

DEMOCRATIC STATE TICKET.

For State Treasurer, BENJAMIN E. MYERS, of Harrisburg. For Judge of Superior Court, HARMON YERGEN, of Bucks county. PETER P. SMITH, Lackawanna county. J. S. MOOREHEAD, of Westmoreland county. C. H. NOYES, of Warren county. OLIVER P. REHVEHL, of Schuylkill county. CHRISTOPHER MAJEE, of Allegheny county.

DEMOCRATIC COUNTY TICKET.

For Prothonotary, WILLIAM O'BRIEN, of Johnstown. For Register and Recorder, D. A. MCGOUGH, of Ebensburg. For District Attorney, JAMES M. WALTERS, of Johnstown. For Poor Director, JOHN O'HARA, of Munster township. For Coroner, DR. WILLIAM RAUCH, of Johnstown. For Surveyor, S. W. MILLER, of Johnstown.

All indications point to the fact that McKinley as a presidential candidate is losing ground.

MARTIN BALLWEGER, arrested the other day in Pittsburg, said he had been a tramp forty-four years. He is 75 years old.

By the use of an electric button at Bazzard's Bay on Wednesday President Cleveland set the wheels of the Cotton States Exposition at Atlanta in operation.

The United States grand jury at Guthrie, O. T., has returned 43 indictments for pension frauds, against leading county officials, attorneys and pension agents. The finding exposes a gigantic conspiracy to rob the government.

QUAY'S slogan of "reform" does not appear to arouse any enthusiasm in the Republican ranks. The word when adopted as a battle cry by the Republicans of Pennsylvania, appears sadly out of place and all are on the look out for the appearance of a "cold duck."

A REPORT from Harrisburg says Governor Hastings will take the stump next month in Ohio and spend two weeks there laboring for the election of the Republican state ticket. The report may be true but the strange part of it is that Chairman Quay would be willing to spare him that long.

SECRETARY HERBERT has announced the action taken in the case of Captain George W. Sumner, United States navy, recently tried by court martial for the careless docking of the cruiser Columbia at Southampton, England. Captain Sumner is suspended from duty for six months and given waiting orders pay during that period.

FOUR of the judges nominated by the Republican state convention were nominated to keep peace in the party and not for their judicial fitness. In fact they had, by their own actions, shown that they were unfit to wear the judicial ermine and had been appointed solely for the purpose of delivering delegates that would vote to down Quay.

A SUPERIOR COURT, says the Philadelphia Record, so gerrymandered as to contain one lone lorn Democrat would not be superior to any existing tribunal but inferior to any heretofore known in this state. Not even gowns with blown up sleeves could magnify its dignity, or make it anything else than a scandal and a reproach to this grand old commonwealth.

A NEW YORK news item says: From present indications there will be little embarrassment caused to the shippers and steamship men by the recent order of Secretary Morton providing for the inspection of exported meat and which became effective on Monday. Under the new order all beef offered for exportation must be accompanied by a certificate showing that the cattle from which it was produced were free from disease.

It is likely that Lieutenant Governor Lyon will issue a writ for the election of a successor to the late Senator Lemon of Blair, on the day of the November state election. Only in the event of a special session of the senate or the legislature would the person chosen have any official duties to perform. It is said by those who pretend to know that Hon. J. C. Stineham, of South Fork, will have his shoulders bared in readiness for the senatorial toga to drop upon them.

An accident resulting in the death of five and the wounding of two other members of the Louisville legion occurred Thursday morning of last week by the explosion of a caisson. The accident occurred on Broadway, where the First Kentucky artillery was stationed for the purpose of firing a salute in honor of the visiting veterans. Two of the bodies were blown over the house tops and were horribly mangled. Two horses attached to the caisson were so horribly mangled that they were killed. All the killed were members of the First Kentucky artillery of Louisville, which has always been considered the finest in the state.

