Cambria Freeman.

EBENSBURG, CAMBRIA CO., PA.,

FRIDAY. - - - - - MARCH 12, 1897.

OF the appointments sent to the senate by President Cleveland, shortly before his term expired, 128 have failed of confirmation.

THE colored divine who furnished the Bible upon which President McKinley took the oath of office has filed an early application for office. Politics manages to slip into every profession.

IT has not as yet been determined by Chairman Dingley and his Republican associates of the late ways and means committee just how much protection the sugar trust is to have in the tariff adjustment:. But this is a matter on which the committee will have to reckon with the senate, in which body the trust has many friends. There is not the least doubt, however, that between the senate and the house the sugar trust will receive ample protection and care.

A WASHINGTON dispatch says: All of the officers of the new cabinet have indicated a purpose to go very slowly in the change of personnel in their departments. This not very cheerfnl news to office seekers has been communicated directly to many of the aspirants who have been unable to repress their ambition, and to add to their discomfort it is intimidated in some quarters that there are to be a very few changes in office, save where the incumbent insists upon immediate retirement, for some time to come.

THE London Daily *Chronicle* publishes a dispatch from Athens saying that Greece has 60,000 troops on the frontier, and that the Turkish and Greek outposts are very close in places. For instance at Arta the Turks hold one end of a bridge and the Greeks the other. A Greek general recently while inspecting the frontier was captured by the Ottoman patrol, but was eventually rescued by the troops. The situation on the frontier, the dispatch says, is a dangerous one, and little would be required to set the country ablaze.

THE Pennsylvania legislature has been in session nine weeks, and as yet not a single bill has been sent to the governor for his approval. The senate has passed finally 48 bills and the house 25. The governor has signed a number of resolutions and vetoed two, one being a Cuban resolution, which he vetoed because he had signed a similar one. The other veto was the resolution that the new capitol should be built strictly of Pennsylvania material and by Pennsylvania labor. It is always remarked that the legislature in session is the most inefficient and lazy we have ever had. There is a powerful sight of truth in the ancient chestnut as applied to the existing body of lawmakers.

A WASHINGTON dispatch says: Postmaster-General Gary has not yet announced his policy regarding either presidential or fourth-class postmasters. Before he comes to a definite decision as to whether postmasters will be allowed to serve out their terms he will have a consultation with the president. As all presidential postmasters are commissioned for four years, little doubt is entertained at the department that they will be allowed to serve out their terms save in exceptional cases, where circumstances may warrant early changes. Fourth-class postmasters are not commissioned for four years, but are appointed to serve at the pleasure of the postmaster-general. It is not probable that the changes will begin until a new fourth assistant is appointed, at an early day.

AFTER stating, says the Harrisburg *Patriot*, that the appropriations of the Fifty-fourth congress are $1,043,437,018, Chairman Cannon, of the appropriations committee, says, "the appropriations are, in my judgment, in excess of the legitimate demands of the public service." Mr. Sayres, of the minority of the same committee, makes the total appropriations of this congress $54,197,-812 in excess of the Fifty-third congress; $16,632,470 over the Fifty-second congress, and $7,757,908 in excess of the Ffty-first congress.

It was the Fifty-first congress that began the "Billion Dollar Country" style of extravagance in appropriation, partly to get rid of the surplus in the treasury which had for a long time been a heavy argument against high tariff. Anything and everything that asked money got it and pensions were given a new boom. These extravagances not only cleaned out the treasury but, with other extravagances, saddled the Democratic congress with fixed charges which could not be reduced nor left unpaid. Mr. Cannon, in his remarks on the appropriations, endeavors to add to the Democratic figures he quotes in various ways, but he says nothing about expenditures compelled by previous Republican legislation.

The Republican congress has gone to utmost limit in spending the people's money and is floundering about for excuses. A billion dollars is an outrageous sum of money to be spent by one congress in an endeavor to show that a certain tariff law does not produce desired revenue. It is shameful extravagance for a more shameful purpose. with all the fixed charges created by a Republican predecessor the Democratic congress showed how economy was practical and it practiced economy. There was nothing to prevent the Fifty-fourth congress doing the same thing, that is nothing which a patriotic congress would find preventive. But the Fifty-fourth had something beside economy in view. There is a high tariff bill to be passed and the necessity for it must be made somewhat apparent. The people are being robbed to glut the rapacity of the Republican machine.

