The Compiler.

GETTYSBURG, PA.

Monday Morning, March 18, 1867.

NEW HAMPSHIRE ELECTION.

Democratic Gains.—Though the Radicals have carried New Hampshire, the Democratic gains are very handsome. From returns received, the Radicals claim three thousand majority for their candidate for Governor, whilst the Democrats concede only two thousand. The Republican majority last year was nearly five thousand. Of the Assemblymen elected, so far, 27 are Radicals and 25 Democrats, a Democratic gain of 10. The Radical Congressmen are elected, but all by reduced majorities. One trial more, and niggerism will kill the Radical party even in this New England State.

The result in New Hampshire is scaring the Radicals in regard to Connecticut, which votes in April. If the Democrats gain but a quarter as much in the latter as they have in the former, Connecticut will be wheeled into the Democratic column. And there is ground for the hope that so glorious a result will be accomplished.

☞The recent town elections in the State of New York show very decided gains for the Democrats over the vote cast at the same polls last year. The Republican party, so called, exhibited great strength in 1866, but it cannot be denied that it is growing weaker with the people every day.

☞The spring elections in New Jersey have resulted in large Democratic gains. An open negro issue is doing the work. The "Jerseys Blues" won't take *black* Sambo and Dinah to their bosoms.

What Business Men Want.—Said a prominent merchant the other day—"What the country wants is peace—a settlement of difficulties—and without this business men are ruined." This is true at the North and emphatically so at the South. Under the withering influence of partisan intrigues, the industrial system of the South remains paralyzed.—Her rich soil fails to yield its wealth in the necessities of the country. Capital shuns the region that is left desolated as under a curse; and labor shrinks from the dreary prospect of deserted fields and outlawed populations. The best interests of the whole country are suffering that Radical ambition and spite may be gratified.

☞A Radical organ—the Salem (Mass.) *Journal*—under the head of "The Yankee Rules," says: "Although it has taken a long while and cost us a vast amount of money, we have at last got the solid Dutch of Pennsylvania and the verdant 'suckers' and 'buckeyes' of the Western States 'educated up' to our higher law standard. When, a few years ago, they spat upon us—the despised Abolitionists—we determined that the 'nigger' (as they called the colored man) should be made their equals or we would crush the Union. Colored suffrage is now a fixed fact. The foot of the negro is on the necks of our ancient revilers, and those who are not in our toils must stand from under." This is a sample of New England Radicalism. Success is bringing out the inherent but long-concealed puritan tyranny and devilishness of the old Abolitionists who are now the leaders of the Radical party. Are our people prepared to be the instruments of their own undoing?

☞A few days ago a telegram from Rochester, N. Y., stated that two boys named Ellsworth and Wilson started from the city, armed with an old musket and a single-barreled pistol, intending to shoot the first man they met. They jumped into the sleigh of a German named Krafts, near the town of Irondequoit, and shot him in the head, inflicting a dangerous wound. After their arrest they stated these facts and also that they jumped into several sleighs before a favorable opportunity presented itself. Forney's Washington *Chronicle*, probably imagining that such cold-blooded depravity could not exist north of Mason and Dixon's line, changed the scene of occurrence from Rochester, N. Y., to "Montgomery, Alabama," notwithstanding that snow and sleighs are not common in that locality, especially on the 24th of February, when green peas are nearly ready to pull.

☞The legal voters of Georgetown, D. C., have brought about an investigation which will soon develope the immense negro frauds at the late election. It has been ascertained that on the last day of meeting the Radical registrars entered but three names of negroes, but when the list came out there were found added the names of 119 other negroes. It is charged that the registrars went to the places of voting on the day of election, after voting had commenced, and added the names of negroes. It is charged, also, that very many darkies from Freedmen's village, Montgomery county, and Alexandria were illegally allowed to vote.

☞The Rump appropriation of $25,000 for the "destitute poor" of the District of Columbia has all been expended, upon the darkies of course, by the Bureau. A circular from that institution announces that "an erroneous impression is prevalent among the freed people of the District, that a further appropriation by Congress has been made for their relief," and agents and officers are commanded to disabuse them of that notion. The poor devils thought, no doubt, that when made citizens and voters, the Government intended to keep them in pocket money also.

☞A gang of Georgetown negroes, the night after the election which made a darkey equal to "any other man," made a raid upon the store of Patrick Donahue, and, after nearly killing the proprietor, carried off a large amount of bacon, brooms, and other property. Four of the "citizens" are under arrest, but as ebony now rules in that city, of course they will escape. What use is freedom to a nigger unless he is allowed to steal?

☞A correspondent appeals "to the Republicans in the North who are willing to listen to reason." When he finds what he wants he will be a good deal older than he now is.

☞One-third of the nominees recently rejected by a Radical Senate were soldiers.

LAND FOR NEGROES.

