

It is believed the National Silver party and the Populists, to meet in national convention, next week, at St. Louis, will endorse Wm J. Bryan for president.

The Republican Bimetallist League, of Omaha, Neb., embracing a large membership, has issued an address bolting the Republican gold standard platform and presidential candidate.

All hope of ever finding the 58 miners alive, who were entombed in the Twin Shaft, at Pittston, Pa., on June 28, has been abandoned. The effort to recover their bodies, however is being pushed as rapidly as possible.

An appalling railroad accident occurred Sunday evening at Logan, Iowa, on the Chicago and Northwestern road, 35 miles east of Omaha, whereby 31 persons were killed and 38 injured. The passenger train of fifteen coaches was run into by a fast freight and all of the coaches of the passenger train were dented. The conductor of the freight claims to have had the right of way.

The gavel used by Chairman Harrity at Chicago was presented by Ossian Guthrie, of Chicago, and was made from oak timber taken from old Fort Dearborn. The block house from which timber was taken survived the great Chicago fire, and was purchased by Mr. Guthrie and other philanthropic citizens and re-erected in South Park, Chicago, as a reminder of the city's frontier days.

A PASSENGER train on the Lehigh Valley railroad, between White Haven and Hazleton, Pa., ran into a cove on Monday afternoon, and the engine and three cars toppled over the edge of a high embankment. Engineer William Doude received injuries from which he died shortly afterwards. Barney Mooney, the fireman, was seriously injured, and more than a score of passengers were badly hurt. Several of these will die.

SENATORS HILL, Murphy, Gorman, Rice and Smith will support Bryan and Sewall and Tammany will be in line for the success of the Democracy the same as it has always been during its long career. All of the gentlemen mentioned, as well as the Tammanys, rightfully believe that the success of the Democratic ticket is the best thing for the country now and is preferable to the election of McKinley and Hobart and a return to the policy of protection.

SENATOR JONES, of Arkansas, who was elected chairman of the Democratic national executive committee, left Chicago for Washington on Monday, and will announce from there the executive committee of the national committee, which will have charge of the campaign. The time and place for the formal notification of the Democratic presidential and vice presidential candidates has not yet been determined, but will be in a few days. It is stated that personally Mr. Bryan prefers New York city, and it is probably in the second week in August.

The Democratic national convention which met at Chicago last week, on Thursday, adopted a platform favoring free silver at 16 to 1, on Friday nominated William Jennings Bryan, of Nebraska, as its candidate for president, and on Saturday nominated Arthur Sewall, of Maine, for Vice President. It is well known to the readers of the FREEMAN that the financial plank is not what we could have wished for. As a Democrat, however, we bow, for the time being, to the will of the majority and accept the candidates of the Democratic convention. In an other portion of our paper will be found the full text of the Democratic platform.

In Minnesota over one hundred Republican weekly newspapers and several dailies have bolted their party. Only a few days ago many of the leading Republicans of that state including Congressman Charles A. Towne, of Duluth, whose speech in congress last winter electrified the whole country; the Hon. John Lind, ex-congressman from the Second District, the Hon. Frank A. Day, Lieutenant governor; the Hon. Frank M. Nye, the late Bill Nye's brother, and hundreds of others leading Republicans, including many state senators and members of the legislature joined in signing a manifesto renouncing all allegiance to the Republican party. Such defections in Republican strongholds will certainly result in the defeat of the Republican national ticket.

The Republican newspapers are now publishing columns of stuff relative to what McKinley will do for the business interests in this country if elected, all of which is mere rot, and will catch none but the most gullible. Even should McKinley be elected he will be the merest figurehead. Neither he nor his party will be able to bring about the enactment of a single law without the concurrence of the United States senate, which body they are to control, neither will they be able to control it for some years to come. When congress reconvenes, next December, the senate will contain thirty-nine Democrats thirty-nine Republicans eleven Populists and unattached silver men. Any change from these figures will be in the direction of a reduction of a Republican and an increase in the silver strength, for it is probable that those senators from the silver mining states who refused to bolt at St. Louis, such as Brown, of Utah, and Carter and Mantle, of Montana, will be forced by their constituents to follow the lead of Teller. Republican control of the senate therefore, is a thing of the past.

It has been said that Wm. Jennings Bryan, of Nebraska, "won fame in an hour" by his address on the tariff in congress in March, 1892, but his race for fame began 12 years prior to that date, for he was a student of political economy at a very early age and was on the stump before he was old enough to vote.

