Bradley's Duplex Elliptic Steel Springs," upon the waistband—none others are genuine. Also Notice that every Hoop will admit a pin being passed through the centre, thus revealing the two (or double) springs braided together therein, which is the secret of their flexibility and strength, and a combination not to be found in any other skirt.

FOR SALE in all Stores where FIRST CLASS skirts are sold throughout the United States and elsewhere.

Manufactured by the Sole Owners of the Patent, WESTS, BRADLEY & CARY, 97 Chambers & 79 & 81 Reade Sts., N. Y.

Jan. 21, 1867. 3m

Iron—Iron—Iron!

GETTYSBURG FORGE.

The subscribers respectfully inform the public that they have erected a Forge in connection with their Steam Mill, and are now manufacturing

FORGED AND HAMMERED IRON,

such as Plough, Horse-shoe and Bar Iron, and respectfully invite Blacksmiths and Dealers to give them a call, feeling satisfied that they will be able to please as to quality, finish and price. BRINGMAN & WARREN.

N. B.—The highest market price paid for wrought and scrap iron. B. & W.

Dec. 17, 1866.

Shingles.

PRIME SHINGLES, the best in the market, for sale at JACOB SHEADS'S new Lumber Yard, on the Railroad, adjoining the Lime Kilns, Gettysburg.

Nov. 26, 1866. tf

Coal and Lumber.

OF every variety, at the Yard of C. H. BUEHLER,

Feb. 19. Cor. Carlisle and Railroad sts.

$90 A Month!—AGENTS wanted for *six entirely new articles,* just out. Address O. T. GAREY, City Building, Biddeford, Me. [May 21, 1866. 1ely

PHOTO MINIATURES, at the Excelsior Gallery, are superb and furnished at one *third city prices.* Call and examine specimens. C. J. TYSON.

Selected Poetry.

THE FARMER'S FIRESIDE.

Around the fire, one wintry night,
The farmer's rosy children sat;
The fagot lent its blazing light,
And mirth went round, and harmless chat.

When, hark! a gentle hand they hear
Low tapping at the bolted door,
And thus, to gain their willing ear,
A feeble voice was heard implore:

"Cold blows the blast across the moor,
The sleet drives hissing in the wind;
Yon toilsome mountain lies before,
A dreary, treeless waste behind.

"My eyes are weak and dim with age;
No road, no path, can I descry;
And these poor rags ill stand the rage
Of such a keen, inclement sky.

"So faint I am, these tottering feet
No more my palsied frame can bear;
My freezing heart forgets to beat,
And drifting snows my tomb prepare.

"Open your hospitable door,
And shield me from the biting blasts;
Cold, cold it blows across the moor,
The weary moor that I have passed."

With hasty steps the farmer ran,
And close beside the fire they place
The poor, half frozen beggar man,
With shaking limbs, and pale blue face.

The little children flocking came,
And chafed his frozen limbs in theirs;
And busily the good old dame
A comfortable meal prepares.

Their kindness cheered his drooping soul,
And slowly down his wrinkled cheek
The big round tear was seen to roll,
And told the thanks he could not speak.

The children then began to sigh,
And all their merry chat was o'er;
And yet they felt, they knew not why,
More glad than they had felt before.

Agricultural & Domestic.

PRUNING WHEN TRANSPLANTING.

We consider it important to shorten back all fruit trees, shrubs and vines, when transplanting. It lessons, by reducing the number of buds, the demand for supply on the roots as soon as that laid up in the bud is exhausted, and it gives increased vitality and vigor to the remaining buds, by giving to them the supply that would have been devoted to those removed, had they been left to remain. There is, however, room for study in the practice of heading-in, because of the vigor of growth and power of producing strong, new shoots being much greater in some sorts than others. The peach, for instance, may be cut back to within two feet of the crown, leaving *not a limb or twig, and yet the tree in* the ensuing fall will be found, under good cultivation, to have made four or five strong shoots, each as many feet long, and with abundant lateral branches. Pursue the same course with the apple, and nine times out of ten the result will be only a few feeble shoots of four to six inches, with a dead tree the following spring. The pear, when worked on the quince, will bear much more severe pruning back than when on the pear stock; and further, some varieties will endure more severe pruning than others. The grape, when cut back to two or three buds, grows vigorously; but if left unpruned, it struggles a year or two, produces a few imperfect bunches, and is dead. These are some of the many variations that an observing horticulturist will notice on short practice, and which will soon cause him to feel confidence in transplanting trees at any age, provided he be allowed to prune them back according to their age and habits.—*Horticulturist.*

THE PRESERVATION OF FRUIT TREES.—The Farmers' Club of the American Institute, of New York, recently held a meeting, at which a discussion took place on the best method of destroying curcullo on fruit trees. One of the members stated that if a hole was bored in the body of a tree and filled with sulphur, it would so infect the tree that no insect or worm would live upon it. Upon some doubt being expressed as to its efficacy, he said that he had tried the remedy and spoke from experience. The chairman remarked that, if this be a sure preventive, it was worth millions to the country, and we need never lack a supply of fruit in the future.

