Cambria Freeman.

EBENSBURG, PA.,

FRIDAY, - - NOV. 14, 1890.

THE Democrats have a majority in Congress without counting the solid South.

ON Thanksgiving Day, the Democrats throughout the country will have much to be thankful for.

THREE hundred Chinamen were blown to fragments one day last week at the China government mills for the manufacture of powder.

IN Beaver county, where the Republican majority is generally about twelve hundred, Dick Quay, son of Senator Quay who was a candidate for Assembly, pulled through by a bare majority of 116.

THE full Democratic State ticket is elected in Illinois, together with 14 of the 20 congressmen. The legislature is also Democratic, which will insure the election of Gen. John M. Palmer to the United States Senate.

THE State Commission appointed to survey a ship canal route between Lake Erie and the Ohio river at or near Pittsburg, has decided to recommend such an improvement. The canal may be made in the distant future.

JACOB STEEL of Nicholson township, Fayette county, aged 106 years, voted, last week, for Pattison for Governor. He has voted for every Democratic Presidential candidate from James Madison to Grover Cleveland.

GOVERNOR PAGE of Vermont, Republican, has surprised a wide circle of politicians by appointing Herbert F. Brigham, the opposing candidate on the Democratic ticket, chief of his military staff, with the rank of colonel. It is, indeed, a great year for Democrats.

THE South Dakota legislature is a tie, and the chances are good for a Democratic or Alliance Senator instead of Moody, Republican. The prospects are fair for Democratic Senators from New Hampshire and Minnesota. In New York, Wisconsin and Illinois Democratic Senators are certainties.

THE Democrats completely revolutionized the "Old Bay State." They elect the Governor, Russell, by about 10,000 majority, and all State officials, and gain 5 Congressmen. The delegation to Congress will stand 7 Democrats and 5 Republicans. Massachusetts has done nobly for the party of the people.

LEADING western and New England Republican journals are demanding in double-leaded editorials that the McKinley tariff law be revised and the heavy duties modified. They claim that the McKinley law is not in keeping with the party promises in 1888. Instead of increasing it should have reduced tariff rates.

TWELVE years ago the German Government—a mighty powerful corporation—undertook to abolish the Socialist party. As a result of a persecution, where there was one Socialist at the outset there are now ten. The party has become so strong that the Government has been obliged to recognize it as a political element too powerful for repression.

ON Friday last H. H. Bengough, of Pittsburg was appointed Pension Agent at that city, to succeed William A. Barclay, who was the Democratic candidate for Secretary of Internal Affairs. Senator Quay had been urging the appointment of General Silas M. Bailey, of Fayette county, and the appointment of Bengough, is an indication that the star of Quay is on the decline with Harrison's administration.

PROFESSOR KOCH, a German physician, who claims to have discoverd a cure for consumption has dismissed as absolutely cured several patients whom he has been treating for consumption. His son-in-law, Dr. Pfuhl, promises that the method of treatment will be made public within three weeks. He says the method is not exactly of the nature of inoculation. He asserts it cures lupus quickly and surely.

IN his Thanksgiving proclamation President Harrison, says the Boston *Post*, asks the people of this country to remember the poor. Would it not have been better if he had thought of them when, by the sanction of his signature, he gave the force of law to a measure which has put up the price of everything that the poor man consumes, and thus added a new burden to his poverty? Recent events, however, will give the poor man a bright ray of hope, and for this he will be devoutly thankful.

THROUGH the mass of election returns, says the Chicago *Times*, it is clearly seen that the intelligence of the country condemns the sophistry by which it is sought to maintain the Protection system, and is prepared to persist in the struggle to secure both branches of Congress, as well as the Executive Department, to the end that the United States shall have rational, not barbaric commercial laws. The outcome of the Congressional elections is a happy augury for the Presidential campaign of 1892.

