The Compiler.

GETTYSBURG, PA.

Monday Morning, Oct. 15, 1866.

ADAMS COUNTY.

The official figures of the election in this county, on Tuesday last, will be found in another column. It will be seen that THE WHOLE DEMOCRATIC TICKET IS ELECTED, the majorities ranging from 168 to 263. This result, under all the circumstances, we may well claim as a brilliant victory. The opposition, encouraged by their partial success last fall, went into this canvass determined to win—at least to carry an important portion of their ticket. To this end, they organized more thoroughly than ever before—stumped the county nightly for weeks—denied the real issues of the campaign—slandered the Democratic party and its candidates without measure—begged and *bought* votes in every conceivable way—and even undertook to cheat the people with imitations of the Democratic ticket.

But all these tricks and manœuvres failed. The Democratic candidates, honest and pure men, and standing upon a patriotic, *white man's* platform, bravely withstood the assaults of unprincipled office-hunting demagogues, and come out of the contest with majorities handsome enough to satisfy any ordinary ambition. They are proudly sustained by their fellow citizens, whilst their foul-mouthed slanderers are crushingly rebuked.

All honor to the gallant Democracy of "Little Adams!" They made a noble fight, and by doing so, overcame the most determined and rancorous opposition they ever before encountered. Tuesday's work is encouraging for the future. Let us persevere until the whole land shall be redeemed from Radical folly and madness.

THE STATE.

Passion and prejudice have again overcome patriotism and prudence in Pennsylvania. The people were fully and faithfully warned against the infamous schemes of the bold bad men who are now in the ascendant throughout the North. They have allowed themselves to be duped and deluded into the support of measures which must affect disastrously all the best interests of this nation. That they will reap the reward of their folly we verily believe, but with that conviction is mingled the sad assurance that the nation must suffer for the foolishness of those who refused to heed the warnings of history and the earnest entreaties of the wisest and purest statesmen of the land.

The future of this country is shrouded in gloom, and God alone knows how we shall escape the perils which now beset us. There is no reason to believe that the Radicals will exhibit more moderation or decency in the future than they have displayed in the past. The Conservative people who did battle so gallantly on Tuesday are the hope of the nation, and they stand ready to do all that men can do to avert the evils which threaten. It is their duty to stand by the right, and they will do so as firmly in the future as they have in all the past.

☞ The election over, we shall again be able to devote a large portion of our space to news, literary and miscellaneous matter. The Agricultural department will be re-opened, and no labor spared to make it fresh and readable as it was before the campaign commenced. Whilst due attention will be paid to the political questions of the day—and they will not cease to be interesting—we intend to present such a variety of matter every week as to continue THE COMPILER a welcome visitor at every fire-side and in every place of business.

With this issue, our engagement with Campaign Subscribers is fulfilled. All no doubt can, and therefore should take the paper regularly, and we trust that before next Monday they will send in their orders, with the money, for its continuance. The battle against Radicalism must be kept up, until the heresies shall have disappeared, and our country once more restored to old-time peace and prosperity. In this work THE COMPILER will continue to do its whole share.

☞ The Radicals felt quite sure that they could accomplish the defeat of Philip Hann, the Democratic candidate for Sheriff, by making an organized "dead set" at him in all parts of the county.—To this end they had their instruments at work everywhere, and induced Cashman, his opponent, to spend his money freely, and almost get down on his knees in begging for votes. All would not do, however. The people have sustained Philip Hann, and his triumph is the more gratifying because of the desperate efforts made to defeat him.

☞ The Democratic majority in Franklin township last year was forty-six.—During the campaign just closed, McConaughy made *four* "speeches" in that township, and, as a result, the Democratic majority has been increased to SEVENTY! "Bully" for McConaughy as far as he went!—but we doubt not that four more of his *black* and vindictive tirades—with "refreshments"—would have run the figures up to one hundred.

☞ In Philadelphia we have gained one State Senator—Gen. McCandless—and three members of the Lower House. The election of Mr. Heltzel in this county is a Democratic gain.

☞ Now that the election is over the Radical leaders are again giving expression to their real sentiments in favor of negro rights. Geary has already done so, and all the rest will follow. Many a poor white man who allowed himself to be deceived into supporting the Radical ticket on Tuesday last, will regret it as long as he lives. The negro has become the *pet*.

☞ Ohio and Indiana have gone for the Radicals, as usual, but the Democrats gain a Congressman in each.

