

SENATOR CAMERON is not as certain of reelection as he would like to be.

The New York Herald declares that under the dependent pension law, the pension attorneys will get more money than the old soldiers.

GENERAL JOHN B. GORDON, of Georgia, was on Tuesday last, elected United States Senator from that State to succeed Hon. Joseph E. Brown.

LEONIDAS M. MILLER, the Democratic Congressman from Oklahoma, is a full-blooded Greek, the first man of that race who ever held a seat in the Congress of the United States.

GOVERNOR-ELECT PATTERSON has appointed Humphrey D. Tate as private secretary. Mr. Tate was the Democratic candidate for Congress from the district four years ago.

MR. REED, of Maine, made five speeches in New York during the late campaign. They were in five different Congressional districts. The result was a Democratic gain of five Congressmen.

GENERAL S. ELIASSEOFF, a Russian agent in Paris, was assassinated at his hotel in Paris on Tuesday. The murder is shrouded in mystery and there is no clue as to who the assassin is. It is supposed to be the act of an anarchist and inspired by political vengeance.

All the indications now, says the Philadelphia Record, point to the re-election of Governor Cleveland for the Presidency by the Democracy in 1892. Even the trifling evidences of sourness and dissatisfaction which crop out here and there serve to confirm the popular prediction by showing how nearly complete it is.

The will of the late Robert Ray Hamilton of New York, was offered for probate on Monday. The document makes no mention of Mr. Hamilton's wife, who is now in a New Jersey prison but provides \$1,200 a year for life for Beatrice Ray, the child which he calls his "adopted daughter." The bulk of the estate is left to the children of Beatrice Hamilton.

SOPHIE GUENIEBU and two accomplices, S. Chomsky and Friedel, were convicted at St. Petersburg, Russia, on Monday for complicity in the late plot to kill the Czar. They were all sentenced to be hanged, but the Court recommended that the Czar remit the sentence of death against S. Chomsky and Friedel, and that they be banished to Siberia. Two officers who were also charged with complicity in the plot were acquitted.

The Pennsylvania official crop report at Washington says: "Owing to the wet fall much corn is yet in the field and unhusked. Yield good; quality rather low. Some has molded in the shock. Potatoes are rotting, and, owing to the rains, many are yet in the ground. Tobacco is somewhat injured by high winds and storms, reducing the proportion of wrappers. Much of the buckwheat is still out and injured by the wet weather."

POSTMASTER VAN COTT, of New York, makes the announcement that the Act of Congress, excluding lottery matters from the mails, prohibits not only the mailing of lottery tickets, etc., but also newspapers, or other publications containing any advertisement of any lottery or gift enterprise of any kind, offering prizes dependent upon chance, and furthermore, that the law officers of the post office have decided that advertisements of European government bonds are held to come within the provision of the new law.

ACCORDING to Census Bulletin No. 12, the population of Pennsylvania was 3,321,951 in 1870, 4,282,691 in 1880 and 5,248,574 in 1890. The total population of the United States is placed at 62,480,540. The States of Vermont and Nevada are the only ones that have suffered a decrease of population, with in the last 10 years. It appears that Vermont has 81 fewer people and Nevada 17,000 less than 10 years ago. The rate of increase for the entire country was 59.08 per cent between 1870 and 1890 and 24.57 per cent, from 1880 to 1890.

DID Mr. Harrison, says the Philadelphia Telegraph, (Republican) keep his pledges with regard to civil service reform, or did he kick them out of doors as soon as he set foot in the White House? And did he remove more faithful, old and efficient public servants without cause than any other President that ever lived? The President and his Cabinet are in a degree as responsible for Tuesday's slaughter as is Congress, and they should stand up like men and honestly take it. Congress was not without its offenses, but neither were the President and his Cabinet, and for them also must the flowers be sent and the requiem chanted.

FROM the foundation of the Government it has been the custom of each State, says the Boston Globe, to fix the boundaries of its own Congressional districts. But this no longer suits the Republicans. They want a Federal Redistricting law, fixing the boundaries of every Congressional district, so that the Democratic Legislatures recently chosen in several Northern States shall be prevented from making their own boundaries and making Republican gerrymanders. It is a bold scheme, and before the late elections it might have succeeded. It probably will not succeed now, against the determined opposition it will encounter from the Democrats in the Senate.

