

ANDRE'S LABOR OF LOVE.

Patriotism, Not Profit, Why Carnegie Makes Armor.

BLAINE AND OTHERS URGED HIM.

The Steel King Think Of His Dead Wife As Much For A Peace—The Investigation of the Senate Committee.

WASHINGTON, April 29.—The senate committee on naval affairs has made public the testimony taken in the armor plate investigation. This investigation was directed largely at Commander Folger, who had accepted a position with the Harveycor in the office of chief of the bureau of ordinance of the navy department. In his testimony Mr. Folger said that he had left a deep interest in Mr. Harvey's discovery from the beginning, but that he did not enter into the Harvey company to enter into a partnership until after he had resigned as chief of ordinance. He says that he did not go to Europe to arrange contracts with foreign governments, but to settle a senate resolution, but to write a controversy with the foreign agent of the company.

Mr. Folger admitted asking that Harvey's application for patent be expedited, but said this was done because of the novelty and importance to the department of his invention. He said that while with the department he was not influenced in his dealings with the Harvey company by the possibility that he might enter the employment of the company.

In reply to a question as to the cost of manufacturing armor plate and the price paid by the government, he said he believed the cost to be from \$250 to \$300 a ton, while the price paid is \$550 a ton. He said that the cost should be taken alone as a measure of the price that we should pay. There is a certain risk that manufacturers may have armor plate drawn back from their hands, through failure to pass contract tests, and that enhances the price somewhat.

Secretary Herbert explained in his testimony many points under investigation, among others the reason why Secretary Tracy provided for the payment per pound on armor made by the Carnegie company in addition to the price paid, saying it was to indemnify the company against the claim of the Schneider company of Creusot, France, for infringement of patent. He said the money thus provided had never been paid and that the payment had been resisted. He said it had been desirable, at the time the contract was made, to have competition in the construction of armor plate, the Bethlehem company was the only institution capable of manufacturing it at that time, and he thought this consideration would have been sufficient to justify the offer of the 2 cents additional if competition could not otherwise be secured.

Mr. Herbert said that up to date \$5,522,264 had been paid to the Bethlehem company and \$4,657,331 to Carnegie for armor plate. Existing contracts call for \$2,000,000 more. The manufacturers had agreed to reduce the price on future contracts to \$450 per ton, but the price at that time was not to be harvested.

The secretary gave the opinion, as Senator Chandler has given, that the Harvey patent should be abandoned so decided. He had therefore decided not to pay on that account.

Secretary Tracy, in testifying, said that the Harvey process had been followed in his attention by Commander Folger in 1890 and he (Tracy) had concluded that if this process could be applied to nickel steel, we should have an ideal armor, and after it had been demonstrated that this could be done the system was adopted. Referring to the contracts with the Bethlehem and Carnegie works he said it was not true, as senators seemed to suppose, that he had taken any of the contracts awarded to Bethlehem and given them to Carnegie. He had taken one contract for deck armor from the Bethlehem company and given it to the Carnegie company, saying the government should be made to pay for the armor.

In his efforts to induce Carnegie to found an armor plant he had tried to induce him to make a lower price than that charged at Bethlehem, but had failed. For the same reason he allowed the 2 cents a pound additional to indemnify the firm in the contest over the patent.

Mr. Andrew Carnegie, in giving his statement, said that Secretary Tracy was responsible for forcing him into the making of armor. "If it had not been for a telegram received when I was abroad, stating that Secretary Tracy had requested us to do so, as our duty, to help the United States government out of its difficulty when its ships were standing in the stocks and it could not get armor, you would never have found the Carnegie company manufacturing armor. I think I did not know much about armor-making as I thought I did."

He said that he had entered upon the work as a matter of patriotism. "Had we," he said, "done what we did for any European government, a peerage, or the legion of honor would have been offered us."

Mr. Carnegie said there was \$3,000,000 invested in his armor plant, and the reason the business did not pay was because there were contracts of only about \$4,000 a year, and he had to pay for six months, but interest and expense go on. He said the price received was exactly the English price, and he had been amazed that the Bethlehem company had agreed to accept such a price because of the difference in the cost of labor.

Chief Constructor Hichborn of the navy gave the opinion in his statement that an armor plant could be established for \$1,000,000 and that it would be advisable to build one.

The Rioters Indicted.
PHILADELPHIA, April 29.—The six men accused of riot and of assaulting non-union motormen and conductors of the Union Traction company, five of whom are themselves employees of that corporation, while the sixth is an employee of the Baldwin locomotive works, have been held in heavy bail, and returns were immediately made to the grand jury, which found ten bills of indictment against the accused.