Trotting at the York Fair.—The great trial trot at the York Fair on Friday resulted in favor of Sterrett's sorel horse "Sneak," he winning the first two heats in 2 minutes 43½ seconds, and 2 minutes 42½ seconds. Marshall's "Grey Bob" made the best time on Thursday—2.37.

☞ A late census gives Paris 1,700,000 souls.

THE RESULT IN THE STATE.

[From the Age of Friday.]

Upon a poll of nearly, if not quite, six hundred thousand votes in the State, the real majority for Geary will not be much above that given for him in this city. Outside of this place the votes are pretty evenly balanced. The rural districts are retracing their steps. The people are emerging from under the war cloud, are feeling the weight of taxes imposed to meet the enormous expenses incurred by the Radicals, and are disposed to change their rulers, and thus alter the policy and acts of the government. Had the contest been fought by the Radicals on principle, and no means used but such as are sanctioned by an honest regard for the perpetuity of a republican, representative form of government, the result would have been far different. But other agencies were relied upon to maintain Radical ascendency. Money was used in profusion. The loyal leagues in all sections of the State acted as the dispensers of money, and debauched and corrupted all who could be reached in that way. This is an expensive mode of holding political power. The contributors to the leagues will tire of supporting an association which is intended to enrich a few corrupt and soulless politicians. The voters are with the Democratic party. Their numbers increase each year. In this city the poll of the Democrats is fast assuming proportions that will defy colonization and other exhibitions of fraud. The same point will soon be reached in the State, and then a fair expression of the judgment of the people will be reached.

There is nothing in the result of the late contest in this State to dispirit the Democratic party. Political power cannot be easily wrested from a party which has enjoyed it for years and used it for one purpose, that of perpetuating the reign of Radicalism in the State and nation. It takes time to break the charm of success, to induce men to abandon old ideas and associations and embrace new ones. But the drift of the tide is steadily and unmistakably in favor of the Democratic party, and those principles upon which alone the States can be reunited, and that union be made perpetual and indestructible. Each contest the majority of the State is reduced. Each election is a step nearer the final overthrow of the present revolutionary faction. These are lessons to be learned from the result of the contest through which we have just passed, and the people should ponder their full meaning.

NATIONAL THANKSGIVING.

Proclamation of the President.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 8—The following Proclamation has just been issued:

By the President of the United States?

A PROCLAMATION:

Almighty God, our Heavenly Father, has been pleased to vouchsafe to us as a people, another year of the natural life which is an indispensable condition of peace, security and progress. That year has, however, been crowned with many peculiar blessings. The civil war that so recently closed among us has not been anywhere reopened. Foreign intervention has ceased to excite alarm or apprehension. Intrusive pestilence has been benignly mitigated; domestic tranquillity has improved; sentiments of conciliation have largely prevailed, and affections of loyalty and patriotism have been widely revived; our mining industry has been richly rewarded; and we have been allowed to extend our railroad system far into the interior recesses of the country, while our commerce has resumed its customary activity in foreign seas. These great national blessings demand a national acknowledgment.

Now, therefore, I, Andrew Johnson, President of the United States, do hereby recommend that Thursday, the 29th day of November next, be set apart and be observed everywhere in the several States and Territories of the United States, by the people thereof, as a day of thanksgiving and praise to Almighty God, with due remembrance that "in His Temple doth every man speak of His honor."

I recommend also, that on the same solemn occasion they do humbly and devoutly implore Him to grant to our National Councils, and to our whole people, that divine wisdom which alone can lead any nation into the ways of all good.

In offering these national thanksgivings, praises and supplications, we have the Divine assurance that "the Lord remaineth a King forever. Them that are meek shall He guide in judgment, and such as are gentle shall He learn His way. The Lord shall give strength to His people, and the Lord shall give to His people the blessing of peace."

In witness whereof I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

Done at the city of Washington, this eighth day of October, in the year of our Lord 1866, and of the independence of the United States the ninety-first.

[L. S.] ANDREW JOHNSON.

By the President:

WM. H. SEWARD,
Secretary of State.

