Gettysburg Compiler.

BY H. J. STAHLE. GETTYSBURG, PA., MONDAY, MAY 28, 1866. 48TH YEAR.—NO. 35.

THE GETTYSBURG COMPILER,

A Democratic Family Journal,

IS PUBLISHED EVERY MONDAY MORNING,

BY HENRY J. STAHLE.

"Truth is Mighty, and Will Prevail."

TERMS OF PUBLICATION.—$2 00 per annum, if paid strictly IN ADVANCE—$2 50 per annum if not paid in advance. No subscription discontinued, unless at the option of the publisher, until all arrearges are paid.

ADVERTISEMENTS inserted at usual rates.

JOB PRINTING of all kinds done with neatness and dispatch.

OFFICE in South Baltimore street, between Middle and High, near the Post Office—"Compiler Printing Office" on the sign.

Professional Cards.

Law Partnership.

W. A. DUNCAN & J. H. WHITE, ATTORNEYS AT LAW, Will promptly attend to all legal business entrusted to them, including the procuring of Pensions, Bounty, Back Pay, and all other claims against the United States and State Governments.

Office in North West Corner of Diamond, Gettysburg, Penn'a.

April 3, 1865. tf

Edward B. Buehler,

ATTORNEY AT LAW, will faithfully and promptly attend to all business entrusted to him. He speaks the German language. Office at the same place, in South Baltimore street, near Forney's drug store, and nearly opposite Danner & Ziegler's store.

Gettysburg, March 20.

J. C. Neely,

ATTORNEY AT LAW.—Particular attention paid to collection of Pensions, Bounty, and Back-pay. Office in the S. E. corner of the Diamond.

Gettysburg, April 6, 1863. tf

D. McConaughy,

ATTORNEY AT LAW, (office one door west of Buehler's drug and book store, Chambersburg street,) ATTORNEY AND SOLICITOR FOR PATENTS AND PENSIONS. Bounty Land Warrants, Back-pay suspended Claims, and all other claims against the Government at Washington, D. C.; also American claims in England. Land Warrants located and sold, or bought, and highest prices given. Agents engaged in locating warrants in Iowa, Illinois and other western States. ☞Apply to him personally or by letter.

Gettysburg, Nov. 21, '53.

Dr. D. S. Peffer,

ABBOTTSTOWN, Adams county, continues the practice of his profession in all its branches, and would respectfully invite all persons afflicted with any old standing diseases to call and consult him.

Oct. 3, 1864. tf

Dr. F. C. Wolf,

HAVING located at EAST BERLIN, Adams county, hopes that by strict attention to his professional duties he may merit a share of the public patronage. [Apr. 2, '66. tf

Dr. J. W. C. O'Neal's

OFFICE and Dwelling, N. E. corner of Baltimore and High streets, near Presbyterian Church, Gettysburg, Pa.

Nov. 30, 1863. tf

Dr. J. A. Armstrong,

HAVING removed from New Salem, York county, and having located at Middletown, Adams county, offers his professional services to the public. [July 31, '65: 1y

Doctor C. W. Benson,

OFFICE at the Railroad House, (front room, formerly occupied by Dr. Kinzer,) LITTLESTOWN, PA.

June 19, 1865. tf

J. Lawrence Hill, M. D.,

HAS his office one door west of the Lutheran church in Chambersburg street, and opposite Dr. C. Horner's office, where those wishing to have any Dental Operation performed are respectfully invited to call. REFERENCES: Drs. Horner, Rev. C. P. Krauth, D. D., Rev. H. L. Baugher, D. D., Rev. Prof. M. Jacobs, D. D., Prof. M. L. Stœver.

Gettysburg, April 11, '53.

Great Reduction of Prices

AT THE CHEAP GROCERY! CORNER OF DIAMOND AND CHAMBERSBURG STREET. *JOHN M. SWAN,*

Having just returned from the city, respectfully informs his customers, and the public, that he has succeeded in forming a connection with one of the first Importing Houses in the city of Baltimore, by which he is enabled to offer Groceries at a lower figure than they can be purchased elsewhere in the county.—He is prepared to sell

COFFEE	25 cents per lb.
SUGAR,	10 "
SYRUP, from	40 " to $1.20,

and all other things at corresponding rates.—If you would save money, call at the Cheap Grocery, corner of Diamond and Chambersburg street. He sells exclusively for Cash, and is determined to be ahead of all others in selling cheap. Give him a call before purchasing elsewhere. JOHN M. SWAN.

Barron's Safety Lamps,

AND

LIG-RO-INE (Red) FLUID.

PATENTED.

THIS Lamp apparently burns *without anything to feed it.* It has, however, a material which absorbs the liquid and gives it to the flame, partly from the wick, and partly in the form of gas, but so as to produce perfect combustion, and is very economical and safe.

It is used without a chimney, and perfectly trimmed, does not smoke or smell; it is therefore especially adapted to the purposes of a "run about," night, nurse, shop or hotel lamp, or lantern. The cost of broken chimneys, alone, will more than pay the cost of this lamp. Every family needs one or more.

"It is just what I have been long looking for," writes a model house-keeper.

"I should hardly know how to do without it," writes another.

"A perfect contrivance," writes a third.

"Let those who are skeptical try it," writes a fourth.