GREAT fears is expressed says the Pittsburg *Post* by some of the Republican papers in the Twentieth district that Edward Scull's majority of 181 over Thomas H. Greevy may not prove a serious obstacle to the unseating of Mr. Scull by the next Congress. The wicked run when nobody was chasing them. It is not three months since Mr. Scull voted to unseat an Alabama Democrat who had a majority of 13,000. Mr. Scull will have no ground to complain if he should get a dose of the same medicine he helped give to others. It is a long lane that has no turn.

AN Associated Press reporter called on ex-President Cleveland in New York the day after the election and asked him to give an expression of opinion on the results of Tuesday's election. Mr. Cleveland said: "I am delighted. I challenge the right of any man in the country to rejoice more heartily than I, over the result of Tuesday. My gratification is that of an American citizen proud of his fellow-countrymen, who, though led away for a time by party prejudices and by blind confidence in cunning and selfish leaders could not be deluded to their ruin.

They have demonstrated that in dealing with them it is not safe to calculate that they are stupid or heedless of the welfare of their countrymen. The necessity of tariff reform with its consequent reduction in the cost of living and the duty of the Democratic party to advocate it has been fully demonstrated by action of the people Tuesday. Their decision has been deliberately made, and it is all the more significant because they have voted upon their reason and judgement, and because they have proved that corruption is powerless as against their convictions. Of course their is nothing for the Democratic party to do, but to push on the battle at all times and in all places on the lines which they have laid down—that is to insist upon wise adjustment of tariff taxation to the reasonable needs of the government as opposed to the plan which enriches a favored class at the expense of the masses of the people. Until the victory is won the question of tariff reform will not be settled nor pledges and professions of the Democratic party to the people redeemed.

Our party has made an honest and earnest fight. It has planted itself upon disinterested and unselfish devotion to the interests of the people. Its absolute unity and harmony upon the question of reform shows its quick recognition of true Democratic principles and its enthusiasm in a cause which involves the popular welfare everywhere. Our people have done magnificently, and the harvest they have gathered has been nobly earned.

WALL street, New York, was on the verge of a panic on Monday, money was almost unobtainable and failures emminent. London prices for American securities cabled over showed declines of from one to 2 below the closing prices of Saturday. Money rates were high in London and an uncomfortable feeling of insecurity was reported. When the market opened there was a rush to sell stocks at any price. In the first ten minutes prices of active stocks had declined from 1 1-2 to 3 per cent. The excitement on the Stock Exchange was tremendous. It seemed almost impossible to find buyers, so greatly was public confidence shaken by recent developments here and in Europe. The banks and trust companies, sharing in the general fright, began to call in loans and within half an hour the Stock exchange was bare of money. The streets were full of brokers, rushing about to obtain loans to make good their margins, which were vanishing at a terrible rate. Several failures were reported and one broker fell dead on the floor of the Stock Exchange from appoplexy. At present confidence seems to be somewhat restored and fears for a financial panic averted.

IF the next Presidential election, says the New York *World*, should be thrown into the House the Democratic candidate would be successful.

In the next House the Democrats will control twenty-eight States—that is, in each of the Congressional delegations of these States the majority is Democratic. The Republicans will, in the same way, control fourteen States. Two States, California and Rhode Island, are tied. But there will be another election in the latter State, when it is probable that the Democratic candidate will win. This would make the count stand 29 to 14, as each State would cast one vote for President, its character to be determined by the majority.

It is a long time since the Democrats controlled a majority of the States, and the Republicans are now attempting, through a fraudulent census in the South, to make their opportunities even fewer than they have been. This year the popular verdict is so overwhelming that even the fradulent census would not stand in the way.

THE Democratic City Committee of Philadelphia, at a meeting on Monday night expelled Peter Monroe and William McMullen, the Democratic leaders in the Third and Fourth wards, for alleged treachery to the party at the recent election. These wards are Democratic strongholds and form a part of the Third Congress district, in which Congressman Richard Vaux ran against William McAleer, the regular Democratic nominee, and suffered defeat. The Fourth ward, which ordinarily shows a Democratic majority of 1800, gave only 55 plurality for Pattison for Governor, whereas McAleer had a majority of 1,731. McMullen is charged with being responsible for this discrepancy. Monroe is said to have exerted the same influence on the vote in the Third ward.

