

CLEVELAND PRESIDENT.

Presbyterian Home Missionary Meeting in New York.

THE PRESIDENT MAKES A SPEECH.

He Declares His Fidelity to the Home Mission Cause—Points out the Good Movement Has Done—Other Notable People Spoke.

New York, March 4.—One of the most important meetings held in recent years in favor of the home mission movement of the Presbyterian church was that which took place in Carnegie Music hall last night. The importance of the occasion was emphasized by the appearance of the president of the meeting of President Cleveland. Every available spot in the hall was crowded, and an overflow meeting was held in the lower hall.

The platform was crowded with prominent ministers and laymen of the Presbyterian church.

When President Cleveland appeared, accompanied by Rev. Dr. John Hall of the Fifth Avenue Presbyterian church,

he received with tumultuous applause, the whole audience rising and waving handkerchiefs.

When the applause had subsided, Dr. Hall introduced President Cleveland as chairman of the meeting, whereupon the applause was renewed again and again.

When the cheering had subsided, Mr. Cleveland said:

I desire to express my appreciation of the privilege of participating in this conference and of the opportunity thus afforded me of testifying to the value and usefulness of the work undertaken by the board of home missions of the Presbyterian church.

My interest in this subject and my familiarity with home mission efforts are newly inspired. They early came to me in the surroundings of a Christian Presbyterian home, and were stimulated by a father's fond and loving care.

My early impressions are not, however, the only basis of my testimony. I give tonight in favor of home missions the result of my own observations of the work of our home missions in the case of our people and enlarge Christian influence.

I fully realize the transcendent importance of this agency in the operation upon the hearts of men for the salvation of their souls.

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THE CUBAN RESOLUTIONS.

Senate Likely to Adopt Those Passed by the House.

West Indies, March 4.—Owing to an error of the Cuban matter in order that the resolutions it adopted might be before the senate in the status of a substitute for the senate resolutions, Senator Sherman, chairman of the senate committee on foreign relations, after the corrected version of the house Cuban resolutions was received by the senate, said that the committee would hold a meeting today for the purpose of considering whether or not the resolutions should be recommended to the senate.

The senate can pursue either of three lines of policy. It can disagree to the house substitute and send it back with out asking a conference, or it can accept the house resolutions as a substitute. If it accepted this action will dispose of the entire question so far as congress is concerned. This will likely be done.

NOT EUROPE'S AFFAIR.

London Papers Give Opinions of Our Differences With Spain.

London, March 4.—An editorial in The Daily News, dwelling upon reported utterances by the Spanish premier, Senor Canovas del Castillo, says that his representation of the state of affairs in Cuba is not an impartial one.

"The sympathy of the British Liberals," The Daily News says, "is undoubtedly with the Spaniards who have risen against intolerable oppression. The relations of the United States with Spain are no longer of our concern."

The Chronicle this morning has a long article relating the story of the Cuban rebellion, upon which it says: "If the Spanish blockading squadron interferes imprudently with American traders there may at any moment be such an outbreak of feeling that the United States may assist the rebels."

THE MARQUETTE STATUE.

Linton A. P. A. Advocate, Thinks It Will Be Removed.

Washington, March 4.—Although much pressure is being brought to bear upon members of congress to induce them to pass the Wisconsin statue of the Marquette taken from Statuary hall, it is unlikely that any action of the sort will be taken.

Mr. Linton of Michigan introduced resolutions for the removal of the statue, is not disposed to push his protest at present.

He says that he believes the members of the legislature of Wisconsin will conclude that the statue was out of place and at its next session will vote to withdraw it and possibly substitute another statue in its place. He also says he is certain that the agitation of the matter had the effect of preventing the fulfillment of the plans for ceremonies and speechmaking.

BADLY SCARED OVER SMALLPOX.

Schools Closed and Residents Leaving a Town Near Scranton.

Scranton, Pa., March 4.—A case of smallpox and one of an undetermined character have created excitement in Priebrick, a mining village of about 2,000 inhabitants, four miles north of here.

The public schools have been closed and the case reported to the health officer. The man ill with the disease is Joseph Filarski, a Poleander, 25 years of age and married.

The house in which he is being treated is a highly populated settlement of Poles. The suspected case is that of a Poleander who worked with Filarski. Quarantine has been established about the two dwellings, but business is practically at a standstill.

Many of the well-to-do native residents have come to this city. The matter is under investigation.

TO ABOLISH THE FEES.

Salaries For U. S. Attorneys and Marshals Discussed in the House.