Sumner, the leader of the Radicals in the Senate, seems to think that the chief end of white men is to supply the negroes with farms. He called up, on Monday, the resolutions he had introduced three or four days previously, one of which reads as follows:

Fifthly—Not less important than education is the homestead, which must be secured to the freedmen, *so that at least every head of a family may have a piece of land.*

Being asked where the government was to get the land to bestow upon the freedmen, Mr. Sumner made the vague answer that "there were several ways of getting it." This is true. One way to get it would be to confiscate the lands of the Southern people and divide them among the freedmen. Another would be to settle them on the public lands, paying their traveling expenses and putting up buildings for them. Still another would be to purchase improved farms for them in the choicest locations in the Northern States—such, for instance, as Lancaster county, in this State.

But can any poor white head of a family who supports Charles Sumner and Thaddeus Stevens, give us a good reason why the Government should provide farms for Negroes and not for White men? Have not the poor White men of the North done at least as much to sustain the Government as the ignorant Negroes of the South? What has our boasted free labor been worth, if our free laborers are not as well entitled to the paternal care of their Government as the negroes who have performed the despised slave labor of the South?

This matter deserves the earnest consideration of the poor White men of the North. If they do not soon see it in its true light and join hands with the Democracy to arrest the future advance of the Radicals, they will have presented to their eyes the extraordinary spectacle of four millions of Negroes provided with houses and lands by the General Government, while ten or fifteen millions of White people are left to toil on in poverty, stinting themselves in food and clothing in order to pay their taxes.

RADICAL DECEPTION.

The aim of the Radical leaders has been from the beginning *to deceive the people.* They have heretofore shirked the question of Negro Suffrage and Negro Equality, whilst these doctrines were as much a part of their creed as the ten commandments are a part of the Bible.

They have, however, at last seen proper to throw off their disguise and unfurl the black flag that marks the true character of their craft. Congress, at its last session, established unqualified negro suffrage in the District of Columbia and in all the territories of the United States. It also passed a law excluding the Southern States from the Union until they shall establish Negro Suffrage. These acts, it seems to us, render it impossible for the Radical leaders longer to conceal their real purposes from the people. The issues must hereafter be squarely met. It remains to be seen whether the country will endorse these measures; whether this party of fraud, hypocrisy and lies, can be continued in power after it has cheated and betrayed the great body of its own followers.

MURDER AND CRIME.

Murder and crime have become so rife in this country that it seems as if the smell of blood had given zest to the taking of lives. We could fill our columns every week with *nothing else* than murders, which occur during the interval of our issues, and so accustomed have the people become to this that they never give it a second thought. The recital of the atrocious acts, in many cases, are enough to freeze the blood with horror and make us believe we are living in days of licentious butchery, and unless the laws interfere and make a lasting example, a man's life will be but a trifle when it lies in the way of some villain's avarice or malice. Too much of this has been permitted, and we trust such an example will be made as shall strike terror to the souls of the lawless.

BONDHOLDERS, TAKE NOTICE!

Does the bondholder flatter himself that the party which saddled our debt upon us, professedly from patriotic motives, will never agree to repudiate it? Listen to Butler, a recognized leader of that party and a member of the Congress now in session at Washington, who said in a recent speech at Albany:—"I have heard of countries, but they are very few, that paid their debts dollar for dollar. *In this country it never will be done.*"

Bondholders, how do you like that? Here distinct notice is served on you by one of the High Priests of Radicalism, that the Government bonds you hold *never will be paid at par.*

☞Rump No. 2, under the dragooning of Ashley and Butler, resolved, on the 7th, that the Judiciary Committee shall go on with the farce of impeachment. Ashley made one of his characteristically blackguard speeches on the occasion, in which the President was called by every ugly epithet and charged with almost every sort of crime. The Speaker, finding that his abuse was failing him, called the fellow to order. Mr. Niblack hoped, before closing up, he would be pleased to clear up those charges of "grave import" which were going the rounds of the papers about himself. Ashley called this suggestion an "impertinence," and was again called to order and compelled to apologize, but he made no explanation or denial of the letters he wrote some years ago in regard to his barter of patronage and speculations in a western territory.

☞Brimstone Brownlow is engaged in quartering bodies of negro State guards in every county in Tennessee to control the next election, and to keep himself in power. European monarchs have not half the power which this Radical despot and villain wields, nor would any European people bear such a yoke as he imposes upon the majority of the people of Tennessee.

☞Col. Geo. W. F. Vernon has been appointed and confirmed as Postmaster at Frederick, Md. Col. V. was a supporter of Congress for some time, but being opposed to negro-suffrage and negro-equality, he has become one of the most ardent supporters of President Johnson's policy.

LETTER FROM HARRISBURG.

HARRISBURG, March 14, 1867.