ON Monday night of last week, during a great storm the British warship "Serpent" was wrecked off Cape Boy, near the village of Camarines, about twenty miles north of Cape Finisterre, and all but three of the 270 officers and men composing the crew were drowned. Owing to the fury of the storm no assistance could be sent from the shore. The disaster occurred about 11 o'clock at night. In the midst of an impenetrable darkness the warship struck the rocks. She was hurled upon the rocks with such tremendous force that their jagged edges tore her keel as rapidly as a match might be struck by the sharpest knife. A moment later a mammoth wave lifted the cruiser high above the reef, only to dash her back upon its stony face the next instant with a great hoarse stover in her bottom. With the next sea the unfortunate vessel slipped from the rocks into deep water. Through the awful gap in her hull the water rushed in by the hundreds of tons, and then, in the midst of the awful blackness of the night, the howling of the wind, and the hoarse roar of the water beating against the fatal reefs, the cruiser "Serpent," with all her cargo of human life, plunged to the bottom of the Atlantic ocean. At the moment of the fearful catastrophe the great majority of the ship's company were below decks, unconscious that death was all around them. They never reached the deck.

NEAR to the Democratic tidal wave, says the Cincinnati Inquirer, the most astonishing feature of the recent elections was the wonderful strength developed by the new farmers' party in the western States. From the most reliable and latest reports the people party swept out 32,000 Republican majority in Kansas, elected its State ticket over Republicans and Democrats, carried five of the seven Congressmen, and a majority on joint ballot in the Legislature. The Alliance also accomplished wonders in Nebraska, South Dakota and Minnesota. Nearly all the Congressmen elected on the Democratic ticket in Alabama, Georgia, North and South Carolina are members of the farmers' Alliance, and pledged to advocate its principles. The new party stands with the Democracy as free silver and low taxation. It is probable that at least thirty-five members of the next House are members of the Farmers' Alliance, although only eight-five in Kansas and one in Minnesota and two in Nebraska--were elected in opposition to the candidate of both the old parties. No industrial political movement has developed so much strength in so short a time as the Farmers' Alliance. It is quite probable that it will dictate the United States Senators to be elected in Illinois, Kansas and South Dakota.

GENERAL MASTER WORKMAN POWDERLY, of the Knights of Labor, makes a good suggestion in his annual report, which was read at the general assembly that of order in session at Denver. It relates to the tariff question.

"We should," says Powderly, "throw open the doors of our assemblies for the discussion of this great problem, so that our members may become educated in the basic principles of protection and free trade. While we do not allow the question inside our sanctuaries, our members are asked every four years in the United States and every five years or oftener in Canada to register their votes either in favor or against protection. My recommendation is that on and after the 1st day of January, 1891, it shall be permissible for local assemblies to discuss the question of high tariff and free trade."

By free trade Mr. Powderly of course means a tariff for revenue only. His suggestions will certainly meet with the approval of the tariff reformers in the land, for well they know that every man who gives the matter his honest thought is bound to conclude that there is no justification for taxing the great mass of the people for the benefit of a few. By all means turn on the light on the tariff question.

THE Pittsburgh Post says: The Quay machine spent not less than \$20,000 in Philadelphia in behalf of the Republican State and county tickets, and one-half of this sum was expended on election day in debauching votes, election officers, and converting Democratic ward leaders and division workers into traitors. The returns show the result; not only the Fourth ward, where Cleveland's majority of 3,402 was reduced to 55 for Pattison. In some cases in the city election papers were signed in blank, and the machines filled in the vote according to its needs. There will be thorough investigation. The treacherous ward leaders will be drummed out of camp. McAttee's seat in Congress will be contested by Vaux, and this will force out the facts. The Democrats of Philadelphia instead of spending a large sum in jubilation have wisely resolved to use the money to push the investigation of the avalanche of fraud that swept over that city.

