

It will pass the House finally at 4 o'clock on Tuesday for the election of tax collectors in townships and boroughs for three years.

The House has passed a bill to place a copy of Snell's Legislative Hand Book in every school in the state. To do this twenty-three thousand copies will be required.

JOHN M. REYNOLDS, of Bedford, Pa., who is said to have tendered the Assistant Secretaryship of the Interior, left for the East on Tuesday. Mr. Reynolds will neither affirm nor deny the report. He was summoned to Washington on Saturday, and while there had a talk with Secretary Hoke Smith.

New York's Health Board officials are becoming alarmed on account of the great mortality which prevailed in that city during the twenty-four hours ending with Tuesday, when the death list reached 201. Many policemen and city employes are on the sick list. Eleven deaths were attributed to "la grippe."

The report of the Postmaster General states that over \$2,000,000 in checks, drafts and money, reached the dead letter office during the past year through improper addressing. Probably double his sum has been lost through delays and accidents resulting from carelessness in mailing and corresponding.

GENERAL MAXWELL Fourth Assistant Postmaster begins well. On Monday he appointed 100 fourth-class postmasters. Sixty seven were to fill vacancies caused by the removal of incumbents. On Tuesday he appointed 48 fourth-class postmasters, and of this number 47 to fill vacancies occasioned by the removal of the incumbents.

SECRETARY HOKE SMITH'S first land decision was against the Southern Pacific Railroad's right to a large tract of land which it has claimed and kept from being opened to settlement. This decision not only opens this land to settlement, but it is a refutation of the silly Republican charge that it was corrupt influences which put Secretary Smith into the cabinet.

A NEWSPAPER is always printed in a rush, says the New York Sun. There is always something in it that should be left out; something left out that should be put in. It is something too quick to act; but with all its faults and short comings there is more education in a bright newspaper than there is in any novel. You find the brightest boy on practical, sensible every day questions is the boy that reads the newspapers.

The Agricultural Delegation in the House of Representatives at Harrisburg, decided to stand by the Niles' tax bill "till the snow flies if necessary," to use the expression of a leading member of the organization. The delegation met Thursday evening of last week and discussed the bill in detail. A committee, consisting of Messrs. Niles, Cessna, Martin, Lawrence, Hartly, Robb and Thomas was appointed to take charge of it on the floor of the House.

The Legislatures of North Dakota, Montana and Washington failed to elect United States Senators at their recent sessions, and after their adjournment the Governors of those states made appointments to fill the vacancies. The appointees have presented their credentials at Washington, but have not been admitted to the Senate, the Democratic members of that body holding that the Governors have no power to appoint.

The assaillat was promptly taken in hand by the police and conveyed to prison; otherwise he would in all probability have been killed by the angry multitude. He is said to be a religious fanatic. An immense crowd assembled and cheered the King with frantic enthusiasm, and all the way to the Palace the scene was like a triumphal progress.

ROBERT A. MAXWELL, Fourth Assistant Postmaster General, is a resident of Batavia, Genesee county, New York. He is about fifty-five years old. He acquired a fortune as a mailer. He was elected State Treasurer by the Democrats in 1881. He served the state in that capacity two terms and retired to take the Superintendency of Insurance, from which he was removed by Gov. Hill. Since Mr. Cleveland entered politics Maxwell has been among his warmest personal friends and supporters. He and Postmaster-General Bissell have been intimate for years.

PRESIDENT CLEVELAND on Wednesday sent two nominations to the Senate. Herman Stump, of Belair, Md., to be Superintendent of Immigration, and William P. Thompson to be Collector of Customs at Belfast. Mr. Stump served two terms in Congress. He was Chairman of the House Committee on Immigration in the last Congress, and took an active interest in the immigration problem, being the author of several ideas on the subject which were embodied in the new Immigration Law. The salary of the office is \$4000 a year. Its patronage is limited to one chief clerk at \$2000, and another clerk at \$1000.

