Cambria Freeman.

EBENSBURG, PA.,
FRIDAY, - - JANUARY 15, 1886.

DEMOCRATIC STATE COMMITTEE.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Jan. 1, 1886.

There will be a meeting of the Democratic State Central Committee, at the Bolton House, in the city of Harrisburg, Pa., at 4 o'clock, P. M., on *Wednesday, January 20, 1886*, to elect a Chairman and Permanent Secretary, and seven members of the State Executive Committee; and transact such other business as the Committee may determine. W. U. HENSEL, Chairman.
J. B. LICHTY, Secretary.

THE original conquest of Ireland took place in the twelfth century, when Henry II. made his son John lord of that country.

THE English Parliament met on Tuesday last. Its session will be the most important one that has been held for the last half a century and will be big with the fate of Ireland.

T. V. POWDERLY, General Master Workman of the Knights of Labor, says: "If every laborer and every manufacturer would read daily a good paper, and keep posted on the topics of the time, I feel certain there would be less trouble."

JUDGE THURMAN, who was selected to act as umpire in the matters of dispute between the miners and operators of the Hocking Valley (Ohio) mining district, rendered his decision in favor of the miners on Friday last. He allows them their demand of an advance of ten cents per ton, and his decision, by agreement of the parties, is final.

NOTHING of special importance has transpired in Congress during the present week. The Presidential succession bill which passed the Senate just before the two weeks holiday recess, has been reported favorably in the House, but has not yet been discussed in that body. Several speeches have been delivered in the Senate against suspending the monthly coinage of silver dollars and two in favor of it. This question promises to occupy a great deal of the time of the two houses, but no change in the present law is anticipated.

IF there is any young man in this county, or more than one, between 18 and 22 years of age, desirous of entering the U. S. Military Academy at West Point and fitting himself for the Army, we direct his or their attention to the letter of Congressman Jacob M. Campbell, which is published in another part of our paper. As will be learned from the letter, a competitive examination as to the mental and physical qualifications of applicants from this, the Seventeenth Congressional district, composed of Somerset, Cambria, Blair and Bedford counties, will be held by four competent gentlemen, whose names will be hereafter announced, who will meet at Johnstown, on Tuesday, the 23d of next March.

A SINGULAR pension bill was introduced into the U. S. Senate last week by Mr. Cockrell, of Missouri. The bill authorized the settlement of the claim of President James Monroe for half pay due him as Lieutenant Colonel of Infantry from November 3, 1783, the close of the Revolutionary War, to July 4, 1831, the time of his death, the amount found due to be paid to his legal representatives. Mr. Cockrell said he introduced the bill by request, but his own vote had always been against such bills and always would be. Mr. Logan remarked that President Monroe never was a Colonel, and was never in the army at all. Mr. Morrill, of Vermont, said that Mr. Monroe had gone home to raise a regiment, but gave it up and went to studying law with Thomas Jefferson.

THE late snow storm appears to have prevailed in nearly every part of the United States, and was therefore of wider extent than any one that has preceded it for twenty-five years. In Minnesota and other north-western states the thermometer on Saturday, Sunday and Monday, ranged from 18 degrees below zero to 23 degrees at Omaha and the same at Des Moines, Iowa, while along the Canadian Pacific Railroad in Manitoba, it was 52. The oranges were frozen on the trees in Florida, an unusual occurrence, and in some towns of Texas the thermometer was down to zero, the coldest weather known there for forty years. Travel and transportation on nearly all the railroads in the West were either temporarily suspended or seriously impeded, and the destruction of cattle and hogs by being frozen in the cars was very great. Over two hundred hogs were frozen on Monday in the cars and stock yards at Pittsburg. The storm along the Atlantic sea coast did immense damage and several schooners were lost, involving the sacrifice of many lives. Both in its severity and in its extent the January storm of 1886 will long be remembered.

