JAS. C. HASSON, Editor and Proprietor.

"HE IS A FREEMAN WHOM THE TRUTH MAKES FREE AND ALL ABE SLAVES BESIDE."

EBENSBURG,PA., FRIDAY, MAY 1, 1896.

\$1.50 and postage per year in advance.

NUMBER 18.

## きっとうしゅうしゅうしゅうしゅうしゅうしゅうしょうし THE BLUES

VOLUME XXX.

Why Do Women Have the Blues More Than Men?



Are not women naturally as light-hearted, brave, and hope-

Yes; but woman's organism is different from man's.

Women in perfect or good health are rarely victims of this symptom.

Women nearly monopolize the blues, because their peculiar ailments promote them.

When the female organs fail to perform their functions properly, when the dreaded female complaints appear, there is shown nervousness, sleeplessness, faintness, backache, headache, bearing down pains, etc., causing the dreaded "let-me-alone" and "all-gone 'feelings.

When the woman does not understand what the matter is, and her doctor can not or will not tell her, she grows morose and melancholy; that's the blues.

"I am happy to say your Vegetable Compound has cured me.

"My suffering every month was dreadful. The doctor gave me morphine to ease the pain, but nothing to cure me; and I was obliged to spend two or three lays in bed. Now I have no pain at all.

"I can work harder, and be on my feet longer, than have for years. I cannot praise your medicine enough. I am glad to tell every one that I was cured by Lydia E Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. Our druggist says there s a great demand for your medicine here."

MRS. NEWTON COBB, Manchester, Ohio.

Three Books Worth Getting-"Guide to Health," "Woman's Beauty, Peril, Duty," "Woman's Triumph." They are Free

Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass. こうしゅうしゅうしゅうしょうとうしょうとうとうとうしょうしょ

#### = FARMERS!

## AKE NOTICE

When you want GOOD FLOUR take your grain to OLD SHENKLE MILL in Ebensburg. The

the manufacture of Flour has been put in the Old Shenkle Grist Mill in Ebensburg and turns out nothing

#### FIRST CLASS WORK.

Bring in your grain and give us a trial. Each man's fain in ground separately and you get the Flour of your wn wheat. If farmers wish to exchange grain for Flour ey can do so. The Mill is running every day with the BEST OF POWER.

# D. LUDWIG,

PROPRIETOR.

#### GREAT\_ LE.AR.ANCE

Furs, Capes and Jackets, Winter Dress Goods d Woolen Underwear at QUINN'S, 134 d 136 Clinton St., Johnstown. Fur les sold at half cost. New Spring Dress ods arriving every day.

Carriage and Wagon Shop.





John F. Stratton, Wholesale Send for 811, 813, 815, 817 E. 9th St.

officials. This lie raised ... years; consequent

"A TRAINING IN CLEANLINESS IS A FORTUNE." COMPLETE YOUR EDUCATION WITH

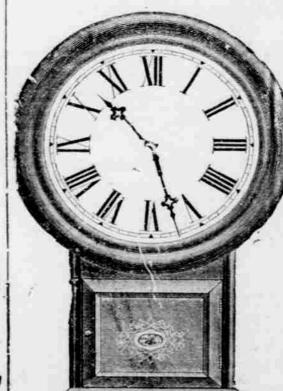
## SAPOLIO

CARL RIVINIUS,

## ---PRACTICAL---

## WATCHMAKER & JEWELER,

——AND DEALER IN——



## ₹WATCHES, CLOCKS, JEWELRY, SILVERWARE, MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS

OPTICAL GOODS. SOLE AGENT FOR THE CELEBRATED ROCKFORD

Columbia and Fredonia Watches

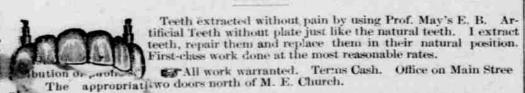
In Key and Stem Winders.

LARGE SELECTION OF ALL KINDS OF JEWELRY AL-WAYS ON HAND. My line of Jewelty is unsurbassed. Come and see for your-elf before purchasing elsewhere

All work guaranteed. CARL RIVINIUS.

