

Cambria Freeman.

EBENSBURG, CAMBRIA CO., PA.
FRIDAY, AUGUST 25, 1893.

Democratic County Convention.

The Democratic voters of the several election districts of Cambria county will meet at the usual place of holding elections on Saturday, August 26th, 1893, at 10 o'clock P. M., and elect members of the county committee and delegates to the county convention to be held at the Opera House in Ebensburg on Monday, August 27th, 1893, at one o'clock P. M.

The county convention will elect a chairman of the county committee, nominate a candidate for treasurer, two candidates for county auditors, one candidate for poor director, one candidate for jury commissioner and elect six delegates to the state convention.

The members elect of the county committee will also meet at the same time and place for organization.

Jas. G. HANSON, Chairman.
Ebensburg, Pa. Aug. 25, 1893.

MR. JAMES H. BROWN, American Commissioner to Honolulu has returned. He is reticent on the subject of his mission reserving what he has to communicate for the hearing of the Secretary of State.

RECEIVERS have been appointed for the Northern Pacific Railway Company which says it cannot stand the financial strain. The receivership not only embraces the Northern Pacific, but also all the railroads owned, leased or controlled by it.

PRESIDENT and Mrs. Cleveland, it is expected, will return to the White House the last days of this month. The work which has been in progress about the mansion for some weeks past has been nearly completed, and excepting the Red parlor, the house will be in perfect trim for the return of the family. The Red room will not be finished until about the middle of September.

REPORTS from the grain producing sections of the country indicate a fair average yield, although the drought has played havoc here and there with the wheat crop. The worst reports of the wheat crop come from Kansas, where a few localities show a yield of but five bushels to the acre. In Michigan, on the contrary, wheat thrashers report in some districts a product of thirty bushels per acre. The means for moving the enormous grain crops are still sought earnestly by Western bankers; but thus far sought in vain.

A CONTEMPORARY FOREIGNER: Nowadays when a mill stage for repairs, or a mine is closed by the drought, or a burglar gets away with the assets of a bank, or a "boom" bursts from too much spread, it is set down in the sensational protectionist newspapers as the result of prospective legislation not yet formulated or accomplished. One of the embers and ashes of the money scare they seek to kindle a tariff scare. It is a lost labor. The scarecrow has become so tattered with long use that the people can no longer be fooled by it.

THE news comes from Paris that after months of discussion the Behring sea tribunal of arbitration has completed its work and announced its decision in regard to the sealing islands in that section. A close season is established from May 1 to July 25; a protected zone is established extending for 6 miles around the islands, pelagic sealing is allowed outside the zone in Behring sea from Aug. 1, but the use of firearms in sealing is prohibited. The American arbitrators have expressed their satisfaction with the text of the decision.

W. L. WILSON of West Virginia, the new chairman of the Ways and Means committee, says he believes the committee will go to work promptly at a revision of the tariff. This does not necessarily mean that a bill will be reported very soon, as the work will take considerable time. He would not undertake to predict what the committee would do, but said he thought the party was in a situation to perfect a broad and general revision of the tariff in accordance with its pledges to the people.

THERE is a popular clamor in Ecuador for a declaration of war against Peru, to take revenge for atrocities said to have been committed by Peruvians during the dispute over the boundary and in violation of the status quo. The Peruvian consul at Panama, officially denies the rumor that Peru would be unable to respond to a challenge to fight on account of trouble at home. The Liberal leaders who were imprisoned on charges of being concerned in the recent alleged revolutionary movement, termed the dynamic conspiracy, have been liberated.

WHILE there are a good many Democratic Senators, says the Pittsburgh Post, who oppose the repeal of the Sherman law and favor free coinage, it is not believed they will join in any filibustering movement to prevent a vote in the senate. Such tactics will probably be confined to the senators from the silver states. This would discredit it. It will be very different filibustering against the repeal of the Sherman law and filibustering against the force bill. Public opinion sustained senators in defeating the force bill by every means in their power. It meant revolution, and invited revolutionary methods to defeat it.