ACTING Postmaster General Jones has made an important decision affirming the right of postmasters to withhold from delivery newspapers and publications which they may consider libelous or otherwise objectionable, according to the law defining unmailable matter. The decision was based on the action of the postmaster at Davenport, Ia., who refused to deliver from his office copies of a Kansas City publication which he considered libelous and obscene. A postmaster cannot, in advance, decide that he will not receive for mailing, or refuse to deliver copies of publications, but must base his decision on an actual examination of an edition or issue.

The following planks in the Democratic platform were adopted at Allentown in addition to those published last week. Second—That enactment of the Sherman purchase act and the McKinley tariff law found, as accurately predicted by Mr. Cleveland, their results in bankrupt railroads, closed factories, ruined farms, abandoned fields, impaired national credit and general disaster. The repeal of such iniquitous legislation and the substitution of more moderate tariff laws, have found their immediate resumption of business and the restoration of the national credit.

Third—As vindicating the principles of tariff reform, to which the Democracy is unalterably pledged, we challenge special attention to the fact that such prosperity and the consequent material increase of wages has been most pronounced in the industries whose existence our opponents claimed was dependent upon high tariff duties. The gloomy prediction that the iron and steel industries of Pennsylvania would be destroyed by a reduced tariff has been contracted by their present unexampled prosperity.

Fourth—We invite the attention of the wage-earners to the fact that the present voluntary increase of wages of those employed in the manufacturing industries, amounting to not less than \$240,000,000, as absolutely unknown under the McKinley tariff act. To prevent the reactionary legislation threatened by the Republican party of Pennsylvania in their recent state convention, which would again depress business by destroying faith in the present conditions, we invite our fellow countrymen throughout the land, irrespective of party, to so act together as to insure by the election of a Democratic president in 1896 the maintenance of the present prosperity.

HERBERT WELSH'S City and State says: "The Hastings Quay contest has done more to debauch the politics of the state than any campaign in its history. It is estimated that no less than a million dollars was spent in the primary elections and in the corruption of delegates. Both sides were well supplied with money, and it was expended liberally wherever it was thought its use would accomplish results. Quay played the poor dodge, and his adherents were given the cue to spread the tale that the innocent and trusted leader was without funds, and that his entire private fortune would be swept away in the effort to stem the tide of opposition that had set in again him. Poor Quay!

"One of the stories since the convention is that, as soon as the fight was declared on, a prominent Western Pennsylvania steel company contributed a check of \$25,000 as a nucleus for the campaign fund which the manufacturers of the state rolled up for the man from Beaver. Of course, on the other side the cash was also plentiful. There was never any lack of it. It is said that one side spent \$15,000 in Montgomery county, and the other side half as much; that in another county, toward the close of the contest, the snug sum of \$25,000 was offered for the delegates; that \$3,000 was tendered for the vote of another county, and that similar sums were offered for the delegates of many counties in the state. It will take years and the active participation of the people at the primary elections to purify the polls of the debauchery of the campaign just closed."

THAT Secretary Carlisle has no fears concerning the treasury situation with reference to gold is witnessed by what he said last week on this subject: "Unless there should be another scare in regard to the gold reserve, such as we had before, or a financial panic, neither of which things, in my judgment, is likely to occur, there will be no necessity for another bond issue in October to preserve the reserve. "The present removal of gold from this country is not due to any lack of confidence abroad in our national finances. It is simply the result of trade conditions. Our merchants are importing immense amounts of goods from Europe, which indicates that they expect a big business this fall and winter, and our gold goes abroad to pay for these importations. "The large sums spent in Europe this summer by traveling Americans has been another drain on our finances. It has been estimated that over 100,000 American tourists have gone abroad this year, and that the aggregate of their expenditures is nearly if not quite \$100,000,000."

The supreme court of this state, by a decision by Justice Greer, May 30 last, in the case of Holden vs Pennsylvania railroad company, unanimously decided that the abuse and insult of witnesses by counsel, or the abuse of witnesses or litigants in arguments to the jury, furnish legal ground for an exception on the record to be reviewed by the supreme court. In this case, also, the court only sustained the exception as based on good legal grounds, but reversed the judgment of the court below distinctly on the grounds therein stated. This decision is a good one, as the custom, heretofore, in many courts, has been to allow the witnesses to be abused by counsel in a way not befitting to common decency. One would often think that the witness was on trial instead of the prisoner or litigant.