NOTWITHSTANDING the fact that libel suits have been brought against Rev. Dr. Swallow, of Harrisburg, editor of the *Pennsylvania Methodist*, by certain state officials, there is much uneasiness in official circles over the outcome. There is a growing fear that Dr. Swallow knows more than has been generally anticipated. It is rumored that private detectives had been quietly at work for some time and that Dr. Swallow only formulated and made public his allegations after he felt confident of his position and in expectation of actions for libel. Instead of recanting or showing a disposition to modify his charges, Dr. Swallow has practically repeated them as strongly, if not stronger, than before in an open letter to Governor Hastings, published last week.

Dr. Swallows' allegations,, which he said he was ready to substantiate by evidence, and which the actions for libel will require him to do, if he can, are in substance as follows: That persons have been paid money out of the state treasury who rendered no service to the state: that persons who did render service were asked to sign receipts for two, three and four times as much money as they received; that new metal furnishings have been paid for by the state and the old furnishings cleaned and made to personate the new ones; that articles furnished the soldiers' orphan schools cost the state eight fold more than reliable bidders asked; that repairs, changes and alterations in the capitol buildings, grounds, executive mansion and Grace Church (where the legislature now meets) cost the state many thousands of dollars more than they should have done, and that the money did not go to the persons furnishing the materials and labor; that there "is convincing evidence of criminal carelessness and neglect on the part of state house custodians, and, presumptive evidence of criminal intent" in the destruction by fire of the state capitol building; that valuable furniture and furnishings bought for the state are now in use in private homes without any compensation for the same having come to the state.

ON Saturday President McKinley issued a proclamation calling congress in extra session on Monday March 15th. The proclamation is as follows:

"Whereas, public interest require that the congress of the United States should be convened in extra session at 12 o'clock on the 15th day of March, 1897, to receive such communication as may be made by the executive.

"Now, therefore, I, William McKinley, president of the United States of America, do hereby proclaim and declare that an extraordinary occasion requires the congress of the United States to convene in extra session at the capitol in the city of Washington on the 15th day of March, 1897, at 12 o'clock noon, of which all persons who shall at that time be entitled to act as members thereof are hereby required to take notice.

"Given under my hand and the seal of the United States at Washington on the 6th day of March, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven, and of the independence of the United States the one hundred and twenty-first.

THE crop report of the department of agriculture, based on returns from three independent sets of regular correspondents, added to several thousands from mills and elevators, all carefully combined and weighed, relates principally to the distribution of principal grains. The stocks remaining on farms and the proportion of merchantable and unmerchantable grain in the hands of farmers, including amounts remaining over from previous years, are included in the estimates given.

The corn on hand is estimated aggregating 1,64,000,000 bushels against 1,-072,000,000 in March, 1896. Both the proportion and the quantity in original hands at this date are unprecedented, although closely approached last year and in March, 1890. The wheat reserves in farmers' hands amount to 20 6 per cent. of the crop or 88,000,000 bushels against 123,000,000 bushels last year. Of this amount 3 per cent, is reported as coming over from previous crops. Of oats there are 313,000,000 bushels or 44.2 per cent. of the 1896 crop yet in farmers' hands.

THE house of representatives passed without amendment and with only 20 minutes to each side for "debate" the sundry civil appropriation bill, carrying $50,644,743.

Fifty millions in 40 minutes!

But extravagance is not the worst feature of the bill. It is loaded down with jobbery. Every public building and river and harbor grab that the committee dared to adopt—including more than $7,000,000 for states represented by members of the committee—was put into this bill. It was openly asserted upon the floor, and by a Republican member, that these items were tacked on to a general appropriation bill in order to avoid a veto.

Some time this country will have a president possessed of sufficient courage to veto every general appropriation bill that comes to him freighted with log rolled schemes of jobbery and plunder. Until then, apparently, the people must put up with billion dollar appropriations in the face of a $50,000,000 deficiency.

SINCE President William McKinley has unpacked his grip-sack in the white house at Washington, wage reductions in Pittsburg and its vicinity have been announced as follows:

National tube works, McKeesport, employing 5,000 men. Pennsylvania tube works. Pittsburg, employing 1,000 men. Standard manufacturing company. Allegheny, employing 500 men. Keystone rolling mill, Pittsburg, employing 300 men. The reductions average 10 per cent.

Washington Letter.

