

Of the 24 speakers of the national house of representatives, comprising some of the greatest statesmen and popular public men, only one, James K. Polk, of Tennessee, became president of the United States. The Philadelphia Bulletin draws from this the lesson that "the personal antagonisms which the place engenders will leave Mr. Reed weaker next spring than he is to-day as a presidential possibility."

LATER returns indicate the election of Wells, Republican candidate for governor over Caine Democrat, by 1,000 to 1,500 majority in Utah. Roberts, Democrat, candidate for congress, is probably elected over Allen, Republican, by 500 majority. Democrats elect district judges. Salt Lake City election goes to the Republicans by decreased majorities. The legislature will be safely Republican, which insures two United States senators for the party.

OFFICIAL returns will show the election of John M. Bailey, Democrat, for president judge, by about 1,200 majority in the Huntington Millin district. He has carried Millin county by 700, and Huntington county will give him at least 500. Last year Hastings carried Huntington county by over 2,000. The defeat of Williamson, Republican, has been crushing. He carried but few of the fifty nine districts in the county. David Wilson Democrat, is elected sheriff over T. I. C. Ripple by several hundred.

LATER and more complete returns have added materially to the earlier returns in the vote for Smith, Democrat, for superior court judge, particularly in the anthracite coal counties, where Smith gets a remarkably large vote over that of the other Democratic candidates for superior court judge. These later returns now leave it doubtful whether Yerkes or Smith will be the minority representative on the superior court bench, with the prospect that the returns from the missing counties will show that Smith has the larger vote of the two. The other Democratic candidates run considerably behind Yerkes and Smith.

The new Carnegie library, donated to the city of Pittsburgh by the noted iron king, was formally dedicated on Wednesday night. Addresses were made by Andrew Carnegie, Governor Hastings and other distinguished gentlemen. W. N. Frew, president of the board of trustees, says that Mr. Carnegie intends increasing his gift by another \$1,000,000 for the establishment of a fund for the purchase of works for the art gallery. He said that this would furnish a yearly income of \$50,000 for that purpose. This last donation will bring the sum of Mr. Carnegie's gifts to the population of the Greater Pittsburgh to the splendid total of \$5,000,000.

This week's American Agriculturist has a valuable article on the potato crop of the country for 1892. It seems that this year's yield is something phenomenal—no other year approaching its magnitude total. The crop measures up over 282,000,000 bushels, against only 185,000,000 last year. The Pacific coast is the only region where the crop shows a falling off, while the Empire state largely takes the lead with over 40,000,000 bushels, against 28,500,000 bushels last year. The percentage of increase is none the less marked in Pennsylvania, Michigan, Illinois, Wisconsin, Iowa, Missouri, Kansas, and indeed, everywhere in the Central and Western states.

PETER P. SMITH, of Scranton, who is the successful Democrat elected on the superior bench one of the foremost lawyers of the state was born at Honesdale, Wayne county, June 2, 1851. He attended the public schools and later the Honesdale academy, of which he is a graduate. The natural bent of his mind being toward the legal profession. He entered upon the study of the law and was admitted to the Wayne county bar on May 7, 1874. He immediately took a commanding place among the practitioners at the bar, and in 1875 was nominated and elected district attorney of Wayne county. At the expiration of his term he was renominated, but declined in order to give individual attention to his rapidly increasing private practice in Wayne and adjoining counties.

Eight years ago Mr. Smith moved to the city of Scranton, where he has a large practice, and has been engaged in some of the most important cases arising in the courts. He was appointed additional law judge by governor Patton in December, 1892, to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Judge Connolly, and discharged the duties of the office with such distinguished ability and impartiality as to earn the highest commendations of members of the bar, without regard to party affiliations. Judge Smith was nominated by the Democrats to succeed himself, without opposition, and his address of acceptance, in which he discussed the functions, responsibilities and privileges of the judiciary, was one of the most dignified and scholarly expositions of the subject to be found. He received by far the largest vote ever cast for a Democratic candidate for judge in Lackawanna county, but was defeated by a very narrow margin, notwithstanding the great tidal wave of Republicanism.

