Cambria Freeman.

EBENSBURG, CAMBRIA CO., PA.

FRIDAY. - - DECEMBER 4, 1891.

SENATOR QUAY'S political friends in this state are preparing, it is said, to elect delegates to the National Convention in opposition to the renomination of President Harrison.

HIRAM CHASE, a full blooded Indian of the Omaha tribe, has been admitted to practice in the Federal Court of Omaha. Mr. Chase is the first Indian ever admitted to the practice of law in Nebraska.

DURING the first seven months of the present year 149,707 emigrants went from Great Britian to the United States. A percentage of these were foreigners, principally Swedes and north Germans, who embarked at Liverpool.

JAMES G. WYMAN, mayor of Allegheny, was arrested Saturday night, charged with embezzling funds of the city. He gave bail in the sum of $2,000 for a hearing next Friday. Four informations were made against him. The total amount of the alleged embezzlement is $3,000.

THE firm of Field, Wishers & Co., of New York, bankers and brokers, were last week caught by the "corn squeeze," and made an assignment. The failure is attributed to the advance in the price of corn in New York and at Chicago. Cornering grain is a dangerous business.

THE *Scientific American*, published by the great patent agency firm of Munn & Co, New York, is the most practically useful publication of its kind in the country. Indeed, it occupies a field distinctively its own. Not alone for the machinist, manufacturer, or scientist, but it is a journal for popular perusal and study. It is the standard authority on scientific and mechanical subjects. It is placed at a very low rate of subscription, $3 per annum, which places it within the reach of all.

DR. WALLER, superintendent of public instruction, on Tuesday gave out the advance sheets of his forthcoming annual report. He states that the total number of pupils in the public schools of the state is 969,506, an increase of 4,062. There are 22,884 schools, an increase of 432. He directs attention to an error in the United States census bulletin in which it was stated that the increase of the attendance in Pennsylvania during the last decade was 1.59 per cent.. He favors an increase of salaries of teachers and the restricting by statute of the number of provisional certificates.

THE latest returns received by the department of agriculture from county agents show the yield of potatoes per acre this year will be the largest for a period of ten years. For the entire country the yield average ninety-four bushel to each acre devoted to the cultivation of this vegetable, and in some of the States the average will be 100 bushels to the acre. Exceptional yields of 120 to 125 bushels are reported in few of the states, and some phenomenal return of acreage in July showed an increase over last year's breadth, and in connection with the present return of yield, would indicate a crop of nearly 100,000,000 bushels, the largest ever grown in this country.

GOVERNOR PATTISON on Saturday appointed Christopher E. Heydrick, of Venango county, to succeed the late Associate Justice Clark on the Supreme Bench. Mr. Heydrick will serve until January, 1893.

Christopher Heydrick is a leading lawyer of large and intricate practice in the oil region counties of Venango, Warren, Crawford and Erie. He is a member of the Venango county Bar, a resident of Franklin, and has been in active practice for a period of thirty years. As a citizen he has been ever foremost in public enterprises and progress. He has been so strongly pressed for Attorney General by the Governor's oil region friends that Mr. Pattison embraced the present opportunity to please them.

THE great public benefactor, "Landbill" Allen, ended his days in the Franklin county O., infirmary on Saturday after suffering one week from paralysis. Mr. Allen was born in Windom, Conn., May 23, 1810. He entered the journalistic arena, running the *Rhode Islander* He married Zena Weaver, and sold his paper and went to Columbus in 1829. He edited the *Ohio State Journal* and the Cincinnati *Gazette* for a number of years. Having the "Homestead" idea, that of giving 160 acres of land to every man who would guarantee to settle on it in the west, he spent $60,000 introducing his plans. Sickness came on the old benefactor and little by little his property passed out of his possession, being sold for taxes, leaving him at last penniless in his advanced years.