THE Democrats, says the Baltimore *Sun*, who will come into control of the next House of Representatives, cannot forget the lesson of Tuesday's election, for it applies as strongly to them as to the defeated party. What is a rebuke to the Republicans may also be construed as an admonition to the Democrats to stand by fair play, to uphold the freedom of debate, to recognize the rights of the minority, to take no vengeance. Moderation in dealing with opponents, even though they have shamefully misused you, is the manly course for all who are worthy of success.

FIVE hundred million dollars are taken from the farmers each year by a protective tariff and transferred to the pockets of a few thousand protected manufacturers.

The Majority in the Senate.

At the beginning of the present Congress the Republicans had amajority of two in the United States Senate. This they promptly increased to ten by the admission of four new States, the two Senators from Montana being stolen from the Democrats by the old returning board plan. This year they admitted two more pocket States, further increasing their majority to fourteen. No one supposed that there was any possibility of disturbing the Republican control of the Senate thus obtained for six years at least.

But popular revolutions move quickly, and last Tuesday's elections have changed the outlook materially. Not only has it become very probable that the Democrats will gain control of the Senate in two years more, but the Republican majority in the Senate of the coming Congress is actually reduced to what has been or can be stolen.

It is apparently settled that Democrats will be chosen this winter to succeed Evarts, of New York; Farwell, of Illinois; Spooner, of Wisconsin, and Ingalls, of Kansas. This will reduce the Republican majority in the Senate to six. The Democrats have elected a majority of the Legislature in New Hampshire and in South Dakota, but in the former State the Republicans have announced their intention of having the roll made up to give them a majority, which they will, of course, take care to maintain, and in the latter they seem to be repeating the Montana trick to tie the Legislature. If they succeed in this, they may prevent the Democrats electing, as they are entitled to do, successors to Blair and Moody. If so, they will have a stolen majority of six, or of four if they succeed in one case and not in the other. If they fail in both their majority will be reduced to two—the stolen Senators from Montana.

That the people have a way of resenting such thefts is forcibly shown by the election in that very State. The Democrats of Montana have elected their Congressman and secured a Legislature, beyond the power of returning boards to count them out. This makes likely the choice of a Democratic successor to Senator Sanders two years hence, while in New York, Rhode Island, Ohio, Michigan, Minnesota and Nebraska, where Senators will be elected to succeed Republicans in 1893, the current now is certainly running in favor of the Democrats, who will not have to secure more than two or three of these States in any event to obtain control of the Senate with the beginning of the next Presidential term.

Under these circumstances, and in view of the unmistakable sentiment in the West that was clearly foreseen by such men as Plumb, Paddock and Pettigrew, it is quite safe to set down the Senate of the next Congress, though still nominally Republican, as in accord with the House in opposition to the monopoly tariff of 1890.—*Phila. Times.*

A Wild Glare at McKinley.

Major McKinley admits his defeat, but regards the result as "a signal victory." A majority of over 2,900 last year was reduced to about 280 this year. There is a little exaggeration in this. The 2,900 he speaks of was the majority given to Campbell, when was abnormally large owing to the Republican dissatisfaction with Foraker. The district went Democratic in 1888 about 2,000. The Democrats held their own this year in Holmes, Wayne and almost in Medina, and McKinley's gains were due not to his bill but to his personal popularity in his own county of Stark.

But does Major McKinley think the fact that he was defeated by only 280 majority is a compensation for the loss of the House of Representatives by 140 majority; of three or more Senators, and of a dozen State Governors and legislatures? Is it compensation for the fact that the State and Congressional apportionments of New York, Michigan and Wisconsin will be gerrymandered by the Democrats? These are a few of the political evils wrought by Major McKinley's bill. Let him look beyond the bounds of his county, survey the entire National field, and then say whether he is satisfied with the result of his work. If so, Mark Tapley was not a circumstance to him for being jolly when any one else would be miserable.—*Chicago Tribune.* (*Rep*)

Pennsylvania's Vote.