BOTTS IN HORSES.—"I give you herewith a recipe for the botts in horses: To tell whether it is an attack of colic or botts, take some fine salt and blow a mouthful into each nostril; if it is colic, water will begin in a few moments to drop from the nostrils; if not, it is the botts. In the latter case drench with a pint of melted hog's lard, and in a few hours repeat the dose."

CULTIVATION OF CORN.—When the corn comes up, harrow; when large enough to plow, plow deeply and constantly, causing the roots to strike down until the time of shooting; then the cultivator must be used both ways. By the former deep plowing, the ground is left loose for the roots to strike out when the stalk requires the greatest nourishment. To make the longest and best filled ears, is what the farmers are seeking for.

TOMATOES should be set out on the lightest and warmest soil. Water them thoroughly a few hours before transplanting, if necessary, and remove each plant carefully by itself, with a ball of earth round the roots. In this way they will receive no check. A light, rather poor soil, produces the earliest fruit, but a moderately rich soil the greatest crop. Trained on a frame, they look neater, but we are not sure that they are much earlier or more productive than when allowed to trail on the ground.

LIMA BEANS.—Let the soil be light, warm, and rich. Make the hills about four feet apart. Stick poles about ten feet long in the hills before planting the seed, so as to avoid disturbing the plants. Bury four or six beans about an inch deep around each pole, and if they miss on account of cold weather, or for any other reason, plant again. Three plants to each hill will be enough. We have found unleached wood-ashes, incorporated with the soil, especially beneficial for beans.

HOW TO FRESHEN SALT FISH.—Many persons who are in the habit of freshening mackerel or other salt fish, never dream that there is a right and a wrong way to do it. Any one who has seen the process of evaporation going on in the salt works, knows that salt falls to the bottom. Just so it is in the pan where your mackerel or white fish lies soaking; and as it lies with the skin and side down, the salt will fall to the skin, and remain there, when if placed with the flesh side down, the salt falls to the bottom of the pan, and the fish comes out freshened as it should; in the other case it is nearly as salt as when put in. If you do not believe this, test the matter for yourselves.

TO FRY PORK.—If salt, cut up in thin slices, and soak in cold water over night; roll in flour and fry slowly until the flour is slightly brown, but not the pork.

Choice Miscellany.

MINE PIPE AND CUP.

Ven clouds are plack above,
Und mud is plack below,
'Tis den that I do love
A cloud of shmoke to blow;
I takes my meerschaum down,
I takes mine lager up,
And cares not who do frown,
Upon mine pipe and cup!
Mine frow, she scolds a bit
When my old pipe is seen,
Because sometimes I spit
Upon her floor so clean.
But dat is like de rain,
It doesn't last alway:
She soon gets pleased again,
Und so I schmokes away.

GRAY MARE THE BETTER HORSE.

The application of this proverb is well known, but not so well the story upon which it is founded. A gentleman, who had seen the world, one day gave his eldest son a span of horses, a chariot, and a basket of eggs. "Do you," said he to the boy, "travel upon the high road until you come to the first house in which is a married couple. If you find that the husband is the master there, give him one of the horses. If, on the contrary, the wife is the ruler, give her an egg. Return at once if you part with a horse, but do not come back so long as you keep both horses and there is an egg remaining."

Away went the boy full of his mission, and just beyond the borders of his father's estate, lo! a modest cottage. He alighted from his chariot and knocked at the door. The good wife opened it for him and courtesied.

"Is your husband at home?"

"No;" but she would call him from the hay-field.

In he came wiping his brows. The young man told them his errand.

"Why," says the wife, bridling and rolling the corner of her apron, "I always do as John wants me to do; he is my master; ain't you, John?"

"Then," said the boy, "I am to give you a horse; which will you take?"

"I think," said John, "as how that bay gelding seems to be the one as would suit me the best?"

"If we have a choice, husband," said the wife, "I think the gray mare will suit us best?"

"No," replied John, "the bay for me; he is the most square in front, and his legs are better."

"Now," said the wife, "I don't think so; the gray mare is the better horse, and I shall never be contented unless I get that one."

"Well," said John, "if your mind is set on it, I'll give up; we'll take the gray mare."

"Thank you," said the boy; "allow me to give you an egg from this basket; it is a nice fresh one, and you can boil it hard or soft, as your wife will allow."

The rest of the story you may imagine; the young man came home with both horses, but not an egg remained in the basket.

☞ A clear case of "domestic infelicity" was witnessed a few days ago in a passenger car in which a friend of ours was traveling. The wife and two children occupied one seat, while the husband sat directly opposite, across the passage-way. Little "Johnny" was very observant and talkative, and made many remarks in a very loud tone of voice. The father finally grew impatient, and requested Johnny to "make less noise;" whereupon the partner of his "jaws" turned upon him the conquering glance of her flashing eye, and exclaimed:—"Now, you just shut up your mouth—you're *played out.*" The meek husband subsided, and the passengers tittered.