EACH branch of the Ohio Legislature ballotted for U. S. Senator on Tuesday. In the Senate, which contains a Democratic majority of three, the vote stood, Thurman, 20; Sherman, 17. In the House Thurman received 41 votes and Sherman 67. The true Republican majority in the House is *six*, and that was its complexion until a short time before the balloting for Senator commenced, when the Republican members rushed through a resolution unseating *nine* of the *ten* Democratic members from Cincinnati, and swore in their nine defeated opponents. There being a true Republican majority of *three* on joint ballot Sherman was sure to be elected, but his crowd were unwilling to risk so small a margin and went through the cut-throat performance we have mentioned. John Sherman, of course, knew that this outrage was to be perpetrated, and no man who is familiar with the dirty tricks he resorted to in order to cheat Tilden out of the vote of Louisiana, will be at all astonished that he consented to hold another term of six years in the Senate by a disgraceful and revolutionary proceeding that would have done credit to a Republican carpet-bag Legislature in South Carolina, during the progressive days of reconstruction in that vilely-governed and ruthlessly-plundered State.

CASTLES IN SPAIN.

Before retiring from his official post Minister Lowell performed for many of his deluded countrymen an excellent service in directing an investigation into the alleged estates in the Bank of England awaiting claimants in America. Mr. Henry White, one of the Secretaries of Legation in London, conducted the inquiry, and his report transmitted to the State Department shows that these fortunes are as illusory as the proverbial castles in Spain or the gold that is picked up in dreams on Tom Tiddler's Ground.

It appears by a statement made by the chief accountant of the Bank of England that the whole amount of money at the present time in the keeping of the Court of Chancery is eighty-four million pounds sterling, of which eighty-three millions belong to owners who are known. This leaves about five million dollars to be divided among the imaginary heirs of the "Jennens," the "Hedges," the "Hyde," the "Bradford," the "Horne" and many another supposittitious estate of vast wealth if settlement should ever be reached on this side of the millennium. The numerous American heirs of the "Jennens estate" of fabulous amount hold meetings every now and then to raise funds for sending out-at-elbow lawyers to London to prosecute their claims. Mr. White says that the Jennens property went to the heirs-at-law long before the American claimants were heard of, and that the latter never had a shadow of a title.—The rest of these estates rest on the same airy foundations. Of the unclaimed amounts in the Bank of England the chief accountant quoted by Mr. White says there are few of one thousand pounds, and probably none that exceed this sum by more than one hundred or two hundred pounds.

Such are the phantom estates in England, the foolish quest of which has lured so much money out of the pockets of honest people in America. Poor Becky Flyte was made mad in the vain prosecution of a real claim in Chancery. How many persons in this country have lost their wits in pursuing estates in Europe that are as unsubstantial as is the pot of gold at the base of the rainbow in the fables of childhood! Next to England, Germany and Holland are the favorite countries in which weak-headed Americans are pursuing ancestral wealth. From the time when the Flying Dutchman began his ocean roamings his descendants have been searching for his phantom fortune.—The estate of Anneke Jans, after the accumulations of several centuries, is supposed to contain as much wealth as that which Vanderbilt left behind him the other day. Then there is the Zimmerman estate, some of whose American heirs have lost their identity by changing their names to Carpenter, and with it their share in a fortune which is believed to be as vast as that of the Fuggers of the Middle Ages, if it could only be found. Some of our diplomatists on the Continent of Europe, whose time hangs heavily on their hands, might find some employment in imitating the example of ex-Minister Lowell and exposing the illusory character of these foreign fortunes. But it is somewhat doubtful whether the victims of this peculiar hallucination would derive any substantial benefit from the investigation. Once possessed of the fancy that they are heirs of a vast estate in Europe, it quits them only with death. As long as they can raise money to send a lawyer or other agent abroad they will continue to prosecute their imaginary claims.—*Philadelphia Record.*

GENERAL JACKSON'S triumph at the battle of New Orleans was fittingly celebrated on Friday last, the seventy-first anniversary of that important event, in many of the cities and large towns throughout the country. The Philadelphia Democrats under the auspices of the Young Men's Democratic Association, celebrated the event by a dinner at St. George's Hall. Speeches were made by U. S. Senator Gray, of Delaware, Daniel Dougherty, and others. During the course of his remarks Mr. Dougherty said:

"I am no sycophant crawling for favors at the footstool. Grant Mr. Cleveland has made mistakes of omission and commission. Who has not? Yet I voice the opinion of the American people, white and black, North and South, East and West, Democrats and Republicans, men of all parties and of no parties, when I declare that no President that has ever graced the chair has labored more incessantly, struggled more conscientiously and striven more successfully to fulfil to the letter his plighted faith to the people.

