Cambria Freeman.

EBENSBURG, PA.,
FRIDAY, - - - - JUNE 16, 1882.

CONGRESS has now been in session something over six months, and the Committee of Ways and Means believe a *sine die* adjournment can be effected by the 10th of July.

IT is now seven weeks since the assassination of Lord Cavendish and Burke in Phoenix Park, Dublin, and as no clue has yet been obtained which promises to lead to the arrest of those who perpetrated it, the strong probabilities are that they will never be brought to public justice.

THERE is no change in the great iron workers' strike, at Pittsburg, looking to its speedy termination, but work was resumed on Monday last at the seven iron mills, in Cincinnati. The Milwaukee rolling mills are preparing to resume, and the manufacturers of St. Louis are anxious to put their works in operation at the same prices paid at Cincinnati. At Pittsburg each party—the strikers and employers—seem to regard a victory for their side as certain.

T. V. POWDERLY, of Scranton, was somewhat late in receiving official notice of his nomination for Lieutenant Governor by the Greenback-Labor State convention, but he didn't hesitate after he had been notified in declining it.—Mr. Powderly is President of the Knights of Labor society, or organization, in this State, and as he enjoys the reputation of being thoroughly honest in his efforts to promote the interest of the laboring men, he believes he can better accomplish his purpose outside of parties than by playing the part of a political demagogue.

GEORGE LEAR, who was President of Cameron's State convention, but who says he will not go near it when it meets at Harrisburg on Wednesday next in obedience to the unauthorized call of Tom Cooper, chairman of the State Committee, is credited with having made the statement in Philadelphia, a few days ago, that in his opinion if the Democrats nominate Judge Trunkey for Governor they will elect him beyond all doubt, and that he (Lear) would vote for him owing to his pure record and his admitted qualifications.

THE great and growing influence exercised by Michael Davitt can be estimated from the editorial comments of the Dublin *Mail*, the government organ, on his recent speech at Manchester, England. The *Mail* while it denounces him says: "There is no use in our shutting our eyes to the fact that in the present crisis Davitt's pronouncements are more important than those of any person in the three kingdoms. Others may prose as the equals, or even the superiors, of Davitt, but to him who looks below the surface it is as clear as the noon day sun that the Fenian convict is the real leader of the movement."

IN view of the estimate of the Postmaster General that during the coming fiscal year, the receipts of his department will more than pay its expenses, Congress ought to meet the popular demand by reducing the rate of postage on letters to two cents and on newspapers and other printed matter to half the present rate. It won't be done, however, during the present session, now rapidly drawing to a close, for the reason that the Republicans in the House have other projects in view, the principal one being to close up the business of turning Democratic members from the South out of their seats. Four Democrats have already been disposed of and others will be made to walk the plank, especially Tillman, of South Carolina, whose place is wanted by Bob Small, a convicted but unpunished colored patriot of the fine old carpet-bag days. He ought to be in the penitentiary, but the Republicans prefer having him in the House, where his vote is sure to be cast for any corrupt job that may turn up. That cheap postage, however, must soon come, does not admit of any doubt.

NO REPUBLICAN in this State has done more dirty work for the Camerons than John Cessna, who was retired from political life at the last November election by the voters of the Bedford and Somerset judicial district. In the Republican State convention of 1880, Cessna acted as the slavish tool of Don Cameron in moulding the delegation from this State to the Chicago convention, and went to the convention himself as a Grant man, though he knew his district was opposed to the third term project, which was the prime cause in bringing about the present Independent Republican movement. At last, however, he realizes the hopeless condition of his party and confessed last week that he saw no prospect but Republican defeat in "State and nation," unless something was done, and that quickly, to restore harmony. Cessna's remedy is two-fold, the first being to induce Governor Hoyt to call an extra session of the Legislature for the purpose of passing a Congressional apportionment bill. But Hoyt said emphatically three or four times last spring that he wouldn't do anything of the kind, and only a short time ago declared that in his opinion the best thing that could happen the Republican party in this State next fall would be to "get a good licking." Cessna's additional remedy, assuming that an extra session was called, is to have a new Republican State convention and a new ticket. We supposed he knew Cameron better than to believe that he would ever consent to the withdrawal of Beaver, upon whose nomination and election he has staked his political future, Cessna always and notably when he he was a brawling Democrat, has shown first-class abilities in involving his party in serious trouble, but very little skill in relieving it. He is now in the condition of a drowning man grasping at a straw, and the only thing for him to do is to shut his eyes, face the danger, and prepare to go down with the Republican ship.

