

Cambria Freeman.

FRIDAY, MAY 27, 1902.

Democratic State Ticket.

For Congressmen at Large: GEORGE A. ALLAN, Erie; THOMAS P. McBRIDE, Berks.

For Supreme Judge: CRISTOPHER BYRDICK, York.

For Electors at Large: MORTIMER F. ELLIOTT, Thos.; JNO. C. BULLITT, Philadelphia; THOMAS B. KENNEDY, Franklin; DAVID T. WILSON, Allegheny.

For District Electors: Samuel G. Thompson, Chester; R. Waterbury, Adams; S. Conway, York; W. R. Wood, Lancaster; John O. Jones, York; John H. Miller, York; S. W. Trimmer, York; Thomas Chalmers, York; F. H. Spruill, York; Joseph D. Orr, York; Michael L. Lister, York; J. K. Hall, York.

GOVERNOR RUSSELL, of Massachusetts, has signed the anti-free pass bill. His action is based upon a written opinion by the Attorney General who says the bill is constitutional.

McKINLEY tariff and dull times are not inviting to voters who were promised by the Republican party exactly the reverse when they passed the bill that made monopolies and trusts thrive.

SENATOR QUAY is said to oppose the candidacy of Senator Sherman for the presidency on the ground of inexpediency. That is always a good and sufficient reason in the eyes of the astute political boss.

JAMES MCGONAGHAN, of West Chester, has been appointed Supreme court reporter by Governor Pattison to succeed Boyd Cumrine, whose term has expired. He is a graduate of Lafayette College, a native of Missouri and a member of the Chester court bar. He is a Democrat.

A MAN in New Jersey has been fined \$500 for selling copies of the song, "Maggie Murphy's Home." This is not to be taken as an indication of musical culture on the part of Jerseymen, however. The only fault found with him was that he was violating the copyright law.

As soon as the Republican organs have had their say about the legislative restricting of New York we trust they will favor the public with a few highly moral reflections on the congressional gerrymander in Ohio, where the Democrats were allowed six of the twenty-seven Congressmen.

Or the delegates elected to the Minnesota convention, the Washington Post prints a list showing over one hundred of 898 are federal officeholders, while many others are the mere shows of their officeholding backers. In the Southern States a majority of the delegates elected are of this character.

The duties paid on tin plate imported into this country amounted to \$1,884,977 during the month of March 1902 according to the report of the treasury department. Our smelting tin plate industries are expensive luxuries that the people who use tin have to pay for and the country would be well rid of them.

WHEN future generations shall read the history of American administrations and see among the prominent features of Harrison's Census Bureau that was run in the interest of the politicians, and a Pension Bureau that was managed for the benefit of the pension sharks, they will give it precedence in the prostitution of the purposes of government.

The Mississippi valley was badly flooded last week, many persons drowned, thousands of head of live stock were drowned and hundreds of acres of crops ruined. Many families have been rendered homeless and a large number have been made bankrupt. The situation was terrible, as the principal railroads were rendered useless by the overflow.

The New Jersey Democratic state convention met at Trenton, on Wednesday, and after adopting resolutions reaffirming the doctrines in the Democratic platform of 1884 and 1888, denounced the McKinley tariff, and passed a resolution instructing their delegates to support Grover Cleveland in the Chicago convention as long as he was a candidate.

A CLEMENCY, Rev. Francis Maness, was asked to refer to the case of the Ohio legislator and because he referred to legislators "gathered here in this maelstrom of iniquity, fraud and corruption" and to the "bribe, bribers and bribe-takers in our midst," some of the Republican members became incensed and fancied they were properly angered. These be strange times, indeed.

An application for 50,000 square feet of floor space at the World's Fair was filed with Director General Davis, by Brother Mariellen, of Memphis, Tennessee, representing the Carolina Gibbons and the Archbishop and Bishops of the Roman Catholic church in the United States. The purpose for which the space asked is to be utilized to afford room exclusively for the Catholic educational exhibit which is expected to be the finest ever undertaken in this country.