☞ That noble statesman, Hiester Clymer, has been defeated, and the political apostate and professional adventurer, John W. Geary, elected. The majority for the latter will, however, be greatly below the Abolition majority of last year. It will be somewhere in the vicinity of 10,000, and for this comparatively meagre majority the Radicals have to render thanks to nothing else than to the systematic hypocrisy so artfully played off by them as to blind the people to the issue, together with the actual defrauding of perhaps 20,000 Democratic voters of the right of suffrage, by means of the bogus "Deserter Law," and the unprecedented expenditure of money for the corruption of the ballot box. We solemnly avow it as our belief that Hiester Clymer, and not John W. Geary, is the real choice of the uncorrupted legal voters of Pennsylvania.—*Fulton Democrat.*

The Pennsylvania Corn Crop.—It is estimated that the corn crop of Pennsylvania for the present year will amount to about 30,000,000 bushels, being an average yield of 33 bushels for each acre planted. Last year the corn crop of the State amounted to 35,477,103 bushel, being an average of about 40 bushels to the acre. Last year's crop was valued at $28,833,168.

We can hardly credit this difference of yield in favor of last year. The crop is certainly as good, and we believe better, now, than it was then. Such is the case in this section, and we are inclined to think it so throughout the State.

☞ The Radicals of Buchanan county, Missouri, in the vicinity of Moriah Church, threatened that, on Sunday a week ago, they would take Rev. Wm. N. Rush out of the pulpit and cowhide him. They were on hand at the time, armed to carry out their threat. But the story had got abroad, and the rascals found about twenty young men quietly sitting immediately in front of the pew, each with a navy revolver strapped to his person. Order reigned in Mount Moriah that day.

Rats and the Weather.—In the country west and northwest of Dayton, Ohio, the rats are said to be swarming, and apparently migrating southward, indicating a severe winter. In many places they are so numerous that they have not only destroyed the corn, sweet potatoes and tomatoes, but are climbing fruit trees and destroying the fruit.

DEMOCRATIC MEETINGS.

HAMPTON.—The Johnson and Clymer meeting at Hampton, on Friday evening week, was large and spirited. The following were the officers:

President, Emanuel Neidich.

Vice Presidents, John Geigh, Levi Chronister, Esq., Solomon Chronister, Samuel March, David Holtz, Samuel Hoffheins, Lieut. Wm. C. Beck, Singleton Eicholtz, Emanuel Chronister, Stephen Heinerd, Michael Harbold, John March, Wm. Bowers, John Moritz, John Lynch, Esq., Thomas R. Bowers, Henry Getts, Benj. Leivensberger, David Chronister, John Yohe, Jacob Brown.

Secretaries, Howard Dicks, Daniel S. Chronister, Dr. A. Holtz, Dr. D. M. C. White, Charles Forsyth, Jeremiah Slaybaugh.

The meeting was addressed in an effective manner by Dr. C. E. Goldsborough, W. A. Duncan, Esq., W. E. Stenger, Esq., and Dr. D. S. Peffer.

MOUNT ROCK.—There was a fine turn out at Mount Rock, in Mountpleasant township, on Saturday evening week. The officers were:

President, Henry J. Kuhn.

Vice Presidents, John Lilly, Esq., Capt. Thos. Brady, Samuel Geiselman, Michael Overbaugh, G. F. Smith, Nicholas Fliegle.

Secretaries, Joseph Lilly, Esq., J. E. Smith, Esq., Jacob Neiderert, Henry Weaver, William Adams, Peter M. Little, John L. Jenkins.

Good speeches were made by William McClean, Esq., J. C. Neely, Esq., Dr. D. S. Peffer, Dr. W. J. McClure and Jesse D. Newman, Esq.

FAIRFIELD.—The meeting at Fairfield, on the same evening, was unusually large. The following were the officers:

President, Hon. James H. Marshall.

Vice Presidents, Joseph Gelbach, Jacob Lott, George Fiscel, Daniel Biesecker, Henry Musselman, Isaac Harner, Geo. Self, Andrew Sanders, Daniel Woodring, Jesse P. Topper, Henry Herring, John Sanders, John Ogden, Wm. McCleaf, Zachariah Sanders, Robert McGlaughlin, Isaac Hereter.

Secretaries, B. J. Reed, Moses Seabrooks, Capt. Charles F. Hinkle, Robert Watson, Anthony Peters, W. Ross White, Esq., Levi P. Culp, W. E. Myers.

Speeches were made by J. H. White, Esq., and H. J. Stahle.

HEIDLERSBURG.—The meeting at Heidlersburg, on Monday evening, was well attended. The officers were:

President, Hon. I. E. Wierman.

Vice Presidents, John Delap, George Bowers, Frederick Pillard, James Miller, Eli Myers, Jacob B. Miller, George Shank, John Eckenrode, George Mackley, Peter Eidler.

Secretaries, Lieut. J. C. Pittenturf, Ezra Welcome, Amos Bowers, Michael G. Miller, George W. Hoffman, Samuel Beitman, Henry Wierman.

