A Big Steamer's Twin Screws.

When Capt. Watkins, of the City of Paris, left Queenstown on the 25th of last month and started on a course fifty-nine miles shorter than his famous run—shorter because he ran northward where the world grows smaller and came down over the shoulder of "the great globe we inherit," taking any possible chance there might be of fogs and ice in crossing the banks of Newfoundland at this season—the engines were put at full speed, and for something over four days they were driven at the average rate of ninety revolutions of the screws per minute. There was a variation from eighty-six to ninety-two revolutions. When the furnaces were opened to be cleaned the intensity of the steam would be diminished for a few minutes and the speed of the screws reduced to eighty-six turns in the minute. It will be noted that the average speed was three revolutions in two seconds, and the screws are twenty feet in diameter. It is astonishing that this velocity can be maintained day and night without a second's waiting and avoid developing excessive and crippling heat.

The fact that thirty men are employed to pour oil upon the bearings and all parts where the friction is severe will perhaps account in part for the phenomena, but certainly only the greatest perfection of material, and the most delicate adaptation of one part to the other, could provide for such a strain without disaster. I doubt whether so startling a test of integrity and absolute exactitude in manufacture can be found in any other machinery. During the late run of the City of Paris the wind was so strong from the north one afternoon as to give the ship a decided lift, elevating the labored screw so that at each turn the blades threw showers of spray with a dazzling rush far behind the vessel. There are four blades in the screw, revolving three times in two seconds—so there were six white surges per second dashed to the winds, and a fine reminder of the snowy rapids of Niagara.

Household Recipes.

Cups and saucers stained with tea may be made bright again by using damp salt.

If the surface of fine wood cabinets has grown dull go over it with a very little linseed oil on a soft woolen rag.

An excellent way of cooking eggs is to break them in boiling milk, without beating; cook slowly, stirring now and then. When done soft, pour into a dish and add a little pepper, salt and butter.

No matter how large the spot of oil, any carpet or woolen stuff can be cleaned by applying buckwheat plentifully and faithfully, brushing it into a dust-gan after a short time, and putting on fresh until the oil has all disappeared.

When you boil a cabbage tie a bit of dry bread in a bag and put it in the kettle. French cooks say that all the unpleasant odor, which makes the house smell like an old drain, will be absorbed by the bread.

The Widow's Might

"John," said a wife, who was supposed to be on her deathbed, "in case of my death I think a man of your temperament and domestic nature, aside from the good of the children ought to marry again."

"Do you think so, my dear?"

"I certainly do after a reasonable length of time."

"Well, now, do you know, my dear, that relieves my mind of a great burden?" The little widow Jenkins has acted rather demurely toward me ever since you were taken ill. She is not the woman that you are, of course, a strong minded, intelligent woman of character, but she is plump and pretty, and I am sure she would make me a very desirable wife."

The next day Mrs. John was able to sit up, the following day she went down stairs, and on the third day she was planning a new dress.

Simpler Than Either.

Henry Dixey says that he was once playing in a small Texan town during his early stage days, and having suffered tortures with an aching tooth at last decided to have it out. On inquiry he learned that the only dentist there was an alleged Indian doctor, whose office was located in a tent in the outskirts of the town. The fellow was a type of the untamed cowboy of the plains. "My tooth has been paining me dreadfully," began Dixey, as he seated himself on the only camp stool in the tent, "and I want you to give me ether, doctor." "Ether," roared the cow boy dentist, as he swung a huge wooden mallet around his head. "Ether be blowed: we stun 'em here."

One man can build an eight wheel passenger locomotive for a standard gauge railroad in 1,300 days; it will require 1,650 days' work for him to build a consolidated ten wheel locomotive for a standard gauge. The average cost of the required labor would be $4,635, and the cost of the necessary metal is usually estimated at about $2,000. The profit may be put down at another $2,000, which would include the expenses of sale and delivery. This would make an engine, when absolutely ready for service and complete in every way, worth about $9,635.

A little girl was walking the other day with her governess. They met a man with a club foot, at whom the child looked wonderingly at and laughed.

"You must not laugh at him," said the governess.

"Why not?"

"God made that man."

"Humph!" said the child, "it must have been the first man he made!"

Shiloh's Catarrh Remedy.