He has disappointed machine politicians, but it is because after the election he has kept the promises he made before. With him there is no cajoling for the succession; no kitchen Cabinet; no side door; no doubt either in the White House or out of it as to who is in reality the President.

The rapidity of his rise and the height of his elevation have scarcely a parallel in history. Yet without the arts of the accomplished politician, with no brilliant points to dazzle the public eye, but solely by straightforward, fearless and independent fidelity to public trusts, he rose in three flights, from a private citizen to be Mayor of Buffalo, Governor of New York, and President of the United States.

Courteous to every comer he is innately a gentleman. He listens with interest to the humblest, and cannot be swerved from his judgment by the highest. He can neither be moved by flattery nor by frowns. He would willingly help those who have served his party, but the first consideration is ability to serve the Government. He is ever at his post, and devotes himself unceasingly to his public duties. Questions of state, matters of national moment, receive the calm consideration of the practical man. He doubtless consults his Cabinet, is not unmindful of the great organs of public opinion; then weighing each matter in the scales of a "just and unstrained construction of the Constitution," he decides for himself, and will change his views only for good and weighty reasons. He never forgets that, if he be the head of a party, he is President of the Republic. He seeks to bury all remembrances of fratricidal war, and draw closer and closer the bonds of fraternal affection. He will, as President, beyond question cultivate friendly relations with all foreign powers, but I am sure he will never forget that America has a policy of her own, from which he will never swerve. Above all, economy and integrity shine resplendent in every department, and he courts the severest scrutiny into every official act."

PARNELL MAKES NO SIGN.

The agitation, protestation, vacillation, and insubordination on the part of Englishmen of all political proclivities during the short interval between the election and the meeting of Parliament, are strikingly contrasted with the imperturbability of Mr. Parnell and the perfect discipline with which his example of reticence is followed by his Nationalist colleagues.

So formidable is the tactical advantage secured by this reserve that every device would naturally be essayed by both Tories and Liberals to commit the Home Rulers to a definition of the minimum concession they would accept. But it is pretty certain that however modest might be the demand thus prematurely outlined British opinion would insist on yielding less. It is lucky, therefore, that neither the sunshine of blandishment nor the blast of objurgation has moved the Irish leader to cast off his wonted cloak of taciturnity.

It requires extraordinary gifts to exercise at such a juncture a vigilant and iron self-repression, and to enforce a scrupulous adherence to the same policy of silence upon fourscore members of Parliament, every one of whom may be subjected to probings, pumpings and cajoleries. We would not disparage the great powers and services of O'Connell, but is the simple truth to say that with his fervid temperament he could not in a crisis like the present have fixed a seal upon his lips. The confidence and exultation with which he would survey the phalanx of supporters at his back and the ripe occasion offered by the equilibrium of parties would almost certainly betray him into some grave error of strategy. But by consummate strategy alone can a majority of 80 hope to wrest home rule from an assembly of 670. There has never, indeed, been any lack among Irish patriots of daring soldiers or dashing cavalry commanders; what Ireland has lacked has been a general. She has one at last.

We are now beginning, also, to appreciate the imperative necessity of the measures taken at the Dublin conference to insure unanimity and subordination among the Parliamentary promoters of home rule. We can see why every Nationalist was asked in advance not only to efface his private judgment before the deliberate decision of his party, but also resign his seat should he be pronounced leaky or refractory by a majority of his colleagues. Of course the eighty Parnellite members have their share of rashness and ductility, and who doubts but that, without the stringent measures taken, some of them, under pressure or seduction, might have committed themselves, if not their leader, to positions and assertions they might have to disavow? It is the men who talk too much who are observed to do too little, and to British onlookers the present silence in the Irish ranks is a fact of grim significance.

It will be noticed, also, that the reticence maintained by Mr. Parnell applies only to details, to the mere machinery by which his capital aim shall be effected. There is no mystery whatever about the fundamental object for which he is contending. The central, indispensable basis of negotiation has already been proclaimed. No proposition from the Liberals or Tories will be even entertained, unless it embodies a consent to revive the Dublin Parliament. So much has been published—but no more. It would have been folly, on the other hand, to formulate beforehand the precise checks and balances by which the functions an Irish legislature can be adjusted to the workings of the British Constitution. To devise such means of accommodation is the business of the British statesmen who essay to solve the home rule problem; it will be for Mr. Parnell to accept or repel them, according as it may seem congruous or incompatible with his unswerving purpose of securing self-government for Ireland. When Mr. Gladstone or Lord Salisbury shall have wrought out and brought forward a scheme purporting to attain that object, will be the time for him to speak.—*N. Y. Sun.*

Mr. Parnell Misses His Train.