Telling speeches were made by Wm. McClean, Esq., and W. A. Duncan, Esq.

CORWELL'S.—The upper end turned out well to the meeting at Corwell's, in Franklin township, on Monday evening. The following were the officers:

President, John Cole.

Vice Presidents, Samuel Bingaman, Sr., Wm. Kahn, Peter Diflon, Jeremiah Stover, Joseph Warner, Joseph Emely, Jeremiah McGaughy.

Secretaries, Uriah Powell, Hiram Bradly, Samuel Bingaman, Jr., Adam Deardorff, George Shultz, Henry Shultz, Jr.

The meeting was addressed by H. J. Stahle.

All the above meetings adjourned with cheers for Johnson, Clymer and the Democratic ticket.

MAJORITIES IN THE STATE.

Geary has carried the State by probably 10,000—a small figure upon a vote of nearly or quite six hundred thousand. Another such "victory," and Radicalism is "undone." We subjoin a number of majorities, only a few of them official, however:

	CLYMER.	GEARY.
Adams,	216	
Franklin,		193
Cumberland,	550	
York,	3000	
Northamp'on,	3100	
Fulton,	300	
Somerset,		1300
Bedford,	240	
Lancaster,		6000
Berks,	6100	
Dauphin,		1300
Philadelphia,		5388
Allegheny,		8000
Westmoreland,	1400	
Schuylkill,	2000	
Luzerne,	3500	
Indiana,		2200
Erie,		2200
Columbia,	1600	
Clearfield,	1250	
Chester,		2300
Cambria,	1000	
Bradford,		3500
Monroe,	2000	
Susquehanna,		1500

CONGRESS.

We deeply regret the defeat of Hon. J. McDowell Sharpe, as talented, pure and high-toned a gentleman as ever allowed his name to go before this district. The majorities in the several counties, as nearly as we now have them, are subjoined:

	Sharpe.	Koontz.
Adams,	233	
Franklin,		116
Bedford,	240	
Fulton,	300	
Somerset,		1350
	773	1466

The Election in Baltimore.—The municipal election in Baltimore City has resulted in a greatly reduced Radical majority. The Judges refused to allow any parties to vote who have been registered this year. Had this not been done the Radicals would have been utterly routed. The city will be all right at the State election, when the new registration will be enforced throughout the State.

☞ When Parson Brownlow was addressing the Rads at the Erie (Pa.) depot, on his westward tour, he fainted. A skunk can endure its terrible fragrance; a crow delight in carrion, but the stink of Brownlow was too much for Brownlow! Ye gods, but it must be terrible!

A Mistake in a Barber's Shop.—A laughable mistake occurred in a Baltimore barber's shop on Thursday. Two gentlemen hung up their coats and sat down to be shaved at about the same time. One of them for whom the operation was completed first arose, and by mistake donned the other one's coat, in the pocket of which was a wallet containing $2,500. Off he walked, but a policeman soon overtook him. When the charge against him was explained he became greatly alarmed about the safety of his own coat, in the pocket of which was the sum of $5,000. Explanations followed, coats were exchanged, and each found his money.

☞ The infant daughter of General Tom Thumb died from inflammation of the brain, at Norwich, England, on the 29th of September.

ADAMS—OFFICIAL.

Whole Democratic County Ticket Elected!

A MEMBER OF ASSEMBLY GAINED!

Three Cheers and a Tiger!

GOVERNOR, CONGRESS & ASSOCIATE JUDGE.

	CLYMER.	Geary.	SHARPE.	Koontz.	ROBINSON.	Kelly.
Gettysburg,	204	311	204	311	208	303
Cumberland,	144	136	144	136	145	133
Littlestown,	66	89	67	89	67	87
Germany,	118	38	118	38	118	38
Oxford,	170	115	171	115	161	123
Y. Springs,	205	425	208	423	206	425
Millerstown,	208	220	215	213	214	216
Berlin,	180	76	176	77	176	78
Menallen,	107	251	108	251	108	251
Hunterst'n,	189	151	189	150	190	149
Franklin,	256	186	255	188	256	187
Conowago,	101	97	102	97	81	109
Heidlersb'rg,	101	96	101	97	100	97
Mountjoy,	129	109	128	109	128	110
Mountpleas't,	289	92	290	92	286	95
Hampton,	181	114	181	114	181	114
Berwick bor.,	35	44	35	43	34	43
Freedom,	34	70	34	70	34	68
Union,	168	57	168	56	168	59
Butler,	133	162	132	160	132	161
Berwick tp.,	80	25	80	25	79	26
Highland,	28	46	28	46	28	46
	3126	2910	3134	2901	3098	2918

ASSEMBLY, SHERIFF & REGISTER.

