The Compiler.

GETTYSBURG, PA.

Monday Morning, Dec. 21, 1868.

BILL TO TERRITORIALIZE MARYLAND.

The State of Maryland having freed herself from the trammels of an infamous minority, is the object of especial hatred to the Radical Disunionists in Congress. Knowing that its minions can never regain power in that State by the ballot-box, the Rump Congress is seriously contemplating the entire destruction of the State Government. The old malignant, Frank Thomas, is said to have prepared a bill *"to guarantee a Republican form of government to Maryland!"* That is the high sounding title by which the Disunionists designate what would be despotism, pure and simple. The bill, as prepared, is said to be so framed as to deprive white men of the elective franchise and to confer it on all the negroes of the State. It is of a piece with Thaddeus Stevens' bill for reducing all the States of the South to a territorial condition. Should such a thing be attempted, we hope, with a cotemporary, the people of Maryland will stand firmly by their indisputable rights, and refuse to recognize the despotic rule of a set of men who have no more right to dictate to one State than to all the rest. Such a procedure would involve the destruction of the very form of free government, and no patriotic citizen could stand by and see the outrage perpetrated, without lending all his energies to prevent it.

There must be an end of Radical usurpation somewhere. It cannot be permitted to proceed unchecked. If the representatives of a minority faction persist in their revolutionary course, they must inevitably precipitate a conflict that will bring with it a day of retribution, in which the outrages they have perpetrated will be fully and terribly avenged.

NEGROES SENT NORTH.

The Washington correspondent of the New York *Tribune* says about 75 freedmen are sent North weekly by Brigadier General Charles H. Howard, Assistant Commissioner of the Freedmen's Bureau for the District of Columbia, and proper homes provided for them, where they are well cared for. In the cities of the North there are thousands of white men and women destitute of homes and out of employment; but the Radical philanthropists take no care of them. No one is paid to hunt up homes and employment for destitute whites, and the Government does not pay their fare to distant points throughout the country. The charity of Congress is exhausted upon "the wards of the nation," as the negroes are ostentatiously styled.

AWAITING THE SUPREME COURT.

The ingrate, Forney, through his *Press* and *Chronicle*, threatens the interference of Congress because the Judges of the Supreme Court have decided the case of Milligan, of Indiana, against the theories of the Radicals and in accordance with the constitution and laws of the land. Forney's attack is not only violent, it is vindictive and indecent. He declares that "treason has at last found a secure shelter" in the Supreme Court of the United States. The line of demarcation between the revolutionary Radicals and the country is daily becoming more distinct. If the masses are not utterly blinded they must soon discover that our free institutions will be completely destroyed by the fanatics now in power, unless they are checked. Even the Supreme Court of the United States will be made subject to the will of a crazy Congress, if these destructives have their way.

☞ The Harrisburg correspondent of the Chambersburg *Repository* gives the following possible Radical candidates for the Senatorship from this State: Andrew G. Curtin, John Covode, Thaddeus Stevens, L. W. Hall, Wm. D. Kelley, U. Mercur, Wm. B. Thomas, S. A. Purviance, M. Russel Thayer, Simon Cameron, John W. Forney, John H. Walker, Morton McMichael, Andrew Stewart, J. M. Broomall, A. K. McClure, Edward McPherson, John Scott, J. K. Moorhead, Harry White, Thomas Williams, W. W. Ketchum, Wm. H. Armstrong, H. D. Maxwell, G. A. Grow, G. W. Scofield, John Covode, Thomas E. Cochran, H. L. Cake, Lemuel Todd, James Pollock, J. F. Hartranft, John C. Kunkel, D. A. Finney. It will be seen by this large list that the devotion of the Radical leaders to the "loaves and fishes" keeps full pace with their progress in "great moral ideas." We cannot now predict who of these ambitious individuals will be chosen Senator; but are willing to wager our old hat, that neither McPherson, Cochran nor Todd will be the man.

☞ Sumner introduced a bill, the other day, in his branch of the unlawful Rump, for the purpose of punishing persons who induce the emigration of free colored persons to foreign countries. This shows that the Radical party has already taken ground against negro colonization abroad. The leaders of that faction are determined, at all hazards, to keep the darkies in this country, in order to use them as a political lever. We may look, hereafter, for the placing of every sort of obstacle in the way of negro emigration and colonization, by the Radicals.

☞ The House, on Thursday, on motion of Thaddeus Stevens, authorized the appointment of a select committee of seven to report a bill for the establishment of a system of free schools in the District of Columbia, from which no child over six years of age shall be excluded on account of *race or color*. An amalgamation scheme of like character is before the Senate Committee on the District, and will no doubt be reported favorably.

Negroes are not only to be allowed to vote, *but negro children are to be forced into the white public schools!* Can decent Republicans in Adams county longer endorse the disgusting and damnable doings of their party leaders in Congress?

☞ Thaddeus Stevens says that peace does not exist, though proclaimed by the President. If so, then the war continues. And if the war is not at an end, then the claim of Congress to govern the Southern States as territories on the ground of *conquest*, is preposterous or premature.