For sale by JOHN M. SWAN, Cor. of Diamond and Chambersburg st.

☞The Lig-ro-ine Fluid also for sale at the same place. [Mar. 12, 1866.

Fresh Supply.

NEW GOODS AT REDUCED PRICES!—A. SCOTT & SONS have just received another fine assortment of NEW GOODS, consisting, in part, of Cloths, Cassimeres, Cassinets, Kentucky Jeans, and Tweeds, for Gentlemen's wear. Also, a fine assortment of LADIES' DRESS GOODS.

Our stock has been selected with great care, and we are prepared to sell as cheap as any other establishment in the country. We ask the public to give us a call and judge for themselves. We defy competition, both as to quality and price. A. SCOTT & SONS.

April 2, 1866.

The Far Famed

"UNIVERSAL CLOTHES WRINGER."—Besides the great saving of Labor, the saving in the wear and tear of clothing in a single year, more than amounts to the price of this Wringer. It is strange that any family should be willing to do without it. For sale at FAHNESTOCK BROS., and at C. H. BUEHLER'S. [Feb. 19.

INSURE AGAINST ACCIDENTS in the TRAVELLERS INSURANCE COMPANY OF HARTFORD. It has paid *over one hundred and forty thousand dollars* to holders of its policies, including $37,500 to twenty-eight policyholders, for $512 in premiums.

THE best lot of Upper Leather COLLARS, of our own make, now ready and for sale. D. McCREARY & SON.

WE have just received a new assortment of Queensware, to which we invite the attention of buyers. A. SCOTT & SON.

Flour! Feed! and Groceries!

AT THE CHEAP STORE ON THE HILL. If you wish to buy any of the above articles cheaper and better than you can get them anywhere else, go to the Grocery Store of the undersigned on the Hill, in Baltimore street, where customers can always be accommodated, and where all are invited to call and see for themselves. The public will always find a full and choice assortment of SUGARS, COFFEES, TEAS, SYRUPS, MOLASSES, TOBACCOS, CIGARS, SNUFFS, FISH, BACON, LARD, CHEESE, CRACKERS, BUTTER, EGGS, &c.

—ALSO—

GLASS-WARE, CROCKERY-WARE, NOTIONS, &C., COAL OIL LAMPS, FISH OIL, AND FLOUR AND FEED, ALWAYS ON HAND.

WANTED.—Flour, Corn, Oats, Butter, Eggs, Bacon, and Potatoes, for which the highest market price will be paid, either in trade or cash.

☞Being determined to conduct my business in a fair and honorable way, and to sell cheap, I invite all to give me a call.

HENRY OVERDEER.

April 9, 1866. tf

Removal.

STRICKHOUSER & WISOTZKEY Have removed their establishment to the west side of Baltimore street, a few doors above the Court-house, and nearly opposite the Post office, where they will continue business on a larger scale than ever.

OYSTERS AND FISH

always to be had in their season, with Sweet and Irish Potatoes, Apples, Beans, Homony, &c. Also, HAMS, SHOULDERS, AND SIDES, Mackerel and Herring, Butter and Lard, Cheese, with all other articles in this line.

Also, Raisins, Almonds, and a general assortment of Confections. Smoking and Chewing Tobaccos, Segars, Pipes, and a great variety of Notions.

They ask calls, convinced that they can always sell as cheap as the cheapest. As they run cars to the city regularly, their opportunities for keeping up their stock are unusually good, and the public can rely upon getting everything fresh and nice.

STRICKHOUSER & WISOTZKEY.

April 9, 1866. tf

Forwarding Business.

CULP & EARNSHAW'S LINE.

HAVING purchased the Warehouse and Cars heretofore owned by Samuel Herbst, the undersigned take pleasure in announcing to the public that they will run a

LINE OF FREIGHT CARS

from Gettysburg to Baltimore every week. They are prepared to convey Freight either way, in any quantity. They will attend, if desired, to the making of purchases in the city, and delivering the goods promptly at Gettysburg. Their cars run to the Warehouse of STEVENSON & SONS, 165 North Howard street, (near Franklin,) Baltimore, where freight will be received at any time. They invite the attention of the public to their line, assuring them that they will spare no effort to accommodate all who may patronize them.

Having purchased the buildings and lot on the Northeast corner of Railroad and North Washington streets, Gettysburg, their Depot will remain there. Any person having business in the forwarding line are respectfully invited to call. CULP & EARNSHAW.

Aug. 7, 1865.

Globe Inn,

YORK ST., NEAR THE DIAMOND,

GETTYSBURG, PA.—The undersigned would most respectfully inform his numerous friends and the public generally, that he has purchased that long established and well known Hotel, the "Globe Inn," in York street, Gettysburg, and will spare no effort to conduct it in a manner that will not detract from its former high reputation. His table will have the best the market can afford—his chambers are spacious and comfortable—and he has laid in for his bar a full stock of wines and liquors. There is large stabling attached to the Hotel, which will be attended by attentive hostlers. It will be his constant endeavor to render the fullest satisfaction to his guests, making his house as near a home to them as possible. He asks a share of the public's patronage, determined as he is to deserve a large part of it. Remember, the "Globe Inn" is in York street, but near the Diamond, or Public Square. SAMUEL WOLF.

