

SPEAKER REED and his circus will meet on Monday, but the show has lost some of its best elements.

MANUFACTURERS of agricultural machinery have formed a trust in Illinois under the name of American Harvester company. Capital, \$35,000,000.

WASHINGTON officials estimate that there will be a deficiency of \$30,000,000 in the pension funds for the current year, notwithstanding there was an appropriation of \$96,000,000.

THE Philadelphia Republican members of the Legislature held a meeting on Saturday, and endorsed United States Senator J. Donald Cameron for re-election and William H. Brooks for Speaker.

It is stated that the great soda deposits of Wyoming have been sold to a party of English and French capitalists for \$2,000,000. This syndicate will be able to make handsome profits off American consumers by the protective duty on soda.

WHEN Missouri county was first formed, over thirty five years ago, W. C. Johnson was made the Register and Recorder, and has been re-elected every three years since. On Wednesday evening Mr. Johnson died, after a short illness, at his home in Donville.

THE cotton crop the past year, according to the reports of the New York Cotton Exchange, amounts to 7,100,000 bales. The exports for the year foot up 4,000,000 bales, which at 11 cents per pound, the average price, amounts to \$200,000,000, or one third of the total exports of the year.

KING WILLIAM III, King of Holland, died on last Sunday morning. The King had been in a state of invalidity for months past and during that time the duties of the monarch devolved upon a council of regency that had been appointed. The sole representative and heir to the throne is Wilhelmina, a ten year old daughter.

MR. AUGUST BELMONT, the famous representative in this country of the Rothschilds, died at his home in New York city on Monday morning. Mr. Belmont's death resulted from a cold contracted at the recent horse show, and which developed into pneumonia. He had lived until December 8, he would have been 70 years old.

THE revolution of 1874 was followed by the election of Tilden in 1876, though the public will be thwarted by the theft of the Presidency. The revolution of 1882 was followed by the election of Cleveland in 1884. The revolution of 1890 presages a great Democratic victory in 1892. Let the Republican leaders paste this in their hats.

JUDGE BLODGETT has decided in the United States District Court at Chicago that Charles Counselman, a prominent member of the Board of Trade, must answer an official Inter-State Commerce Commission inquiry into whether he has not received rebates on grain shipped over certain Western railroads. Counselman will still refuse to answer, and will carry his appeal to the United States Supreme Court.

THE number of emigrants who arrived in the United States during the ten months ending October 31 last was 427,696, against 373,140 during the same period of 1889. The greatest number of emigrants came from Great Britain and Ireland, Germany, Italy, Austria, Hungary, Sweden and Norway and Russia in the order named. The greatest increase of emigration was from Italy and Austria Hungary.

"SCORES of Republicans," says the Commercial Gazette, of Pittsburgh, "who have grown rich through the headless operations of the tariff, heedless of warning and unmindful of all party obligations, assisted in various ways to bring about the disaster in this and in other States." And the "benevolent operations" of the tariff make scores of Republicans rich, do they? At whose expense? The Rotenbets, the Esquimaux, or the great mass of the American consumers?

THE Republican leaders and editors, says the Chattanooga Times, have apparently settled on the following as the causes of the November 4 landslide: 1. The women did it. 2. Harrison's family Administration did it. 3. The Quay business did it. 4. The Platt business did it. 5. The rise in prices did it. 6. The Force bill did it. 7. The newspapers did it. 8. Reed's bulldozing did it. We all take the liberty of adding: 9. They all helped to do it, but the chief potentates were the Force bill and the McKinley bill.

So long as the hundreds of millions for Dependent Pension bill and other reckless expenditures were drained from taxes upon the necessities of living and the materials of labor the beneficiaries of this unjust legislation applauded and encouraged a policy of extravagance. But now, when a tax upon incomes is suggested as the only means of repairing the waste upon the Treasury, there is visible trepidation among them. One thing is certain, there must be a check to the extravagant legislation or a tax on incomes will have to be imposed in order to meet the rapidly increasing demands upon the Treasury for the payment of a vast pension list. The labor and industry of the country cannot and will not bear the enormous burdens.