Shiloh's Catarrh Remedy, a marvelous cure for Catarrh, Diphtheria, Canker Mouth and Headache. With each bottle there is an ingenious Nasal Injector for the more successful treatment of these complaints without extra charge. Price 50 cents. Sold by Dr. T. J. Davison.

KASKINE
THE NEW QUININE.

GIVES GOOD APPETITE, STRENGTH, QUIET NERVES, HAPPY DAYS, SWEET SLEEP.

A POWERFUL TONIC, that the most delicate stomach will bear.

A SPECIFIC FOR MALARIA, RHEUMATISM, NERVOUS PROSTRATION, and all Germ Diseases.

The most scientific and successful Blood Purifier. Superior to quinine.

Mr. John U. Scarborough, Selma, N. C., writes: "I got malaria in the Southern army and for a dozen years suffered from its debilitating effects. I was terribly run down when I heard of Kaskine, the new quinine. It helped me at once. I gained 35 pounds. Have not had such good health in 20 years."

Other letters of a similar character from prominent individuals, which stamp Kaskine as a remedy of undoubted merit, will be sent on application.

Letters from the above persons, giving full details will be sent on application.

Kaskine can be taken without any special medical advice. $1 a bottle. Sold by all druggists, or sent by mail on receipt of price.

THE KASKINE CO., 54 Warren St., New York.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

CURE Sick Headache and relieve all the troubles incident to a bilious state of the system, such as Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Distress after eating, Pain in the Side, &c. While their most remarkable success has been shown in curing

SICK Headache, yet CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cured

HEAD Ache they would be almost priceless to those who suffer from this distressing complaint; but fortunately their goodness does not end here, and those who once try them will find these little pills valuable in so many ways that they will not be willing to do without them. But after all sick head

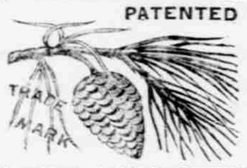
ACHE is the bane of so many lives that here is where we make our great boast. Our pills cure it while others do not.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are very small and very easy to take. One or two pills make a dose. They are strictly vegetable and do not gripe or purge, but by their gentle action please all who use them. In vials at 25 cents; five for $1. Sold everywhere, or sent by mail.

CARTER MEDICINE CO., New York.

Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

ALLAN'S PINE NEEDLE CIGARS & CIGARETTES. PATENTED



These Goods Contain the Leaves or Needles of the Pine Tree.

Use them for a pleasant smoke and speedy relief for *INFLUENZA, ACUTE AND CHRONIC CATARRH, CLERGYMEN'S SORE THROAT, HAY FEVER, ASTHMA AND ALL BRONCHIAL DISEASES;* they are free from adulteration, as nothing is used in their manufacture but the *BEST OF TOBACCO* and *FRESH PINE NEEDLES.*

MANUFACTURED BY PINE NEEDLE CIGAR CO. FREEHOLD, N. J.

Poor, Foolish Men.

TAKE A WOMAN'S ADVICE.

This is only the second time in eight weeks that I have had to polish my boots, and yet I had hard work getting my husband to give up his old blacking brush, and the annoyance of having the paste blacking rub off on his hands, and albest

Wolff's ACME Blacking

A magnificent Deep Black Polish, which lasts on Men's boots a week, and on Women's an month.

WOLFF & RANDOLPH, PHILADELPHIA.

MUNN & CO. PATENTS. SOLICITORS, 361 BROADWAY NEW YORK

After Forty years' experience in the preparation of more than One Hundred Thousand applications for patents in the United States and Foreign countries, the publishers of the Scientific American continue to act as solicitors for patents, caveats, trade-marks, copyrights, etc., for the United States, and the various patents in Canada, England, France, Germany, and all other countries. Their experience is unequaled and their facilities are unsurpassed.

Drawings and specifications prepared and filed in the Patent Office on short notice. Terms very reasonable. No charge for examination of models or drawings. Advice by mail free.

Patents obtained through Munn & Co. are noticed in the SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN, which has the largest circulation and is the most influential newspaper of its kind published in the world. The advantages of such a notice every patentee understands.

This elegant and splendidly illustrated newspaper is published WEEKLY at $3.00 a year, and is admitted to be the best paper devoted to science, mechanics, inventions, engineering works, and other departments of industrial progress, published in this country. It contains the names of all patentees and details of every invention patented each week. Year in four months for one dollar. Sold by all newsdealers.