	HEILTZEL.	Houck.	HANN.	Cashman.	HOLTZWORTH.	Crist.
Gettysburg,	294	313	291	313	219	296
Cumberland,	142	138	142	138	140	139
Littlestown,	68	88	66	89	69	87
Germany,	117	39	117	39	117	39
Oxford,	174	112	170	116	173	112
Y. Springs,	208	423	205	426	209	422
Millerstown,	211	218	218	221	209	220
Berlin,	178	77	177	79	178	78
Menallen,	107	251	104	253	97	262
Hunterst'n,	188	152	182	154	190	150
Franklin,	254	189	255	188	253	190
Conowago,	103	96	103	95	103	96
Heidlersbu'g,	100	98	99	99	101	97
Mountjoy,	127	110	128	110	127	111
Mountpleas't,	298	84	288	93	292	90
Hampton,	181	114	181	114	181	114
Berwick bor.,	35	43	34	43	35	43
Freedom,	34	70	33	71	34	79
Union,	168	57	167	57	168	56
Butler,	132	162	134	160	133	161
Berwick tp.,	80	25	80	25	80	25
Highland,	28	46	26	47	28	46
	3139	2905	3100	2932	3136	2904

CLERK OF COURTS, COMMISSIONER, AND AUDITOR.

	MINTER.	Keppner.	WIERMAN.	Coulson.	BREAM.	Snyder.
Gettysburg,	201	313	202	313	202	311
Cumberland,	143	137	142	137	145	134
Littlestown,	68	88	68	88	67	88
Germany,	117	39	118	38	117	39
Oxford,	171	115	171	115	171	115
Y. Springs,	209	422	206	423	208	423
Millerstown,	209	220	208	221	209	220
Berlin,	180	75	177	79	178	78
Menallen,	110	249	129	227	109	250
Hunterst'n,	190	150	190	150	190	150
Franklin,	255	188	255	188	255	188
Conowago,	102	97	102	97	102	97
Heidlersbu'g,	101	97	103	95	102	96
Mountjoy,	127	111	128	110	126	111
Mo'ntpleas't,	290	92	290	92	290	92
Hampton,	181	114	180	115	181	114
Berwick bor.,	34	45	35	43	34	44
Freedom,	34	70	34	70	34	70
Union,	168	57	168	57	168	57
Butler,	132	162	136	158	134	160
Berwick tp.,	78	27	80	25	80	25
Highland,	28	45	28	46	28	46
	3128	2913	3150	2887	3130	2908

DIRECTORS AND CORONER.

	RAHN.	NUNNEMAKER.	Mickley.	Hemler.	McCLURE.	Cress.
Gettysburg,	207	207	310	307	201	316
Cumberland,	143	144	136	135	144	136
Littlestown,	68	68	88	88	68	88
Germany,	117	117	39	39	117	39
Oxford,	171	171	115	115	171	115
Y. Springs,	213	214	417	417	208	423
Millerstown,	208	209	227	218	209	220
Berlin,	178	178	78	78	178	78
Menallen,	109	109	250	250	109	249
Hunterst'n,	189	187	150	150	190	150
Franklin,	254	255	189	188	255	188
Conowago,	106	102	93	96	102	97
Heidlersbu'g,	100	100	98	98	102	98
Mountjoy,	128	127	110	111	125	111
Mo'ntpleas't,	290	288	92	94	290	92
Hampton,	181	181	114	114	181	114
Berwick bor.	35	35	43	41	34	44
Freedom,	34	34	70	69	34	70
Union,	167	168	57	57	168	57
Butler,	134	134	160	160	134	160
Berwick tp.,	80	80	25	25	80	25
Highland,	28	28	46	46	28	46
	3135	3138	2927	2896	3128	2914

☞ Democrats in SMALL CAPS.

☞ Clymer's majority 216, Robinson's 180, Sharpe's 233, Heltzel's 234, Hann's 168, Holtzworth's 232, Minter's 215, Wierman's 263, Rahn's 208, Nunnemaker's 246, Bream's 222, McClure's 214.