NEGRO SUFFRAGE.

Congress has passed, and will send to the President for consideration, a bill conferring the right of suffrage upon the negroes of the District of Columbia. The bill will undoubtedly be vetoed, and as certainly be passed over the veto by two-thirds majorities in both branches of Congress. The leaders of the Radical party stated in debate that this measure is the model or pattern by which they intend to regulate the institutions of the States.

This bill was passed by the House of Representatives at its last session, but was suspended in the Senate until the elections of this year took place. The Democracy warned the people that the election of the Republican tickets would be construed into an approval of the measure. But the Republicans denied the issue, and pointed to the suspension in the Senate, where their majority is overwhelming, as evidence that it had not the sanction of their party.

Now, however, the mask of hypocrisy is laid aside, and the bill is pushed hastily through Congress with the support of the entire Republican party. The people of the country are thus authoritatively advised of the purpose of that party, and the doctrine of Negro Equality is openly avowed and proclaimed.

We agree with the Lancaster *Intelligencer* that it is now useless to recur to the arguments against negro suffrage. The mental and physical inferiority of the negro, his utter incapability for self-government, the degradation of the race, established by the fact that no negro community has ever emerged from barbarism, have been thoroughly discussed and canvassed before the people. If white Americans desire negroes to rule over them, they certainly have a right to gratify their taste; and now that the designs of the Republican party are revealed, the people will doubtless decide upon them according to their judgment.

Negro Equality is now, and will remain, until determined by the people, the leading issue between the two great parties of the country. When stripped of disguise, and presented in naked deformity to our voters, we doubt not that they will turn from the forbidding project with loathing and disgust.

FALLING INTO LINE.

One by one the different organizations of the Republican party are falling into line on the question of negro suffrage. A Republican cotemporary says that the Union League of Baltimore passed a resolution declaring themselves to be in favor of it on Friday night week. The Union League of Philadelphia is expected to take action in the course of a few days. But whether it does so or not is immaterial, as it is known to be fully up to the mack. The mask which the party wore during the late elections has been boldly thrown aside. They cannot humbug the masses again.

IMPEACHMENT.

The Washington correspondent of the *Age*, in his letter of Tuesday, says:

Prominent Republican members of the House think there is no doubt of the final passage of Ashley's resolution to raise a committee for the purpose of getting up a bill of impeachment against the President, and I hear, also, that the Judiciary Committee are in favor of a bill to suspend the functions of any officer of the government pending his trial on a bill of impeachment. By the way, it is said that Ashley's resolution of yesterday attracted no attention whatever at the White House.

☞ The Radicals mean to alter our form of government by agitating upon the negro question. They will acknowledge no stopping point in their march of invasion. The negro free, and his civil rights amply protected, will not appease this party of fanatics. Even the adoption of an amendment giving the free ballot to colored men, is not sufficient. The States must be destroyed, the President impeached and deposed, and a minority Congress, representing but a portion of the States, elevated into the seat of supreme power. This is the end sought to be attained. For this Congress is upon the war path, and to accomplish this all the interests of white men are overlooked or treated as of comparatively little importance. But there must be a point where reason and patriotism will resume their empire over the minds of men in this country. The merchants, and manufacturers and business men will not always agree to place the interests of a few negroes over and above all the thousand questions affecting the honor and standing of the nation abroad, and the welfare of millions of white men at home. Truth must conquer in the end, and it is the duty of all who love the country and its institutions to keep the truth constantly before the people.—*Age.*

☞ The New York *Herald* says the removal of Adjutant General Schouler, of Massachusetts, was on account of his opposition to General Butler's nomination for Congress. He intends publishing letters, it is said, that will connect General Butler's name with several profitable speculations during the war, with which the public are not generally acquainted.

What! more swindles by Butler, the high priest of the *Loyal* Radicals? Are we never to hear the last of his thieving? Must each day add new crimes to make him the more fitting representative of "the party of great moral ideas?" No wonder he is popular as a candidate for President with them. He is the very man of all others in the country who would suit them. They are right in going it strong for the Beast.

☞ Thad Stevens says he never believed that Jefferson Davis could be tried for treason, and he does not believe he was guilty of treason. "His offence," says Thad, "was that of a belligerent, not of a traitor." The object of the "great commoner," in taking this position, is to secure a recognition of his territorial scheme. He wants to let Davis escape, under his theory that secession was successfully completed and the Union dissolved, in order to increase the strength of the Radical party by keeping the ten Southern States unrepresented in Congress. To keep the Radical faction in office and power, he is willing to let "the arch traitor" escape punishment. This is exactly his position.

☞ The "dead duck" thinks he won't be a candidate for United States Senator. Everybody else thought so long ago.

NEWS AND OTHER ITEMS.

☞ The iron-plated frigate "New Ironsides," which occupied so prominent a position in the operations against Charleston, during the war, was destroyed by fire, at League Island, in the Delaware river, yesterday morning a-week—whether by accident or design, is not known. She was built at Philadelphia in 1862, and cost over $1,500,000 as she went to sea.

