Cambria Freeman.

EBENSBURG, PA.

FRIDAY, - - MARCH 14, 1890.

THE Republic in Brazil seems to be on a very uncertain foundation.

A citizen of Indianapolis recently called at the White house. "Mr. Harrison can't be seen to.day," he was told. "I suspected as much," was his answer. "He has grown too small."

THE Republicans in Congress, under the guidance of Speaker Reed are establishing some very bad precedents for the Democrats to follow when our turn comes. They will make some frightful grimaces when they have to swallow their own medicine.

EX-CONGRESSMAN W. P TAULBEE, of Kentucky, who was shot in the head by Charles E. Kincaid, at Washington on Friday, February 28 h, died at the hospital in Washington on Tuesday last. Kincaid who was out on bail was re-arrested and is now in prison.

APPEARANCES indicate that the United States, leading England, will become in 1890 the greatest iron-producing country in the world. The "pig" produced in 1889 was above eight and a half million tons, an increase of nearly a million and a quarter tons over the previous year, and the largest product we ever had. Pennsylvania is still the first iron-producing State, with Ohio second and Alabama third.

ROBERT G. BLAINE, brother of Secretary Blaine, who has for some years had the office of a curator of the Department of Agriculture, has been appointed by Secretary Rusk superintendent of the quarantine stations under the bureau of animal industry. The principal duties attached to his new position is that of drawing the salary, which it is said Mr. Blaine can do with as much ability as any other man in the United States. It runs in the family.

THE Republican organization, says the Chicago *Herald* includes within it the fanatics, bigots and extremists of the communities, the Pharisees, who are of the I-am-holier-than-thou class, and who, when in the church, are intolerant and disposed to persecute all who differ from them. They are the descendants, in moral lines, of the men who hung Quakers and Babtists and witches, and who to-day, if they had the power, would employ the fagot, the halter and the lash to extirpate Democrats and to crush out any other thing which dared to differ from them.

THE fate of the Panama Canal shows that, although money is the first requisite in engineering works, there are other requisites. It is almost impossible to say what the ultimate fate, of the Panama project will be, but it is quite possible that the Commission now sent out to examine the canal as far as it is made, and to report on the feasibility of its completion, may advise that the original design might be realized, and it is just possible that France might raise the necessary money ; but, considering that the preliminary work of the Nicaragua Canal is now well in hand, it does not appear likely.

AMONG the 927 immigrants who landed at Castle Garden on Tuesday from the North German Lloyd steamship Elder were at least 600 swarthy, lusty-limbed Hungarians, whose destination; according to their own testimony, and, what is more conclusive, their railroad tickets, is the Pennsylvania coal mines in the neighborhood of Pittsburg. The Government inspectors were unable to find out whether any of the Hungarian horde came here under contract, although there is little doubt in the minds of those who are familiar with the landing of immigrants that such is the fact.

A COLUMBUS (O.) despatch says that on Monday evening Senator John A. Buchanan, of New Philadelphia, introduced a bill in the State Senate to elect Presidential electors by Congress districts. Should such a law be enacted, and it should not be declared unconstitutional, the Democrats of Ohio would, under the recent apportionment of the State, surely elect fifteen of the twenty-three Presidential electors in 1892. Following are the main points of the bill : "There shall be two electors for President and Vice President chosen at large by the voters of the State of Ohio, and the two persons who are candidates for said offices having the highest number of votes shall be declared elected. There shall be one elector for President and Vice President chosen by the voters in each Congress district of Ohio as defined by law, and the person who is a candidate for said office receiving the highest number of votes shall be declared elected."

HON. ROBERT P. PORTER, Superintendent of the Census, says that the present will be the quickest census ever taken. "This," he said, "is no disparagement to the work of Superintendent Walker in the census of 1880, for I have the benefit of all his methods and experiences. Within twenty days I shall commence searching the records of every county in the United States for the statistics upon home, farm and property mortgages, which Congress made a special fea ure of the present census. The census must be taken between June 1 and 30. So far our organization is as nearly perfect as it can be made. It now rests entirely with the supervisors of districts to carry out their instructions, and I see no reason why their work should not all be done in the time alloted. In regard to the statistics I believe that within twenty days after the completion of the taking of the census—that is, the latter part of July—we shall be able to give almost absolutely accurate statistics in most of the departments.