Washington, February 5th, 1897.—The inauguration of the millionaire's president was pulled off in a manner gorgeous enough to be in keeping with cost of electing him, which is said to have exceeded $16,000,000. Everything was conducted on the most lavish scale, from the personal escort from Cleveland, Ohio, with their black horses, for which $10,000 was spent, to the ten thousand electric lights of variegated colors used in illuminating the costly decorations for the inaugural ball in the big court of the Pension building. It was a millionaire's event from start to finish, and the talk of the millionaire's agent, otherwise known as King Hanna, indicates that it is to be a millionaire' administration, notwithstanding the platitudes of McKinley's inaugural address Never before were there so many private railway cars in Washington at one time and never before was so much money spent at and upon an inauguration. It is very evident that the millionaire's expect McKinley's administration to bring them prosperity, whatever it may do for the poor. When they invest their money they always expect, and they usually get, return in dollars and cents.

Hon. Wm. J. Bryan, who spent two days in Washington this week, divided his time between conferences with leading Democrats and social intercourse with his extensive circle of personal friends, but declined to remain for the inauguration of his successful rival, said to those who proffered him their support for 1900 that he was not thinking so much about the next presidential campaign as about the condition of the people, between now and then. He also expressed his sincere regret that the promises "McKinley Prosperity" had not come to the country. It is a remarkable fact about Mr. Bryan that his hold upon Democrats has increased since his defeat, instead of diminishing, as is usual in the case of defeated caudidates of all parties.

The silver men are not surprised at the failure of the Fifty-fourth Congress to admit Arizona, New Mexico and Oklahoma as states, and they expect no better from the Ffty-fifth Congress, as the edict has gone forth from the Republican bosses that none of the territories shall be admitted, because it is known that they would all send silver senators. But the silver men expect to control the house that will be elected in November1898, and as they will certainly retain control of the senate, to have the territories all admitted to statehood before the opening of the campaign of 1900.

Ex-Postmaster General Wilson left the fraud charges again St. John Wedderburn & Co. and the National *Recorder*, their paper, which were filed with the post-office department a few days ago by fifty-five of Washington's leading patent lawyers, to be acted upon by his successor. The head of the firm of Wedderburn & Co., is the man who started the Examiner Claims Bureau and the Press Claims Co., both of which, during their existence, had extensive dealings with newspaper publishers and figured in suits in court.

Senator Teller thus stated his opinion of the relations of Mr. McKinley toward the monetary conference bill, which passed with the house amendments: "If the new president has any sympathy for an international agreement, it must be judged from his votes in the house, and not from anything he has said since his nomination, for, excepting the prefunctory acceptance of platform, his every utterance has indicated that he has gone over to the gold standard, and will remain there."

Senator Tillman was the central figure in the most dramatic incident of the closing week of congress. He charged in impassioned tones that the two corporations which have a monopoly of making armor plate for the government have agents in the senate and when Senator Hawley, of Conn., protested against the charge he repeated it, and intignated very plainly that Hawley was one of the agents. There was a time when such a charge would have resulted in trouble outside of the senate chamber, but senators no longer fight with any other weapons than their tongues.

Mr, Cleveland vetoed the immigration bill, on the ground that it was a departure from our national policy that would impose hardships upon deserving people. The house passed it over the veto, but the senate did not try.

It is noteworthy that the harshest criticisms of the manifiest weakness, both from a business and political point of view, of the men in McKinley's cabinet, have come from those who are classed as Republican leaders. Of course this criticism is as yet only privately expressed, but it indicates that unless McKinley walk the chalk line he will soon find himself confronted by formidable Republican opposition.

Mr. McKinley's little bluff about not taking up the question of appointments for a month or so, intended to keep some of the office seekers away from Washington, did not work worth a cent They have turned up in swarms and are making things lively for King Hanna as well as for Mr. McKinley. The only prosperity they see ahead lies in the public trough. M.

Decapitated by a Car.

Pittsburg, Pa., March 8.—J. D. Burton, a collector for the Gebble Publishing House, of Philadelphia, was decapitated in front of his residence, 4727 Liberty avenue, by a Consolidated trolley car to day. One car was coming toward the city and another was going toward Wilkinsburg, when Burton attempted to pass in front of the cars. He was struck by one and knocked under that on the other track.

Burton's wife is sick, and her friends are afraid to make known to her the tragic death of her husband, fearing the shock may kill her.

A School Teacher's Suicide.

Reading Pa., March 9.—Miss Isabella Fulton, 38 years old, a Chicago school teacher, who came to this city a few days ago to visit her sister. a Reading school teacher, committed suicide yesterday by throwing herself in front of a train on the Pennsylvania railroad. Her body was frightfully mangled, her left hand being cut off at the wrist and her lungs torn out. Miss Fulton bad been suffering with nervous prostration for some time, and came to this city to recuperate.