EMPEROR WILLIAM of Germany narrowly escaped being killed in a runaway between Schlobitten and Prosekowitz on Monday. The Emperor was driving with Count Dolans. One of the horses became frightened and the others unmanageable and they all started down the highway at a terrific pace. One of the horses fell while the carriage was being whirled along the edge of a low embankment and the shock threw the Emperor from the driver's seat into the ditch. He escaped unhurt.

FIFTEEN millions of dollars are being taken from the pockets of the American people annually, says the Philadelphia Record, and offered as a bonus to those who may venture into this country. It is making tin plate in this country. It is a tempting bid and will unquestionably have the effect of inducing many to try to get a share of it. To be sure, the enterprise is handicapped by there being no natural advantages for tin manufacture in the United States. The most essential article is wanting in the fact that we have no tin; but when the American people are being made to pay so liberally for the encouragement of this industry, the home manufacturers can afford to import the tin they use, and even the black plates, and make a handsome profit.

The big bonus offered is enticing Welsh tin operators to leave the original location of their industry and become beneficiaries of the American system of protection. Two of them, who have concluded to sell out in Wales and transfer their operations to this country, have given their views on the American tin question in an interview in a Republican paper, in which they went the idea that tin plate can't be made in the United States. Of course it can be made here. Put on a tariff high enough to keep all other tin out—increase its price so that with every natural disadvantage there is money to the manufacturer in the making of it, and there is no question that American tin can be made. But at what a great and unnecessary expense to the consumers. Would it not be wiser to let tin be manufactured where nature has furnished the materials, and exchange for it the products of this country which require a foreign market? This would be better policy, we think, than to take fifteen million dollars out of the pockets of the people every year to foster an unnatural industry.

The Republican Senators, says the New York World, are determined to prevent, if possible, a vote upon any of the tariff reform bills passed by the House. Their excuse is that "the whole tariff question was thoroughly discussed two years ago."

The tariff was, indeed, thoroughly discussed two years ago, and the people condemned the outrageous imposition of the McKinley bill by more than 7,000,000 majority. It was discussed again last year in the three debatable and typical states of New York, Massachusetts and Iowa, and the voters repeated their verdict in favor of the Democrats and tariff reduction.

For the Republican Senators to refuse even a vote on the relief bills passed by the people's representatives now is a defiance and nullification of the popular will.

No doubt the fear that all their Senators cannot be trusted to vote against some of the bills leads the majority to choose the policy of smothering them. But, whatever the motive, the duty and the opportunity of the Democrats in Congress are plain. They should send to the Senate a sufficient number of tax-reduction bills to make perfectly plain the Democratic policy and purpose.

They could ask no better issue for the national campaign than will be created by a Republican refusal even to consider bills to reduce the worse than tax upon the necessities of the people.

MAJOR JOHN D. WORMAN, secretary of the Democratic societies of Pennsylvania, has issued the following address to the Democratic societies of the state: The Democratic societies impatiently await the coming of the battle. Its members believe in the success, the glory and the grand destiny of our great Keystone State.

The Democratic society of Pennsylvania was not founded for a single mission, which accomplished, left it drifting with no fixed star of principle to guide it. The influence of the past speaks to us in the voice of the present. It fights for measures, not men; the principles of government, not men's character, are to be discussed; a nation's policy, not personal ambition, is to be determined. We enter the fight with a living faith, founded upon principles that are not enduring as old as the nation itself, yet ever young, vigorous and progressive, because there is ever work for it to do. Its greatest good, its highest glory, is that it is, and is to be the people's party. Organize, reunite Democratic societies.

The American Federation of Labor has come out flatly in favor of the opening of the World's fair on Sunday. Samuel Gompers, the president of the federation has addressed a circular letter to all the trade unions in the United States urging them to use whatever influence they may each have to secure the opening of the fair on Sunday. He claims that this is the only day on which the large majority of the workmen can visit the great exhibition and from this standpoint arguing that they should not be deprived of such an opportunity for enjoyment and instruction.

SENATOR MITCHELL has offered a resolution in the Senate at Washington which was referred to the Select committee on Quadro-Centennial, instructing that committee to inquire into the propriety of causing suitable provisions to be made by Congress to cover the cost of transportation and subsistence to be present in encampment for a reasonable period at the World's Columbian Exposition.