THIS Populist and ultra-free coinage Senators have determined to obstruct the passage of the bill to extend national bank circulation by offering innumerable bill substitutes and amendments. In short, they have decided to practically filibuster against it and the Senate leaders now admit that they have no hope of getting the bill through in time to afford material relief. They will keep it before the Senate and will do their best in its behalf, but, before they can fight down the opposition, the silver question will have to be made the regular order. Pfeiffer's substitute is one \$250,000,000 of greenbacks on the fiat plan is a sample of the opposition's ammunition. They do not intend that a vote shall be had, as they know the bill would pass by two-thirds majority.

On Saturday evening the state department sent out to each board of county commissioners in the state sample ballots and blanks necessary to be used under the amended ballot law. Under the provisions of the ballot law, as amended by the last Legislature, the work of voters at the coming election will be much less intricate than at the last two elections. The official ballots will, of course, be considerably smaller, as but seven offices are to be filled, but the method of voting has been simplified very materially and but little excuse remains for incorrect marking, a reason seized upon in February last for throwing out many ballots when the count was in progress.

The voter can now vote a straight ticket, by simply making a cross (X) in a circle placed at the head of each column of candidates, instead of being compelled to make his cross after the party designation above each group of candidates. For instance, at the last November election the voter voting a straight ticket was compelled to make eight crosses, one each above the groups devoted to presidential electors, congressmen at large and Judge of Supreme court, district congressmen, senators, representatives and other county offices.

In splitting his ticket the voter has only to make a cross in the square at the right of the name of each candidate voted for, care being taken not to mark in the circle at the head of either column. The prohibition candidates will this year have a column of their own and a blank column will be provided on the official ballot in which to write the names of candidates nominated by nomination papers or for whom the voter, for some reason, desires to cast his ballot.

An amendment that will obviate the throwing out of so large a number of ballots as heretofore, provides that "if a voter marks more names than he is entitled to vote for in an office, or if for any reason, it is impossible to determine the voter's choice for any to be filled, his ballot shall not be counted for such office, but shall be counted for all other offices for which the names of candidates have been properly marked."

It was wise, says the New York Sun, for Mr. Cleveland not to propose any financial legislation in place of the Sherman act. The Sherman act in itself is not prized by anybody; even the extreme silver men wish to use it only as a means of compelling legislation more favorable to silver. In limiting his recommendation Mr. Cleveland took safe and unimpeachable ground. Had he ventured into the assertion of a plan of his own, he could hardly have failed to irritate the members of Congress whose views of the remedies necessary for the cure of the existing financial evils were different from his own. It would be a queer view of the constitutional duty of the Executive in making recommendations to Congress to hold that he has not the right to be reticent or vague when clear language to Congress might defeat the very purpose he has in view and injure the public welfare.

The greatest share of the responsibility rests with Congress, and there Mr. Cleveland has properly left it. In former years his opinions about silver were feebly and dogmatically expressed, but it is evident that the seriousness of the financial troubles have impressed him powerfully; and it is credible to his modesty as well as to his patriotism that he has practiced repression of his personal views.

What better standing place for Congress is there than the Democratic platform? Mr. Cleveland has followed that and like that, is positive in demanding the repeal of the makeshift Sherman act, and vague as to the means by which the currency is to be regulated and the parity of the gold and silver secured and maintained. It is for Congress to interpret the financial plank and out of its somewhat nebulous helplessness to deduce the fitting body of law.

OUR contemporary the Herald admits that the tannery in this place closed last year, but "from an entirely different reason from this year." "This year" as the Herald says "it is closed because the Democratic party, the party of Free Trade, and which now controls the government, has thrown the country into a state of distrust never before dreamed of." Last year when the g. o. p. was in full power, when Benjamin Harrison was at the helm, when the tariff beneficiaries imagined they had entrenched themselves behind a Republican Senate that it would take years to dislodge, any shut-downs must have been from the Republican standpoint from some entirely different cause. The labor reductions and shut-downs of last year from Homestead down to the Ebensburg tannery, which were but the harbinger of this year and which are the logical result of the over-production caused by a horde of tariff-fed banking industries that, in dull times, must go to the wall, are to be attributed to anything short of the real cause. But that is nothing new; it is the old tale of protection and the tariff, and all file are due to anything that interferes with the Republican grip on the public test.

SENATORIAL PL. Aug. 21.—Darkness had scarcely settled upon the Mahanoy Valley when a gang of 50 laborers, headed by the Councilman of Gilberton began tearing up the tracks of the Schuylkill Traction Company's electric railway. Hundreds of burghers have shouldered picks and a great crowd is cheering as the two miles of track is being steadily uprooted. The Traction officials have been notified, but have not yet appeared in any way on the scene.