THE selection of Mr. Heydrick, of Venango county, says the Philadelphia *Record*, to fill the vacancy on the bench of the Supreme Court occasioned by the death of Judge Clark was doubtless induced in some measure by a desire to secure a representation in the court of highest jurisdiction conforming to the distribution of population and the claims of locality. These, to our mind, are considerations of inferior moment measured against capacity, experience and integrity. But there is no doubt of Mr. Heydrick's fitness. This will be better understood by his brethern of the bar than by the general public. For years past he has maintained a high reputation in his own locality. He is in the prime of life and health, and can flatter himself with the good fortune that has enabled him to carry off the prize from a field full of able and experienced lawyers.

It may well be believed, says the Philadelphia *Herald*, that President Harrison doesn't like the shape things are assuming in regard to Blaine's candidacy for the Presidency. What had merely been a matter of rumor and speculation is taking too definite a form to be pleasant.

It seems to have been the impression of Mr. Harrison that the person to whom he was kind enough to give the first place in his Cabinet would not be so ungrateful as to want to supplant him. He appears to have entertained an ingenuous confidence in the gratitude of the subordinate whom he so far indulged as to allow him to ventilate his free trade reciprocity vagaries in direct conflict with the extreme tariff policy of his administration. But he is beginning to discover that he didn't understand Mr. Blaine's peculiarities, and to realize that he has been the victim of misplaced confidence.

It is no wonder, therefore, that to a friend who plumply asked him whether indications pointed to his having the Secretary of State as his competitor for the Presidential nomination, Mr. Harrison spoke feelingly on the subject, and evinced mingled disappointment and resentment towards the Secretary. The President's acuteness of perception in any matter in which his own importance is concerned is not of the first order, but even a duller man than he could long ago have seen the game that Slippery Jim was playing; but now that it has dawned upon him he is shocked at the disregard for the proprieties in a member of his Cabinet being a candidate for the Presidential succession against his chief.

The embarrassment in which Mr. Harrison finds himself in the positive knowledge that Blaine will compete with him for the place he occupies, cannot but be amusing to disinterested onlookers. He has been directing all the purposes of his administration to his own re-election. For this he has done his full part in maintaining a monopoly tariff whose beneficiaries would gratefully contribute the boodle necessary for the next campaign. For this he made every exertion to bring the elections under the control of the bayonet, and for this he made a swing of unusual extent around the country for the express purpose of affecting the voters with the strongest probability that his nefarious design will be successful. Was there ever a chief more ungratefully served by a subordinate? Was propriety ever more flagrantly disregarded?.

THERE is weeping, wailing and gnashing of teeth, says the *Bellefonte Watchman*, among the Republican leaders of New York. They could stand the election of a Democratic Governor and the piling up of a Democratic majority of 45,000, but when it was announced in Albany, on Tuesday last, that both the Senate and House would be in the control of the Democrats it was too much for one time, and the despair that settled down upon them is said to be past realization. If ever any set of men were knocked completely out it is the New York Republican leaders. For years they have maintained power through the operations of a most iniquitous apportionment of the state, both congressional and legislative. With a clear Democratic majority in the state of at least 25,000, they could elect nineteen of the thirty-four congressmen, and an overwhelming majority of both the House and the Senate. Secure in these, they could prevent a fair apportionment being made, as well as dictate most of the appointments of the Governor by refusing to confirm those that did not suit them.

They realize that the loss of the two branches of the Legislature, as well as the Governor, means a new apportionment that will give them only what they are entitled to—representation in congressional, senatorial and legislative districts in proportion to their vote, and that this means that they will have neither Senate or House for years to come, and with this state of affairs comes the political annihilation of those who have led the Republican party for years and profited by as villainous a gerrymander as that which disgraces our own state. A new apportionment in New York means a majority of Democratic congressmen from that state, a Democratic Senate and a Democratic House in 1891, and a Democratic United States Senator to succeed Hiscock.