If there is any sense or reason, says the Boston Globe, in allowing a defeated and condemned Congress to go on and legislate for three months after the people have repudiated it, we should like to have it explained. We see no sense in it. The Congress elected in Washington could assemble in Washington on December 1, 1890, just as well as the old Congress can. It would be fresh from the people, prepared to do the people's will. It would not be disgraced and discredited, with the stamp of the people's condemnation upon it. Some members of Congress ought to propose a constitutional amendment making each Congress expire by limitation at least one month prior to the election of its successor, so that the spectacle of legislation by a repudiated Congress—a spectacle which will soon be seen in Washington—will be seen no more. We believe the people would ratify such an amendment with practical unanimity.

SPEAKER REED can do his own counting in the 52nd Congress. There will not be many Republicans to count.

WRECK ON THE RAILROAD. PITTSBURGH, November 14.—A collision occurred on the Pennsylvania railroad near New Freedom, Pa., just before 7 o'clock Friday morning, between the first and second sections of the western express, killing two persons and injuring eleven others. The killed were: Henry D. Minot, No. 39 Court street, Boston; Mrs. S. H. Angell, No. 17, Twenty-first street, Washington, D. C. The injured were: R. S. Delaney and wife, of Haymarket, Va., very seriously; J. F. Matthias, of Baltimore, seriously; J. H. Holman, of Washington, internally; William Rechester, of Hoffman house, New York, internally; C. C. Hicks, of Providence, R. I., seriously; Miss M. V. Kellogg, of Philadelphia, slightly; J. H. Hill, of Sunbury, Pa., internally injured, seriously; Wm. Miller, of Allegheny City, Pa., very seriously; Henry McCormick, engineer, very seriously; Dr. Wiegand, slightly hurt; Mrs. Wiegand, very seriously.

The first section of the western express made up of Pullman sleeping cars, is known as the Washington sleeper. The second section is known as the express and mail cars. It runs immediately behind No. 1. The first section was due at New Freedom at 5:44 A. M., but was delayed when the train reached that station. The fog was so dense that the engineer did not notice the red signal in time to stop the train. The engine then slowed up and went back for his orders. He then pulled ahead slowly. In the mean time the No. 7. He had been back to the No. 7. He had not been heard from since, it is supposed that he was not able to get back far enough to stop the engine. The engine of the Washington sleeper Biscay, telegraphing to the distance of from ten to twelve feet. The sleeper was nearly destroyed. The engine was nearly destroyed. The passengers in the unfortunate Biscay were removed to the cars. Eleven others more or less seriously injured. At least four of the injured, it is thought, will not recover. Everything possible done to relieve their suffering. The uninjured passengers arrived in the city at 10:30 A. M. Frigman Konitz, who had started back to notify the second section, arrived in the city this afternoon. He claims that the engine of No. 7, the signals and that he had torpedoes on the rails. James Doran, engineer of No. 5, says he had stopped at New Freedom, but that the engine of No. 7 had not stopped more than a minute and a half when No. 7 crashed into it. If this is true the engineer could not have had time to go back very far.

HARRISON IS JEALOUS OF BLAINE. WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 16.—An Indiana politician who used to be known as the President's friend, but who does not go to the White House as frequently as in days gone by, today makes a statement which is very near to being a revelation. He says that Blaine is so jealous of the Secretary of State, and it would not be surprising if there should be a rupture between them any day.

Not a Hopeless Case. The Republican papers of the country are building a good deal of hope on the expectation that the big Democratic majority in the next Congress will run out various cases. The experience of the past is to the effect that large majorities have such tendencies, and this is the case with the present majority. A number of the old members who have been retained can be relied on to guide the ship of state through the rough waters of the rocks, though the opposition will endeavor to steer it in that direction.

A Town Terrified. MANDAN, N. D., Nov. 17.—A friendly Indian brings a warning from the Sioux reservation. He says there is the greatest danger here and the Indians propose to attack Fort Abraham Lincoln, knowing there are but 80 soldiers there. He says there is a party of Mandan and massacre the citizens and burn the town. The greatest alarm prevails among the people here. It is reported that the Indian police at Standing Rock have torn off their badges and revolted.