Wm Jennings Bryan was born in Salem, Marion county, Illinois, March 19, 1856. In 1877 he entered Illinois college, and graduated as valedictorian in 1881. For the next two years he attended the Union Law college, Chicago, studying in the office of Lyman Trumbull. After graduation he began practice at Jacksonville.

In 1887 he removed to Lincoln, Nebraska, and became a member of the law firm of Talbot & Bryan. He was elected to congress in the First Nebraska district in 1890 over W. J. Connell, of Omaha, and was re-elected in 1892 over Allen W. Field, of Lincoln. In these successful campaigns Mr. Bryan won national fame as an orator. In 1894 Mr. Bryan declined a third nomination, and was nominated by the Democratic state convention for United States senator by the unanimous vote of the convention. The Republicans, however, had a majority in the legislature, and Bryan was defeated.

He first appeared in the political arena of Nebraska in the campaign of 1888 when he stumped the first district for J. Sterling Morton, nominee for congress. The same year he declined a nomination for lieutenant governor.

Mr. Bryan lives well in a commodious dwelling in a fashionable part of Lincoln. His family consists of Mrs. Bryan; Ruth, aged 11; Wm J. jr., aged 6, and Grace, aged 5.

Mr. Bryan is a smooth faced, clean cut, handsome man, a fine speaker and a ready debater. In appearance he resembles the great Pennsylvania commoner, Samuel J. Randall. He is an ardent social reformer.

Mrs. Bryan has also been admitted to the bar and she is in more senses than hers usually a helpmeet to her husband.

Arthur Sewall, the Democratic nominee for vice president, was born in Bath, Me., his present place of residence, on November 25, 1835. He is at present the senior member of the extensive shipbuilding firm of Arthur Sewall & Co. Mr. Sewall was, for a number of years, president of the Maine Central railway, and the Portland, Mt. Desert & Machias steam boat company. He is a director in several other railroad lines and president of a national bank. In brief, Mr. Sewall is one of the most prominent business men in New England. He springs from a pioneer family of Maine. For some years he has been an advocate of free coinage. He has been the Maine member of the Democratic national committee continuously since 1884.

Below we give the result of the several ballots for president at the Chicago Democratic national convention. After the adoption of the platform declaring in favor of free silver a number of delegates from sound money states declined to vote and refused to take part in the convention. These are represented by the number set down as not voting.

First Ballot.—Bland, 233; Bryan, 105; Pattison 95; Boies 86; Blackburn, 88; McLean, 54; Matthews, 37; Tillman 17; Penoyer 10; Teller 8; Russell 2; Stevenson, 2; Campbell, 2; Hill, 1. Not voting 185.

Second Ballot.—Bland, 281; Bryan 197; Pattison, 100; McLean, 53; Blackburn, 41; Boies 37; Matthews 34; Stevenson, 10; Penoyer, 8; Teller, 8; Hill, 1. Not voting, 160.

Third Ballot.—Bland, 291; Bryan 219; Pattison, 97; McLean 54; Boies, 36; Matthews, 34; Blackburn, 27; Stevenson, 9; Hill, 1. Not voting, 162.

Fourth Ballot.—Bryan, 280; Bland, 241; Pattison, 96; McLean, 46; Matthews, 36; Boies, 33; Blackburn 27; Stevenson, 8; Hill, 1. Not voting 162.

On the fifth ballot there was a tie between Bryan and Bland. The names of McLean of Ohio, Bland of Missouri, and Boies of Iowa, were withdrawn and the nomination went to Bryan unanimously.

The nomination for Vice President was made on Saturday and it went to Arthur Sewall, of Maine. The following is the result of the balloting on Vice President.

First Ballot.—Sibley, 163; McLean, 111; Sewall, 100; Williams of Massachusetts, 76; Bland, 62; Clark, 50; Williams of Illinois, 22; Blackburn, 20; Boies 20; Harty, 19; Lewis, 11; Daniel, 11; Pattison, 2; White, 1; Teller, 1; Fithian, 1; not voting, 260.

Second Ballot.—Bland, 238; McLean, 164; Sibley, 113; Sewall, 37; Clark, 22; Harty, 21; Williams of Massachusetts, 16; Williams of Illinois, 13; Pattison, 1; not voting, 255.

Third Ballot.—Bland, 255; McLean, 210; Sewall, 97; Sibley 50; Clark, 22; Harty 19; Williams of Massachusetts, 15; Daniel, 6; Pattison, 1; not voting, 225.