THE owners of the silver mines in the West want the Government to keep up the price of silver by buying up a large amount every month and holding it. On the same principle it would be a good idea for the Government to buy up all the surplus wheat, corn and other farm products, thereby preventing the price from going down and maintaining a fixed price for all the marketable produce of a large class of its best citizens. The farmers are now taxed to keep up the miners and manufacturers and why not tax the miners and manufacturers to keep up the farmers. Then, working on the same theory, if the Government would give a bounty to every consumer it would equalize taxation and make us all rich. But for some reason protection does not work on general principles and the more you examine into it the worse it appears. To protect one class you must rob many, and when you attempt to apply protection's benificent principles to the masses who deserve protection you cannot do it for the reason that some class must be robbed, and to attempt to rob the few for the benefit of the many, the few would soon fail, and there would be none left to steal from. The farmers are too numerous for the Government to undertake to raise them with a bottle and as a consequence, are weaned early and left to take care of themselves. They have submitted long and patiently to the protection theory but they will eventually learn that they can be robbed in other ways than that of being knocked down with a club and having their pocket books taken.

A MOVEMENT is on foot among the Republicans of Pennsylvania to form an anti-Quay combine, force the boss to weaken on Delamater, his gubernatorial candidate and withdraw him from the field. Quay has the Republican forces in the State well in hand and can nominate Delamater if he wishes, but there are signs of a storm a brewing and he may be compelled to haul in his sails before the storm breaks. It is rumored that Calvin Wells, of the Philadelphia *Press* and George W. Childs, of the Philadelphia *Ledger*, along with other influential Republicans in that city are ready to revolt against Quay's domineering dictation, while all over the State are to be found signs of an under current of hostility to any longer wearing the Quay collar. In the western part of the State, a number of prominent members of the party are out openly against the nomination of Delamater on account of his subserviency to Quay, claiming that his nomination will be a disgrace to the party and lead to its certain downfall. It is daily growing more evident that the Republican party in Pennsylvania, is on the verge of a family fight and that the only prospect for maintaining peace lies in the possibility of forcing Quay to pull off Delamater as a candidate and leave the party free to make a nomination. Such an event would be a great relief to Messrs. Barker and Swank, the delegates from this county, who at present cannot let go to spit on their hands and are constantly admonished that their grip is slipping.

THE process of unseating Democratic members of Congress and putting Republicans not elected in their places, says the Harrisburg *Patriot*, goes merily on. It will not be long before the Republican majority of eight will be trebled.

The case of Featherstone vs. Cate, from Arkansas, is the last one of these outrageous performances. The testimony taken in the case did not sustain the allegations of intimidation and fraud made by the contestant. Not a scintilla of evidence was there to show that the return of Cate ought not to stand. A ballot box which he used to suppress votes was brought before the committee, but there was no evidence that it had been used at the election. The case of the contestant was so flimsy that four Republican members voted against ordering the previous question. The majority for Cate, Democrat, was 1,348, but if it had been 13,348 a Congress which has the gall to follow a political hound like Thomas B. Reed would not have hesitated to unseat him.

It is a very pretty crop, indeed, that the present Republican leaders are sowing. It will spring up and bear fruit, in good time, never fear ! The whirligig of politics always has its revenge.

SOME very notable figures have been compiled by the *Financial Chronicle* showing the general results of the operations of the railroads of the country in 1889. Reports have been received from 154 roads, operating 12,046 miles, whose earnings aggregated $856,478,510 and net $288,273,682. This is a gain of $42,865,020 in gross over 1888, more than three quarters of which was net gain. In other words, the improvement in gross earnings was 5½ per cent, while in net it was over 12½ per cent.

This generally favorable exhibit for 1889 is supplemented by reports for January, 1890, which are equally encouraging and gratifying. Reports from 154 roads for that month show over 13 per cent. gain in gross earnings over the correspondings month of 1889. The reports for February are likewise surprisingly good. For the first week, 86, roads showed a gain of over 13 per cent., for the second week 84 roads gained over 11 per cent., and for the third week 51 roads increased over 15½ per cent—the largest percentage of any week of the year thus far.

