

Cambria Freeman.
FRIDAY, MARCH 3, 1893.

The severest storm of the season is reported in Wisconsin, Michigan, Minnesota, Nebraska and the Dakotas. Railroad travel is stopped in all directions by the snow.

Four years ago Grover Cleveland rode to the Capitol sitting to the right of Benjamin Harrison. This time Mr. Harrison sits on the right of Mr. Cleveland during the short ride.

Governor Pattison has appointed Judge Heydrick of Franklin, to the vacancy on the supreme bench caused by the resignation of Chief Justice Cass. He will serve until next January.

The lynchings in the south seem to be rather impartial in their attentions. Three white villains in Tennessee are being hanged down, and, if caught, they will be promptly executed, notwithstanding their color.

The rice crop in the South last year was exceptionally large, estimated at 225,000,000 pounds within 25,000,000 pounds of our total consumption. The largest previous crop ever grown was 215,000,000 pounds.

The Republican Secretary of the Treasury found a surplus of \$100,000,000, 600 four years ago. To-day he is raking up his small change to try and force a balance, and confessing that a loan of \$50,000,000 would be a good thing.

It is said that Postmaster General John Wanamaker loses \$800,000 by the decline in Reading Railroad stock. He could not meet the margins and his brokers sold his holdings regardless of his wishes. The big deal with the Lehigh Valley Railroad and the scheme to put up the price of coal has had a bad ending for the speculators.

Hon. GEORGE H. WALSH, Republican Speaker of the House of Representatives of North Dakota, has left that party in disgust and will hereafter affiliate with the Democrats. The scandalous contest at Bismarck was more than his self-respect could stand. Even the inequities of rotten-borough politics work out a compensating gain at last.

In consequence of the destruction of crops by frosts last summer famine and disease are developing throughout Finland. More than 200,000 persons are dependent upon charity. Towns and villages are thronged with beggars. Some 500,000 peasants are barely able to find the means of subsistence. They have eaten most of their draft animals and their domestic fowl. Typhus fever is carrying off hundreds daily.

STATE TREASURER MORRISON'S report for the fiscal year ending November 30 last shows the net debt of the commonwealth to be \$2,606,592.23. Included in this amount are various loans which matured as far back as 1841. The total of the public debt paid during the year was \$7,417,108. The estimates for the year ending November 30, 1893, are: General fund, \$9,144,500; sinking fund, \$102,300. Expenses—General fund, \$9,324,700; sinking fund, \$310,403.50.

The steamship City of Paris and Tenonice arrived in New York on Wednesday. The time of the City of Paris was six days, one hour and three minutes while that of the Tenonice was six days, five hours and forty-five minutes. There was a difference of one hour and five minutes in leaving Queenstown, the Tenonice leaving that port much earlier than the City of Paris. That, however, did not prevent the latter steamer from passing her rival in mid-ocean and finishing ahead of her.

The House Judiciary committee at Washington, on Tuesday adopted the report of the sub-committee which investigated the whisky trust. The report recommends that the duty on imported liquors be reduced from \$2.50 to \$1 per gallon, and that the tariff on all goods be reduced whenever it is found that they are influenced by a trust or combination. Recommendation is also made that rectifying establishments be made subject to governmental supervision, and that all rectified or compounded goods be stamped so as to show their components.

OCCUPANTS of houses along the line of the inaugural parade in Washington, and builders of the street stands, are all figuring on making a pile of money out of those who wish choice positions from which to view the great parade. Rooms are held as high as \$300 each, single windows at which four people may be comfortably seated may be had from \$15 to \$25, according to location. Front seats in the street stands are held at \$5 each, and no sort of a back seat on them can be engaged at less than \$1 each. Rooms in hotels cannot be had at any price and cuts in private residences are rated at \$1 each.

The National Association of Democratic Clubs has issued an address urging the Democratic people, and those who united with them at the election in November last, to maintain, perfect, and extend the system of affiliated Democratic societies, whose recent service to the cause was so conspicuous. And the address adds, "A miscarriage in the elections of 1894, that is to say, a failure to return another large tariff reform majority, would be a calamity of crushing magnitude. Against it we can have no assurance except in a system of Democratic clubs, well organized, active and aggressive, in every State and district where a contest is to be made, and their union in State and national associations."

