Cambria Freeman.

EBENSBURG, PA.

FRIDAY, - - - JUNE 14, 1889.

NOTICE.—Persons wanting Extra Copies of this Paper should have their Orders with us at least one week in advance of publication day.

LOCAL AND PERSONAL.

—Harpoon hay forks cheap at Duftons.'

—A one-horse spring wagon for sale at Duftons.'

—Don't fail to read the Bargain Store's new ad. in this issue.

—Rev. Father Boyle, of Gallitzin, was in Ebensburg on Tuesday.

—A new side walk has been laid in front of the Belmont House.

—Mr. Thomas Itell, of Carrolltown, was here on Wednesday.

—Court met on Monday but all cases were continued on account of the Johnstown flood.

—All kinds of job work printed on short notice and at reasonable rates at the Freeman office.

—Mr. Jacob Beamer, of Lykens, this county, formerly of this place, was in town on Saturday.

—Miss Annie Seebler, who has been in Altoona for the past year, returned home on Wednesday.

—Deputy Recorder F. W. Gurley has purchased the residence of Mr. E. Dufton, in the West ward.

—Dr. E. H. Sloan and Mr. Augustine Fiske, both of Carrolltown, spent a few hours in town yesterday.

—Mr. George Thomas, the accommodating clerk at Hotel Bruswick, Carrolltown, was a visitor to our town on Sunday.

—The body of Miss Minnie Linton, of this place, who was drowned in the Johnstown flood, is still among the missing.

—On the body of C. Kimpel, a furniture dealer, found in the Johnstown ruins on Sunday last the sum of $3,114.23 was found.

—Mr. H. C. Litzinger, of Butler county, and Eugene Litzinger, his brother, of Latrobe, were among the visitors to our town on Monday.

—Mr. Thomas Dumphy, of St. Augustine, a well known merchant and business man, spent his home in that place on Sunday lost aged about 50 years.

—Mrs. Joseph Davis, of Cambria township, has purchased a half interest in the livery business formerly conducted by Williams Brothers in this place.

—Mr. D. H. C. Warren, of the Bargain Store, will commence to sell his entire stock of goods at cost on Saturday next. The sale will continue for one week.

—The First National Bank of Johnstown opened up for business for the first time since the flood on Monday last. It will prove a great convenience to the people.

—The Nissly brothers have been convicted of murder in the first degree for the murder of old man Umberger, and, in due time will pay the penalty for their crime.

—Ruptura cured guaranteed by Dr. J. B. Mayer, 811 Arch St., Philadelphia, Pa. Ease at home, no operation or delay from business, attested by thousands of cures after others fail.

—We understand that the Ebensburg Cornet Band will attend the picnic at Loretto on the 22d of the present month. A drum major from Johnstown will accompany them.

—The barn of Daniel Fritz in Susquehanna township caught fire on Sunday night and together with its contents was entirely destroyed. Two valuable horses were burned.

—James P. McConaughy, an old and well-known citizen of Johnstown, who escaped the flood with his life, but in a fatally injured condition, died on Friday last in the Bedford street hospital.

—The body of Rev. Michael Mann, a local preacher, who resided at South Fork, was found partly buried in the sand on the banks of the Conemaugh on Saturday last. He was one of the victims of the flood.

—The Pennsylvania railroad officials expect to receive a train through from Pittsburg to Altoona to-day (Thursday.) On Saturday they were up as far as East Conemaugh and on Wednesday were at the Viaduct.

—Mr. Thomas Monroe received his commission as postmaster on Monday and is now doing duty for Uncle Sam. He will continue the office in its present location until he secures a more suitable place.—*Democrat.*

—The proportion of the houses destroyed in the houses owned at four points in the Conemaugh Valley has been determined by the New York *Herald* as follows: Johnstown, 1 to 1; Cambria, 5 to 3; Kernville, 5 to 1, and Hornestown, 1 to 4.

—The Altoona *Tribune* is a little off when it says that Altoona was the first to send supplies to Johnstown. Ebensburg had wagon loads of provisions to the sufferers long before the supplies from Altoona arrived at the Ebensburg depot.

—We have a speedy and positive Cure for Catarrh, Diphtheria, Canker Mouth, and Headache, in Shiloh's Catarrh Remedy. A Nasal Injector free with each bottle. Use it if you desire health and sweet breath. Price 50 cents. Sold by Dr. T. J. Davison, Agent.

—A gang of young men of this place, who imagine that they can sing, met on Julian street on Tuesday night and proceeded to serenade everybody in the neighborhood by their hideous noise. One of them especially could be heard a distance of three squares away. They should be stopped.

—Frederick Gearhart, of Altoona, while walking on the bridge being built at the Westmont at South Fork was struck by a piece of timber and knocked into the water below a distance of twenty feet. He was taken to his home in Altoona where he will be laid up for some time from his injuries.