THE *Engineering News* says that the work of railway extension during the coming season promises more activity than in any year since 1887. The summary of the various enterprises shows 5,138 miles of railway partially completed or in process of construction, 7,041 miles surveyed or under survey, and 2,831 miles of line not yet surveyed, but whose projectors are pushing them with such energy that the prospect seems fair for the beginning of active work before the close of the year. this makes a total of 14,910 miles of lines in the United States which have a prospect of being completed or placed under construction before the close of the year.

Coming Home to Roost.

The Republicans of the house—at least that portion of them who don't believe in log rolling and pork barrels—had an object lesson the other day of the big avenue and easy-going ways Speaker Reed's new rules open to the public treasury. It was in the public buildings loot, and there are said to be $35,000,000 in the pot. Cannon and Peters, two members of the committee on appropriations, protested vehemently, but five jobs, appropriating a million and a half, went through despite their opposition. The combination of members who want 140 new buildings was too strong. Mr. Cannon is on the commitee on rules, and was one of the loudest supporters of Speaker Reed's theory of counting a quorum. He was the first to take the floor to sustain his dictatorial rulings before there were any rules and a leader in defending the quorum rule and the rule against dilatory motions when they were reported, but he seemed on Thursday, when the public building pork barrel was opened, to think he was back under the old system with the judicial gavel of speaker Carlisle to secure him his rights as a member. When one of the worst bills was reached he moved to adjourn—a purely dilatory motion, which the Democrats were quick to characterize as such, with a keen enjoyment of the ludicrous attitude in which the Republican leader found himself. The vote on the bill showed no quorum voting. Mr. Cannon raised the point of "no quorum," but the speaker cooly counted a quorum and Mr. Cannon was helpless.

This public building combine is one of a number that are so strong that they can only be successfully reached under the methods of the old rules, requiring a quorum to appear on the record. Many members who are opposed to the log rolling have not the courage for local reasons to vote openly against the wasteful appropriations, especially as they could accomplish their purpose by refraining from voting. But the public building "combine" is very strong, and the new rules are admirably framed to carry out Mr. Reed's theory that "the object of a parliamentary body is action, and not stoppage of action." The House has not made much progress in general legislation, because it has been engaged in seating contestants in the place of Democratic members, but the whirr of the wheels of the legislative machinery in grinding out appropriations for local purposes and class interests is becoming so deafening that it is alarming even some of those who set it it in motion.—*Pittsburg Post.*

Gambling in Ice.

The condition of the ice crop in the upper Hudson River region is a matter of serious concern to dealers who have already made their contracts, at extremely high figures, with producers on the Kennebec and elsewhere in the East.

Cheap ice from northern New York means disaster to a great many speculators who have proceeded in the belief that March would be as open a month as was January or February.

The ice in Lake Champlain, for instance, is from nine to fifteen inches thick. The *Press and Knickerbocker* reports that within two weeks fifty-seven new ice houses, and as many more ice stacks, have been built at the lake, report in detail ice housed or stacked or contracted for amounting altogether to from eight hundred thousand to a million tons.

The lake and neighboring ponds are a scene of feverish activity just now. Politicians and farmers and clergymen are competing for the ice harvest, and everybody else who has a dollar to invest is putting it into frozen water.

The temperature of the week that begins (Monday) will make or unmake a great many fortunes.—*N. Y. Sun.*

Would Embarrass Harrison.

INDIANAPOLIS, IND., March 10.—At the convention to-day of the State pension association Harrison and the Republican pension policy were roundly denounced. Colonel Tom Bennett of Richmond was particularly severe upon the administration's backwardness in passing a service pension law. He related how he had introduced resolutions at a Republican Convention, and how Secretary Halford had beseeched him to withdraw them, as they would embarrass Harrison's campaign for the Chicago nomination. He concluded by saying he would not hesitate now, if he had the opportunity, to embarrass Mr. Harrison's administration. He concluded by saying : "I hope this administration will give us justice. If not, we will give it justice."

A. P. Powers, treasurer of the association and an old dyed-in-the-wool Republican, was also very outspoken. He said Indiana was getting more individual pensions than any other State, but it was because the State was close. "A mere trick of the administration," he said. "We are tired of this d—fool policy."

Walked in Her Sleep.

