Cambria Freeman.

EBENSBURG, PA.,
FRIDAY, - - OCTOBER 9, 1885.

DEMOCRATIC STATE TICKET.

FOR STATE TREASURER,
CONRAD B. DAY,
of Philadelphia.

DEMOCRATIC COUNTY TICKET.

FOR SHERIFF,
JOSEPH A. GRAY,
of Carrolltown Borough.

FOR POOR DIRECTOR,
JOHN ROHABAUGH,
of Croyle Township.

FOR JURY COMMISSIONER,
E. J. BLOUGH,
of Richland Township.

FOR CORONER,
WILLIAM F. KINNEY,
of Prospect Borough.

"It speaks well for Mr. Conrad B. Day," says the Philadelphia *Record*, "that his candidacy has run along so many days in the face of a well trained, not over scrupulous and inventive political opposition without having anything said about him which he wouldn't like to read to his wife. Clean men do not always escape abuse, but it is not effective against them. Mr. Day has made friends in all parts of the State where he has shown himself."

DURING the present week ex-Governor St. John has been making Prohibition speeches in Ohio in the interest of Rev. Leonard, the Prohibition candidate for Governor. Mr. St. John was asked in Cincinnati on Monday last what he thought of the strength of the Prohibition vote in the State, and replied: "It will open some people's eyes in astonishment." The vote next Tuesday will show how much or how little he knows about it. It is plain, however, that the Prohibitionists in that State are conducting a most determined and aggressive campaign.

BENJAMIN F. MEYERS, who has been editor of the Harrisburg *Patriot* for the last eighteen years, retired from his connection with that paper on Wednesday of last week. Mr. Meyers has conducted the *Patriot* with acknowledged ability and and with true devotion to the best interests of his party, and will always hold a high place in the respect and confidence of the Democracy of the State. He is succeeded by Mr. Wm. P. Hastings, of Jefferson county, who has taken a five years' lease of the establishment. The paper has been enlarged and is printed with new type which gives it a very attractive appearance. Mr. H. starts out in his new venture with the evident purpose not only of maintaining the well established reputation of the *Patriot*, but of surpassing it if industry and energy can secure that result.

THE election in Ohio for State officers and members of the Legislature will take place on Tuesday next. Both parties express great confidence in the result. We regard the outcome as "mighty uncertain," as the Indian said of the white man, although such is not usually the verdict of Ohio. Governor Hoadly has conducted his campaign in a very fearless, creditable and able manner, and deserves success, although the race is not always to the swift nor the battle to the strong. If the people of Ohio on Tuesday next elect Hoadly and send a Legislature to Columbus that will retire John Sherman, wrapped up in his bloody shirt, to private life, and elect Allen G. Thurman to take his place in the United States Senate, they will do a good day's work, and the Democracy of the country will rise up and call them blessed.

THE Supreme Court of this State now in session at Pittsburg handed down an opinion on Monday, the case having been argued before it during the summer at Philadelphia, in which it decided that Lawrence county, which in 1883 was attached to Butler county in constituting a judicial district, has an equal right with Butler to vote in the selection of a President and Assistant law judge. This opinion finally disposes of the vexed question, can the voters of a county containing less than forty thousand inhabitants, which is attached to a county with over forty thousand people, participate with the latter in the election of a President judge, in the affirmative, and seems to be good common sense in regard to a provision in the New Constitution, the wording of which, however, has been claimed to be susceptible of a different construction.

ALTHOUGH the famous Committee of One Hundred in Philadelphia, whose energetic action in several former campaigns has proved fatal to the success of improper city and ward nominations by both parties, does not propose to take part as an organization in the present contest for State Treasurer, many of its members, acting as independent Republicans, are vigorously and openly engaged in organizing a formidable opposition to Quay's election. A short address has been issued by a committee appointed last week in which they protest against the nomination of Quay for the office of State Treasurer, "as well for the sake of the Republican party itself as upon all true principles of honest government," and announce that a public meeting would be held in the Board of Trade rooms yesterday evening to give expression to their opposition and to perfect measures to consolidate their strength. The men who are at the head of this movement are prominent and well known Republicans who have always waged a bitter warfare against boss or machine rule in politics, and it would be strange indeed if they had failed to show their hand when asked to vote for M. S. Quay, who, more thoroughly than any other man in the State, represents the machine and all that the term implies. The memory of the Philadelphia recorder bill job is still fresh in that city and will yet plague its inventor and beneficiary, who was M. S. Quay himself.