It is what are now too often called the good old days of the fathers of the Republic, John Adams, says the Philadelphia Times, exhibited the official dignity and decency of the times by commissioning a lot of midnight Judges of the 3d of March, 1801 and fleeing from the Executive Mansion in the early morning hours of the 4th, to avoid the necessity of extending any official or personal courtesies to Jefferson, who had defeated Adams in 1800. Jefferson, clad in full suit of home-spun, mounted his horse, rode to the Capitol without pomp or ceremony, hitched his horse to a conveyance, and delivered his inaugural address and rode back to the empty home of the Presidents with only vacancy and silence to welcome him.

When John Quincy Adams was succeeded by Jackson on the 4th of March, 1829, there was mutually ill temper on both sides to jar the inaugural ceremonies. The younger Adams managed to exhibit a little frigid politeness but there was an entire absence of personal or official courtesies. In 1869, when Grant succeeded Johnson, we had the last exhibition of churlishness. Grant and Johnson hated each other with all the intensity of their natures and both were conspicuous as good haters. It was known that Johnson would not ride with or receive Grant. There was no misunderstanding; no love lost; no disappointment, Johnson fired off a farewell address through the public press advising the nation to repudiate its war debt, and bustled off in an early train for his Tennessee home, while Grant rode alone to the Capitol and returned to be received by the servants at the White House.

The era of broad-gauge American courtesy on inauguration day began with President Arthur. He made Cleveland the guest of honor at a White House dinner the day before inauguration, and he accompanied the President-elect to the Capitol, sitting on the right on the way to the inauguration and on the left on the return. In 1889, Cleveland extended the same courtesies to Harrison, who was entertained at the White House by the defeated President, and this week Harrison will extend the same generous courtesies to the coming President who defeated him at the late election.

Harrison will leave Washington in the afternoon of inauguration day, but not until he shall have extended to his successor every possible courtesy and proved to the nation his just appreciation of the dignity of the office and the sovereignty of the American people.

Without counting the multitude of small miscellaneous appropriations, the House bills this year appropriate an aggregate of \$519,275,447. Notwithstanding the enormity of these figures, they do not cover the expenditures authorized by Congress. Several of the appropriations are confessedly short of the requirements under the laws, and must be made good by deficiency bills at the next session carrying many millions more.

Congress has authorized and ordered all these expenditures in reckless disregard of the fact that the revenues of the government are manifestly insufficient to meet them, and it has done nothing by way of providing the money it has ordered spent.

The next Congress must do one of three things. It must cut down expenses sharply, it must so readjust taxation as to secure larger revenues, or it must authorize the creation of a new national debt. A government is like an individual in this, that if it spends more than its income it must run into debt for the difference.

The pension appropriation bill was passed by the Senate on Monday without any amendment. It appropriates for army and navy pensions (including widows and minor children) \$165,000,000 and about a million and a half dollars in addition for fees of examining surgeons, clerk hire at pension agencies and some small items. Mr. Gorman commented upon the magnitude of the pension appropriations and gave it as his opinion that it would be necessary to appropriate \$200,000,000 for pensions next session. There was a general expression of opinion in the discussion which took place that no material reduction could be effected except through a repeal or modification of some of the laws on the subject and that there was no probability of such a thing.

No event of the future can be more certain than that the treaty with Hawaii will not be ratified by this congress at least and that Mr. Hanchett's nomination to the place made vacant by the promotion of Justice Jackson will not be confirmed. So spoke a prominent Democratic member of the Senate judiciary committee on Tuesday. This condition of affairs is admitted by the other side, a leading Republican member of the judiciary committee saying that the Republicans had no hope of the confirmation of Mr. Hanchett's nomination and they had some time ago abandoned the idea of final action on the treaty.