Washington, March 4.—The house spent the session in debating the amendment to the legislative appropriation bill to abolish the fee system in the cases of United States district attorneys and marshals. The salaries fixed by the amendment range from \$2,000 to \$5,000.

The amendment was endorsed by almost every member of the judiciary committee. It was argued the amendment would reduce the expense of the United States courts, which have doubled since 1878, at least \$500,000 for the last year, and result in stopping the pernicious padding of the business of the Federal courts.

HANDY IN CASE OF WAR.

Commission Wanted to Examine a New Canal Route.

Washington, March 4.—Senator Tappan has introduced a joint resolution providing for the appointment of a commission to examine the route of a canal to be cut through the State of Michigan to the Lake Michigan.

He said in presenting the resolution that the proposed canal would afford a cheap and direct route between the Great Lakes and the Gulf of Mexico, and in case of foreign war a line for transportation of munitions of war which would be safe from outside attack.

Probably Committed Suicide.

Kittanning, Pa., March 4.—Bad health and an overdose of quinine are thought to have caused Jonathan Schreengold, aged 47, to end his life. He was seen going down the railroad track and his two daughters, with whom he lived, found a note saying: "I do this because I am a burden to myself." He has not been seen since.

Accused of Counterfeiting.

Pittsburg, March 4.—James McDer, proprietor of the Central hotel, Indiana, and J. D. McKane, who lives in the interior of that county, were arrested there by Detective M. P. Griffin of the United States secret service, and Deputy Marshal Irons. They are charged with manufacturing and passing counterfeit dollars.

River Miners Get an Increase.

Pittsburg, March 4.—At a meeting of the River coal mine operators at the Coal Exchange rooms it was decided to pay the scale of wages adopted by the railroad operators, 70 cents a ton. This will settle a general strike, which was in progress at many of the mines at which the 64-cent rate was being paid.

A Disastrous Boiler Explosion.

Danbury, Conn., March 4.—By a boiler explosion in Parks' Brothers factory, which did damage amounting to \$300,000 and resulted in probably fatal injuries to two men. The building was quickly consumed, together with a cash and blind factory adjoining it, also with the Barnum building, the Sherman block and other property. A girl jumped and broke her thigh.

Woman Stamp Clerk Shot \$2,000.

Nashville, March 4.—Private advices received from official sources at Washington state that Mrs. Georgia P. Harris, stamp clerk at the Memphis postoffice, has been bound over to the United States court for embezzlement of the stamp office. Her shortage aggregated something over \$2,000.

McKinley Sure of the Votes.

Jackson, Miss., March 4.—The Republican state convention is being held here. It seems to be pretty definitely settled that two delegations will be sent to St. Louis, one headed by James Hill, the other by John R. Lynch, and both championing the cause of McKinley for the presidential nomination.

ENGLISH WANT PEACE.

Meeting in London Favoring Permanent Arbitration of Disputes with This Country.

DISPUTES WITH THIS COUNTRY.

Resolutions Passed Declaring For a Peaceful Settlement of the Venezuelan Question—Also Co-Operation With Similar Movement in This Country.

London, March 4.—The demonstration at Queen's hall in favor of permanent arbitration between the United States and Great Britain was disappointing from the point of view of numbers, the audience, which was not large, being mostly made of women. Much enthusiasm was occasioned prior to the arrival of the speakers, when the girls who were to sing in the choir trooped upon the stage in batches which were arrayed alternately in such formation of the union jack, and of the stars and stripes, until a complete blending of the flags of the two countries was effected.

The choir sang English and American patriotic airs.

Sir James Stansfeld presided over the meeting and he was supported by Mr. W. T. Stead, Lady Henry Somerset, Hon. A. J. Mundella, Radical member of parliament for Sheffield, Prof. James Bryce, Rt. Hon. George Shaw Lefevre, Mrs. Hall Cairne, Rev. Hugh Hughes, the bishop of Rochester, and others.

Mr. Stead, after the opening of the meeting, read letters of sympathy with its purpose from A. J. Balfour, first lord of the treasury; Mr. Gladstone, Rt. Hon. Henry Asquith, home secretary in the late liberal government; Mr. Labouchere, George Meredith, the author, Mr. Henry Norman, who went to Washington on behalf of The Chronicle at the time the Venezuelan question was at its acute phase and who wrote strongly from there in behalf of international arbitration; Dr. Parker, several bishops and many others.

Mr. Shaw Lefevre moved a resolution instructing the chairman to sign a memorial on behalf of the meeting to President Cleveland, the Marquis of Salisbury and Mr. Balfour, urging that the time was opportune to consider the arbitration of the Venezuelan question without any reservation whatever. The resolution passed.