Arrangements Made by Carnegie.

Harrisburg, March 10.—An apparently authetic report is in circulation to the effect that Carnegie has entered into an agreement with the Pennsylvania Stell company with soft steel billets a dollar a ton less than it costs to make the same at Steelton, and that in consideration of this all Carnegie rails for water shipnent are to be rolled by the Pennsslvania Steel company plant at Sparrow's Point, Md., A $20,000 order for rails will be transferred from Steelton to Sparrow" Point.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

Only the Reporters Were Scared.

Washington March 4.—Just as the carriage containing Mr. Cleveland and Major McKinley, as they were on their way to the capitol, turned the corner of Fifteenth street into Pennsylvania avenue, at the southeastern end of the treasury building a halt occurred, and while it lasted one of the four spirited horses that drew the white house victoria, quivering with excitement at the music and the shouts, slipped on the asphalt and fell in a heap after an exciting performance on his hind legs This tended to excite the other beasts and for a minute or two the mishap gave evidence of serious results. Half a dozen policemen and aids rushed to the assistance of the fallen animal and helped him to his feet, while other caught the bridles of the remaining three to keep mettlesome beasts from running away Coachman Beckett wrapped the reins around his gloved hand and sat cool and collected on his seat, while the active brewer leaped from the footman's perch to lend assistance to the policemen and the rest. President Cleveland and the president-elect were laughing together at the time, neither appeared in the least startled and continued their conversation when the fallen wheel horse had regained his feet.

Father's Futile Heroism.

Millville, N. J., March 7.—The little village of Bivalve is in mourning to day over the shocking death of a 4 year-old daughter of Elihu Reed and the destruction of his home by fire last night. Mr Reed's three children were playing around a table when accidentally knocked over a lamp Within a minute the whole building was in flames. The father was lying on a sofa and quickly jumping up he carried two of the children to the yard, but when he rushed back for little Bertha the whole building was crackling and the little child, whose screams could be heard, perished in the fire. When she screamed "Papa," Reed, with a burned face and hands, rushed in the burning building, but by the quick assistance of neighbors he, too, was saved. Wringing their hands, father and mother nearly went wild with grief. Little Bertha was one of the favorite children in the village and was considered very bright for her age. The blackened bones of the little one were found in the ruins this morning.

Uncle Sam Outwitted

Carabelle, Fla., March 8.—It is learned to-night on good authority that the Cubans got ahead of Uncle Sam after all and that a big load of arms and ammunition escaped the watchful eyes of the cruisers, getting off under their very noses. The story is that a vessel was loaded with baled cotton, the arms being concealed in some of the bales, which were hollow, and under them. The vessel was stopped in the gulf by a cruiser, but the cargo was so innocent looking she was allowed to proceed.

It is is said that over 1,000 rifles, 750 sabres or machetes, 100,000 rounds ammunition, six cans of dynamite and a large supply of medicines were in the cargo. Cubans here are laughing heartily over the joke played on Uncle Sam, but they will not give any further details nor allow name of vessel to be used.

Wild Man Arrested.

Cumberland. Md., March 7.—Reuben Whitmore, a wild man, has been arrested in Rocky Rrdge mountain, some miles east of this city, where he was found living in a dilapidated shanty, with a dozen or more chickens as his companions. On several occasions he has frightened people almost to death.

He had an old blanket, torn in shreds wrapped about his person, while his hair hung down his back in matted locks at least two feet long. He was known as "Buffalo Bill," and was once a respected citizen. He has some property coming to him through the death of a relative, and a jury will be empaneled and an effort made to send him to some public institution.

Indian Witches Killed.

Guthrie, Okla., March 7.—Lucy Factor, accused of witchcraft, has been murdered at Stonewall, I. T. several days ago. Mrs. Mary Gilchrist, daughter of Julian Collins, of that place, died. Witchcraft was given as the cause of death, and the Factor woman was named as the witch who had cast the evil spells.

Edward Gilchrist, husband of the dead woman, and a friend went to Lucy Factor's home and shot her to death. All the parties are Indians. Gilchrist and his companion were arrested by the tribal authorities, but were speedily released, not even being bound over for trial.

To Obliterate a Town.