Want to Get Out. WASHINGTON, PA., November 17.—For the second time within a week there was an attempt made to break jail here. Last night the second attempt was made, when an officer made the startling discovery that the rivets had been cut off the door of the work house. The men had been placed in their first attempt to break out. They were locked up and the door, which was unlocked at the time. How they intended to get away locked after doors which are always locked after dark, is not known. There is a desperate gang of men in jail here, who are looking for the opportunity to reform for robbery, and seem determined to make their escape.

Electric Bitters. This remedy is becoming so well known and so popular as to need no special mention. All who have used Electric Bitters along the same line of practice, a pure medicine does not exist and it is guaranteed to do all that it claims. Electric Bitters will cure all diseases of the liver and kidneys, will remove pimples, boils, skin eruptions and other affections caused by impure blood, will drive malaria from the system and prevent as well as cure all malarial fevers. For cure of headache, constipation and indigestion try Electric Bitters. Bottle, 50 cents and 100 per bottle at the drug stores of E. J. Mayer, Ebersburg, and W. W. McAteer, Lorain.

Is Consumption Incurable? Read the following: Mr. C. H. Morris, Newark, N. J., writes: "Was down with abscess of lungs, and friends and physicians pronounced me incurable. Consumptive began taking Dr. King's New Discovery for consumption, and now on my third bottle, and able to overtake the work on my farm. It is the finest medicine ever known." John Middleton, Decatur, Ohio, says: "Had 21 months for Dr. King's New Discovery for consumption. I was given up by doctors. Am now in best of health." Try it. Sample bottles free at the drug stores of E. J. Mayer, Ebersburg, and W. W. McAteer, Lorain.

The Republicans, in trying to explain their defeat, bit at everything but the true reason. The people were tired of Republican misrule.

A Bold Forger. Albert H. Smith, who is the junior partner in the brokerage firm of Mills, Robeson & Smith, No. 96 Broadway, New York, is a prisoner at Sing Sing, charged with forging several forgeries, aggregating \$350,000. Smith has acknowledged his guilt and has turned over all his property for the benefit of his creditors. The discovery of the forgeries, which cover a period of six years, was accidentally made on Saturday last, when Smith was in the employ of Mills, Robeson & Smith. In his confession Smith says he used the money obtained by his forgeries to reimburse the lost money on his suggestion. Before his arrest he made a clean breast to his associates in the firm. Although the case is not yet complete, Inspector Byrnes, aware of the excited condition of the money market, and fearing that the matter might be used to make public the real facts of the case, Smith's methods were something akin to those of a thief. The clerk of the firm of Shipman, Choate & Larque, who was sent to prison for a long time recently, was the man who discovered the forgeries. The loss resulting from the firm of Mills, Robeson & Smith, which has been in existence since 1872, and which has been the largest of its kind in New York, is \$1,000,000. Albert H. Smith, the guilty partner of the firm, was arraigned in a police court and remanded until to morrow.

Appointments that will be made by the next Governor. When Governor Pittison goes into office he will have two or three good-paying offices at his disposal and quite a number of smaller ones. The duties of bespicing offices the governor has are the attorney generalship and the secretary of the commonwealth. The salary of the office make it worth, in the estimation of leading lawyers, anywhere between \$10,000 and \$25,000 a year. The salary of the secretary of the commonwealth is only \$4,000 a year, but he also receives fees which bring his salary up to about \$12,000 or 15,000 per annum. Either of these offices are better paid than the Governor, who receives a salary of \$10,000 and no fees.

The other offices which the Governor has the power to fill, together with the salaries attached, are as follows: Adjutant General, \$2,500; Chief Clerk, \$2,500; Insurance Commissioner, \$3,000; State Librarian, \$2,500; Private Secretary to Governor, \$2,500; Executive Clerk, \$1,500; Secretary to Executive, \$2,000; Messenger, \$1,200; Page, \$800; Factory Inspector, \$900; Eight-Bituminous Mine Inspector, \$2,000; Seven Anthracite Mine Inspectors, each \$1,500; PHILADELPHIA APPOINTMENTS: Harbor Master, \$2,500; Health Officer, \$2,500; Port Physician, \$2,500; Quarantine Physician, \$2,500; Quarantine Master, \$2,500. The Governor has almost twice as many more appointments, but they are nearly all to positions of honor with no salaries attached.