MR. STAHLE:—Whilst in, and about the vicinity of Harrisburg, I will try to collect a few facts and communicate them to you, according to promise. First and foremost, I shall answer your inquiry—"How is our Damage bill progressing?" This is a rather knotty question for me to answer, not being in the ring of Legislative proceedings while yet in embryo, as your bill is. I, however, made inquiry, and all I can find out is this—after dillying and dallying it about the greater part of the session, it was at last read in place by a Col. Stumbaugh, from Chambersburg, and the Speaker referred it to its appropriate committee, viz:—the committee of Ways and Means. This took place about three weeks ago. There your bill was laid down to take a nap, and from what I can learn, is sleeping yet, and will in all probability, continue to sleep there until after the adjournment of the Legislature. This is only what I collected in a private capacity, not being in the ring, as I stated before.

As I am writing about the Legislature I will further add, that the bill from the Senate inflicting a penalty of $500 for refusing to allow negroes to ride in any cars was considered in the House yesterday. Before it could be debated, up jumps a Republican and moved the previous question, or what is politically called the gag law. This cut off all debate, and the Democrats could neither debate nor amend with any satisfaction. Mr. Boyle, a Democrat from Fayette county, always ready to meet the negro-loving and negro-equality party at the right time and the right place, got in an amendment "that nothing in the act should be construed to allow negroes to enter ladies' cars or berths in sleeping cars." The yeas and nays were called on this amendment, and resulted yeas 37, nays 57—ever yea being a Democrat and every nay a Republican. By this decision *of the Republicans*, Sambo and Dinah can demand entrance into the ladies sleeping cars without any hindrance.

The Connellsville Railroad bill was also disposed of in the House to-day. In this bill the Pennsylvania Railroad took a deep interest, and be it said to the shame of the present Legislature of Pennsylvania, the said Pennsylvania road proved successful over law, justice and equity. The bill was defeated.

A conference of preachers of the Methodist Episcopal church is now assembled in this city. It is said about two hundred and sixty preachers of that denomination are in attendance, besides a number of editors of papers and professors of literary and religious institutions.

Several rafts have passed here down the river. The river is in fine order for rafting, and it is supposed that much lumber will come down this season on account of the favorable winter in the mountains for logging and sawing timber.

The Senate, I see, has passed a resolution to adjourn on the 3d of April. Some of the members of the House laugh at the idea of breaking up that soon, saying that April would not see them at home. The negro takes up too much time to end the session within a reasonable time.

SOJOURNER.

RADICAL CONSISTENCY.

Resolution Introduced into the House of Representatives, at Washington, December 4th, 1862, by Thaddeus Stevens.

"*Resolved*, That if any person in the employment of the United States, in either the legislative or executive branch, should propose to make peace, or should accept or advise the acceptance of any such proposition, on *any other basis than the integrity and entire unity of the United States and their Territories as they existed at the time of the rebellion, he will be guilty of a high crime.*"

The above resolution was offered by Mr. Stevens in the second year of the war, and goes to show what were the sentiments entertained, or at least expressed, by the Radical leaders at that time. *Then*, for any one to advise a peace on any other ground than a complete restoration of the Union as it existed before the war, was rank treason in the eyes of Stevens; *now*, the reverse is the fact, and because President Johnson wishes to bring the Southern States in and restore the "integrity and entire unity" of the Republic, he is denounced as a traitor and threatened with impeachment and removal from office! Such is the consistency of the men who now control the legislation of the country. They are only consistent in their inconsistencies, and are rapidly bringing the country to shame and reproach among the nations of the earth.—*Reading Gazette.*

GREELEY WANTS A VETO.

The following appeared editorially in the New York *Tribune* several days ago:

We have never yet seen any specific vote of the Senate on the naked question of inflation like that given in the House on Mr. Stevens' proposition, and the previous vote of the same body against contraction. In our ignorance we shall be pardoned for expressing our hope that the Senate is wise enough, and resolute enough, to resist the blind and reckless inflationists of the House; and that they will place the seal of their condemnation on the wretched measure in which they were asked to concur.

But should the Senate fail of its duty, we shall turn to the President for a veto upon such mischievous and dangerous legislation, increasing the volume of our paper currency, with the confident expectation that it will be applied.

Horace Greeley calling upon "the President for a veto upon mischievous and dangerous legislation!" Has not the President time and again endeavored to arrest mischievous and dangerous legislation by his veto, and has not the *Tribune* as often applauded "the blind and reckless" fanatics for setting aside his veto? Why it is one of the grounds of the proposed impeachment of the President, that he has refused his assent to such wholesome laws as would enable Ben. Butler to lay in a new stock of spoons. Greeley had better sustain some of the vetoes already sent in by the President, before he calls for another.—*Lancaster Intelligencer.*

Piling On.—Since Geary's advent to power, the salary of the Secretary of the Commonwealth has been increased to the sum of three thousand dollars per annum. Five thousand dollars has also been appropriated to repairs of the Governor's house. Last year the amount expended on the public grounds and buildings at Harrisburg was one hundred and twenty-one thousand dollars. This amount furnished a splendid opportunity for "loyal" stealing. What say the taxpayers? Brethren, let us *prey.*—*National Defender.*

☞Under the provisions of the naval appropriation bill passed by Rump No. 1, says the New York *Tribune*, ten thousand workmen in the navy yards will be discharged the present year. This is the way the Rads take care of the working classes.