London, Dec. 17—Noon.—The *Times* of this morning contains a telegram from Berlin, in which the writer says that the Pope of Rome has been officially invited to visit the United States.

☞ A mother and two children living in Newark, Del., were burned to death, on Thursday, the 6th inst., by the ignition of coal oil.

☞ A terrible tragedy occurred at 215 Division street, New York, on Monday night, the 10th inst. A fire broke out about 12 o'clock, midnight, in a tenement house and communicated to a kerosene oil store next door, and though the flames were stopped before they reached the second story, their violence among the petroleum was so great as to send up a dense volume of smoke and vapor, which fatally suffocated nine persons sleeping in the rooms above.

☞ Col. Forney has written a letter withdrawing from the Senatorial contest, and urging the election of Mr. Stevens. If in six months effort, Col. Forney could not get any votes for himself, how many can he transfer to Mr. Stevens?

☞ Col. Fletcher, of Missouri, has organized a large militia force, with which he is engaged in driving out of the State every body who is not Radical enough.

☞ On Thursday week, Caleb Lyon, of Lyonsdale, New York, formerly Governor of Idaho, reported to the Police Headquarters of Washington City, that he was robbed of $47,000 on the train which arrived from New York about half past five o'clock that morning. He stated that he had his money in his belt around his waist, but that becoming uncomfortable, he took it off and laid it under his head, after which he fell asleep. The belt was found by the loser, empty and near his seat in the car.

☞ The people of the District of Columbia intend to call a mass indignation meeting to protest against being placed under the domination of lazy and vagrant niggers.

☞ Every Rump Disunionist who voted for negro suffrage in the District of Columbia would do the same for his own State if he did not fear the vengeance of his "constituents."

☞ The Harrisburg *Telegraph*, a Radical howler, makes an important admission in these words: "The Liberian colony has virtually proved a failure." The Liberian government, our readers know, is owned, controlled and run exclusively by niggers.

☞ A Canada paper says that John H. Surratt was on his way from Canada to Washington when he heard of the assassination, and that thereupon he immediately returned. It further affirms that the original intention was to carry off the President and that Booth changed it himself, without Surratt's knowledge. Surratt stoutly affirms his mother's innocence.

☞ A New Hampshire court lately granted forty divorce in two days. They seem to be opposed to every sort of Union up there.

☞ It is said that one hundred females captured by the Indians on the frontiers of Texas, are now enduring the grossest outrages at the hands of the captors.

The Stroudsburg Bank.—Rumors unfavorable to the character of this Institution have been circulating in business circles for a month or longer. The truth of the matter seems to be that the Bank is minus fifty thousand dollars and neither the Cashier nor any of the Directors are able to give the public any satisfactory explanation of where this amount has gone to. The Institution still does business under the old State laws, having never been converted into a National Bank.—*Allentown Democrat.*

☞ Two sets of Masonic jewels, stolen from lodges in Mississippi, and the charter of Eastport Lodge No. 94, were found in a pawnbroker's shop in Indianapolis, Ind., lately, and have been forwarded by the Grand Secretary of the Grand Lodge of Illinois to the care of the Grand Lodge of Mississippi.

☞ In Albany, a few days since, a little boy by the name of Hogan was playing among some empty *barrels* with his comrades, when he got into one of the barrels, feet foremost, and his companions raised the barrel upon its head. In this position he was left for some time. When removed he was taken to his home, where he died a few hours afterward.

☞ A canvass of the Virginia Legislature is said to show but four members who favor the Constitutional Amendment.

☞ Every advocate of universal suffrage is an enemy to the Federal Union.

☞ The annual income of Queen Victoria is $2,000,000, and her living expenses $500,000.

Robbery.—One of the most adroit and at the same time, audacious robberies was committed on one of our highways, a short time since, about six miles from this place, in West Manheim township, that has ever come to our knowledge. The facts, as we have been reliably informed, are these: Mr. John Wagner, living about ten miles from town, near the York road, in Old Manheim township, on his return home from Hanover, saw a man on foot a short distance ahead of him, in the road. On coming up to him, the person seemed to be in distress and asked Mr. Wagner to take him in the wagon, saying that he was very sick and desired to go further on his journey that evening, and that he procured medicine from one of our doctors in town, and when arriving near Sherman's Church, the stranger took a vial out of one of his pockets, requesting Mr. Wagner to smell it. Mr. W. not thinking anything wrong in this simple request, smelled at the vial, whereupon he became senseless, and on his recovery found himself lying in a woods and robbed of all his money, amounting to several dollars—he having paid out most of his money while in town. On the following day Mr. W. found his horse and buggy in the woods some distance from the Church. The feigned medicine, it is presumed, was chloroform, used by the scoundrel for the purpose of robbing. We would caution the people to be careful whom they trust, as the country is full of all sorts of rogues, ready to swindle the unwary in all sorts of ways.—*Hanover Citizen.*

Terrible Calamity.—Memphis, Tenn., Dec. 19.—A terrible calamity occurred here this morning. The confectionary of Joseph Specht, No. 39 Madison street, took fire between three and four o'clock. About twenty-five persons were asleep in the third and fourth stories of the building. The fire, which originated in the cellar from some unknown cause, filled the upper stories with smoke and the fumes of burning charcoal, while the flames in part cut off egress by the stairs. Fourteen persons were suffocated in their rooms or lost their lives in attempting to escape by leaping from the windows.