Ex-Judge Reed Leaves Verdict.
PITTSBURGH, April 29.—Ex-Judge J. H. Reed of this city, known for years as the prosecutor of the Vanderbilt railroad interests, has resumed the view presidency of the Pittsburgh and Lake Erie railroad and the chairmanship of the board of directors of the same.

McKewen and Youngblood Run Road.
McKewen and Youngblood run road to identify himself with Andrew Carnegie's railroad interests.

Powder Factories Running Full.
PITTSBURGH, N. Y., April 29.—Owing to the unusually large demands for powder, for both military and sporting uses, the powder works of the DuPonts at this place and Carney Point are running to their full capacity, day and night.

A Xenia Preacher Rescued.
XENIA, O., April 29.—Rev. T. C. Collins pastor of the Baptist church of this city has resigned.

LAFFERTY IS CLEARED.

Nothing to Connect Him With Ollie Reichart's Death.

HAMILTON, Ont., April 29.—The inquest on Ollie Reichart, the Sharpville (Pa.) girl who died here in February under suspicious circumstances, has been concluded, and resulted in the jury returning a verdict of death from unknown cause. There was nothing in the testimony of coroner Druggist J. A. Lafferty of Sharpville, Pa., with the death, except that it showed that the two had lived together as man and wife.

Prof. Ellis' analysis of the contents of the girl's stomach and liver, and of the embalming fluid that had been used, showed that there was sufficient poison in the embalming fluid to account for all that was found in it, and was injected in that way. Undertaker Green also swore that when he took the girl's body to Sharpville he saw her mother, and she told him that Ollie had two fits similar to the one in which she died.

The last was three years ago, and the doctor then told her that if she fits again they would likely prove fatal. The physicians could not discover any sufficient cause for death, but the coroner's report shows that she herself had not tried to follow the doctor's directions while sick, and that Lafferty had not obeyed orders. The girl told the woman with whom she boarded that she had nobly to live for Lafferty, and if anything went wrong she had the stuff in her pocket to finish herself.

U. P. MISSIONARY CONVENTION.
The Women Will Hold Interesting Meetings in Erie.

PITTSBURGH, April 29.—The women's general missionary convention of the United Presbyterian church will be held in Erie, May 12-14.

The convention is a national one and delegates will be present from every part of the country. Its purpose is to hear reports from the various departments of work, discuss means for enlarging the operations of the society and especially to plan for the coming year.

The first session of the convention will be held in the First United Presbyterian church of Erie on Tuesday evening, May 12. Three sessions will be held on Wednesday and three on Thursday, the convention closing on the evening of that day.

An excellent program has been arranged. Set speech-making will be a part of the convention, and will include a discussion of the reports and the formulating of plans for the future.

EXCITING SENATE DEBATE.
Naval Appropriation Brings Up The Subject of Deficient Revenues.

WASHINGTON, April 29.—The senate has been plunged into an exciting financial debate after several weeks of serene and formal procedure on appropriation bills. The naval appropriation bill was under consideration, and the item of four battleships, to cost an aggregate of \$15,000,000, served as a text for a speech by Mr. Gorman, pointing out that the revenues of the government are less than the receipts. Mr. Gorman's statements brought on an animated controversy, in which Mr. Sherman, Mr. Hale and Mr. Chandler joined issue with the Maryland senator as to the responsibility for the failure of tariff legislation in the present congress.

The battleship item was not completed when the senate adjourned. The Chandler amendment was agreed to, and the subject of deficient revenues against naval officers serving naval contractors goes into effect June 30, 1897.

THE PENSION BILL PASSED.
Opposition to the Section Pensioners Deserted From the Rebel Army.

WASHINGTON, April 29.—The house has passed the Pickler general pension bill by a vote of 101 to 54. The Republicans and Democrats voted in favor of the measure, and the Democrats, with six exceptions, solidly against it. The section to which the bulk of the opposition was directed provides that no pension shall be granted to any person who served in the Confederate army, provided they joined the United forces 90 days before Lee's surrender.

The speaker's bill was taken up under a special order providing for a vote Saturday at 11 o'clock.

Those who voted against the pension bill were: Fitzgerald of Massachusetts, Stone of Ohio, Cummings of New York, Walsh of New York, Downing of Illinois and Layton of Ohio.

The Bankruptcy Bill Up.
WASHINGTON, April 29.—Mr. Henderson from the committee on rules has reported a special order in the house, for the consideration of the bankruptcy bill, and continues to continue today and continue Thursday, debate under the general rule Friday and Saturday until 4 o'clock, when the final vote is to be taken.