☞A letter from Georgia states that since the passage of the Despotism bill Northern men are winding up their business and withdrawing their capital preparatory to leaving the State. Business is consequently becoming completely prostrated.

TOWN AND COUNTY AFFAIRS.

ENLARGEMENT.—We have about concluded to ENLARGE the COMPILER—(but not its price.) There is only one obstacle in the way—the heavy cost of a new Power Press. This *must* be had, or the enlargement cannot be effected. But there is a mode of reaching it, and that not a difficult one.

We have outstanding a considerable amount of money. With that in our pocket, the new Press could be bought—(it can be had only *for the cash*)—and the COMPILER would soon appear as one of the largest country papers in the State.

Come up, then, friends in arrears, to the work! Do so promptly—NOW—without a moment's unnecessary delay.—Send in all you owe, with a little in advance, and as many new subscribers, with $2 for each, as possible. Just place the requisite amount in our hands, and beside having credit on our books, it shall all be spent for your benefit—in getting up a first class paper, in size as well as quality. Give us "A LIFT," fellow Democrats, and we shall certainly succeed. But it must be done *at once*, and by *all* in arrears.

THE SPRING ELECTIONS.—The election in this borough, on Friday last, resulted in the success of the Radicals of course, by about the usual average majority of one hundred. The Radicals must have gotten it into their heads that there was danger ahead for them, as they worked like beavers from morning till night. Anything like a full Democratic turnout during the day would have frightened them "out of their boots."

In Cumberland our friends did nobly, carrying their whole ticket except one School Director, (who was defeated by 1 vote, but will get the post because the two Republican Director candidates are a tie,) and giving Mr. E. G. Trostle, the Democratic candidate for Judge, the unprecedent majority of FORTY-NINE! Mr. T. may well feel proud of so handsome an endorsement.

The Democrats have elected their whole ticket in Straban, as usual.

The Radicals carried Hamiltonban, but by a much reduced majority.

In Franklin the Radicals made no regular opposition, and of course the Democrats swept everything.

The Democrats have *redeemed* Mountjoy, electing their Judge and the rest of the ticket with one exception.

We expect to give the names of the persons elected in the several districts, in our next. From present appearances, niggerism is not likely to prove a winning card for the Radicals in this county.

RAILROAD BUILDING.—We call attention, with pleasure, to the card of Robert Irwin, Son & Co., in another column. We have known Capt. Irwin and son for a number of years, and have in everything found them perfect gentlemen. With large experience in railroad building and railroad running, and being honest, reliable, and capable men, the firm advertised cannot but command public confidence, and any amount of patronage. And such we bespeak for them.

AMERICAN FARMER, BALTIMORE, MD.—In the March number of this Magazine the matter is almost exclusively original—embracing Farm and Garden Work—Improvement of Poor Lands (continued)—Comparative Profit of Large and Small Farms—Farm Wages—Drainage—Phosphates—Hop, and Basket Willow Culture—Barley—Artificial Manures—Uses of Lime—and a variety of interesting topics.

Published at Batimore, Md., at $2 a year, by Worthington & Lewis.

THE ILLUSTRATED DOMESTIC BIBLE, which has recently been put in circulation in this State by Mr. H. A. Street, of Harrisburg, has many valuable and interesting features peculiar to itself and the wants of the people. We are happy to learn that the agents for this excellent work are having great success, and we think that teachers or others, wishing honorable and useful employment, would do well to address Mr. Street at once for particulars and secure territory. See his advertisement in another column. Agents not required to pay a license with the Bible only. Sec. 79, Article 82, U. S. Revenue Laws.

SALE POSTPONED.—The sale of the personal property of Jacob Bushey, Esq., deceased—Wm. McClean, Esq., Administrator—advertised for last Saturday afternoon, was, on account of the bad weather, postponed to 1 o'clock to-day.

SPECIAL NOTICE.—Capt. Norris desires us to say that he is not going to quit the Clothing Business, but will *continue* selling his old stock at cost, and that he has just received a large assortment of Gents' Clothing, Hats, Caps, Boots and Shoes, and Furnishing Goods of ever description. Anything that men and boys wear can be found at the cheap store of Theo. C. Norris.

☞A correspondent of the Hollidaysburg *Register* says that a man named Grove, living at the foot of Plane No. 10, has been proven the heir to $8,500,000 of the $75,000,000 recently left by a deceased relative, in Holland; and it will not be long until we see a man who, through his whole life has been struggling with poverty, in his efforts to maintain the comfort and respectability of his family, rolling in wealth, luxury, honor and peace. The Hanover *Spectator* says, it is thought that the Grove family of that place will come in for a large slice.