Miss Mary Case, an opera singer, living at No. 21 Great Jones street New York, is a somnambulist, and that fact was brought home to her in a startling manner early on Tuesday morning by Policeman Stuart of West Thirtieth street station. While on post, shortly before daybreak he saw an uncanny looking figure, clothed in white, standing at the ladies entrance to the Fifth Avenue Hotel. At first the thought of "ghost" flashed across his mind, but in going nearer he discovered Miss Case, clad only in a nightdress. The woman stared so vacantly that he knew she was asleep, so he touched her on the shoulder and asked what business she had there.

Miss Case awakened with a start, and on seeing her predicament fell at the policeman's feet. Then she became rational and accompained him to the station. There she was given proper clothing, and told the Sergeant she remembered nothing since retiring to her own room the night before. Afterward she was escorted to her residence.

A Terrible Power.

"THE Speaker counted a quorum and the bill was passed." What bill ? Not a political bill ; not a party measure. But the bill in question was for an appropriation from the public treasury. It was the entering wedge, the sharp edge to open the way for extravagances which now foot up $1,610,000,000 of appropriations in sight, with a train behind it which no man can estimate. In the hundreds of millions sought for by grasping interests lurks a terrible temptation for the Speaker who can count a quorum.—*Cleveland Plain Dealer.*

King Humbert's cable despatch to Brazil anouncing the death of the Duke d' Aosta cost $2 784.

A Safe Investment.

Is one which is guarnateed to bring you satisfactory results, or in case of failure a return of purchase price. On this safe plan you can buy from our advertised Druggist a bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery for consumption. It is guaranteed to bring relief in every case, when used, for any affection of Throat, Lungs or Chest, such as Consumption, Inflammation of Lungs, Bronchitis, Asthma, Whooping Cough, Croup, etc., etc. It is pleasant and agreeable to taste, perfectly safe, and can always be depended upon. Trial bottles free at E. James', Ebensburg, and W. W. McAteer, Loretto.

A Brief Record of a Great Conspiracy.

Montana, at its initial State election, chose a Democratic Governor and Legislature as returned by the officials of the various localities immediately after the voting.

When it was discovered that the Senate was equally divided, a plot was contrived to convert the Democratic majority in the House into a Republican majority, in order to secure two Republican United States Senators. The son of the President and other Republicans influential with the Federal Administration were among the early abettors of this scheme, the method of which was to change the representation of a county by throwing out the vote of a strongly Democratic precinct.

The attempt to impeach the correctness of the returns in the Tunnel Precinct of Silver Bow County failed so utterly as, in truth, to establish the opposite of the Republican pretense and to prove that the vote was correctly counted as honestly cast. This was judicially established in a case tried in the new State Court, in which, notwithstanding the Republicans' expectation that the decision would be in their favor through partisan bias, a local official was sustained in place on the ground that the Democratic vote of Silver Bow—the same by which the Legislators were chosen—was in all respects legitimate and accurate. In point of fact no one seriously pretends that the Republicans carried the county or that the voters of Montana did not choose a Democratic majority for the popular branch of the Legislature.

The Republicans who ask admittance to the United States Senate as from Montana, notwithstanding the certification of the Governor that they have no just or legal claim, rest their case absolutely upon the assertion of the patent falsehood that the Legislature was Republican on joint ballot. These pretensions have no other foundation whatever than this notorious and judicially branded falsification.

In the face of this record, and without consideration of the suggestion that the matter be tested by another vote at the election of this year, the Republican majority of the Committee on Privileges and Elections has voted to award the two seats for the State to the fradulent Republican claimants. The Committee guilty of this unmitigated outrage against law, truth, justice and popular rights is appropriately headed by Hoar of Massachusetts, the inventor of the Great National Gerrymander. The question is whether there are enough fair, clear minded and honest Republican Senators to antagonize and defeat this disgraceful recommendation.—*N. Y. Star.*

Hayti in hot Water.

Sooner or later the Haytian Republic will be in trouble again. The war which ended a few month ago in the victory of Hippolyte did not mend the abuses which have made Hayti an arena for revolutions since the end of the last century. The only hope apparently for Hayti is that she may pass into the hands of some strong Government able and willing to rule with justice and for Hayti's real interests. That the Haytian blacks are unable to govern themselves has been proven very clearly since they began to try to do so.