The big political leaders in the Republican party seem to be in accord in the opinion that Harrison cannot be re-elected if he is renominated and have no hesitancy in expressing that opinion. Yet how to down him for the nomination is a question that is bothering them for with the exception of Blaine, they have no other leader that would be more available.

Washington Letter.

WASHINGTON, D. C. May 27, 1902. Mr. Blaine is not playing the role of a political sphinx. He has a job to do in exhibiting himself every day where he knows his appearance will be commented upon, and while he refuses to talk about the Republican ticket, further than to say, "he doesn't want it," he tells every one who calls upon him that he feels stronger than at any time for ten years past, and that his health is perfect. There is no doubt that his health has greatly improved recently; that is plain to all who see him, and there is good ground for the suspicion that he is perfectly well for the nomination if he can get it without saying beforehand that he wishes it. His health is not the only reason for his choice of nomination. Mrs. Blaine, whose wishes always exercise a powerful influence over him, has it said, made up her mind that she would like to see her husband in the White House, and she wishes to see him there. The philosopher who said "a nothing is at the bottom of everything" was far out of the way. Senator Hill regards the death of Senator Barbour as a heavy blow to his presidential prospects, as it was undoubtedly to the party at large.

A number of prominent artists, here in attendance upon the first annual meeting of the Artists Art Association, urged the Ways and Means committee of the House and the Finance committee of the Senate to report a bill repealing the duty on tin plate. The bill would exempt tin plate from the tariff. The attempts to tack a free coinage amendment to the Sundry Civil Appropriation bill, in the House, was frustrated. The chairman of the committee of Georgia—ruled them out on points of order, and on appeal the House sustained the chair.

The House adopted the resolution offered by Representative Boutwell, calling on the Attorney General for information as to what action, if any, his office had taken toward ascertaining whether the recent Reading railroad strike violated the anti-trust law. The frequency with which resolutions of this sort have of late been filed at the Attorney General's office, has led to the belief that the able Democratic lawyers of the House are carefully watching his office, and that more than a mere pretense of fighting the trusts is required.

True to the policy of the Republican party in legislating for favored classes, Senator Chandler introduced a bill authorizing Amos Cochran and his associates, who were forming a steamship company, to obtain American registry for all vessels of 7,000 or more tons, having a speed of not less than nine knots an hour, which may come into their possession by purchase or otherwise. The bill provides that the said company shall contract to have built one vessel of equal tonnage and speed with the foreign built vessels, in an American yard. Why should this favor be granted to Millwright Cochran and his associates and denied to others? Will this bill get to the House an attempt will be made to amend it by striking out the names and granting the privileges to other American citizens.

Some alarm has been created among the Republicans who claim that the entire valley of the Red river, from hill to hill, is under water, and the river is expected to reach the greatest height ever known.

A more hopeful view of Tesser crevasse, in St. James' parish, on the Mississippi, is taken today, and it is thought that any increase in it can be an increase in the number of levees closed. The parishes in North Louisiana are raising a special fund to provide guards for the levees. A large number of the parishes are raising money for the purpose of appeals for aid. The negroes on Red river have sent a special appeal to the president, except the governors, State of Mississippi, has also received appeals for aid.

An Engineering Impossibility. The floods in the west have not been so destructive of human life as was the sudden downpour that swept over fated Johnston, in this state, but the destruction of property has been greater than even in that terrific visitation. The worst feature of this form of calamity is the inability to provide against it and the difficulty of recovering from its ravages. It does not seem to be an engineering possibility to confine the waters of such great streams as the Missouri and Mississippi within their banks.—Phila. Record.

Another Vanderbilt Dead. William H. Vanderbilt, aged 21, son of Cornelius Vanderbilt, died last night from the effects of hemorrhages brought on by typhus fever. He was taken ill at New Haven, Conn., at the time very seriously. As there was no typhus fever in New Haven at that time it is supposed he contracted the disease while on a trip through the Western states about the Easter holidays.

The deceased inherited by the will of his grandfather, William H. Vanderbilt, \$1,000,000, the income to be converted into a trust for the benefit of his majority, the principal to be placed to his credit when he became 30 years of age. He was the only one of the grandchildren of William H. Vanderbilt mentioned in his will. The deceased was one of the most popular men in the junior class of Yale College.