April 4, 1864. tf

Washington Hotel,

NEW OXFORD, ADAMS COUNTY, PA.

The undersigned respectfully informs his friends and the public generally, that he has purchased the above Hotel, and will strive to keep it as a No. 1 House.

His table will be abundantly supplied with all the delicacies of the season, and his bar with the choicest liquors and wines. The stabling is large and commodious. He hopes by strict attention to merit a portion of the public's patronage. ISAAC B. HOUSER.

April 16, 1866. 3m

$25 THE $25

UNION BUSINESS COLLEGE,

HANDEL and HAYDEN HALL,

EIGHTH AND SPRING GARDEN STREETS,

PHILADELPHIA.

THOMAS MAY PEIRCE, A. M.,

President and Consulting Accountant.

Extraordinary Inducements!

NOVEL & PERMANENT ARRANGEMENT OF BUSINESS COLLEGE TERMS,

FROM APRIL 1 TO OCTOBER 1, 1866,

AND SUCCEEDING YEARS.

LIFE SCHOLARSHIPS, including Bookkeeping, Business Correspondence, Forms & Customs, Commercial Arithmetic, Business Penmanship, Detecting Counterfeit Money, and Commercial Law, *TWENTY-FIVE DOLLARS.*

SCHOLARSHIPS, including the same subjects as above. TIME LIMITED TO THREE MONTHS, *TWENTY DOLLARS.*

PENMANSHIP, Three Months..........$7

Penmanship and Arithmetic, three months $10

The saving of coal and gas in the summer months is an advantage of such importance as enables the management of this College to make a considerable reduction in the summer rates.

FROM OCTOBER 1, 1866, to APRIL 1, 1867, And succeeding years, as before.

Life Scholarship..........	$35
Scholarships, 3 months..........	$25
Penmanship, 3 months..........	$10
Penmanship and Arithmetic, 3 months...	$12

Special Terms for Clubs, Soldiers, and for the Sons of Ministers and Teachers.

DAY AND EVENING INSTRUCTION FOR BOTH SEXES AND ALL AGES,

In Banking, Storekeeping, Bookkeeping, Penmanship, Pen Drawing, Phonography, Arithmetic, Mensuration, Algebra, Geometry, Analytical Geometry, The Calculus, Navigation, Surveying, Engineering, Gauging, Mining, Mechanical Drawing, Commercial Law, German, Telegraphing, and the English Branches, at moderate prices.

Endorsed by the public as the most successful Business College of the country, as is evidenced by the fact, that

FOUR HUNDRED & TWO STUDENTS have entered in the FIRST SIX MONTHS OF ITS EXISTENCE.

Principals of Departments:

THOMAS MAY PEIRCE, A. M.,

GEO. B. SNYDER, R. S. BAREES,

C. N. FARR, Jr., J. T. REYNOLDS,

HENRY KEIM, A. E. ROGERSON, A. M., C. E.

Supported by an able Corps of Assistants.

Call or send for a Catalogue, College Currency, and Peirce's Practical Educator.

OFFICE—531 NORTH EIGHTH ST., PHILADELPHIA. THOMAS M. PEIRCE.

April 23, 1866. 3m

MISHLER'S HERB BITTERS for sale at Horner's Drug and Variety Store.

BELL'S Concentra'd Flavoring Extracts!

EQUAL to any in the market and superior to many, in larger bottles, and at old prices.

Wholesale agents for Baltimore,

BURROUGH BROS.,

Wholesale Druggists.

LIST.—Lemon, Orange, Vanilla, Rose, Peach, Nutmeg, Celery, Allspice, Cloves, Ginger, Birch, Cinnamon, Apple, Mulberry, Pine Apple, Banana, Mace, Raspberry, Pear, Pepper, Parsley, Strawberry, Bitter Almond, and Savory spices.

The great difficulty heretofore experienced in procuring true Flavoring Extracts, has induced the proprietor to spare no pains or expense in giving to the public an article which will be found true to its name, and which will in no instance be a source of disappointment.

It will be observed that our extract of Lemon and Orange is a prepared extract from the Peel, which any one may be convinced of by merely smelling them.

The price of Vanilla Beans, too, has caused more useless Extract of Vanilla to be manufactured and sold than any other essence; being either made from Tonka Beans, or some other fictitious compound. In our Extract we WILL GUARANTEE A PURE ARTICLE! made from the true Bean, without any foreign substance whatever.

Bell's Worm Syrup.

THE MOST INNOCENT, PLEASANT AND EFFICIENT REMEDY IN USE.—A REMEDY PERFECT IN ITSELF.—*No Castor Oil to be Taken.*—In this Preparation we have included such remedies only as have been tried for years and are known to possess powerful anthelmintic virtues, combined with mild aperients, pleasant aromatics and sugar. Anthelmintics of themselves cannot perform their peculiar functions or have the desired effect, unless the bowels are kept moderately open. To produce this, gentle purgatives are necessary and such only ought to be used that cannot interfere with the anthelmintic employed. The advantages we claim for this Syrup are:

1st. Its power of DESTROYING AND EXPELLING WORMS!

2d. Its mild aperient effect upon the bowels.

3d. Its pleasant taste and odor are advantages possessed or claimed by very few Vermifuges.

4th. Its harmless influence upon the system, consequently no injurious effects will result from its use should the patient have no Worms, but an apparent disease, arising from some other unknown cause, which is frequently the case.