Supreme Court Won't Interfere.
WASHINGTON, April 29.—Justice Brewer of the United States supreme court has refused to interfere in any way with the action of the circuit court of appeals in the case of the Carroll county (Mo.) circuit court, which sentenced Bill Taylor to be hanged April 30 for the murder of the Meeks family.

MANY CHILDREN INJURED.
Runaway Team Dashes Into a Crowd of School Children at Milwaukee.

MILWAUKEE, April 29.—A runaway team attached to a hack has dashed into a crowd of children who were emerging from St. Anthony's church school. Twenty-five of the little ones were prostrated, seven were badly injured and two of them will probably die.

The injured are: Frank Schvold, 677 First avenue, leg broken at thigh and injured internally; Henry J. Kofsky, 1011 Maggie Nollen, three ribs broken and injured internally; Joseph J. Kofsky, 1011 Maggie Nollen, leg broken at thigh and injured internally; Joseph Kress, shoulder broken and collar bone probably broken.

Railroad May Pay \$12,000.
FRANKFORD, Ky., April 29.—The jury in the case of Miss Tenie McEwan against the E. & N. R. R. company, in the Franklin circuit court, has awarded her damages in the sum of \$12,000, for injuries sustained by being shot in the face on one of its trains at that place. It was the shooting of Miss McEwan by a negro that led to the passage of the separate coach bill.

A Judge Favored by Gov. Hendley.
FRANKFORD, Ky., April 29.—Governor Hendley has pardoned Judge J. H. Pulliam of Breckinridge county, who was sentenced to prison for killing the despoiler of his home, one Miller, who had served seven years of his time. His pardon was granted after he had admitted his guilt in a letter to Governor Hendley, after denying it at the time of the trial.

Ran Afloat of the Columbia.
NEWSPAPER NEWS, Va., April 29.—The old newspaper tug, the *Wyanoke*, has run into the United States cruiser *Columbia* and sank in 30 minutes. Several of the *Wyanoke's* crew were injured. The cruiser was slightly damaged.

Saved Money Nebraska Democrats.
LINCOLN, Neb., April 29.—The second Nebraska Democratic convention to select delegates to the national convention convened here this afternoon. This is the first time since the party was divided by the silver Democrats of the state braided as bolters.

MAVSAPARE HAMMOND.

Belief That President Kruger Will Be Merciful.

ENGLAND IN CHARGE OF HIS CASE. From the First That Government Has Looked After It at Our Request—Chamberlain Has Requested That the Sentence Be Commuted.

WASHINGTON, April 29.—The case of John Hays Hammond, the American mining engineer, one of the men sentenced by the Transvaal government to die for high treason, in connection with Dr. Jameson's raid, has been referred to a cabinet meeting, and, although the state department authorized no statement concerning his case further than making public the cablegram from Vice Consul Knight at Capetown, predicting a commutation of sentence, it cannot be denied that the government will do all within its power to secure an amelioration of Hammond's sentence, inasmuch as he is regarded as rather the victim of circumstances than as a deliberate conspirator against the Boer government. It is believed, however, that even before the machinery of the department can be set in motion Hammond's sentence will have been commuted.

It is felt at the state department that it has been criticized rather unjustly in congress and elsewhere upon its conduct in Hammond's case, and that the plan that it has worked through British officials to secure fair treatment for the American prisoner, it is said, is made in ignorance of the requirements of international law. The United States has no diplomatic representative whatever in the Transvaal, nor can it have so long as the foreign relations of that country are confined by treaty to Great Britain, and it would be a manifest violation of propriety and international law for the United States to ignore Great Britain in this matter, and particularly so in view of the alacrity with which the British government has responded to our request for the protection of Americans in the Transvaal.

When Senator Stewart, who is a personal friend of Mr. Hammond, introduced his conviction, he immediately set to work to prepare a petition in Mr. Hammond's behalf, which he had circulated among senators and members of the house. The petition is addressed to President Kruger and is a plea for pardon. It sets forth the character of the accused and states that his family and associations here were of the best, and while it is ceded by the petitioners that the crime to which he is held guilty is a most serious one and directed against a government for which the signers have a high regard, they still ask as an act of clemency that the offense be condoned and the prisoner liberated. The petition was signed by all to whom it was presented.

AN APPEAL FOR CLEMENCY.
Secretary Chamberlain Cables a Message to the Boer President.