—Perhaps some people don't know the reasons have decided that if a person orders a newspaper discontinued he must pay all arrearages, or the publisher may continue to send it until payment is made, and collect the whole amount, whether the paper is taken from the post office or not.

—The New York *Times*, upon the authority of a high official of the Pennsylvania Railroad company, states that company's losses in property destroyed by the flood and by the suspension of traffic will reach $15,000,000. The first train over the road for Chicago left the Jersey City station on Saturday evening.

—The body of Howard J. Roberts, brother of D. T. Roberts, of this place, lost in the Johnstown flood, was found on Saturday last in a cellar about three squares from his residence. On his person were found his gold watch stopped at ten minutes after four, and a bunch of keys with a key check bearing his name.

—The Johnson Switch Company, whose works were entirely swept away from Woodvale, are making preparations to rebuild their switch works plant on an extended scale at Moxham, three miles up the stream and entirely away from any possibility of any recurrence of the disaster which has overtaken their works there. They employ from 1000 to 1200.

—Steel nails $1 90 per keg at Duftons.'

—A new sign has been painted on the Blair House.

—Mr. Luke Bush, of Susquehahna township, has lately become insane and on Thursday evening was brought to jail for the purpose of having him sent to Dixmont.

—Private William Young, of Company C, 14th Regiment N. G. P. committed suicide in his tent in Johnstown on Sunday afternoon by shooting himself in the head with a rifle. It is supposed that he was rendered temporarily insane from witnessing the harrowing scenes in that vicinity. He lived near Mansfield, Pa., and leaves a wife and two children.

—Thirty-eight bodies were recovered at Johnstown on Tuesday. There is now but little attempt at identification. The bodies are so badly decomposed that, even after they have been covered with disinfectants, the workmen cannot stand the stench longer than to allow them to cut off the pockets, and in this manner try to find some means of identification.

—All the mines in this region have been idle since the flood. Some of them have run enough to keep up the local supplies, but the others have done nothing. The Cambria Iron companies works east of the tunnel have closed down until the companies works in Johnstown are ready to start up, most of their employes have left for the scene of the disaster.—*Gallitzin Vindicator.*

—At Coburn, Center county, Pa., one night during the flood a citizen being enraged at his dog, which had waked him by incessant barking, put on his boots especially to kick it when he got down stairs. Reaching the yard he found the dog chained in several feet of water, and it took lively work to free it and get the family out. The whole family might have been drowned if it had not been for the dog.

—Mr. J. N. Munden, who is in charge of the removal of bodies from the ruins at Johnstown, says that up to this date he has found over $6,000 in money in the pockets of victims. The largest sum was $3,114.23. The pockets of Charles Bischoff contained $245. He stated that the robbing of stores and dead bodies still continues, notwithstanding the guard which has been placed over the ruins by the civil authorities.

—It appears from paragraphs in our contemporaries that the lightning rod agent, after a hibernation of several years, has again begun to strike the farmers with the old-time disastrous results. It was generally thought that the lightning rod agent like lightning itself, never struck twice in the same place. That this is an error was demonstrated last week in the case of a Lehigh county farmer, who was taken in for the third time in ten years.

—Governor Beaver has appointed the following commission, which, in conjunction with himself, will have charge of the distribution of the funds for the flood suffers. They are as follows: Edwin H. Fitler, of Philadelphia; Thomas Dolan, of Philadelphia; John Y. Huber, of Philadelphia; Robert C. Ogden, of Philadelphia; Francis B. Reeves, of Philadelphia; James B. Scott, of Pittsburg; Reuben Miller, of Pittsburg; S. S. Marvin, of Pittsburg; John Fulton, of Johnstown; H. A. Cummin, of Williamsport.

—Every farmer in the United States will be visited next year, 1890, by a paid and authenticated government officer, and he will be asked to give the officer statistics of his farm—crops, stock, etc., for the previous year, 1889. In order to do so intelligently, we urge our farmer friends to begin now to keep accurate accounts of all farm operations, and to continue to do so throughout the year. In this way only can the census reports be made of any certain and practical value to the farming interests throughout the country.

—If any of our readers are in need of artistic and substantial cemetery work, made from the best qualities of marble and granite, they will do well to call on J. Wilkinson & Son, marble and granite dealers in this place, where they will find a nice stock to select from, or send them word and they will visit you with a large selection of new and original designs, they guarantee all their work and if their work is not as represented they will not ask you to take it, they are prepared to fill all orders at home and abroad at prices that defy competition. Give them a trial. A 5 6m.

—On Monday afternoon an accident occurred at Lilly's station which may result in the death of a boy. George Grove, aged 14, and John George, age 13, two boys who live at that place, found an old revolver in the home of the latter. They were examining it when it was accidentally discharged, the ball striking Grove about an inch below the right eye. The bullet passed toward and it is supposed to have lodged in his neck. The young man is a son of Dr. Grove, and his recovery is doubtful. The revolver that caused the accident was an old one that had not been used for the past seven or eight years.