The constituents of this Syrup and its effects are known to many Physicians, who are now using it in their practice to a large extent.

Price 25 cents a bottle.

The Greatest Liniment in Use.

BELL'S WHITE OIL!—*The Blandest, Cleanest, most Penetrating and most Economical Liniment in Use.*—A powerful Oleaginus Compound for the Speedy Cure of Rheumatism, Strains, Sprains, Wounds, Numbness of the Limbs, Frosted Feet and Hands, Spavin, Saddle Galls, Poll-Evil, Ring Bone, Bruises, Swellings of all kind, and in fact every disease for which an Embrocation is applicable, either in Man or Beast. Price 25 cents a bottle.—This preparation, which is original with us, will be found to be one of the nicest and at the same time one of the most reliable applications extant.

Having been employed very extensively since its introduction and feeling satisfied of its remedial properties, we recommend it with the utmost confidence, knowing that no one will be disappointed in its use. It is, as its name implies, a white liniment of the consistency of cream, containing nothing offensive, but, on the contrary, will be found more pleasant than otherwise.

Bell's Alterative,

OR CONDITION POWDERS! FOR HORSES, CATTLE & SWINE.

25 cents a paper, or five papers for $1.

The immense sale of these Powders during the short period they have been before the public, is a sufficient guarantee of their great popularity, and the decided benefits derived from their use.

They are confidently recommended not only as a preventive, but as a complete cure for all diseases incident to the HORSE, COW or HOG, as Loss of Appetite, Coughs, Heaves, Yellow Water, Distemper, Glanders, &c., &c.

By their use the Horse's Appetite is improved, all derangements of the digestive organs corrected, softening the skin, and giving to the coat a sleek and shining appearance, and may be used with perfect safety at all times, as it contains no ingredients which can injure a horse, whether sick or well.

They cleanse the breathing apparatus by ejecting from the air cells coagulated matter, or that formation which so severely clogs them, causing a tightness in breathing, and by their peculiar action on that part, they cause the mucus membrane to resume its natural dimensions, thus equalizing the circulation of the blood and restoring the distended vessels to their natural size.

For fattening cattle they are invaluable, also possessing peculiar properties in increasing the quantity of milk in Cows, thereby giving them an importance and value which should place them within the hands of all interested.

All diseases to which the Hog is subject, as Coughs, Ulcers in the Lungs and Liver, and as a general purifier of the blood we guarantee their efficacy if once fairly tried.

☞Sold at Gettysburg by A. D. Buehler, Apothecary, and by Druggists and Storekeepers generally. Ask for Bell's Preparations.

Prepared exclusively by W. D. Bell, Apothecary, (Graduate of the Philadelphia College of Pharmacy,) West Washington St., Hagerstown, Md. [Oct. 16, 1865. 1y

New Goods at Grimes's.

JAMES A. GRIMES, in York street, Gettysburg, has just received a large lot of new GROCERIES, &c., which, having bought for cash, at the latest reduced prices, he is prepared to offer cheaper than they have been sold here for several years. His assortment is very full, embracing the most choice articles in his line, to prove which he asks his old customers and the public generally to call and examine for themselves. His

COFFEES, TEAS, SUGARS, SYRUPS, MOLASSES, FRUITS, NUTS, CONFECTIONS, TOBACCOS, SEGARS, &c., &c.,

he is certain will please all who may try them, and he therefore asks purchasers, from town and country, to give them a trial before buying elsewhere. He is determined not to be undersold by any other establishment.

His large stock of

FANCY ARTICLES

is kept full by constant additions, and everything in that line can at all times be had good and cheap. Indeed, he flatters himself that his Store, containing as it does so large a variety of Goods, all new and in the best condition, cannot but be looked upon as among the most attractive in town. By attending closely to business, and selling at small profits, he is doing a handsome business, and will spare no effort to increase it by giving satisfaction in all cases. [March 19, 1866.

TRY Dr. R. HORNER'S Tonic and Alterative Powders, for HORSES and CATTLE Prepared and sold only at his Drug Store.

January 25, 1864.

A SUPERIOR quality of the best London Draft HAMES, with or without fastenings, for sale by D. McCREARY & SON.

DRAKE'S PLANTATION BITTERS, or Old Homestead Tonic, at Dr. R. HORNER'S Drug Store.

INSURE AGAINST ACCIDENTS in the TRAVELLERS INSURANCE COMPANY OF HARTFORD. It has issued over forty thousand policies, and *paid over twelve hundred claims.*

Selected Poetry.

☞The following is one of Eliza Cook's most touching effusions:

HANG UP HIS HARP; HE'LL WAKE NO MORE!

BY ELIZA COOK.

His young bride stood beside his bed,
Her weeping watch to keep;
Hush! hush! he stirred not—was he dead,
Or did he only sleep?

His brow was calm, no change was there,
No sigh had filled his breath;
Oh! did he wear that smile so fair
In slumber or in death?

"Reach down his harp," she wildly cried,
"And if one spark remain,
Let him but hear 'Loch Erroch's side;'
He'll kindle at the strain.

"That tune e'er held his soul in thrall;
It never breathed in vain;
He'll waken as its echoes fall,
Or never wake again."