☞The "immortal J. N." paid us a visit on Tuesday last, lively as ever—indeed, more so, as he found "the pressure much lighter." He thinks his "theory" more impregnable than ever, and will go on promulgating it with unabated vigor.

☞Mr. Peter Fehl, of Menallen township, has disposed of the old mansion property of Mr. Valentine Fehl, sen., deceased, to Mr. Francis Cole, for $3,000 cash.

SHAD-OH!—We learn that shad were caught in the Susquehanna, near Fairview, in this county, on Friday last.—These are the first shad caught in the river since the alteration of the Columbia dam. It is now ascertained that shad and other fish can come up the river, and numerous fisheries are in process of establishment all along the river shore of this county.—*Carlisle Volunteer.*

☞The Democrats carried Harrisburg, on Friday, by a handsome majority.

NEW OXFORD, March 14, 1867.

Editor of Compiler:—The article in this week's *Star*, in regard to the robbery in New Oxford, is incorrect in several particulars, and calculated to do an innocent man injury. The true statement I will give you. Mr. Houser had gone to Petersburg to attend the funeral of Dr. Stewart, leaving his house in charge of his wife. Edward Tully came to the house, drunk, and without taking a meal or securing a bed for the night, gave his money, $82.60, into the care of Jack McLain, a boarder at the house, to keep until the next morning. During the night, McLain in company with another, hired a buggy and decamped for parts unknown. "MONUMENTAL."

FOUR MUSKRATS AT ONE SHOT.—A short time since Mr. Daniel Roland, of Manchester township, shot in a meadow near his residence, with a gun, four plump muskrats at a single shot. We doubt whether this has ever occurred before or since. It is seldom so many can be seen at one time; and it is still more difficult to get them in a range.—*York Pennsylvanian.*

☞If you are troubled with Indigestion, Rising of Food, Sour Belchings, Acidity of the Stomach, or any other form of Dyspepsia, avoid all stimulating drinks which relieve only temporarily, and take COE'S DYSPEPSIA CURE, which will surely afford permanent relief.

☞Ex-Gov. Philip Francis Thomas, Dem., has been elected United States Senator from Maryland. The out-cry of the Radicals against Gov. Swann has not benefited them in any way.

☞Anna Dickinson has found "something to do."—*Ex.*

—It was high time! What that "something to do" is we have not learned, but certainly traversing the country and delivering lectures in Amazonian style is not the sphere of a refined woman, or of one who has any respect for her sex. It is to be hoped that "gentle Anna" will settle down, and take unto herself a man, even if he should be of the "loyal" hue—*black.*

A Bad Thing for the Senate.—We were sorry to notice during the session of the Thirty-ninth Congress, just closed, a determination on the part of the Senate, which was constantly carried out, to reject the nominations of many worthy, patriotic officers, who had served with fidelity and distinction in the Union armies, *merely* because they did not acquiesce in all the extravagant measures of the Radical majority. This is simply persecution, narrow-minded and unjust, and cannot be sustained when the matter comes fairly before the people. We hope the Senate of the new Congress will show a brighter record upon the conclusion of the present session.—*New York Herald.*

☞The Rump Senate has rejected the appointment of Hon. Edgar Cowan, as Minister to Austria; also that of John Quincy Adams, a descendant of President Adams, as Naval Officer at Boston. Messrs. Ancona and Severns have also been rejected. The Rumpare determined that Rads shall have the bread and butter or that the wheels of government shall stop.

☞The Radicals are having fine times in Tennessee. They hold the offices and the negroes do the voting. Whites who differ from these favored classes can do neither the one nor the other. What a "glorious land of liberty" Tennessee has become under Radical Brownlow rule!

☞Some English gentlemen with ten millions of dollars cash capital recently arrived in New York en route to the cotton plantations, where they proposed to invest. But finding politics so unsettled they concluded to return home and carry back their money.

This is the way capital is driven from the country by Radical legislation.

☞Hon. Geo. S. Hilliard, of Boston, one of the few true men in that sink-hole of fanaticism, in a recent letter, says: "What we need now is patience, inflexible, invincible patience, that endures and waits. The country is sick with the disease of Radicalism; and this is what the faculty call a *self-limited* disease, which must run its course." And it surely will.

☞In a speech at the State Temperance Convention in Harrisburg last week, Gov. Geary stated that he has not taken a drink of intoxicating liquor for many years. We have some curiosity to see what our cotemporary, the Dispatch, which not long since gave a graphic report of his visit to a German beer saloon in our city, and credited him with offering a now famous toast therein, will have to say about the Governor's statement.—*Erie Observer.*

☞The Radical law requires a five cent stamp to be affixed to marriage certificates to make them legal. Does the lack of a stamp upon such documents invalidate a marriage?