—A new swindle now being worked upon the farming community is a compound used for painting roofs. The farmer is induced to take a few gallons of the stuff free of charge, if he will become an agent for its sale, or purchase a certain amount for himself. The contract order is printed on postal cards and looks straight enough on cursory examination. A critical analysis of the instrument, however, shows that the dealers are at liberty to send any amount that suits them, or any contract or order, probably proportional to the victim's wealth, and that they can enforce payment by its provisions, or at least cause great trouble and expense to the dupe who signs it.

Items from Carrolltown.

CARROLLTOWN, PA., June 12, 1889.

DEAR FREEMAN:—In consequence of the greatest calamity that ever befel any city on the North American continent on the 31st of May last, and knowing that your columns would be in requisition for the details of the great disaster, I did not presume to encroach upon your space. Carrolltown was prompt in sending a relief wagon loaded with provisions for the sufferers, the writer accompanied the team to Johnstown on Saturday, June 1st. We started at 3 P. M. from Carrolltown, arrived in Ebensburg at 6 P. M., rested a few minutes then pushed on to the scene of desolation and ruin. We arrived at Johnstown station on Sunday morning at 7 P. M. and I believe it was the first team that arrived at Johnstown station. Gen. Hastings, Don Kitteli and Maj. Spangler met us and took charge of our load, which seemed to be acceptable. In coming over Prospect Hill we could have disposed of the load in short order as everyone was begging for food. It would be useless for me to describe the scene as it appeared to my eyes, as the awful ruin and desolation has been and will be more fully described than my pen can portray.

For the past week there has been no news of any note, everybody talks of nothing but the late flood at Johnstown.

We held no primary election as we thought it would not be worth while.

The frescoe painters are about through with painting the church.

Mr. Lawrence Schroth has his new stable on the home stretch.

During the high water week before last a great number of carp departed for parts unknown.

We are having a very wet season—rain every day for a week.

Mr. Wm. Waltz was in town on Sunday.

AMICUS.

Communication.

ST. AUGUSTINE, PA., June 3rd, 1889.

DEAR FREEMAN:—The following is a truthful sketch of what I saw this day in and around the city of Johnstown. I left your pleasant town on Monday morning along with many others to visit the scene of the late terrible disaster. The first thing to attract my attention was the great number of wagons enroute for Johnstown, loaded down with provisions and clothing for the sufferers from the flood. The strange, troubled looks of everyone, scared, startled looks on each face you met, no sound of laughter or pleasant chat, clearly indicated that some terrible news had in a manner paralyzed the whole community. The first I saw of the fearful wreck was from the hill overlooking East Conemaugh and Franklin boroughs. Eastward away up the Conemaugh was seen a locomotive and a solitary passenger car, no railroad behind them, none before them, every vestige of the road destroyed, rails, ties, even the solid rock bed of the road wiped out of existence. What was on that fatal Friday morning two large thriving towns, where all trains stopped, with splendid round house, in which were stored 19 locomotives, public buildings and bridges of the most substantial kind, and a happy prosperous population, are now a scene of utter and total desolation, fully three-fourths of the buildings of both towns destroyed, the round house, bridges, the P. R. comany's buildings and all of the best residences gone, the 19 locomotives, some of them weighing 80 tons, were whirled and swept away, some of them more than one mile from the round house, only nine of them visible, the others burried under tons and tons of rocks, sand, and other debris. The railroad track from this point for one and one-half miles west was entirely destroyed, you could only see where the road had once been, here was a locomotive and a long train of freight cars burned to cinder together with their contents, here as well as further down the Conemaugh fire consumed what the water spared. Near this place was where a car load of barrels of whisky was spilled out on the ground by order of the civil authorities on Sunday. The stench from this place was extremely strong. Judging from the enormous and entire destruction of the railroad property at this point to a casual observer it would appear an impossibility to rebuild the railroad here, or that any company would dare undertake such a herculean task as to rebuild a road that had been obliterated so completely at such a fearful loss of life and property; but the American people would, I verily believe, undertake to rejuvinate the universe, for right here amidst this chaos and ruin appeared three rather unassuming looking men measuring or taking distances with a brass or copper line. Your correspondent addressed them saying, good morning, gentlemen! What are you measuring? One of the party answered we are calculating the amount of material necessary to rebuild this road and instantly said to the others 65 plus 90 to the other side. They were the advance of an army of 500 workmen with picks, shovels, axes, jacks, etc. The road will be rebuilt as rapidly as men and money can do it, but not on the original site, for nature is more powerful yet than man, and she has asserted her might by taking possession of the track and placing the Conemaugh river where the railroad had once been and there it will remain.