THE New York Herald on Monday printed a long letter from its Washington correspondence showing that many claims have already been filed under the Dependent Pension act as were estimated for the entire time of its operation. A deficiency of \$20,000,000 in the pension account for the present fiscal year is already indicated. The following opening paragraphs of the letter show the startling character of the exposures it makes:

"Under the Dependent Pension bill, passed June 27, 1890, 530,000 claims have already been filed. The total annual expenditure which these claims, exclusive of all other pensions, will cause is, at the lowest possible estimate, \$49,000,000.

"By the end of another fiscal year the total number of claims filed under the same act will probably amount to 500,000.

"The total annual expenditure which these claims, exclusive of all other pensions will cause is estimated at \$64,800,000.

"Of these claims ninety-six per cent. are filed through attorneys.

"At the rate allowed by the law, \$10 for each case, the fees of the attorneys under this act alone will amount to \$5,040,000.

"By the end of another fiscal year the new act and the operation of the old law will have increased our pension expenditures to more than \$90,000,000 a year.

"And this new act was not passed at the demand or desire of the old members but at the instigation of the pension attorneys."

THE report of the Interstate Commerce commission for the year 1889, just issued, shows that during that year 5,923 persons were killed and 26,320 persons were injured on the railroads of the United States. Of this number 1,972 of the killed and 20,028 of the injured were railroad employees. That is to say, railway accidents are the occasion for one death for every 117 employees, and one injured for every 12 men employed. The ratio for the previous year was about the same. Comparing these figures with those for England, the result is not favorable to this country. In England, in 1888, one person was killed for every 875, and one injured for every 158 men employed. Taking the accidents to passengers it appears that in this country in 1889 one passenger in every 1,023 was killed, and one passenger in every 220,224 was injured. For the year 1888 the rate of casualty in England to passengers from railway accidents was one passenger in 6,942,336 killed, and one passenger in 627,577 injured. These figures would seem to indicate that the railroads of this country might do well to pay a little more attention to throwing safeguards around travel.

NONE of the current explanations, says the New York World, of the extraordinary political revolution on Tuesday, November 4, will suffice. The result was not due to money. A whole Nation cannot be corrupted. It was not due to deception. An entire people cannot be fooled at once. It was not due to superior management on the part of the Democrats. The Republican campaign was far superior at all points. The overthrow of the Republicans was the result of a popular uprising against higher taxes and higher prices, against a policy of force after 20 years of peace, against a recklessness in appropriations which has converted a surplus into a deficiency, against the encroachments of plutocracy in the government and the buttressing of monopolies with law. The result is such as no party could achieve. It is the act of an indignant people, asserting their right and proclaiming their will.

FOR the past week the indications for an Indian outbreak in the far west have been alarming and the Government is preparing for it by moving troops to the vicinity of the expected outbreak. The troops of every fort or army station in Missouri, Nebraska, Dakota, Minnesota, Montana and Wyoming will be drawn upon, and other detachments of the army are under orders to hold themselves in readiness. Long Pine, Dakota, is full of refugees from the Indian country. At a rough estimate 1,800 men, women and children have fled from the country north of the railroad and about the Pine Ridge Agency. Every freight train that stops at the small side tracks west of there was besieged by people demanding to be carried East. The entire country is thoroughly aroused and everybody who can get away is doing so.

MONY than once in times past, says the Chicago Herald, monopoly and privilege have agreed to sacrifice a little in order to save much. That is their attitude to-day. Retreating upon the despicable lie that protection makes wages high, they now pretend to a willingness to "reduce taxes as much as possible without impairing wages." A sophistry so sneaking as this ought to deceive no American familiar with the fact that the lowest wages paid in this country to-day are the industries most highly protected. Keeping constantly in mind the everlasting truth that tariff is a tax, and that a protective tariff is a tax laid upon the many in the interest of the few, no man need be deceived or ever surprised by the sophistries invented and circulated in behalf of manifest injustice.