REPRESENTATIVE C. BEN JOHNSON, of Wilkesbarre, has written an open letter to ex-Senator Wallace urging him to be a candidate for the legislature in the interest of ballot reform, as the ex-Senator recently intimated he would likely be. including his letter Mr. Johnson says: "Because I regard you, as I believe you, are generally regarded, the best equipped man in the state to lead in a move to effect this great reform, this letter was written. And it is forwarded thus publicly in the hope and belief that it will be followed by such general and hearty and open applause of your willingness to again take up the burdens of public life in this connection, as will make you, though nominally 'the member from Clearfield,' in reality the representative of the ballot reform sentiment of the whole state."

RUSSIA has prohibited the exportation of wheat from that country. It is believed that the stocks of grain will be sufficient for the population of that country until the next harvest. This prohibition of the export from Russia will give to the United States the markets of Europe for our large surplus of wheat and corn.

CHAIRMAN KERR, of the Democratic State Committee, has called the Executive Committee of that body to meet in Washington to-day (Thursdry) evening, in order to fix a date for filling the vacancy on the National Committee caused by the death of William L. Scott.

Washington Letter.

WASHINGTON, D. C. November, 28 1891. How much longer is the Blaine-Harrison farce to be kept on the boards? Mr. Blaine's friends on the Republican National Committee as well as those who were here during the week with the delegations from various cities, are telling everybody that Mr. Blaine is to be the candidate of his party next year. Mr. Harrison is a mild-mannered, cold-blooded sort of a man, but this committee and delegate business was a little more than he could patiently stand, so when the committee, after finally adjourning, called at the White House in a body, its members met with a reception colder than Raum's patent refrigator could ever produce. Mr. Harrison was offended, and he took special care to impress that fact upon the committee. But the committee did not seem to care much for as its members left the White House on their way over to the State department, one of them remarked loud enough to be heard by all, "who is this man, Harrison, anyway?" Mr. Blaine received the committee in his most cordial manner, and made himself so pleasant that they remained in his office nearly an hour, and when they left they nearly paralyzed the staid and dignified employes of the State department by giving three cheers and a tiger for Blaine.

Maj. McKinley also has the Blaine fever. He took advantage of his stay in the city this week to call on Mr. Blaine and to let him understand that he was willing to take the second place on the ticket with him but with nobody else. Mr. Blaine is said to have been very demonstrative at this meeting with McKinley, in the way of placing his arm around his shoulder, etc., but he took particular care not to commit himself in favor of McKinley for an associate on the ticket. This sort of thing can have but one ending——Mr. Blaine must retire from the Cabinet, unless Mr. Harrison will withdraw his claims for a renomination. A bet was made last night in a prominent hotel that Mr. Blaine would resign before Jan. 10.

$100,000 is big money to pay for a political convention, but that is said to represent the price paid by Minneapolis for the advertising she will get out of the holding of the Republican National Convention there next June, and that amount, which is to be paid to Boss Clarkson's committee, does not include the price paid for the votes of two committeemen and the incidental expenses of the delegation here.

Much interest is already expressed in the meeting of the Democratic National Executive Committee, which will be held here December 8, to fix a time for the meeting of the full committee to select the time and place for holding the next National Convention, Washington, Cincinnati, Baltimore, Minneapolis, New York and Detroit are already in the field.

The first applicant for a loan under the Farmers' Alliance-sub-treasury scheme made his appearance at the Treasury Department this week. He was from Harford Co. Maryland, and was not very positive what he wanted, further than that he wanted as much money as the $18 cash, which he said he had, would pay the interest on, and he told the clerk in the Fourth Auditor's office, to whom the application was made, that his farm would be security for the principal of the loan. He was very much disappointed when told that Uncle Sam was at present himself a borrower instead of a lender.