The Philadelphia Times of Wednesday morning gives the following editorial summary of the result of the election. The Republicans had a political picnic yesterday with only the Democratic victory in Mississippi to mar the completeness of their triumph. The elections were simply a repetition of the Democratic slump of last year, differing only in degree.

In Massachusetts the Republicans have swept the state by about their usual majority. There was a feeble effort made by the A. P. A.'s to defeat the Republican candidate for governor, but he rallied to his support the entire independent vote of the state, and seems to have gained from that element quite equal to his loss.

In New York Tammany has carried the city by a comparatively small majority, but it is quite large enough to show that Tammany is again on top, and that the dispirited reform elements of the city have broken in pieces. The state is Republican by fully half the majority of last year and probably more, carrying both branches of the legislature.

The Republicans hold New Jersey by a majority of probably one fourth of that received last year on the congressional vote, but it is large enough to give them possession of every department of authority in the state, and to anchor New Jersey as a more than probable Republican state next year. When so excellent a candidate as Chancellor McGill can be defeated by a large majority in a square fight, it means that the Democrats of New Jersey have hopelessly lost their grip and might as well go into liquidation.

Maryland gives a sweeping revolution in favor of the Republicans. They have carried both the city of Baltimore, electing their entire ticket, and also the state by a large majority, with the legislature to elect a United States Senator. It seems to be an utter overthrow of the Gorman power.

In Ohio the Republicans have carried the entire state ticket and both branches of the legislature, by even more than the normal majority of the party. Their majority on the state ticket is probably quite one-half of the phenomenal majority of last year.

In Iowa the Republicans swept the state. Of course the success of the entire state ticket was conceded on all sides, and the only dispute was as to the majority. It is now quite large enough to show that the Democratic organization of the state is pretty well retired from business.

Even Kentucky is included in the general Republican hurricane. The entire state ticket seems to be elected by majorities ranging from 8,000 to 15,000, but the legislature is in doubt. This is the first triumph the Republicans of Kentucky have ever achieved since the organization of the Republican party.

Nebraska, a strong Republican state, was naturally carried largely by the Republicans, as the Democrats divided squarely on the silver issue, and had two tickets in the field.

As the first telegraphic flashes of election returns are succeeded by actual figures, says the Philadelphia Record, it is made clear that the backward swing of the political pendulum has begun. The phenomenal Republican victory of 1891 marked the topmost limit of reaction. This year, although the Democrats remain dispirited, benumbed and inactive, the Republicans show no added capability of offense. Their majorities have been reduced. Where the Democrats have been beaten in Democratic states as a rule they have not deserved to be victorious. The defeat in Kentucky of the free silver candidate for governor is of more worth to the Democratic party than would have been an undesirable victory involving the reputation of an honest money platform. In Maryland, New Jersey and New York the party could not save itself from the consequences of past mistakes and misconduct and from the burden of a discredited leadership by taking refuge behind the names of reputable men who were put forward as candidates.

The lesson of the election in Pennsylvania, Ohio, New York, New Jersey, Maryland and Kentucky is of one tenor. No party can govern the country that is not true to itself. The Democracy can only maintain the confidence of the people by putting aside the buckstopping professional leadership with which the party has been cursed, and which has turned its past triumphs into defeats.

The Republican victories of this year, where they have not been the outcome of revolt against a demoralizing Democratic leadership, have been the fruits of apathetic discouragement. The Democrats have simply laid down and let their political opponents walk over them. For this state of things the remedy is reorganization, and a leadership that will have both head and heart in it. The movement in this direction cannot begin a day, too soon.

One of the most noteworthy events in the recent history of Canada is the formation of a new political party, under the uncompromising title of the Independence of Canada Club. The platform declares that "the Dominion has arrived at such a stage of growth and development as to be able to maintain itself as an independent nation." This movement is the germ of what seems to political thinkers—such, for instance, as Mr. Bryce—to be the ultimate destiny of Canada. There can certainly be little doubt that Canada's next constitutional step will be to secure political independence of Great Britain. Once free from Britannia's apron-strings, and with a federal instead of confederate form of government, Canada would promptly realize the value and need of sisterhood with the United States.

THERE is not much comfort for Democrats in the election news.