Communicated.

PUBLIC MEETING.—The citizens of Adams county interested in the passage of an Act for the relief of those whose property was destroyed or taken by the armies during the rebel invasion, are requested to meet at the Court-House, in Gettysburg, on NEW YEAR'S DAY, at 1 o'clock, P. M., for the purpose of making arrangements to urge their claims before the Legislature. A full attendance is desired.

MANY CITIZENS.

TOWN AND COUNTY AFFAIRS.

CHRISTMAS will occur to-morrow.—Welcome, thrice welcome, the season of love and gaiety, the occasion of the renewal of old ties and friendships, and above all, the anniversary of the day which gave to the world a Saviour and Redeemer, and thus bespoke peace on earth and good will to men.

The celebration of Christmas is of very ancient origin. It was inaugurated by the early Christians immediately after the commencement of the Christian era. It was then held exclusively as a religious festival in commemoration of the nativity of the Saviour. It derives its name from the appellative Christ having been added to the name of Jesus, to express that he was the Messiah or *The Annointed*. In the Eastern primitive church, Christmas and Epiphany were deemed but one and the same feast, and consequently all the intermediate time between the twenty-fourth of December and the seventh of January was duly observed.

ALMS-HOUSE APPOINTMENTS.—At the last meeting of the Directors of the Poor, they re-appointed Jonas Johns, Esq., Steward; Dr. J. W. C. O'Neal, Physician; Wm. McClean, Esq., Counsel; C. Daugherty, Treasurer; and H. G. Wolf, Clerk. These gentlemen performed their duties well and faithfully during the past year, and their re-appointment is a deserved compliment to them.

EXHIBITION.—The Franklin Literary Association will give its Sixth Annual Exhibition, at Mummasburg, on Saturday evening next, Dec. 29th. Doors to open at 6 o'clock, and performances to commence at 7. There will be Vaudevils, *Dialogues, Lectures, Orations, Essays*, &c., to conclude with an "extra gala entertainment" by the "National Ethiopian Opera Troupe." Don't fail to attend.

WINTER.—Friday morning last was very cold—the coldest of the season. Buehler's thermometer indicated 4 degrees below zero, Powers's 8 degrees below, and Jacobs's 12 degrees below. An old inhabitant says, "now look out for a *big* snow." We shall see.

A PRESENT.—Mr. A. W. Flemming, of this place, has presented us a very large Sweet Pumpkin, for which he is sincerely thanked. We are thus assured of pumpkin pies for the holidays, and those who "know what's what," will agree with us that "they are not hard to take." "Who's the next customer?"

—Christmas prospects still brightening. A lady friend of the family contributes a basket of splendid Apples—monster "Talpehockens." Thanks!—thanks!

THE NATIONAL CEMETERY.—At a meeting of the Board of Managers of the Soldiers' National Cemetery, held at the Continental Hotel, in Philadelphia, week before last, David Wills, Esq., of this place, was re-elected President; John R. Bartlett, of Rhode Island, Secretary; and S. R. Russell, of this place, Treasurer. Last year's Executive Committee was continued. The next meeting will be held in Gettysburg, in June.

The reports of the President and Executive Committee show that nearly all the work upon the Cemetery, exclusive of the monument, has been finished. A contract was entered into, in May last, with J. G. Batterson, of Hartford, Conn., for the building of the monument, for the sum of $47,500. It is to be built according to the original design adopted by the board two years ago. The shaft will be of white granite and the statuary of Italian weather marble. The work has been commenced, the granite work at Westerly, Rhode Island, and the statuary at Rome, Italy, under the supervision of the American Artist, Rogers. Ten thousand dollars has been paid on account of the work on the monument, and the balance is payable in installments as the work progresses. The monument is to be finished by July 1, 1868.

There was $50,727 64 paid the treasurer during the year by the different States, including the balance on hand at the last settlement. There was $15,475 10 paid out during the year, leaving a balance on hand of $35,252 04, of which $30,000 is invested in United States 7-30 bonds. The sum of $18,888 74 yet remains to be paid into the treasury by several of the States to make their proportionate share of the contributions.

STATUE.—We learn that the committee of the First Army Corps having the matter in charge, have decided to place a bronze statue of Gen. Reynolds in the National Cemetery, and not on the spot where he fell. The statue is to be six or seven feet high, with a base of nearly the same height. The triangle formed by several avenues near the gate, in front, has been selected for the site.