This is not entirely the fault of the African population, who are descended from the slaves imported by the Spaniards at the opening of the sixteenth century, to take the place of the two million of aborigines whom Columbus found there and civilization wiped out of existence. Hayti's history tells of nothing but the cruelty, rapacity and senselessness of the Spaniards, French and English, who in turn held the island. It was simply a haven for adventurers until the colored population, inspired by the French Revolution threw off the bonds of slavery. In 1804 Hayti was for the first time an independent State, a privilege gained after much bloodshed. Republic, kingdoms dictatorships and every variety of form of government, have flourished in Hayti for longer or shorter, principally shorter, periods during the last ninety years. Most of the rulers have met violent ends, the assassin's knife is still a great deal more powerful there than the ballot box. Hippolyte stands very little chance of escaping the fate of most of his predecessors. The Haytians are content to take a revolution when it comes as a natural product of their luxuriant land. Nature is so bounteous in that tropical region that the inhabitants do not know work as a necessity. They have no desire to make labor's acquaintance either. It is a pitiful picture of a people placed in a paradise endeavoring to make it a very hell on earth.—*Pittsburg Dispatch.*

May be Postponed to 1893.

WASHINGTON, March 10.—The special House sub-committee on the World's Fair held another conference with the visiting Chicago delegation today and completed the bill which will be presented to the full committee as soon as the chairman can call it together. The principles of the original bill are closely adhered to. The provisions for a National commission composed of two members from each State nominated by the Governors and appointed by the President has been retained, but an amendment has been added providing that the commissioners shall be divided equally between the two political parties.

The President is not to appoint the commission until the Chicago men have raised $5,000,000 outright and have given satisfactory assurance of their ability to supply another $5,000,000. The appropriation of $1,500,000 for the Government exhibit remains as in the original bill. There has been considerable discussion of the advisability of changing the date of the fair to 1893. The Chicago men have stated they are ready to hold the fair in 1892, but they are willing to accept the judgment of the full committee upon the proposition. It is understood the Illinois members of the House, however, feel that in justice to the foreign exhibitors, the time should be extended.

THE engineering and mining Journal of recent date says: "The threatened disaster to the mining interests of Colorado, viz., the closing down of the lead-producing mines of that state, more especially the champion producer, Henrietta and Maid, in consequence of the admission of Mexican fluxing ores, has not yet taken place. We are informed that the fortunate owners of the above-mentioned mine have just been able to make a contract for the delivery of 150 tons of ore a day for one year to the Pueblo smelting and refining company *on better terms than ever obtained before* in spite of the fact that the importation of fluxing ores from Mexico has been again growing in volume since the check given to it by the treasury department." Scarcely a day passed but what the trade restriction gang receive a body blow. East, west, north and south may be found evidence that the protective systemn is a monumental humbug.

Merit Wins.

We desire to say to our citizens, that for years we have been selling Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Dr. King's New Life Pills, Bucklen's Arnica Salve and Electric Bitters and have never handled remedies that sell as well, or that have given such universal satisfaction. We do not hesitate to guarantee them every time, and we stand ready to refund the purchase price, if satisfactory results do not follow their use. These remedies have won their great popularity purely on their merits. For sale at E. James', Ebensburg, and W. W. McAteer, Loretto.

NEWS AND OTHER NOTINGS.

—Minneapolis has twenty-two flour mills and they make nearly 40,000 barrels per day. One makes 7,200 barrels.

—The Linden Steel Works, of Pittsburg, is having a boiler made that will be fifty-six feet high, the largest in the world, it is said.

—Lebanon is to have a novel walking match. Two cripples, one having two crutches, and the other a crutch and a cane, are contesting for a purse and the championship of the county.

—The belle at a recent dog feast on an Indian reservation in Dakota wore a jacket trimmed with teeth from 150 elks, which she herself had slain. She is the granddaughter of the chief of the tribe.

—At Auburn, California, a woman was watching her hens which were scratching in the garden, when she saw them unearth a bright object and try their bills upon it. She took it into the house and it proved to be a chunk of gold worth $57.

—A bridge across Eagle Creek, Oregon, was recently finished by Baker county taxpayers, who paid $2,600 for it. Before it was a week old a drove of cattle were driven upon it, when the whole structure collapsed and 50 animals were drowned.

—Reuben Eisenhart, foreman at Cameron mine, Shomokin, which has been on fire for several days, was overcome by black damp while in the mine Thursday. He was taken out alive, but died soon after. But little progress has been made toward extinguishing the fire.

