

Cambria Freeman.

FRIDAY, SEPT 11, 1903.

DEMOCRATIC STATE TICKET.

For State Treasurer, **JAMES M. WALKERS**, of Bucks county.
For State Auditor, **JOHN O'HARA**, of Lancaster township.
For State Controller, **DR. WILLIAM RAUCH**, of Johnstown.
For State Surveyor, **S. W. MILLER**, of Johnstown.

DEMOCRATIC COUNTY TICKET.

For Prothonotary, **WILLIAM O'BRIEN**, of Johnstown.
For Register and Recorder, **D. A. MCGOUGH**, of Ebensburg.
For District Attorney, **JAMES M. WALKERS**, of Johnstown.
For Poor Director, **JOHN O'HARA**, of Lancaster township.
For Coroner, **DR. WILLIAM RAUCH**, of Johnstown.
For Surveyor, **S. W. MILLER**, of Johnstown.

In Mexico a law imposes the penalty of death upon any convicted wrecking railroad trains. A boy who placed stones twice upon the track of the Hidalgo railroad, the second time wrecking the train, was shot as prescribed by the new law, last week.

The Leather Trust, which controls four-fifths of the tanneries in the country and has a capital stock of \$120,000,000, has so increased the price of leather within a year that shoes have also gone up at least. Within 16 months the prices of glazed kid have risen 15 to 30 per cent, according to its grade, and cowhide and sole leather have gone up 100 per cent. Shoes have consequently been advanced by manufacturers from 10 to 30 cents a pair.

The postoffice business of the United States is a big factor in the running affairs of the country, both from the government's standpoint and that of the people. It is stated by an authority that the people of the United States use on an average 12,000,000 postage stamps of all kinds each and every day of the year, or a total of about 4,350,000,000 per annum. It is somewhat difficult to grasp the magnitude of the postal business as computed in stamps.

SECRETARY MORTON has not a very high opinion of the business sense displayed in some of the legislation of the last congress, as he has shown by his refusal to spend \$168,000 appropriated to buy seeds for free distribution. He has cited another instance of bad business legislation. Congress authorized a new edition of what is popularly known as the "House Book." These books will cost the government about 60 cents each, and Secretary Morton says the same quantity could have been bought from the dealers in government publications, who buy largely from congressmen, for 40 cents each. Secretary Morton is not alone in thinking such legislation unbusinesslike.

In the first of the series of best 3 in 5 races, between the British yacht, Valkyrie III, and the Yankee yacht, Defender, Saturday, the American vessel won. The race took place outside of Sandy Hook and was 15 miles and return. It was witnessed by 30,000 persons. The official time was: Defender, 4:50:55; Valkyrie III, 5:08:41. The race is for the American cup and the yacht championship of the world. The second of the races took place on Wednesday and was won by the British yacht as described on our fourth page.

Since the above was in type we learn that the yacht committee sustained the protest made by the Defender and awarded the race to her on account of the foul by the Valkyrie. This gives the American boat two races.

The Democratic Congressional Committee does not as a rule take any part in strictly state campaigns, but the campaigns in Utah, which will end two U. S. Senators and one Representative to congress, has been made an exception and the committee has been aiding the Democrats in every way possible. In view of the vote at the last territorial election, Republican 21,000, Democrats 19,000, and populists 5,000—neither party had any reason to feel over confident of the result of the present campaign. The only thing absolutely certain about Utah is that its congressional delegation will be sold for silver, and that one of the new senators will be a gentle and one a Mormon. The congressional delegation will be for silver because it would be impossible for either party to elect any other, and the leaders of both parties have agreed about the senators.

JUDGE EWING, of Fayette county, in the course of his charge to the September grand jury, said: Under the law each township is held responsible for the condition of its roads and upon each devolves the duty of preparing and maintaining the public highways within its borders. Any damages which result from the bad condition of the roads can be collected from the district in which they are received. The supreme court has decided that the act of the legislature says a bicycle is a vehicle and has therefore the same rights as other vehicles. The manner of the propulsion and the number of wheels have nothing to do with it. They are conveyances for traveling and therefore vehicles.

The law says the roads shall be put in shape for the passage of all vehicles and since the bicycle has become a vehicle, under the law, it is required that the roads be put in better condition. Any one who knows anything about the use of bicycles knows they require a better road than the ordinary four-wheeled vehicles. The bicycle, he concluded, has the same right to demand that the roads be put in proper condition for its easy passage over them as the other vehicles which have been in common use for years. If the roads are not in proper condition for the bicycles the wheelmen are entitled to damages for injuries the same as persons injured while traveling in other conveyances.