☞ A short time ago I employed a "son of Erin" who was "just over," and who boasted of his experience in all kinds of farm work. One day I directed Mike to take the cart and oxen and remove a pile of rubbish. Happening near the place where it was to be deposited, as Mike drove up with his load I discovered that he was in a state of great perplexity, evidently ignorant of the process of dumping. After studying some minutes, a bright idea seemed to strike him.—Seizing his whip, and taking his stand, in front of and facing the oxen, he roared out, throwing up both arms at the same time, "Rare up noo, ye bastes! rare up, will yez?"

☞ A rural pastor prayed fervently for rain during a severe drought, which began to fall in torrents just as his sermon closed, when two farmers, walking home together, were getting awfully wet, and one remarked to the other: "The parson does pray with a good unction." "Yes," replied the other, "but he lacks judgment."

☞ The office of Justice of the Peace in Petroleum Centre, must be profitable if we may judge by the number of cases tried before that tribunal. The Era says, "Over five hundred and fifty cases have been tried before Esquire Donaghy, since the 26th of September last—an average of a little over four cases per day. It is with some difficulty that the constable and deputy manage to do the outside work."

☞ At a Portland, Maine, theatre, a few days ago, the Star Spangled Banner was hissed—on account of the bad music, no doubt, but, notwithstanding, had this happened in a Southern city there would have been a Rump committee after the facts in a jiffy. Two hundred pages of evidence would scarcely suffice to set the matter in a proper light before the country.

FUNNY.—Abolition newspapers palavering the "boys in blue," while an Abolition Senate refuses to ratify their appointment of those same "boys" to office by the President.

A NEW LICENSE LAW.

The following bill, regulating the granting of licenses, has passed both houses of the Legislature finally, and, as there is no doubt about its being signed by Governor Geary, it will become the law under which future licenses will have to be granted:

A further Supplement to an Act further to regulate the granting of licenses to hotels and eating houses, approved March 31st, 1856.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, and is hereby enacted by the authority of the same, That when an application is made to any court of Quarter Sessions of this Commonwealth for license to sell intoxicating drinks it shall be lawful for said court to hear petitions in addition to that of the applicant in favor of and remonstrances against the application for such license, and in all cases to refuse the same whenever in the opinion of said court, having due regard to the number and character of the petitioners for and against such application, such license is not necessary for the accommodation of the public and entertainment of strangers and travelers, and upon sufficient cause being shown the said courts shall have power to revoke any license granted by them, and all laws inconsistent with this section are hereby repealed: *Provided,* That the sureties in the bond required of the applicant for license shall be signed to his petition.

SECTION 2. That applications for license to keep an eating house, beer house or restaurant, authorizing the sale of domestic wines, malt and brewed liquors, *shall hereafter be made in the same manner* and to the same authority as application for license to keep a hotel: *Provided,* That the regulation in relation to bed-rooms and beds shall not apply to applicants for an eating house, beer house and restaurant license, and the tenth section of the act of 20th of April, 1858, authorizing county treasurers to grant an eating house or retail brewery license, *is hereby repealed.*

SECTION 3. No license to keep an eating house, beer house or restaurant, under the provisions of the second section of this act, shall be granted in any incorporated city for a less sum than fifty dollars, nor elsewhere for a less sum than twenty dollars.

SECTION 4. If any person, after the passage of this act, shall sell spiritous and vinous liquors, domestic wines, malt or brewed liquors, without having obtained a license authorizing him so to do, such person shall, on conviction in the court of quarter sessions, be fined for the first offence in any sum not less than fifty nor more than two hundred dollars; and for the second or any subsequent offence such person shall be fined not less than one hundred dollars, and in the discretion of the said court be imprisoned in the county jail not less than thirty days nor more than ninety days: *Provided,* That nothing in this act shall be construed to repeal the provisions of the act of Assembly passed March thirty-first, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-six, relating to sales by druggists and apothecaries.

SECTION 5. That the provisions of the first section of this act shall not apply to the city of Philadelphia or to the county of Allegheny, nor shall this act apply to any county, township or borough where the courts have been prohibited by law from granting such license, nor to any locality where the sale of brewed, malt, spirituous and vinous liquors is restricted to hotel keepers. Provided further, that nothing in this act shall authorize the granting of licenses to hotel and inn keepers to vend vinous, spirituous and malt liquors, and to license beer houses, eating houses and restaurants in any locality where licensing of hotels, inns, beer houses, eating houses and restaurants is now prohibited by law.

WHO ARE WORTHY?

The spirit and policy of the ruling party in Congress were significantly displayed in the rejection by the Senate of John Quincy Adams as Naval Officer at Boston.

The object of this insult is a worthy scion of one of the no