WHAT the Altoona *Tribune* don't know, or pretend to know, about the Democracy of New York, President Cleveland's own State, is hardly worth knowing. Any one who read last Monday's issue of that paper could tell exactly of what kind of worthless material the New York Democratic State ticket is composed—that they are Cleveland's "deadly enemies"—"spoilsmen, nominated by a convention of spoilsmen—that their election would be taken as an intimation to the President that his devotion to reform ideas is not acceptable to a majority of the voters of New York," and that no friend of Mr. Cleveland will shed tears over its defeat. This is what the *Tribune* said on Monday, but by Thursday it had found out what no sane man doubted, that Cleveland was in favor of the re-election of Hill, the present Democratic Governor, and thinks that Cleveland is not much better than his party. And yet this paper that stigmatizes the Democratic State candidates in New York as "spoilsmen," is supporting Quay, a notorious spoilsman, for State Treasurer—the man who, when Secretary of the Commonwealth, was William H. Kemble's go-between in the efforts of the former to bribe members of the House to vote for the Pittsburg riot damage bill—a bill that proposed to take out of the Treasury *four* millions of dollars to pay damages for the destruction of personal property, when the loss as subsequently ascertained didn't exceed *two* millions—and the man who, after Kemble's conviction and sentence by the Court, influenced the Pardon Board to set him at liberty. If Quay wasn't up to his eyes in the spoils business in his connection with this riot damage bill, what in the name of all the gods was he after?

MR. PARNELL attended a meeting at Wicklow on Monday last called to nominate two candidates for Parliament, and after that business had been disposed of he delivered a speech, in which he proclaimed in language easily understood what he demanded from England for the Irish people. In referring to this plain-spoken address, the Pittsburg *Dispatch* says:

Mr. Parnell's outspoken declaration at Wicklow of the intention of the Irish party naturally creates a sensation in England. The utterances of the Irish leader betray a good deal of confidence in the strength of his position and ability of his party to command its terms. He has never told the English so plainly what they must do to restore Ireland to her proper position in the British confederation of nations. Such uncompromising talk can only proceed from a thorough conviction that he has control of the situation.

It is quite an advance for British prejudice to reach the point of conceding legislative independence with the condition that it shall not involve separation from England nor give the right to protect Irish manufactures against English wares. When Mr. Parnell in return declares that the right of protecting Irish industry must be conceded, and that England had better trust to Irish loyalty than to make conditions with it, the usual storm of English protest that such a thing is impossible is of course a necessary consequence.

But while the English may rage and imagine a vain thing, the progress of the Irish cause seems to be resistless. Sooner or later the Irish party will be able to exact its terms and one party or the other will be forced to take the dose as Mr. Parnell prescribes it.

HENRY WARD BEECHER, who opposed Blaine last year and made stump speeches in favor of Cleveland, because, as he said, he believed Blaine was not an honest man, and felt well satisfied that Cleveland was, now avows his determination to vote for Davenport, the Republican candidate for Governor of New York, and against Hill, the Democratic candidate. There is nothing remarkable in this political Jim Crowism of Beecher's except the reason he assigns for it, viz: that by voting for Davenport he is endorsing Cleveland's straightforward and upright course as President. There are some smart men in this world who can make "the worse appear the better cause," and if Henry W. can demonstrate the truth of his proposition, he will be entitled to the belt against all comers. Beecher is a New York "Independent," and no more reliance can be placed in a politician of that stripe than in the kicking propensities of a Colorado mule.

DURING the present month the colored people of Mississippi will hold a State fair at Jackson, the capital of the State, and several hundred premiums will be distributed among the colored exhibitors of agricultural and industrial products. Premiums will be given for the best cattle, horses, sheep, swine, vegetables, fruits, dairy products and farm implements, for the best sewing, knitting, embroidery, etc. And yet John Sherman has been yelling over Ohio for the last five weeks that the black people of the South are suffering the most terrible wrongs and oppressions, and that instead of being permitted to go to the elections and vote they are chased away with shotguns by the white people and compelled to take refuge in the swamps. Sherman ought to know that the negroes in the South now vote the Democratic ticket to an alarming extent.