THE Quay reform "movement," says the Harrisburg Patriot, is developing the height of absurdity. There are Republican newspapers that are familiar with the record and the methods of Quay that lay themselves open to suspicion of being directed by goads. Quay inaugurated his reform movement because he needed votes. He was practically whipped the announced his very moral intentions but "when the devil got well the devil a monk was he." Quay cannot abandon practical politics to become a reformer without risking defeat and extinction by a practical politician who of course is not a reformer.

One of the most enthusiastic of the Quay organs, irritated by publication of the truth concerning his campaign of reformation, reprints the principal planks of his high moral platform and then declares that whoever, Democrat, Republican or Mugwump, "lays an obstacle in the way of enforcing the principles which Senator Quay has so emphatically laid down, cannot be a friend of good government." We had been expecting this, and we shall from time to time call attention to the progress of the principles laid down by Senator Quay and now he and his lieutenants support them.

Mr. Quay is now certain that his friends—really Quay—will control the next state delegation to the national convention. It is, in the opinion of Quay the politician, to his interest that he control this delegation, no matter what Quay the reformer may think about it. It may not be exactly in line with reform politics, but it is good machine politics. Besides, he has been flattered as president maker by leading journals and he proposes making a president if he can. To this end the state delegation is necessary. He means that men friendly to him and who will submit to his dictation shall compose this delegation, and he will use the corrupt power of the machine to create a delegation to his liking.

It is said that if Quay bring out a candidate for United States senator against Cameron the man will be J. Hay Brown. What business has Quay to bring out any man for United States senator or any other office? Why should a reformer state candidates and elect them? Is it possible, where good government exists, for an individual to control the political affairs of a state and to make presidents and United States senators? Is reform compatible with the one man power?

Quay's principles will never get beyond the platform stage. Already what he said and promised in the agony of expected defeat is distasteful in the serenity of realized victory. It should be the earnest endeavor of every lofty minded citizen of this state to defeat Quay and his principles.

THE Democratic convention at Williamsport on Wednesday, nominated Benjamin F. Myers, of Harrisburg, for state treasurer and the following named six gentlemen for superior judges: Harmon Yerkes, Bucks; James S. Moorhead, Westmoreland; Peter P. Smith, Lackawanna; Charles N. Noyes, Warren; Oliver P. Bechtel, Schuylkill, and Christopher Magee, Allegheny, and adopted the following platform:

First—The Democratic party in state convention assembled hereby renews its allegiance to and declares its faith in the principles of Democracy as formulated by Jefferson and illustrated by Madison, Monroe, Jackson and Cleveland. It congratulates the American people upon the first fruits of the Democratic administration, which inherited from its Republican predecessor a bankrupt treasury, unwise financial legislation, impaired public credit and widespread disaster, and which under the sagacious, courageous and patriotic leadership of its great president, Grover Cleveland, led the people out of the slough of despond to the high ground and justly merited and received the almost universal approbation of the people of this Commonwealth.

Eight—We especially invite the sober consideration of the people of this state to the remarkable factional struggle in the Republican party, a struggle which involved no principle or public policy, but simply the supremacy of factional leaders. The worst arraignment at our hands of Republican misrule falls short of what representative Republican newspapers and leaders testified of each other. The admitted prostitution of the public service, the intervention of corporate influences, the misuse of judicial appointments, and the consequent prostitution of the judiciary, the corrupt use of money in the purchase of delegates, the attempted terrorism at Harrisburg by men of the most abandoned type, the high water mark of political debauchery. It was needed to complete its infamy, the transparent hypocrisy which led a convention, thus constituted, to adopt "with laughter" resolutions concerning the very methods by which its delegates had been selected.

Such condemnation of "the growing use of money in politics, the corporate control of the legislature, municipal councils, political primaries and elections; the enslavement of public officers and employees; favoritism in granting contracts and to granting of exclusive franchises in public necessities," while valuable as evidencing the truth of the accusations of the Democratic party in the last quarter of a century, yet coming from the very source which is responsible for these evils, constitute the crowning insult to the intelligence of a forbearing and long suffering people.

The south, equally with the west, will have a really enormous corn crop this year, far in excess of any in its history. According to present prospects it will be from 600,000,000 to 650,000,000 bushels, worth about \$300,000,000. Indeed, every crop in the south, with the exception of cotton, will be unprecedentedly large this year, and, although the cotton crop will be smaller than usual, its money value will be about the average.

Stomach Making Threats.