Woodvale and Conemaugh boroughs with a population of about 10,000 people, with the exception of about 50 dwellings situated on rising ground were totally and entirely wiped out of existence with thousands of their unfortunate people. On the river in boats from this point down were hundreds of men engaged in dragiug or fishing for dead human bodies and were drawing them out by scores from the water and debris on the shore and laying them on the river bank to be taken away to some other place for identification. Old age, middle life, youths and infancy all represented in this horrid, hideous spectacle. I never saw anything like it before and pray heaven I never may again. The next point reached was Johnstown; two-thirds of this large and flourishing city with one-third of its population gone never to return. It was here the largest number of dead bodies were found; a steady stream of men carrying dead bodies to the different morgues were constantly, ceaselessly depositing their ghastly burdens in those places for recognition. At the dead houses near the railroad station I counted 82 dead bodies laid out side by side to be removed from there to their last resting place. Here was to be seen side by side virtue and vice, old age and childhood, guilt and innocence, beauty and homeliness, stalwart manhood and helpless infancy—all alike were swept into eternity without one moment's notice. The next place visited was the fatal drift on the upper side of the railroad bridge below Johnstown, here there is about four acres of drift reating against the bridge and extending up the river. At this place it is said more than 1000 lives were lost, dwelling houses that had floated safely from up the river with entire families in them at this point struck the bridge and were dashed to pieces, the unfortunate and helpless inmates went down to death in the frightful ruin, and to add horror upon horror this pile of debris took fire and burned to cinders what the water spared. No language can describe the more than horrible scenes that were witnessed at this place. From here the flood rushed and swirled over on to the large plant of the Cambria Iron company, almost totally destroying those large works. This company's loss runs into the millions. It is useless to undertake to describe even in a brief way the scenes of utter desolation that enshrouded unhappy Johnstown. Suffice it to say that the fate of Cambria city, Millville and Minersville was the same as their sister boroughs further up the Conemaugh. While the writer of this sketch was viewing the faces of some of the dead laid out at the railroad station the face of a young and beautiful girl attracted the pitiful gaze of all who passed by. This little girl met the dread messenger without realizing a particle of fear as was evidenced by the happy smile upon her childlike face. She was recognized as Mary Callahan. Poor child, death had no terrors for her, for one could not die an unhappy death with such a happy and contented look. This sketch of scenes witnessed last Monday are all truthful. Fully 8000 lives if not more went out in Johnstown and vicinity on that fatal day, May 31, 1889. X.

Huntingdon Devastation.

At Huntingdon the damage to property will reach $500,000, while the other towns in the county have suffered corresponding losses. At Mapleton the immense tannery of L. A. Roberts was damaged to the extent of $200 000, and the loss to other property will reach $100,000 more. The Powell furnace at Saxton sustained a loss of $300,000, and at that place both the railroads and county bridges were swept away, leaving railroad communication with Bedford cut off. The Huntingdon and Broad Top road sustained but slight damage, with this exception. For three miles below Huntingdon the Pennsylvania railroad tracks are destroyed. Growing crops in the low lands were destroyed, and in Smith's Valley, the farming lands, comprising an area of every vestige of soil. As far as known, 300 houses have been destroyed in the county. Three families, composing sixteen persons, living on the Raystown Branch named Dean, Heffner and Montgomery, are missing, and it is believed they were swept away with their homes. Grube's distillery was swept away entailing a loss of $10,000.

The Golden Stream.

Following is the aggregate of the cash contributions for the Johnstown sufferers up to Tuesday evening:

Philadelphia and vicinity	$ 709 475
New York	376 613
Brooklyn, Jersey City, Newark and outside sources	400 000
Through Governor Beaver	400 000
Pittsburg	479 406
Chicago	160 000
Boston	109 000
Cleveland, O	49 000
Massachusetts Legislature	30 000
Washington, D. C	43 336
Baltimore, Md	36 000
Cincinnati, O	28 988
Columbus, O., and vicinity	48 213
Lancaster, Pa	15 200
Bethlehem, Pa	15 000
Paris, France	11 000
San Francisco	10 000
New Hampshiere Legislature	10 060
Augusta, Ga	10 000
Reading, Pa	9 500
Scranton, Pa	9 500
Wilmington, Del	9 800
Wilkesbarre, Pa	9 000
Indianapolis, Ind	8 000
Allentown, Pa	7 900
Camden, N. J	7 000
Easton, Pa	6 700
Chester, Pa	6 000
Charleston, S. C	3 500
Chattanooga, Tenn	2 731
Phoenixville, Pa	2 700
Mauch Chunk, Pa	2 500
Norristown, Pa	2 500
Denver, Col	2 500
Toledo, O	2 000
Savannah, Ga	1 700
Kansas City, Mo	1 500
Darby, Pa	1 400
Columbus, S. C	1 219
Chambersburg, Pa	1 000
Carlisle, Pa	1 000
Millville, N. J	1 400
Total	$3 021 291

MARRIAGE LICENSES ISSUED.