Some slight changes are discovered in computing the official count in the several counties, bringing the plurality of Pattison, Democratic candidate for Governor, up to 17,258. Watres, Republican candidate for Lieutenant Governor, has 18,675 plurality, and Stewart, Republican, for Secretary of Internal Affairs, 19,120 plurality. The official returns from all counties show the election to Congress of 17 Republicans and 11 Democrats.

For the State Senate 20 Republicans and 16 Democrats were elected, which, with the hold-over Senators, will give the new Senate 30 Republicans and 20 Democrats. In the lower branch of the Legislature, there will be 122 Republicans, 80 Democrats, and 2 Fusionists, making a Republican majority of 50 on joint ballot a Republican joint ballot loss of 52, as compared with the present Legislature. The new Legislature will elect a United States Senator to succeed J. Donald Cameron, whose term will expire March 4, 1891.

Rolled down an Embankment.

LEBANON, PA., Nov. 12.—The 12:55 P. M. passenger train going west on the Reading railroad jumped the track one mile east of Annville, and was thrown down a 12-foot enbankment. Three passenger cars and a baggage car were turned over on their sides, and although the train was crowded, no one was killed. Only seven persons were hurt and all slightly, except Benjaman Kerniel, conductor, and Frank Poliask, baggagemaster, both of Reading, who were badly crushed but not fatally injured. The engine broke loose from the train and remained on the track. All the injured were sent on their journey in a later train.

An Alarming Statement.

COLUMBUS, O., November 11.—An alarming statement comes from a farmer that hogs throughout Ohio were dying with cholera and many of them being dressed and put on the market as fresh pork. A Columbus butcher states he had refused to handle fresh pork until the disease had disappeared. At the State board of agriculture Secretary Bonham states that the epidemic of cholera among hogs had been reported from various parts of the State, and especially in Franklin, Darke, Butler, Preble and Athens counties, where the Swine were dying in large numbers.

A Scrap of Paper saves Her Life.

It was just an ordinary scrap of wrapping paper but it saved her life. She was in the last stages of consumption, told physicians thas she was incurable and could live only a short time; she weighed less than seventy pounds. On a piece of wrapping paper she read of Dr. King's New Discovery, and got a sample bottle; it helped her, she bought a large bottle, it helped her more bought another and grew better fast, continued its use and now is strong, healthy, rosy, plump, weighing 140 pounds. For further particulars send stamp to W. A. Cole, Druggist, Fort Smith. Trial bottles of this wonderful discovery free at the drug stores of E. James, Ebensburg, and W. W. McAteer, Loretto.

Benjamin Feels Rocky.

WASHINGTON, November 11.—President Harrison is teetering. He has become seriously alarmed during the last week, and he is trying to make up his mind whether he shall cast his lot with Blaine and come out squarely for reciprocity, and make that the battle cry of the next campaign, or whether he will stick to McKinleyism and force the party to make still one more campaign on a high protection basis. The statement comes from a very reliable and entirely trustworthy source that the President is wavering, and is half inclined to go with Blaine and send an outspoken message to Congress this session on the subject of reciprocity; but his natural suspicion and the cultivated fear which he has of Mr. Blaine make him pause, and he is not likely to commit himself until the return to Washington of McKinley, Senator Spooner of Illinois, Allison of Iowa, Hear and some others.

But whatever happens Mr. Blaine expects to profit from it, and certain evidences are already discernible that he perfectly understands the drift of public sentiment. If the President is won over toward reciprocity, and that becomes the corner stone of the Republican policy this winter, it will be Mr. Blaine, and not President Harrison, who will, in consequence, become the central figure.

If the McKinley wing of the party can hold the President in line Blaine still remains a good deal the master of the situation. There is a deep feeling here that a good deal of the defeat is directly attributable to Harrison, because of his obstinacy, self sufficiency and intolerance of advice. It is the consensus of opinion in Washington that if the nominating convention was to be held to-morrow Blaine would be the nominee hands down, and that Harrison would not be heard from.