THE Republican State convention will reassemble at Harrisburg on Wednesday next, to go through the empty form of ratifying Cameron's choice for Congressman-at-large in place of "glorious old Tom Marshall," who had political sagacity enough to see the approaching storm and to get out of its way by a letter of resignation. The body that will meet next Wednesday will not at all be the same convention that nominated the State ticket on the 10th of May. Marshall himself says he will not attend it, and Lear, who was its presiding officer, repudiates it, as does also Gen. Elliott, one of the Bedford county delegates, together with quite a number of delegates in various other sections of the State. Cameron's candidate, as was announced by the Philadelphia papers after Marshall's declination, is John Wanamaker, the well-known merchant of that city, and on Saturday last, twenty-four out of the forty-six delegates from that county to the State convention held a conference and agreed to support Mr. Wanamaker's nomination if he will accept it. It is not worth while to waste words in discussing his nomination, which, of course, will be made if Cameron says it must be made and Wanamaker consents. It is a matter of no sort of consequence, as we regard the issue of the present campaign, who takes Marshall's place on the ticket. That ticket will be defeated and the rule of Camerism hopelessly overthrown. He who doubts this knows next to nothing about the politics of the State and has a very poor conception of the unalterable purposes of the leaders of the Independent movement to crush out and utterly destroy the one-man power. Even a united State ticket by the two factions coming together is out of the question. Colonel McMichael, of Philadelphia, who is the Independent candidate for Congressman-at-large, in speaking a few days ago of a union of the Cameron and anti-Cameron factions said: "No true Republican will entertain such a proposition for a moment. The principles declared in the Independent platform, and of which the action of the convention is the expression, cannot be modified or changed. They are essentially true and essentially right and there can, therefore, be no compromise, no coalition." The motto with the independents is "Death to Cameronism," or, as Dr. Doane, of Williamsport, a Republican stump speaker of wide reputation, puts it: "If there is not brains enough and courage enough to turn Don Cameron out of the Republican party, it ought to die."

THE most singular Washington City rumor since the meeting of the Independent Republican convention of this State, on the 25th of May, is that Lowell, the United States Minister at London, is soon to be recalled for his base subserviency to the British government touching its arrest of naturalized American citizens in Ireland, and that Cameron will be permitted to name his successor. If there is any truth at the bottom of this rumor the obvious purpose to be affected is to strengthen Mr. Arthur's administration with Irish voters for having removed so obnoxious a man as Lowell, and also to enable Cameron to make capital with Irish voters for his State ticket in the present campaign by claiming that *his* selection of a better man than Lowell shows him to be a friend of Irish-Americans. Arthur will not hesitate to do anything that Cameron asks him to do to enable him to elect his ticket in this State at the November election. That result would materially strengthen Arthur's chances of becoming the Republican candidate for President in 1884, and as he has always been known as a "practical politician" he is keenly alive to the vast importance of maintaining Cameron's political supremacy in this State as one of the means by which his own nomination may be brought about. Don Cameron can never conciliate or produce the least impression on the Irish vote of this State. Why should he? In 1854, when Knownothingism was spawned, his sire, Simon Cameron, then one of the Democratic leaders in this State, disgraced himself and dishonored his Scotch-Irish father, by joining a Harrisburg lodge of that most infamous order, which enabled him the next year to become the nominee of the Knownothing majority in the Legislature for United States Senator. He wasn't elected, however, even though Charles R. Buckalew, the Democratic nominee, couldn't count more than twenty-five votes all told in both houses, so sweeping had been the Knownothing victory. Irishmen in this State have not forgotten Simon Cameron's hostility to them at the period of which we are speaking, and so far at least as they are concerned, the odium and contempt in which they have ever since held him will always make them the determined political enemies of his son.

