

EBENSBURG, CAMBRIA CO., PA. FRIDAY, AUGUST 10, 1894. DEMOCRATIC STATE TICKET. For Governor, WILLIAM M. SINGERLY, of Philadelphia. For Lieutenant Governor, JOHN S. RILLING, of Erie. For Auditor General, DAVID F. MAOER, of Lancaster. For Secretary of Internal Affairs, WALTER W. GREENLAND, of Carlisle. For Congress at Large, JOSEPH C. BUCHER, of Union. HANNIBAL K. SLOAN, of Indiana.

Democratic County Convention. To the Democratic voters of Cambria county: The Democratic voters of the several election districts of Cambria county will meet at their respective polling places on Saturday, August 25, 1894, at 1 o'clock p. m., for the purpose of electing delegates to the Democratic county convention, which is hereby summoned to meet at Ebensburg on Monday, August 27, 1894, to nominate a county ticket and transact such other business as may be brought to its attention.

Table listing delegates for various districts: Adams Twp., Allegheny Twp., Armstrong Twp., etc.

Chairman Democratic County Committee. L. D. WOODRUFF.

CECARIO, President Carnot's assassin, was sentenced to death in Paris on Friday. As the sentence was pronounced he tottered and with a weak voice said: "Vive Social Revolution." Then in a loud voice he shouted: "Courage, Comrades; vive Anarchie."

EX-PRESIDENT JOSE JOAQUIN RODRIGUEZ, of Costa Rica, is in New York city. Before his elevation to the presidency Mr. Rodriguez was a judge of the supreme court in his country, and he is now making a special study of the American judicial system.

The latest news received up to the time of our going to press indicates that although there has been no agreement as yet between the house and senate the probabilities are that the tariff bill will pass before the end of the week.

AFTER a struggle of forty days against the united railroads, the American railway union in Chicago has declared off the strike inaugurated in behalf of the Pullman employes. Beginning Monday morning each member of the union who responded to the order to strike was given liberty to resume work.

There are 35 Democrats in the United States senate who stand for tariff reform. There are nine Democrats who are traitors to their party and to the people. The nine traitors would not have the power to put one nickel in the treasury of a thiefing tariff trust were it not for the fact that 38 Republican senators stand in solid phalanx in defense of the trusts. Yet the Republican press is trying to make party capital out of the situation.

It is absurd, says the Pittsburgh Post, to associate the idea of free coal with the purchase by an American company of a large tract of coal lands in Nova Scotia, which it is supposed will be developed to meet a demand for cheaper coal in New England. Of course a removal of the duty will benefit the American coal company operating in Canada, as well as American consumers, just as Mr. Galusha A. Grow told the McKinley committee in 1890 that free coal between Canada and the United States would give the bituminous interests of Pennsylvania, Ohio and Illinois control of the Canadian market from Montreal to the Rocky mountains. No single item of the tariff bill is of more importance to the great bituminous interests of Pennsylvania than free coal, with Canadian reciprocity. It would open new and enlarged markets for a product that we have the capacity of turning out away beyond the demands of the home market. It would give employment to thousands of miners now idle, and advance wages as well as the profits of operators. This country, with its facilities of production, can mine enough coal in nine months to meet the year's home demand. Nothing is more important than new markets.

We pass by as beneath contempt the attempts to connect Mr. Cleveland's consistent advocacy of free coal with the Nova Scotia syndicate of capitalists. Very likely he has friends in it as he has friends interested in maintaining McKinley duties. Free coal is an old subject. Twenty years ago Mr. Hale, one of the senators from Maine, then in the house of representatives, introduced and had passed through the house a little bill placing coal on the free list. It failed in the senate. President Grant, in one of his messages, recommended free coal with other free raw material. The present opposition to free coal is not from the miners and operators, but from a few big mining corporations, and more particularly from the coal transportation companies. The latter are said to have objected to the 45-cent mining rate in the Clearfield and other eastern and southern bituminous coal districts on the ground that if the coal traffic could stand 5 cents additional the railroads and not the miners should have it. It is these corporations that have kept a lobby at Washington to fight free coal, and Senator Gorman is their spokesman.

The call of Chairman Woodruff for the Democratic county convention, to meet on August 27th, published elsewhere in this issue, should meet with the proper response on the part of the Democratic voters of Cambria county. The convention will have full deliberative powers in the matter of selecting a county ticket, and should be composed of men of character and ability. There are plenty of good Democrats in every district in the county to send to the convention, to make the personnel of such character that the action of the convention will be felt not only over the county, but over the state. In these days of trickery and disloyalty to party interests, it is important that we have men represent the party, who will be true to its interests, rather than devote it to the furthering of some selfish object. Let personal interests and personal ends be relegated to the rear, and actuated by lofty, patriotic purposes, a convention of Cambria county's best Democrats can go a great way toward restoring party confidence and paving the way for the restoration of Democratic supremacy in Cambria county.