The following marriage licenses were issued by the Clerk of the Orphans' Court for two weeks ending Wednesday, June 12, 1889:

William L. Miller and Mary Alloda Rager, Johnstown.

J. I. Campbell and Alice Reilly, Gallitzin borough.

James Sylvester Glass and Katie Gonsman, Summit.

George E. Daniels, Johnstown and Maggie Hoffman, Stonycreek township.

Charles G Marsh, Brownstown and Maggie Lotz, Wilmore.

Joseph F. Boyland and Margaret C. McIntosh, Lilly.

Benjamin Higgins and Isabella White, South Fork.

James Lighe and Annie Doran, Prospect.

Herman Herslein, Conemaugh borough and Katie Doran, Prospect.

Daniel C. Wadsworth and Deliah Gates, Morrelville.

John Hinkledine, Morrelville and Ida Sease, Portage.

Silas Gingling, Lilly and Clara Francis McHugh, Munster township.

Charles W. Brown and Anna L. Ream, Johnstown.

J. E. Parsons and Ella M. Replogle, Johnstown.

Whiskey Kills.

How often are we yet to be told that whiskey kills? Arsenic kill; opium kills, and so do hundreds of other good remedies kill if *abused* instead of *used*. But ask the question, "Will whiskey cure?" "Yes!" is the positive reply of the most eminent physicians of all the land. Disease steals into your system like a sneak thief into your house, and often by neglecting a bad cold, we end our days in lingering, and wishing for health—when, indeed, *one* bottle of *Pure Whiskey* or *Brandy* would have cured the cold. Such goods may be scarce, but they *can be* found at Max Kleins, 82 Federal street, Allegheny. His "Silver Age" is the only whisky endorsed by the doctors. You can get the pure Guckenheimer, Finch or Gibson Rye at $1.00 per quart or six quarts for $5.00 Send for price list.

For Thirty Years

I have been troubled with catarrh—have tried a number of remedies without relief. A druggist here recommended Ely's Cream Balm. I have used only one bottle and I can say I feel like a new man. My catarrh was chronic and very bad. I make this voluntary statement that others may know of the Balm.—J. W. Mathewson, (Lawyer), Pawtucket, R. I.

I was troubled with catarrh in my head to an annoying extent for three years. After using one bottle of Ely's Cream Balm I was entirely cured.—W. J. Cline, Victor, N. Y.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The Best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. Sold at the drug store of E. James, Ebensburg, and W. W. McAteer, Loretto.

ROYAL

BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of the low test short weight, alum or phosphate powder. Sold only in cans. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 Wall St., NEW YORK.

TAKE NOTICE.—The Ebensburg Woolen Mill is prepared to do all kinds of country work, roll carding, spinning and coloring done on short notice.
Ebensburg, June 14, 1889.—3m

FARM FOR SALE.—There will be disposed of at private sale, a farm situate in Allegheny township, one-fourth mile from Loretto, on the road leading from said place to Ebensburg. This farm contains about 80 acres, about 60 acres of which are cleared, having thereon a new two-story frame house and barn, fine orchard, etc., and is in a good state of cultivation and well watered. For further particulars address

FRANCIS O'FRIEL,
Loretto, Feb. 1, 1889. Loretto, Pa.

ADMINISTRATRIX' NOTICE.—Letters of administration on the estate of James McGarity, late of Washington township, Cambria county, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons having claims against said estate are hereby notified to make payment to me without delay; and those having claims against the same will present them, properly authenticated for settlement to

ANNA McGARITY,
Administratrix of James McGarity, dec'd.
Cresson, April 26, 1889.—6t.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that letters of administration on the estate of Michael J. Dunegan late of Clearfield township, Cambria county, Pa., deceased, have been granted to the undersigned. All persons indebted to said estate are hereby notified to make payment without delay, and those having claims against the same will present them, properly authenticated for settlement to

JULIA ANN DUNEGAN,
JAMES DUNEGAN,
Adm'rs of Michael J. Dunegan.
Ebensburg, June 14, 1889.

Election Proclamation.

GOD SAVE THE COMONWEALTH.