The strings were swept; 'twas sad to hear
Sweet music floating there;
For every note called forth a tear
Of anguish and despair.

"See! see!" she cried, "the tune is o'er,
No opening eye, no breath;
Hang up his harp; he'll wake no more;
He sleeps the sleep of death."

Written for the Gettysburg Compiler.

LOOK ALOFT.

BY AMOS A. ROTH.

If on life's sea dark storms arise,
And aid cannot be found,
If clouds in darkness veil the skies,
And thunders roll around,
Look aloft.

If friends forsake thee and the world
Grows careless of thy sighs,
If worldly taunts at thee are hurled,
And all thy griefs despise,
Look aloft.

If fickle fortune with her hand,
Should cast thee from thy place,
Then smile at fate and yet demand
Thy right to run the race,
And look aloft.

Take hope whilst hope may yet be had,
And thou shalt rise again,
Thou wast not made to die thus sad,
For all thy grief and pain,
But look aloft.

High o'er thy head thy maker reigns,
The ruler of thy fate,
And for thy earthly grief and pains,
A crown does thee await,
Then look aloft.

When heaven and earth have passed away,
And all thy griefs are o'er,
Thou'lt reign with God through endless day,
And sigh and weep no more.
Oh look aloft.

Gettysburg.

Agricultural & Domestic.

SEVERAL THINGS.

Cows give more or less milk, according to the Prussian agricultural annals, in proportion to the quantity of water taken by them. A cow which produces little or no milk is satisfied with eight or ten quarts of water, or less, per day; as soon, however, as she begins to give milk, she will consume twenty or more quarts per day. The quantity of milk produced is said to be always in proportion to the quantity of water swallowed by the cow. When cows are kept in the open air pasturing, it has been observed that those which most frequently go to the water are those which yield the most milk.—Stall-fed cows produce nearly twenty-five per cent. less milk than others, because dry forage contains not the same large proportion of water as pasture-feed.

Influence of railroads on the hatching of eggs.—A peculiar effect of the proximity of railroads on the hatching of eggs has been mentioned in some French papers. It has been found that there are scarcely any chickens raised in all those poultry yards which are situated in the immediate neighborhood of the rails of a much frequented road. This fact has been observed in various parts of France, and is supposed to result from the earthquake-like trembling or shaking of the soil caused by a passing railroad train, which exerts an unfavorable influence on the eggs. It would be, indeed, interesting to learn whether something similar to this has been noticed on this side of the water.

A new method of shoeing refractory, unmanageable horses.—A thick blanket is in the first place thrown over the head of the horse to prevent it from seeing anything. A man then takes his position in front of the horse, and on the first sign of kicking or resistance of any kind, administers one or two smart blows on the side of its head, leaving his hands for some time on the smitten part. The horse gets frightened and allows the shoeing process to be finished without interruption. This simple remedy has succeeded where all the previously used means have failed.

Freckles are removed in a surprisingly short time, by a perfectly new process which probably no one besides the writer is acquainted with. This process I have tried first on my own person, and the good effect obtained warrants its general introduction into the toilet rooms and "boudoirs" of the world. Here it is: Take powdered nitre (saltpetre,) any small quantity, and apply it to the parts affected by the finger, moistened and dipped in the powder. This is the whole proceeding; when properly done and judiciously repeated, it will remove all freckles from the face.

How to make Preston's Essence of Salts, (for smelling, in headaches, etc.) Take

Oil of Cloves, half a drachm,

Oil of Lavender, one drachm,

Oil of Bergamot, two and one-half drachms.

Ammonia, Carbonate of, one and a half ounces, powdered.

Keep in well-stopped glass bottles.

How to make a drunken man sober in one minute.—Give him acetate of ammonia, one and a half ounces, which immediately sobers him. It is a very cheap article, perfectly harmless, and is easily prepared in all good drug stores.

Offensive breath is cured very easily, and the mouth entirely disinfected, by washing the mouth with a solution of chlorinated lime. Carbo ligni (charcoal) is another disinfectant for the mouth.

Mumps are very quickly cured by the application of acetate of ammonia, hot, on a piece of flannel.

To destroy corns without cutting.—Use glacial acid.

MANURING ORCHARDS.

It is customary to place manure near the body of fruit trees and there only.—This method is wrong, as a little reflection on the subject will convince any one. The Working Farmer has a report of a recent discussion before the American Institute Farmers' Club, in which this point was canvassed. The remarks of W. S. Carpenter were to the point. He contended that the orchard fertilizers should cover the entire area penetrated by the roots of the tree, which would correspond very nearly with the space covered by its branches. In other words, that the roots projected laterally, from the main trunks, as far as did the branches, hence the necessity of supplying aliment over the entire space covered by the latter. That these roots may be readily benefitted by manure the soil should be gently stirred above them and the fertilizer mixed with it.

HAIR WASH FOR DANDRUFF.

A correspondent writing to us requests a receipt for "preparing bear's grease," to prevent his hair falling out, and to free his head from dandruff. We are not acquainted with any preparation of bear's grease, which is capable of effecting such important results. If there is any virtue in bear's grease to accomplish such objects we think the genuine article must be superior to any chemical preparation of it, and the only way to obtain it pure to a certainty, is to nab "Bruin," and make sure of his pork.