### **≫DENTISTRY≪**

In all its Latest and Most Improved Methods.



at amount allotted to ea any be list of taxables as I b officials. This is DR. A. LAINO, GALLITZIN' PA.

raised at a tion for each cot sition, reso the rate for the procure a II then the rate for when a sound then the rate for anything to sell, sense of hearing.

Blair, 570 352 later filling me with an Blair, \$70,352. reland, \$128,- | war

Remedy for Crime.

THE WHIPPING POST.

Delaware Still Clings to the An-

cient Institution.

It Is Used as a Means of Preventing

Criminals from Outside Locating

in the State-An Effective

The present law relating to the whipping post in Delaware is that "the punishment of whipping shall be inflicted publicly, by strokes on the bare back well laid on." It shall be done by the sheriff or his deputy, or by a constable. The whipping post and pillory shall be in or near the jailyard of each county. Women are exempted from whipping. The whipping of minors is left to the discretion of the court in each case. Whenever corporal punishment is a part of the judgment, the day for its execution must be fixed in the sentence. Whenever a convict, at the same time, receives several sentences of whipping, the court shall so graduate them that under all of them he shall not receive more than 60 lashes, nor stand in the pillory more than one hour.

Whipping is inflicted as a punishment for the following crimes: Attempt at poisoning, mayhem, highway and house robbery, setting fire to offices, vessels or stores, burglary, larceny, embezzlement, making forged plates, obstructing railroad tracks. etc. The pillory is generally added as a further punishment, or else fine or imprisonment.

"But why," asks the outsider, since whipping was abolished in the United States laws in 1893, and even in the navy in 1850, does Delaware eling so fondly to it? Is she wiser than the rest of the country, or simply more uncivilized?" Well, it would be hard to explain, to the average outsider, whose idea of the whipping post is made up of a tortured prisoner, a gory cat-o'-nine tails, and a mob of brutalized spectators, the easy-going indifference of the average Delawarean about the whole thing. The targe majority of the citizens of Delaware, indeed, have never so much as seen the whipping post, and those who have, have never been heard to complain of any brutality in connection with it. The movement for prison recondemnation for the whipping post; it fixes on overcrowded cells and idle prisoners as far greater causes for complaint. Many would approve, indeed, an extension of the punishment. so as to include the crimes of prizefighting, cruelty to children and animals, and wife-beating, now punishable only by fine and imprisonment. The reasons for this general acquies ence are rooted in (1) the past history of the state, (2) its geographical position, and (3) the conservative character of its inhabitants. They may be briefly stated as follows:

1. Delaware has always had a large free negro population. Now, the negro is given to petit larceny, and he does not greatly mind being imprisoned for it. In some cases he has been known to commit petty offenses at the approach of winter, with the avowed desire of getting a home in jail until spring. This tendency can be successfully combated only by corporal punishment, which he does not like and avoids if possible. The whipping post has solved this problem for Delaware justice during the past, and its value is established until some better substitute can be devised.

2. Delaware is a small agricultural state, lying between the large cities of Philadelphia and Baltimore. It is a natural haven of refuge for criminals from both cities, and would be overrun with thieves and small offenders if the quality of Delaware justice was not bitter to their taste. The whipping post is an abomination to the criminal from outside. He gives the state a clean berth on its account. One gang of bank burglars did select Wilming ton as a field of operations some years ago. They were caught and soundly whipped. They had no difficulty, be ing experts, in breaking out of the old fashioned jail at Newcastle afterwards, as easily as they had broken into the bank; but the whipping rankled in their minds; and they left on record their determination never again to enter the state where "gentlemen in their line of business were whipped like slaves." Whereat all Delaware chuckled!-Priscilla Leonard, in Outlook.