If the statements made by California and New York Republicans to the National Committee of that party be accepted, and there are good reasons for believing that they stated the situation just as it appeared to them, there is little chance for the electoral votes of either of those states being cast for the Republican nominee next year. And according to the same sources of information it will require herculean efforts on the part of the party managers to keep the northwest in line, notwithstanding the holding of the convention at Minneapolis. These statements are but confirmatory of Democratic information, with the single exception of California. Although it had long ago been determined by the Democratic leaders to make a hard fight for that state, it was done more on general principles than because of any specific knowledge of a change in the sentiments of the people toward the Republican high tariff. That the northwest, the great agricultural section, is slowly but surely adopting Democratic ideas on the tariff, is as certain as that the sun rises in the east and sets in the west, and if there is no mistake made by the party leaders a majority of the states in that section will become, in time, as reliably Democratic as Texas.

Representative Bynum, since his withdrawal, has been working hard for Mills, whose friends now claim 90 votes, Mr. Crisp's managers say that he has 114 votes, but others say that he has not over 85. The other candidates give no figures. Only ten days left to settle it.

M.

Recovered the Treasure.

DENVER, Dec. 1.—Tom McCoy, Frank and John Price, "Peg Leg" Eldridge, Will Perry and Jim Curtis, the gang that held up the Rio Grande express train near Texas Creek two months ago, never stood a better chance of going to the penitentiary for life than they do tonight. The men were captured one at a time and were "dead game," refusing to give up a single word of information, although put to torture in the sweat-box more than once. When Perry, the last one taken. was brought in he weakened and told the officers everything, going into details about the robbery, and how the gang, being hard pressed by the United States marshals, had planted the booty at the head of Brush creek. The money and plunder were found by the officers just where Perry told them and are worth $6,000.

West Virginia Patriarch.

CLARKSBURG, W. VA., November 30.—Isaiah Carpenter, who has so many times been reported dead, is still living in Preston county, and claims to be 149 years of age. He has a family record showing he was born in London county, Va., in 1742. He was well acquainted with Washington, Boone, Kenton and other early settlers, and was a teamster in General Braddock's army. His eldest son, who died 15 years ago, was 100 years of age at the time of his death. Carpenter has a daughter now residing in Maine who is 80 years of age.

The Leaders' Opinions of it.

WASHINGTON, D. C., November 30.—There can be no doubt that there is a growing dissatisfaction among public men of both parties with the present method of electing the President and Vice President. As yet it seems to be confined to the highest class of public men.

The propositions for a change which have been offered in former Congresses, and will doubtless be brought forward in the Fifty-second Congress, emanate from theorists. The most prominent proposition, which will probably be renewed at the next session, provides for adding an amendment to the Constitution making the President and the Vice President to be voted for directly by the people without the interposition of electors. The great argument for it, apart from its simplicity, is the claim that it will prevent corruption and dickering. But the fact that this requires an amendment to the Constitution makes it improbable that it will be enacted. And the same thing is true of all the other propositions made to Congress on this subject, for they all require the amendment of the Constitution, and this cannot be had. Consequently in the discussion of this matter among public men, all argument proceeds on what the States ought to do under the power given them in the first section of the second article of the Constitution to "apoint in such manner as the Legislature thereof may direct," the electors who shall proceed, under the twelfth amendment, to vote for President and Vice President.

Unfortunately this has become a partisan question since Michigan gave a new word to political slang by "Michiganizing" her electoral vote.

So high a man as ex-Postmaster General Don Dickinson approves, and so high a man as Senator McMillan condemns, the plan of electing electors by districts. A distinguished Western Republican said: "I think, and so do many other Republicans, that the Michigan plan is an improvement, even if it does hurt us in Michigan. I would like to see it tried in New York and elsewhere. I think it is the better plan, but I cannot propose such a law."

This is illustrative of the position of the average public man at the present time. It is noteworthy that few of either party favor any attempt to return to the practice of electing electors by Legislatures.

It is felt that the party which thus seeks to get away from the people would pay dearly for a temporary success.

Apaches on the Warpath.

WILCOX, Ariz., November 30.—The Apaches are on the warpath and have committed several depredations. One man has been killed and another wounded and the settlers are arming to protect themselves. Major William Downing, whe lives about thirty miles south of this place, rode in great haste Thursday night and reported that one of his men had been murdered by a war party of Indians, who disappeared soon after the killing and cannot be found. The name of the dead man is H. B. Daniels, of Ontario, Canada, an ex-soldier and about 35 years old.