The federal appointments made so far in New York, says the Pittsburgh Post, do not give much comfort to what is known as the state machine, or for the matter of that, to Tammany. They are mostly from the ranks of the anti-snappers, who entered such a lively protest against Governor Hill's February convention last year as to destroy its prestige as a president-making body. So far there has been no demonstration against the confirmation of these appointments, but it may break out any day. It is suggested as likely that Senator Murphy may have something to say against confirming Mr. George F. Parker who is credited with very lively objections to Mr. Murphy's selection to the Senate.

The Senate at Washington is receiving quite a number of protests against the Russian extradition treaty. There appears to be one point in which it does not suit anarchists and others. It provides that assassination or attempts at assassination shall be extraditable and puts the emperor or any other member of the royal family on a par with a common citizen whom it is attempted to murder. It has been claimed that under this clause political offenders will be extradited. There is, however, in the treaty a provision giving the Secretary of State discretionary power to refuse extradition whenever it is not proved that the person wanted, and it is also provided that he or she must be tried for the offense for which extradition. Senators think this will prevent extradition except where murder has been attempted, and they are not ready to countenance assassination as a means of changing a form of government.

The treaty has already been ratified by the Senate, so that the matter has really passed out of its hands, and the only way in which the treaty can be stopped going into effect is by a successful appeal to the President not to exchange ratifications and promulgate it, a thing he naturally would be extremely disinclined to do, in view of the treaty having received more than a two-thirds vote in the Senate.

SEVERAL TOWNS in New York State employed the Meyers ballot machine for the first time in their local elections this spring, and, as the State press has freely testified, with entirely satisfactory results. The machine is self-recording, accurate and expeditious in its working; and any tampering with the vote by the inspector is out of the question.

The polls closed at three minutes before 8, and at three minutes after 6 the total vote for each of the 44 candidates who were running for office had been registered by the machine, transferred to the polls clerks' book, read back, and verified. But perhaps the best testimony to the merits of the machine is the fact that in no instance has an attempt been made to question its verdict. The ballot box corruptionists stand mute in its presence. They recognize, instinctively that their vocation, if not gone, is rapidly going.

GOVERNOR PATTON last Thursday issued a proclamation designating Saturday, April 15, and Saturday, April 20, to be observed as Arbor Days in Pennsylvania. The selection of other of the designated days is left to the discretion of the people in the commonwealth. The Governor says in the proclamation: "Let the people take a day and devote sufficient time thereof to plant a tree, fruit or ornamental tree along the public highways and streams, and along the public school houses and on the college grounds, in gardens and farms, thus promoting the pleasure, profit and prosperity of the people of the state, providing protection against floods and storms, securing health and comfort, increasing that which is beautiful and pleasing to the eye, comforting to physical life and elevating to the mind and heart, and by associations and meetings, excite, public interest and give encouragement to this most commendable work."

AN attempt was made to kill King Humbert, of Italy, on Saturday evening by one Berardi as the King was returning from the Villa Borghese, where he had been spending the day. The missile thrown by the would-be assassin missed its mark, and, before a second attempt upon the King's life could be made, several persons rushed upon the assailant and held him fast. There were a great many people on the street at the time, and as soon as the facts of the case became known there was the wildest excitement. The assailant was promptly taken in hand by the police and conveyed to prison; otherwise he would in all probability have been killed by the angry multitude. He is said to be a religious fanatic. An immense crowd assembled and cheered the King with frantic enthusiasm, and all the way to the Palace the scene was like a triumphal progress.

The bar silver now stored in the United States Mint at Philadelphia amounts to 110,000,000 ounces, the largest quantity ever deposited in one place in this country. This quantity is equal to 6,250,000 pounds avoirdupois, or 3,125 tons. Loaded upon wagons carrying one ton each, and allowing forty feet for each team and vehicle, this mass of metal would make a procession over twenty miles long. The quantity is so great that a new steel lined vault, 8 feet wide, has been built to accommodate a portion of it. Filled full from floor to ceiling, however, this new addition holds only 20,000,000 ounces. As silver bullion is being poured into the Philadelphia Mint at the rate of 3,800,000 ounces a month, it will be only five or six months when another new vault must be built when the purchase of the white metal is stopped.