If you have an invention to patent write to Munn & Co., publishers of Scientific American, 361 Broadway, New York.

Handbook about patents mailed free.

C. A. LANGBEIN,

Manufacturer of and Dealer in

ALL KINDS OF HARNESS,

SADDLES, BRIDLES, WHIPS,

COLLARS, HARNESS OILS, BLANKETS,

Robes, Fly Nets, Curry Combs, etc., etc. Repairing Neatly and Promptly done. All work guaranteed to give satisfaction.

Shop in Barkers' Row, on Centre street. apr12'07

Dangerous Eels.

Some years ago, at Panama, says Wilf. P. Pond in *Youth's Companion*, I made the acquaintance of a trader, and accepted an offer to accompany him to British Guiana, journeying as far as the delta of the Orinoco. This river annually rises to a height of fifty feet, and covers a tract of country half as large as the State of New York. When the water subsides it leaves large, stagnant pools along the edge of the savannahs that lie beyond the limit of the inundation, and these pools are literally alive with fish, the most common variety being the electric eel.

The natives are very fond of these fish, but have a great horror of the severe shock they are able to communicate at will, employ a peculiar method in the capture which they call "intoxicating by means of horses."

During our stay in the village a number of the natives were employed in catching them, and I found the method highly interesting. On visiting one of the pools not yet disturbed, I saw some of the fish at rest. The pool was about half an acre in extent, the surface being partly covered with aquatic growth, and floating around on the top of the water, or near the surface was large, yellow, almost livid eels, that resembled rather water snakes than eels. Instead of the back being straight as in the ordinary eel, they appeared to "hump" themselves, that is to say, they drew the stomach in, making a slight arch on the back.

Lazily swimming along, they would suddenly straighten themselves out with a jerk, and then curve the back again. This I learned was the action of producing the shock, also that its habit is the reverse of that of the cat family, for it straightens itself when annoyed, and betokens pleasure by keeping its body arched. All around the pool were marvelous growths of rushes, and the great Ita palms, which gives the natives food, house, clothing, drink and furniture.

The hunt, or capture of the eels, began in the early morning, soon after daybreak, so as to avoid the heat of the noonday. About fifty men started out on horseback, and surrounding a number of wild horses drove them to a pool. The animals plunged in and commenced swimming across.

The eels, driven from the bottom to the surface by the splashing of the horses, endeavored to defend their territory against the invaders, with the strange means which nature has given them. Rising to the surface they rushed at their foes, not to bite them, but to defend themselves by the discharge of their batteries. In and out among the horses they swam, curving and uncurving themselves rapidly.

The horses, crazy with the excitement and the noise of the men, and the pains from the electric discharges from the eels, with straining, terror-stricken eyes and bristling manes sought to escape from the storm that had surprised them. Swimming to the nearest edge they tried to land, but were driven back by shouting natives who viciously struck them over the head and face, while the great eels, pursuing them to the edge, were speared by the harpoons, and thrown from the points far up on the dry soil, where other natives killed them.

The livid color of the eels was greatly intensified, and they were disagreeable looking objects as they writhed and curled in the water, while their eyes, unduly prominent when at rest, receded far into the head so as to become almost invisible in their rage at being disturbed.

Once or twice a native stumbled in his excitement over some obstacle, and fell so that some portion of his naked flesh touched a squirming eel, and then a yell was heard that left no doubt that it was caused by acute pain.

At first, comparatively few were thrown ashore, but in a short time several of the horses, victims to the power of the shocks, were drowned, and gradually the eels became exhausted and seemed to be, as the natives said, "intoxicated." They swam aimlessly around, and were slowly driven down to a narrow part of the pool, where they were secured, as they lay half torpid in the shallows, by means of small harpoons and fibre nets. Those taken in the nets were transported to small holes dug in the soil, and filled with fresh water, from which they could be easily taken as occasion required, while those speared were intended to be used as immediate food.

Such, however, is the terror inspired by these fish, that the natives are very reluctant to take them from the harpoons, or otherwise touch them until life has been extinct.