IN OBEDIENCE TO THE REQUIREMENTS of the eighteenth article of the Constitution and in compliance with the provisions of an act of the General Assembly, entitled, "An act prescribing the time and manner of submitting to the people for their approval and ratification, or rejection, proposed amendments to the Constitution," approved the eighth day of March, A. D. one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine, as well as in obedience to a writ issued in pursuance thereof and to me directed by James A. Beaver, Governor of the said Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, under the Great Seal of the State, at Harrisburg, the 15th day of April, A. D. 1889, it is made the duty of the Sheriff of every county within this Commonwealth to give notice of said election in the usual manner.—Therefore, I, J. C. Stineman, High sheriff of the County of Cambria, do hereby make known and give this public notice to the electors of the county of Cambria, that on

TUESDAY, JUNE 18, 1889,

an election will be held in each of the townships, boroughs, wards, precincts and districts therein established by law in said county, for the purpose of deciding upon the approval and ratification or rejection of said amendments, or either of them, as published by the Secretary of the Commonwealth, which said election shall be opened, held and closed upon the day last aforesaid, at the places and within the hours set and within which the general elections of this Commonwealth are directed to be opened, held and closed. And it shall be the duty of the Judges, Inspectors and clerks of each of the said townships, boroughs, wards, precincts and districts to receive at the said election separate tickets, either written or printed, or partly written and partly printed, from each of the voters qualified of this county who may offer the same and deposit them in a box or boxes to be for this purpose, provided by the proper officers, which tickets shall be printed separately, one labeled on the outside "Prohibitory Amendment to the Constitution," and on the inside, "for the Prohibitory Amendment," or "against the Prohibitory Amendment," the other labeled on the outside, "Suffrage Amendment to the Constitution," and on inside "for the Suffrage Amendment," or "against the Suffrage Amendment."

"The election on the said amendments shall in all respects be conducted in the same manner as the general elections in this Commonwealth, are required by law to be conducted, and the returns thereof shall be made, certified and returned by the election officers of their respective districts in the same manner and at the same time as the returns of the general election."

The said elections shall be held throughout the county as follows:

The electors of the district composed of the borough of Ashville, to meet in the house of D. G. Myers, in said borough.

The electors of the district composed of the township of Allegheny, to meet in Bradley's school house, in said township.

The electors of the district composed of the township of Adams, to meet at the house of Daniel Dunmire, in Adamsburg.

The electors of the district composed of the township of Barr, to meet at school house No. 11, in said township.

The electors of the district composed of the township of Blacklick, to meet at the house on the property of Simon Adams, in the village of Belsano.

The electors of the district composed of the township of Cambria, to meet at the office of Abel Lloyd at Lloyd Springs Hotel, in said township.

The electors of the district composed of the borough of Cambria, to meet as follows: 1st ward, at the school house in said ward; 2d ward, at the borough lock up in said ward.

The electors of the district composed of the township of Carroll, to meet at house of John Flick, in said township.

The electors of the district composed of the borough of Carrolltown, to meet at the school house in said borough.

The electors of the district composed of the township of Chest, to meet at school house No. 9 in said township.

The electors of the district composed of the borough of Chest Springs, to meet at the house of Jacob Wagner in said borough.

The electors of the district composed of the township of Clearfield to meet at school house No. 2 adjoining the village of St. Augustine, in said township.

The electors of the district composed of the township of Conemaugh, to meet at the school house at Singer's in said township.

The electors of the district composed of the borough of Conemaugh, to meet as follows: 1st ward, at the house of Peter Meizle in said ward; 2d ward, at the house of John Swartzman, in said ward.

The electors of the district composed of the borough of Coopersdale, to meet at school house in said borough.

The electors of the district composed of the township of Croyle, to meet at the office of Jno. T. Long, in the village of Summerhill, in said township.

The electors of the district composed of the township of Dean, to meet at Richland's school house in said township.

The electors of the district composed of the borough of East Conemaugh, to meet at the school house in said borough.

The electors of the district composed of the borough of Ebensburg, to meet as follows: East ward, at the office of Richard Jones, Jr., in said ward; West ward, in Council room, in said ward.

The electors of the district composed of the township of Elder, to meet at the school house in the village of St. Boniface, in said township.

The electors of the district composed of the borough of Franklin, to meet at the school house in said borough.

The electors of the district composed of the borough of South Fork, to meet at school house No. 2, of said borough.

The electors of the district composed of the borough of Gallitzin, to meet at school house in said borough.

The electors of the district composed of the township of Gallitzin, to meet at the Mountain school house, in said township.

The electors of the district composed of the borough of Grubtown, to meet at the public school building in said borough.

The electors of the district composed of the township of Jackson, to meet in the house of Henry Rager, in said township.

The electors of the district composed of the borough of Johnstown, to meet as follows: 1st ward, at the office formerly occupied by Thomas & Walters, Market square; 2nd ward, at the office of J. S. Little, Esq., on Market street in said ward; 3rd ward, to meet at the Mansion house, corner of Franklin and Broad streets, in said ward; 4th ward, in school house in said ward; 5th ward, at the house of August Weigand in said ward; 6th ward, at the Johnstown pottery in said ward; 7th ward at the office of S. W. Miller in said ward.