HON. A. A. BARKER, Chairman of the Prohibition State Committee, was in Philadelphia last week, and when asked by a reporter for the *Times*, "What will be the Prohibition vote in Ohio and Pennsylvania this fall?" made the following reply, which we put on record in order to test Mr. Barker's ability as a political prophet. He said: "The organization of the Prohibitionists is better in both Ohio and Pennsylvania than ever before and the vote is likely to be much larger. It will not be less than 25,000 in this State, and the reports from the counties would warrant an estimate of double that number of votes. Our organization is very thorough and our vote will be large. In Ohio the Prohibition vote will not be less than 40,000, according to reliable information, and it may be as high as 60,000."

IF QUAY was making a stump speech and some person in the crowd would ask him: "What is your position on the question of the consolidation of the Pennsylvania and South Pennsylvania and Beech Creek railroads, and what do you think of the anti-discrimination issue?" Quay would instinctively conclude that the man who suggested the conundrum ought to be arrested for cruelty to animals.

CARDINAL McCLOSKEY is so ill in New York that his life is despaired of and his death is hourly looked for. He is in his seventy-sixth year, and is dying, not from any specific disease, but from debility and a general breaking down of his system.

The Lynchburg Convention.

The members of the colored State Convention which met at Lynchburg, Va., last week, issued an address to the colored people of that State, which we publish below. The address knocks the last prop from under the house of Mahone and his candidate for Governor, John S. Wise:

To the colored people of Virginia: Whereas we, the colored people of Virginia, believing, as we do, that the time has come to call a halt in the unqualified support we have given the Republican party, do here, in convention assembled, solemnly declare ourselves politically independent in all matters pertaining to us as citizens and voters of this Commonwealth. We have for twenty-five years adhered to our former political associates with unparallelled fidelity because in those dark days of reconstruction the Republican party proved that it was the only party to which the colored man of the South could consistently ally himself. To that end the colored voters nobly responded and raised to power and place men who grew wealthy while administering the laws of the United States in the Southern States. We feel ever grateful for what has been done; but now the time has come for us to think, act, vote and speak for ourselves, and especially so since the Republicans have practically abandoned us in former campaigns and in all matters where the negro ought to have had recognition in proportion to voting strength and intelligence. We know, too, that many of our race have been murdered in the Southern States; but the causes which led to these sad occurrences, which have spilled our blood and created a bitter race antagonism which now retards our progress and makes it difficult for us to live in the land of our birth, are largely traceable to the mismanagement of the Federal office holders in our section. The foregoing reasons lead us to adopt such methods and to so demean ourselves as to make friends of those whose interests are identical in every way with our own. We, therefore, appeal to the colored people of our native State to look well to the altered condition of affairs, and in the future to make such political alliances as will most advance our interests educationally, financially and politically. We feel sure that there is throughout the broad limits of the Commonwealth a general disposition on the part of the white people to accord us all our rights before the law, and to meet us heartily in every advance we make for the upholding of our people. It behooves us, then, to so use our ballots that we may drive out all discordant elements in Virginia, whether they be headed by natives or aliens to the State. We also condemn the raising of the race issue by any class of men who essay to lead the masses, because it can do nothing but prove detrimental to our cause and our interest. We therefore ask a hearty co-operation of our people in Virginia to the success of our movement. We have cause to be thankful for the liberality of the present National Aministration to our people in the South. We also believe our relations to the State debt are such as to justify us in hoping that Virginia will be relieved from her present financial embarrassments by aid from the Federal Government, which will enable her better to provide for all the material interests of her citizens and bring about that universal good feeling which ought to exist between the two races.

The address was adopted, and the Convention adjourned sine die.

BLUFF.—The Republicans pretend to be in high spirits over their carrying New York. Some confiding journals outside of the State seem to be deceived by the confident air of the Republicans, and reallly believe that New York is pretty sure to go Republican this year. For the benefit of ingenious outsiders, we will say that this Republican confidence is all bluff. There is nothing behind it but the fact that those Republicans who wouldn't vote for Blaine will vote for Davenport. But the return of these votes to the Republican party is counterbalanced, to say the least, by the return to the Democratic party of those Democrats who wouldn't vote for Cleveland last fall. Finally there is the Prohibitionist vote, which in the main counts against the Republicans. For this reason, if no other, it would seem that the chances of the Democrats are the better, provided the election is as close as under ordinary circumstances elections in New York are liable to be.