HERTY, daughter of James L. Hurston, a wealthy iron manufacturer of Birmingham, England, eloped from Chicago, who she later was found to be visiting the West End fair, with one of the chair pushers. The irate father arrived in hot pursuit of the fleeing couple.

WASHINGTON LETTER.
WASHINGTON, D. C., August 18, 1893.
Senator Vorhees tumbled down a good many imaginary structures when he asked and obtained the consent of the Senate for the Finance committee to hold daily meetings while the Senate is in session, in order to consider and report a financial bill. A number of industrious laborers have been working double time to create the impression that Senator Vorhees and the other Democratic members of the committee were purposely delaying the consideration by the committee of financial bills that have been introduced. The facts speak for themselves and need no comment.

The Senate is now considering the bill favorably reported by the Finance committee and endorsed by Secretary Carlisle, authorizing National banks to issue currency to the full amount of the deposits they have deposited to secure the same. Senator Cockrell has proposed several amendments to the bill, because of his belief that the National banks already enjoy too many privileges. But inasmuch as the country is greatly in need of the additional currency which would at once be put in circulation were they to vote in favor of the bill, it will be passed without material amendment.

The House has another week of silver debate ahead of it before the voting begins. The unconditional repeal bill is now pending for the true vote of the House at a rate of 20 to 1, shall prove to be true they will be defeated and the amendment adopted. That rumor however, appears to have a very good foundation. The silver leader, says he knows nothing about any such arrangement and does not believe that it exists, and if Speaker Reed says the Republican House will vote for unconditional repeal, will vote for unconditional repeal.

Members of the administration were not surprised at the result of the Behring Sea arbitration. Lines of the arbitration having been received in advance of the decisions. Nor are they disappointed, as the United States comes out of it quite as well as they expected. The fact is that the present administration has never entangled itself over this particular arbitration, and had it not found the whole business arranged for when it assumed office something would have been done in accordance with its own policy. The person will, of course, be accepted by this government as final, and advice from London being the same assurance from the British government. That the long and troublesome case may be considered as at an end, the advantages gained by the arbitration as about six points in favor of Great Britain to four in favor of the United States. A Congressman speaking of the matter said: "It seems to me that the rich Seal ring gets more out of the arbitration than either the United States or Great Britain, as the prohibition of the use of firearms in sealing gives a stronger hold than ever upon the business. The only people who still use the spear in sealing are the native Alaskans who are in the employ of the seal ring, so you can imagine what the prohibition of firearms means to the ring."

Representative Grosvenor of Ohio, appears to be in a bad way. He claimed in a speech made in the House this week that President Cleveland's message to Congress was an appeal to partisanship. Many things have been said about the message, but so far Grosvenor is the only man who has been able to see partisanship in it. During the Harrison administration Grosvenor had been in Europe on a government mission to keep him out of mischief, and it is a great pity that he cannot now be sent to remain until the financial question is disposed of.

Senator Hill this week introduced a bill for the repeal of the federal election laws. It is short and to the point, and will in due time be passed. Speaker Clark has said there is certainly no better authority, that all the talk about this that man for the chairmanship of this important House committee is pure guesswork. He has no right to say anything about it, except it would be an impossibility for anybody to say what he intends doing. As soon as he gets the members satisfactorily assigned the committees will be announced.

It has been stated here this week that President Cleveland was unalterably opposed to any compromise and desired to maintain it. It is for Congress to interpret the financial plank and out of its somewhat nebulous helplessness to deduce the fitting body of law.

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Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.
Royal Baking Powder
ABSOLUTELY PURE

Fearful Torture.
CHICAGO, Aug. 20.—As a result of a furious fight in the West End station enclosure in Midway Plaisance early this morning, four Belodons were more or less severely hurt, and three of the sons of the absent Langhans in a police station. The names of but one of the injured, Hasted Alford, is known, the management of the show refusing to give any information concerning the fracas.