Horrible Murder and Suicide in Michigan.—A crime almost too horrible to relate, was perpetrated at Morenci, Michigan, on the 3d instant. Mrs. Simms, the wife of a farmer in that vicinity, murdered her four children, by cutting their throats. In the morning the woman prepared breakfast for the family, as usual, and nothing was discovered in her conduct to create suspicion. After breakfast Mr. Simms made preparations for leaving home for a portion of the day, and started off little thinking of the dreadful scene that was shortly to take place at his home, which would not only envelope himself in gloom, but cast a sadness over the entire community. He had been gone but a short time! when Mrs. S., taking her four children—all little girls—went to the barn, entered, and, after locking the door, cut the throat of each child, and then destroyed herself in the same manner. One child, with a ghastly wound in the neck, and bleeding profusely, succeeded in dragging herself to the house, and informed a servant, who at once started after Mr. S., and, overtaking him before he reached his destination, informed him of the dreadful tragedy that had taken place. Mr. Simms is the owner of a splendid farm, his house was pleasant, and no cause but that of insanity can be assigned for the conduct of his wife.—*Toledo Blade.*

Death of Rarey, the Horse Tamer.—John S. Rarey, the celebrated horse tamer, died suddenly at Cleveland, Ohio, on the 4th inst. Last December he had a stroke of paralysis, since which time he had been treated by several prominent physicians. On the 4th instant he left the Wadwell House for a walk, but soon returned, complaining of a pain in the head. After being seated a few minutes he exclaimed, "I am dying," and in about an hour he expired.

Cholera in New Jersey.—The cholera has broken out with such virulence and fatality at Burlington, New Jersey, as to cause quite a panic in that usually quiet locality. There is the greatest alarm, and many of the citizens have left town. The houses in which the deaths have occurred are avoided as plague spots, and in one instance a gentleman found it impossible to obtain proper assistance in the burial of his wife.

TOWN AND COUNTY AFFAIRS.

EXTRAORDINARY RAIN.—A heavy rain set in on Tuesday evening, which continued throughout the whole night. No signs of clearing up on Wednesday, and on Wednesday night it poured down again. So during Thursday and Friday nights. At this writing (Saturday morning) the sun has again made its appearance, and there is a prospect of clear weather.

The Swift Run Railroad bridge was somewhat injured by the high water, but the damage was soon repaired. We hear of fences being swept away along our streams, but no loss of a serious character.

Accounts from abroad detail great damage and some loss of life. Near Baltimore a house was swept away, and a whole family—husband, wife, and four children—were drowned.

Prof. Henry, of the Smithsonian Institute at Washington, says that the quantity of rain which fell there from Wednesday morning to Thursday morning was somewhat more than five inches, being the greatest quantity that has fallen in a similar period for a long time.

NEW PAVEMENTS.—The property holders on Breckinridge street have been putting down new pavements on both sides, either brick or cement, thus adding much their own comfort and greatly improving their properties. We notice the same good work going on in other parts of town, and hope it will not stop, wherever needed, until winter shall prevent its further progress.

SAD ACCIDENT.—A little son of Mr. Daniel F. Pittenturf, and grand-child of Mr. Solomon Powers, of this place, aged about 3 years, fell into a bucket of scalding water which stood near the door of the kitchen, on Saturday week, and was so severely injured as to cause his death the next morning.

DEATH BY SUFFOCATION.—On Friday morning week, the dead body of Mr. George Rosensteel, who resided on Wolf Hill, in Straban township, was found on one of the Lime Kilns of Guinn & Reilly, near the Depot. It is supposed that, the night being chilly, he went there to warm himself, and overcome by the gas, fell upon the kiln, and died from suffocation. Such was the verdict of the Coroner's Inquest.

ALTERCATION—A COLORED MAN KILLED.—We understand that an altercation took place between some colored men in the vicinity of Bendersville, on Friday evening after the adjournment of the Fair, in which a colored man was killed. We are not in possession of full particulars, but understand that a man by the name of Michael proceeded to a house where there were several other colored men congregated. A difficulty arose, and an attack was made upon this man Michael, who in self-defence kicked at the parties, and striking one of them (we believe Woods) in the stomach, injured him so severely that he died from the effects the next day.—*Sentinel.*

RADICAL ROWDYISM.—The Radicals had a meeting at Littlestown on Saturday night before the election. A number of rowdies among them proceeded to the public house of Philip Hemler, and taking forcible possession of his bar, drank all the liquor they wanted, broke the chairs in the room, and behaved throughout in the most outrageous manner. Mr. Hemler has taken legal steps against the parties participating, and it is to be hoped that the law will be fully vindicated upon these reckless disturbers of the peace and violators of private rights.—It is time that a proper example be made in this direction, and we regret that those who *instigate*, as well as those who perpetrate, such outrages, cannot be as easily reached and punished.