The electric apparatus of these fish consists of a series of honeycomed looking cells, filled with a thickish, gelatinous fluid, abundantly supplied with nerves, and situated between the head and gills. The electrical organs are two in number, and the number of cells varies according to the size of the fish. In one fish each organ contained four hundred and seventy, and in another, larger fish, one thousand one hundred and eighty-two. Doctor Walsh, of the English Royal Society of London, demonstrated the passage of the electric current from one of these fish through eight persons, administering a perceptible shock to each.

As soon as the eels were dead and harmless, they are conveyed to the village where one of the intermittent festivals which appear to come round about every ten days was inaugurated. The women were busy all day making cassavasava, which is a starch obtained from a plant-root belonging to the Euphorbiaceæ, by a rather complicated process. From this cakes are made, and baked upon round pieces of iron, similar to our griddle cakes.

A canoe full of piwarri—a drink made of cassava and water fermented—was prepared, and the fish, cleaned and rolled in sections of palm leaves, were baked and served up to the multitude, who beat drums, danced, drank, and yelled until dawn next morning, when the usual occupations of the tribe were resumed.

The sea refuses no river.

RHEUMATISM AND NEURALGIA

These twin diseases cause untold suffering. Doctors admit that they are difficult to cure—so do their patients. Paine's Celery Compound has permanently cured the worst cases of rheumatism and neuralgia—so say those who have used it.

"Having been troubled with rheumatism at the knee and foot for five years, I was almost unable to get around, and was very often confined to my bed for weeks at a time. I used only one bottle of Paine's Celery Compound, and was perfectly cured. I can now jump around, and feel as lively as a boy." FRANK CANOTT, Eureka, Nevada.

"Paine's Celery Compound has been a God-send to me. For the past two years I have suffered with neuralgia of the heart, doctor after doctor failing to cure me. I have now taken nearly four bottles of the Compound, and am free from the complaint. I feel very grateful to you." CHAS. H. LEWIS, Central Village, Ct.

Paine's Celery Compound

"I have been greatly afflicted with acute rheumatism, and could find no relief until I used Paine's Celery Compound. After using six bottles of this medicine I am now cured of rheumatic troubles." SAMUEL HUTCHINSON, No. Corinth, N. H.

Effects Lasting Cures.

Paine's Celery Compound has performed many other cures as marvelous as these,—copies of letters sent to any address. Pleasant to take, does not disturb, but aids digestion, and entirely vegetable; a child can take it. What's the use of suffering longer with rheumatism or neuralgia?

$1.00. Six for $5.00. Druggists. Mammoth testimonial paper free.

WELLS, RICHARDSON & Co., Props., Burlington, Vt.

DIAMOND DYES Give Finer and Brighter Colors than any other Dyes. | BABIES Living upon Lactated Food are Healthy, Happy, Hearty. It is Unequaled.

HUGHSON & SULLIVAN'S DANDY WAGON.

No. 200.

THE FINEST RUNABOUT WAGON IN THE MARKET FOR THE DEALER OR USER. It is well made and finished from first-class Stock and fully warranted.

AGENTS WANTED.

Send for Catalogue showing a Variety of styles of Wagons, Carriages, Buggies, Carts and Cutters.

HUGHSON & SULLIVAN, Manufacturers for the Trade, ROCHESTER, N. Y.

The American Live-Stock Wagon.

For the Use of Butchers and Stockmen. Saves Time, Labor and Expense.

No danger to the animal you are conveying, or to your horses. The animal does not get heated up, but is ready to kill as soon as it reaches the slaughter-house, and your meat is sound and healthy when it is brought to the block.

Ask for Catalogue "B." For prices, terms and circulars, address

SHIPMAN BRADT & CO., DeKalb, Ills.

B. J. LYNCH, UNDERTAKER,

And Manufacturer & Dealer in HOME AND CITYMADE FURNITURE

PARLOR AND CHAMBER SUITS, LOUNGES, BEDSTEADS, TABLES, CHAIRS, Mattresses, &c.,

1605 ELEVENTH AVENUE, ALTOONA, PENN'A

Citizens of Cambria County and all others wishing to purchase honest FURNITURE, &c., at honest prices are respectfully invited to give us a call before buying elsewhere, as we are confident that we can meet every want and please every taste. Prices the very lowest. [4-16-'80-tf.]

B. L. JOHNSTON, R. J. BUCK, A. W. BUCK.

ESTABLISHED 1872. Johnston, Buck & Co. BANKERS. Ebensburg, Penn'a. A. W. BUCK, Cashier.