Chamberlain, S. D., September 8.—The Sioux at Rosebud Agency, under the leadership of Hollow Horn Bear, a powerful and influential chief, have warned Indian Agent Wright and his assistants to leave the agency within twenty-one days. They threaten to burn the agency buildings. A determination on the part of the agency to reduce rates paid Indians for hauling freight from Valentine, Neb., to the agency from fifty to twenty-five cents a hundred is the cause.

The Indians took mortal offense and runners sent to distant camps brought to the agency about 3,000 angry and excited Indians. Their wrath was partly appeased by a promise to pay 35 cents per hundred. Crow Dog, the slayer of Spotted Tail, has been lodged in the agency jail for the part he took in the present difficulty.

Fort Niobrara is the nearest military post, but the troops are absent on the regular summer field exercises. Information from Valentine says that the Sioux adjacent to the reservation are becoming uneasy at the attitude of the Indians.

Factory Girl in Luck.

Binghamton, N. Y., September 8.—For befriending an apparently friendless old man, Miss Jennie Brown, a factory girl of this city, has been made an heiress. William Brown was a resident of Newark, N. J., and recently his wife died, leaving him alone except for three sisters and his distant relative. He was apparently in indigent circumstances, and was coldly received by the sisters. Jennie, however, pitied the old man's forlorn situation and at once endeavored to make life as comfortable as possible for him. The sisters, smiling, but did not object, and when at last the old gentleman died little interest was shown in the estate.

After the funeral, however, an attorney announced that Mr. Brown had left a will. This caused a sensation, as his relatives supposed he had nothing to leave. One was more astounded than the bride and groom, who had just taken many guests at the reception. The dancing continued until far into midnight.

Young Estes was the master of ceremonies, and at the supper table the bride and groom were the guests of honor. While waiting with the bride, he suddenly turned pale, threw up his hands, fell to the floor and died almost instantly.

In the excitement of the moment three women fainted. The dance was stopped and the guests departed at once. Heart disease was the cause of death.

Died Dancing With a Bride.

New York, September 8.—Jacob Estes, of Brooklyn, who sold jewelry through the country on commission, came back from the west a few days ago and attended the wedding of Miss Dora Schwickie and Samuel Liebman, which took place on Saturday, at the home of the bride's parents. Miss Schwickie is popular in the Brownsville district and the wedding was many guests at the reception. The dancing continued until far into midnight.

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Kansas Town Wrecked.

Ottawa, Kansas September 9.—The town of Grider, which has 400 inhabitants, in Coffey county, is a wreck. Most of the buildings and all of the stock of goods of every description are either ruined or taken off. On top was a thin glass bowl of sulphuric acid and below it a bowl containing menthylated spirits. When the hour came for the clock to strike the alarm the hammer broke the glass bowl, and the sulphuric acid burst into flame, igniting the building.

Express Train Robbed.

Terre Haute, Ind., Sept. 8.—Assistant Superintendent G. G. Curtis, of the Adams express company, arrived here at an early hour this morning from Columbus, and is making a thorough investigation of the robbery of the company's safe by the late cashier, J. Don Gardner, the city agent of the Vandallia railroad, J. Robert Barnett, is known to be implicated in the crime, but it has not yet been disclosed if, in addition to his participation in the express company robbery, he has taken a box of dynamite tickets. Barnett was checked up on the 1st instant, and therefore could not have stolen more than \$200 or \$300 in cash from the Vandallia road.

The belief is widespread that Friday night, for many years past, has been a trusted employe of both the government and the express company, would not have run away with so small a sum as \$16,000, or \$18,000, the amount conceded by the express company's officials as have been stolen.

Terrible Dynamite Explosion.

Dubuque, Ia., Sept. 8.—Five persons were blown to instant death and three injured by an explosion of dynamite at Specht's Ferry, ten miles from this city on the river side, at 7 o'clock this morning. The dead are: Edward Lathshaw, wife and two children and Hans Bjornstrom. The injured are: Mabel Lathshaw, age 15, still unconscious, but may recover; Matt Faber, will die; Ed Bench, eye knocked out.

Both Eyes Destroyed.

Pittsburg, September 11.—Dr. George A. Henderson, a dentist, is at the West Penn hospital in a critical condition, the result of gunshot wounds. Both eyes were destroyed and it is feared that portions of his throat have been penetrated. James A. Carey, of No. 731 Fifth avenue, also received a part of the contents of the gun in the shooting. His injuries are not serious. The shooting resulted last evening from the accidental discharge of a gun at a fishing camp near Wellsville, Ohio. Henderson and Carey were brought to Pittsburg last night by T. D. Davis, who is also member of the club, which is composed of local business and professional men.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

Fire-Entombed Miners.

Houghton, Mich., Sept. 8.—Thirty-five doomed men are entombed in the Osceola copper mines, with no possibility of recovery of their bodies until a fire which has started at noon yesterday is extinguished, which may not be for months.