LARGE SWEET POTATOES.—Rev. Joseph Sherfy, of Cumberland township, has placed upon our table a mammoth Sweet Potato, (or California Yam,) weighing 4½ pounds! This is the largest of the season, so far as our knowledge goes.

Mr. Jacob Toot, of Straban township, has favored us with a basket of first class Sweet Potatoes, one of them measuring 19 inches in length.

Mr. Francis H. Eckenrode, of Highland township, made us a similar present, all very large.

These gentlemen have "the printer's" thanks.

LARGE APPLES.—A lady friend, in town, sends our better half two splendid Apples—a Tulpehocken and a Red-streak—the former weighing 14 ounces. We are requested to say—Thank you!

☞ Samuel Lilly, Esq., has sold his property, in Mountpleasant township, to Mr. Noah J. Bievenour, of York county.

☞ Horace Waters, 481 Broad way, New York, has disposed of his large Music establishment to Mr. Tremaine. We received, a few days since, three pieces of Music just issued. They are of the first order; and we thank him for them. If he goes on as he has begun, he will certainly gain the confidence of the Musical world.

The Latest Fashions.—Since the invention and successful introduction of the celebrated Duplex Elliptic (or double) Spring Hoop Skirt by Mr. J. W. Bradley of New York, the ladies throughout the country have given up the idea of discarding the fashion of wearing hoop skirts on account of the peculiar and graceful manner in which the Duplex Skirts adapt themselves to every exigency and emergency. So generally acceptable have these Skirts become that the ladies regard them as a special favorite, in view of the superior flexibility, lightness and durability combined in their manufacture. They also consider them a far more economical and comfortable Hoop Skirt than ever has or can be made for all crowded assemblages, for the promenade or house dress. Any lady after wearing one of these Skirts will never afterwards willingly dispense with their use. Long experience in the manufacture of Hoop Skirts has proven to the proprietor of this invention, that single springs will always retain that stiff, unyielding and bungling style which has ever characterized them, whereas the double spring hoop or Duplex Elliptic, will be found free from these objections. Notwithstanding the ability of the manufacturers, Messrs. Wests, Bradley & Cary, to turn out over six thousand Skirts per day from their large manufactories in New York, they feel obliged to request all merchants ordering the Duplex Elliptic Skirts to send their orders a few days before they are wanted, if possible, as they are always most constantly oversold some days ahead.

Terrible Disaster.—The steamer Evening Star, from New York to New Orleans, recently foundered 180 miles east of Tybee, and nearly three hundred lives were lost.

JEFFERSON DAVIS.

We find the following in the Richmond *Examiner* of the 4th inst.:

RICHMOND, Tuesday, Oct. 2, 1866.

The counsel of Mr. Davis, now in attendance at Richmond, deem it their duty to lay before the public the following brief statement of facts.

WILLIAM B. REED,
J. RANDOLPH TUCKER,
RO. OULD.

On Tuesday, June 5th, there was a formal session of the Circuit Court of the United States at Richmond, Judge Underwood presiding. Grand Jurymen were sworn and other judicial formalities observed. Mr. Davis' counsel were present, ready and anxious to proceed to trial. On motion of the District Attorney, the Court was regularly adjourned to the 2d of October, the presiding Judge using this language:

"The Chief Justice, who is expected to preside at this trial, has named the first Tuesday of October as the time that will be most convenient to him. When this Court adjourns, it will adjourn until the first Tuesday in October next. The motion of the District Attorney is therefore granted. This Court will adjourn, not until November, but until the first Tuesday in October, which time is preferred by the Chief Justice and Attorney General. The case will then, if not before disposed of, be taken up."

In accordance with this order of the court, the undersigned are in attendance here. They find no court, and, except from the information elicited in the following telegraphic correspondence, have no intimations of the Judge:

RICHMOND, September 29, 1866.

To the Hon. John C. Underwood, Alexandria.

As counsel for Mr. Davis we are very anxious to know if you will be in Richmond on Tuesday next, to which day, as you recollect, the Circuit Court of the United States was adjourned. We are in attendance here, and are desirous to be apprised of the views of the court. An early answer will much oblige us.

WILLIAM B. REED,
J. R. TUCKER.

ALEXANDRIA, September 29, 1866.

To Messrs. Reed and Tucker:

There will be no U. S. Court in Richmond next week. J. C. UNDERWOOD.