We suppose that the election will be close, and that the Democrats will have to work hard to win it; but we expect that they will work hard and win. The ticket is thoroughly acceptable to the great mass of the party. The stories about Democratic dissatisfaction with it are pure invention, a part of the general plan of bluff which the Republicans have determined to use. In this way they hope to catch that drifting and unsettled vote which seeks the winning side, but they have begun too early. The facts are against them, and their present buoyancy is likely to be followed by a decided reaction before the campaign gets old.—*N. Y. Sun.*

THE colored Convention at Lynchburg, Va., on Wednesday, made a new declaration of political independence and bid good-by to the Republican party. In the declaration of this Convention Senators Sherman and Hoar can see new resons for their despair over the sad political condition of the South. When a colored convention resolves that the negroes of the South can no longer be used by any party as mere voting cattle these statesmen can account for the decline of the Republican party in that region without attributing it to violence and outrage. While the Convention deplored the outrages that have been committed in the South, it attributes them to "the mis-management of the Federal office holders" in that section. So far from manifesting any gratitude to John Sherman and the rest of the bloody shirt sympathizers in the North the Convention declares that the "raising of the race issue can do nothing but prove detrimental to the colored people." Such declarations will greatly tend to diminish the interest of the average Republican politician in the colored voter, especially when they are followed by acts. But when the negro is free from dependence on any party he will be most secure in his civil and political rights.—*Philada' Record.*

A BOSTON paper prints an interview with Gen. Neal Dow concerning the recent report that there had been a conference in New York between some of the Republican leaders and prominent Prohibitionists, including St. John and Gen. Dow, with reference to the coming election in that State. Said the General:

"There is no truth in it. Governor St. John and a few other temperance men, including myself, were in New York together, and we certainly did have a conference, but the Republican leaders were not there. We are not conferring with Republican leaders at present. We have been having some great prohibition meetings there in New York. At all of these meetings men would come to me and say: 'We have always voted the Republican ticket, but we have done so for the last time.' The Republican bosses are frightened out there, and well they may be."

—A celebrated physician declares that "Hunt's Remedy will cure any case of kidney disease that can be cured."

WASHINGTON LETTER.

From our regular Correspondent.

WASHINGTON, October 5, 1885.

The President has been very busy during the past week. As the shortening days betoken the approach of the Congressional session, fresh demands upon his time and patence appear, and his work perceptibly increases. The number of callers at his informal receptions grows larger every day, and few men could eudure the strain that Mr. Cleveland and his private secretary are obliged to daily undergo. But the former has a robust constitution, and as for Col. Lamont, I know of no other slightly built, nervous man who can accomplish so much work, with no apparent fatigue.

The President has greatly lightened his work by systematizing all his duties. He is cool, calm, self-contained, and naturally industrious, and with a happy faculty of concentrating his whole attention on each task in turn, he makes appointments and dismissals, answers correspondence, transacts business and receives visitors with equal facility. He is usually up at 7 o'clock, and breakfasts at 8. After his morning meal, he goes at once to the library, where he spends most of his time. It is a large elliptical room, on the top floor of the mansion. Adjoining it are his private suite of apartments, and the room where the Cabinet meetings are held. Col. Lamont's room opens into the latter apartment.

When the President enters the library, he finds his private secretary waiting for him, and such letters and papers as require his special attention are ready for his big oaken desk on the bay window. Here he passes several hours in disposing of the morning business, when it is time for the reception. The anti-rooms on the north side of the mansion are full of visitors, who, when the doors are opened, swarm toward the library. They hand their cards to the door keepers (who have quaint collections of cards, some of which are queer and even absurd.) The callers pass into the library or into the room of the private secretary, for Col. Lamont has almost as many visitors as his chief. For a couple of hours there is an unremitting rush for admission into the two rooms.

The President stands up throughout. He moves from man to man, and from group to group, having a pleasant word and a courteous reply for all who address him. Even to positive bores he is kindly, and it is pleasant to watch him when he finds out one of those *rara avium* who does not want an office. He has humor and keen sense of wit, and he laughs easily and musically. He has a power of repartee, which may be better known before he leaves the White House. It has served him in many trying and annoying conversations during the seven months that he has been in office.