The fire started on the 37th level, 2,500 feet below the surface. The underground workings are heavily timbered with pine and as the fire spread it generated great quantities of carbonic acid gas, which sank to the lower level, so that death from suffocation is certain to all in the mine.

It is the opinion of some of the oldest officials of the mine that the fire was the work of an incendiary. They say there is no other reason for the fire started in the portion of the mine, as no oil was used, and the timber work is accumulated there, and the timber work is out of reach of the lamps of the miners' hats.

All the doomed miners might have escaped had they been warned, says the capt. Edwards, who was the first to detect the existence of fire, dispatched messengers to every slope where the miners were working. By going a roundabout way, all the men in the lower level of No. 4 shaft might have escaped, but they preferred the shorter route of ascent by that shaft, and when they got up to the 18th level they found themselves cut off. Some passed into lateral drifts, expecting to reach other shafts.

Capt. White descended with Anton Secyk, who said he had left his father on a lower level, but Secyk lost his head, and finding his way unmanageable, he turned back to his father, pushing forward to the south workings of the mine and reaching the surface in safety—the only one of the party in No. 4 shaft to escape. He reported to the surface that he had carried one of the drill boys to the surface but the boy was so frightened he refused to move and was left to perish.

Business Men as Firebrigs.

Montpel, Sept. 8.—The greatest arson conspiracy that has ever been concocted in America was unearthed here yesterday. Warrants are out for ten of the most prominent men in the city, charged with the carrying out of the plan. They are: the store of Boyd, Gilles & Co. Boyd, the senior member suddenly left for Europe, and when Clares, after his arrest, turned Queen's evidence, it was found that the plan was to burn the city, and the approved of it and procured part of the receipts which the insurance adjusters awarded as damages.

The evidence showed that there was a widespread conspiracy, which has ramifications in the States and all through Canada. It was found that the conspirators were in the habit of setting fire to places by means of a clock-work arrangement. This was made of an alarm clock with the bell taken off. On top was a thin glass bowl of sulphuric acid and below it a bowl containing menthylated spirits. When the hour came for the clock to strike the alarm the hammer broke the glass bowl, and the sulphuric acid burst into flame, igniting the building.

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The government is building wing dams on the opposite side of the river and stone is being quarried there for the purpose. Lathshaw had a large low shanty where the quarries are boarded and in one end of the shanty there were stored 150 pounds of dynamite. After breakfast a son of Lathshaw was firing at a target near the entry and was told to stop by the foreman, but he went on and on the explosion occurred. The concussion was felt for miles. The shanty was blown to splinters and the Specht residence and depot were badly damaged. A special train was at once sent from here which brought the injured to the hospitals.

Struck by an Electric Car.

Pittsburg, Sept. 9.—Late last night Thomas Gray was hurt, perhaps fatally, and his wife and 7-year old daughter were also seriously injured at High Bridge, near Grafton. Gray and family were returning home from visiting friends in Pittsburg. When nearing High Bridge, and on a dangerous part of the road, their carriage was struck by an electric car on the west track of the line. The carriage was smashed and the occupants were pushed along the rails in front of the car, a considerable distance. Mr. Gray's legs and arms were broken and he sustained internal injuries. Mrs. Gray was terribly cut about the head and shoulders. The child's legs were broken and she was terribly cut about the head and face.

B. & B. New!

Dress Goods

Foreign Suitings, two hundred styles or more this week with price range 50c. to \$2.25.

Dress Goods and Suitings.

Other fine imported DRESS GOODS and SUITINGS, \$1.00 to \$1.50 values, going at 25c., 50c. and 75c.

Black Damas and Plain Faille Silks

at 65c. and 75c.

BOGGS & BUHL, Allegheny, Pa.

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Spouting, Roofing and Repairing done PROMPTLY.

Stoves, Ranges, Heaters and Furnaces, Agricultural Implements.

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Carrolltown Bank, CARROLLTOWN, PA.

General Banking Business Transacted.

DEPOSITS

LOANS

COLLECTIONS

DRRAFTS

ACCOUNTS

THE First National Bank OF PATTON.

PATTON, Cambria Co., Pa.

THE PATTON, Cambria Co., Pa.

CHOICE PLANTS AND CUT FLOWERS.

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GANGER

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NEW LINE OF FALL GOODS

BRADLEY'S CASH STORE, GALLITZIN, PENNA.

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LOWEST CASH PRICES.

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High Art Clothing for Short, Stout and Regular Sizes, and Furnishings.

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H. E. BENDER, Formerly of Carrolltown.

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