#### MUST NOT SHAVE WOMEN. Decision Reached by a Congress of Prominent Hindu Barbers.

A strange incident occurred in Bombay recently. A monster meeting of Hindu barbers was held for the purpose of considering the question of the impropriety of shaving the heads of Hindu widows, and thereby distiguring them for life. About 100 barbers having ansembled, one of them, named Babajec More, read a pamphlet in Mahratti, in which he stated that the barbers of old were happy and contented, but latterly, as though a curse had descended on their heads, trade had fallen off and they had become poor. The curse could only be accounted for by the fact that they were committing a great sin by shaving the heads of poor, innocent widows, thus depriving them of their best ornament. It was against the Hindu scriptures to deprive a widow of her hair, and doubtless it was the curses of the widows that had lowered their calling. The meeting thereupon unanimously reselved that no barber should shave a widow's head, and that if he did so he should be excommunicated.

The Minister's Blunder. The New Yorkers are telling one an other of a good joke on Rev. John Wesley Brown, rector of St. Thomas' church. previously rector of St. Paul's in that city. His part in the ceremonial of the Paget-Whitney wedding was to read the service. Either he had marked the wrong place in the prayer book or the singing disconcerted him; at any rate the wedding party was amazed to hear his rich, full voice utter the words: "i am the resurrection and the life." "Heavens and earth!" ejaculated Bishop Potter, in a whisper behind him. The rector at once awoke to the fact that he was reading the burial service, and, after one breathless second, he proceeded with the proper ritual.

#### SINGULAR DISCOVERIES.

Whale That Was a Valuable Contributor to Science.

A very strange thing happened to he prince of Monaco's steam yacht Princesse Alice, near the island of Perceira in the Azores last summer, The prince has devoted his yacht to the study of the ocean and its inhabitants, and many important facts have thus been gathered for science. On the ocasion referred to a sperm-whale, or achalot, about 45 feet long, was harpooned by some fishermen, and in its lying struggles it made direct for the Princesse Alice. If it had struck the little yacht the consequences might have been very serious, but just when the collision seemed inevitable the whale dived, and coming up on the other side of the yacht, turned upon its ack in the death-agony. At this intant the bodies of three gigantic cobalonods—the class to which cuttlefishes belong - were ejected from the whale's mouth. These were seenred by a boat from the yacht, and later the bodies of a number of curious inhabitants of the sea were found in the whale's stomach. The cephalopods belong to a new species. Other captures that the whale had made were so interesting as to lead Mr. J. Y. Buchange, the naturalist, to remark in a recent number of Nature: "The cachalot which was killed by the whalers of Ferceira almost under the keel of the Princesse Alice seems as if it had been guided in the unrauit of its food by a desire to devour nothing but animals which, up to the present, are completely unknown,"

#### VERY SHOCKING FISH. Inhabit the Mediterranean and Possess

Peculiar Attributes. Many people know of the electric eel of South America, but there are comparatively few who have heard of the torpedo or electric ray of the Mediterranean sea. This curious fish, according to the New York Journal, is about the size and shape of a large frying pan, with a short and exceedingly broad handle. It is flat and swims horizontally in the water.

The torpedo, which is found practically in the Bay of Biscay and the shore of the Mediterranean sea, is so called seemse of its habit of giving electric shocks. Such shocks are feeble, as a rule, not greater than those from a small electric battery. If the fish is enraged however, it is capable of giving a much more powerful shock. It uses this curious weapon to stun the small fishes and animals on which it preys, thus making the victim insensible previous to devouring it. It is a very sluggish fish and will lay for hours buried in the sand a few feet from the shore in shallow water. Electricity is much talked of as a medical agent nowadays, and for such uses is spoken of as a new discovery, but in the days of Caesar this natural electricity was much used for the same purpose and physicians of the time applied it to the leg or arm of a person suffering from rheumatism, good or nervous diseases, the patient keeping his hand or foot on the fish as long as it was possible to bear the shocks. This was said to have been an excellent remedy.