Thanksgiving Day.

WASHINGTON, November 9.—The following proclamation has been made by the President of the United States:

By the grace and favor of Almighty God, the people of this Nation have been led to the closing days of the passing year, which has been full of the blessings of peace and the comforts of plenty. Bountiful compensation has come to us for the work of our minds and of our hands in every department of human industry.

Now, therefore, I, Benjamin Harrison, President of the United States of America, do hereby appoint Thursday, the 27th day of the present month of November, to be observed as a day of prayer and thanksgiving, and I do invite the people upon that day to cease from their labors, to meet at their accustomed houses of worship, and to join in rendering gratitude and praise to our beneficent Creator for the rich blessings He has granted to us as a Nation and invoking the continuance of His protection and grace for the future. I commend to my fellow citizens the privilege of remembering the poor, the homeless, and the sorrowful. Let us endeavor to merit the promised recompense of charity and the gracious acceptance of our praise.

In testimony whereof I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed. Done in the city of Washington, this 8th day of November, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and ninety, and of the independence of the United States the one hundred and fifteenth.

BENJAMIN HARRISON.

By the President.

JAMES G. BLAINE, Secretary of State.

Stock Market Fluctuations.

The recent uneasiness in the stock market concerns but the few who dabble in stocks. The railroads and other corporations whose stocks came down with a rush are doubtless to-day just as reliable and earning just as big dividends as they were before the panic seized the New York Stock Board. They will keep on paying expenses and laying by a little sum for dividends just the same as they were doing before the flurry.

Those stock fluctuations are due almost entirely to a fierce struggle for existence among the brokers. Without the least shadow of an excuse some of the big operators will get together, and, by throwing big blocks of certain stocks on the market, crush out the smaller traders. Then during the squeeze, down goes house after house, and the bears who have hugged the bulls into a collapse laugh gleefully at the crash they have caused.

A stock panic soon rights itself. Whether the run lasts but a few days or a few hours reason is bound to assert itself. The stock which has been hammered down or forced up soon returns to its proper level, and the brokers once more settle down to evolve some scheme as to how to cheat the other fellows.—*Phila. Herald.*

Pensions.

WASHINGTON, November 8.—The report of the Commissioner of Pensions was made to-day. It shows that during the fiscal year ending June 30 last, Pension Agent Barclay dispensed $4,606,939.21 to pensioners, and that the total expenses for his office were $4,000 salary for himself, $8,586,76 for clerk hire and $5,000 for rent. The report shows the following pensioners in each county in Western Pennsylvania:

Allegheny, 2,509; Armstrong, 759; Beaver, 655; Bradford, 1,582; Butler, 907; Cambria, 495; Cameron, 119; Clarion, 904; Clearfield, 598; Crawford 874; Elk, 115; Erie, 1,184; Fayette, 744; Forest 29, Indiana, 658; Jefferson, 618; Lawrence, 477; McKean, 406; Mercer, 667; Pike, 65; Potter, 510; Somerset, 775; Tioga, 1,243; Venango 462; Warren, 419; Washington, 531 Westmoreland, 878.

THE Washington correspondents seem to think that Pension Commissioner Raum will be shortly bounced from office because of the scandals developed during the recent congressional investigation of his department. It is asserted that President Harrison decided several weeks ago that he must make one more change in the pension office, but it was not thought expedient to call for Raum's resignation during the political campaign. Now, it is said, the commissioners resignation is more likely to be announced before the close of the year. The President may find it necessary to appoint ex-Pension Commissioner Black, who served during President Cleveland's administration, in place of Raum, in order that the affairs of the office may be honestly managed. —*Harrisburg Patriot*

Eupepsy.

