

The Compiler.

GETTYSBURG, PA.,
Monday Morning, June 11, 1884.

FOR GOVERNOR,
HON. HESTER CLYMER,
OF HESS COUNTY.

VILIFYING THE SOLDIERS.

The Republican newspapers have been manufacturing all kinds of base lies in regard to the recent strong movements of the soldiers in favor of Clymer and Johnson. No epithet has been too harsh to be applied to the brave men who participated in the large meetings which have been held in a number of counties. That these radical sheets will on the slightest provocation lie well know. Falsehood and vulgar vituperation are their chief stock in trade. The York meeting, which was the first of the kind held, has especially excited their ire. They have misrepresented it in every possible way. The *Examiner* comes to us this week with a full refutation of every charge made. It tells any man who shows the name of a single individual out of the whole long list who was not a soldier, or one who did not voluntarily sign the call for the meeting which was so great a success.

THE FENIAN INVASION.

The Fort Erie invasion of Canada by the Fenians has failed. After an engagement, on Saturday week, with a force of Canadian volunteers, in which the latter were worsted, quite a number being killed and wounded on both sides, the Fenians were reinforced, and the Fenians compelled to fall back on American soil, where they were arrested by the U. S. authorities, for a violation of the neutrality laws.

Fenian rumors are still abundant, and the prediction continues to be made that an imposing Fenian invasion of Canada will yet take place, at no distant day. The Canadian and United States troops are both in force at all exposed points along their respective lines of frontier. Moreover, a Presidential proclamation has been issued ordering the arrest of all persons engaged in the actual violation of the neutrality laws. The rank and file of the Fenian invading force who were captured and held as prisoners by the United States authorities have been released on their own recognizances. The Fenians have had a hearing and are to be released on giving bail to answer at some future day such indictments as may be found against them.

Col. Roberts was arrested at New York on Thursday, under direction of United States Marshal Murray. He declined to give bail, and was released until today on his own recognizance.

Gen. Sweeney was arrested at St. Albans on Thursday. Gen. Spear escaped arrest by leaving his quarters on horseback at midnight. A number of prominent Fenians have been arrested at St. Louis, and other points.

Col. Wm. Louis Schley, the candidate of the Radicals to fill a vacancy in the City Councils of Baltimore, was badly beaten, he having received but four votes in his immediate election district. This, considering the fact that the segment he commanded had been raised in Baltimore, shows his men did not appreciate his services, but all shall receive their just recompense of reward. And so will Geary, the Tyrant, in the coming campaign.

The Philadelphia *Daily News*, a Republican newspaper, which is as well known as any in this State, very plainly intimates that General Geary does not stand a shadow of chance of being elected. It declares that thousands of sensible Republicans know that the platform on which he stands will be repudiated by the people of Pennsylvania and the candidate with it.

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Every third Republican you meet professes to be opposed to Negro Suffrage. So far so good. Now, who is the representative of the Negro Suffrage party in Pennsylvania? Who will be supported by Thaddeus Stevens, Wm. D. Kelley, John M. Broomall and the balance of the Negro Suffrage Congressmen, for Governor of Pennsylvania? The answer is, without the shadow of a doubt, John W. Geary. How, then, can those "Republicans" who are opposed to Negro Suffrage, vote for Geary for Governor?

President Johnson has appointed Col. Andrew J. Fulton, of York county, Assessor of Internal Revenue for the 15th District, in place of Horace Bonham, dismissed, removed. Let the good work go on until every disunionist is located from office. President Johnson is "still in the field," and those who endorse the treasonable doings of the Rump Congress must get out of the way.

The U. S. District Court was opened by Judge Underwood at Richmond, last Tuesday. The counsel of Jeff. Davis appeared, and asked his immediate trial. The Court, however, on the next day, adjourned until October. It is now rumored that Davis will shortly be released on parole.

Messrs. Bratton & Kennedy, of the *Carlisle Volunteer*, will commence, on the 6th of July, the publication of a campaign paper, to be called the *Carlisle Volunteer*. It will be conducted with ability and spirit.

The "loyal" papers of York and Cumberland counties are denouncing the soldiers who prefer Clymer to Geary, as "deserters," "bounty jumpers," and "drafted men." What say the drafted men of Adams to this?