We give, as follows, however, a very good recipe for making a hair wash which will remove dandruff and keep the scalp clean and soft so as to prevent the hair in ordinary circumstances, from falling out: Take one pint of alcohol and a tablespoonful of castor oil, mix them together in a bottle by shaking them well for a few minutes, then scent it with drops of oil of lavender. Alcohol dissolves castor oil, like gum camphor, leaving the liquid or wash quite clear. It does not seem to dissolve any other unctuous oil so perfectly, hence no other is equally good for this purpose.—*Scientific American.*

Choice Miscellany.

WONDERFUL PHENOMENON.

A Man who can Keep Awake as Long as he Pleases, and then Sleep as Long as he Pleases—He Keeps Awake for over One Month, and then Sleeps Three Weeks.

STARKVILLE, April 4, 1866.

Editor of Wilkes' Spirit of the Times:

SIR:—The following very strange and anomalous circumstance has just transpired in our community. Mr. Gabriel Ellis, a flourishing dry goods merchant, had frequently remarked that he could sit up three weeks without any material detriment to his health; and that after the expiration of that time he could go to sleep, and sleep without waking until the loss was made up. He was led to believe this fact from experiments on a smaller scale. In the early part of February he sold out his store and invested the capital thus raised in a farm, which gave him leisure; and in compliance with the wishes of several scientific gentlemen, he began, on the 11th day of February, to abstain from sleep. Gentlemen sat up by turns, to satisfy themselves of his strange faculty; and to preclude all possibility of being accused of momentary snatches of sleep he would read all night long, and keep his feet during the day—watched all the while at his own request. He would comment in a clear, forcible, and intellectual manner upon what he read—deploring the heartlessness of "Iago," laughing at the inimitable drollery and humor of the "Army Straggler," etc. On the 16th day of March, at the urgent solicitation of friends, he went to sleep for the first time, and did not wake until the ninth day of the present month. He expressed the opinion that he could stay awake a year, and then sleep in proportion, without injuring his constitution. He never gets sleepy until he closes his eyes and resigns himself to slumber, at which time he gets asleep almost instantly, without regard to the noise or excitement around him. There are many curious facts connected with his case which might interest the readers of your valuable paper; but as Drs. Edmund, Willis, and Jordon, are preparing for the press an elaborate statement of their experiments and discoveries, I desist.

Yours, very truly,
RICHARD L. DANTE.

VERY BAD.

We never heard Fred Douglas speak but once. He is a pretty sharp darkey, well-formed, rather graceful, and entirely ready. On the occasion to which we allude, he spoke in Independence Square, in Philadelphia. His harangue was violent, made up chiefly of descriptions of the outrages practiced upon the slave by his master, and wrought a very decided effect upon the crowd. Perceiving this, Fred took his advantage at the flood, going higher and higher into the region of eloquence: "Ah, my friends," he said, "I do not speak from hearsay. I stand before you a living—I was going to say a bleeding—witness to the truth of all I relate. If you could behold the scars and stripes upon my back." Just here an Irishman vociferated, "Hould on, Freddy, darling—is it truth you are telling?" The darkey orator lifted his finger tragically to Heaven in the affirmative. "Oh, murder! did they lacerate you?" Fred answered that they did. "Did they *thumb screw* you?" Fred answered that they did. "Did they *buck* you like a shoat?" Fred answered that they did. "*Begorrah!*" roared Pat, "*if that be so, you must have been a d—d bad nigger!*" It closed the meeting in a general row.—*Nashville Banner.*

☞It is all very well to laugh at book-students of nature, but they carry that about with them which gives an interest to every flower, cloud, and stone they see. They see the object, and then, by the magic of association, the true beauty, fitness, histoy, which surround and accompany it, reveal themselves. A leaf or a bird is but a letter in the great book, which is read only by those who can put letters together; that is, those who have the faculty of association.

☞One of the District Assessors in Pittsburg, appointed by the President, voted for George B. McClellan for President. Oh, "Moses!"

John W. Geary and the Soldiers of the Mexican War.

READ! READ! READ!

[From the Genius of Liberty.]

John W. Geary, the candidate of the Radical Abolitionists for Governor of Pennsylvania, was elected Lieutenant Colonel of the Second Pennsylvania Regiment of volunteers in the war with Mexico, upon the organization of that Regiment in the city of Pittsburg.—William B. Roberts, of this county, was the Colonel commanding, and died in the city of Mexico. After his death Geary was promoted to the Coloneley. The Fayette County Volunteers were attached to this Regiment, and known as company H. They distinguished themselves for gallant conduct and intrepid bravery in all the important engagements from Vera Cruz to the city of Mexico, including the bloody assaults upon the gates of that city. They continued in service until the war ended, and were honorably discharged. The survivors, upon their return home, were received with well earned and highly distinguished honors by their fellow citizens. Here at the County Seat, they were honored by a splendid reception, participated in by the citizens of the county generally, as well as by the ladies, who greeted their return with all that delicate attention and refined taste peculiar to their sex.