Fourth Ballot.—McLean, 298; Sewall, 261; Daniel, 54; Clark, 46; Harty, 11; Williams of Massachusetts, 9; Pattison, 1; absent or not voting, 250.

Fifth Ballot.—Sewall, 514; McLean, 78; scattering, 103; not voting, 235.

SENATOR JONES, of Arkansas, expresses the enthusiastic belief that the Chicago ticket will win in November. He says: "The convention has declared for free silver and a tariff for revenue only, and there is no question of our victory. By adopting a sixteen to one platform we absorb the Populist party and will carry all of their states, I think, except possibly Kansas, which has a tendency to break into the Republican column again. However, this has never been counted as a Populist state, and with the bolting Republican states in the West, which have never been tallied as Democratic, I cannot for the life of me see where we have anything to fear from McKinley and Hobart."

The Platform.

The following is the full text of the Democratic platform agreed upon by the committee on resolutions by a vote of 23 to 15 and adopted finally by the convention.

We, the Democrats of the United States, in national convention assembled, do re-affirm our allegiance to those great essential principles of justice and liberty upon which our institutions are founded, and which the Democratic party has always and justly maintained from Jefferson's time to our own—freedom of speech, freedom of the press, freedom of conscience, the preservation of personal rights, the equality of all citizens before the law, and the strict observance of the national limitations.

During all these years the Democratic party has resented the tendency of selfish interests to the centralization of governmental power, and steadily maintained the policy of the decentralization of government established by the founders of the republic of republics. Under their guidance and teachings the great principle of local self government has found its best expression in the maintenance of the rights of the states and in the general government of confining the exercise of the powers granted by the constitution of the United States.

Recognizing that the money question is paramount to all others at this time, we invite attention to the fact that the federal constitution names silver and gold together as the money of the United States, and that the first coinage law passed by congress under the constitution made the silver dollar the monetary unit and admitted gold to free coinage at a ratio based upon the silver dollar unit.

We declare that the act of 1873, de-monetizing silver without the knowledge or approval of the American people, has resulted in the appreciation of gold and a corresponding fall in the price of commodities produced by the people; a heavy increase in the burden of taxation and of all debts, public and private; the enrichment of the money lending class at home and abroad; the prostration of industry and impoverishment of the people.

We are unalterably opposed to monometallism which has locked fast the property of the American people in the paralysis of hard times. Gold monometallism is a British policy, and its adoption has brought other nations into financial servitude to London. It is not only anti-American, but anti-American, and it can be fastened on the United States only by the stifling of that spirit of love of liberty which proclaimed our political independence in 1776 and won it in the war of the revolution.

WE DEMAND THE REDEMPTION OF THE SILVER COINAGE DEMAND. We demand that the United States coinage of both gold and silver at the present legal ratio of sixteen to one, without waiting for the aid or consent of any other nation. We demand that the standard silver dollar shall be the legal tender equally valid for all debts, public and private, and we favor such legislation as will prevent for the future the demonetization of any kind of legal tender money by private contract.

We are opposed to the policy and practice of surrendering to the holders of the obligations of the United States the option reserved by law to the government of redeeming such obligations in either silver coin or gold coin.

We are opposed to the issuing of interest bearing bonds of the United States in time of peace, and condemn the trafficking with banking syndicates, which, in exchange for bonds and at an enormous profit to themselves, supply the means for the transportation of water.

When any water works of the public are of sufficient importance to demand aid of the government, such aid should be extended upon a definite plan of continuous work until permanent improvement is secured.

Confiding in the justice of our cause and the necessity of its success at the polls we submit the foregoing declaration of principles and purposes to the considerate judgment of the American people. We favor the support of all citizens who approve them and who desire to have them made effective through legislation for the relief of the people and the restoration of the country's prosperity.

The Mystery of a Railroad Train.

Washington, July 13.—Harry J. Pocock, for many years register of St. Louis, died suddenly Saturday night on a train in Ohio, between Athens and Parkersburg. His remains were left at the latter city. Mr. Pocock retired apparently in good health. About 11 o'clock deputy United States commissioner at Parkersburg was awakened by an agonizing shriek from the upper berth occupied by Pocock. The latter tumbled from his berth into the aisle and died soon after. The lower part of the berth occupied by Pocock contained two women, who were seen in the act of tampering with the dead man's clothes. They claimed to be relatives of Pocock, but later admitted this to be false. They were arrested on the charge of petit larceny, with the assumption that they had done Mr. Pocock for the purpose of robbing him. They had \$8, which was supposed to have been taken from the dead man's clothes.