ESTABLISHED 1888. Carrolltown Bank, Carrolltown, Pa. T. A. SHARBAUGH, Cashier.

General Banking Business Transacted.

The following are the principal features of a general banking business:

DEPOSITS

Received payable on demand, and interest bearing certificates issued to time depositors.

LOANS

Extended to customers on favorable terms and approved paper discounted at all times.

COLLECTIONS

Made in the locality and upon all the banking towns in the United States. Charges moderate.

DRAFTS

Issued negotiable in all parts of the United States, and foreign exchange issued on all parts of Europe.

ACCOUNTS

Of merchants, farmers and others solicited, to whom reasonable accomodation will be extended. Patrons are assured that all transactions shall be held as strictly private and confidential, and that they will be treated as liberally as good banking rules will permit.

Respectfully, JOHNSTON, BUCK & CO.

JOHN A. BLAIR. JOHN T. BLAIR.

BLAIR & SON'S DAILY MEAT MARKET,

Centre Street, Ebensburg, Pa.

The Best Western Cattle Butchered every day. Also: Fresh Lamb, Veal, Mutton, Lard, Etc., always on hand.

Market open at all hours and attentive and obliging salesmen to attend to the wants of customers.

KENTUCKY MULES.

The only firm in Penn'a who make a specialty of Kentucky Saddle and Driving Horses, Draught and Pit Mules and keep constantly in their stables one hundred head of Mules, all sizes, from four foot to the large mule weighing 1400 lbs., are D. Arnheim & Co., 52 Second Avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa. Mules shipped to all parts of the State on order. Nothing but No. 1 picked stock to be found in their stables.

Correspondence solicited.

HARVEST EXCURSIONS! HALF RATES FOR THE ROUND TRIP. MISSOURI PACIFIC RAILWAY

Via Missouri Pacific Railway and Iron Mountain Route, to all points in Arkansas, Texas, Kansas and Nebraska, August 6th and 20th, September 10th and 24th, and October 8th. Thirty days limit, stop-over privileges, cheap lands. Commonly for first choice. For descriptive and pamphlet free, address the Company's Agent or H. C. TOWNSEND, General Passenger & Ticket Agent, St. Louis, Mo.

H. H. MYERS, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Ebensburg, Pa. Office in Colonade Row, on Centre street.

DR. OLDSHOE, 534 GRANT STREET, PITTSBURGH, PA.

GEO. M. READE, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Ebensburg, Pa. Office on Centre street, near High

ADVERTISERS by addressing Geo. P. Rowell & Co., 10 Spruce St., New York can learn the exact cost of any proposed line of ADVERTISING in American Newspapers. 100 Page Pamphlet 10c.

YOU CAN FIND THIS PAPER on file in Pittsburgh at the Advertising Bureau of our authorized Agents, REMINGTON BROS. who will contract for advertising at lowest rates.

"This is the Boot for ME!"

DON'T BUY YOUR Rubber Boots until you have seen the "COLCHESTER" with Sole leather Heel. This is the best fitting and MOST DURABLE BOOT in the market. Made of the best PURE GUM Stock. The Sole leather Heel saves Money to the Wearer.

DON'T BUY YOUR ARCTICS UNTIL YOU HAVE SEEN THE COLCHESTER ARCTIC with "Outside Counter." Ahead of ALL others in style & durability. If you want the worth of your money try the Colchester with "OUTSIDE COUNTER."

ROBERT EVANS,

UNDERTAKER,

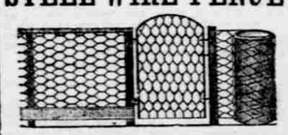
AND MANUFACTURER OF and dealer in all kinds of FURNITURE, Ebensburg, Pa.

A full line of Caskets always on hand.

Bodies Embalmed WHEN REQUIRED.

Apr 30 86

STEEL WIRE FENCE



The cheapest and neatest Fence for around Lawns, School Lots, Poultry Yards, Gardens, Farms etc. Also manufacturers of Light and Heavy Iron Fencing, Cresting, Stable Fittings, Fire Shutters, Fire Escapes of different designs, and all kinds of Iron and Wire Work.