The interviews with many callers concluded, he returns to his desk, where he works steadily, only interrupted by an occasional caller who has made an engagement for some hour in the afternoon, until after 5 o'clock. Then, if the weather is pleasant, he usually goes out for a walk or drive. He prefers walking, and his favorite stroll is around by the Washington monument, a distance of nearly a mile. Even when driving, he frequently descends from the carriage and walks. He has two carriages, a pretty little victoria and a laudau. He owns only two horses, a $1,000 team, and he has been talking about getting a third horse to fill a place in case one of the pair being undisposed. He is not especially fond of the equine race, in which respect he differs from his predecessor, in whose time the stable was full of thorough breds, and who used to drive four-in-hand. The President never rides in the saddle, probably because of some consideration of averdupois. In former days, when he weighed less than 200 pounds, horseback riding was a favorite amusement with him.

A Western Senator, who was here during the week, says he has heard very little about the Republican Senators fighting the President's nominations. He thinks that the President may possibly have a sharp contest over the 'offensive partisan' issue, but he believes that the Republican Senators could not afford to make any idle opposition to him, and play the part of the dog-in-the-manger. A Southern Congressman who was present during our interview, says that it is his opinion that the President will have a very sharp fight with the Senate. He was anxious to have this fight come. He said nothing could happen which would be better for the Democratic party. If the President becomes involved in a sharp war with the Republican Senators all Democratic differences will be forgotten.

K.

ONE of the most staunch Republican papers in New England is the New Haven *Union*. It recently made the following remarkable statement: "There are places in Connecticut, and Meriden has been one of them, where it was not healthy for a Democratic workingman to vote against the candidate backed by his Republican employers. Shotguns were not used to convince him, but methods equally effective were brought to bear." What a deafening howl would have been raised by the Republican organs throughout the country if in this emphatic style Democratic testimony were given of Democratic coercion!

The Art of Getting Vigorous

is comprised in one very simple piece of advice, improve digestion. No elaborate system of dietetics is needed. If you lack vigor, use systematically that pleasant promoter of it, Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. If you take this hint, and do not commit any excesses, there is no reason why you should not gain in strength, appetite and weight. Hosts of whilom invalids are to-day building a foundation for years of vigorous health with this sound and thorough renovator of a dilapidated physique and failing energy. Dyspepsia is eradicated by it, and the constitution fortified against disorders to which, if it were exposed, it must surely succumb—notably malarial fever. Rheumatism, inactivity of the kidneys and bladder, nervousness, and their various symptoms, disappear when it is used with persistency, not abandoned after a brief and irregular trial.

"I tell you, Husband, I want you to try it." I had suffered for years with a complaint the physicians called gravel; they had given up the attempt to help me. My wife heard of Dr. Kennedy's Favorite Remedy, and spoke as above. To please her I got a bottle. Used that and two or three more, and presently the trouble vanished never to return. My wife had a sort of inspiration that time.—Washington Monroe, Catskill, N. Y. Faith like hers deserves its reward.

You may remember I spoke to you about having been afflicted with severe sick headaches. Well, sometime ago I began taking Dr. Kennedy's Favorite Remedy in faint hope of relief. To my surprise, I have never had an attack since. How thankful I am I need hardly tell you. I heartily wish all women tortured in this way knew how certain and pleasant a cure "Favorite Remedy" is.—Sarah Woodruff, Newburg, N. Y.

—The Philanelphia grand jury, after passing upon an unusually large number of wife-beating cases, united in recommending "the re-idtroduction and passage of the bill defeated at the last session of the Legislature, punishing the crime by the whipping post."

NEWS AND OTHER NOTINGS.

—Excessive rains in Northern Georgia, Alabama and West Tennessee have done great damage to the corn crop, causing the grain to rot in the husks. Considerable damage has also been done to cotton.

—A peculiar virtue in Ayer's Sarsaparilla is that it cleanses and purges the blood from all impurities, and thereby roots out disease, it invigorates the whole system and makes one young again

—The trick elephant Tom Thumb which had a leg broken in the accident in which Jumbo lost his life, is being nursed at Bridgeport, Conn. The leg is bound in plaster of paris, and the bones are expected to unite.