Married.

On the 10th inst., at the house of Mr. Abraham Trostle, near Petersburg, by Rev. D. M. Blackwelder, Mr. JACOB FUNK to Miss SOPHIA THOMAS, both of Adams county.

On the 3d ult., at Littlestown, by Rev. H. A. Schlichter, Mr. DAVID YOUNG to Miss ELLEN WITMER, both of Adams county.

On the 28th ult., at Littlestown, by the same, Mr. JOHN T. SHORB to Miss BARBARA E. MASTER, both of Adams county.

On the 5th inst., at Littlestown, by the same, Mr. BENJAMIN F. STERNER to Miss MARGARET L. SPANGLER, both of Adams county.

Died.

On the 6th inst., 3 miles west of Petersburg, of apoplexy, Mr. JOSEPH ROCKEY, aged 88 years.

On the 4th inst., by drowning, in the race of F. Cole's saw mill, FRANCIS EDWARD, only son of William and Jane O'Brien, aged 2 years 8 months and 4 days.

Communicated.

Died, at Petersburg, on the night of the 9th inst., Dr. WM. R. STEWART, in the 65th year of his age, after a painful illness of upwards of five months, during which time he bore his sufferings with christian and becoming resignation. Dr. Stewart was a graduate of the Medical College of the University of Maryland, and was a successful practitioner of nearly forty years. His practice was extensive and consequently laborious, which undermined his health for several years past, by having very severe attacks of rheumatism, which finally terminated in dropsy. His loss to the community will be much felt. As a man he was much and deservedly esteemed, and from the tenor of his life for many years past we have the assurance that he has exchanged this world of woe for a better one in the next.

Communicated.

Died, on the 26th of February last, at Ash Grove, Adams county, Pa., HENRY SPALDING, Esq., in the 78th year of his age.

When one is taken from our midst who, during a long life, has been an example, to those who knew him, of every virtue which should adorn the Christian, it is fit and proper that some tribute should be paid to his memory.

Henry Spalding was born in Frederick county, Maryland, on the 2rd of September, 1789, and resided in Adams county, Pa., for nearly forty years. During that long period, by his kind and gentle manners, by his noble and generous disposition, by his unostentatious charities to the poor, by his heart-felt sympathy and aid ever freely given wherever there was difficulty or distress, he gained for himself the love and affection of all who knew him. Though for the past few years the infirmities of age and failing health rapidly weakened his strength, yet no one approached him without meeting from him a kind and cheerful smile of welcome.

His words were truth, and the man has not lived who guarded more sacredly any trust committed to his charge than did Henry Spalding.

As a man he was upright and honest, as a father of loving children kind and affectionate, and he carried with him to the grave a character of which they may well be proud. But in the hour of trial and grief, their comfort and consolation is, that during his long life, he was exact and conscientious, even to the moment of his death, in the faithful discharge of those virtues and obligations imposed upon him by that Church of which he was such an edifying member.

"Well done, good and faithful servant, enter thou into the joy of the Lord."

May he rest in peace. A FRIEND.

Special Notice Column.

Brandreth's Pills.—These Pills are safe and sure. They are prepared by a process which secures all the best qualities of the herbs of which they are composed, without any of their bad. They benefit in all cases and do harm in none.

See B. Brandreth is in the white letters on the Government stamp.

Feb, 25, 1867. 1m

Gone Forever!

So say the ladies of their beauty, when the mirror shows them their once jet or golden ringlets streaked with gray. But never was there a more

FALSE CONCLUSION,

Though the half be as white as Time's own forelock, or worse still, as red as a fiery meteor—

PRESTO!

it is invested in a moment with the most magnificent black or brown by the agency of

CRISTADORO'S HAIR DYE,

a perfectly wholesome and purely vegetable preparation. Manufactured by J. CRISTADORO, 6 Astor House, New York. Sold by Druggists. Applied by all Hair Dressers.

Feb, 25, 1867. 1m

Ayer's Sarsaparilla

Is a concentrated extract of the choice root, so combined with other substances of still greater alterative power as to afford an effectual antidote for disease. Sarsaparilla is reputed to cure. Such a remedy is surely wanted by those who suffer from strumous complaints, and that one which will accomplish their cure must prove a *this has of immense* service to this large class of our afflicted fellow-citizens. How completely this compound will do it has been proven by experiment on many of the worst cases to be *found in the following complaints:*

Scrofula, Scrofulous Swellings and Sores, Skin Diseases, Pimples, Pustules, Blotches, Eruptions, St. Anthony's Fire, Rose or Erysipelas, Tetter or Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Ring Worm, &c.

Syphilis or Venereal Disease is expelled from the system by the prolonged use of this Sarsaparilla, and the patient is left in comparative health.

Female Diseases are caused by Scrofula in the blood, and are often soon cured by this Extract of Sarsaparilla.