The electors of the district composed of the borough of Lilly, to meet at the house of Gephart Beisher in said borough.

The electors of the district composed of the borough of Loretto, to meet at the school house in said borough.

The electors of the district composed of the township of Munster, to meet at the ware house of Augustine Durbin, deceased, in the village of Munster in said township.

The electors of the district composed of the borough of Millville, to meet as follows: 1st ward, at the lock-up; 2nd ward, at the hose carriage house in said ward.

The electors of the district composed of the borough of Prospect, to meet at Council Chamber in said borough.

The electors of the district composed of the township of Portage, to meet at the school house near the village of Portage in said township.

The electors of the district composed of the township of Read, to meet at the tin shop of Abraham Cornelius, in the village of Glasgow in said township.

The electors of the district composed of the township of Richland, to meet at the house of Joseph Geis in said township.

The electors of the district composed of the township of Stonycreek, to meet at Jacoby's school house in said township.

The electors of the district composed of the township of Summerhill, to meet at school house No. 4 in said township.

The electors of the district composed of the township of Susquehanna, to meet at the house of Michael Platt in said township.

The electors of the district composed of the township of West Taylor, to meet at the school house near James Blough's install township.

The electors of the district composed of the township of East Taylor, to meet at the house of Peter Rodes, near the Hendrick's school house, in said township.

The electors of the district composed of the borough of Tunnelhill, to meet at the school house in said borough.

The electors of the district composed of the borough of Woodvale, to meet at Council Chamber in said borough.

The electors of the district composed of the borough of Wilmore, to meet at the Council Chamber in said borough.

The electors of the district composed of the township of Washington, No. 1 to meet at school house No. 3 in said township.

The electors of the district composed of the township of Washington No. 2, to meet at school house No. 5 on the pike leading from Cresson to Summit.

The electors of the district composed of the township White, to meet at the small store house of John U. Gates in said township.

The electors of the district composed of the township of Yoder to meet as follows: First division at school house No. 3 in said township; second division at Beam's school house in said township.

SPECIAL ATTENTION.

SEC. 1. Every male citizen twenty-one years of age, possessing the following qualifications shall be entitled to vote at all elections.

1st. He shall have been a citizen of the United States at least one month.

2nd. He shall have resided in the State at least one year (or if having previously been a qualified elector or native born citizen of the State he shall have removed therefrom and returned, then in six months) immediately preceding the election.

3rd. He shall have resided in the election district where he shall offer to vote at least two months immediately preceding the election.

4th. If twenty-one years of age or upward, he shall have paid within two years a State or county tax, which shall have been assessed at least two months and paid at least one month before the election.

SEC. 2. All elections by the citizens shall be by ballot. Every ballot voted shall be numbered in the order in which it shall be received, and the number recorded by the election officers on the list of voters, opposite the name of the elector who presents the ballots. Any elector may write his name upon his ticket, or cause his name to be written thereon, and attested by a citizen of the district. The election officers shall be sworn or affirmed no. to disclose how any elector shall have voted unless required to do so as a witness in judical proceeding.

SEC. 5. Electors shall in all cases except treason, felony and breach of surety of the peace, be privileged from arrest during their attendance on election, and in going to and returning therefrom.

SEC. 6. Whenever any of the qualified electors of this Commonwealth shall be in active military service, under a requisition from the President of the United States, or by authority from this Commonwealth, such electors may exercise the right of suffrage in all elections by the citizens, under such regulations as are or shall be prescribed by law, as fully as if they were present at their usual place of election.

SEC. 7. All the laws regulating the holding of elections by the citizens for the regulation of electors shall be uniform throughout the State but no elector shall be deprived of the privilege of voting by reason of his name not being registered.

SEC. 8. Any person who shall give or promise to give any elector any money, reward or other valuable considerations for his vote at any election, or for withholding the same, or who shall give or promise to give such consideration to any other person or party for such elector's vote or for the withholding thereof, and any elector who shall receive or agree to receive for himself or another, any money, reward or other valuable considerations for his vote shall at any election, or for withholding the same, thereby forfeits the right to vote at such elections; and an elector whose right to vote shall be challenged for such cause before the election officers shall be required to swear or affirm that the matter of the challenge is untrue before his vote shall be received.

SEC. 9. Any person who shall while a candidate for office be guilty of bribery, fraud or wilful violation of any election laws shall be forever disqualified from holding any office of trust or profit within this Commonwealth, and any person convicted of wilful violation of any election law shall, in addition to any penalties prescribed by law, be deprived of the right of suffrage absolutely for a term of four years.

SEC. 10. For the purpose of voting no person shall be deemed to have gained a residence by reason of his presence, or lost it by reason of his absence, while employed in the service, either civil or military, of this State or of the United States, nor while kept at any institution of learning, nor while kept in a poor house or other asylum at public expense, nor while confined in public prison.