Clinton, Mass., March 9.—Preparations for the unusual proceeding of obliterating an entire town are nearly completed by the Metropolitan water commissioner, to whom has been granted the athority to root out the town of Wesl Roylston, which lies in the midst of a tract of land to be vsed in the construction of the mammoth Nashua river basin, which is to supply the city of Boston and its suburbs with water. A railroad, several churches, cemeteries and factories, besides stores, residences and buildings of other descriptions will be either removed or torn down.

Pittsburg's Fattest Woman.

Pittsburg, Pa., March 9.—Mrs., Ruth Hollar, who weighed 400 pounds, died at her home in Allegheny, to-day, of fatty degeneration of the heart. Within the last three years Mrs. Holler had increased in weight from scarcely 100 pounds to over 400 pounds. During the past six months she has lived in the second-story of her home, being unable, on account of her enormous size, to get either up or down stairs. She was only about four feet five inches in height.

A Welcome Usher of '97.

The beginning of the new year will have a welcome usher in the shape of a fresh Almanac, descriptive of the origin, nature and uses of the national tonic and alternative, Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. Combined with the descriptive matter will be found calendar and astronomical calculations absolutely reliable for correctness, statistics, illustrations, verses carefully selected, and other mental food highly profitable and entertaining. On this pamphlet, published and printed annually by The Hostetter Company, of Pittsburg, 60 hands are employed in the mechanical department alone. Eleven months are devoted to its preparation. It is procurable free, of druggists and country dealers everywhere, and is printed in English, German, French, Spanish, Welsh, Norwegian, Holland, Swedish and Bohemian.

PROTEST FROM GREECE

The Powers Made a Consul Leave Crete.

RUSSIA COERCING THE NATION.

Fighting Between the Insurgents and Mussulmans Ceases—The Cretans Getting Out of Range of the War Vessels. Massacre Confirmed.

ATHENS, March 10.—The government has formally protested to the powers against the expulsion of the Greek consul from Crete.

The Turkish garrison has repulsed an attack on Hierapetra by 2,000 Christians, who occupied strategic points near the town.

The Greek torpedo flotilla, under the command of Prince George, has been

FATHER MALECOS.
A Noted Cretan Leader.

ordered to join the eastern squadron of the Greek fleet.

It is reported that the Turkish minister has asked to be recalled, as he fears his life is in danger.

Dr. Temple, archbishop of Canterbury, has sent a dispatch to The Metropolitan of Athens, in which he says that the Established Church of England is praying earnestly to Almighty God to give the Cretans liberty, justice and peace.

The reserves continue to arrive from the provinces and the greatest enthusiasm is dispayed.

LONDON, March 10.—The Athens correspondent of The Times understands that a Greek squadron is blockading several Turkish vessels in the Ambracian gulf.

The Athens correspondent of The Daily Chronicle says: The kernel of the situation is the fact, inexplicable to everybody here, that Russia is pursuing Greece with terrible vindictiveness.

It is stated in official circles that the renewal of fighting between the insurgents and the Turks in the island of Crete will compel the powers to immediately take measures to expel the Greeks from that island and to land foreign troops there.

CANEA, Island of Crete, March 10.—The Greek vice consul and his staff and all the Greek newspaper correspondents, in obedience to Admiral Canevaro, have embarked here for Greece.

The fighting between the insurgents and the cordon of Turkish troops drawn around Akrotiri has ceased, and the insurgents are now removing their camp with a view to avoiding a naval bombardment.

It has been ascertained by the foreign consuls at Candia that the report, formerly denied, of the massacre of 400 persons in villages in the Sitia district, is correct.

LEXOW'S REPORT ON TRUSTS.

A Line of Action Suggested—Immunity For Witnesses Wanted.

ALBANY, March 10.—The report of the joint committee on trusts, which held several sessions in New York city last month, has been submitted to the legislature. It notes the fact that a decision of Judge Swayne on the federal constitution forbids action on the part of an individual state to absolutely repress trusts, but the committee express the belief that the attorney general can, by bringing action before a supreme court judge, in some respects remedy existing evils. A bill, which accompanies the report, grants immunity for witnesses who incriminate themselves and gives the supreme court the subpœna power.

A bill may be introdued to stop the factor system as it is used by the sugar trust.

Senator McCarren files a minority report, exonerating the sugar trust and saying that the trust has made possible lower prices for that commodity.

THREE VICTIMS OF A FIRE.

Three Floors of a Flat Building Gutted In Brooklyn.

NEW YORK, March 10.—Three floors of a five-story flat building at Auburn and Canton street, Brooklyn, have been gutted by fire.

Mrs. Annie Duncan, on the fourth floor, jumped from a window with her infant.