The new Cabinet with the President at its head, will make an imposing spectacle. Four of the Democratic chiefs will weigh over 1,000 pounds—Cleveland, Bissell, Smith and Morton. Gresham, Carlisle and Olney are tall, strong men—none of them much, if any, under six feet. Vice-President Stevenson "sizes up" with Mr. Herbert, though not so tall, is a strong, finely built man. Lamont is the only short member of the administration, and he makes up in nervous energy and vim what he may lack in size.

A London newspaper relates that a few days ago Queen Victoria was greatly charmed with a piece of music performed by the band playing in public at Osborne and sent one of her attendants to learn the name of the piece. The attendant came back and reported, with some embarrassment, that it was entitled, "Come Where the Boogie is Cheaper."

Washington Letter.
WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 25th, 1893. The financial situation continues critical, but there is little probability of the present administration doing anything to relieve the strain. At a cabinet meeting this week Secretaries Fisher and Tracy took high and patriotic ground in favor of the issue of bonds to increase the gold reserve, arguing that it was the right way, not just for this administration to turn the Treasury over to the Democrats in a crippled condition, but Mr. Harrison and the other members of his cabinet, and refused to sanction an issue of bonds. It is conceded that Secretary Fisher has the authority under the law of 1875 to issue bonds, but it is not believed that he will use it, as long as Mr. Harrison opposes it, although personally he is in favor of it.

There is to be a big fight made in the House against the Sundry Civil appropriation bill, passed by the Senate this week, because of the Sherman amendment thereto, authorizing the Secretary of the Treasury to issue \$80,000,000 3 per cent five-year bonds, for gold to be loaned to the Treasury. The fight is to be made by the populists and some of the free-coinage Democrats, and if it results in the defeat of the bill, as many think probable, an extra session will necessarily have to be called.

The first annual convention of the Bimetallist League of America, a free-coinage organization, was held here this week. It was largely attended, and of the most prominent populists and number of Democrats taking part there in.

The first all-night session of the House during the present session was held this week. It was brought about by filibustering against the bill providing for the use of automatic car-couplers by all interstate railroads. The bill was not passed, but is to come up under a suspension of the rules at an early date.

Senator Gorman has manfully, although unsuccessfully, fought for economy in the appropriation bills ever since the Senate began their consideration. He told the Republican Senators this week that they seemed determined to pile up the appropriations for the purpose of compelling the Democrats to impose new taxes or increase those already imposed upon the people in order to meet the obligations of the Government, and he thereby "called the turn" on the Republican policy during the present Congress.

Few people know that there is a colored chaplain in the regular army. There is, however, and he has just been given a very full detail by the War Department to the War College at Newport, Rhode Island. It is believed that he would take a very smart individual to tell what will be the duty of any army chaplain at the World's Fair, other than to kill time between pay-days. It has been suggested that this detail was made to secure the troops at Fort Myer, New Mexico, where the brother in black, is now stationed, wished to get rid of him. Anyway, it's a snap for him.

The chiefest thing ever known in political circles has been undertaken by the Republican chiefs of divisions in the government departments here. They have prepared a petition addressed to President Cleveland, asking him to retain them in office by extending the Civil service rules to the positions they hold, and are now trying to obtain the signatures of clerks in the classified service thereto. Just why any clerk should sign it is more than they understand. The Republican chiefs should be well satisfied if they are allowed to retain their own places, without trying to retain their Republican chiefs; and there is certainly no good reason why any Democratic clerk—there are not over many—of them in office anyway should be willing to sign any such absurd petition. If your correspondent had the power over many of the clerks, his petition would have his official head chopped off quicker than you can wink.

There is no longer any life, and in fact the spirit of the Fifty-third Congress, it will be Democratic. This has been, of course, expected ever since last November. Still, it is gratifying to know that it is an absolute, rock-bound fact.

When so good a Republican and ex-Union soldier as Senator Hawley expresses the wish, on the floor of the Senate, that the new administration will give the pension system a thorough inspection and root out the frauds, which will not be supposed if they find, it is time for demagogues to sing low.

The new cabinet is complete. The selection of Representatives, such as Alabama, for Secretary of the Navy, and Mr. Richard Olney, of Massachusetts, for Attorney General, was well received by Democrats in Congress. Mr. Herbert has been a favorite with Congressmen for the Navy portfolio, from the fact, he makes the third southern man in the cabinet. Mr. Olney is not so widely known except among lawyers, but those who do know him say that he is just as good a Democrat as he is a lawyer, and as a lawyer he is in the front rank.