SECRETARY CARLISLE is leaving nothing undone to guard the country against the calamity of a visitation by cholera the coming summer. He is using all his power, aided as far as may be by the other departments, not alone to stop cholera infected ships at our ports, but in every way to minimize the chances of cholera infecting persons and goods getting aboard American-bound vessels at European ports. With this object in view the Treasury department has now in Europe 10 special agents watching for any reappearance of the disease in the ports of that country.

COLONEL ELLIOT FRICK SHEPARD, editor of the New York Mail and Express, died suddenly Friday afternoon at his home in New York. His death was caused by cholera, superinduced by inhalation of ether.

WASHINGTON, D.C., March 25, 1890. President Cleveland has done no more popular thing since he assumed his high office than when he "jumped on" the head of the slimy serpent, nepotism, which had started to wiggle around entirely too prominently. He first took occasion to inform a distinguished southern senator who had appointed his son to be clerk of the Senate committee of which he was lately made chairman, that in consequence of that appointment, individuals and family interests first of all, his recommendations had been much weakened. Next, he took a western congressman's breath away, when, as a discharging argument in favor of an appointment to an office of one of his constituents he said: "And he is a relative of yours, Mr. president," by saying: "That settles it. No relative of mine shall be appointed by me."

He then gave that congressman a short but comprehensive lesson on the evils of nepotism, which is as safe to say he will never forget if he lives a century. It is also safe to say that the senator, who foresaid slimy serpent will not be reared in any of the executive departments of the government for four years to come, all of which is a decided gain for the country.

The executive departments are being put upon a Democratic basis as rapidly as possible, and Republican chiefs of bureaus and divisions are being succeeded by Democrats as fast as the heads of the departments can select the new officials. Democratic economy is also being put into practical operation. Following Secretary Morton's order dismissing all of the superfluous members of the department of agriculture, came an order from Secretary Carlisle to the division chiefs of the treasury department, ordering the immediate dismissal of every employe not absolutely essential to the work of the department. The Democratic administration was voted into power to reduce the extravagant expenditures of the government, and every man who is not absolutely essential to the work of the department, the Democratic administration was voted into power to reduce the extravagant expenditures of the government, and every man who is not absolutely essential to the work of the department, the Democratic administration was voted into power to reduce the extravagant expenditures of the government, and every man who is not absolutely essential to the work of the department.

HUNTSVILLE, Pa., March 25.—Edward L. Hackett, of Williamsport, a recently discharged inmate of the Huntingdon reformatory, presented a forged check for \$275.00 at a national bank here to-day, purporting to have been made by R. C. Henry, a wealthy farmer, with whom Hackett had served his parole. The forgery, though cleverly executed, was at once detected by Cashier Slumaker, whereupon Hackett fled from the bank. His flight led him to a country road where he destroyed a number of forged checks, cypher letters and other papers, and a couple of days subsequently arrested and lodged in jail. Hackett, who had been for some time under police surveillance, is believed to have been the leader of the mysterious gang of burglars who are now operating here almost nightly. He posed as the nephew of Ferdinand De Rothschild, of London, and during the past winter searched and stole from several Baptist churches in this county.

WHITNEY WON'T ACCEPT ANY OFFICE. BRUNSWICK, Ga., March 25.—Ex-Secretary William C. Whitney, who, with his family, arrived in this city last night, was interviewed to-day in reference to a telegram received here stating that President Cleveland wanted him to accept the English mission and would make no appointments until he could reach him. Upon being asked if he would accept the mission, Mr. Whitney replied: "It is not true that Mr. Cleveland is holding open for me the English mission. It is, perhaps, right that I should state once for all that in November last while in New York, Mr. Cleveland asked for an expression of my wish or willingness as to holding office under the administration of Mr. Cleveland. He said that my price would be higher than I could any office, and that I then reiterated what he and my other friends had previously known, namely, that I could not accept any office. He said that many times he made this statement and that covered the matter in full."