SEC. 11. District election boards shall consist of a judge and two inspectors, who shall be chosen annually by the citizens. Each elector shall have a right to vote for one judge and one inspector, and each inspector shall appoint the clerk. The first election board of any new district shall be selected and vacancies in election boards filled as shall be provided by law. Election officers shall be privileged from arrest upon day of election and while engaged in making up and transmitting returns, except upon a warrant of a court record or judge thereof, for an election fraud, for felony or for wanton breach of peace. In cities they may claim exemption from jury duty during their terms of service.

SEC. 12. No person shall be qualified to serve as an election officer who shall hold or who shall have held an office or appointment of employment in or under the government of the United States, or of this State, of any city or county, or any municipal board, commission or trust in any city, save only justices of the peace, and aldermen, notaries public and persons in the military service of the State; nor shall any election officer be eligible to any civil office to be filled at an election at which he shall serve, save to such subordinate municipal or local offices, below the grade of city or county officer, as shall be designated by law.

And also the following Acts of Assembly now in force in this State, viz:

ACT OF JANUARY 30, 1874.

SEC. 4. That all elections hereafter held under the laws of the Commonwealth, the polls shall be opened at 7 o'clock A. M. and close at 7 o'clock P. M.

SEC. 8. Whenever there shall be a vacancy in the election board on the morning of the election, said vacancy shall be filled in conformity with existing laws.

The Act of Assembly entitled "an Act relating to the election of this Commonwealth," passed July 2, 1876, provides as follows, to wit:

That the Inspectors and Judges shall meet at the respective place appointed for holding the election in the district for which they respectively belong, before 7 o'clock in the morning on Tuesday, June 18th and each said inspector shall appoint one clerk, who shall be a qualified voter of such district.

In case the persons who shall have received the second highest number of votes for inspector shall not attend on the day of an election, then the person who shall have received the next highest number of votes for judge the next preceding election shall act as inspector in his place. And in case the person who shall have received the highest number of votes for inspector shall not attend, the person elected judge shall appoint an inspector in his place. And in case the person elected judge should not attend, then the inspector who shall have received the highest number of votes, shall appoint a judge in his place, and if any vacancy shall continue in the board for the space of one hour after the time fixed by the law for the opening of the election, the qualified voters of the township, ward or district for which such officers have been elected shall, viva voce, appoint one of their number to fill the vacancy.

Given under my hand at my office in Ebensburg this 20th day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine and the Independence of the United States of America the one hundred and thirteenth.

J. C. STINEMAN, Sheriff.

POLITICAL ANNOUNCEMENTS.

TO THE DEMOCRACY OF CAMBRIA COUNTY. I hereby announce myself as a candidate for the Nomination for the office of Register and Recorder at the ensuing Democratic Primary. CELESTINE J. BLAIR.
Ebensburg, March 20, 1889.

FOR DISTRICT ATTORNEY.
F. J. O'Connor, of Johnstown, Penn'a. Subject to the decision of the Democratic Primary Election.
Ebensburg, Pa., May 2, 1889.

FOR DISTRICT ATTORNEY.
To the Democratic voters of Cambria county. I hereby announce myself as a candidate for the office of District Attorney, subject to the rules of the Democratic party.
DON ALD E. DUFTON.
Ebensburg, April 29, 1889.

FOR DISTRICT ATTORNEY
James M. Walters of Johnstown, Pa. Subject to the decision of the Democratic Primaries.
Ebensburg March 15, 1889.

FOR PROTHONOTARY.
To the Democratic voters of Cambria county. I hereby announce myself as a candidate for the nomination of the office of Prothonotary, subject to the decision of the Democratic primaries
JAMES C. DAKBY.
Conemaugh Bor., First ward, March 25, 1889.

FOR PROTHONOTARY.
To the Democratic voters of Cambria county. I hereby announce myself as a candidate for the office of Prothonotary, subject to the action of the ensuing Democratic Primary election.
GEORGE C. MILLER.
Conemaugh Bor., May 10, 1889.

FOR POOR DIRECTOR.
The name of Raphiel Hite of Carroll township is announced as a candidate for the nomination for Poor Director subject to the decision of the Democratic primary election.
Ebensburg, May 8, 1889.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that letters of administration on the estate of S. M. Kern, late of Wilmore borough, Cambria county, Pa., deceased have been granted to the undersigned. All persons indebted to said estate are hereby notified to make payment; those without delay, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement.
JOHN ITEL, Adm'r.
Wilmore, May 24, 1889.-6t.

EXECUTOR NOTICE.—Letters testamentary on the estate of Mrs. Ann Davis, late of Ebensburg borough deceased, having been granted me by the Register of Cambria county. Notice is hereby given to all persons indebted to said estate to make payment to me, and those having claims against the said estate will present them properly authenticated for settlement.
RICHAR