

DEMOCRATIC NATIONAL TICKET.

FOR PRESIDENT, GROVER CLEVELAND, of N. Y. FOR VICE PRESIDENT, ALLEN G. THURMAN, of Ohio.

DEMOCRATIC STATE TICKET.

FOR SUPREME JUDGE, J. B. MCCOLLUM, of Susquehanna Co. PRESIDENTIAL ELECTORS

ELECTORS-AT-LARGE.

HON. R. MILTON SEER, Huntingdon, HON. JOHN M. KEATING, Allegheny, DISTRICT REPRESENTATIVE.

DEMOCRATIC COUNTY TICKET.

FOR ASSEMBLY, DANIEL McLAUGHLIN, of Johnstown.

FOR SHERIFF, JOHN J. KINNEY, of Tunnellville.

FOR POOR DIRECTOR, JAMES A. WHARTON, of Clearfield township.

FOR JURY COMMISSIONER, C. A. BUCK, of Carrolltown.

WHITE hats and red bandanas will be the emblems of the Democracy in the coming campaign.

GOVERNOR HILL, of New York, on Monday signed the bill substituting electricity for hanging, as a method of execution.

The salary of the Chief Justice of the United States Supreme Court is \$10,500 a year, while a New York Judge draws \$17,000 a year.

It is reported that the Czar of Russia will be crowned at Samarcand as Emperor of Central Asia, in order to offset the influence of Queen Victoria's title as Empress of India.

A female witness in a New York court admitted to having four living husbands. This is an era of monopolies and trusts and the woman was evidently engineering a corner in husbands.

We see it stated that "the Allegheny county bar has passed a resolution requesting the Judges of the Supreme Court and of the County Courts to wear robes when holding court."

The Brooks law went into effect at Philadelphia on last Friday, and that city, instead of having 9,000 saloons, as last year, now has only 1,340.

General Philip H. Sheridan, is struggling with death at his home in Washington, and the people have been sympathetically watching his condition as day by day the dispatches have announced it.

It is said that General D. H. East of this State, is to present the name of Ohio's Pinkerton statesman, John Sherman, to the Chicago Convention.

At the meeting of the new County Committee on Monday last, after the counting of the vote at the primaries, H. G. Rose and Herman Baumer, of Johnstown, and Dr. J. B. Noonan, of Chest Springs, were elected Congressional Conference and W. A. B. Little, of Allegheny township, Edward McNellis, of Johnstown and W. F. Kirby, of Williamsport were elected Senatorial Conference.

James M. Waters, Esq., of Johnstown, was elected Chairman of the County Committee, and John A. Blair Esq., of Ebensburg, was elected member of the State Committee.

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On our local page we publish in tabular form the result of last Saturday's Democratic primary elections. The ticket nominated is a strong one and cannot fail to receive the support of every true Democrat.

The candidates are all men qualified to perform the duties of the offices to which they have been nominated and in regard to locality the ticket is well apportioned.

Hons. D. McLaughlin, of Johnstown, and John S. Rhey, of Ebensburg, have been re-nominated, and as they have both been before the people heretofore and are well known throughout the county, it is unnecessary to refer to them at length.

Their re-nomination is an endorsement of their official integrity and their course in the last Legislature, well merited by both gentlemen by the faithful manner in which they performed their duties.

John J. Kinney, of Tunnellville, received the nomination, leading his next competitor by a majority of 788. Mr. Kinney is a young man, born and raised in Tunnellville, where he worked in the mines in his youth and since attaining manhood has been engaged in the business of merchandising.

He is a man of good business qualifications, possessed of a good education and as a merchant stands high with those having dealings with him, and the flattering vote he received at his home is sufficient evidence of the esteem in which he is held by his neighbors.

His nomination is also a deserved recognition of the party in that locality who at all times have been a bulwark to the Democracy in this county.

James A. Wharton, of Clearfield township, received the highest vote and will be the next director. Mr. Wharton was born in Clearfield township, stands well where he is known as a good citizen, an intelligent farmer, and an honest man and as such possesses all the requirements to make a careful, prudent and efficient director; one who will see that the poor are carefully and abundantly provided for, and also that the interests of the people in the expenditure of their taxes are properly taken care of.