Washington Letter.

Washington, D. C., Nov. 1, 1892.—President Cleveland has, in accordance with his usual custom, moved from the White House out to his suburban residence, in order to be able to put in more time upon his message to congress than he could do when inside of almost constant interruptions from callers whom he would not care to decline seeing. These he is entirely free from at his suburban residence, as no one goes there to call upon him, unless specially invited. While not stated as a certainty, there are reasons for the belief that his annual message to congress will not deal with the diplomatic controversy with England over the application of the Monroe doctrine in Venezuela. It is held that by that the whole subject will be fully treated in a special message which will follow the annual message and be accompanied by the diplomatic correspondence on the question and every member of his cabinet are well pleased with the present status of this Venezuela matter, and very confident that they will still be better pleased a little later. A diplomatic victory is preferable to one achieved by the use of powder and ball, in some cases. And this is one of the cases.

If proof were needed that the real purpose of the public meeting held last night, for the avowed purpose of expressing the sympathy of the citizens of Washington for the Cuban revolutionists, was to embarrass the administration, the president and his cabinet, capital it was furnished in great big chunks by the names of those who controlled the meeting, made the speeches and wrote the resolutions adopted. Every man of them was a Republican. The president officer was the notorious "corporal" Tanner, the writer of the resolutions was Dr. Rankin, president of the Howard University, the negro college which is partly maintained at public expense, and the only woman speaker was Mrs. J. A. Logan.

Judge Lochren, Commissioner of pensions, has a paragraph in his annual report headed "Pensions and Invalids," in which he says those who fought the battles of the war were not moved by mercenary considerations, and unless actually disabled did not show the haste in applying for pensions manifested by those who enlisted near the close of the war for large bounties, and did little actual service, and who are now the noisiest in clamoring for more pensions.

As compared with the latter class, the real soldiers of the war have been modest in preferring claims for pensions. The figures in the report are interesting. June 30, 1891, there were on the rolls 100,000 pensioners, and during the following 39,285 new names were added and 4,205 names which had been dropped were restored. There were 27,816 deaths, and 14,575 names were dropped for other causes, resulting in a net increase of the total number of pensioners for the fiscal year ending June 30, last 800. The appropriation for the year covered by the report was \$150,000,000, and the amount expended for the next fiscal year is \$140,000,000.

Ex-Congressman Bynum, of Ind., is one of the few men who regards Mr. Harrison's chances for the Republican nomination as being ahead of either those of Reed, McKinley or Allison. He says Mr. Harrison is stronger with his party in Indiana than ever before and that the Indiana Republicans are going to get him nominated, if such a thing is possible. Speaking of the Democratic nomination Mr. Bynum said: "On the Democratic side there is much talk in favor of Col. Morrison, and he has many admirers, but I think the party will not be so easily misled. My opinion is that eventually Democratic sentiment will center on Secretary Carlisle. He is well liked in the North and East, and in the South his nomination would create tremendous enthusiasm."

Representative Gorman, of Ill., who has been on the stump in Kentucky, Maryland and New Jersey, arrived in Washington this week. He says he has not the slightest doubt that all three states will go Democratic. Secretary Olney has received a copy of the proceedings of the French court martial which sentenced the fugitive and assassin of the Emperor, Louis Napoleon, to life imprisonment under the charge of having betrayed French military movements in Madagascar and the wife of the imprisoned man has given the secretary all the information in her possession, documentary and otherwise.

It cannot be stated what Mr. Olney thinks of the case, but others who have had access to the papers regard the outlook for Waller as a bad one. It is said that the case has been misrepresented for political effect by certain Republican newspapers. The British Ambassador, and Secretary Olney are engaged in negotiating a convention to determine the amount of damages sustained by the owners of Canadian seal-vessels which were wrecked during the summer, and if summer by this government before the arbitration of the claims of the two countries. It is expected that it will be completed before congress meets.

Thief was Thrashed.