TAYLOR & DEAN. 203 & 205 Market Street, Pittsburg, Pa. April 5, 1889.—1yr.

BONANZA to AGENTS SAMPLES FREE Both sexes. Write now GEO. A. SCOTT, New York City

THE FREEMAN has the largest circulation. Advertise in it and be benefited.

Forty Proverbs of the Sea.

He who would learn to pray should go to sea.

When one falls into the sea he stays there.

When you walk, pray once; when you go to sea, pray twice; when you go to be married, pray three times.

Women are ships and must be manned.

All the rivers go to the sea, and it never overruns.

The sea is not soiled because a dog stirs it up.

To a drunken man the sea only reaches to the knees.

If the sea boiled, where would one go to find water to cool it?

What comes by starboard goes by larboard.

Being at sea, sail; being on land, settle.

He that will not sail till he have a full, fair wind will lose many a voyage.

Unless you have the wind astern you must know how to navigate.

You cannot sail as you would, but as the wind blows.

In a calm sea, every man is pilot.

To a rotten ship every wind is contrary.

What fear would he have of the waves who had Noah for a pilot?

Every sea, great as it is, growes calm.

A large ship needs much water.

Where the ship can go the brigantine can go.

It is easier to get away from the bank than from the bottom.

The ship which doesn't mind her helm will mind the hidden rocks.

He who can steer need not row.

It will not do to have two mainmasts in a ship.

Better lose an anchor than the whole ship.

Good roller, good sailer.

Do good and cast it into the sea; if the fish ignore it, God will know it.

If clouds look like they had been scratched by a hen, get ready to reef your topsails then.

The full moon eats clouds.

He who sends a mean man to sea will get neither fish nor salt.

Every part serves in a gale.

A mariner must have his eyes on the rocks and sands as well as on the north star.

Ill goes the boat without oars.

From the boat we get to the ship.

Don't judge of the ship from the land.

The freshest and sweatest fish come from the saltest sea.

No one can complain of the sea who has been twice shipwrecked.

He gets his passage for nothing and winks at the captain's wife.

The sea isn't burning.

He that is embarked with the devil must sail with him.

The Heat in Asia.

The horror of heat is unknown to us, or indeed to any part of Europe, though Naples and Athens are desperately trying sometimes. But to the native of Scinde, Central Asia, the shores of the Persian Gulf, the sun of Greece is but a trifle. The utter helplessness of man under this infliction adds horror to his sufferings. There is no hope and no resource when the red hot air penetrates to those underground chambers in which the summer is passed in Central Asia. "The inhabitants," we learn, "shut themselves up to escape"—probably closing all the apertures of their sebterranean abodes, except those absolutely necessary for ventilation. The air down below, under such circumstances, cannot be imagined by one who has not a touch of experience. Houses of good class are solidly constructed under ground, with the chambers and doors and corridors: but the mass of the people inhabit big holes, roofed over, with no kind of permanent convenience. Every winter the frost and snow and rain play mischief with those rough pits, and the damage is not always repaired by the following summer.

Fancy thousands of Mongols in these dens, persuing their filthy habits in semi-darkness, suffering the awful torment of heat, children wailing, adults raving, always in want of water and generally of food, in an atmosphere beyond conceiving!

Corn for Fattening Purposes.

Corn is used, perhaps, more generally than any other grain for fattening purposes. Of flesh formers it contains about 10 per cent., warmth giving and fat producing constituents 75 per cent., and of bone substances 1¼ per cent. It may be noted that it is not a well balanced food, as it is rich in fat, containing over 5 per cent. of this alone, even for fattening purposes, and especially should this be observed when it is desired to produce eggs. It is claimed that the fat from fowls fed with yellow corn is of a yellowish color, and hence is objected to. In cold weather it may be fed with advantage, but not in summer, as various disorders, caused by internal deposits of fat, are very apt to result. It is good food, and its cheapness is largely in its faver; but it must be fed in combination with others less rich in fat and warmth giving properties to be used without danger and to give the best results.

If there is any class of people in the world who need ice it is the farmer and when the article can be had at so little expense we are surprised that so few have it. A building sufficient to hold twenty-five tons can be erected at a cost not to exceed $25, and the filling costs merely a day or two's work, while the saving in butter alone, if the milk from a dozen cows is used will more than pay all the costs in one season, besides the comfort of a cool drink and a nice piece of butter on a warm day. Certainly no farmer can afford to be without an ice house where there is a pond or stream reasonably near, from which to gather the ice.