Why West Virginians are Excited.
GRAFTON, Feb. 28.—Considerable excitement has been caused throughout the eastern panhandle of this state by a statement of the conditions of the suit brought by the State of Maryland against the State of West Virginia. Maryland seeks to recover the entire territory lying between the north and south branches of the Potomac river. Six large counties, with a population of nearly 500,000, are involved, and in addition, if Maryland wins the suit, five other West Virginia counties will be entirely cut off from the rest of the state. The matter is considered here by West Virginia lawyers and politicians. The state has appropriated a large amount of money to fight the case.

Mitchell's Money Trip.
BOSTON, Feb. 26.—Charles Mitchell, the fighter, and his backer, Alvington Baird, arrived in the city at 7 a. m., and registered at the Parker House. At 2 p. m. they met David H. Bismarck at his home on Columbus avenue, and a private consultation was held, at the close of which Baird said the money was all up for the Mitchell-Corbett fight, but would give no particulars regarding it. Mitchell will leave here Monday night. After the Hall Fitzsimmons fight he will go to England to do some preliminary work, and return to this country about eight weeks before the date of his fight. Mitchell expects to weigh in at 170 or 175 pounds.

Honors to Morton.
WASHINGTON, Feb. 27.—Vice-President Morton was honored to night, as none of his predecessors have been with a banquet tendered by the entire Senate. He expressed his thanks to the members for the assistance they had given him as presiding officer of that body. The speech of the evening was made by Senator Hale, who alluded in a humorous way to the trials of the vice president. The President's health was drunk. Speeches were made by Senator Cockrell, Hissick, Vails, Butler, Hoar, and Davis.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.
Wolff's Baking Powder
ABSOLUTELY PURE

Chief Source of Supply.
WASHINGTON, Feb. 26.—The United States is the chief source of supply from which Germany draws the deficit in her domestic breadstuffs. Such is the information obtained in a report to the state department by Frank H. Mayson, consul at Frankfurt, of the statistics of the grain importation into Germany for the year 1892. They show an enormously increased volume of both wheat and rye imported from the United States. From four places in 1890, the United States rose to first place in 1892, the amount of wheat consumed in the United States being 1,902,775 in 1890 to 23,065,765 bushels last year. The importations from the United States in 1892 were nearly half of the whole amount imported—45,000,000 bushels. The importations of rye from the United States increased from 765,833 bushels in 1890 to 4,932,325 bushels in 1892. Russian contributions of that cereal to Germany, owing to the enormous decrease from 27,000,000 bushels in 1890 to 4,500,000 bushels in 1892.

Mr. Mason says the exhibit is interesting from the definite limit which it fixes upon the capacity of the United States to supply as sources of supply. "Although Germany has regular steamship connections under her own flag, and a growing export of goods with both India and Australia, they play a comparatively insignificant role in furnishing the foreign wheat that is required by this country."

A Professorship for Harrison.
NEW YORK, Feb. 26.—Considerable correspondence has been going on between President Harrison, while on his tour, and John D. Rockefeller, of Standard Oil fame, concerning the best methods of promoting the growth of the University. It has been suggested that President Harrison, while on his tour, give up his home at Indianapolis and spend most of his time in California, as a professor and lecturer for the Stanford University, might still be willing to lecture to the students of the University. The salary to be \$25,000 per year, and that President Harrison will be asked to accept this position and lecture at least twice a week.

Appointments by the Governor.
HARRISBURG, Feb. 27.—The Governor tonight sent to the Senate the following appointments: W. A. Wilson, Greengrove, and George L. Miller, Bitmen, Clinton county, mining engineers; Judges Doy, of Westmoreland, Clark of Allegheny and Longfellow of Bedford, designated as president judges, each of whom will appoint one reputable miner. The miners so appointed, with the engineers named, will constitute an examining board to examine applicants for mine inspectors in the bituminous coal regions. Henry Helley to be associate judge of Somerset county until the first Monday in January, 1894, vice George W. Fyle, deceased. John B. Brown, of Fayette county, to be superintendent of national roads in Fayette and Somerset counties from March 1, 1893.