The bishop of Rochester, Lady Henry Somerset, Hall Cairne, Rev. Hugh Hughes and others spoke.

The Right Hon. A. J. Mundella then moved a resolution requesting the committee be convened in a meeting to re-constitute itself on a national basis, with a view to co-operate with the Washington movement. Mr. Mundella, in the course of his speech, read a telegram of sympathy and concord from America. This motion was carried unanimously.

GASOLINE TANK EXPLODES.

Workmen Save Their Lives by Jumping From Windows at Racine, Wis.

Racine, Wis., March 4.—By the explosion of a gasoline tank in the engine department of the Racine Hardware company, at Racine Junction, a fire was started that wiped out that part of the store and caused a loss of \$10,000.

The workmen barely had time to escape and many saved themselves by jumping from windows. The fire was badly burned about the head, hands and face; W. J. Fitch, foreman, was badly and fatally injured. Insurance on the property destroyed was \$37,000.

THE YURUAN INCIDENT.

English Ambassador and Venezuelan Minister Settling the Matter.

Washington, March 4.—It has been learned that the British ambassador here, Sir Julian Pauncefote, and the Venezuelan minister in this city, Senor Andrade, have entered into direct negotiations for a settlement of the Yuruan incident.

It involved the arrest of a British police official in the territory in dispute between Venezuela and Great Britain, the hauling down of the British flag and a subsequent demand for an indemnity upon the part of Great Britain.

Agri-cultural Bill Passed.

Washington, March 4.—The senate passed the bill to amend the agricultural appropriation bill and passed that measure, carrying \$1,262,000, without material amendment. Another bill passed changing the limitations of postal mail matter so as to free the bill post service from bulky articles heretofore sent free by the government departments.

President Named For His Father.

Newark, N. J., March 4.—Lewis C. Grover has died, here aged 81 years. He was born at Caldwell, N. J. His grandfather, Stephen Grover Cleveland, was born. The president was named for the preacher.

Anniversary of Pope's Coronation.

Rome, March 4.—The pope was present at the papal court in the Sistine chapel, this being the anniversary of his coronation. The scene was brilliant and impressive. An immense crowd of notabilities were present. His holiness was in excellent health.

Loving Cup For the Indiana.

Washington, March 4.—There has been received at the navy department from Lafayette, Ind., a beautiful silver loving cup for the battleship Indiana from the Daughters of the American Revolution at Lafayette.

Gladstone and Faure Confer.

Cannes, March 4.—Mr. Gladstone has had an interview here with President Faure, who was accompanied by Premier Bourgeois. The English statesman expressed his gratification at the Anglo-French rapprochement and M. Faure replied that the desire for peace tended to bring all nations together.

Consul General Williams Resigns.

Havana, March 4.—Ramon O. Williams, for 21 years consul general of the United States in Havana, has tendered his resignation to President Cleveland.

Condition of the Treasury.

Washington, March 4.—The statement of the condition of the treasury shows: Available cash balance, \$1,242,869; gold reserve, \$124,662,000.

PITH OF THE NEWS.

Cable from Constantinople announced that the Armenians are still being ordered in Asia.

A dispatch stated that three British closed doors for betraying military secrets.

The pope received the cardinals, and in his address referred to Ferdinand of Bulgaria, and expressed his regret over the ill-will and no influence on the spread of the faith.

News arrived of the death of one of the members of the famous Tullyrand-Perit family in France.

The deed of Fairport Rodgers' property, at Ochs Point, Newport, to Alice Troth Drexel, was recorded.

HARRY BREAKS SILENCE.

Says He Is Longer Considers Cleveland Possible Candidate.

New York, March 4.—William F. Harry, chairman of the national Democratic committee, has maintained silence for many months in respect to candidates and issues, but he has now spoken frankly. He made three extremely important as well as interesting statements:

First—That he no longer considers Mr. Cleveland among the possible candidates for president.

Second—That the Democratic party in its platform must declare for sound money, viz: against free and unlimited silver coinage at 16 to 1.

Third—That Democrats are not more divided now than they were six months before the Tilden campaign.

Mr. Harry has recently returned from Chicago, where he arranged the preliminaries of the next Democratic national convention, to which he will go as a delegate with Pennsylvania's 64 delegates at his back.

SPANIARDS GET MAD AND QUIT.

They Leave Our Consular Service—More War Preparations in Spain.

Madrid, March 4.—All Spaniards who have been acting as consuls of the United States have resigned.