Answer This Question.

Why do so many people we see around us seem to prefer to suffer and be made miserable by Indigestion, Constipation, Dizziness, Loss of Appetite, Coming Up of the Food, Yellow Skin, when for 75 cents we will sell them Shiloh's System Vitalizer guaranteed to cure them. Sold by Dr. T. J. Davison.

THE CHEWERS OF OLD HONESTY TOBACCO WILL SOON FIND THAT IT LASTS LONGER, TASTES SWEETER THAN OTHER TOBACCOS, AND WILL PLEASE YOU. ASK YOUR DEALER FOR IT, AND INSIST ON GETTING IT. EVERY PLUG STAMPED LIKE ABOVE CUT.

JNO. FINZER & BROS., Louisville, Ky.

Dobbins' Electric Soap

THE BEST FAMILY SOAP IN THE WORLD.

It is Strictly Pure. Uniform in Quality.

THE original formula for which we paid $50,000 *twenty years ago* has never been modified or changed in the slightest. **This soap is identical in quality to-day with that made twenty years ago.**

It contains **nothing that can injure the finest fabric.** It brightens colors and bleaches whites.

It washes flannels and blankets as no other soap in the world does—without shrinking—leaving them soft and white and like new.

READ THIS TWICE

THERE is a **great saving** of time, of labor, of soap, of fuel, and of the fabric, where Dobbins' Electric Soap is used **according to directions.**

ONE **trial** will demonstrate its great merit. It will pay you to make that trial.

LIKE all **best things,** it is extensively imitated and counterfeited.

Beware of Imitations.

INSIST upon **Dobbins'** Electric. Don't take Magnetic, Electro-Magic, Philadelphia Electric, or any other fraud, simply because it is cheap. They will ruin clothes, and are dear at any price. Ask for

DOBBINS' ELECTRIC

and take no other. Nearly every grocer from Maine to Mexico keeps it in stock. If yours hasn't it, he will order from his nearest wholesale grocer.

READ carefully the inside wrapper around each bar, and be careful to **follow directions** on each outside wrapper. You **cannot afford** to wait longer before trying for yourself this old, reliable, and truly wonderful

Dobbins' Electric Soap.

I. L. CRAGIN & CO., Philadelphia, Pa.

GASTON, WESTON & LADD, TORRINGTON, Conn., and 46 Beekman Street, New York. MANUFACTURERS OF GASTON'S PRESTOLINE, PASTE, SILVER COMPOUND, LILLIBRIDGE'S OLD ENGLISH POLISH.

Gaston's Prestoline, THE WONDERFUL METAL POLISH,

For Cleaning and Polishing BRASS, COPPER, BRONZE, NICKEL, &c.

It will clean Metals with less labor than any preparation ever produced, giving a brilliant lustre which cannot be equaled, and which will last longer than any polish obtained by other means. Sold by the HARDWARE AND GROCERY STORES.

CANVASSING AGENTS WANTED.

WHAT SCOTT'S EMULSION CURES: CONSUMPTION, SCROFULA, BRONCHITIS, COUGHS, COLDS, Wasting Diseases

Wonderful Flesh Producer

Many have gained one pound per day by its use.

Scott's Emulsion is not a secret remedy. It contains the stimulating properties of the Hypophosphites and pure Norwegian Cod Liver Oil, the potency of both being largely increased. It is used by Physicians all over the world.

PALATABLE AS MILK.

Sold by all Druggists.

SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, N. Y.

ST. FRANCIS' COLLEGE, LORETTO, PA, IN CHARGE OF FRANCISCAN BROTHERS.

Board and Tuition for the Scholastic Year, $200.

March 26th, 1886. tf.

By avoiding Agents you save the enormous expenses and profits which double the cost of every first class Piano you buy. PIANOS, $150 to $1500. ORGANS, $35 to $500.

The Facination of Niagara.

"Never," said an old resident of the village, "have I known of so many people going over the Falls as during the past six months." During that time some eight or nine persons have been known to pass over, three of which have been deliberate suicides. It is a source of wonder to many people living here why persons will come from a distance to Niagra apparently to commit suicide.