Armor for Battle Ships.
BETHLEHEM, Pa., Feb. 26.—An enormous contract was awarded by the Government to the Bethlehem Iron Company, of which the officials of the latter were informed last night. Uncle Sam gave the company an order for over \$2,000,000 worth of heavy armor plate. The entire contract was \$3,000,000, all of which comes to Bethlehem, or went to Carnegie's mill at Homestead. The Bethlehem company's contract will give employment to the men in the armor plant for five years.

The Presidential Train.
PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 27.—The presidential special train, which will run over the Reading railroad carrying the President-elect and party from Lakewood to Washington, on Thursday, will consist of a royal Blue line baggage car, the private cars Baltimore, Oriental and Monmouth.

The train will leave Lakewood at 12:15 p. m. on Wednesday, Elmer at 1:50, and Bound Brook at 2:11. In order to avoid a probable crowd, it will stop at a point outside of Philadelphia to change locomotives and will pass through the city at Twenty-fourth and Chestnut streets at about 3:35 without stopping. It is due at Washington at 6:30.

Bribery Charged.
LANCASTER, Pa., Feb. 27.—At a special meeting of inspectors of the county prison this morning a resolution was passed requesting the judges of the county courts to make a full investigation of the management of the institution's affairs. This action is the result of the developments of last meeting, when it cropped out that certain of the inspectors had accepted bribes of from \$25 to \$50 for their votes for filling under positions at that place, and that politicians not connected in any way with the prison, were buying the supplies at figures considerably above the market rates. It is expected that some ray revelations will be made.

Sawed His Own Head Off.
NEW CASTLE, Pa., February 27.—A horrible suicide was committed by a man named Lee Taylor five miles southeast of this place late Saturday evening. Taylor had become financially embarrassed and was brooding over his troubles. He had been working at a saw mill. Saturday evening, while the foreman and the engineer were engaged at the boiler, Taylor deliberately sawed off his own head with a hand saw. The body and head rolled down into the shaft with the other pulley sawed itself up to the rapidly revolving saw.

His head was instantly severed from the body and rolled down into the dust pit. Taylor was recently married and leaves a widow, but no children.

Happiest content is a home with "The Rochester" lamp with the light of the morning.
Rochester Lamp Co.
Catalogues, write Rochester Lamp Co., New York.

The place for the man who is obliged to progress in on the outer edge of civilization, where he can have all the room to himself.

Alexander Lamont, a tank head, was fatally crushed Saturday by a rock breaking loose in a cut near Jeannette, Pa., where he was working.

Elizabeth Barr, spinster, aged 88, living near Zoullarsville, Washington county, Pa., was killed by a locomotive on Friday last by a lunatic in San Francisco, who afterwards shot himself fatally.

In the crow of a goose 22 years old, killed by Mrs. Peter Vandertiel, near Roversford, were found three brass buttons, two thimbles a dime, three pennies and a silver marble.

A cat climbed a telegraph pole Sunday night in Williamsport, and was afraid to descend to mother earth. It crouched upon the top pole until the following Thursday, when it was taken down by the Humane Society.

Conrad Zapp, a de-moted German of Columbus, O., wandered to Graveyard, and was locked up there. While no one was watching him he heated a poker red-hot and killed himself, by plunging it into and through his abdomen.

Frederick C. Fink, the cashier whose stock speculations it is said precipitated the failure of the Farmers' bank, at Harrisburg, has made good his shortage and is left penniless. Depositors are to be paid 30 per cent of their claims this week.

At the Tom Corwin mines, near Coalton, O., on Saturday, an accident occurred by which three men lost their lives. Sam Brown, his son Sidney, and George Brown were being hoisted to the top in the cage. Near the surface the cage tipped, and the three men fell to the bottom of the shaft, a distance of 125 feet. All were instantly killed.