ROBBERY AT NEW OXFORD.—Mr. Franklin Martin, of New Oxford, opened a drawer on Sunday last, in which he kept his papers and money, when he discovered that his 7-30 Government Bonds and Promissory Notes, amounting in all to $1,100, were gone. Also, all his wife's jewelry, among which was a watch and other articles. The drawer had been unlocked, the contents taken, and then locked again. It is not known definitely when it occurred, or by whom the theft was committed.—*Star.*

SAD ACCIDENT.—A few days ago, Mr. F. Clunk and lady arrived at the residence of their friend, Mr. Levi Lawrence, near Mount Rock, Adams county, and whilst getting off the carriage, the horse frightened at some of the baggage about being taken off, and ran some distance, upsetting the carriage, and dragging Mrs. Clunk along the road. Mrs. C. was taken up in an insensible state by her husband and friends, and conveyed to the house, where medical aid was called to assistance. At the time of taking her up, Mrs. C. was supposed to be dead, but we are glad to be able to state that she is rapidly recovering, though her injuries were of a very serious nature.—*Hanover Citizen.*

INSPECTOR.—Mr. George A. Codori, of this place, has been appointed Whiskey Inspector at Rhodes' Distillery, the only one now in operation in this county.

CALL!—John Gruel, next door to the Eagle Hotel, has for sale any quantity of Christmas articles. Give him a call—an early call—and call all the time.

☞ Both Houses of Congress have adjourned until the 3d of January.

IMPORTANT TO SOME PEOPLE.—Not to all. Such as have paid the printer as promptly as he has served them, (many thanks!) need not read this—not a word of it is intended for them. To those in arrears, however, whether for *advertising, job work* or *subscription*, we must again appeal, and can assure them that never were we more IN EARNEST. To pay for paper, ink, type, labor, and a hundred other matters entering into the publication of a widely-circulated newspaper, requires the handling of a good deal of money—especially in high times, as these still are to printers, paper, &c., being nearly as dear as during the war. To whom shall the printer look for the means to carry on his business, but to those who have the benefit of it? It is so in every other branch, and there is no reason why our's should be an exception to the rule. Those, then, indebted on our books are again urged to deal with us as they would desire others to deal with them. PAY PROMPTLY.

To the call made two months ago, hardly one in forty responded. Many, no doubt, supposed that it was a mere stereotyped matter—that we did not mean half we said—and that if they failed to pay, it would make little difference to us or anybody else. If they so thought, never were men more mistaken. We *needed* what was due us then, and what did not come, is needed worse now for the delay.

We shall soon make out bills, and send them to those in arrears. Will not many save us this trouble by remitting at once—within the present week, or, at least, within the present year? To get along at all, *we must have our own*—and if after a reasonable time, those who give no heed to this call should find more summary measures adopted to convince them of our earnestness, they will have nobody to blame but themselves. WE MUST HAVE MONEY.

WOOD!—WOOD!—WOOD!—A number of our subscribers have promised us Wood, in payment of their subscriptions. Will they please bring it immediately? *It is needed.*

A CAR BURNT—A BOY PERISHES IN THE FLAMES.—A car belonging to Mr. Robert Warner, of Hagerstown, standing on the sidling of the Cumberland Valley railroad in this place, was burned on Sunday morning last, about one o'clock, taking fire from a stove in the cabin. The most horrible part of the affair is that a son of Mr. Warner, about fifteen years of age, who was sleeping in the car, perished in the flames. When the fire was first discovered it had gained such headway that it was impossible to save the poor boy, and very probably he was dead before any person arrived at the scene of the conflagration. His body was recovered on Sunday morning, burned in a most terrible manner, part of one of his legs, one of his arms and his nose being burned off. The car was loaded with marketing, and the contents, consisting of butter, lard, &c., helped to increase the fury of the flames.—*Chambersburg Repository.*

☞ In the Indiana, or Milligan conspiracy, the judges of the Supreme Court have unanimously agreed that Milligan should be released from military custody, and sent to the civil tribunals; that the Court will issue a writ of *habeas corpus* to order his release, and that the Military Commission had no right to try him. This is simply giving an official dignity to the proper answers to questions which justice and public opinion long ago decided.

A National Convention Proposed.—A meeting of the Connecticut State Democratic Committee was held at Hartford on Thursday. It was resolved to call a State Convention on January 8, at New Haven, to consider the revolutionary proceedings of the present Congress, and recommend the holding of a National Convention of the thirty-six States at New York, to consider the same subject.

☞ A Republican paper says there is great dissatisfaction among all parties in Missouri concerning Gov. Fletcher's course in calling out the militia. It is only natural that such should be the case. He is one of the most unprincipled hounds in the country, and does not command the respect of decent men of any party in Missouri. Even the Radicals feel that the State is disgraced and injured by having such a wretch in the Gubernatorial Chair.

☞ The Radicals are using all sorts of arts to increase the circulation of their meanest and *blackest* journals—the New York *Tribune*, Forney's *Press*, Harrisburg *Telegraph*, &c. Reeking with political poison, they can be acceptable only to disunionists and consolidationists. Friends of your country, be on your guard!