This is what you ought to have, in fact, you must have it, to fully enjoy life. Thousands are searching for it daily, and mourning because they find it not. Thousands upon thousands of dollars are spent annually by our people in the hopes that they may attain its boon. And yet it may be had by all. We guarantee that Electric Bitters, if used according to directions and the use persisted in, will bring you good digestion and oust the demon dyspepsia and install instead eupepsy. We recommend Electric Bitters for dyspepsia and all diseases of liver, kidneys and stomach. Sold at 50c and 100 per bottle at the drug stores of E. James, Ebensburg, and W. W. McAteer, Loretto.

A WHEAT blockade is feared in the Northwest. It will take 58,000 freight cars to move the crop of the Red River Valley.

NEWS AND OTHER NOTINGS.

—The largest room in the world under one roof and unbroken by pillars is at St. Petersburg. It is 620 feet long and by 120 feet in breath.

—The largest gold coin, both in circulation and value, in the world is the golden "loof." The coin is in circulation in Annam, and may be termed the "manna" of the East, as its value is $325.

—There are few such common-sense proverbsas "every man is the architect of his own fortune." Appius Claudius, a Roman censor, used it in a speech delivered by him 450 years before the Christian era.

—Birds are the only animals, besides man, which can be taught dist netly to articulate and niter sentences, which, though of course not understood by the birds themselves, are none the less surprising to listen to.

—It is not so long since that bod carriers were regarded as unworthy of the notice of bosses. Things have changed, at least in St. Louis, where hod carriers get $3 a day for eight hours, while carpenters receive only $2 80 for the same time. The hod carriers organized and had the courage of conviction.

—A Jonesboro woman goes on record as the champion "home body." She has just visited the home of her childhood for the first time since her marriage, thirty years ago, although she has lived during this time only one mile distant, and has always been in harmony with the families there. She says she never had time to go without neglecting her duties.

—At Roundhouse, W. Va., on Saturday, James A. Burnett, a white man, while driving a team, had a narrow escape from being run over by a locomotive and had some words with George Lindsey (colored), the engineer. Burnett drew a revolver, when Lindsey jumped from the engine and seized him. Burnett fired and when Lindsey fell shot him three times, killing him.

—Early on Sunday morning a beef train east was running past Port Royal tower, when the engine jumped the track and went crashing through the tower. The operator saved his life by jumping, but the fireman of the engine, a young man named Longacre, was caught and instantly killed, the body being removed to Harrisburg. The wrecked tower was one of the finest on the road, it being built and furnished as a model on the plan of which others were to have been built.

—Every peace officer in Young county, Texas, is in jail, having beer indicted by the United States Grand Jury for participation, either actively or passively, in the famous mob which assaulted the jail to hang three murderers. The trial of three members of the mob is now going on. Twenty-five United States Deputies guard the jail, but the town is full of determined citizens armed with Winchesters, who say the United States Court may convict, but their neighbors shall not suffer the penalty. A riot will be precipitated by a conviction.

—The little village of Scioto, in Monroe county, whose citizens were supported by tanneries, will soon be deserted, because of the winding up of that industry. The Kirstler tannery, the leading one of the place, has been in operation for forty-eight years, and its close will end the tanning in that county. The business failed to pay because of poor transportation facilities. Then, too, the lumbering industry in the pine swamp has declined, and bark on hand will have been finished, and then all the employees will go to Elk county, where the Kirstlers are building a large tannery.

—Noverto Griago was executed in the State penitentiary at Canon City, Col., at 6 o'clock last Friday evening for the murder of W. C. Underwood, at Trinidad last June. The execution was the first one to take place under the new law in that State requiring the sentence to be carried out within the walls of the prison and prohibiting the State press from publishing an account. The State press, however, disregarded this clause in the law. The hanging was guarded so well that it was after midnight before it became known outside the walls. The murderer made no statement and his neck was broken by the fall.