Crashed into a Funerai.

Brooklyn, July 12.—A crowded Flat-bush avenue trolley car bound for Bergen Beach, crashed into a hearse headed by a funeral procession, opposite the Willing entrance of Prospect Park, this afternoon. The hearse was smashed, the coffin was hurled ten feet into the air, and thrown to the sidewalk and broken open. The body rolled half out of the casket before the eyes of the widow and other mourners, and the thousands of people who crowded the park entrance.

The funeral was that of Don Haas, a sailor of Hoboken, who was drowned in the Hudson river a few days ago, and the procession was on its way to Washington cemetery when the accident occurred. The undertaker was badly bruised, and several passengers in the trolley car were injured.

A Message From the Deep.

London, July 15.—At the offices of the White Star line in this city was received to-day that at Hoylake, near Birkenhead, a bottle was picked up recently which contained the following written on a slip of paper: "STEARNS OUNG, N. ocean, Narouic."

The steamer Naronic, one of the largest and finest freighters of the White Star line, sailed from Liverpool for Port Arthur on Monday, July 14, 1896, from that time to this has never been heard from.

The Blind Driving the Blind.

Cadiz, O., July 15.—A remarkable feat was performed yesterday by William Barnes, of Deersville, this county, and Edward Wheeler, of Canal Dover, both blind men. They drove a blind horse hitched to a buggy from Deersville to Cadiz, a distance of 24 miles, without any mishap or accident. The road over which they drove is dangerous, as it follows the creek bank for some miles.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

Wm. A. Baker's
Royal Baking Powder
ABSOLUTELY PURE

HERBERT DISPLEASED.

The Secretary Will Not Support Chicago Nominees.

WILL CLEVELAND DO LIKEWISE? Assistant Secretary Hamlin Gives Out an Interview Against the Ticket, After a Visit to the President at Gray Gables. What He Said.

WASHINGTON, July 15.—It can be stated by authority that Secretary Herbert will not support the ticket nominated by the Chicago convention.

Assistant Secretary Hamlin of the treasury department has given out a short statement this afternoon in explanation of his position with regard to the Democratic platform and nominations.

Inasmuch as Mr. Hamlin represented the administration forces at the Chicago convention, and as he has been in frequent consultation with Secretary Charles D. Smith, the political situation since the adjournment of the convention, the statement made by him will undoubtedly be accepted by many as a semi-official declaration of the position of the government toward the administration.

This impression is further strengthened by the belief that Mr. Hamlin has seen President Cleveland since the adjournment of the convention, the several days at Gray Gables, on his way back to Washington from Chicago.

The statement referred to is as follows: "No political issue is involved in the coming election. The question to be decided is far deeper and more vital than the perpetuity of the Republican institutions has been threatened. Every loyal citizen should ally himself against the forces which controlled the Chicago convention, for its lawlessness, which are inconsistent with the maintenance of the republic."

"Henceforth there should be no Republicanism—the Democratic party is a union of loyal citizens against the combined forces of repudiation and disorder. When once this dangerous element has been kept out of the polls by an indignant people we can again divide and discuss those political questions which for generations have kept alive the two great political parties."

THE BARDSELY PARADOX.

Board Favors It but Fears the Governor's Veto.

HARRISBURG, Pa., July 15.—The board of pardons still has under advisement the case of John Bardsey, a special agent meeting with some of the important cases which have been under consideration for some time. They will be acted upon finally, as this will be the last meeting until the middle of September.

The greatest interest is attached to Bardsey's case because of his prominence and the character of the crime. The pressure for his pardon has been so great as to cause a general belief that he will be given his freedom.

It is said he is disposed to recommend Bardsey for executive clemency; but there is serious doubt Governor Hastings would approve the recommendation. It should indicate a willingness to pardon the famous embezzler, then there is no doubt of the board's action.

On the other hand, if the executive is not favorably disposed to the efforts to secure Bardsey's release, the application will be refused.

A Socialist Mayor Arrested.

CARMAUX, France, July 15.—M. Calvignac, the socialist mayor of this place has been arrested on a charge of acting against the government.

A Colored Women's Convention.