DUBLIN, Jan. 11.

Sixty out of the eighty-six Parnellite members of Parliament attended the meeting here to day, called for the purpose of holding a conference on the political situation and to draft a line of action to be adopted at the forthcoming session of Parliament. The discussion was devoted mainly to the subject of home rule. Reporters were not admitted and therefore no details of the meeting can be given.

Mr. Parnell was not present. He left London last evening for the purpose of attending the conference, but quit the train at Crowe to partake of refreshments, and when he returned to the platform he found the train had left.—He again started for Dublin this morning and arrived at Chester at the same time as did Mr. Gladstone, who was on his way to London. Mr. Gladstone and Mr. Parnell were on the same platform for a few minutes before the restarting of their respective trains, but neither of the leaders spoke to the other.

Singular Will of a Miser.

The following singular will was made by a miser in Ireland: "I give and bequeath to my sister-in-law, Mary Dennis, four old worsted stockings, which she will find underneath my bed; to my nephew, Charles Macartney, two other pair of stockings, lying in a box where I keep my linen; to Lieutenant Johnson, of His Majesty's Fifth Regiment of Foot, my only pair of white cotton stockings and my old scarlet great coat; and to Hannoh Burke, my housekeeper, in return for her long and faithful service, my cracked earthern pitcher."

Hannah, in high wrath, told the other legatees that she resigned to them her valuable share of the property, and then retired. In equal rage, Charles kicked down the pitcher, and, as it broke, a multitude of guineas burst out and rolled along the floor. This fortunate discovery induced those present to examine the stockings, which, to their great joy, were crammed with money.

THE reports of the Pope's feebleness are declared to be grossly exaggerated, and his Holiness is said to be enjoying unusually vigorous health. It is difficult to believe any item of news affecting so important a personage when that item has been communicated to the Continental press by parties interested. Leo XIII is an old man, whose health has always been delicate, and whose death might reasonably be expected at any moment. At the same time people of his constitution—pre-eminently the scholar's—are apt to reach great ages through temperance and care. Everyone will wish that the amiable and talented Pontiff may, like his predecessor upon the throne, see and exceed the "years of Peter." His is a transition Pontificate, such as a man of his temper and character will administer most safely, and illustrate most acceptably in the eyes of outer nations; and it is for the best interests, alike of the Church and the world, that this period should be made as long and as quiet as possible. —*Philadelphia Record.*

ANY man or woman making less than $40 weekly should try our easy money-making business. We want agents for our celebrated Madame Dean Spinal Supporting Corsets; also, our Spinal Supporter, Shoulder Brace, and Abdominal Protector Combined (for Men and Boys). No experience required. Four orders per day give the Agent $150 monthly. Our Agents report four to twenty sales daily. $3 outfit free. Send at once for full particulars. State sex. LEWIS SCHIELE & Co., 390 Broadway, N. Y.

ALL AT SEA.

The Much Discussed Question of Home Rule.

LONDON, Jan. 10.—Politicians of all shades seem to be thoroughly at sea concerning the probable program the great parties will decide upon with regard to the much discussed question of home rule. The leaders of all parties have suddenly become very reticent, and the closest questioning fails to draw from them an utterance upon which the remotest idea as to the stand they will take on the Irish question can be based.

Mr. Gladstone appears to be in a state of great perplexity, and is apparently more or less nonplussed by the conflicting elements within his own party. He seems to realize that it would be the sheerest folly to attempt to give battle to give battle to the Tories with his own forces so much at variance and so much disorganized as they are at present. How to overcome all bickerings and get his forces united on some definite plan of action causes him much anxiety, and the mental strain under which he is laboring has caused great apprehension among his friends, who fear that he may be prostrated at the most vital moment.

SALISBURY'S SCHEMES.