The Wilson bill removed one-half of the 97 per cent tariff tax on woolen fabrics and all of the 33 per cent duty on raw wool. The result has been that the people have tasted the comforts of cheap wool and at the same time the price of domestic wool has risen and the manufacturers of woolen goods are busier than they ever were before. Under these circumstances it would seem that any Republican who demands a return to the McKinley wool schedule is either out of his mind or anxious to invite defeat.

Washington Letter.

Washington, D. C., Sept. 14, 1895.—Democrats here are unanimously of the opinion that Senator Sherman did the Democratic party, not only in Ohio, but throughout the country, a great favor when he begged the tariff in an issue. Those who occupy positions which enable them to speak with authority, say that with the tariff for an issue in Ohio, the election of a Democratic legislature is a certainty and that of Governor Campbell extremely probable. It is hoped that Sherman, McKinley and Foraker, whose recent speeches are to be distributed as Democratic campaign documents in Ohio, will succeed in their announced intention to make the tariff an issue in the national campaign. The prospects for the election of a Democrat in 1896 next year have been steadily growing brighter for some time, but with the Republicans committed to the restoration of McKinleyism, they would become dazzlingly brilliant. The sentiment of the country is overwhelmingly in favor of the Democratic idea of a low tariff against the Chinese wall and the McKinleyism built around the commerce of the United States. This has been shown at more than one congressional election and it was shown by the enormous majority by which President Cleveland was elected the last time, when the tariff was the predominant issue. The principal object of these Ohio Republicans have in view is doubtless to compel their party to nominate McKinley by making McKinleyism the issue, as it is well known that the majority of his friends have been specially desirous to allow the tariff issue to remain in the background in the presidential campaign.

At a meeting of the Ohio State Democratic association held in Columbus, which created much enthusiasm, Governor Campbell said that he intended to make a vigorous and aggressive campaign against the McKinley tariff. He said that the result at the polls would largely depend upon the loyalty and activity of Democrats. Members of the association say that it will be no fault of theirs if every Ohio Democratic voter temporarily residing in Washington, does not go home and vote for Campbell, and every man who believes that Campbell's luck is going to pull him through.

Secretary Carlisle has set the 20th inst. to hear argument in the appeal from the decision of Comptroller Fowler in the sugar bounty cases. Ex-Senator Manderson, counsel for the Nebraska beet sugar men, takes the ground that his client is entitled to a refund on claims for sugar bounty to the court of claims was illegal.

The opinion of Senator Mills, of Texas, on the silver question, which was made public just before he left for New York, having spent the summer in Washington supposedly engaged in literary work, has been much talked about, especially as he had been generally regarded as a silver man. His conversion to "sound money" has greatly pleased the administration men, who say that his letter defining and defending his position will be of the greatest value to the "sound money" Democrats of Texas. Needless to say the silver Democrats do not take that view of it.

On the 29th of this month there will be a change in the commander of the United States Army. On that day Lieutenant General Schofield will reach the age limit for retirement and one of the major generals will be named as commander of the army. There will be no promotions on account of the change, as the grade of lieutenant general ceases to exist upon the retirement of General Schofield. General Nelson A. Miles is the senior major general, but his selection as commander of the army is not regarded as certain. The President can, if he desire, select one of the other major generals.

Secretary Lambert went to Gray Gables this week to see President Cleveland, and, although the secretary said his visit had no political significance, it is safe to say that their conversation was not confined to the health of Baby Marion and other family matters. There are several other subjects upon which they probably had much to say to each other, and a stenographic report of what they did say would unquestionably be interesting.

Shot to Kill.