The Marquis of Tonillas has had a long conference with Admiral Beranger, the minister of marine, at which he offered the government all the steamers and coal depots of the Trans-Atlantic company. The minister of marine accepted the offer and the steamers will be forthwith armed and placed under the command of naval officers.

The students of Madrid university came to a decision to renew their anti-American demonstrations. The rector of the university, learning of this decision, ordered the students to be arrested. The result has been that the good order of the city has not been disturbed.

Arkansas Instructs For McKinley.

Little Rock, March 4.—Three hundred enthusiastic Republicans shouted for McKinley until they were hoarse at the state convention. They assembled to select delegates to vote for their choice in the national convention, and very mention of protection or the name of William McKinley, Jr., brought forth a unanimous applause. The delegates to St. Louis were instructed for McKinley. The convention declared for sound money.

No Positions to Give Out.

Washington, March 4.—Secretary Morton says that in no event will the government be put to the expense of hiring unskilled labor to pack seeds when the latter can be bought already packed up at a much less price. A number of senators and members of congress have been making requests for positions for constituents in the seed industry.

Embittering Steamer Released.

Washington, March 4.—The steamer, Bermuda, which was seized by federal officers in New York Bay as she was preparing to sail for Cuba with arms and ammunition for the insurgent cause, has been ordered released by the authorities here.

Prominent Politician Dying.

Chicago, March 4.—William G. Campbell, Illinois member of the national Republican committee and one of the leading financiers in Chicago, is dying of pneumonia. His father and wife are also ill.

A Banker and Son Shot.

Memphis, March 4.—John R. Jones, son of the Memphis National bank, has been mortally wounded and his son Nat dangerously hurt in a shooting affray here with William M. Farlow, an attorney, and a man named Scarborough.

Italian Cabinet May Resign.

Rome, March 4.—It is stated that the ministry has decided to resign as a result of the popular clamor arising from the recent defeat of the Italian forces in Abyssinia.

A Judge Dies of Paralysis.

Trenton, N. J., March 4.—Judge Clifford, of the New Jersey supreme court, of errors has died here of paralysis. He was stricken while waiting for a train at the Pennsylvania railroad depot.

The Kittson Case Settled.

St. Paul, March 4.—Margaret Kittson, who claims to be the half-breed Indian woman of the Minnesota tribe, has lost her case against the estate of Norman W. Kittson.

The W. C. T. U. Conference.

San Francisco, March 4.—Word has been received that the annual conference of the Woman's Christian Temperance union will be held in San Francisco next November.

THE MARKETS.

PITTSBURGH, March 3
WHEAT—No. 1 red, 93¢; No. 2 red, 92¢; No. 3 red, 91¢; No. 4 red, 90¢; No. 5 red, 89¢; No. 6 red, 88¢; No. 7 red, 87¢; No. 8 red, 86¢; No. 9 red, 85¢; No. 10 red, 84¢; No. 11 red, 83¢; No. 12 red, 82¢; No. 13 red, 81¢; No. 14 red, 80¢; No. 15 red, 79¢; No. 16 red, 78¢; No. 17 red, 77¢; No. 18 red, 76¢; No. 19 red, 75¢; No. 20 red, 74¢; No. 21 red, 73¢; No. 22 red, 72¢; No. 23 red, 71¢; No. 24 red, 70¢; No. 25 red, 69¢; No. 26 red, 68¢; No. 27 red, 67¢; No. 28 red, 66¢; No. 29 red, 65¢; No. 30 red, 64¢; No. 31 red, 63¢; No. 32 red, 62¢; No. 33 red, 61¢; No. 34 red, 60¢; No. 35 red, 59¢; No. 36 red, 58¢; No. 37 red, 57¢; No. 38 red, 56¢; No. 39 red, 55¢; No. 40 red, 54¢; No. 41 red, 53¢; No. 42 red, 52¢; No. 43 red, 51¢; No. 44 red, 50¢; No. 45 red, 49¢; No. 46 red, 48¢; No. 47 red, 47¢; No. 48 red, 46¢; No. 49 red, 45¢; No. 50 red, 44¢; No. 51 red, 43¢; No. 52 red, 42¢; No. 53 red, 41¢; No. 54 red, 40¢; No. 55 red, 39¢; No. 56 red, 38¢; No. 57 red, 37¢; No. 58 red, 36¢; No. 59 red, 35¢; No. 60 red, 34¢; No. 61 red, 33¢; No. 62 red, 32¢; No. 63 red, 31¢; No. 64 red, 30¢; No. 65 red, 29¢; No. 66 red, 28¢; No. 67 red, 27¢; No. 68 red, 26¢; No. 69 red, 25¢; No. 70 red, 24¢; No. 71 red, 23¢; No. 72 red, 22¢; No. 73 red, 21¢; No. 74 red, 20¢; No. 75 red, 19¢; No. 76 red, 18¢; No. 77 red, 17¢; No. 78 red, 16¢; No. 79 red, 15¢; No. 80 red, 14¢; No. 81 red, 13¢; No. 82 red, 12¢; No. 83 red, 11¢; No. 84 red, 10¢; No. 85 red, 9¢; No. 86 red, 8¢; No. 87 red, 7¢; No. 88 red, 6¢; No. 89 red, 5¢; No. 90 red, 4¢; No. 91 red, 3¢; No. 92 red, 2¢; No. 93 red, 1¢; No. 94 red, 0¢; No. 95 red, 0¢; No. 96 red, 0¢; No. 97 red, 0¢; No. 98 red, 0¢; No. 99 red, 0¢; No. 100 red, 0¢.