☞ The Doylestown *Democrat* in noticing the call for the Boys in Blue to assemble at Harrisburg to witness the inauguration of Governor Geary, asks wether Geary will care about seeing the "boys in blue" whom he denounced as "shysters, cowards and hospital-bummers." We should think not.

☞ A negro has been advertised to be sold in Anne Arundel county, Maryland, for a crime of which he has been legally convicted, and the Radicals in Congress are kicking up a terrible row over the matter.

☞ The negroes in Boston are not as easily managed as the Radical leaders hoped. Previous to the recent election, a number of ambitious darkies wanted Radical nominations, but failing to get them, they bolted and voted for the Democratic candidate for Mayor. Their refractory conduct alarmed the Radical leaders, but with profuse promises to "make it all right with them," the difficulty has been healed for the present. The Radicals can't afford to disagree with "brother" Sambo.

☞ There are about 30,000 darkies now in and around Washington City, one-half of whom are thieves and vagrants. These are to be the future sovereigns (!) at the Federal Capital. What a shame and disgrace!

☞ The Southern States are constantly "insulting" the Radical Rump because they refuse to put the halter of negro suffrage around their necks.

☞ The borough authorities of Columbia have started a movement for the rebuilding of the bridge across the Susquehanna at that point. It is much needed.

THE HOLIDAYS.—E. H. Minnigh & Bro., in Chambersburg street, opposite the College Church, have laid in a large stock of goods intended for the Holidays, and invite the attention of the public thereto. It embraces, of course, all sorts of confections, fruits, nuts, &c., with an almost endless variety of toys. They have something to please the thousand different tastes of the little ones, with an assortment which they flatter themselves will be attractive to grown up folks. Give them a call. Their goods cannot but give satisfaction, whilst their prices are much lower than last year, and must be equally satisfactory.

Teachers desiring to make presents to their schools, as well as the trade, will be accommodated at the lowest possible figures. 4t

☞ The Democratic Convention of Kentucky, which met at Louisville, on Saturday week, adopted, among other resolutions, one denouncing in strong terms the revolutionary designs of the majority now in power in Congress at Washington, and urgently recommending the call of a National Convention to meet at Louisville on the 1st of May next.

☞ Gen. Grant and the "rebel" Dick Taylor own a Georgia gold mine in partnership, it is said. If so, Grant certainly needs reconstructing.

Married.

On the 18th inst., at the residence of the bride's parents, by Rev. W. R. H. Dearnch, Mr. ALFRED FRANKLIN SHRIVER to Miss MARGARET, daughter of Mr. Joseph Thoman, all of Straban Township, this county.

On the 9th inst., by Rev. C. A. Hay, Mr. DANIEL M. MILLER, of Baltimore, to Miss LOUISA G. SHEA, of this place.

On Thursday last, by Rev. Mr. Williams, Mr. FREDERICK RHODES to Miss H. R. WAYBRIGHT, both of Freedom township.

On the 10th inst., by J. C. Pitchtarf, Esq., Mr. HOWARD STARRY, of York county, to Miss ANNE CARMINSTER, of Adams county.

On the 14th inst., at the German Reformed Parsonage, Sc w Oxford, by Rev. W. E. P. Davis, Mr. SAMUEL STRALEY to Miss CATHARINE MILLER, both of York county.

On the 6th inst., by the Rev. P. Scheurer, Mr. JACOB BAIR to Miss MARY SHANEBROOK, both of Adams county.

On the 15th inst., by the Rev. Jacob Sechler, Mr. CHARLES N. SPANGLER to Miss SARAH CROUSE, both of Little Stown, Adams county.

On the 25th of Nov., 1868, by Rev. W. E. Davis, at the residence of the bride's father, Mr. ALFRED G. CRESS, of Straban township, to Miss MARY E. CLAPSADDLE, of Putnamville, Ind.

At the Luther in Parsonage, in Arendtsville, on the 18th inst., by the Rev. M. Snyder, Mr. SAMUEL DIEDDERICH to Miss ANNIE L. WENTZ, both of Franklin township.

On the 13th inst., at the house of the bride's parents, by the Rev. M. Snyder, Mr. FRANKLIN F. MICKLEY, of New Salem, to Miss SARAH CATHARINE LOHR, of Franklin township.

On the same day, at the house of the bride's parents, by Rev. M. Snyder, Mr. JOHN D. FRANK to Miss BECKIE STOCKSLAGER, both of Franklin township.

Died.

On the 15th inst., at Aughbottown, Mrs. SARAH DOLL, in her 72d year.

On the 18th inst., near New Chester, Mr. HENRY SPANGLER, aged 81 years 9 months and 7 days.

On Tuesday night, in this place, Mr. THOMAS WARNER, aged 60 years 8 months and 7 days.

On the 5th inst., in Mountpleasant township, VINCENT LEWIS CLUNK, son of Joseph and Mary Clunk, aged 1 year 9 months and 12 days.