The following telegram has been received from Fort Bowie: Major Downing was shot at from ambush this evening while riding in his buggy, but not injured. This was within a mile of the Major's residence. Robbery was the object of the murderers. It is the season when the redskins become uneasy, and a dispatch says it would be well for all citizens to look to their arms before more lives are taken. Bowie is eighteen miles from the scene of the killing. The military is taking every precaution to defend the settlers. The Indian hostiles are moving south.

Two Hundred and Seventy Lives Lost.

SAN FRANCISCO, November 30.—A private dispatch from Manzanillo, Mex., gives pretty good proof that the bag Tahiti and the 270 Gilbert Islanders on board, who were under contract of the coffee plantations of San Benito, Mex., have been lost at sea. The brig touched at Drake's bay, near San Francisco, in September last, and though the islanders were seen to be virtually slaves, no attention was taken to stop the traffic.

The American steamer Roseville arrived at Manzanillo on Friday from Islapa and her captain reported that the Roseville passed the wreck of the Tahiti eleven miles southwest of Lizard Point. She was floating bottom up, with rudder gone and ballast shifted.

The steamer stopped and sent a boat off to examine the wreck, but not a living thing was found, and the position of the brig prevented any search of her interior. The brig's yawl was still by her, but two small boats were gone. This gives little hope that any lives were saved.

A Fatal Foolish Wager.

AKRON, Nov. 28.—A novel wager was made Thanksgiving evening by two men in a crowd gathered in Butzum, a little hamlet seven miles north of this city. William Noble in a spirit of banter, offered to bet with John Springer the oysters for the party that he could sit longer on a rail fence than Springer. The wager was accepted and the two men were soon sitting on the rail of a fence near the store. All night they sat there, their friends encouraging them with hot coffee, food and additional clothing.

Toward morning it began to rain hard and rain continued to fall nearly all day yesterday, but neither of the sitters gave up. Just before 12 o'clock last night Springer, who weighs probably 200, succumbed to the strain and fell from the fence. Both men were carried home, and both are now ill from the exposure, Springer has small chances of recovery.

No One Could Help.

NEW YORK, Nov. 30.—Mrs. Edward Lyon, the wife of an elevated railway employe, went to the basement of her home to-day to thaw out a frozen water pipe. While thus engaged the woman's clothing took fire and she ran screaming up stairs to the second floor, and rushed through the window to the fire escape balcony, where she shrieked wildy for help, the strong wind fanning the flames which blazed madly about, causing a great crowd to collect in the street below. No one could aid the woman, and in plain view of 500 horrified people she was burned to death.

NEWS AND OTHER NOTINGS.

—Pittsburg's water supply contains so much oil that much sickness is said to be caused by it.

—An Albuquerque, N. M., miner placed a stick of dynamite in his mouth and blew his head off.

—The world's fair will cost $21,000,000. Of this, $16,000,000 must be expended before one dollar of revenue comes in.

—For cutting off one of her legs the Reading City Passenger Railway Company has paid Lizzie Barre, a school girl, $4,000.

—The Pennsylvania railroad is about to lay four tracks all the way from Philadelphia to Pittsburg to accommodate the immense traffic.

—He never read the newspapers, and as result Jonathan Clayworth, Warrington township, Berks county, was bunceed out of $1,000 on Sunday.

—There have been sent into North Dakota 188 threshing machines and 9,000 men by the St. Paul Jobbers' Union, and yet one-fourth of the wheat is unthreshed.

—In a spirit of revenge, James T. McKibben, a prominent Illinois Alliance man, it is charged, has burned many farmers' buildings near Centralia, that state, and is under arrest.

—Farmer Genesco Burke, of Roscommon, Iowa, has a pippin grown on his farm which he vows won't go into peck measure. Of all the apple records this seems to be the greatest to date.