CHICAGO, ILL., March 25.—If anyone thinks he can see the World's Fair for 50 cents he will find that he has made a serious mistake. Some one will presently obtain a concession to all the air at Jackson Park and sell to visitors at as much per breath. The water privilege, the privilege to use the benches in the park and charge money for sitting on them—all these and a hundred others have been granted in many cases to interested parties that Director General Davis is interested in the sanitary snafu.

HARRISBURG, Pa., March 25.—The board of pardons heard arguments in several cases to-day and continued others. Pardons were refused in the following cases: Joseph D. Drinkler, murderer, Susquehanna county; Dennis Cloonen, murder Albany county who wanted his sentence commuted to imprisonment for life; Joseph Smith, Westminster and Luzerne counties, without license; William B. Hamilton, Clearfield county, selling liquor without license; William B. Hamilton, Clearfield county, larceny, and Charles Johnson, Venango, entering a building with intent to commit larceny. Cloonen, who murdered his wife, will be hanged April 6. The case of James M. Place, the publisher of the Record in Tipton, in jail at Potsville for libel, was held under advisement.

PHILADELPHIA March 27.—It has been decided that the Liberty Bell, the ringing of which proclaimed the independence of the thirteen original states, shall be taken to Chicago, the date of the departure from this city being fixed for April 28. The bell will be transported in a special car, and four policemen will go along as its special custodians, and never lose sight of their charge. A number of city officials will go to Chicago with the bell, and the bell is taken there. On the way to the fair steps will be made in all the large cities so that their citizens may have an opportunity of seeing the bell.

WASHINGTON, March 26.—The Government of Spain, through the State Department, has officially tendered to the United States as a gift the reproduced flagships of Columbus, the "Santa Maria," now somewhere in the Gulf of Mexico on route to this country to participate in the naval review and to form a part of the Spanish exhibit at Chicago. The ceremonies of presentation will take place on some date, to be hereafter named, near the close of the exposition, and it is the intention to bring the Santa Maria to Washington for permanent exhibition.

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Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

Plumes 1,000 Feet High. CITY OF MEXICO, March 26.—Great alarm is felt among the people living in the Lomid district of the state over the eruption of the San Martin volcano, which has been belching forth flame, lava and inspiring the passions ever since. This volcano is situated in the very midst of a populous agricultural country, and at its base are extensive coffee plantations. It has been extinct for more than a century, and gave no indication of becoming active until about three weeks ago, when a series of slight shocks of earthquake were felt in that locality, followed by a blast of sulphurous smoke from the volcano. Inhabitant of the surrounding country abandoned their homes and sought refuge at a safe distance. These earthquake shocks were followed by one of the most magnificent volcanic eruptions ever witnessed. It occurred at night, and the heavens for 100 miles around were illuminated. The flames went up to a height of nearly 1,000 feet. Lava poured down the sides of the mountain in streams, destroying the crops and all vegetation at its base.

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LOUIS D. VANDERVEER, one of the best known business men in Chicago, representative of the great Bradstreet Co. HEADACHE, SLEEPLESSNESS, NERVOUS PROSTRATION. Dr. Miles' Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind. Gentlemen: I take pleasure in informing you of the very beneficial results which have followed the use of Dr. Miles' RESTORATIVE NEURALGIC PAIN EXPELLER. I was afflicted with the most distressing form of neuralgia, and my head was never at ease, and was greatly cured. I can now sleep and eat as usual. I have been cured of my headache, my sleeplessness, my nervous prostration, my loss of appetite, and my general debility. My health is now as good as it ever was. I have been cured of my headache, my sleeplessness, my nervous prostration, my loss of appetite, and my general debility. My health is now as good as it ever was. I have been cured of my headache, my sleeplessness, my nervous prostration, my loss of appetite, and my general debility. My health is now as good as it ever was.