Belleville, N. J., Nov. 5.—A sneak thief received a warm reception at the hands of Mrs. Daniel Neely, of Mill street, yesterday morning. About 9 o'clock a man entered the yard and, going to the back door of the house, tried it. Finding it locked the stranger went over to a clothesline and taking a suit of clothes which had been put out for an airing, went into an out-house. Mrs. Neely hearing the noise at the back door, looked out of the window in time to see the man disappear. At the same time she discovered the suit of clothes, which was owned by one of her boarders, had also disappeared. Judging that the man had taken the suit of clothes, Mrs. Neely armed herself with a large club and took up a position at the door of the out-house. When the man came out she demanded that he return the clothes. The stranger, who was over six feet in height and built proportionately, denied the theft. His heavy form, however, showed that he had tucked the stolen articles under his coat. Prodding him with the end of the club, Mrs. Neely compelled the man to give up the stolen suit, and, after beating the thief unmercifully, she let him go, while her neighbors urged her, she allowed him to go limping from the yard.

According to the Chambersburg Spirit, Philadelphia is a bad horse market at present. One dealer from Franklin county took a car load of horses down last week and one of the horses that he paid \$40 for and freight, sold for \$30. Other dealers who were in the market did not fare any better than did Mr. Zollinger. He saw a fine pair of driving horses, well matched, five years old and sound all over, sold for \$62 for the pair. A bay horse five years old, sound and fine appearing, was offered to go in less than three minutes, to be returned after a month's trial if not satisfactory, went for \$75. Prices for heavy work horses were very little better. It is safe to say that no horses will be shipped to Philadelphia from this section for some time.

Four Acres of Buildings Destroyed.

Aracadia, Pa., Nov. 4.—A fire visited Aracadia last night, and only one acre is left in town. It burned over an area of four acres, taking with it six residences, hotels, opera house, one livery barn, one harness shop, two grain elevators, one number one coal yard, barber shop, postoffice, two drug stores, two gas loons, three general merchandise stores, one furniture store, one hardware store, one butcher shop, one vacant store, one boot and shoe store and four barns. The estimated loss is \$55,000, partly covered by insurance.

Best of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U.S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder  
ABSOLUTELY PURE

Ready for the Wedding.

New York, November 5.—W. K. Vanderbilt, his daughter, Miss Consuelo Vanderbilt, and the duke of Marlborough, at 24 East every second street this morning and signed the papers affecting the marriage settlements. Mrs. Vanderbilt was not present. Mr. Vanderbilt drove to the house with his lawyer, J. Henry Anderson. An hour was spent in going over the terms and finally the papers were signed by Miss Vanderbilt, her father and her prospective husband. It was subsequently learned on good authority that by the terms of the settlement Miss Vanderbilt gets a dowry of \$5,000,000.

Mr. and Mrs. Jay will this evening entertain the Duke and his prospective bride at dinner. Miss Consuelo Vanderbilt will become the Duchess of Marlborough at noon tomorrow. The marriage will be celebrated in St. Thomas' church, in the presence of 1,500 invited guests. The wedding will, without doubt, surpass in its details any previous one. The bride and groom in England of the young bridegroom and the great wealth of the bride's family have caused their nuptials to be the subject of attention. The time for the ceremony has been fixed for twelve o'clock. The clergymen who are to take part in the ceremony will be in the church at the time. Bishop Livingston will officiate, assisted by Bishops Potter and Dr. John Wesley Brown.

An Exciting Deer Hunt.

John G. Simpson and William Carnes, of Philadelphia, had an exciting deer hunt in Pike county last Thursday, in which Mr. Carnes came near losing his life. They had secured the services of Peter Mayer, the well known guide, who had placed them on the Woodtown runway near two or three runways leading to Walker Pond, in Schuylka township. Mayer led them there to drive in the game. An hour's wait brought a big buck bounding up the Bald Hill runway. When opposite Mr. Carnes he fired a charge of buckshot which brought the deer partially down. Mr. Simpson followed with a ball from his rifle and the deer fell over on its side. Both men came from cover with knives in hand to cut the animal's throat. The buck, badly wounded, jumped to its feet, and catching Mr. Simpson with its antlers, tossed him over a boulder, and then attacked Mr. Carnes, striking him with its hoofs and felling him to the ground. The infuriated beast pawed the prostrate man on his breast and arms, inflicting severe injuries. He would probably have been killed had not Mr. Mayer arrived, who sent a ball into the heart of the buck. It weighed 240 pounds dressed.