On the 14th inst., in Adams county, AMELIA ALICE LOHR, aged 8 months and 1 day.

(Communicated.

Died, near Cashtown, on the 6th inst., ISAAC, infant son of John Rice, age 1 month and 21 days.

So fades the lovely, blooming flower,
Frail, smiling solace of an hour;
So soon our transient comforts fly,
And pleasure only blooms to die.

PARENTS.

Special Notice Column.

It Will Surely Do It.

Immediate relief and consequent cure for the ailments and diseases prescribed, is what the KIDA guarantees to perform. Its motto is plain and just matter. It will surely cure! There is no other remedy, no other Liniment, no kind of Pain-killer, that will check pain so suddenly and so satisfactorily as Radway's Ready Relief. It has been thoroughly tested in the workshop and in the field, in the counting room, and at the loge, among civilians and soldiers, in the parlor and in the hospital, throughout all the varied climes of the extra, and on a hard or hot bed. Sold everywhere. "Pain, Internal Pain, Pain" is the best to apply to, externally, or taken inwardly, according to directions. Pain, from whatever cause, ceases to exist! Use no other kind for Sprains, or Burns, or Scalds, or Cuts, Cramps, Bruises, or Strains. It is excellent for Chilblains, Mosquito Bites, Bites or Stings of Poisonous Insects. It is unparalleled for sun-strokes, Apoplexy, Rheumatism, Toothache, Tic Doloureux, full nutrition of the Stomach, Bowels, Kidneys, &c. Good for almost everything. No family should be without it. Follow directions, and a speedy cure will be effected.

Sold by Druggists. Price 50 cents per bottle.

Dec. 17, 1868. 2w

To owners of Horses and Cattle.

Tobias' Derby Condition Powders are warranted superior to any others, or no pay, for the cure of Distemper, Worms, Bots, Coughs, Hide-bound, Colds, &c., in Horses; and Colds, Coughs, Loss of Milk, Black Tongue, Horn Distemper, &c., in Cattle. These Powders were formerly put up by Simpson I. Tobias, son of Dr. Tobias, and, since his death, the demand has been so great for them, that Dr. Tobias has continued to manufacture them. They are perfectly safe and innocent; no need of stopping the working of your animals. They increase the appetite, give a fine coat, cleanse the stomach and urinary organs; also increase the milk of cows. Try them, and you will never be without them. Hiram Woodruff, the celebrated trainer of trotting horses, has used them for years, and recommends them to his friends. Col. Pinto, P. Bush, of the Jerome Race Course, Fordham, N. Y., would not use them until he was sold of what they are composed, since which he is never without them. He has over 20 running horses in his charge, and for the last three years has used no other medicine for them. He has kindly permitted me to refer any one to him. Over 1,000 other references can be seen at the depot. Sold by Druggists and Saddlers. Price 25 cents per box. Depot, 36 Cortlandt Street, New York. [Nov. 19, 1868. 7w

Allcock's Porous Plasters.

LAME BACK.

New York, Nov. 23, 1868.

T. ALLCOCK & CO.—Gentlemen: I lately suffered severely from a weakness in my back. Having heard your plasters and recommended for cases of this kind, I procured one, and the result was all I could desire. A single plaster cured me in a week. Yours respectfully,

J. G. BRIGGS,

Proprietor of the Brandreth House.

CURE OF CRICK IN THE BACK AND LUMBAGO.

Lyons, N. Y., July 4, 1862.

Messrs. ALLCOCK & CO.: Please send me a dollar's worth of your plasters. They have cured me of a crick in my back, which has troubled me for some time, and now my father is going to try them for difficulty about his heart.

L. H. SHERWOOD.

Dr. Green, No. 283 Broadway, New York, informs us he sold, on Monday, June 23d, 1862, two plasters to a young woman suffering very severely from lumbago. On Thursday she called to get two more for a friend, and then stated how the two she had purchased on Monday had relieved her immediately after putting them on, and cured her in two days of a most distressing pain in her back and loins.

Sold by all Druggists. [Dec. 3. 1m

Ayer's Pills.

Are you sick, feeble and complaining? Are you out of order with your system deranged and your feelings uncomfortable? These symptoms are often the prelude to serious illness. Some act of sickness is creeping upon you, and should be averted by a timely use of the right remedy. Take Ayer's Pills, and cleanse out the disordered humors—purify the blood, and let the fluids move on unobstructed in health again. They stimulate the functions of the body into vigorous activity, purify the system from the obstructions which make disease. A cold settles somewhere in the body, and deranges its natural functions. These, if not relieved, react upon themselves and the surrounding organs, producing general aggravation, suffering and derangement. While in this condition, take Ayer's Pills, and see how directly they restore the natural action of the system, and with it the buoyant feeling of health again. What is true and so apparent in this trivial and common complaint is also true in many of the deep seated and dangerous distempers. The same purgative effect expels them. Caused by similar obstructions and derangements of the natural functions of the body, they are rapidly and surely cured by the same means. None who know the virtue of these Pills will neglect to employ them when suffering from the disorders they cure, such as Headache, Foul stomach, Dyspepsia, Bilious complaints, Indigestion, Derangement of the Liver, Costiveness, Constipation, Heartburn, Rheumatism, Dropsy, Worms and Suppression, which taken in large doses.