C. A. Buck, of Carrolltown, had no competitor. Mr. Buck is a young business man of Carrolltown, well acquainted with the people in the north of the county and is well qualified to perform the duties of the office.

Those who are disappointed in the result, and, as a natural consequence in all contests, there are a number, we can only say that in the interests of the party, they must submit to the will of the majority as determined by the primaries. That is what each defeated candidate agreed to abide by when he entered the contest, and what he would have a right to expect from the present nominees had the will of the people been reversed and the present nominees defeated. Let all hickering therefore, among Democrats, raised during the primaries be dropped, and from now until the election let us turn in on our common enemy, the Republicans, and give them such a drubbing in November that they will hardly realize what they lack them.

The Philadelphia Evening Call, an Independent Republican paper, tells the following interesting reading to workingmen and which they will do well to ponder over:

The American workman returns at night from his toil clad in a woollen suit taxed 54 per cent, stockings and undershirt taxed 75 per cent, a cotton shirt taxed 45 per cent, a woollen hat taxed 75 per cent, and, perchance, a pair of gloves in winter taxed 75 per cent.

He carries in his hand his tin dinner pail taxed 45 per cent, and greets his wife with a cheery smile as she looks at him through the window pane taxed 60 per cent, and from which she has drawn the curtains, taxed 40 per cent.

After scraping his boots on a scraper taxed 45 per cent, he wipes them on a mat of burlap taxed 40 per cent, he lifts the door-mat taxed 45 per cent, steps in on a carpet taxed 60 per cent, and elevates his hands to his forehead, and bows to his wife in a woollen dress taxed 70 per cent. She has a needle taxed 25 per cent. In her hand with which she has been mending, with thread taxed 45 per cent, an alpaca shawl taxed 50 per cent.

In a small brick house, which they have bought with their hard earnings of a building association. The bricks were taxed 20 per cent, the lumber taxed 16 per cent, and the paint 24 per cent. The wall paper, taxed 25 per cent, makes the room brighter, and with its plain furniture taxed 35 per cent.

Hanging his hat on a brass pin taxed 45 per cent, he hangs his pair on a steel pin taxed 45 per cent, and proceeds to get ready for his supper. He washes his hands in a cast-iron soap taxed 20 per cent, in a tin basin taxed 45 per cent, and wipes them on a cotton towel taxed 45 per cent, and then goes to the looking-glass taxed 45 per cent, and examines his hair with a brush and comb taxed 30 per cent.

He is now ready for his supper which his wife has cooked on a stove taxed 45 per cent, with pots and kettles taxed 35 per cent. The table is spread with the commonest crockery taxed 35 per cent, and he drinks his water out of a cheap glass tumbler taxed 40 per cent. The little sugar that he puts in his tea is taxed 82 per cent, and his wife sits by a spoon taxed 45 per cent. His meal is served on a wooden plate taxed 45 per cent, and he has a slice of pie taxed 35 per cent. He ends his meal with a pudding of rice taxed 112 per cent, and an orange taxed 20 per cent.

After supper he smokes a pipe and enjoys the happiness of his wife who has this day bought a woollen shawl taxed 65 per cent, a black silk dress taxed 50 per cent, and a pair of scissors taxed 45 per cent.

Another ocean greyhound has been on the road. The big Eruvia arrived at New York on Sunday, having practically sailed from Queenstown in six days. She ploughed through fog for three days at the rate of twenty miles an hour.

Business and Presidential Elections.

It is an erroneous but widely accepted idea that a Presidential election of necessity causes general stagnation in business. There is no reason why it should do so, and we believe that so far as such results are concerned, the former view, they are chiefly or wholly caused by the general assumption of business men that commerce and trade must be more or less paralyzed by a Presidential contest.

Why should a national election in any degree impede legitimate business? People eat, drink, enjoy and consume just as much just as at other times, and people who eat, drink, enjoy and consume must earn and spend all the same whether there is an election or not. Business will always become dull, with or without reason, whenever business men assume that it must be. With the proper assumption to guide them, they limit their operations, circumscribe their energies, halt over an inviting prospect, and then they blame upon the election what they should blame upon themselves.