—Miss McEwen, who was shot by a negro last October, while on an excursion train on the Louisville & Nashville, and was permanently injured, obtained a verdict for $18,000 damages against the railroad company.

—A span of a bridge on the Great Northern Railway extension, at Kalishell, Mont., fell on Monday, taking down with it 15 men. Five men were killed and the other ten injured. Some of the injured may die. The fall was 150 feet.

—At a special meeting of the city council of Omaha on Saturday night three of the members got into a quarrel and pounded each other until the spectators had to separate them. Blood was drawn from two of the combatants.

—Afraid to put their money in banks, Isaac Simmons and wife, an aged couple residing near Tranquility, Ohio, were bound hand and foot a few nights ago and robbed of $3,000, their savings of a lifetime. Three masked men committed the outrage.

—Mrs. Mary McVeagh, the Braddock woman who has lived 148 days without eating one morsel of solid food, died on Monday. She has been suffering with a cancer in her mouth, and has lived all this time on buttermilk, wine and laudnum. She was 68 years of age.

—A plot of seven desperate prisoners was unearthed by the officials of the Western penitentiary on Sunday. They sought a road to freedom by digging a tunnel about three feet in diameter from under the floor of the mat packing house, which is the only wooden building inside the walls.

—The government has been carrying on a series of experiments with smokeless powder, but so far they have not proved a thorough success. It has been necessary to use a little fulminating powder and this leaves a grayish smoke. As soon as this is obviated the government will go to work on the new powder. The laboratory will be established near Philadelphia.

—A telegram from Talequah, Indian Territory, says: There is a well-founded rumor that the commissioners appointed by the United States and the Cherokee nation have come to an agreement and the trade for the Cherokee strip has been made subject to the approval of the Cherokee legislature. The price to be paid is said to be $8,500,000, or $1.40 per acre. In addition, the United States commissioners agree to all points asked for by the Cherokes.

—The kidnapping of the baby son of Banker D. T. Beals, of Kansas City, and his subsequent return upon the payment of a ransom of $5,000 after $20,000 had been demanded, from him, has been the sensation of the hour. The people are now indignant, and threaten to lynch Lizzie Smith, alias King, the abductress, and her paramour, Albert King, because Banker Beals refuses to identify or prosecute them. The father is so delighted at the return of his child, safe and sound, that he proposes to keep the promise made to the agent of the abductors, not to hand them over to the police.

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ADMINISTRATORS' NOTICE.

Letters of administration upon the estate of Harrison Kinkead, Esq., late of the borough of Ebensburg, in the county of Cambria, Pa., having been granted so the undersigned, notice is hereby given to all parties indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims or demands against the same are requested to present them, properly authenticated for settlement.

GEO. A. KINKEAD,
FERGUS C. LLOYD.
Administrators of H. Kinkead, Esq., deceased.
Ebensburg, Pa., November 6th, 1891.3t.

FARM FOR RENT.

The subscriber offers for rent his farm in Munster township, along the line of the Ebensburg & Cresson railroad, about two miles from Cresson. Farm contains about 70 acres, about 60 cleared. Possession given on 1st of April. Call on or address the the subscriber at Loretto, Pa.

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Feb. 27, 1891.

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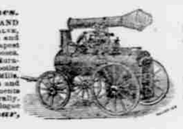

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Rough and Tumble Cheviots,

37 1-2 Cents.

Rain or service affects them but little. Brown, tan, gray mixtures.

56 inch

Australian Wool

CLOTH FACED SUITINGS

in large variety of neat checks and plaids. Quiet colorings,

90 Cents

a yard, that are unquestionably the greatest DRESS GOODS BARGAIN of the year.

☞Six yards for full suit.

These stores are making unusual preparations in every department for

Holiday Trade,

offering bargains that will be more deserving than ever of your patronage.

Special facilities for filling all orders by mail.

BOGGS & BUHL,

115, 117, 119 & 121 Federal St.

ALLEGHENY, PA.