—John Murphy, a harness maker, living at Rocky River, near Cleveland, O., attempted to cross the river on the high bridge of the Nickel Plate railroad on Saturday morning. When half over he saw an express train coming. The bridge is long and Murphy knew that he could not reach the opposite bank ahead of the train. Ninety-two feet below him was the river, and a jump meant almost certain death. Seeing there was no chance to hang from the side of the bridge, Murphy took the desperate chance of jumping. He went down like a flash and disappeared in the river. A bathhouse keeper had witnessed the leap, and at once put out in a boat. Murphy soon arose to the surface. He was taken into the boat, and, strange to say, was injured but little. His side was bruised and a watch in his vest was smashed flat.

Resolutions of Respect.

Resolutions expressive of the sense of of Highland Lodge No. 428, I. O. O. F., Ebensburg, Pa., on the death of David J. Evans, a late member of said Lodge.

WHEREAS, It has pleased our Heavenly Father, in his infinite wisdom, to remove from among us by death our worthy brother, Past Grand David J. Evans, therefore we offer the following resolutions:

Resolved, That by his death this Lodge has lost a faithful, true and devoted member—one who was always present at our meetings, faithful in all his obligations and kind and courteous to all of his acquaintances.

Resolved, That as we bow in sumission to the Divine Will in the decease of our brother, we are admonished of the uncertainty of life and the certainty of death, and that it should be our duty to be prepared to meet the summons whenever it may come.

Resolved, That we extend our heartfelt sympathy to the children of our deceased brother in their bereavement and sorrow.

Resolved, That as a mark of respect to the memory of our deceased brother, the charter of the Lodge be draped in mourning for a period of thirty days. Also, that these resolution be published in our town papers and a copy be handed to each of the children of our deceased brother, and the same be transcribed upon the minutes of the Lodge

WM. R. HUMPHREYS,
C. T. ROBERTS,
THOS. J. DAVISON, } Com.

GEO. C. K. ZAHM, Secretary.

STRAY COW.—Came to the residence of the subscriber in Portage township, Cambria county, on or about the 25th of October last, a red cow with right horn broken off, about five years old. The owner is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take her away, otherwise she will be disposed of according to law.

JEREMIAH BURKET.

Portage, Nov. 14, 1890.

STRAY HEIFER.—Came to the residence of the subscriber residing in Allegheny township on or about the 8th of September last a stray red and white heifer, 2 years old. The owner is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take her away, otherwise she will be disposed of according to law.

GEORGE F. RAID.

Allegheny township, Nov. 14, 1890 3t.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Letters of Administration upon the estate of John A. McMullen, late of Allegheny township, Cambria county, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, notice is hereby given to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims or demands against the same shall present them properly authenticated for settlement.

H. K. McMULLEN,
Administrator of John A. McMullen, dec'd.

Loretto, Nov. 14th, 1890.

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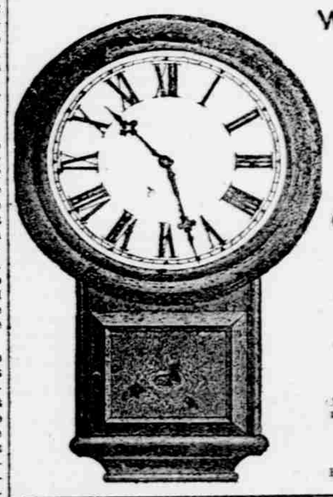

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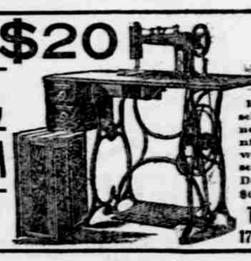

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Mechanics to brighten their tools.
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Modistes to renovate old shapes.
Gentlemen to clean the bicycle.
Brothers on brass, and silly horses.
Artists to clean their palettes.
Wheelmen to clean bicycles.
Housekeepers to scrub marble floors.
Chapists to remove stone stains.
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STRAY NOTICE.—Came to the residence of the subscriber in Allegheny township, on or about the 1st of September last a stray red and white one year old heifer. The owner is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take her away, otherwise she will be disposed of according to law.

H. H. MYERS,
Allegheny twp., Oct. 31.

H. H. MYERS, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Ebensburg, Pa. Office in Mitchell's new building.

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