It is a serious error to assume that change of party or policy in our National Government can impede business. The general business or prosperity of the country. No party can obtain the control of this great Government without the consent of the business men. Business men know that prosperity in business and business trust in the Administration are indispensable to continued success. The one aim of every politician is power; and as the sovereign power of the Republic is in the people, the success of the people's interests and prosperity of all are the aim of our rulers.

We have had many sudden and some very violent political revolutions in this country, but business has not been impeded, promptly adjusted themselves to every new condition of affairs. When Abraham Lincoln was elected President, the business men of the country were not disturbed. It was not until after the war that the people over the protests of finance, commerce and trade, and business was paralyzed during the memorable struggle between the merchants and the Republicans. But within one year after the war the business men of the country had identified themselves with his administration and made the country prosperous even with the severe exactions of civil war.

In 1884 there was the same conservative shudder throughout finance and commerce at the prospect of revolutionizing the political power of the country, and business was paralyzed for a time because business men foolishly paralyze themselves. The revolution came; Mr. Cleveland was elected President, and business was not impeded. A passionate man in finance or commerce who does not feel much more security under Cleveland than under Garfield, and who is not a Republican, should be glad to see Cleveland elected. All legitimate business that is not the mere bob on the kite of partisan politics would be glad to see Cleveland elected. Administration continues to flourish with Blaine out of the race, there is no probability of any Republican candidate for President whose election should cause any apprehension in business.

It is simply growing into a fixed superstition that there is always peril to business in a Presidential election, and business men of every class who should at once reject it. There will ever be grave questions to be decided in national contests, but at no period in our history has there been any danger to business because of the election or defeat of any candidate for President. Had Tilden obtained the Presidency in 1876, which he was elected to, he had Hancock overcome the nominal majority that Garfield obtained over him in 1880 and he would have been elected. There would not have been the shade of a peril to any legitimate business, and whether Cleveland or the Republican candidate were elected, the business of the country would continue in prosperity, as long as her harvests are bountiful. No Republican administration could continue for four years without reducing the people to a state of poverty. The Mills bill and with the present oppressive taxes upon our industries removed, business prosperity must be maintained.

Business is most unjust to itself in assuming that a Presidential election in our free government must stave the tide of its prosperity. It is a fixed superstition that business paralysis is experienced, to that extent is business responsible for a self-inflicted injury. Business men are not to be blamed for a Presidential battle, and when consumers are not in trouble, what is there to make business dull beyond the senseless taxes that business men pay? When a President is to be elected? There will be millions more money expended this year than is commonly expected by the masses of the people. There will be more meetings at every cross-roads; there will be more newspapers read than ever before; there will be a flood of literature, and the people will be better informed than ever. There will be a large legitimate earnings and expenditures as in the quietest of political seasons. It is the Democracy, and that was common honesty.

The Ripened Wisdom of Years. Thurman, they say, is old, but he has reserved for his later days a surplus of patriotism and sound sense, and instead of hunting for office is sitting quietly in his library, indifferent whether the office goes to some one else. Ripeness, ripe experience and a clear reason constitute the promise of honest public service. That is what we need in a President, and nothing better, and they should be satisfied with nothing less. - N. Y. Herald.

Wonderful Cures. W. D. Hoyt & Co., Wholesale and Retail Drug and Chemical Dealers, are now selling Dr. King's New Discovery, Electric Bitters and Bucklen's Arnica Salve for four years. Have never had a remedy that sold as well, or give such universal relief. There have been some wonderful cures effected by this city. Several cases of pronounced rheumatism have been entirely cured by the use of a few bottles of Dr. King's New Discovery, taken in connection with Electric Bitters and Bucklen's Arnica Salve. For sale at the drug stores of E. James, Ebensburg and W. W. McAteer, Lorist.

George B. Roberts, president of the People's National Bank, was arrested on the company's service since 1881, his first employment having been as a cadman in the engineer corps. A. J. Cassel, now a director of the bank, was at one time a Vice President, also began as a cadman.

Personal. - Mr. N. H. Frohlichstein, of Mobile, Ala., who took a great interest in recommending Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, having used it for a severe case of consumption, and it gave him instant relief and entirely cured him. I have not been afflicted since. I also beg to state that I had tried other remedies with no good result. Have also used Electric Bitters and Dr. King's New Life Pills, both of which I can recommend. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds, is sold on a positive guarantee. Trial bottles free by the drug store of E. James, Ebensburg and W. W. McAteer, Lorist.