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NEWS AND OTHER NOTINGS. The Ocean Toothpick Factory, the largest in the United States, was burned on Saturday. So close to Thanksgiving-dinner time, it is a national loss. A five-year-old boy named Tobin, of Scitdale, fell from a chair on Saturday and a pair of scissors that he had penetrated his throat. The jugular vein was severed, causing his death. In the year 1300 chimneys were scattered down in England. One only was allowed in a religious house, one in a manor house and one in the great hall of a castle or lord's house; but in other houses the smoke found its way out as best it could. Mrs. Arthur E. Bateman, of New York, on Wednesday last was struck by a diamond brooch valued at \$12,000, and had her maid, Louisa Laet, arrested on suspicion. On Sunday the brooch was found in Mrs. Bateman's house behind a curtain. There are more ducks in the Chesapeake Bay than in all the world outside of it. They are kept by the Catholics on every farm, on the public and private roads, on streets of cities, and on all the lakes, ponds, rivers, streams and brooks in the country. J. A. McKay, of Kansas, has never studied law, never been admitted to the bar, never served in any capacity in a court, and yet the farmers elected him judge of one of the district courts. The Farmers' Alliance will send him to Ann Arbor for 90 days to fit himself for the bench. Miss Cornelia, of Tacony, was driving along the Pennsylvania tracks last May, when an engine whistling scared his horse, and in the runaway that ensued, Mr. Cornell's spinal vertebrae was damaged \$50,000 worth; at least he is suing the Pennsylvania Company for that much or a new back bone.

The Grand Jury of Erie created a sensation on Friday by advising that the practice of making public the jury list was not to the best interest of justice, as it gave the jury "fixers" a chance to pick their vocation. It is expected that the Judge will order the drawing to be done in secret in the near future.

E. Hicks, of Victoria, went to blow a horn to call his brother to dinner, and in passing the barn turned and blew it at a calf standing near. The animal spring at him pushed the horn into his mouth, causing his tongue and otherwise injuring his mouth, so that a doctor had to sew up the wound.

The work of pumping the water from the Coal Ridge Colliery, in the anthracite coal region, which was flooded seventeen years ago, has been completed. The vein is between forty and fifty feet thick; the track almost a mile in length, and the development of the mine will give employment to several hundred men.

A curious anecdote occurred on Friday at the execution of the murderer Schuster at Barrenville, East Prussia. He begged as a special favor to be allowed to sing a couplet before the sword fell. Permission was accorded him and he continued the musical exercises until the quick swing of the sword severed his head from his body. George Gressman, a farmer living near Beaver Falls, this State, found a snake on the porch of his house on Monday. Shortly afterward he again attempted to pick it up when the reptile bit him on the hand. He killed it, and only saved his own life by free use of whisky and cauterizing the wound.

J. W. Leslie, of Everett, Mass., one of the few passengers in the ill-fated rear sleeper who escaped without serious injury at the New Florence collision, said at Pittsburgh on Saturday: "As soon as the injured and dead had been taken out, I went to look for my clothing and other effects, and found everything there except \$200 that had with-out doubt been stolen. From that time on I heard continual complaints of robbery, and from different passengers' stories I have no doubt that the helpless people were robbed by cold-blooded wretches who would do anything."

The most horrible tragedy in the annals of Fulton county, Pa., was enacted on Monday morning at Uica, a village ten miles southeast of Canton. Philip T. Smith, a former sixty years of age, had for some time been jealous of his wife, aged fifty years. Mrs. Smith had been absent from home attending a sick daughter in law. On her return on Sunday morning Smith at once began a quarrel, and, throwing her to the floor, he seized her by the neck. Mrs. Smith got away from him and ran into the yard. Smith seized a Winchester rifle and followed her, firing four shots into her body. When she fell, Smith went back into the house, explained the deed, and, for a moment, returned to the side of his wife's body. Ascertaining that she was dead, he lay down by her side, placed the muzzle of the revolver in his mouth, and blew out his brains. Smith was known as a desperate character for years, no less than four men having been killed by him.

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