The *New York World* gives a summary of good intelligence as it has received in relation to the crops, and remarks that making due allowance for the well-known fact that unfavorable reports are the rule and favorable ones the exception during spring, when great anxiety is felt and farmers are disposed to look only on the dark side, it may justly be said that the prospect for an average crop of wheat is as good as usual at this season; and, taking the Central and Southern States into the account, better than for any year since 1861.

At Carlisle.—We learn that a portion of Rheem's Hall, Carlisle, was burnt on Monday night. The fire is supposed to have originated through an incendiary.

A new paper is about to be started in Boston, to support the President's Union policy.

REMARKS AHEAD.

"An Old Republican" writes the following to the *Pittsburg Commercial*, the leading Republican paper of that city:
"Will the Convention follow Stevens, Sumner, Wade, Butler and Schurz; or the President, Beward, Stanton, Grant and Sherman? If the former, the platform for the form to be adopted, and their principles incorporated into the party creed, it will not be very important who should be nominated for the Legislature or county offices. The only thing to be considered is the platform for the day it shall be made. If the teachings and advice of the latter be received and followed, we shall have peace and Union, strength and success.
"We cannot succeed this fall on the Democratic platform. We do not deserve to succeed on such a platform. We can succeed if Congress will, without delay, admit the loyal members elected from Tennessee, Arkansas and other States, to seats in that body, excluding all who have been disloyal and traitorous. We cannot defend ourselves for excluding loyal men, on any satisfactory ground."
Let not the coming convention repeat the insane folly of the Harrisburg State Convention.

There is a considerable amount of sound, sober sense and truth in the above, but what avails it to talk reason to cormorants and stupid with their plunders, or to crazy fanatics who think the world turns upon their theories and "plans"? The convention alluded to has been held, and it has repeated "the insane folly of the Harrisburg State Convention" of the 8th of March, by endorsing Geary, the Rump Congress and Disunion! Let the reader draw the inference.

For the last four or five years, the country has been assured by the organs of the Republican party, that any one who opposed the measures of the Administration was a traitor, and worthy of a traitor's doom. To "support the Government" was declared to be the duty of the citizen; and this support of the Government meant a blind acquiescence in everything the President might choose to do. No matter what new proclamation President Lincoln might issue, or what course he took it into his head to pursue, everybody must approve it, or be consigned to some military prison. We always considered the doctrine as only fit for cowards and slaves, but it was the creed of the Radicals. Now, however, we have a right to hold them to their own principles; and unless they were hypocrites and liars during Lincoln's administration, they deserve, every man of them, to be sent to a bastille, for since abusing President Johnson's administration.

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Correspondence of the Gettysburg Compiler.

LETTER FROM CLEARFIELD.

New WASHINGTON, Pa., May 24, '84.
MR. EDITOR.—Dear Sir:—I have been travelling in the western counties of Pennsylvania for some time past, and have observed a few things; and my observations in politics show that Clymer is the "coming man," and that President Johnson is steadily gaining ground. Stevens & Company are, in fact, played out. I meet almost every day with conservative Republicans who can not sustain the nigger suffrage policy of the present Rump Congress. They are determined to sustain the President, and are going to vote for Clymer for Governor.

The people of Clearfield and Cambria counties are rapidly organizing for the coming contest. I have been to several Democratic meetings during the past week, and the way the people appear to be interested in this matter, shows that they intend doing something this fall. The leading Democrats say they will give the heaviest majority that was ever given in Clearfield.

I have also met with some persons that saw the Bastilles of Abraham during the reign of Black Republicanism. They were tortured from their homes without any cause except being good Democrats. The way the arrests were generally brought about in this county, was when there were two persons in the same business, one a Democrat and the other a Black Republican, the latter would commence to howl, and they inform to the authorities. Democrats are getting ready to retaliate. They are asking Pubs. to sing and cheer for Johnson. There was also a committee waited on an Abolition Preacher, and wanted him to pray for the President.

We had no rain for four weeks, and crops look dried up. H.

THE CITY PANTOR AND HIS WORK.