A. D. BOGGS. M. J. BUHL. A. W. BUHL.

ESTABLISHED 1872.

Johnston, Buck & Co.,

BANKERS,

EBENSBURG, - - - PENNA.

A. W. BUCK, Cashier.

ESTABLISHED 1889.

Carrolltown Bank,

CARROLLTOWN, PA.

T. A. SHARBAUGH, Cashier.

General Banking Business Transacted.

The following are the principal features of a general banking business:

DEPOSITS

Received payable on demand, and interest bearing certificates issued to time depositors.

LOANS

Extended to customers on favorable terms and approved paper discounted at all times.

COLLECTIONS

Made in the locality and upon all the banking towns in the United States. Charges moderate.

DRAFTS

Issued negotiable in all parts of the United States, and foreign exchange issued on all parts of Europe.

ACCOUNTS

Of merchants, farmers and others solicited, to whom reasonable accommodation will be extended.

Patrons are assured that all transactions shall be held as strictly private and confidential, and that they will be treated as liberally as good banking rules will permit.

Respectfully,

JOHNSTON, BUCK & CO.

JUST RECEIVED!

——A LARGE LOT——

Boots & Shoes

——BOUGHT AT——

Sheriff's Sale!

——FROM THE STOCK OF——

W. E. SCHMERTZ & CO.,

PITTSBURG, PA.

The public invited to call. Prices away down.

JNO. LLOYD & SONS.

LILLY BANKING : CO.,

LILLY, PA.,

JNO. B. MULLEN, - - - CASHIER.

A GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS TRANSACTED.

FIRE, LIFE, AND ACCIDENT INSURANCE.

ALL THE PRINCIPAL STEAMSHIP LINES REPRESENTED BY US

Accounts of merchants, farmers and others earnestly solicited, assuring our patrons that all business entrusted to us will receive prompt and careful attention, and be held strictly confidential. Customers will be treated as liberally as good banking rules will permit.

LILLY BANKING CO.
feb590. Lilly, Penna

TRIAL LIST.

List of causes set down for trial at court to be held in Ebensburg on Monday, December 14th, 1891.

Wynn ..... vs. Taylor, Son & Co.
Graham ..... vs. Watt.
Glasgow ..... vs. Schroth.
Bostet ..... vs. Reade.
Gracey ..... vs. Overdorff.
Liberty ..... vs. Gill.
Irvin ..... vs. Katrof.
Irvin ..... vs. Trexell.
Black & Glunt ..... vs. Morrelville and Cambria Borough Water Company.
Scheffauer .....
Westmoreland & Cam. Nat. Gas. Co. ..... vs. Herald printing Co.
Graham ..... vs. K. of G. Eagle.
Shaffer & Son ..... vs. Hettrick et al.
Oaks ..... vs. Q. ns et al.
Brown & Kimball ..... vs. Condon.
Barnes et al ..... vs. Carroll.
Lamport ..... vs. Ingold.
Pittsburg Tile Co. ..... vs. Krupp.
Edwards & Co. ..... vs. Trustees U. P. Church.
Strauss, Rothsch'd & Co. ..... vs. Coal, admr.
Ryan's exrs ..... vs. Coal et al.
First National Bank, Pittsburg ..... vs. Johnstown Limber Co.
Warner ..... vs. Curry & Stank.
O'Hara ..... vs. Kaper.
Sanger, Rockwell & Co. ..... vs. Horner.
Walters & Co. ..... vs. Hoch.

J. C. DARBY, Prothonotary.

Nov. 16th, 1891.

FOR SALE.

The undersigned will sell at private sale pieces of real estate situate in Munster township, Cambria county, Pa., containing respectively sixty six and five-tenths acres and sixteen acres. The property is improved and in good state of cultivation, and will be sold at a reasonable price and upon easy terms. For further particulars call on or address Alvin Evans, Ebensburg, Pa., or LUKE EVANS, Loretto, Pa.

December 12, 1890.

MONEY