Toledo's suburb of Ironville has a ghost. It has been seen by passengers on the street car running to Ironville. It takes the shape of a woman in black, who signals the car to stop. When the conductor tries to help her aboard he grasps at her arm, and she vanishes. Ironville has a ghost and strict investigation is being made.

It was learned on Monday that Charles Spayth, who is in jail at Kattanning charged with complicity in the attempted bank robbery and murder at Leechburg, Pa., is Charles better known as "Doc" Spayth, of Findlay, O., a well known hanger, man and professional swindler, though the son of respectable and honored parents. It is believed that the whole ranz is from Findlay.

In the Allegheny criminal court on Saturday Baker and Koon, the anarchists who had been found guilty of conspiring and complicity in the murderous attack on Mr. Erick seven months ago, were sentenced each to five years in the penitentiary for the first charge, and one year on the second. Attorney Friedman will go at once to Philadelphia to take an appeal for his clients.

On Tuesday afternoon a quantity of gun powder in the store of Rawlin Brothers, near the city hall, exploded. The powder was in a barrel, and the explosion scattered the barrel shattering. About 3,000 cartridges were scattered all about the store. One of the clerks in Rawlin's store was so badly injured by the explosion that he will die. The store caught fire and the flames spread through the entire building. All the occupants of the hotel escaped without injury.

Criminals to Be or Not To Be.
The great controversy concerning criminality, which has been raging in the papers of late, is due to the dearth of fashion news rather than to actual facts. Whilst newspaper fashion writers have busied themselves discussing the appalling consequences of the revival of the hoop skirt in Paris and whilst the influence of the Princess of Wales has been appealed to to stand as a barrier against this coming threatening event, the leading dressmaking houses of the French capital have not yet made a single crimoline for any of their customers. All there is to be said on this subject is that the several pretty novel modes of skirts coming from Paris are as a general rule flat around the waist with considerable fullness at the bottom. In order to thoroughly comprehend the actual trend of fashion and to get reliable information as to the best way of securing fine models of these stylish skirts, one must consult the McEwen's Fashion Magazine. La Mode de Paris Album of Fashion are invaluable to dressmakers and sell at \$2.50 a year, or 35 cents a copy. The French Dress-maker, \$2.00 per year, or 30 cents per copy, is noted for its practical utility. La Mode, \$1.50 a year, or 15 cents a month; is the Family Fashion Journal, par excellence. You can subscribe at your news-dealer or by applying directly to the Publishers, A. J. Dowell & Co., 4 West 14th Street, New York City.

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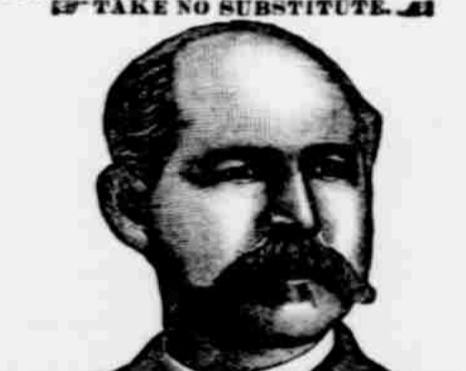
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FALL SEASON, 1892! The Fall and Winter season of 1892 promises to be one of the best seasons we have ever had. We have herebefore carried the Largest and Finest Stock in Northern Cambria, and with the expectation of a good fall season, we have more than doubled our stock. We are now prepared to show you the Finest assortment of CLOTHING, OVERCOATS and GENTS' FURNISHINGS in the county and give you the LOWEST PRICES in the state. Our stock needs to be seen to be appreciated. Call and see us and we will save you money.

IT WAS A LONG LINE!
WOOL'S!

Touch the pocket tightly and the good will of the public is gained. This explains the steady stream of trade which on Saturday flowed in and out of

It was a grand outpouring of the patrons of Low Prices. No necessity for us to explain why we can sell Clothing so much lower than others do.

LOOK AT OUR METHOD of doing business and a thought of the immense trade tell the story. The great Bargains in our Pants Department are attracting hundreds of buyers this week:
WOOL'S!

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Heavy Overcoats at almost any price. Now is the time to buy. Come one, come all and see for yourselves.

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