#### THE ENGLISH LANGUAGE. It flas Undergone More Changes Than Any Other.

English has changed more than any other language, regarded merely as a l'entonie language. It is farthest removed from the parent stock. It is lescended from the Saxon, which is the parent of Low German and Dutch, and as it were the grandparent of English. But besides the Teutonic part which is the ground work of the language, it has suffered all the effects of lengthy Roman occupation. This has had a great influence on the language and has introduced many words nto it. It must be remembered also that French was for a long period the official language of the country. This had an even greater effect on the longue. Finally it has not entirely ost all traces of the early Celtic occunation. This combination has proluced the most varied, rich and flexible

anymage that exists, Greek has changed least. Anyone who wishes to satisfy himself of the truth of this statement need only take lown four authors, like Herodotus, Plutarch, Anna Commena and Trikupi. He will find, if he can translate one, that he can translate the others; and this though they wrote respectively 450 years before Christ, and 70, 1,110, and 1,860 years after.

#### African Tree Crabs.

In Africa there exists a tree-crab which has a trick of crawling up a cocoanut tree, biting off half a dozen bunches and then creeping down again backwards. The theory is that the note are shattered by the fall, and the crabthus enjoys a hearty meal. Now the natives try to stop these depredations. which often ruin the cocoanut crops. and take advantage of the fact that the lower portion of the crab is soft and sensitive. When they are heard in the tree the native climbs half way up the tree and drives in a circle of pikes made out of thorns. The consequence is when the erab comes down he encounters the thorns, and, supposing that he has reached the ground, he lets go, and is so crippled by the fall that he is easily dispatched and eaten in his A Hairy Boy.

The greatest curiosity of western France is a modern Esau, in the person of Leon Fernerod, the nine-year-old son of well-to-do parents living in the little village of Vindieg. The boy was born in May, 1886, and from the day of his birth has been covered with a heavy growth of curly, straw-colored hair. Several attempts have been made to so far all such attempts have been in | hours' notice to the French of his invain. The boy dislikes very much to parents are said to be very sensitive

on the subject. -Nature does not capriciously scatter her secrets as golden gifts to lazy pets and luxurious darlings, but imposes tasks when she presents opportunities, and uplifts him whom she would inform. The apple that she thyly drops at the feet of Newton is but a coy invitation to follow her to the stars.-Whipple.

#### CRIPPLE CREEK.

Characteristic Scenes and Incidents of the New Town.

Bustling Times in the Colorado Eldorado -Much Activity in Real Estate and All Kinds of

Business. Cripple Creek is made up almost entirely of small frame buildings occupied by saloons and gambling houses. Merchandising is overdone, I should say. I saw one grocery store where 12 clerks were at work. Groceries, dry goods, clothing, etc., are sold very reasonably, but beer is sold at two glasses for a quarter; whisky, the same price, A gambler is as good as anybody in Cripple Creek and a saloon keeper better. The town, however, is not "tough." You do not see men in the streets carrying pistols, but the gambling games are wide open. Cripple Creek is in the same county (El Paso) with Colorado Springs, where no liquor can be sold. Cdorado Springs, however, has five stock exchanges, two of which are kept open day and night, like a restaurant. These exchanges are always crowded, and the Colorado Springs people, although so good about. liquor, have no besitancy in robbing the unwary by selling them worthless

and waterworks. The water comes from an artificial lake on Pike's Peak. which is only 16 miles away. At night the town reminds you of the Midway at the world's fair. The main street is five blocks long. There are three other business streets of about equal length. A corner lot on this best street, 15x120 feet, sold lately for \$18,000. A real estate boom has been added to the mining boom and the result is pandemonium. It is said that at this season there are from 30 to 40 deaths daily at Cripple Creek from pneumonia, largely due to exposure. Visitors are unable to find proper accommodations, and, if a man who is not acclimated takes pneumoniz from exposure, he is pretty apt to die. Hundreds of men keep "bachelors' hall" in cold rooms, and live on improperly cooked food. As the altitude is very high a great many of the tenderfeet

Cripple Creek has electric light, gas

While I was in town I heard a man the office of the Palace hotel, the only brick building in Cripple Creek. The offer was indignantly refused. Lots that were worth \$400 three months ago are now being held for \$3,000. A fool is born every minute.