Norristown, Pa., September 17.—E. Channing Potts, the retired owner of extensive marble quarries in Plymouth township, was shot five times last night with murderous intent by Miss Marie Fross, his former housekeeper, six feet in height, and weighing 120 lbs. Three of the shots took effect respectively in the right arm, the left side of the neck and the left temple. The latter bullet struck the skull and taking an upward course it lodged under the skin on top of the victim's head. The attending physician stated to-night that Potts would recover.

Potts, in narrating the affair to day, stated that while on a walk near his night in the suburbs of Norristown, he was accosted by Miss Fross, who is 22 years of age, who asked him if he intended resuming housekeeping with her at "Cedar Grove" mansion, where she had been living. Potts, who would not enter a barbershop on Sabbath, "Took papa's razor," said Mrs. Elliott. He went upstairs and came down clean shaven. He said he would like to see a barber. He was told he would have to go out on the street and get one. He left and never came back. An investigation showed that while upstairs he had not only taken "papa's razor," but also \$100.00 out of a pocketbook that was in a bureau drawer.

Bought His Own Contract.

Wooster, O., September 17.—Jacob Boss, an old farmer, living near Maysville, signed what he supposed was an agreement to place lightning rods on his house and barn at \$2.50 per point. When the men arrived to put up the rods he would not permit them to go to work until they would go with him to a neighbor, Mr. Muser, who he wanted to read the document. Potts saw that the old man had agreed to take seven points at \$25 per point, and in case he paid cash was to receive a discount of \$47.50. Muser pronounced the fellows swindlers, who threatened him with all the grins he had at his disposal. Potts' boss's horse and insisted on doing the work. Boss finally paid them \$5 to surrender the contract to Mrs. Boss.

The Murderer Escaped.

Central City, W. Va., September 17.—News has just reached this city of a horrible shooting affray which took place on Davis Branch last night. An apple-paring was in progress, largely attended by both men and women. A dispute arose between John Cheffins and Jink Thompson, when the latter pulled a gun and began firing at his antagonist. Cheffins was shot twice in the breast, once in the shoulder and once through the hand. His wounds are fatal. Miss Emily Sparks, a young woman acting as a peacemaker, was shot in the left side and seriously wounded. Thompson made his escape and has not yet been captured.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U.S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder ABSOLUTELY PURE

Prepared in Kansas.

London, September 15.—Fire broke out on board the steamer Iona, from Edinburgh to London, to-day. The flames spread with so much rapidity that before aid reached the vessel six of the passengers and the stewardess of the Iona were burned to death. The fire was put out after four hours' struggle. The fire broke out in the forepart of the vessel. The passengers were aroused and it was supposed that all had escaped from the burning cabin. While the crew were busy fighting the flames soldiers on board assisted in lowering the boats and supplying passengers with life belts. There was no wind and the sea perfectly smooth. The stewardess, however, so much excitement and confusion among the passengers that the captain was unable to restore order. Suddenly it was discovered that some women and children were missing. The stewardess endeavored to rescue those who were presumed to be in the burning cabin but she was unable to do so.

There are various rumors as to the origin of the fire. Some of the passengers alleged that male passengers were in a cowardly manner, seeking first their own safety instead of assisting the women and children into the boats.

A Cool Suicide.

New York, September 15.—Alfred S. Jaffo, 45 years old, a cigar agent, committed suicide this morning at his room by taking carbolic acid in the presence of an officer who had come to make him a prisoner for embezzling money from his employer, Joseph Samenfield, a cigar dealer. When the officer called Jaffo was still in bed, and after admitting the officer he proceeded to dress. He was particular in dressing, donning his best clothes. When Jaffo had every thing on except his coat he proceeded to brush his teeth and seemingly gargled his throat with water from a glass. He then walked over to his bed and threw himself upon it, saying: "Well, I've poisoned myself, so I guess I won't any more." The officer ran to him and saw that his throat was unusually red. He rushed to the basin and detected a two-ounce bottle half filled with carbolic acid. An ambulance was immediately called, but Jaffo died ten minutes afterwards.