WASHINGTON, July 15.—The Afro-American Women's League of the United States is holding its annual convention in the Fifteenth Street Presbyterian church.

Condition of the Treasury.

WASHINGTON, July 15.—The treasury report for the week ending July 15 shows \$108,500 in gold coin and \$35,400 in bars, which leaves the true amount of the gold reserve \$98,271,885.

NEWS AND OTHER NOTICES.

Four boys all under 24 years old were fined in a New York police court for stripping wood and metal work from dwellings.

A race track in Minneapolis, upon which a female bicycle race was to have been given, was destroyed by fire because the management failed to keep their promises. The people demanded the return of their money, and falling to get it, stopped the race and destroyed a portion of the building.

The Biggest Pool at Large.

In the town of New York, a man named H. H. Myers, who is a member of the police force, has been arrested on a charge of being a member of a pool at large. He is accused of having conspired with several other men to defraud the public by selling them inferior goods.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given, that, having been appointed by the Court of Common Pleas of Cambria county, the estate of Joseph Walters, deceased, is being administered by me, the undersigned, as executor, and I will sit at my office in the borough of Ebensburg, on Monday, the 18th day of August, 1896, at 10 o'clock, a. m., for the purpose of discharging the duties of said appointment, when and where all persons interested in said estate, or who have claims against it, are to appear and present their claims for settlement, or to be paid.

NOTICE.

A general meeting of the stockholders of the Cambria Coal and Iron Company, organized under the laws of the State of Pennsylvania, will be held at the Mountain House, Cresson, Cambria County, Pa., on Monday, the 18th day of August, 1896, at 10 o'clock, a. m., for the purpose of discharging the duties of said appointment, when and where all persons interested in said estate, or who have claims against it, are to appear and present their claims for settlement, or to be paid.

EXECUTRIX NOTICE.

Estate of Joseph Walters, deceased. Letters testamentary having been granted to the undersigned, as executrix, of the estate of Joseph Walters, deceased, of Allegheny township, Cambria county, Pa., I will sit at my office in the borough of Ebensburg, on Monday, the 18th day of August, 1896, at 10 o'clock, a. m., for the purpose of discharging the duties of said appointment, when and where all persons interested in said estate, or who have claims against it, are to appear and present their claims for settlement, or to be paid.

B. & B.

We're keeping right at this Shelf Emptying

It's to be a clean, clear job, and there is nothing like prices, when you've got choice goods to sell, to do wonders in that way—and it's nice goods, choice styles and quality—we're asking attention to this store steers clear of every other kind—as samples will plainly show.

—You never had a chance to make money easier

—We say that with confidence. We'll tell about you six things this time and trust to your interest in your own pocketbook to write and find out about any other goods that's more to your liking when you let us know you want them—people here to do nothing else.

3.00 YARDS CHOICE FANCY SILKS, 50¢ a yard—strips with checks between—dollar silks like these for half price is convincing evidence of advantage for you if you'll see samples.

NEW JAPANESE PLAID SILKS AT 25¢.

SHEER DAINY ORGANDIES, 25¢. ORB—white grounds with 3/8 or 1/2 inch solid colored stripes; blue, yellow, green, violet or brown—15¢.

Good and pretty AMERICAN ORGANDIES, 10¢, 12 1/2¢, 15¢.

LARGEST LINE IMPORTED ORGANDIES AT 30¢.

WHITE NANSOOK—medium sized check—5¢.

ARMURE CHEVYOTES—30 inches wide, solid blue or pink, 5¢.

BOGGS & BUHL,

Allegheny, Pa.

For Your Protection.—Catarrh, "Ulcers" or "Tonsils" for Catarrh is thought from to be taken internally, usually contain either Mercury or Iodine of Potassa, or both, which are injurious to the long term. Catarrh is a local, not a blood disease, caused by a sudden change to cold or damp weather. It starts in the nasal passages, affecting eyes, ears and throat. Cold in the head causes excessive flow of mucus, and if repeatedly neglected, the results of catarrh will follow; severe pain in the head, a roaring sound in the ears, bad breath, and sometimes an offensive discharge. The remedy should be quick to allay inflammation and heal the membrane. Ely's Cream Balm is the acknowledged cure for these troubles and contains no mercury nor any injurious drug. Price, 50 cents. nov 10 94 ly.

JOS. HORNE & CO.

Out-of-Town Patrons

May save price of several trips on a single purchase in this great July

BEFORE-INVENTORY SALE!