The Rev. Wm. McIlwain, alias the City Pastor, whose exploits are well known, is a native of Ireland, and pursued his studies for the ministry in this country. He was enabled to prepare himself for that office by the aid of some of the members of Dr. Dale's church (United Presbyterian). He was admitted to the ministry and stationed at Gettysburg, where he had a row of some kind, which induced his return to this city. The C. P. required that the Rev. Dr. Dale, United Presbyterian in educating him for the pulpit by deserting them and taking a situation as minister in charge of an Old School Presbyterian Church.

We have given the files of our contemporaries a careful looking over to discover what this individual has been about. In his valedictory, dated February 17th, 1860, and published by him March 8th, we find the following: These statistics relate to two months' work—4 Families received relief, \$1,000. Receipts \$23.00. 800 pieces of clothing, 131 tons of coal, \$4,059.44, and about \$500 worth of goods and groceries." Hesyas in this summary of the good he had accomplished, and as a parting salute to the work, "We appeal to the public for no more aid for soldiers' families."

On March 20th a statement purporting to have been signed by James Pollock, was published in reference to the account current, which made his cash receipts \$7,648.80, and his expenditures \$7,323.00, leaving a balance due C. P. of \$324.80, which at the time, on reading, we thought a little singular.

This audited account states further that there had been distributed 8,772 pieces of clothing, 131 tons of coal, and \$4,059.44 of food distributed, \$500. The total distribution of food, money, clothing and coal amounting, he states to \$5,000.

On May 1st, James H. Orne, over his own signature, acknowledges that the C. P. received \$1,000 for clothing and food, during less than three months of last winter, about \$50,000.

In order to properly understand this affair, we must state that the C. P. had his accounts audited by the well-known gentleman, J. H. Myers, of the United States, who is beyond reproach. These auditors were the Hon. Henry D. Moore, Ex-Governor Pollock, and James H. Orne, Esq., all well-known, the first two being representatives of the State at large. A statement from either of these gentlemen would pass current in Philadelphia. There is no doubt that they audited the books of the C. P. and all they say about them is true, but whether the C. P. kept his books, and his expenditures, in that manner, certain it is that when Mr. Chase Perkes, an honest industrious mechanic, audited the account of Mrs. H. D. he found that it footed up the sum of \$60.

Not a word was said at that time of the \$2,324.80 balance due to the C. P. by the local editor of the *Press*, as having been acknowledged by the C. P. in his published communications in that paper. This omission by the C. P. was a particular mark of the auditors. It should be remembered that Mr. Orne, in his report, in order to find out the gross mistake. If the sum of \$81.50 exhibits a mistake of \$21.50, what kind of a mistake will the sum of \$50,000 show? Multiply the second by the first, and you have the answer. The gross mistake will be found to be something more than one-fourth of the whole amount. It is said that figures never lie. The C. P. may say as much in referring to the C. P. as he can remember that the right kind of figures should be recorded in the first place. We venture the assertion that the C. P.'s books will not stand the test of legal criticism in regard to their original entry. It should be remembered that Mr. Orne, in his report, that money, etc., to the amount of \$50,000, was received in less than three months. Now, we will leave the subject to the children of our public schools to solve, and let them publish their response in our next issue.

The following is the question we submit to them:—If the "City Pastor" made a mistake of \$21.50 in a receipt of \$81.50, and received in three months \$50,000, what would his mistake be made in twenty-four months; this being about the length of time he was engaged in this business. It is not our intention to hold the C. P. to scorn, ridicule or contempt; but to let the people know what he is, and if he will be wiser hereafter, and seek for grace. What a thrice double ass was I, to take this drunkard for a god, and worship this dull fool!

The committee said to have audited the books of the C. P. were James H. Orne, the treasurer, and a good man he is, may be introduced into the court, as the trial of the C. P. promises to be more locally interesting than any thing that has happened here since the late war. It probably take a wide range. It will then be developed how Mr. James H. Orne could publish in the "Evening Telegraph" a few days since, a statement of the balance of the C. P. while he (Mr. Orne) was in Europe, and while the war was in progress, and the Legislature for carrying into effect the law of Congress, has been approved by the Governor, that immediate preparations of the records and certification of the same, were made, and the correction of errors in the record.

TOWN AND COUNTY AFFAIRS.

THE CROPS.—The wheat crop hereabouts, which looked poorly before the late rains, has improved considerably since. So in some other parts of the county? But take Adams throughout, and we think the crop must be light. Some, of course, will depend on the *Mill*. Should it fill very well, sections with little straw may have quite as much wheat as they had last year, when, though the straw was abundant, the yield of grain was comparatively small.