—To prevent your glass jars from cracking when putting in hot liquid stand a tablespoon up in them. There is a prevailing idea that the process has something to do with electricity, but the true solution is that the spoon absorbs some of the heat, and also carries some of it out into the open air.

—Charles Williams and his twelve-year-old son, living in the suburbs of Galena, Kansas, were found murdered in their bed on Sunday morning. Williams was blind and had lost both arms in a mine accident. A man has been arrested at Prescott, Arkansas, suspected of being the murderer.

—Reports from Maidencreek, near Reading, say that the township is afflicted with an unusual and almost miraculous visitation of rats. They make great havoc with everything exposed to their ravages and their presence is becoming a serious menace to the prosperity of the neighborhood.

—The Government Printing Office is now engaged in filling one of the largest orders in its history. This is for 18,000,000 blanks for the use of the 40,000 enumerators of the eleventh census, who will begin work in May. It will take 15,000 reams of paper and 20 presses will have to be worked 22 hours each day for six weeks before the order will have been completed.

—During a thunder storm on last Tuesday the jail at Moulton, Ala., was struck by lightning and a hole torn in the roof. The jailer neglected to repair the damage, and on Friday night five prisoners made their escape through the opening. They obtained a file somehow, filed out of their cells, and by cutting their blankets into strips lowered themselves to the ground from the roof.

—John Gibney and wife and their 17-year-old servant girl, whose name is not known, were found unconscious from asphyxiation at No. 706 North Seventh street, Philadelphia, on Thursday evening of last week. All three will probably die. Gibney went home about 2 o'clock Thursday morning considerably under the influence of liquor, and it is supposed that on going to bed he turned on the gas, and then accidentally turned it on again.

—A young man, disguised as a woman, and representing himself to be the agent for a corset and ladies' underwear firm, has been canvassing in Bordentown, N. J., for some weeks past. His sex was not discovered until Friday. When threatened with arrest he admitted that he had been making a livelihood in this manner for some time. Ladies in the town from whom he received orders are very indignant about the matter. He left town as soon as discovered.

—A process has already been discovered by which every family can, with but little machinery, manufacture sufficient ice for its own use daily in a few minute's time. The process necessitates the use of a cylinder that is capable of holding a pressure of 1,200 pounds of compressed air to the square inch, but with the use of 700 pounds the temperature of a certain volume of water can be reduced to 20 degrees below zero in half a minute. The machine will cost but a few dollars.

—Smugglers are reaping a rich harvest down near the Canadian frontier. They pursue their unlawful work in houses built on the boundary line, half in Canada and the other half in the United States. Generally these houses contain a tramway, upon which cars, containing contraband goods, can be moved from one country to the other. When United States officers make a raid the cars are pushed over into Canadian territory, and vice versa. The Canadian Government will take measures to prevent a continuance of the fraud.

—Annie Chomo, who was indicted with John Kenderost for the murder of her husband, John Chomo, at Pottstown, last November, committed suicide in her cell on Sunday by hanging herself with a silk handkerchief, which she tied to a bar of the cell door. The keeper's attention was attracted by the cries of her 3-months-old child. Kenderost's trial began on Thursday and he was acquitted Saturday. After his acquittal the woman became very melancholy and before being taken from the court room cried out, "Me hang ! me hang !" Shortly before she committed the deed she had her babe in her arms singing to it.

—Miss Rose Regan, a well-known young lady, aged 28, of Wilkesbarre, took a dose of laudanum Thursday morning with the intention of ending her life. Her condition was discovered in time to get some of the poison out of her stomach, but her recovery is doubtful. Some months ago she entered the Malinekrodt convent as a novice. A tendency to consumption, however, led the young lady's family to withdraw her from the institution so that she could have the benefit of home care. For some reason the matter was made the subject of ridicule and scorn by some of her companions. This was kept up so incessantly that in sheer desperation she determined to die and thus rid herself of persecution.