The principle of "equal rights to all, and privileges to none" is as strong as ever, in the heart of every true Democrat in the land, and every true Democrat that the party has suffered by reason of the treachery and selfishness of some of its members in high public stations, the realization of the fact that the only way to accomplish the reforms pledged to the people is by united and continued devotion to duty and to party fealty, will again bring all hands to the support of the party of the people. Neither the failure of one man, nor the recency of a clique or ring, furnishes a just excuse for another to shirk his duty, or to prove untrue.

The way to enforce the principles of the party is for every Democratic voter to make himself felt at the primaries and at the convention. Let none but the best men be elected delegates and committeemen. The man who goes to the convention only for what there is "in it" for him is not the man to elect. The self-respecting Democrats of the county are accustomed to "hoing their own row" in other things, and will do so if they are sent to a county convention. Let the convention be made of such men.

In the senate on Thursday Mr. Peffer, Populist, of Kansas, was the sponsor for a bill prepared by the representatives of "The United States Industrial Army," now encamped near Washington or on the march to the capitol, under the terms of which the secretary of war is directed to inaugurate a system of public improvements that will furnish employment to all United States citizens who may apply for it, at the minimum wages of \$2 per day; and the secretary of the treasury is to provide a fund for their payment by the issue of \$250,000,000 in treasury notes.

Washington Letter. Washington, D. C. August 8, 1894.—The so-called "conservative" Democratic senators have in their power to end the tariff deadlock in an hour, but they have so far declined to make use of their power. It is now apparent that the Democratic conferees on the tariff bill can easily reach an agreement on the bill if they could be assured that the agreement would receive the votes of the 45 senators necessary. The lack of that assurance is the only stumbling block at this writing. They naturally hesitate to report an agreement when they are in doubt whether it would be accepted or rejected by the senate, knowing that its rejection would mean the failure of all tariff legislation. However, the pressure is becoming so strong on the rule or ruin Democratic senators from the outside that it is the general belief that they will soon consent to give in to a sufficient extent to get a bill through that can be accepted by all good Democrats. So strong is this belief that the house Democratic caucus, which was to have been held Thursday, has been deferred for a few days, which is hoped that an agreement will render it unnecessary.

President Cleveland very properly declined to officially receive the commission sent to Washington, the executive of Hawaii for the purpose of trying to prevent the recognition of the Hawaiian Republic. They say Secretary Gresham, but merely as individuals. This whole Hawaiian business will probably be left in the hands of congress, where President Cleveland placed it many months ago, and when congress directs the formal recognition of the Republic—a resolution to that effect is now pending in the house—it will be done, and not before.

Senator Voorhees, who has been too ill to take part in the tariff conference, is now much better, although not yet well enough to resume his duties. Representative Hutcheson, who is a lawyer of high standing in addition to being a Texas Democrat, has been given prominence in the house, has grown tired of seeing every attempt to control or abolish trusts, by a national law, wrecked by collision with the constitution, and has offered a joint resolution proposing this amendment: "This is short, but there is no doubt of its covering the ground, but in view of recent exhibitions of that influence of trusts in congress, there is much doubt of its receiving the necessary two-thirds vote of congress."

Representative Bryan, of Nebraska, has received a letter from the executive committee of the Democratic Free Coinage League of that state, asking him to announce his candidacy for the U. S. senate in the fall. This is short canvas of the state. While Mr. Bryan has not himself yet so announced, there is little doubt among his friends that he will in a few days accede to the requests of the committee.

There is one reform that should be forced on congress by public opinion, and that is the absolute prohibition of the attachment of new legislation as amendments to the general appropriation bills. No better example of the viciousness of the system is to be sought for than was presented by the senate this week when an amendment to the sundry civil appropriation bill providing for the purchase of the "Mahone site," upon which to build a new government printing office, was adopted. It would be impossible to get the house to agree to this purchase if presented in a separate bill; hence the action of the senate, upon which Mahone has a "pull," to force the house to agree or to see an important appropriation bill killed. It is generally admitted that the Mahone lot is unsuited for the purpose and excessive in price, and were it not for the persistent lobbying of General Mahone it would never have been seriously considered as among the eligible sites. It remains to be seen whether the house will allow itself to be bulldozed into voting a grant of public money to General Mahone just because certain senators want to help him along.

The members of the strike commission—Hon. Carroll D. Wright, U. S. Labor Commissioner; John D. Kernan, of N. Y. and N. E. Worthington, of Ill.—called on President Cleveland, after they held a preliminary meeting and decided to begin their investigation of the recent strike in Chicago on the 15th of this month, and had an extended talk on the scope of the investigation and the authority given by the law under which they held a preliminary meeting. The President impressed upon the minds of his callers his desire that the investigation should be thorough and without fear or favor.