Garfield Tea

Cures Sick Headache

A LUDLOW'S settlement with the Supervisor of the town of Ludlow, Pa., for the year ending March 1, 1890. JOHN NEWMYER, Supervisor. Balance due from last settlement \$215.00 Amount of duplicate 15.00 Received from tax on land 171.00 Received from tax on buildings 12.50 Order to balance account 28.50 Total 427.50

SEBASTIAN A. KRUISE, Supervisor. To amount of duplicate \$275.00 Received from tax on land 200.00 Received from tax on buildings 100.00 Order to balance account 75.00 Total 650.00

JOHN VAULLEY, Supervisor. To amount of duplicate \$250.00 Received from tax on land 200.00 Received from tax on buildings 100.00 Order to balance account 50.00 Total 500.00

AL WHEATON, Clerk. To amount of duplicate \$100.00 Received from tax on land 80.00 Received from tax on buildings 40.00 Order to balance account 20.00 Total 140.00

THE TORNADO FEED AND ENLARGING CUTTER. It is a most valuable piece of machinery for the farmer. It will cut and enlarge any kind of feed, and will do so in the most efficient manner. It is a most valuable piece of machinery for the farmer. It will cut and enlarge any kind of feed, and will do so in the most efficient manner. It is a most valuable piece of machinery for the farmer. It will cut and enlarge any kind of feed, and will do so in the most efficient manner.

WAGING A MERRY WAR.

In all lines of business there are houses which set the pace; whose systems and prices become the standards after which others copy. In the Clothing World Wool's set the pace. Our system and prices have greatly benefited the customer, and for years past there has been a marked decline in price. But the great advantage of a big business enables us to keep always to the front. The lines of strictly all-wool suits that we are showing at \$8, \$10, \$12, and \$15, are much better than you will get elsewhere for those figures. The extra fine ones at \$16, \$18, \$20 and \$22 may well be termed "Rich dress at moderate cost." Our Boys' and Children's Department is also the standard, and Wool's Best Made Clothing for the little folks means exquisite style, moderate cost and real strength.

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WOOL'S THE LEADERS.

CARL RIVINIUS, PRACTICAL WATCHMAKER & JEWELER, AND DEALER IN Watches, Clocks, Silverware, Musical Instruments, Optical Goods.

Sole Agent for the Celebrated Rockford WATCHES.



Watches, Clocks, Silverware, Musical Instruments, Optical Goods.

JUST RECEIVED! Boots & Shoes Sheriff's Sale! W. E. SCHMERTZ & CO., PITTSBURGH, PA.

The public invited to call. Prices away down. JNO. LLOYD & SONS. A FIRST-CLASS SHOE STORE FOR SALE!

THE EBENSBERG PATENT WALL PLASTER AND A CAR LOAD OF GOOD - HARD - BRICK

HE MISSED HIS OPPORTUNITY? DON'T MISS IT AGAIN. The Ebensburg Building & Loan Association is now offering a chance for you to own a share of the Ebensburg Building & Loan Association. It is a most valuable piece of property, and will do so in the most efficient manner.

JOHN PFISTER, DEALER IN GENERAL MERCHANDISE, HARDWARE, QUEENSWARE, MADE-UP CLOTHING, BOOTS AND SHOES, GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS, VEGETABLES IN SEASON, BAKEN, ETC., OPPOSITE JUNCTION HOTEL, CRESSON, PA.

HOTEL DE GRASSE. Located at DuBois, Pa., near the H. & P. Railway Depot. We always endeavor to furnish the best accommodations to business men, pleasure seekers and boarders. Rooms in each of our hotels will be found in a desirable place and at a moderate price. It is always supplied with the best of market goods, and all the delicacies of the season. The Bar is supplied with the choicest of pure liquors and cigars, and nothing but the best of food is served. J. H. SHERATT, Proprietor.

H. H. MYERS, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW. Office in Columbus, on Chestnut street, March 24, 1890.