Vendig Blames Julian.

New York, November 5.—Three of the best sports prize fighters in the United States, Joseph H. Vendig, manager of the ill-fated Florida Athletic club; James Kennedy, manager of the Empire Athletic club, and "Charley" White, one of the best prize fighters in the world, arrived in New York last night. Vendig laid the blame for the fiasco upon Julian, who, he said, had mismanaged Fitzsimmons' affairs from the beginning. He asserted that he believed that Julian had not averted the disaster in Philadelphia, and that the fight might be pulled off at El Paso.

Whalers Threatened With Starvation.

San Francisco, Nov. 4.—The schooner Rosario brings the Arctic ocean, bringing 3,000 pounds of bone, the residue of a catch of five whales. She is the first of the whaling fleet to reach port from the north, and it is within the probability that she is the last. When she left the ocean the ice was forming fast, and it was heavier than it has been for many years. The Rosario brings confirmation of the news of a very early start in the Arctic. From the report of the Rosario it looks as if the entire fleet would be caught in the ice. The majority of the barks are provisioned with only enough stores to last them through the summer, and if they are compelled to spend the winter in the north starvation stars the whalers in the face.

An Election Day Murder.

Uniontown, Pa., November 5.—Mason Murphy, a well-known and able politician, was murdered at Lamont this evening at the polls. He became involved in a dispute over politics with a colored man named Osborn. A man named Morgan followed Murphy around to provoke a conflict. When Murphy tried to avoid the negro, he drew a revolver and shot him twice through the heart, death ensuing in a few minutes. The murderer escaped, and is being hunted for. Murphy was a stable boss at the McClure coke works, and Morgan was a laborer at the same plant.

Refused to Grant Increased Wages.

Philadelphia, Pa., Nov. 4.—The Clearfield region bituminous coal miners met in mass meeting at Ramey, Pa., to hear the report of the committee that had been sent to Philadelphia. The committee reported that it failed to secure an advance in the mining rate, and also failed to secure a promise from the company to attend a joint conference of operators and miners. The company as a result of the meeting, and is being hunted for. Murphy was a stable boss at the McClure coke works, and Morgan was a laborer at the same plant.

When the Chill Mists of the Morning Hang like a pall over the surface of the earth, it will be well for you before venturing into the raw vaporous air, charged, perhaps, with the seeds of malaria or provocative of rheumatic twinges, to take a wise precaution by using Dr. Cassell's Kidney and Bladder Pills, which clear the system and shield yourself from atmospheric influences threatening to health. If you happen to get snowed, sleeted or rained upon, use the same preventive, and avoid the rheumatism or a dangerous cold. The agreeable warmth inhaled into the circulation by this genial stomachic is invigorating and regulating properties which are not to be estimated. The best that prevention is better than cure. Use the Pills for dyspepsia, indigestion, nervousness and kidney trouble, sick headache and dizziness.

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Medium high effects—which on account of style and value, for the money, is the most important offering of Dress Goods this year. They're 45 inches—yard and a quarter wide—and 50C. A YARD.  
We want every one of you to send and get samples of these and then you'll know when this store advertises anything extraordinary it is that.  
100 pieces assorted all-wool  
Cheviot Suitings,  
In neat mixture effects, choice colorings—all 50 inches wide—50C.  
It's not only these extraordinary 50c. lines we're calling attention to, but as representation of a general line from 10c. to \$4.50 a yard that we believe is without equal in this country, and we'll send you samples when you write for them to see what you think, and if it isn't the same thing then we're very much mistaken in the wonderful values—but we don't think we are.  
Several cases of late things from Europe in Dress Goods. Novelty Suitings and Tailorings, 75c. to \$1.50 that will convince you where it's best for you to buy Dry Dry Goods.

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Of merchants, farmers and others settled to whom remittance is desired, which shall be held strictly private and confidential, and that they will be treated as liberally as good banking rules will permit.  
Respectfully,  
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A. E. PATTON, President. W. H. SANDFORD, Cashier.

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Special attention given to Repair Work and Painting and satisfaction guaranteed.  
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