At Connellsville, also, they were the recipients of a handsome ovation, the heartfelt tribute of the citizens and ladies of that place and vicinity. The reception at Connellsville took place on Saturday, July 15, 1848. The reception speech was made by Dr. James C. Cummings, and the response by Sergeant Peter A. Johns. After the delivery of speeches, and partaking an elegant dinner prepared for the occasion, the returned soldiers met together and unanimously adopted a preamble and series of resolutions, which show up the character of John W. Geary in such a light as would render his election as Governor an everlasting disgrace to the State of Pennsylvania. These resolutions it will be seen, were unanimously adopted by true and tried soldiers, by men who knew Geary well and by men who did not hesitate to proclaim their estimate of his character, and that, too, not in tender, dainty sentences, but in well expressed and forcible language. The testimony of these proceedings gains additional force from the fact that it was uttered at such a time and under circumstances as to exempt it entirely from any imputation of political influences. The proceedings were published in the papers of this county, by request of the soldiers, on the 27th of July, 1848, and here they are. Again we say, read, read, read.

The following preamble and resolutions were offered by the returned volunteers, of company H, 2d Pennsylvania regiment and unanimously adopted by the meeting:

WHEREAS, The discharge and arrival home of the remaining members of the Fayette volunteers has again placed them in the position of citizens of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, and enabled them to speak and assert their rights, they now embrace this occasion, the first opportunity since their return, to express their deep and ABIDNG INDIGNATION of the conduct of JOHN W. GEARY, since he was elected to the command of the 2d Pennsylvania Regiment, at the City of Mexico. The said JOHN W. GEARY procured his election by a mere plurality of votes, by FALSEHOOD and DECEPTION—while he was promising to give company H the privilege of electing their own officers, according to the laws of the State of Pennsylvania, he, the said GEARY, bargained with others for votes, promising and giving appointments in said company H to men from other companies who might answer his peculiar purpose. The law of Congress of the 13th of May, 1846, calling for Volunteers for the war with Mexico, has this provision:

"SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, that the said Volunteers so offering their services shall be accepted by the President, in companies, battalions, squadrons and regiments, whose officers shall be appointed in the manner prescribed by law in the several States and territories to which such companies, battalions, squadrons and regiments shall respectively belong."

The said GEARY, while he availed himself of this law to get himself into a high office, refused the same right to company H, which legally and properly belonged to them; therefore,

Resolved, That we, the remaining members of the Fayette County Volunteers, view the conduct of the said JOHN W. GEARY towards company H as an OUTRAGE upon their just rights, as secured to them by the laws of Pennsylvania as well as the laws of Congress. The whole course and conduct of the said GEARY being INCONSISTENT WITH THE CHARACTER OF A GENTLEMAN OR MAN OF HONOR—it was treating us as a set of men who did not know their rights, and could not appreciate them—it was CORRUPT and MERCENARY in all its bearings, characteristic of a LOW AND GROVELING CREATURE hunting and seeking popularity for courage and patriotism THAT HE NEVER EARNED, by bargaining with supple tools and mercenaries, one of whom at least was a notorious black leg.

Resolved, That the arrest and trial of 1st Sergeant John A. Cummings, by a court martial, for daring to assert his rights and those of the company, was A BASE AND COWARDLY EXERCISE OF USURPED AUTHORITY ON THE PART OF THE SAID JOHN W. GEARY—after he, the said GEARY, had SURREPTITIOUSLY and VILLAINOUSLY SUPPRESSED the order of the adjutant general of this State (issued by direction of Governor Shunk,) directing him to fill all vacancies in the 2d regiment of Pennsylvania Volunteers by election—taking advantage of his STOLEN authority to cover up his WORSE than BASE MOTIVES, and to injure the hard earned fame of a brave and gallant officer.

On motion of Peter A. Johns, it was

Resolved, That all the harm we wish Col. GEARY is, THAT HIS DISGRACE MAY FOLLOW HIM THROUGH ALL THE LANES AND AVENUES OF LIFE, AND THAT HE MAY NEVER DIE OR GET OLD.

THE GENERALS OF THE WAR.

In his letter to the recent Johnson meeting in Brooklyn, Major Gen. Dix said:

"I am of opinion that it is both politic and just to bring back into the Union as speedily as possible, the great body of the Southern people who were forced or deluded into a treasonable resistance to the authority of the Government."

In his letter to the St. Louis meeting, held to rejoice over the proclamation of peace, Major General Frank P. Blair said:

"Those who have suffered nothing and done nothing, but who, on the contrary, have made the war an occasion for profit and a means for personal advancement—staying at home and making loud professions of loyalty—these are the greatest and only obstacles to the perfect restoration and maintenance of peace."

☞This is the latest Prenticianna:—"Sir, did you ever see a dead duck?" "Yes, an 'Occasional' one."

A BUNDLE OF ALL SORTS.

— Woman—an essay on grace in one volume, elegantly bound.

— Keep the eyes wide open before marriage and half shut afterwards.

— A canter will give you ruddy cheeks; a decanter a ruddy nose.

— When is a man thinner than a lath? When he's a shavin'.

— Death comes to a good man to relieve him; it comes to a bad one to relieve society.

— It has been asked, when rain falls does it ever get up again? Of course it does, in dew time.

— A Yankee has just taught ducks to swim in hot water with such success that they lay boiled eggs.

— When a man is saddled with a bad wife there are sure to be stir-ups in the family.

— Why is a dog lying with his nose to his tail, an emblem of economy? Because he makes both ends meet.