Burned Rockefeller's Barn.

Tarrytown, N. Y., September 15.—Fire early this morning destroyed the large, two-story, brick building, owned by John D. Rockefeller, which he used as a magazine. The total loss is in the neighborhood of \$30,000, which is said to be covered by insurance.

Mr. Boize, the foreman on Mr. Rockefeller's place, told a reporter that the fire was incendiary. Several times while the barn was burning explosions could be heard. In the woods around the place cans of kerosene oil, as well as dynamite have been found. Yesterday Mr. Boize had off 15 laborers who had been employed on the place, and it is thought that some of them took revenge by setting fire to the barn.

Mr. Rockefeller's family are now in Cleveland and the house is unoccupied. It is said that dynamite and powder had been found around the Rockefeller mansion also, seemingly for the purpose of destroying that building.

Lost in Colorado Wilds.

Steamboat Springs, Colorado, September 15.—Glenford McKinley, a member of the hunting party, which obtained an outfit here August 20, is reported missing. He and his father, John L. McKinley, a bank president of Titusville, Pa., and a Mr. Adams, of New York, well equipped with arms, formed the party which went into the wilderness west of Hahn's Peak. On the 5th while young McKinley and his friend Adams were out about in search of game, they became separated and that was the last seen of McKinley.

A search was made until Sunday, when the party rode into Dixon for more assistance. A large number of residents of the Snake River country are now assisting in the search. Young McKinley was well clothed and armed, but the country is so wild that he may wander about until exhausted before running across a habitation.

He Was Too Good.

Beaver Falls, Pa., September 15.—Last night a respectable dressed man, about 50 years old, stopped at Mason Hotel, on a Sunday evening. He said he was a contractor on the Pittsburgh & Lake Erie railroad, and wanted board for himself and men. He stayed all night, and this morning he read the bible for a long time and prayed with great fervor. He said he needed a shave, but would not enter a barbershop on Sabbath. "Took papa's razor," said Mrs. Elliott. He went upstairs and came down clean shaven. He said he would like to see a barber. He was told he would have to go out on the street and get one. He left and never came back. An investigation showed that while upstairs he had not only taken "papa's razor," but also \$100.00 out of a pocketbook that was in a bureau drawer.

Dashed Through Fiery Woods.

Burlington, N. J., September 19.—Thomas J. Prickett, president of the College of Commerce of Philadelphia, who is a prominent Democratic politician of Burlington county, narrowly escaped being burned to death in a forest fire at Indian Mills yesterday afternoon. Prickett lives at Meriden, Conn. During the day had occasion to drive to Burlington. He saw the fire raging in advance of him, but thought he had ample time to pass the dangerous point. He urged his horse along, but to his horror found he was unable to pass before the flames. He turned back, only to find that he was almost cut off in the rear. The heat was intense and almost stifling. Suffering to no small degree Mr. Prickett urged his team to their utmost speed, and was miraculously saved, but only by a hairbreadth.

Cholera's Awful Ravages.

San Francisco, September 18.—Authentic information is that Japan and North China are fairly alive with cholera. The Siberian officials have declared Japanese troops to be almost dead. Over 17,000 people have died in Japan from the plague. In China the disease has gained a firm foothold. At Chefoo the disease is spreading rapidly. Miss Turner and the child of Dr. and Mrs. McFarlane, of the Chu Chuai London mission, died.

B. & B.

OUR PREDICTION

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are among the most fashionable fabrics for the autumn and winter season and this department given up entirely to our immense assortments in a good sized store in itself. Almost a thousand styles.

2,000 yards double width IMPORTED PLAIDS in new shades, navy, brown and other rich and coloring, not unusual for these goods to be imported and sold for all wool. We tell you just what they are—not quite all wool, but fine, nice goods and wonderful value at 25c a yard.

Assorted, fine BRIGHT PLAIDS, all-wool, 26 to 40 inches wide, 25c, 50c, 65c, and 75c. Almost a hundred styles artistic SILK AND WOOL PLAIDS, entirely new weaves and color combinations, 28 to 50 inches wide, 50c, 60c, 75c, 85c, to \$1.00 a yard.