A Senator's Boy Killed. Lynchburg, Va., Aug. 6.—William Patton Daniel, the 8-year-old son of United States Senator John Daniel met with a fatal accident yesterday afternoon. The little boy was playing in the yard of the senator's residence and had a horse killed for the third time on the premises. The horse turned suddenly, and in a second the little fellow was hanging with his head on the ground. The animal made a dash, and for about 60 feet dragged the little fellow over the yard. The Senator ran into the house and bore the frightfully bruised lad into the house. Although all that medical skill could suggest was done, he died at 11:10 last night.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report. Royal Baking Powder. ABSOLUTELY PURE.

A Woman Lashed. Connelville, Pa., August 5.—A savage punishment was meted out to a young Slav woman near Leith Friday night. She had been accused of disobeying the moral code of her native land, and her countrymen decided to administer the customary lashing. Her family protested, but in vain, and they were afraid to appeal from the decree of the Slav tribunal. A party of Slavs took the young woman from her friends, stripped her of most of her clothing, pinioned her hands and feet, lashed her to a stake and whipped her savagely. For more than an hour, while being punished, she was reviled, tormented and spat upon by anybody in the crowd who cared to take a hand. She was left tied to a whipping stake until about midnight, when she was taken to a local release her, before anybody dared release her. After she had been whipped a young man who pitied the agony she was suffering offered to loosen some of the cords that bound her, but she was beaten off by the mob. When the girl was taken down that evening she could hardly move. County Detective Campbell has the case in hand.

Shot in the Hip. Uniontown, Pa., August 6.—Mrs. Spaulding was shot in the hip, at her home near Beson, Coles works, by a drunken negro coke worker, on Saturday night. The blacks had been carousing here, and on their way home became boisterous as they were going through the hamlet at the Beson works. One shot fired, through a window, injured Mrs. Spaulding. Shots were fired from the houses by the strikers, but none took effect. Constable Wilson, with four others, attempted yesterday to arrest six of the men at Lemont for participating in the disorderly rioting. A large crowd of negroes, armed with revolvers, surrounded the officers, while the culprits escaped. Charles Price, one of the men who is said to have done the shooting Saturday night, was arrested at Cool Spring this morning and put in jail. The negroes were at the Beson works again last night, firing shots, but no trouble occurred.

Children Elope. Jeffersonville, Ind., Aug. 6.—Ollie Sander and Billie Childers, aged 15 and 14 years, who ran away from home in Jefferson county, Ky., several days ago, after failing to get married here, went to New Albany. There the necessary individual was found to swear that the girl was not his daughter, and the children were married by Magistrate Huckerby. A. J. Childers, father of the young bride, and a well-to-do farmer, was here and at New Albany yesterday, hunting for the couple and for the man who swore falsely to his daughter's age. He vows that he will put him in the penitentiary and send his unwelcome son-in-law there also for the subordination of perjury.

Democrats Carry Alabama. Montgomery, Alabama August 7.—It is estimated to-night that the Democrats have carried the state by from 25,000 to 30,000. The majority for Oates, Democrat, over Kolb, Populist, for governor, is near the above figures. Nearly every county shows losses by Kolb, as compared with his vote in 1892. At the Democratic committee rooms it is figured out that there will certainly be 11 majority for the Democrats in the senate and on the lowest estimate 18 majority in the house, including Jefferson's delegation of six. In 1892 Governor Jones had majorities in the 12 black belt counties aggregating 26,000. Kolb secured 15,000 majority outside the black belt which was entirely wiped out and in the aggregate appears a majority of from 5,000 to 10,000 for Oates.

Stole a Train. Atlantic City, August 7.—Thirty members of the Carl Browne's army of Coxeyites stole the West Jersey freight train at May's landing to day and threatened the train crew with violence if they were molested. At McKees City the trainmen attempted to rout the hobos and were roughly handled and driven off. When the train stopped at Pleasantville, seven miles from this city, The trio were arrested by the police upon their arrival in this city. They were arraigned in the police court and fined \$25 each and sentenced to serve thirty days in the county prison. There was not a cent among the strikers.

They Made Bad Money. Danbury, Conn., Aug. 6.—The secret service officers, who have been securing the country heretofore since the arrest of Russell D. Hoyt, the Brooklyn counterfeiter, for the headquarters of the gang, of which Hoyt is believed to be the leader, were successful to day in unearthing evidence enough to convict the entire gang. The work of months was rewarded by the finding of the plates and presses with which the bad money was made, the engraver's tools and thousands of dollars of counterfeit money ready to be placed in circulation. The entire outfit was found buried in the yard of Lorenzo Hoyt, a brother of Russell D. Hoyt, an old and respected resident of Bethel. Hoyt was arrested.

Chicago Strikers Want to Work. Chicago, August 5.—The American Railway Union men, who are still on strike, held three meetings last night to consider the question of declaring the strike off. The Washburn men in Lake hall, 315 Root street. About 100 attended. It was a quiet, orderly, business meeting and it was decided unanimously to declare the strike off. At Corcoran's hall, town of Lake, 500 men and boys, employed by the packing houses and switching associations, held a stormy meeting, lasting three hours. A motion to declare the strike off was carried by a bare majority and the meeting broke up amid considerable excitement.

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