— What is the difference between Charon's boat and an old hen? One is a foul old wherry; the other, a werry old fowl.

— "Toby, what did the Israelites do when they crossed the Red Sea?" "I don't know, ma'am, but I guess they dried themselves."

— Mrs. Jones declares that the only way a traveller can avoid being in railroad collisions, now-a-days, is to take the other train.

— A charity scholar under examination on the Psalms, being asked "What is the pestilence that walketh in darkness?" replied, "Please, sir, bed bugs."

— The winning post to the race of life is a slab of white or grey stone, standing out from that turf where there is no more jockeying.

— A fashionable young lady detaching her hair before retiring: "What dreams may come when we have shuffled off this mortal *coil!*"

— An exchange, describing a celebration, says, "The procession was very fine and nearly two miles in length, as was also the prayer of Dr. Perry, the chaplain."

— "I am glad this coffee don't owe me anything," said a book-keeper to his wife the other morning at breakfast. "Why?" was the response. "Because I don't believe it would ever settle."

— A Doctor gave a prescription to a lady a few days ago as follows:—"A new bonnet, a Cashmere shawl, and a pair of gaiter boots." The lady recovered immediately.

— Never look at the girls. They can't bear it; they regard it as an insult. They wear their feathers, furbelows, and frills merely to gratify their mammas, that's all.

— A young lady remarked that she could not understand what her brother George saw in the girls, that he liked them so well; and that for her part, she would not give the company of one young man for that of twenty girls.

— A true woman can always find something to take hold of. Her love is like a wild flower that will grow in the crevices of the roughest rocks, and even there send down a root that the wind cannot dislodge, nor the drought wither.

— "Pap, I planted some potatoes in our garden," said one of the smart youths of this generation to his father, "and what do you suppose came up?" "Why, potatoes, of course." "No sir! There came up a drove of hogs and ate them all." The "old man" gave in.

— Thackery tells of an Irish woman begging alms of him who, when she saw him put his hand in his pocket cried out, "May the blessing of God follow you all your life," but when he pulled out his snuff box, immediately added—"and never overtake ye."

— "Guilty or not guilty?" sharply said a city judge, the other day, to an inattentive female prisoner in the dock. "Just as your honor pleases. It's not for the like o' me to dictate to your honor's worship," was the reply.

— It is said to be dangerous to be working with a sewing machine near a window when there is a thunder storm. It is also dangerous to be sitting near some sewing machines when there is no thunder storm.

— A boy fills his pipe, and he sees only the tobacco; but I see going into that pipe, brains, books, time, health, money, prospects. The pipe is filled at last, and a light is struck; and things which are priceless are carelessly puffed away in smoke.

The Democracy—The Only Union Party.—The division of the Democratic party was the disruption of the Union. The restoration of the Union will follow that of the Democracy, for the Democracy are the people, and their union is *the* Union. The Democratic party has no boundaries but the extremest confines of the Republic; no rivers sever it, no mountain chains divide it, no States limit it. The Canadas, the Gulf, and the two oceans are its only circumvallations. A man cannot be half honest or half patriotic. He whose patriotism extends over only one-half of the country, and stops at the Potomac or the Ohio, is at heart a disunionist; and he who hates half of its population, is an enemy, if not a traitor, to the entire Union.

The Guillotine at Work.—In Wisconsin, sweeping decapitation is the order of the day, Postmasters and United States Marshalls being sent adrift and others put in their places. Senator Doolittle and Assistant Postmaster General Randall have the control of the patronage. In Minnesota the same policy is pursued, and the same sort of men are appointed under the supervision of Senator Norton. In Missouri, "change" is the order of the day. In Kansas, some postoffice changes have been made, but in the main the leading officials support the President. In Pennsylvania the work is going forward systematically. In the Pittsburg and Philadelphia districts, represented by Judge Kelly and Governor Morehead, the principal office-holders have all been removed.

☞The Radical papers, by way of casting odium upon the President's late appointment of a gentleman named Wade Hampton as Postmaster of Pittsburg, in place of Mr. Von Bonhorst, removed, started the story that he is a near relative of the Rebel General of the same name. This is a falsehood, although we do not see that it would disqualify him for the office, even if he was so related. The Pittsburg *Post* says Mr. Hampton is no relation to the late Rebel General, and has no sympathy with secession or rebellion. His brother, Capt. Robert Hampton, of Hampton's Battery, fought on the Union side, and lost his life at Chancellorsville.

☞The Ledger's N. Y. correspondent says it does not seem that the great "Head Centre" Stephens, who arrived in that city last week, can do much, after all, to heal the rupture in the Fenian ranks. The malady looks as if it was beyond cure. The investigation of O'Mahony's accounts, which is now going on under Mr. Stephens' eye, disclosed a very bad state of affairs. Of all the money contributed, only $500 remain. The rest seems to have been swallowed up in salaries and extravagances of which outsiders never dreamed. The *Intelligencer* long ago warned all its Irish readers not to fool away their money by sending it to O'Mahony. We now warn them against sending it to Stephens.

☞Tom Marshall, of Pittsburg, who was a member of the Convention that nominated Geary, says the General is a warm endorser of Thad. Stevens' course in Congress. What that has been may be easily understood from the following quotation from one of Stevens' speeches:

"This Union never shall, with my consent, be restored under the Constitution as it is."