On the other hand, Lord Salisbury has his political forces well organized, and, it is asserted, is planning and scheming to forestall any contemplated aggression by his opponents. He is acting with the utmost caution, and will, it is stated on good authority, be able to meet any attack upon his policy with a much bolder and more compact front than many anticipate. He is said to be quietly throwing up fortifications, and hopes through the presentation of a program containing measures of such a liberal nature to discomfit his opponents and demoralize them in the very threshhold. He hopes by this plan to bring the moderate Whigs over to his support and thereby augment his forces materially.

GLADSTONE'S PREDICAMENT.

Mr. Gladstone, sorely hampered as he is by the apparent impossibility of getting his forces to combine on any plan with regard to legislation for Ireland, will be at a disadvantage, and it will be impossible for him to antagonize the indefatigable Tory leader with any hope of success. Unless he can bring about an agreement upon some concerted plan of action by his followers it is believed he will adopt no policy, and watch for a favorable opportunity to strike his opponents and drive them to the wall. In Conservative circles it is freely hinted that the present Government will assume a defensive attitude, and use every means at their command to induce Mr. Gladstone to reveal himself before they venture to move.

REPRESENTATIVE LOUTITT, of California, is a "blacksmith congressman," and it is related that during the last electoral campaign an opposing paper said he was "not high-toned enough" to represent that district. "His father was a blacksmith and he is a blacksmith," it said, "and he would better be at the anvil than in Congress." Not long after Loutitt made a speech in the town where that paper was published. He read the paragraph quoted aloud and then "It's all true," he said, "my father was a blacksmith, and I am a blacksmith; but I am not ashamed of it.—And if I can find the little rascal who wrote that editorial I will let him know that I still possess a blacksmith's arm."

A Valuable Medical Treatise.

The edition for 1886 of the sterling Medical Annual, known as Hostetter's Almanac, is now ready, and may be obtained, free of cost, of druggists and general country dealers in all parts of the United States, Mexico, and indeed in every civilized portion of the Western Hemisphere. This Almanac has been issued regularly at the commencement of every year for over one fifth of a century. It combines, with the soundest practical advice for the preservation and restoration of health, a large amount of interesting and amusing light reading, and the calendar, astronomical calculations, chronological items, etc., are prepared with great care, and will be found entirely accurate. The issue of Hostetter's Almanac for 1886 will probably exceed the largest edition of a medical work ever published in any country. The proprietors, Messrs. Hostetter & Co., Pittsburgh, Pa., on receipt of a two cent stamp, will forward a copy by mail to any person who cannot procure one in his neighborhood.

WAR horses, when hit in battle, tremble in every muscle and groan deeply, while their eyes show deep astonishment. During the battle of Waterloo some of the horses as they lay upon the ground, having recovered from the first agony of their wounds, fell to eating the grass about them, thus surrounding themselves with a circle of bare ground, the limited extent of which showed their weakness. Others were observed quietly grazing on the field, between the two hostile lines, their riders having been shot off their backs, and the balls flying over their heads and the tumult behind, before and around them caused no interruption to the usual instinct of their nature.

Thousands Say So.

Mr. T. W. Atkins, Girard, Kan., writes: "I never hesitate to recommend your Electric Bitters to my customers, they give entire satisfaction and are rapid sellers." Electric Bitters are the purest and best medicine known and will positively cure Kidney and Liver complaints. Purify the blood and regulate the bowels. No family can afford to be without them. They will save hundreds of dollars in doctor's bills every year. Sold at fifty cents a bottle by E. James.

—A fire broke out in the block of buildings bounded by Coral, Adams, Taylor, and Emerald streets, at Philadelphia on Monday last. Nearly the entire block was destroyed. Two large buildings on the opposite side of Adams street caught fire and were also destroyed. The buildings were owned by the Arnett Steam Power Mills Company, and were leased to a number of occupants. Nine hundred people were employed in the buildings, and the fire throws them out of work. Snow and ice hindered the firemen a great deal. The total loss is placed at $1,000,000, on which there is a very considerable insurance.

MY BOY (three years old) was recently taken with cold in the head, which seemed finally to settle in his nose, which was stopped up for days and nights so that it was difficult for him to breathe and sleep. I called a physician who prescribed, but did him no good. Finally I went to the drug store and got a bottle of Ely's Cream Balm. It seemed to work like magic. The boy's nose was clear in two days, and he has been o. k. ever since.—E. J. Hazzard, New York.