They are Sugar Coated, so that the most sensitive can take them easily, and they are surely the best purgative medicine yet discovered.

Prepared by J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass., and sold by A. D. Buehler, Gettysburg.

Nov. 5, 1868. 2m

LIFE—HEALTH—STRENGTH.
LIFE—HEALTH—STRENGTH.
LIFE—HEALTH—STRENGTH.

The Great French Remedy.

DR. JUAN DELAMARRE'S CELEBRATED SPECIFIC PILLS,

Prepared from a prescription of Dr. Juan Delamarre, Chief Physician of the Hospital du Nord on Lariboisiere of Paris.

This invaluable medicine is no imposition, but is unrivalled in the cure of Spermatorrhœa or Seminal Weakness. Every species of Genital or Urinary Irritability, Incontinency or Nightly Seminal Emissions from whatever cause produced, or however severe, will be speedily relieved and the organs restored to healthy action.

Read the following opinions of eminent French physicians:

"We have used the Specific Pills prepared by Garnier fère & Dupont, No. 211 Rue Lombard, from the prescription of Dr. Juan Delamarre, in our private practice with uniform success, and we believe there is no other medicine so well calculated to cure all persons suffering from involuntary Emissions or any other weakness of the Sexual Organs, whether caused by sedentary modes of living, excesses, or abuse.

R. A. BEAUREGARD, M. D.
G. DUCHARME, M. D.
JEAN LE LECONTE, M. D.

Paris, May 5th, 1862.

BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS.

The genuine Pills are sold by all the principal Druggists throughout the World. Price One Dollar per box, or six Boxes for Five Dollars.

GARANCIER & DUPONT, Sole Proprietors,
No. 211 Rue Lombard, Paris.

One Dollar enclosed to any authorized Agent, will insure a box by return mail, securely sealed from all observation; Six boxes for five dollars.

Sole General Agents for America,

OSCAR G. MOSES & CO.,
27 Cortland st., N. Y.

N. B.—French, German, Spanish and English Pamphlets containing full particulars and directions for use, sent free to every address.

A. D. Buehler, Agent for Gettysburg.

Dec. 18, 1865. 1y

Dr. Marshall's Catarrh Snuff.

This snuff has thoroughly proved itself to be the best and best known for curing the Catarrh, Cold in the Head, and Headache. It has been found an excellent remedy in many cases of Sore Eyes.—Deafness has been improved by it, and Hearing has often been greatly improved by its use.

It is fragrant and agreeable, and GIVES IMMEDIATE RELIEF to the dull heavy pains caused by diseases of the head. The sensations after using it are delightful and invigorating. It opens and purges out all obstructions, strengthens the glands, and gives a healthy action to the parts affected.

More than Thirty Years of sale and use of "Dr. Marshall's Catarrh and Headache Snuff," has proved its great value for all the common diseases of the head, and at this moment stands higher than ever before.

It is recommended by many of the best physicians, and is used with great success and satisfaction everywhere.

Read the Certificates of Wholesale Druggists in 1867. The undersigned, having for many years been acquainted with "Dr. Marshall's Catarrh Snuff, Prepared Fresh Snuff," and sold it in our wholesale trade, do truly state, that we believe it to be equal in every respect, to the recommendations given of it for the cure of Catarrhal Affections, and that it is decidedly the best article we have ever known for all common diseases of the Head.

Burr & Perry, Boston; Read, Austen & Co., Boston; Brown, Lawson & Co., Boston; Seth W. Fowle, Boston; Wilson, Turnbull & Co., Boston; Henshaw, Edmund & Co., Boston; H. H. Hay, Portland, Me.; Barnes & Park, New York; A. B. & D. Sands, New York; Stephen Paul & Co., New York; Isaac Munn & Co., New York; McKesson & Robbins, New York; A. L. Scovill & Co., New York; M. Ward, Chas. Cook & Co., New York; Bush & Gale, New York. ☞ For sale by all Druggists.

Dec. 18, 1865. 1y

The Great English Remedy.

Patented by royal letters patent.

SIR JAMES CLARKE'S CELEBRATED FEMALE PILLS. Prepared from a prescription of Sir J. Clarke, M. D., Physician Extraordinary to the Queen. This invaluable medicine is unfailing in the cure of all those painful and dangerous diseases to which the female constitution is subject. It moderates all excesses and removes all obstructions, and a speedy cure may be relied on.

To Married Ladies it is peculiarly suited. It will, in a short time, bring on the monthly period with regularity.

CAUTION.—These Pills should not be taken by Females during the FIRST THREE MONTHS of Pregnancy, as they are sure to bring on Miscarriage, but at any other time they are safe.

In all cases of Nervous and Spinal Affections, P