From three to five hours are required to get a chance to inquire at the post office for mail; from 200 to 300 men are in line constantly at the post office, and the post office is full of mail that has never been distributed. Everybody is crazy about everything. This is the rule at Cripple Creek. There are over a thousand incorpo-

rated mining companies in Cripple Creek, and of this number less than 15 yield a return on the investment; perhaps you know that gold mines are not producers, but actual consumers of the world's wealth. In other words, more money is spent in gold mining than is obtained from it; every dollar in gold dug out the ground costs a good many dollars. It is said that about 60 Cripple Creek mines ship ore, but only 15 pay dividends; into the other 925 mines money is being poured like water. Over a thousand companies have been incorporated, but only 15 pay dividends; there are a thousand of other "claims" which are probably worthless. I heard it estimated that there are 5,000 men in the district earning wages, certainly 4,500 of them receive their pay not from what is produced in Cripple Creek, but from fools who send money there.—Thomas Barton in Atchison Globe.

#### Hired Swains.

A curious custom prevails in some provinces of Holland during the carnival season. Young women of the work ing class, especially domestic servants. who have no sweethearts of their own are in the habit of hiring "followers" for their Sunday out, or for the whole of carnival period. These lovers are by no means to be had very cheap. Often two or three maids will club together and share a lover among them if he comes too expensive for one girl. This temporary lover has many duties to perform. Of course, he must be goodlooking and well dressed, and an efficient and indefatigable dancer, "fit to be seen with anywhere," he must likewise possess good conversational powers. Besides receiving a variety of valuable presents from his "girls," he is "found" by them in victuals and drink. If a oung woman can afford to engage a 'swain" all to herself, so much the better, for the hireling often develops into a real lover, and ultimately into a hus band. It can thus be said that, in some districts of Holland, the girls do all the wooing. Buch fur Alle.

The easy-going Kabyles push democrecy to extreme limits, living on familiar and equal terms with their cattle and their swine-all occupying the common dwelling. A fine, hardy race of great bravery and many noble traits, they yet resemble the Arabs in their want of honesty. A story is told of a chief of theirs, Mokrani, which makes us think the days of chivalry are not yet gone. When, worsted in the Franco Cerman war in 1871, the French had to withdraw their troops from Algeria. and thus a grand opening was left for insurrection, Mokrani would not rebel, as he had pledged his word to the Algerian governor that there would be no rising against the French authority till the war was over. Even when a peace had been made, and he was thus reremove this queer hirsute growth, but | leased from his promise, he gave 48 tention to commence hostilities against be called "the hairy boy," and even his them. Verily, he was a hero, and he died a hero's death in the thick of battle.-Westminster Review.

#### A Trapping Plant.

The baited trap is an imitation of the dionea or Venus fly trap. This singular specimen of the plant world presents to unsuspicious insects a drop of honeylike jelly, and when the victim descends to sip he finds himself seized by the treacherons leaves of the insectivorons plant which surround and strangle him on the spot.

# Ficeolations or proceedings of any corpora-tion or society and communications designed to call attention to any matter of limited or indi-vidual interest must be paid for as advertisments. Book and Job Frinting of all kinds neatly and electionsity executed at the lowest prices. And don'tyou lorget it.

EVEN SILK IS ADULTERATED Tannate of Tin and Silica to Give It Weight.

Some improvements in the treatment of silks are announced. Ordinarily silk s "weighted" by d-positing tannate of tin on the fiber; the material receives a bath of tannic acid and then another of perchloride of tin, a repetition of this being made until an increase of the weight amounts to from 15 to 20 per cent., beyond which it is not conidered safe to go in the case of silk intended to be dyed light shades or to be bleached. Recently a German inventor has brought forward a process in which silien is the weighting agent, In carrying out this method, says the Detroit News-Tribune, three steps are described. First, the silk, raw or in any stage of manufacture, and either before or after dyeing, is worked for an hour in a bath of perchloride of tin; then, after squeezing and washmg, it is worked in a warm solution of water glass or soluble silicate of soda for about an hour, followed by washing, having also been previously passed through a solution of phosphate of soda. The operation may be repeated again and again, with no harmful effect on the fiber or on the subsequent dyeing, and in five operations the silk may be increased in weight some 100 to 120

Advertising Rates.