RICHMOND, September 29, 1866.

Your telegram is received. Permit us to renew the inquiry, whether on Tuesday you will be at Richmond, Norfolk or Alexandria? Your answer will much oblige us. W. B. REED,
J. R. TUCKER.

ALEXANDRIA, September 29, 1866.

I will be in Alexandria on Tuesday. J. C. UNDERWOOD.

The Washington correspondent of the New York *Times*, writing under date of the 4th inst., says:

Mr. O'Conor, counsel for Jeff. Davis, has not had an interview with the President during his present visit here. The counsel state that while at Richmond they telegraphed to Judge Underwood to learn if he would hold Court, and received a reply that he (Judge Underwood) would not go to Richmond. It is not known what steps the counsel of Davis intend to pursue next. So far as the Administration is concerned, it is understood that an order will be made that Chief-Justice Chase, Judge Underwood, the United States District-Attorney and the United States Marshal of Virginia be notified that Davis is held subject to indictment found in the United States Circuit Court, and that these officers be requested to have the proper writ issued, and take the prisoner into custody under the indictment for treason.

The counsel of Jefferson Davis were to have had an interview this week, with Judge Underwood, but for some unexplained reason they have failed to appear. It is stated that the Judge privately says that Davis will certainly be tried in November.

A special telegram from Washinton to the Philadelphia *Ledger* says:

Messrs. O'Conor and Reed, the counsel of Jefferson Davis, arrived here last night and were in consultation with Judge Underwood to-day upon the subject of the trial of their client. Mr. O'Conor was very desirous that the case should be brought on next month, but failed to receive any assurance that it would be. Reports are current that a writ of habeas corpus will be applied for by the counsel of the prisoner, which will bring up the case in a new phase.

How the President Feels.—The Philadelphia *Ledger* has the following among its special telegrams:

There was an unusual large attendance of visitors at the White House to-day, who were received by the President in a more than usually cheerful manner. This would imply, and there is other authority for saying so, that the returns from the elections have not disheartened him, but that he is still persistent in the course he has marked out.

☞ The Oregon House of Assembly has rescinded its endorsement of the Constitutional Amendment.

☞ The Democrats have made handsome gains on the popular vote in Indiana.

☞ Dan Rice's big elephant went on a raid in Utica the other night, and consumed the contents of three gardens.

☞ In a single district of India, 2000 people have died of famine in one week.

Latest Market Reports.

GETTYSBURG.

FLOUR,	10 00 @ 12 50
RYE FLOUR,	3 25
WHITE WHEAT,	2 10 @ 2 40
RED WHEAT,	2 00 @ 2 35
CORN,	50 @ 75
RYE,	80
OATS,	40
BUCKWHEAT,	75
HAY,	10 00 @ 12 00

BALTIMORE.

FLOUR,	10 75 @ 11 50
WHEAT,	2 70 @ 3 20
RYE,	93 @ 1 07
CORN,	85 @ 1 15
OATS,	53 @ 58
HOGS, ⅌ hund.,	14 00 @ 15 00
BEEF CATTLE, ⅌ hund.,	9 50 @ 10 50
HAY,	26 00 @ 27 00
WHISKEY,	2 39 @ 2 41

Married.

On the 3d inst., in Liberty township, by the Rev. M. Bushman, Mr. JOHN M. BEECING, of Gettysburg, to Miss LIZZIE ZEILINGER, of Franklin county, Pa.

On Sunday morning, 21st inst., at the Reformed Parsonage, New Oxford, Mr. AMMON CHRONISTER, of Latimore township, to Miss MARIA FIRESTONE, of Reading township.

Died.

On Wednesday last, in Mountpleasant township, Capt. ANDREW LITTLE, aged about 83 years.

On the 29th ult., in Mountjoy township, Mrs. CATHARINE BUDDY, relict of Moritz Buddy, deceased, aged 80 years.

On the 26th ult., after a short illness, Mr. MICHAEL MILLER, of Hamilton township, aged 67 years 8 months and 12 days.

On the 7th inst., in this place, JAMES SMITH PITTENTURF, aged 2 years 11 months and 26 days.

On the 9th inst., near the Two Taverns, this county, REBECCA ALICE, only child of Joseph and Lydia Stocksleger, aged 27 days.

Notice.

ALL persons owing the undersigned for Fees in the Register and Recorder's office, are requested to make immediate payment.—As he is about to remove, settlements of these accounts must be made by the November Court. All claims then unpaid, will be placed in the hands of an officer for collection.

SAMUEL LIL