Six People Blown Up. The factory of the Etna Pyrotechnic company at Hartford, Conn., blew up Sunday evening. Six persons were killed. The bodies of J. L. B. Sibley, paymaster; Emma Tarbox, Emma Tegunza, and Maggie Capen were recovered soon after the explosion. A number of persons were seriously injured. Maggie Keating and Kittie Golding, of Hartford, and Rose Harvey, of Cotter Grove, were the only girls taken out alive. It will not be possible to ascertain the real cause of the disaster. The business of manufacturing the Greek fire has been carried on there for eight years, and the works have been located in a thickly settled part of the city. The coroner will make a thorough investigation.

Complicd with His Request. BASTROP, La., May 25.—S. C. Brigham, manager of a plantation, was shot from a tree by a negro on Sunday. The negro then fled to the plantation residence, summoned Colonel Phillips, the owner, and told him that he had killed Brigham and wanted to be hanged for it. Colonel Phillips put a rope around the negro's neck and hanged him to the limb of a tree.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

ROJO Baking Powder ABSOLUTELY PURE

A Father's Lot. MADISON, Ga., May 23.—S. W. Conley was shot and killed from ambush Saturday evening by E. A. Cochran. Conley had a daughter of fourteen, who was attending the neighborhood schools up to three months ago, when she disappeared. It was then discovered that she had eloped with Cochran, a man of fifty-five years, who had taken her to a log cabin late war and an eye in a bar room fight, while the Conleys were people of means. As soon as the girl and Cochran were located the girl was taken from her husband and restored to her father by order of court.

About a month ago, with a gang of five, Cochran surrounded the Conley residence for the purpose of securing the wife, as they expressed it. A volley of shots from the residence scattered the besiegers, several of whom were severely wounded.

As Mr. Conley was returning home from Madison Saturday, when passing through a clump of woods near his home, he was shot in the head, the bullet going through his head. The neighborhood is greatly aroused over the assassination.

A New Steel Process. PITTSBURGH, May 23.—The Millvale iron and steel company will start in operation within a few weeks new process for the manufacture of steel. The furnace is completely hidden from view by high board partitions and the work is being done by imported workmen under the supervision of E. L. Haasrortky, an experienced steel manufacturer of Germany. Work has been started in preparing the iron and steel, and the machinery used in the new process are being prepared under cover. The mysterious plan is being built on the open hearth method of mixing and applying iron, descent heat to the specially prepared mixture.

The new furnace will be fired shortly and it is claimed they will make a steel superior to any now in use, and which can be furnished as cheaply as iron. The steel will be malleable, so that it can be used for making shafts and soft enough to allow as durable threads to be cut upon it as iron permits. Considerable interest is being manifested in the result of the experiment.

Highest Water Known. NEW ORLEANS, May 21.—A crevasse is reported on the Nicholoz levee on Red river, nearly opposite Shreveport. A number of people barely escaped with their lives and hundreds of cattle were lost. Above Shreveport, nearly the entire valley of the Red river, from hill to hill, is under water, and the river is expected to reach the greatest height ever known.

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Masked men entered the hut of Jacob Patterson, an aged hermit, supposed to be wealthy, near Quantock, Md., yesterday morning. He protested and was brutally beaten by the intruder, who afterwards fled, leaving him for dead.

Jacob Fogley, living along the Perkinson Creek, near Quantock, Md., yesterday morning, was shot by four good-shoot feather boys after a flock of about 500 wild geese had spent the night in a swamp on his place on their way North.

Beavers are plentiful in places along Center Creek, a stream in Jasper county, Mo. A local sportsman, who has studied the habits of the beaver says that the animal cuts down trees with his teeth, and not his tail, as many people suppose.

Martin Reed, who escaped from jail at Washington a week ago, is still at large, and no clue as to his whereabouts has been discovered. It is thought that he has fled to the mountain fastnesses of West Virginia.

The Chinese makes great account of his bed, which is very low indeed—scarcely rising from the floor—his bed covered with mats, but it never occurs to him to make it any softer than the rush mats will render it.