The large and rel' ble circulation of the Oak "
Saia Furewan commends it to the faverable consideration of advertisers whose favors will be discreted at the following low rates:

Business items, first invertion life, per line absequent insertions, 5c. per line Administrator's and Executor's Notices. 22.50
Auditor's Notices.

#### SAVED BY A WORD.

sion of olive oil and acid.

Knowledge of a Musical Term Proved Useful to an American Abroad.

per cent. The silk is now soaped, and,

if atready dyed, is cleared in an emul-

There are more advantages in a musical education than most of us think, remarks the Washington Post. A certain physician here in town, who is just home from Europe, says: "I never appreciated the advantages of a musical education until I went into a barber shop in Italy. Nobody about the place spoke a word of English. I was stretched on a rack that passed as n chair and swathed in a towel. The barber made an impressionist sweep from the upper cheek to the lower chin. tice whiz! how it hurt. My mouth and eyes were full of lather; I didn't know a word of Italian, I yelled. The barber seemed to pause for a moment, Perhaps he was gathering strength for a new onslaught. You have heard that and dictionaries. Not a word of Italian. The razor was raised again. Suddealy I remembered a word that I had seen on my daughter's music, and had asked the meaning of. "Adagio! adagio!" I yelled. "D-n

"Si, signor," said the barber, and my

life was saved.

DANGEROUS FIRE RISKS. Insurance Companies Ask High Rates for

Some of Them. The marine store business is a risk which most companies prefer to avoid. A dealer may have stuff on his premises, consisting of rags, old dresses, and the like, which is probably worth several thousands, yet the insurance companies will refuse to insure the stock at any price. In the case of an ordinary householder, most of these articles would be

insured without a demur as household Lumber yards and sawmills are not regarded by insurance companies with a very favorable eye. The stock of a lumber yard was once insured at a moderate premium, but when a small sawmill was built on one portion of the premises, up went insurance company rates. Owing to the addition of the mill. where the premium before was something like \$25, about \$300 was required, and this favor was only to be granted on the strict condition that no timber was to be stored within 15 feet of the

#### HARD SKULL SAVES HIM.

Mexican Receives a Volley of Bullets in the Head and Lives. A Mexican was condemned to death for stealing a can of kerosene, remarks the Buffalo Express. He was taken out by a party of soldiers, received a volley of bullets at close range, and was left for dead. As soon as the soldiers had cone he sprang to his feet and walked to the City of Mexico, many miles away, where he entered a hospital. The doctors found three rifle bullets imbedded in his skult, but he was not fatally injured. Now the authorities of the town

which ordered him executed want him back in order to shoot him again. But he objects. He argues that if subjected to the discomfort of execution a second time his health might be greatly endangered. There is logic in that, The man's plea ought to hold good. It is a serious menace to a man's health to be taken out and shot, and the fellow who survives the experience once should be spared a second exposure, in order that he may come to the states and go the rounds of the museums as the man with the iron skull.

#### THE WEIGHT OF WOOD.

Blue gum is very heavy wood, a cubic foot weighing 52.68 pounds to the cubic

Yellow pine, when green, weighs 33.81 pounds to the cubic foot; and when American ebony is one of the heaviest

woods known, weighing 83.18 pounds to the cubic foot. White pine, when green, weighs 34.62 pounds to the cubic foot; when sen-

somed, 29.56. Live oak, when green, weighs 78,75 pounds to the cubic foot; when well enroned, 66.75 pounds to the cubic foot. The best ash wood weighs 58 pounds

three ounces when green to the cubic oot, and 50 pounds when dry. Well-dried ligaum-vitae is said to be among the heaviest of woods, weighing 83.31 pounds to the cubic foot.

-To go beyond the bounds of moderation is to outrage humanity. The greatness of the human soul is shown by knowing how to keep within proper bounds. So far from greatness consisting in going beyond the limits, it really consists in keeping within them. -Pascal.

-The greatest results in life are usually attained by simple means and the exercise of ordinary qualities. These may, for the most part, be summed up in these two-common sense and perseverance.-Feltham.