—Anna Casner, a prepossessing young lady of W. Va., and the daughter of a farmer in comfortable circumstances, died on Saturday last in frightful agony from the effects of poison administered by her own hands. The girl had become infatuated with a young Mormon apostle, who has been endeavoring for some time past to obtain converts in that state, and the refusal of her parents to allow her to accompany him to the West was the cause of her rash act.

THOUSANDS OF ABLE MEN FAIL IN LIFE for purely physical reasons. They are not torpid but their liver is, and the liver blocks the way. They are bilious, yellow skinned, headachy and miserable, all because that great gland declines to do its work. The medicine that can restore to this organ its natural power will add one hundred per cent. to the available force of this world. We know of but one thing able to do this—Dr. Kennedy's Favorite Remedy.

—Dr. C. C. Abbott's collection of stone implements of the American Indians, now on exhibition in the Peabody museum of archæology, at Cambridge, Mass., is considered one of the most important of the kind ever brought together, and one which archæologists will consult for all time to come. It contains more than 20,000 stone implements and several hundred objects made of bone, clay and copper, and was gathered almost wholly in the neighborhood of Trenton, New Jersey.

NEWS AND OTHER NOTINGS.

—Dr. A. W. Brown, Mystic, Conn., says: "I have a case of dropsy resulting from heart disease which Hunt's Remedy relieved at once."

—William McLoney, aged sixty, a wealthy farmer, was found dead in his sleigh by the roadside, near Akron, O., on Monday. The body was frozen stiff, and it is supposed McLoney was overcome by the cold while driving.

—The highest marriage celebrated in Colorado this year was that of Oscar Olsen and Miss Conners, who were wedded on snow shoes on the top of the divide, 15,000 feet above the sea.

—"The ladies especially go into ecstacies over Parker's Hair Balsam," writes Mr. J. Decker, druggist, of Findlay, Ohio. "They say it is the most elegant dressing they ever used." Stops falling hair, restores color, promotes growth.

—Father Kolasinsk, the deposed Polish Catholic priest at Detroit, has, with the assistance of his attorney, prepared an appeal to the ecclesiastical authorities at Rome. It sets forth the charges made against him, and denies their truthfulness.

—Some say "Consumption can't be cured." Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, as proved by forty years' experience, will cure this disease when not already advanced beyond the reach of medical aid. Even then its use affords very great relief, and insures refreshing sleep.

—On Friday, Charles Williams, colored, convicted of outraging Mrs. Keene, white, was hanged at Cambridge, Md. He protested his innocence. When the clergymen spoke to him of eternity he said: It is too late. I am going to hell, where I shall meet my accusers.

—A fatal disease has made its appearance among the milch cows in many of the counties of Central Illinois, which is attributed to the eating of mouldy and rotten corn which farmers left in their fields. The animals when first attacked are seized with dizziness and fall down, many of them dying.

—At Baldwin, Wis., Saturday night, Mrs. Gunderson left three children in the house while she went out to milk a cow. In some way unknown the children overturned the lamp, exploding, it and the clothes of the youngest child were set on fire. The house with contents was entirely consumed. In the debris the charred body of the child was found.

—John Schauf, reputed fairly well off, died lately near Alburtis, Lehigh county, aged 90, and when the appraisement was made of his goods $4,000 in hard cash was found in the house. Piles of silver and gold were found stored in corners and drawers, including French, Spanish and English coins, some of the pieces being over 100 years old.

—John Neitz, a farmer, of Upper Saucon, Pa., began chewing garlic twenty years ago, and chewed it so remorselessly that his wife deserted him and has not spoken to him since. But he kept on chewing, saying that it would preserve his life. He is now seventy years old, but looks like a man of forty. He promises to live to see the next centennial, though there is a wish, almost as big as the nation itself, that he will not attend it.

—Rev. John Dunn, pastor of the Catholic church at Plains, near Wilkesbarre, whose sudden death has already been announced, was regarded as one of the most learned clergymen and eloquent speakers in the diocese of Scranton. One of his actions will long be remembered. In August, 1877, when a great riot was threatened in Scranton between the steel workers and the militia, Father Dunn appeared on the scene just in time to quell it. The mob had begun to assault the soldiers with stones and a rush was made for Mayor McCune. The priest interposed and saved his life.