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BALTZELLS

SUEDE gloves have a remarkable attraction for ladies and yet it is scarcely to be wondered at when we remember that their soft flexible material makes them seem to become one with the wearer's hand. The Suede is still in the lead, yet the glaci kid has its devotee and both styles are in demand. Refined shades are the light and medium tints of tan, gray and wood colors, the effect always being more elegant when the gloves are of a lighter shade than the costume; therefore there is an unusual demand for gloves in light shades for street wear and visiting purposes. We have a large assortment of kid gloves, especially the P. and P. in the fashionable shades that show the same admirable characteristics as our previous shipments. Our stock shows:

\$1.20—The P. and P. Balleid's special, all shades of tans, woods, grays, browns and black, in both styles, \$1.20 and extremely elegant.

\$1.25—The Balleid in all shades, 5 look, \$1.25.

\$1.50—The Chaumont is a favorite and a good worker in the popular shades at \$1.50. Will buy the Chaumont, an excellent 5 look glove in popular shades. An eye-glove.

\$1.50—Handsome Monogrammed P. and P. Suede gloves in all shades, \$1.50.

\$1.50—Undressed Monogrammed in all shades, \$1.50.

\$1.50—The Biarritz comes in all the best shades and is very much in demand at \$1.50.

\$1.50—Short gauntlet dress gloves in shades of pearl, medium black, etc., are special favorites and sell readily at \$1.50.

\$1.50—We show some elegant evening gloves, of soft leather, in shades of tan, pink, red, white, yellow and lavender at \$1.50.

\$1.50—Evening gloves, shoulder length in tans, pearls and blacks, are handsome and reasonable at \$1.50.

\$1.50—We sell an excellent Chaumont Suede glove at \$1.50.

BALTZELLS, Altoona.

B. & B. 50 Cents.

35 Cents.

50 Cents.

REAL ESTATE!

By virtue of a Power of Sale issuing from the Court of Common Pleas of Cambria county, Pa., the undersigned trustee of John McCremon and John McCremon, Jr., will sell at public sale at the Hotel, in the borough of Williamsport, Saturday, May 28th, 1902, the following described real estate, viz:

CARL RIVINIUS, PRACTICAL WATCHMAKER & JEWELER, AND DEALER IN Watches, Clocks, Jewellery, Silverware, Musical Instruments, Optical Goods.



YOU WILL LOSE MONEY

If you don't buy your Spring Suit from J. B. WILBER, OPEN FOR YOUR INSPECTION.

THE LARGEST STOCK AND LOWEST PRICES ON ALL GOODS EVER NAMED.

J. B. WILBER, EBENSBURG'S CLOTHIER.

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We can now show you a Complete Assortment of Spring Goods consisting of Men's, Boys' and Children's Suits, Hats, Shirts, Trunks and Valises, and everything usually kept in a First-Class Clothing and Gents' Furnishing Store.

OUR SPRING STOCK

have arrived and our stock is much larger and prices lower than ever before. We feel pleased with our new stock and would glad to show it to you. Call and examine our stock and prices. We can and will save you money.

C. A. SHARB, TUGH, CARROLLTOWN, PA.

Eckenrode & Hoppel

General Merchandise CLOTHING, FLOUR, FEED Lumber and Shingles. We keep our Stock always Full and Complete. Give us a Call.

Eckenrode & Hoppel

Carrolltown, Pa. J. D. LUCAS & CO. BOOTS, SHOES AND RUBBERS, AND GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS.

In presenting this announcement we take great pride in calling attention to our present stock of goods. It will be our aim to offer nothing but the best of goods, and at the lowest possible prices. We have received within the last few days several new things Shoes and Gents' Furnishings, and have a large stock of goods which will be coming in as fast the factories can make them.

Inviting you to call and see our goods and get prices, we are Yours Respectfully, J. D. LUCAS & CO. Opposite Cambria House. EBENSBURG, PENN.

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New White Front Building, 113 Clinton Street, Johnstown, Pa.

New Stock of DRY GOODS, MILLINERY AND CLOTHING. Call to see us when in town.

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H. H. MYERS, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, EBENSBURG, PA. DONALD E. DUFFIN, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, EBENSBURG, PA.