—A terrific explosion occurred on Monday in the Morsa colliery, in Glamorganshire, Wales, which it is feared will be attended with much loss of life. It is now stated that upwards of 300 miners were imprisoned in the Morsa colliery. About 200 have been rescued from the workings nearest the main shaft. Most of them were uninjured, but several were fatally hurt. Owing to later heavy falls of debris the explorers are prevented from penetrating the works, which are pervaded by choke damp. Now and again a body is being brought to the surface, but the work of recovering the corpses is slow. A further fall of debris has completely blocked the pit and rendered all attempts to rescue the imprisoned miners futile until the mass can be cleared away. The latest estimate places the number of dead at 160. Eight bodies, horribly mutilated, have been taken out of the Morsa pit. It is rumored that the rescuers have heard appeals for help coming from the entombed men, but the rescuers are unable to push their search because of the gas and flame which oonfront them.

—The citizens of Milton, Iowa, have suffered so much from the ravages of rats that a grand rat hunt was organized. Captains were chosen and they selected sides, each side consisting of one hundred and fifty men and boys over fifteen years old, while boys under fifteen were allowed one cent for their rats. The hunt began Friday, February 21st, and closed on Saturday, March 8th, with a grand street parade and supper, which was paid for by the side showing the least number of rats killed. At some barns as many as 175 were killed, while one man killed about five hundred on his premises. Saturday, March 8th, the rats killed up to that time were counted, and it was found that the total tally was 3,676 and that William Crockett's side was ahead of Dave George's forces by 112 rats.

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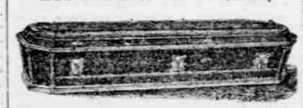

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HOTEL FOR RENT.—That well-known hotel stand, known as the Merchants Hotel, situated at Summit, Cambria county, Pa., with eight acres of ground, adjoining will be rented on liberal terms. The house contains thirty-four rooms, bar-room, store-room, ice house, good stable, and all necessary outbuildings. The house will be rented entire or in part. For particulars enquire of the subscriber

JAMES A. GILLAN, Summit, Pa.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.—Estate of Francis O'Friel, deceased.

Letters testamentary on the estate of Francis O'Friel, late of Loretto borough, Cambria county, Pa., deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are hereby notified to make payment to me without delay, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

H. T. O'FRIEL,
Executor of Francis O'Friel, deceased.

Loretto, Pa., February 7 1890.-6t.

PILES SYMPTOMS—Moisture; Intense Itching and stinging most at night; worse by scratching. If allowed to continue tumors, form and protrude, which often bleed and ulcerate, becoming very sore. SWAYNE'S OINTMENT stops the itching and bleeding, heals the ulceration, and in most cases removes the tumors. Sure relief is valid by druggists, or mailing on receipt of price, 50 cts., 1 box, 3 boxes, $1.25. Address for "PILES," SWAYNE & SON, Philadelphia, Pa.

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SKIN DISEASES ABSOLUTELY CURED. SWAYNE'S OINTMENT

The simple application of "SWAYNE'S OINTMENT" without any internal medicine, will cure any case of Tetter, Salt Rheum, Ringworm, Piles, Itch, Scald Head, Barber's Itch, Eczema, Pimples, Blotches, &c., no matter how obstinate or long standing. Sold by druggists, or sent by mail for 50 cts. 3 Boxes, $1.25. Address, DR. SWAYNE & SON, Philadelphia, Pa. Ask your druggist for it.

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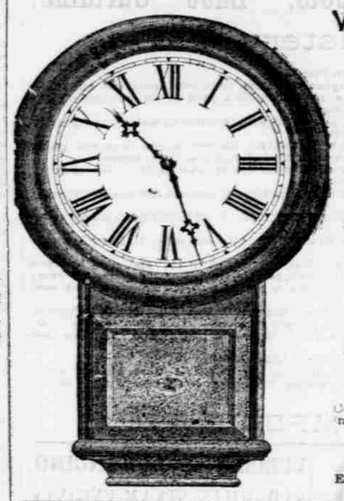

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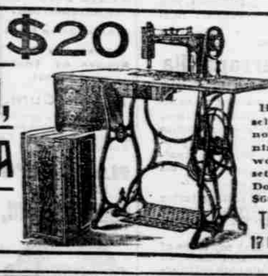

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A complete wreck of domestic happiness has often resulted from badly washed dishes, from an unclean kitchen, or from trifles which seemed light as air. But by these things a man often judges of his wife's devotion to her family, and charges her with general neglect when he finds her careless in these particulars. Many a home owes a large part of its thrifty neatness and its consequent happiness to SAPOLIO.

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