BROWN'S IRON BITTERS — THE BEST TONIC. PHYSICIANS AND DRUGGISTS RECOMMEND IT. QUALITY P PURITY QUANTITY. On Every Bottle. Trade Mark.

This medicine, combining Iron with pure vegetable tonics, quickly and completely **Cures Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Weakness, Impure Blood, Malaria, Chills and Fevers, and Neuralgia.**

It is an unfailing remedy for Diseases of the **Kidneys and Liver.**

It is invaluable for Diseases peculiar to **Women,** and all who lead sedentary lives.

It does not injure the teeth, cause headache, or produce constipation—*other Iron medicines do.*

It enriches and purifies the blood, stimulates the appetite, aids the assimilation of food, relieves Heartburn and Belching, and strengthens the muscles and nerves.

For Intermittent Fevers, Lassitude, Lack of Energy, &c., it has no equal.

☞ The genuine has above trade mark and crossed red lines on wrapper. Take no other. Sold only by BROWN CHEMICAL CO., BALTIMORE, MD.

PYÆMIA

Is the most virulent form of blood-poisoning. Less speedily fatal, but not less certainly so, is the vitiation of the blood of which the first symptoms are **Pimples, Sties, Boils,** and **Cutaneous Eruptions.** When the taint of **Scrofula** gives warning of its presence by such indications, no time should be lost in using AYER'S SARSAPARILLA, the only perfect and reliable medicine for the purification of the blood.

SCROFULA

Is a foul corruption in the blood that rots out all the machinery of life. Nothing will eradicate it from the system and prevent its transmission to offspring but AYER'S SARSAPARILLA. This preparation is also the only one that will cleanse the blood of Mercurial poison and the taint of Contagious Diseases. Impoverished blood is productive of

ANÆMIA,

A wretched condition indicated by **Pallid Skin, Flaccid Muscles, Shattered Nerves,** and **Melancholy.** Its first symptoms are **Weakness, Languor, Loss of Nerve Force,** and **Mental Dejection.** Its course, unchecked, leads inevitably to insanity or death. Women frequently suffer from it. The only medicine that, while purifying the blood, enriches it with new vitality, and invigorates the whole system, is

Ayer's Sarsaparilla,

PREPARED BY
Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.
Sold by all Druggists; Price $1;
Six bottles for $5.

I CURE FITS!

When I say cure I do not mean merely to stop them for a time and then have them return again, I mean a radical cure. I have made the disease of FITS, EPILEPSY or FALLING SICKNESS a life-long study. I warrant my remedy to cure the worst cases. Because others have failed is no reason for not now receiving a cure. Send at once for a treatise and a Free Bottle of my infallible remedy. Give Express and Post Office. It costs you nothing for a trial, and I will cure you. Address Dr. H. G. ROOT, 183 Pearl St., New York.

AGENTS WANTED THE UNBREAK ABLE GLASS Lamp Chimneys. Bears heavy falls; will sustain your weight on it; stands cold water splashed on hot chimney; sells at sight. Sample mailed, 25c.; one dozen by express, $1 35. Also, the NON-EXPLOSIVE, SELF-EXTINGUISHING LAMP BURNER. Has nickel reflector. No blowing down chimney; fills lamp without removing burner or chimney; no smoke, smell or danger. Sample mailed, 35c.; one dozen by express, $2 10. Both the above mailed for 60c. Address, J. E. CLOWS, Reensville, Pa.

SALARY OR COMMISSION. WANTED immediately a few Good Men to canvass for the sale of Fruit Trees, Grape Vines, Roses, &c.—Previous experience not essential.—H. P. FREEMAN & CO., Brighton, N. Y.

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Absolutely Pure.

The powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of the low test, short weight, alum or phosphate powders. *Sold only in cans.* ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 Wall St., New York.

MALARIAL POISON.

The principal cause of nearly all sickness at this time of the year has its origin in a disordered Liver, which, if not regulated in time, great suffering, wretchedness and death will ensue. A gentleman writing from South America says: "I have used your Simmons' Liver Regulator with good effect, both as a prevention and cure for malarial fevers on the Isthmus of Panama."

TAKE
SIMMONS' LIVER REGULATOR,
A Purely Vegetable Medicine.

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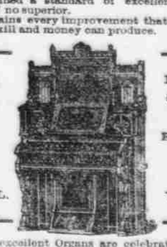

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