—An expert, in a recent trial in Philadelphia, as reported in the *Bulletin*, swore there was no lager beer in that city. What is sold for lager is not lager, but a concoction of Weiss. It has no age to it. The brewers give the public anything and call it lager.

—Dr. E. O. Shakespeare, of this State, has been appointed by the President as Government representative to visit Spain and other cholera-inflicted countries, to investigate and report upon precautions against and treatment of that disease

—Reading is the leading hat centre of the United States, and of the twenty-three establishments in this State fifteen are located in Reading and vicinity, manufacturing 350,000 hats annually. The daily capacity of the fifteen factories is about 1,500 dozen each day.

—George Brown, colored, convicted at the last term of court of an attempted felonious assault, was publicly whipped with thirty lashes at New Castle, Del., on Saturday, and required to stand in the pillory for an hour. He also has to serve a year's imprisonment

—The marriage of a couple in Springfield, Mass., is said to have been deferred thirty-five years by the objection the betrothed had to being wedded while in mourning deaths in her family having occurred with a regularity that prevented her from going out of mourning.

—George Thompson, the razor fiend who cut Lucy Lawton, nearly to death a few months ago at Cleveland, Ohio, disfiguring that beautiful young lady for life, was sentenced to twenty years in the penitentiary on Wednesday morning. He was given the full extent of the law.

—C. D. Lester, a stock dealer, committed suicide yesterday at Burlington Junction Springs, Iowa. He was a well-known man and an old friend of President Cleveland, having been Deputy Sheriff of Erie county, New York, when Cleveland was Sheriff. No cause is assigned for the deed.

—Rev. Father Green, pastor of the Church of Our Lady Help of Christians, at Newton, Mass., was found dead on his chamber floor on Tuesday morning. He had been dead some time when found. His death was caused by asphyxia, resulting from the inhalation of gas, which escaped from a leak in a gas stove used in his room.

—Many forget that the hair and scalp need cleansing as well as the hands and feet. Extensive use of Ayer's Hair Vigor has proven that it is the best cleaning agent for the hair—that it prevents as well as removes dandruff, cools and soothes the scalp and stimulates the hair to renewed growth and beauty.

—Amelia Pool, a widow, aged fifty-five years, committed suicide at Lancaster, on Monday by hanging herself to a joist in the cellar. She was found and cut down by her son and a physician was sent for, but too late. She was perfectly sane and left behind a note concerning her family affairs.

—Henry Clay, aged 17 years, while walking on the Lehigh Valley railroad track, below Mauch Chunk, on Sunday was struck and instantly killed by a passenger train. He had stopped on the track to avoid a freight train approaching on the other. The top of his head was crushed in and his neck was broken.

—The wage differences between the window glass manufacturers and workmen at Pittsburg which threatened to result in a strike, have been satisfactorily settled and a general resumption of the factories will take place as soon as the furnaces can be put into condition for work. It is understood the workmen compromised on a ten per cent. reduction.

—On last wednesday Mrs. Lydia Parker, wife of a colored barber at Mt. Joy, Lancaster County, eloped with a fine-looking white man, who had been repairing pianos in the town for some time. The barber had suspected his wife of infidelity, and on the above date caught her and her white lover in his house. He ordered her to leave, which she did, and went off with the piano man.

—While swinging at home, in Marshall, Ill., a day or two ago, an 18 year-old girl fell to the ground, breaking both bones of the arm just above the wrist and dislocating the wrist joint, and also breaking both bones of the left leg just above the ankle joint. The doctors in the neighbourhood say that the similarity between the fractures, and both occuring on the same side, is something without precedent.

—The nuns of Montreal exhibit the most heroic and self-sacrificing conduct in the small-pox stricken districts. When no one will go near friendless sufferers from small-pox, and even policemen refuse to handle them, the nuns go at once. They are also investigating from house to house to find how many cases are kept hidden. The fact that it is nobody's special business to lift up a raving victim of small-pox found lying in the street, makes nobody willing to do it except nuns.

—A young Creole named Ulin, has just returned to New Orleans after a series of remarkable adventures, extending over a period of 20 years, broken in health, but not in spirits. During his absence he was a lieutenant in the navy, the inventor of a machine for which he got $60,000 in Paris, a gambler who spent that money in a year, a soldier in the French army in Mexico, a builder of dredges for the Suez canal, and now an agent for De Lesseps in Panama. Few men have experienced equal vicissitudes.