"THE Tariff bill will be better understood as time proceeds," says one of the prominent Republican organs. "Yes, certainly, as prices continue to creep upward and wages remain stationary, it will gradually dawn on these voters who eat their fortunes with the Republican party on the 4th inst., what an unconscionable set of liars their leaders were in declaring that the McKinley bill would not increase the cost of living. Yes, the tariff will be better understood two years hence, and when understood the Republican bill will pass out of existence."

PERHAPS you are not, can't eat, can't sleep, can't think, can't do anything to your satisfaction, and you wonder what ails you. You should heed the warning, you are taking the first step into Nervous Prostration. You need a nerve tonic and in Electric Bitters you will find the exact remedy for restoring your nervous system to its normal condition. It will give you a healthy appetite, a good and sound sleep, and a healthy action. Try a bottle. Price 50c at the drug stores of E. James Ebersberg, and W. W. McAteer, Lorain.

A REPORT is current that Pension Commissioner Baum will likely be bounced about January 1, and Governor or Bevier appointed in his stead.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 24.—The Democrats do not want an extra session of the Fifty-second Congress next spring. If the Republicans want to take up the appropriation bill and hurry them forward the indications are that the Democrats will lead them astray. Messrs. Sayers and Mendenhall, the two Democratic members of the Appropriations Committee in this city, express the opinion that the appropriation bills will not be passed until after the adjournment unless the Republicans brush them aside to take up the consideration of other matters.

There is a very strong determination on the part of the Democrats, however, to defeat both the Federal Election bill and the bill for the partial reapportionment under the alleged inaccurate eleventh census, and it is not improbable that both measures may be defeated unless there is a change of legislative methods in the Senate.

The plan of the Democrats to counteract a possible Federal Election bill is to change the manner of choosing electors in the Southern States, having them elected by the Legislature instead of at the polls. The election of the Legislature being scheduled to occur before the general election, this would be a sure method and would take the Presidential election in these States out of the supervisory care of the Federal Election law. The Democrats have ordered troops to Nashville to prevent this.

THE most important effect of the defeat of Delamater in this State, so far as the Republican party is concerned, will not be felt until 1892. Then it will be felt in the nomination of Mr. Blaine for President and the substitution of C. L. Mace for Mr. Quay as the Chairman of the Republican National Convention.

When Blaine was nominated in 1884 Mr. Magee was a candidate for the Chairmanship and had the favor of Mr. Blaine. But some enemies of the young political Warwick raised the point that he was not a representative of the manufacturing interests, and that he was not a native-born citizen. The result of it all is that an understanding has been reached that will dispose of the matter by the end of the year. It is now said by those likely to know that a better understanding has been reached between Mr. Blaine and Mr. Magee. During the progress of the stump tour in McKinley's district Representative Dazell spoke in the Senate at this time. Between meetings he has been convinced that he is the Napoleon of politics.

READING, November 24.—There was a wholesale poisoning from eating of cheese at Reading, Pa., last night, over fifty people being more or less affected. Franklin Gabbat, who resides near that place, was recently appointed an agent for the manufacture of cheese in Montgomery county. Last Saturday he distributed the cheese in small blocks about three inches square. Some of the cheese immediately, while many others took it home. Some seventy five persons got blocks of the cheese.

ALTOONA, Pa., Nov. 24.—A freight train on the Pennsylvania railroad left for this morning near Spruce creek, at No. 9 bridge, and the front of the train stacked up to wait for the rear end.

THE engine, Harry Fank, was quite seriously injured, being pinned down by a lever under his engine. The engine, Harry Fank, was quite seriously injured, being pinned down by a lever under his engine. The engine, Harry Fank, was quite seriously injured, being pinned down by a lever under his engine.

With a Thousand Volts. SAN FRANCISCO, November 23.—L. W. Morgan, an employe of the California Electric Company, last night received the full force of 1,000 volts of electricity. He was repairing a wire on Kearney street, and was 45 feet from the sidewalk. He clung by his hands to the wire, and when another workman tried to bring him down his grasp on the wire it could not be broken.

The wire was finally cut, and Morgan dropped unconscious into the arms of his rescuer, who brought him safely to the ground. The palms of Morgan's hands were burned to the bone, and after regaining consciousness he suffered intense agony. Thousands of people were on the street at the time. Morgan will recover.