Do not discard this invaluable medicine, because you have been imposed upon by something pretending to be Sarsaparilla, while it was not. When you have used Ayer's—then, and not till then, will you know the virtues of Sarsaparilla. For minute particulars of the diseases it cures, we refer you to Ayer's American Almanac, which the agent below named will furnish gratis to all who call for it.

AYER'S CATHARTIC PILLS, for the cure of Costiveness, Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Dysentery, Foul Stomach, Headache, Piles, Rheumatism, Heartburn from Disordered Stomach, Pain, or Morbid Inaction of the Bowels, Flatulency, Loss of Appetite, Liver Complaint, Dropsy, Worms, Neuralgia, and for a Dinner Pill.

They are sugar coated, so that the most sensitive can take them pleasantly, and they are the best aperient in the world for all the purposes of a family physic.

Prepared by J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass, and sold by A. D. BUEHLER, Gettysburg, Pa.

March 11, 1867. 2m

New Life.

"Nothing like it." What everybody says, must be true—hence the general verdict. It always relieves those in pain. Are you nervous, careworn, complain of physical weakness—a general debility which makes those of either sex feel as though they "did n't know how they felt," and wished for something of a barbarous nature to arouse them, give them vitality, and put new life into them? Use Radway's Ready Relief—the most effectual compound remedy that can be made. To the Dyspeptic, the Rheumatic, and those persons "always ailing," say we the same. It is beneficial to all ages, sexes and conditions. In severe cases of Diarrhœa and Dysentery, use nothing else in arresting the malady, and if you are "shaking away" with Chills and Fever, apply *it externally*, as well as internally, and the result will be marvelous. Thousands upon thousands have been cured. No family need complain of Sore Throats, Croup, Coughs, Headache, Neuralgia, Catarrh, Influenza, Diphtheria—nor mourn and wine over Sprains, Wounds, Bruises, Cuts, Burns, &c., if the Relief be but applied. Have it always in your house, or about you—like millions of families who are never without it. In an attack of Cholera, or Cholera Morbus, it is invaluable. Its virtues are irresistible.

Sold by all Druggists. Price 50 cents per bottle.

March 11, 1867. 2w

A Card to the Ladies.

DR. DUPONCO'S GOLDEN PERIODICAL PILLS FOR FEMALES. Infallible in correcting Irregularities, Removing Obstructions of the Monthly Turns, from whatever Cause, and always Successful as a Preventive.

It is now over thirty years since the above celebrated Pills were first discovered by Dr. DUPONCO, of Paris, during which time they have been extensively and successfully used in most of the public institutions, as well as in private practice, of both hemispheres, with unparalleled success. In every case, and it is only at the "urgent request" of the thousands of ladies who have used them, that he is induced to make the Pills public for the alleviation of those suffering from any irregularities whatever, as well as to prevent an increase of family where health will not permit it.

ONE PILL IS A DOSE.

Females peculiarly situated, or those supposing themselves so, are cautioned against using these Pills while in that condition lest they "invite miscarriage," after which admonition, the Proprietor assumes no responsibility, although their mildness will prevent any mischief to health, otherwise the Pills are recommended as a MOST INVALUABLE REMEDY for all those afflicting complaints peculiar to the sex.

ONE BOX IS SUFFICIENT.

10,000 Boxes have been sold within Two Years. Ten Thousand Boxes sent by Mail, both by myself and Agents, to all parts of the world, to which answers have been returned, in which is less say, nothing like the above Pills have been known since the Science of Medicine dawned upon the world, in Removing Obstructions and Restoring Nature to its Proper Channel, Quieting the Nerves and bringing back the "Rosy color of Health" to the cheek of the most delicate.

Price $1 per Box. Six Boxes $5.

Sold by JOHN S. FORNEY, Druggist, Sole Agent for Gettysburg, Pa.

Ladies, by sending him $1 through the Post Office, can have the Pills sent, (confidentially,) by Mail, to any part of the country, "free of postage."

Sold also by J. Spangler, Chambersburg; G. W. Neff, York; Coleman & Rogers and Brown Brothers, Wholesale Agents, Baltimore, and S. D. Howe, Proprietor, New York.

March 4, 1867. 1y

Know Thy Destiny.

MADAME E. F. THORNTON, the great English Astrologist, Clairvoyant and Psychometrician, who has astonished the scientific classes of the Old World, has now located herself at Hudson, N. Y. Madame Thornton possesses such wonderful powers of second sight, as to enable her to impart knowledge of the greatest importance to the single or married of either sex. While in a trance, she delineates the very features of the person you are to marry, and by the aid of an instrument of intense power, known as the Psychomotrope, guarantees to produce a life-like picture of the future husband or wife, of the applicant, together with date of marriage, position in life, leading traits of character, &c. This is no humbug, as thousands of testimonials can assert. She will send when desired a certificate, or written guarantee, that the picture is what it purports to be. By enclosing a small lock of hair, and stating place of birth, age, disposition and complexion, and enclosing fifty cents and stamped envelope addressed to yourself, you will receive the picture and desired information by return mail. All communications sacredly confidential. Address in confidence, MADAME E. F. THORNTON, P. O. 223, Hudson, N. Y.