LONDON, April 29.—While Secretary Chamberlain's announcement of the sentencing of the Johannesburg reformers caused a sensation in the United States, it has not been so generally discussed in the colonies, where it is thought to have increased the gravity of the situation in South Africa. There is an opinion among some of our neighbors to the south that the whole matter is the result of a deal between the prisoners and the Boer authorities, and that the former are to be commuted before they are taken to the charge of high treason.

Secretary Chamberlain immediately telegraphed President Kruger that he would rely on his generosity and recent intimation to that effect to commute the sentence of the reformers.

Of the condemned men Mr. John Hays Hammond, manager of the De Beers mines, who is an American, and Mr. Chamberlain, when he was first arrested, assured the state department that his interests would be looked after by Great Britain as if he was a British subject.

Colonel Francis W. Rhodes is a brother of Cecil Rhodes, formerly premier of Cape Colony and chief officer of the radical free silverites, who wish to elect John McGrath.

A SPLIT OVER MCKINLEY.
The Republicans of Alabama Hold Two State Conventions.

MONTGOMERY, Ala., April 29.—The Republicans of Alabama held two state conventions here. One, the McKinley convention, adopted a ringing sound money protection platform, instructed for McKinley and determined to put a platform before the voters. The other, headed by General M. D. Barlow, a high-class Republican, the other, composed of all the anti-McKinley factions, adopted a platform declaring that all other issues except those were avoided in the platform. Sound money and protection are not referred to in it. A resolution was adopted by the anti-McKinley forces that the Republicans face in the state elections with the Populists, allowing the latter to name the nominee for governor and dividing the balance of the state ticket between the parties.

Fourteen People Injured.
CEDAR RAPIDS, Ia., April 29.—An incoming Central Express train, en route to the state G. A. R. encampment, was derailed by a washout just east of this place. Fourteen people were injured, none seriously.

PITH OF THE NEWS.
A grain congress is in session in Charleston, S. C.

M. M. Payne has succeeded in forming a cabinet in France.

The United States treasury has lost \$1,000,000 in gold coin and \$2,000,000 in bars making the gold reserve \$125,000,000.

The will of the late H. A. Massey, the millionaire manufacturer of agricultural implements of Toronto, Ont., was probated in Cleveland. He left thousands to various Methodist churches and charities.

A \$25,000 fire occurred in Paris, France. One person was killed and two injured.

Germans defeated a large force of Hottentots in the Transvaal.

The plague in Hongkong, China, rages feverishly.

DAMAGING TO WALLING.

Strong Evidence Against Him in the Trial of Ollie Reichart.

NEWSPORT, Ky., April 29.—The principal evidence in the Jackson trial was that of Chester Mullen, the livery man, who testified that he hired a cab on Jan. 31, to Alonzo Walling and that it was left out nearly all night. William Cassidy, a butcher testified that on Jan. 31, about two hours after midnight, he was driving across the bridge from Cincinnati to Newport and was closely pressed by a cab driven by a grey horse driven as if it were in a great hurry, toward Newport.

George H. Jackson, the colored cab driver related the story of his trip as Cincinnati to the place of the murder in the driver of the cab and identified Walling as the man who sat beside him.

Walling testified that the dead girl testified that Pearl Bryan was visited by Jackson, who was his sole housekeeper during the absence of Mrs. Bryan in New Mexico with an invalid daughter.

The letters of Scott Jackson to Pearl Bryan extending from early in 1896 until the middle of October, that year, were presented to show that he was keeping up an acquaintance with that lady.

WEYLER'S PALACE DYNAMITED.
The Explosion Attributed to the Rebels or Their Friends.

HAVANA, April 29.—An explosion, believed to be of dynamite or some other high explosive, occurred in the palace of the governor general, the destination was sharp and the building was soon partly filled with dust while the noise of breaking glass and falling plaster could be heard on all sides. Part of the roof of the palace fell in.

The explosion occurred in a closet situated in a low story or basement under the main entrance of the palace. The walls were torn, great stones fell and a printer belonging to the captain general's office, who was in the room at the time of the explosion, which, naturally, is attributed to the insurgents or their friends.

CONFESSES MORE CRIMES.
Man Held For Double Murder Confesses He Killed Two Others.

LOUISVILLE, April 29.—Tom Laughlin, who is in jail at Mayville for the murder of his wife and niece, has made another confession.

Soon after his arrest he admitted killing his wife and assaulting and killing her sister. He also confessed to the murder of a woman named Collins, who was in the same jail with him. He is now awaiting trial on these charges, and in a fit of penitence and terror is said to have confessed to the murder of a brother-in-law and an infant child.