Early this morning the three men stood in the West End station enclosure and gagged him. One of the things was passed under his shoulders, forming a loop at the end through which the rope was passed and securely fastened. Then the animal was lashed into a mad race about the enclosure. Around and around flew the course dragging the unfortunate man over the soft earth. It was fearful torture. The track of the animal on the enclosure struck the victim's head against the skull bare. Every time the horse came near the avenging trio he was unmercifully lashed until he flew around the track with the speed of a windmill. The upsurge of the evening ramp and over the place was filled with the cries of dusky men and women, and the three Belodons responsible for the outrage were beaten into submission.

Plenty of Work in Pittsburgh.
Pittsburgh, Pa., August 21.—There is plenty of smoke issuing from countless chimneys of many iron mills in the vicinity of Pittsburgh. The Slings works of the Carnegie Steel Company are in operation this morning. Three thousand men were at work at Jones & Laughlin's to-day and every department is at work except four mills and the sheet iron mill. The Carnegie Steel Company is also the Lockhart Iron and Steel company, at Chartiers. The Black Diamond steel works started in full to-day giving employment to 1,000 people out of the city there was a partial resumption at reduced wages at the National tube works at McKeesport. Three open hearth furnaces were in operation at the Carnegie Homestead plant this morning. The Carnegie Steel Company has one hundred acres at Unshouton this morning, employing 300 men. Before the end of the week it is expected that large plants will be placed in operation.

Vienna Arrested.
VIENNA, Aug. 17.—A gang of men have been arrested in Bispavitz, Austria, because they have mutilated young children. The men, known as the "Bispavitz boys," are unable to read and write and are selling them to others for the same purpose.

Uncle Sam Grabbing the Gold.
NEW YORK, Aug. 21.—Uncle Sam is still drawing gold by the fistful out of the deep coffers of the bank of England. The bank yesterday sent to the treasury, brought \$1,791,250. The Comptroller left Liverpool Saturday, carries \$1,300,000 in gold. The Eus has \$300,000 gold, and the Columbia, due next Saturday, has \$200,000. The Gallia, which will leave Liverpool to-morrow, will bring \$100,000 worth of yellow leucates. Word from England says \$125,000 in gold coin was drawn from the bank of England yesterday. For export to this country. Two hundred and fifty dollars in sovereigns were received from Paris, \$200,000 from Holland and \$300,000 from Portugal. A large flow of gold from the bank in America is expected to-morrow. The Bank rate is likely to be raised at any time.

Apple-like Hailstones.
BUFFALO, Mich., Aug. 18.—At about 3:30 yesterday afternoon a storm came upon Buffalo from the south. The wind blew with great force and it was accompanied by a hail storm lasting 15 minutes. Hailstones as large as apples fell. Every exposed pane of glass on the city was broken. The hail was so heavy that it was impossible to see. The hail was so heavy that it was impossible to see. The hail was so heavy that it was impossible to see.

Still Refuse 60-Day Paper.
COLUMBIER, O., Aug. 21.—The attempt of the miners of the Hocking Valley and the operators to get together on the wage payment failed again this evening. The delegates, 35 of them, met the operators at 5 P. M. The latter refused to make any more favorable offer than they had agreed to in the joint meeting which the state executive committee and which miners have repudiated, viz. the payment of wages on regular paydays in part by 60-day notes. This the delegates refused to accept and withdrew. They will meet to consult to-morrow morning as to what course to pursue.

Killed the Wrong Man.
MURKESBORO, Ill., Aug. 21.—Last evening about 5 o'clock, at Midway Valley, a man named Howard killed Blatchel Bethare, colored man, who is a young colored man, had been struck the night before, and was in a very bad way. He was asked who struck him. He said he pointed out Bethare and Howard fired several shots, killing Bethare. He escaped and has not yet been caught. Bethare was not the man he wanted to kill, Howard may be lynched if caught.

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1,500 yards Hemstitched Plaid India Linens in assorted large broken plaids, suitable for Wrappers and Dresses and Aprons, and some people use them for Shirts—they are 28 inches wide—we sold lots of them early in the season at a yard and they are well worth it but we bought this lot under price and we will sell them at that price.

12 1/2 C. A YARD.
1,000 yards Satin Striped India Linens—wide handsome, stylish stripes, solid, broken and graduated—nice for Ladies' and Children's Dresses, etc. A YARD.
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Look out for imitations, buy only the genuine Oliver plows and repairs, and be sure you are right before you take the plow home.
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