The press dispatch sent out from Binghamton under the impression that the last suicide was a Miss Mead, of that place, says that the young lady visited his place a short time ago and has been "strangely facinated with Niagara ever since." It is a well known fact that scarcely any two persons have the same impression when first looking upon the rapids or Falls.

Only a few evenings since your correspondent heard a clergyman in a neighboring city make this remark. "I never look upon Niagara above the Falls but that there is a strong desire to get into the water, lie down and go with it. I have no thought of suicide, but it always seems to me as if it would be pleasant to go with the water."

A lady from Rhode Island was making her first visit to Niagara, and was standing on one of the Sister Island bridges looking into the rapids underneath. She hurriedly took the arm of her companion and asked to leave the spot. Upon reaching the centre of Goat Island she sank upon a seat, seemingly exhausted and very nervous. When asked the cause, she said, "I don't know what came over me, but if I had stood on the bridge another moment nothing could have prevented me from jumping into the rapids."

"Why," said her friend, "do you wish to commit suicide?"

"God forbid!" said she. "It was the furthest thought, but there was an impulse which I could not control, and I do not think I would dare live at Niagara."

Others have experienced a similar sensation.

The Women of Italy.

A lecture on the positon of women in Italy was given in London by Signora Zampini Silazaro, an Italian lady interested in improving the condition of the lives of her countrywomen. The signora said that women in her native country were looked upon as the moral slaves of men, as was illustrated by the civil and penal codes, and a low opinion of them was very general. Nothing was provided to elevate their characters, or to make them self reliant or strong. Though large sums of money were spent by the government for national culture, few benefits were conferred on women, notwithstanding the fact that women in Italy had in past years held high positions and exercised a considerable influence in letters, science and arts.

Besides the low state of education, the social position of women in Italy was much to be deplored. She had no word in her own love affairs, and was married at an early age to a man, in many cases unrefined and brutal, who had the power at any time to deprive her of all civil rights on the slightest ground of suspicion. Thus it often happened that the happiest marriages were those with foreigners. Married women had no social freedom, and could not ever go out alone; the unmarried ones were supposed to look after the children of their married brothers and sisters, for it was considered degrading if they took to business. There were also prejudices against women writers.

Trials of a Western Editor.

"Our paper is two days late this week," writes a Nebraska editor, "owing to accident to our press. When we started to run the edition on Wednesday night, as usual, one of guy ropes gave way allowing the forward gilderfluke to fall and break as it struck the flunkerflopper. This, of course, as any one who knows anything about a press will readily understand, left the gang plank with only the flipflap to support it, which also dropped and broke off the wrapperchoke. This loosened the fluking between the ramrod and the jibbersnatcher, which also caused trouble. The report that the trouble was caused over-indulgence in intoxicating stimulents by ourself is a tissue of falsehoods, the peeled appearance of our right eye being caused by our going into the hithway of the press is our anxiety to start it, and pulling the coupling pin after the slapburg was broken, which caused the dingus to rise up and welt us in the optic. We expect a brand new gliderfluke on this afternoon's train."

Pretty Girls of New Orleans.

On a first visit to New Orleans one is impressed by the peculiar appearance of the women. One can see in New Orleans more delicious looking young girls and more prematurely old looking women than in any city in the country. The girls, up to the age of 15 or 20, are lovely. They have rich complexions, bright eyes, the mingled languor and vivacity that render the southern girl so fascinating. Then, too, in summer time most of them wear white dresses with lace or open work sleeves and yoke, through which a creamy, satiny skin glints with aggravaing attractiveness. There is but one word that fully describes them to the masculine mind. They are delicious looking. But they fade very quickly, and this accounts for the number of old looking women of 25 years or thereabouts one sees on the streets or in their carriages.

Shiloh's Consumption Cure.

This is beyond question the most successful Cough Medicine we have ever sold, a few doses invariably cure the worse cases of Cough, Croup, and Bronchitis, while its wonderful success in the cure of Consumption is without parallel in the history of medicine. Since its first discovery it has been sold on a guarantee, a test which no other medicine can stand. If you have a Cough we earnestly ask you to try it. Price 10 cents, 50 cents, and $1.00. If your Lungs are sore, Chest or Back lame, use Shiloh's Porous Plasters. Soldby Dr. T. J. Davison.