An Aged Man Kills Himself.
BRIDGEPORT, N. J., April 29.—George W. Barnhart, a grandson of the venerable George Barnhart, a pioneer preacher of Methodist in North Jersey, has committed suicide by shooting himself in the abdomen with a revolver.

Assaulted Kills a Mayor.
PARIS, April 29.—During a popular fête at the town of Leus-le-Summeur, an anarchist named Colin has stabbed and killed the mayor.

Senator Wolcott's Position.
WASHINGTON, April 29.—Senator Wolcott's position in regard to the St. Louis convention, the senator's position is radically different from the past.

Shot by His Father-in-Law.
BRITLY, Ky., April 29.—B. F. Finnelly, deputy sheriff of Kenton county, has quarreled with his son-in-law, Augustus, and shot him in the hip with a revolver. Stevens is in a critical condition.

The Weather.
Generally fair with increasing cloudiness, probably followed by showers this evening, and a fresh and brisk easterly southerly wind.

Bombs Exploded in Berlin.
BERLIN, April 29.—The city has been started by two bomb explosions in tenement houses here within the last few days. The authorities have consequently restricted the work of mechanics in the work of mine-charges.

THE MARKETS.
FIVE YEAR, April 29.
WHEAT—No. 1 red 52 1/2c, No. 2 red 52c, No. 3 red 51 1/2c, No. 4 red 51c, No. 5 red 50 1/2c, No. 6 red 50c, No. 7 red 49 1/2c, No. 8 red 49c, No. 9 red 48 1/2c, No. 10 red 48c, No. 11 red 47 1/2c, No. 12 red 47c, No. 13 red 46 1/2c, No. 14 red 46c, No. 15 red 45 1/2c, No. 16 red 45c, No. 17 red 44 1/2c, No. 18 red 44c, No. 19 red 43 1/2c, No. 20 red 43c, No. 21 red 42 1/2c, No. 22 red 42c, No. 23 red 41 1/2c, No. 24 red 41c, No. 25 red 40 1/2c, No. 26 red 40c, No. 27 red 39 1/2c, No. 28 red 39c, No. 29 red 38 1/2c, No. 30 red 38c, No. 31 red 37 1/2c, No. 32 red 37c, No. 33 red 36 1/2c, No. 34 red 36c, No. 35 red 35 1/2c, No. 36 red 35c, No. 37 red 34 1/2c, No. 38 red 34c, No. 39 red 33 1/2c, No. 40 red 33c, No. 41 red 32 1/2c, No. 42 red 32c, No. 43 red 31 1/2c, No. 44 red 31c, No. 45 red 30 1/2c, No. 46 red 30c, No. 47 red 29 1/2c, No. 48 red 29c, No. 49 red 28 1/2c, No. 50 red 28c, No. 51 red 27 1/2c, No. 52 red 27c, No. 53 red 26 1/2c, No. 54 red 26c, No. 55 red 25 1/2c, No. 56 red 25c, No. 57 red 24 1/2c, No. 58 red 24c, No. 59 red 23 1/2c, No. 60 red 23c, No. 61 red 22 1/2c, No. 62 red 22c, No. 63 red 21 1/2c, No. 64 red 21c, No. 65 red 20 1/2c, No. 66 red 20c, No. 67 red 19 1/2c, No. 68 red 19c, No. 69 red 18 1/2c, No. 70 red 18c, No. 71 red 17 1/2c, No. 72 red 17c, No. 73 red 16 1/2c, No. 74 red 16c, No. 75 red 15 1/2c, No. 76 red 15c, No. 77 red 14 1/2c, No. 78 red 14c, No. 79 red 13 1/2c, No. 80 red 13c, No. 81 red 12 1/2c, No. 82 red 12c, No. 83 red 11 1/2c, No. 84 red 11c, No. 85 red 10 1/2c, No. 86 red 10c, No. 87 red 9 1/2c, No. 88 red 9c, No. 89 red 8 1/2c, No. 90 red 8c, No. 91 red 7 1/2c, No. 92 red 7c, No. 93 red 6 1/2c, No. 94 red 6c, No. 95 red 5 1/2c, No. 96 red 5c, No. 97 red 4 1/2c, No. 98 red 4c, No. 99 red 3 1/2c, No. 100 red 3c.

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So it is, but 'twill dwindle fast just as soon as our out-of-town customers realize the worth of these

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LOT 1. Fine all-wool, 50-inch Brown, Tan and Blue mixtures—stylish, closely woven fabrics—fair representatives of the high class and highest imported stuffs—actual worth, 75c a yd. A bargain purchase made to sell.

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