Plains Talk From Mr. Fitch.

Mr. Fitch, Republican Congressman from New York City spoke on the 10th inst. on the Miller tariff bill.

After commenting upon how every member had argued for his own district and how every member seemed to represent, especially after the former, he said, "I am a Republican, Mr. Fitch told about the varied constituency he represented. He represented, he said, a district in the upper part of the State, the workmen in the factories had special advocates, who lay awake all night to study their interests. Almost every class had its advocates here, except the millionaires, who nobody would own to represent, and who had no friends in the House."

Among the speakers were printers and paper carriers and locomotive engineers on the Elevated Railroad. This class of workers had no direct protection. They were not overpaid. The money which they received at the end of each week was not more than was needed to pay the rent and the taxes. The same time they were compelled to buy the taxed oil to fill the taxed Christmas stockings or the taxed medicine for their families. Their wishes might be as important to the Republican party as those of the farmers and manufacturers.

The speaker said that he got votes from New York City that he must get from those people. They had elected him, a Republican, Congress refused to support any measure of tariff reform and had voted against consideration of the Morrison bill. [Applause on Democratic side.]

The day had come, he said, when the present duties yielded so large a revenue that a further accumulation of the tariff was actually dangerous. Was it strange that at this time a readjustment was asked, and was it unreasonable to ask that the tariff be lowered to 25 per cent, and oil cloth at 40 per cent, which brought in silver plate at 25 per cent, and children's cotton stockings at 40 per cent, should be lowered to 25 per cent? Of the manufacturers the masses of the people of New York had paid for many years more for their meals, their clothes and medicines than those things ought to have cost.

The gentleman from Pennsylvania (Mr. O'Neill) had said that New York was a State where the tariff was a curse, and that New York had many foreign born citizens, and among them a large number who were the issue of the gentleman from Pennsylvania. [Laughter.] He had little regard for the man who contrasted his own patriotism with that of his grandchild. He had no objection to the tariff. When gentlemen asking for a fulfillment of the Republican promise to remedy the admitted irregularity of the tariff in the matter of the manufacture of cheap vegetables were asked for, the manufacturer objected. If cheaper coal was asked for, the coal dealer objected. If cheaper sugar were asked, the planter objected. He, for his district of consumers, objected to this chorus of objections.

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NEWS AND OTHER NOTICES.

The average Mexican laborer supports his family on 10 cents per diem, invested in corn and beans.

A famine prevails at Epirus. Funds have been started at Constantinople and Athens for the relief of the sufferers.

It is said the lightning rod is a relic of superstition, and will soon be regarded as a curiosity through its antiquity.

A heavy shock of earthquake was felt at Buenos Ayres, S. C., at 12:25 Tuesday morning. It is not known whether any damage was done.

Mr. Calvin I. Brie, who led the Ohio delegation to St. Louis, is said to be worth \$20,000,000. He is now but 25 years old.

The Standard Oil Company is leasing thousands of acres of land in Perry county, with a view of boring for oil, gas or coal supposed to be hidden beneath earth's surface down there.

A Dakota man who has announced himself as a candidate for delegate to Congress is charged by his opponent with having sold coffee to his fellow prisoners while incarcerated in Andersonville at \$1 a cup.

Andrew Grandstaff, who on May 24th, murdered Reuben Drake, his wife and two children, near Virgo, Wm., was lynched at that place early Saturday morning. He had made a confession and retraced it later.

The log jam in the Menominee river, Michigan, is the largest ever known. It is estimated to contain 400,000,000 feet. The logs are piled from 25 to 35 feet above water, where they may stick for several weeks yet.

Naturalizations to New York, during the first four months of 1888, have been less numerous than any presidential year since the war, with the exception of 1868. Most of the newly made voters are German and Hungarian.

On Monday the Supreme Court of Missouri first July 13th held the execution of Hugh M. Brooks, alias Maxwell, the famous chloroformer, who murdered Charles A. Preller in a room of the Southern Hotel in April, 1886.

Mrs. Stokes, Chicago, wife of a practical plumber, tried to commit suicide Saturday, several people were injured and twelve houses