THE New Discovery. You have heard your friends and neighbors talking about it. You may have seen many who know from personal experience just how good a thing it is. If you have ever tried it you will know it is the best. It is a wonderful thing about it. It will give you a healthy appetite, a good and sound sleep, and a healthy action. Try a bottle. Price 50c at the drug stores of E. James Ebersberg, and W. W. McAteer, Lorain.

CHICAGO, November 23.—General Miles received a dispatch from the commander of the troops at Rosebud that stated that the Indians were advancing on the troops at Pine Ridge. One of the chiefs was to stab General Brooke, and that was to be the signal for general uprising. Whether the stabbing was to be done by one of the chiefs whose name was not given, or by a man named Rosebud, was not stated. A later dispatch was received from General Brooke which made no mention of any attack.

A numerous band from Rosebud is reported to have been on the march to Pine Ridge, though the pursuit of the Indians is not yet closed. Short Bull and Jack Red Cloud, who have been leaders of the ghost dancing, are reported to have been seen at Rosebud. It is said that the dancing has been stopped. The dancers are coming into the agency to-day in squads, preparing to return to their homes.

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Peter Mueller, an old man, reputed to be worth \$700,000, has been sent to the Bridewell in Chicago for sixty days for begging on the streets.

During a general fight between Huns and Italians at a mining town near Shamokin axes and knives were freely used, and four men and two women injured, probably fatally.

From a comparison of the registers of measurements made for army purposes, it appears that American soldiers are, on the whole, as well developed as those who fill the ranks of European armies.

In Switzerland, it is said, they will pay higher wages to a milkmaid who can sing to the cows than one who cannot. This is done on the principle that bad treatment of a cow injuriously affects its milk.

A man in Fort Wayne, Ind., was detected a few days ago stealing a pair of shoes. In 25 minutes he had been caught for grand jury action, and in 45 minutes he had been serving a sentence in jail.

A handsome fellow, who stopped at various Schuykill county hotels, but didn't register, has been getting away early each morning with sundry overcoats and belongings of other boarders with as regularity.

The jury at Reading, Pa., in the famous case of Mrs. Joseph Maria against the Toledo, Columbus & Cincinnati Railway, in which the plaintiff sued for \$10,000 for the accidental death of her husband on the road named last February, brought in a verdict of \$4,000 for the plaintiff.

An angry crowd of men wanted to vent their summer vengeance upon Dr. Ransom Dexter, in Chicago, on Sunday, because he would not attend a messenger boy terribly injured in an elevator accident without first being guaranteed his fee. Some of them struck at him when he came and smashed his head.

There is a project to construct a ship canal across New Jersey from the Delaware river to the Atlantic. The scheme was first suggested by merchants of Philadelphia, who desire a shorter water route to New York and an abbreviation of the journey of hundreds of miles to the bay and around Cape May to strike the ocean passage to Europe.

Naval cadets at Annapolis, Md., are very indignant at Captain Glass, commandant of the Academy, who they say, has treated them more like prisoners of war than students. They are in charge of insubordination for the failure of some of the cadets to sign a subscription paper may lead to a general reprobation being forwarded to Washington.

While a party were on a hunting expedition on Saturday at Coatesville, this State, John Bowers said to Francis Gallagher, "If you will give me a shot at you I will give you one at me," at the same time he raised his gun. Gallagher also raised his gun, when in some unaccountable way the weapon was discharged, the contents striking Bowers' neck. Bowers fell to the ground dead, and Gallagher, overcome with grief, threw himself upon him and had to be removed by force. He is still delirious. Both men were sober.

News reached Shawano, Wis., on Monday of a serious outbreak Saturday afternoon on the Menominee reservation. One hundred and fifty armed Indians surrounded the logging camp of Henry Sherry on section 16, near Eversgreen river, and burned the camp after the men had retreated. Several horses and farm implements were killed and the camp outfit for sixty-five men destroyed. The thirteen white men were unharmed and fled for their lives. The Indians claim the white men were trespassing on the 16th section belongs to the State.

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