Oats promise a large yield. Corn, except the earliest planting, came up well, and the prospect, so far, is quite encouraging. Clover is short, and too far in head to be helped much by the best of weather. Timothy, however, will be good, and the same may be said of the meadows, though they are a trifle later than usual.

Apples promise a good crop—heavier than for several years,—and peaches will at least give us an average yield. In some sections of the county, we hear, both of apples and peaches never promised better.

Looking thus at our agricultural "situation," whilst it is nothing to "brag of," it might be considerably worse.

MOWING MATCH.—We understand that a Mowing Match will take place on Saturday next (the 10th,) at Gettysburg, at which time the Agents are requested to bring forward their different Machines for trial. It is hoped there will be no holding back, in order that the merits of the several machines may be fairly tested, and the competition made as interesting as possible.

TOWN CLOCK.—We are glad that our allusion to the non-going of the Town Clock has attracted attention, and is likely to result in some immediate and satisfactory improvement. The accommodation furnished by such a public time-keeper, not only to towns-people, but to everybody from the country visiting town, is hardly to be estimated in money, and it is hoped that the Clock will not be allowed to remain in its present condition a day longer than is necessary to repair it.

THE MONUMENT.—The Executive Committee on the Soldiers' Monument met here on Saturday, and organized by appointing Adjt. J. H. White Secretary, and Lt. Col. E. G. Fahnestock Treasurer. Canvassers for subscriptions were appointed, who will proceed with their work immediately.

BATTLE-FIELD PAINTING.—The last Legislature appointed a committee to secure a painting of the battle of Gettysburg, to be placed in the crypt at Harrisburg. The committee has contracted with the celebrated artist, Bothenmal, of Philadelphia, for the work. The picture is to be fifteen by thirty feet, and will represent the battle at its crisis from Round Top to Cemetery Hill. A border of twenty inches will contain a number of pictures illustrating episodes in the three days' struggle. Several years will be required to complete the painting.

The artist will visit the ground in the early part of July, and it is thought that Gens. Meade, Sickles, Howard, Hancock, and others, with probably Gen. Grant, will be here at the same time.

SCHOOL BOARD.—The new School Board organized on Monday evening, as follows: President, T. D. Carson; Secretary, D. A. Bucher; Treasurer, E. G. Fahnestock. John Gelselman was re-elected Janitor, and Jeremiah Culp appointed Collector. The usual 9 mill tax was laid, for schools and building—allowing an abatement of 5 per cent. until the 18th of August. See advertisement for teachers in another column. Five or six new ones are to be employed, as the present incumbents will not be candidates.

RETURNED.—A number of Hanoverians who removed to the "far West," at various periods within the past year, have returned, thoroughly disgusted with the West, and satisfied that the good old "Keystone State" is the best place yet on this part of the globe.

So says the *Spectator*, and the same remark may be applied to several who went to the West from this neighborhood in the spring, and have since returned. A more desirable region than this cannot easily be found anywhere, and those who leave it generally fare worse for so doing.

LITTLESTOWN is still keeping on in the "march of improvement." Ephraim Myers, Esq., is putting up a very large brick house, (for store and dwelling,) on the corner of the Square, and several lesser ones are going up in other parts of the town. A new Lutheran church edifice is also to be erected during the summer, and fall, and one for another denomination is talked of.

PIC NICS.—A grand Pic Nic is to come off, to-day, in Keller's woods, two miles from Hanover; and another on Saturday next, in H. J. Myers' beautiful grove, on the banks of the Conowago, a short distance from New Chester.

FLOUR.—The flour dealers in this place have for several weeks been purchasing their flour in Baltimore, and selling it at a less price than they could buy it from the farmers here. So it seems that water is not the only article calculated to find its level.

HARDLY FAIR.—The Hanover *Spectator* has fallen into the habit of publishing our local items under credit to the *Adams Sentinel*. Is this exactly fair?

STATE BANKS.—People need not "worry" about State Bank notes. They are just as good now as they were before the National Banking law went into operation, and will stay so as long as they are in circulation.

CONTRADICTED.—The Chambersburg *Repository* contradicts the report of the burning of Mont Alto Furnace.