CHICAGO, March 3
WHEAT—Spot market steady. No. 2 red, 93¢; No. 3 red, 92¢; No. 4 red, 91¢; No. 5 red, 90¢; No. 6 red, 89¢; No. 7 red, 88¢; No. 8 red, 87¢; No. 9 red, 86¢; No. 10 red, 85¢; No. 11 red, 84¢; No. 12 red, 83¢; No. 13 red, 82¢; No. 14 red, 81¢; No. 15 red, 80¢; No. 16 red, 79¢; No. 17 red, 78¢; No. 18 red, 77¢; No. 19 red, 76¢; No. 20 red, 75¢; No. 21 red, 74¢; No. 22 red, 73¢; No. 23 red, 72¢; No. 24 red, 71¢; No. 25 red, 70¢; No. 26 red, 69¢; No. 27 red, 68¢; No. 28 red, 67¢; No. 29 red, 66¢; No. 30 red, 65¢; No. 31 red, 64¢; No. 32 red, 63¢; No. 33 red, 62¢; No. 34 red, 61¢; No. 35 red, 60¢; No. 36 red, 59¢; No. 37 red, 58¢; No. 38 red, 57¢; No. 39 red, 56¢; No. 40 red, 55¢; No. 41 red, 54¢; No. 42 red, 53¢; No. 43 red, 52¢; No. 44 red, 51¢; No. 45 red, 50¢; No. 46 red, 49¢; No. 47 red, 48¢; No. 48 red, 47¢; No. 49 red, 46¢; No. 50 red, 45¢; No. 51 red, 44¢; No. 52 red, 43¢; No. 53 red, 42¢; No. 54 red, 41¢; No. 55 red, 40¢; No. 56 red, 39¢; No. 57 red, 38¢; No. 58 red, 37¢; No. 59 red, 36¢; No. 60 red, 35¢; No. 61 red, 34¢; No. 62 red, 33¢; No. 63 red, 32¢; No. 64 red, 31¢; No. 65 red, 30¢; No. 66 red, 29¢; No. 67 red, 28¢; No. 68 red, 27¢; No. 69 red, 26¢; No. 70 red, 25¢; No. 71 red, 24¢; No. 72 red, 23¢; No. 73 red, 22¢; No. 74 red, 21¢; No. 75 red, 20¢; No. 76 red, 19¢; No. 77 red, 18¢; No. 78 red, 17¢; No. 79 red, 16¢; No. 80 red, 15¢; No. 81 red, 14¢; No. 82 red, 13¢; No. 83 red, 12¢; No. 84 red, 11¢; No. 85 red, 10¢; No. 86 red, 9¢; No. 87 red, 8¢; No. 88 red, 7¢; No. 89 red, 6¢; No. 90 red, 5¢; No. 91 red, 4¢; No. 92 red, 3¢; No. 93 red, 2¢; No. 94 red, 1¢; No. 95 red, 0¢; No. 96 red, 0¢; No. 97 red, 0¢; No. 98 red, 0¢; No. 99 red, 0¢; No. 100 red, 0¢.

ST. LOUIS, March 3
WHEAT—Spot market steady. No. 2 red, 93¢; No. 3 red, 92¢; No. 4 red, 91¢; No. 5 red, 90¢; No. 6 red, 89¢; No. 7 red, 88¢; No. 8 red, 87¢; No. 9 red, 86¢; No. 10 red, 85¢; No. 11 red, 84¢; No. 12 red, 83¢; No. 13 red, 82¢; No. 14 red, 81¢; No. 15 red, 80¢; No. 16 red, 79¢; No. 17 red