In the descent the infant slipped from her grasp and fell into the gutter, being instantly killed. The mother struck a coping on the first floor and then fell to the street. Her skull was fractured and a leg and arm broken. She died afterward.

Charles Goddard, 40 years old, a consumptive, while trying to escape was overcome by the smoke and suffocated.

DEMOCRATIC HOUSE LEADER.

A Spirited Fight Going on For the Honor.

WASHINGTON, March 10.—There is quite a spirited contest going on among the house Democrats over the nomination for speaker in the Democratic caucus, because the position gives the successful man the leadership of the minority, a place on the committee on rules and possibly ways and means.

There is now a three-cornered fight for the place, McMillin and Richardson of Tennessee and Bailey of Texas being the candidates. It was also said that Bland of Missouri would be a candidate, but if he is the fact is not known by the Democratic leaders. The present outlook is that Bailey is in the lead.

—A mine cave-in under the town of Wyoming, Pa., wrecked a number of buildings.

—An explosion of gas in a Boston subway caused the death of 9 persons and the injury of a dozen more.

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Irish Dimities, white grounds with colored stripes or figures, 6 1-4c. to 12 1-2c.

Fine French Organdies, 25c., 30c., 35c

American Organdies, 12 1-2c., 15c., 20c., 25c.

New Etamines—open work effects—25c.—white grounds with colored stripes and checks—good enough weight to make up without linings—just the thing for children's nice dresses.

Tissues, Zephyrines, Gazines, 25c.—handsome new fabrics—light colors, navy blues and blacks, stripes and checks, splendid for shirt waists or entire gowns.

40 inch striped and figured Lawns, 10c, 12 1-2c, 15c. a yard.

New Wash Goods, 5c. to $1 25.

We're ready to show you as many more reasons as you want—samples and prices of New Suitings, 75c. to $3 50—American all-wool Dress Goods, 25c., 35c., 40c.—New Silks and Black Goods, or other piece goods.

Then when you do buy here, you'll know yourself it's because of a preference that benefits you and your pocketbook—and we'll know that we got your business by meriting it, as we're determined we shall.

Samples free, if you write.

BOGGS & BUHL,

Allegheny, Pa.

For Your Protection.—Catarrah "Cures" or Tonics for Catarrah in liquid form to be taken internally, usually contain either Mercury or Iodide of Potassa, or both, which are injurious if too long taken. Catarrah is a local, not a blood disease, caused by a sudden change to cold or damp weather. It starts in the nasal passages, affecting eyes, ears and throat. Cold in the head causes excessive flow of mucus, and if repeatedly neglected, the results of catarrah will follow; severe pain in the head, a roaring sound in the ears, bad breadth, and oftentimes an offensive discharge. The remedy should be quick to allay inflammation and heal the membrane. Ely's Cream Balm is the acknowleged cure for these troubles and contains no mercury nor any injurious drug. Price, 50 cents.

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Of merchants, farmers and others solicited, to whom reasonable accomodation will be extended.

Patrons are assured that all transactions shall be held as strictly private and confidential, and that they will be treated as liberally as good banking rules will permit.

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BUTCHERS,

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Is a special boon to business men who, having drifted unconsciously into the drink habit and awaken to find the disease of alcoholism fastened upon them, rendering them unfit to manage affairs requiring a clear brain. A four weeks course of treatment at the

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restores to them all their powers, mental and physical, destroys the abnormal appetite, and restores them to the condition they were in before they indulged in stimulants. This has been done in more than 1600 cases treated here, and among them some of your own neighbors, to whom we can refer with confidence as to the absolute safety and efficiency of the Keeley Cure. The fullest and most searching investigation is invited. Send for pamphlet giving full information.

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we are now prepared to turn out FIRST-CLASS WORK on Short Notice. Soliciting a portion of your patronage, I remain

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PROPRIETOR.

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Cambria County people who have been dealing with us in the past will find the same reliable goods that we have always been selling and at the lowest prices to be found in the city.

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If your horse casts a shoe, you get a horse shoer to reset it.
If you need a perplexing legal question solved, you go to a lawyer.
If you fall ill you have a Doctor to tell you what to take.

It is their Experience and Skill You Pay For.

Then why make an exception in the purchase of your Drugs? If you have a family recipe or a prescription to fill, Spices, Flavoring Extracts, Drugs, Patent Medicines, or anything to purchase that a store devoted to Drugs may keep, let folly go confound quality with quantity and get an inferior article.

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