March 4, 1867. 1y

A Young Lady

returning to her country home, after a sojourn of a few months in the City, was hardly recognized by her friends. In place of a coarse, rustic, flushed face, she had a soft ruby complexion of almost marble smoothness, and instead of twenty-three she really appeared but eighteen. Upon inquiry as to the cause of so great a change, she plainly told them that she used the CIRCASSIAN BALM, and considered it an invaluable acquisition to any Lady's toilet. By its use any Lady or Gentleman can improve their personal appearance an hundred fold. It is simple in its combination, as Nature herself is simple, yet unsurpassed in its efficacy in drawing impurities from, also healing, cleansing and beautifying the skin and complexion. By its direct action on the cuticle it draws from it all its impurities kindly healing the same, and leaving the surface as Nature intended it should be, clear, soft, smooth and beautiful. Price $1, sent by Mail or Express, on receipt of an order by

W. L. CLARKE & CO., Chemists,

No. 3 West Fayette St., Syracuse, N. Y.

The only American Agents for the sale of the same.

March 4, 1867. 1y

Children's Lives Saved for 50 Cents.

Thousands of Children die annually of Croup. Now, mothers, if you would spend 50 cents, and always have a bottle of Dr. Tobias' Venetian Liniment in the house, you need never fear losing your little one when attacked with this complaint. It is now 19 years since I have put up my Liniment, and never heard of a child dying of Croup when my Liniment was used; but hundreds of cases of cures have been reported to me, and many state if it was $10 per bottle they would not be without it. Besides which, it is a certain cure for Cuts, Burns, Headache, Toothache, Sore Throats, Swellings, Mumps, Colic, Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Spasms, Old sores, and pains in the back and chest. No one once tries it who is ever without it. It is warranted perfectly safe to take internally. Full Directions with every bottle. Sold by the Druggists. Depot, 56 Courtlandt Street, New York. [Feb. 25, 1867. 7w

Marriage and Celibacy.

AN ESSAY OF WARNING AND INSTRUCTION TO YOUNG MEN. Also, Diseases and Abuses which permanently prostrate the Vital Powers, with sure means of relief. Sent free of Charge, in sealed envelopes. Address, Dr. J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON, Howard Association, Philadelphia, Pa. [Dec. 3, 1866. 1oct3'67

Deafness, Blindness and Catarrh,

Treated with the utmost success, by Dr. J. ISAACS, Oculist and Aurist, (formerly of Leyden, Holland,) No 519 PINE Street, Philadelphia. Testimonials from the most reliable sources in the City and Country can be seen at his office. The medical faculty are invited to accompany their patients, as he has no secrets in his practice. Artificial eyes inserted without pain. No charge made for examination.

Sept. 24, 1866. 1y

Dr. SCHENCK'S MANDRAKE PILLS.

A SUBSTITUTE FOR CALOMEL.

These Pills are composed of various roots, having the power to rouse the secretions of the liver as promptly and effectually as blue pill or mercury, and without producing any of those disagreeable or dangerous effects which often follow the use of the latter.

In all bilious disorders these Pills may be used with confidence, as they promote the discharge of vitiated bile, and remove those obstructions from the liver and biliary ducts, which are the cause of bilious affections in general.

SCHENCK'S MANDRAKE PILLS cure Sick Headache, and all disorders of the Liver, indicated by sallow skin, coated tongue, costiveness, drowsiness, and a general feeling of weariness and lassitude, showing that the liver is in a torpid or sluggish condition.

In short, these Pills may be used with advantage in all cases where a purgative or alterative medicine is required.

Please ask for "Dr. Schenck's Mandrake Pills," and observe that the two likenesses of the Doctor are on the Government stamp—one when in the last stage of Consumption, and the other in his present health.

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MADAME REMINGTON, the world renowned Astrologist and Communing Clairvoyant, while in a clairvoyant state, delineates the very features of the person you are to marry, and by the aid of an instrument of intense power, known as the Psychomotrope, guarantees to produce a perfect and life-like picture of the future husband or wife of the applicant, with date of marriage, occupation, leading traits of character, &c. This is no imposition, as testimonials without number can assert. By stating place of birth, age, disposition, color of eyes and hair, and enclosing fifty cents, and stamped envelope addressed to yourself, you will receive the picture, together with desired information.

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Sept. 24, 1866. 6m

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It teaches how the homely may become beautiful, the despised respected, and the forsaken loved.

No young lady or gentleman should fail to send their Address, and receive a copy post-paid, by return mail.

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March 4, 1867. 1y Troy, N. Y.

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