Stylish Rough Plaids, quiet but ultra combinations, distinctly original in appearance, and up-to-date dresser will select them on sight. \$1.00 and \$1.25 a yard.

Such an assortment of medium to finest American and Foreign Dress Goods and suitings at the prices I will be impossible to find. \$1.00 to \$2.25.

BOGGS & BUHL,

Allegheny, Pa.

NEW TIN SHOP IN EBENSBURG.

Spouting, Roofing and Repainting done PROMPTLY.

H. A. SHOEMAKER.

Stoves, Ranges, Heaters and Furnaces, Agricultural Implements.

Stylish, serviceable goods—the correct thing in men's wear—money-saving prices. Children's Suits in all grades now on hand. Our fall stock of High Art Clothing, the pick and flower of the country's clothing, especially selected fabrics, tailor made garments in all the newest and most fashionable shapes. Our men's apparel is made on the new principle—every garment is fitted to a living model and conforms to the natural lines of the human figure. As a result we can guarantee a perfect fit.

I am the only clothier that sells High Art Clothing in Blair county.

JOHN McCONNELL.

1300 Eleventh Ave., Altoona, Pa.

NEW SPRING STYLES.

We have a full, new and complete line of the finest and best fitting Spring Clothing in Cambria county and at prices that defy competition. We have the largest stock in Northern Cambria and the make-up of our fine goods is equal to custom-made. We have the new Spring Shapes in Hats and our stock of Gents' Furnishings is complete.

Our stock is larger and prices lower than ever before. All we ask is that you call and examine our goods, learn prices and we will convince you that the best place in the State to buy your Clothing is at

C. A. SHARBAUGH'S,

CARROLLTOWN, PA.

EBENSBURG MARBLE AND GRANITE MONUMENTAL WORKS!

We are prepared to furnish on short notice and at prices that defy competition.

MARBLE AND GRANITE MONUMENTS, HEADSTONES, VAULTS AND POSTS.

WHAT WE DO—Keep constantly on hand one of the Largest and Selected Stock of any concern in the Country. Give personal supervision to the manufacture and shipment of all orders. Use none but the Best Stock, and give preference to the setting of all work. Also agents for the famous Champion Iron Fence. ALL CORRESPONDENCE ANSWERED.

J. WILKINSON & SON,

EBENSBURG, PA.

EMPTIES

In our business we get many liquid preparations in large quantities. When the containers are empty we store them away. These have accumulated until there is a large quantity in various sizes and shapes. Some of these which are of no use to us, you could use if you only knew how cheap they may be bought.

GLASS DEMIJOHNS, wood-covered, holding 5 to 10 gals. BOTTLES, the very best, holding 16 to 33 gals. KEYS, holding 5 gals. TIN CANS, some covered with wood, holding 1, 2, 3 or 5 gals. JUGS, various sizes. GLASS BOTTLES, holding 5 pints. These must be sold and their cost paid for. Come before they are all gone.

DAVISON'S DRUG STORE.

Carriage and Wagon Shop.

Having opened up in the shop lately occupied by J. A. Bonny in the West end of Ebensburg, I am prepared to do all kinds of Wagon and Carriage Work on the shortest notice and at reasonable terms. Carriage Trimming, Cushions and Sole Carriage nibbled to order. Orders taken for Spring Wagons and Buggies. Special attention given to Repair Work and Painting and satisfaction guaranteed.

H. E. BENDER.

Formerly of Carrolltown.

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Choice Plants and Cut Flowers. General Designs at Short Notice. ADOLPH STAHL, NO. 422 MAIN STREET, JOHNSTOWN, PA. 412.06.

FOR SALE!

The stock of a general store in a neat by grow. The store, on railroad, with mining and other work. In good location, low front the stock new and clean. Inquire at the office, or address General Store, care of FREEMAN.