—Samuel K. Wilkins, Esq., Treasurer of the American Carp Culture Association, on Monday of last week drained his breeding pond near Moorestown, N. J., in which were thirteen breeders (3-year-olds). It is estimated by Captain Milton P. Pierce, who is an expert in these matters, that there were more than a million young carp in the ponds. Specimens of both the large and small fish were brought to Philadelphia and are new on exhibition at the St. Charles Hotel. The 3 year- old fish are each about two feet long, and the 3-week-old fish average about one inch in length.

—John Longwell, of Charleston, a few miles below Wellsboro, Pa., has two years past been subject to fits, being attacked suddenly and lying unconscious for hours. Within the past few months he has experienced a cold sensation in his throat occasionly, as though something was rising into his mouth. This, attended with the strange feeling in his stomach, convinced him that there was some living thing inside of him. His physician thought it would do no harm to give him an emetic, and accordingly gave his patient a large dose. The result was that Mr. Longwell threw up two snakes, one about fourteen inches long and the other a foot in length, brown in color, and both alive, and they are alive yet. Mr. Longwell was so overjoyed at the deliverance that he brought the reptiles to town and exhibited them to a few of his friends. Mr. Longwell thinks he swallowed the eggs which produced the snakes while carelessly drinking water from a spring. The snakes have been seen by a large number of persons.

—A celebrated doctor says that "other preparations as substitutes for Hunt's Remedy are worthless in comparison to it.

—Mrs. Brinkworth, the ex-postmistress of Maria, Bedford county, who was arrested sometime ago on several charges in making false returns to the Post Office Department, to increase her salary, was tried in the U. S. Court at Williamsport last week, and convicted. It is said she raised her salary by some illegal practices, from about $50 to $600. The Court sentenced her to pay a fine of $50 and costs, about $700 in all. The office was discontinued after her arrest. Mrs. B. is the wife of a Dunkard minister.

Take all in all.

—*Take* all the Kidneys and Liver *Medicines.*

—Take all the *Blood* purifiers,

—Take all the *Dyspepsia* and Indigestion *cures,*

—Take all the *Ague*, Fever, and bilious *specifics.*

—Take all the *Brain* and Nerve force *recipes.*

—Take all the *Great* health restorers.

In short, take all the best qualities of all these and the—*best,*

—*Qualities* of all the best medicines in the world, and you will find that—*Hop*

—*Bitters* have the best curative qualities and powers of all—*concentrated* in them,

—And that they will cure when any or all of these, singly or—*combined*. Fail!!!!

—A thorough trial will give positive proof of this.

Hardened Liver.

Five years ago I broke down with kidney and liver complaint and rheumatism.

Since then I have been unable to be about at all. My liver became hard like wood; my limbs were puffed up and filled with water.

All the best physicians agreed that nothing could cure me. I resolved to try Hop Bitters; I have used seven bottles; the hardness has all gone from my liver, the swelling from my limbs, and it has *worked a miracle* in my case; otherwise I would have been now in my grave.

J. W. MOREY, Buffalo, Oct. 1, 1881

Poverty and Suffering.

"I was dragged down with debt, poverty and suffering for years, caused by a sick family and large bills for doctoring.

I was completely discouraged, until one year ago, by the advice of my pastor, I commenced using Hop Bitters, and in one month we were all well, and none of us have seen a sick day since, and I want to say to all poor men, you can keep your families well a year with Hop Bitters for less than one doctor's visit will cost. I know it."

—A WORKINGMAN.

☞None genuine without a bunch of green Hops on the white label. Shun all the vile, poisonous stuff with "Hop" or "Hops" in their name.

BROWN'S IRON BITTERS

PHYSICIANS AND DRUGGISTS RECOMMEND IT.

QUALITY PURITY NOT QUANTITY. On Every Bottle.

Trade Mark

THE BEST TONIC.

This medicine, combining iron with pure vegetable tonics, quickly and completely cures Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Weakness, Impure Blood, Malaria, Chills and Fevers, and Neuralgia.

It is [illegible] remedy for Diseases of the Kidneys [illegible]

It is [illegible] for Diseases peculiar to Women, [illegible] to feed sedentary lives.

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