No surplus stock to be taken into account—every yard from every Department must go without reserve—

High-Class Novelty Dress Goods, Elegant Silks, Fine American and Imported Wash Goods, Ready-made Garments, Millinery, Men's and Boys' Clothing, Etc., Etc.

Clearance Sale

That will pay you to come hundreds of miles to attend.

A letter to OUR MAIL ORDER DEPARTMENT, giving suggestions of goods desired, as to material, style and quality, will receive same careful attention as to customers shopping at counters.

PENN AVENUE AND FIFTH STREET, PITTSBURG.

ELLY'S CREAM BALM CATARRH

It is quickly absorbed. Cleanses the Nasal Passages, Allays Inflammation, Heals the Sores, Protects the Membrane from Adhesions, Restores the Senses of Taste and Smell.

It Will Cure COLD IN HEAD

A particle is applied into each nostril and is absorbable. Price 50 cents at drug stores or by mail from ELY BROTHERS, 36 Warren Street, New York. nov 10 94 ly.

OILS! OILS!

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Illuminating and Lubricating Oils, Naphtha and Gasoline

MADE FROM PETROLEUM.

We challenge comparison with every known product of petroleum. If you wish the

Most Uniformly Satisfactory Oils in the market ask for ours.

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Being physician of 20 years' experience, I can reduce fatness, without surgery or dieting. My diet and medicine are simple and pleasant. Write for particulars to DR. SNYDER, 1111 Broadway, New York City. oct 26 ly

AGENTS WANTED

AGENTS WANTED for all territories. Write for particulars to J. W. WATSON, 1111 Broadway, New York City. oct 26 ly

FARMERS! TAKE NOTICE

When you want GOOD FLOUR take your grain to the OLD SHENKLE MILL in Ebensburg. The FULL ROLLER PROCESS

for the manufacture of Flour has been put in the Old Shenkle Grist Mill in Ebensburg and turns out nothing but

FIRST CLASS WORK

Bring in your grain and give us a trial. Each bush of grain in ground separately and you get the Flour of your own wheat. If farmers wish to exchange grain for flour they can do so. The Mill is running every day with the BEST OF POWER.

S. D. LUDWIG

PROPRIETOR.

Don't Think

Of wasting time and money unless you have thought of the GOOD RESULTS

Come from long experience. The Cinderella Stoves and Range Are the result of over thirty years' experience. They are noted for their purity, cleanliness and economy.

Special attention has been given to the Cinderella Stoves, the way the progress was made with a view of meeting every requirement at a moderate cost.

Their cleanliness leaves nothing to be desired. Their economy saves money.

GREAT CLEARANCE SALE

of Furs, Capes and Jackets, Winter Dress Goods and Woolen Underwear at QUINN'S, 136 and 138 Clinton St., Johnstown. Capes sold at half cost. New Spring Goods arriving every day.

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In all its Latest and Most Improved Methods.

Teeth extracted without pain by using Prof. May's Eminent Dental Treatise without plate just like the natural teeth, repair them and replace them in their natural position. First-class work done at the most reasonable rates.

Philadelphia Express, daily. Two doors north of M. E. Church.

DR. A. LAINO, GALLITZIN

Dec. 6, 1895. gm

Carriage and Wagon Shop

Having opened up in the shop lately occupied by J. A. Boney in the West end of Ebensburg, I am prepared to do all kinds of Wagon and Carriage Work on the shortest notice and at reasonable terms. Carriage Trimming, Cushions and Sole Carriage finished to order. Orders taken for Spring Wagons and Buggies.

Special attention given to Repair Work and Painting and satisfaction guaranteed.

H. E. BENDER, Formerly of Carrollton

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The Price of THE PATRIOT Has Been Made to Fit the Times. It is ONE CENT a Day or \$1 When Paid By the Year.

Start the day right by reading the right morning newspaper. THE PATRIOT is the right kind. It is the only complete morning newspaper that reaches Central Pennsylvania at an early hour of the day. It is one of the foremost Democratic newspapers in the State and the only one printed at the State Capital, the official and political center of the Commonwealth.

THE PATRIOT makes a specialty of department news and gives more each day than all the other State papers combined. It gives much more interesting and substantial family reading. It has (copy-righted) daily "hints for housekeepers" (a new menu for every day) and a fashion department, through which the latest patterns are supplied to PATRIOT READERS.

Pennsylvania politics will be of extraordinary interest from this time on. The State Capital will be the centre of exciting news.</