We are informed that several persons in the neighborhood of the Two Taverns, in this county, were bitten recently by a dog supposed to have been mad.

The eagle recently captured in this county, and purchased by Mr. Haman, of Hanover, was sold by him to Howe's circus company, for \$15.

The York County Convention, to settle a ticket, will be held on the 31st of July next.

Several communications on hand must go over to next week.

SEE FIRST PAGE.

For the Gettysburg Compiler.

DEBILITATED AND THEIR PREDISPOSING CAUSES.

I wish to make a few brief remarks upon the subject presented above, without, however, any desire to spring a controversy upon any one who may differ with me, but in hopes of benefiting my fellow beings by a little advice which may prove useful during the approaching summer. In the first place then, there are diseases that are restricted almost entirely to summer months in this latitude, and it is of a few of these that I propose to speak, as they all, as it were, belong to one family and result from common causes.

I allude more particularly to diseases of the alimentary canal, such as Dysentery, Diarrhoea, Cholera Morbus, and (excepting the unknown cause) Epidemic Cholera. I do not propose presenting any method of cure for diseases which they have once occurred, as they are best cared for in the hands of a skillful physician, but to offer some rules which, if followed, may prevent such diseases, by combating their predisposing causes.

Understand, then, that the human system is composed of organs; or a number of subordinate systems, whose healthy action depends upon another, and a derangement of the functions of either produces disease. There are none of these organs that sympathize more closely with each other and exert a greater influence over the general system, than the skin, intestinal canal, and brain, and consequently whatever will injuriously affect the one, is likely to derange the others. This would apply to other organs, and consequently to other diseases, or their modifications, as well, but in this connection I will limit my remarks to the space I have chosen.

To guard the skin, therefore, from injury, I would recommend cleanliness, bathing at proper times, particularly in the morning early, and proper clothing, as vicissitudes of weather are among the most exciting causes of disease.

The stomach and intestinal canal, by proper diet. This is best regulated by the individual, who knows best what will agree with him, but a spare and regular diet is best in all cases. An avoidance of excesses of all kinds, and limited quantities of customary food, properly chosen and prepared, is recommended.

Lastly, the brain. Trouble from this source is best avoided by a proper attention to business, without excessive labor, mental or physical. Idleness is as likely to affect the mind and derange the nervous system, as is over exertion.

Therefore, an avoidance of all changes or excesses, whether of Atmosphere, Diet or Mental condition, and a proper regard to cleanliness, will serve to protect you from diseases generally, and those mentioned above particularly.

Public baths should be erected in our large cities and towns, and would prove much more beneficial to the community, at large, than the magnificent carriage drives that our public parks afford.

HYGIEA.

For the Gettysburg Compiler.
"MR. EDITOR:—Will you allow a lady a space in your columns to express her opinion in regard to a subject which seems to be at this time agitating the minds of the people of Gettysburg more than anything else; namely, the Gettysburg Spring and the proposed sale of the same to foreign capitalists to furnish the capital necessary to develop this spring on condition of having the entire control of the affair themselves, as well as to pay much the whole interest in it, is an insult to the people of Gettysburg, and if the gentlemen do not regard it as such I hope that the ladies will, and will resent it by calling an indignation meeting, denouncing the proposition, and raising the money themselves as I believe they could do. If the gentlemen of Gettysburg have the reputation of lacking energy and enterprise, the ladies have not or at least do not deserve it in consideration of what they have already done for the money they have raised, and which they have expended in repairing their churches which were injured by the battle, and who can contribute thousands of dollars for the benefit of the sick and wounded soldiers, and also raise money for this enterprise, if the gentlemen cannot do it, and it should be raised here. Gettysburg alone should furnish ten thousand dollars and the rest could be raised in Adams county, and the adjoining townships. It is well known by almost every body that the third person in the town and vicinity has been in some way benefited by this spring, which should alone induce them to subscribe; while in addition to these benefits it is said by those who profess to know that in a pecuniary point of view it would be a better private stock in which our citizens are always so willing to invest and generally so apt to lose. The fact is, that the money they have raised, can also raise money for this enterprise, if the gentlemen cannot do it, and it should be raised here. Gettysburg alone should furnish ten thousand dollars and the rest could be raised in Adams county, and the adjoining townships. 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