THE Independent Republican campaign was inaugurated by a meeting at Library Hall, Pittsburg, on last Tuesday night, which in character, numbers and enthusiasm is represented to have been one of the most remarkable political meetings ever held in that city. The meeting was presided over by ex-Congressman Gen. J. K. Moorehead, assisted by a large number of Vice Presidents, and was addressed by Col. Levi B. Duff, of Pittsburg, Independent Republican candidate for Lieutenant Governor, Col. Wm. McMichael, of Philadelphia, candinate for Congressman-at-large, and John Stewart, of Chambersburg, candidate for Governor. We have glanced over the speeches of these three gentlemen and find, as we expected, that their beginning, middle and conclusion, or, in other words, their entire scope, is an arraignment of and a most vigorous protest against Cameronism, its personal aims and its tyrannical methods. *That* is the supreme issue in this campaign between the two wings of the Republican party, and the result involves the continued political supremacy of Cameronism on the one hand, or its complete and humiliating overthrow on the other. No man who will read what these candidates said at Pittsburg, can mistake for one moment the object they propose to accomplish, which is the political destruction of Don Cameron as the boss of the Republican party in this State.

A Slander of Irish Patriotism.

The thick-and-thin organ of Republicanism, the New York *Tribune*, denounces the Irish leaders, Parnell and Dillon, as the authors of the assassination and murder, and traduces the patriotic Irish party as a band of outlaws and cutthroats. In yesterday's issue the leading editorial is devoted to an effort to prove that Messrs. Parnell and Dillon are responsible for the crimes recently committed in Ireland, and to show that the Land League and other patriotic Irish societies are simply conspiracies against law and order and organized to terrorize and butcher those who incur their enmity. The *Tribune* would not be an exponent of the Hamiltonian idea of centralized government if it were not an admirer of British despotism under which Ireland has been crushed for nearly a century. It simply voices the sentiment of its party in denouncing the efforts of the Irish people to recover their lost liberties and it is entirely consistent in applying to Irish patriotism the theory of Thaddeus Stephens, the patron saint of sham Republicanism, that a State forced into a political union with a government to which the people are opposed has no rights except such as may be granted by that government. The *Tribune* and the Republican party have so long and so bitterly opposed home rule in the South that they cannot tolerate the idea that it should prevail anywhere in the wide world.

Terrorism and murder are to be condemned under any circumstances. The Irish leaders and the Irish people condemn as emphatically and deplore as deeply the crimes that have been committed in their country as those who admire the detestable British land laws and maintain the right of England to hold Ireland in political slavery. But injustice and oppression have driven the Irish people to desperation. Laws which do not protect but oppress bring all law into contempt in the minds of those who suffer. Such laws breed revolution, and with revolution comes anarchy and bloodshed. The Land League is a revolutionary organization and while it seeks by peaceful means to effect the reforms at which it aims it would be remarkable, indeed, if its efforts were not attended by violence on the part of those they were unable to restrain. Ireland is in a state of revolution to-day. The same excesses which attend all outbreaks of a revolutionary character are to be expected in that country. The patriots of 1776 did not think it murder to hang a tory. The frenzied loyalists and crazy secessionists of 1861 alike deemed it God's service to the cause they respectively espoused a short shrift and a long rope. Is it expected that the Irish people are exempt from the passions which have traced in blood the revolutionary history of other nations? Because war has not been declared and armies raised by the Land League to murder thousands of Englishmen and to cause the slaughter of its own adherents, does its mode of procedure fall short of revolution or are its acts the less provocative of revolutionary excesses? Or do the *Tribune* and the sham republicanism for which it speaks regard the sufferings of Ireland as not sufficient justification for revolution? It is the most short-sighted foolishness to treat the Irish uprising against the land laws as simple agrarianism and as inspired by a mere thirst for revenge upon the English oppressor. It is a political movement intended to secure self government to Ireland. It has shown such power that it may justly be regarded as accomplished revolution. Even the more advanced and thoughtful English liberals look upon it in that light and mean to show their sensibility of the fact at the parliamentary elections. It would be marvellous, therefore, that an American newspaper should manifest the rancorous hatred of the Irish cause displayed in the *Tribune* if it were not understood that the idea of home rule anywhere and every where is odious and intolerable to the party which that journal represents.—*Harrisburg Patriot, 13th.*

"A POLITICAL SECRET."—Some parties are circulating a printed letter among certain Democrats, calculated to influence the coming Democratic State convention. The letter encloses a copy of the platform of the Greenback State convention and is sent to all bank offices of corportions in the State who are Democrats. Advices to the Philadelphia *Times* and other papers have it that "it is regarded as a blow at the movement to nominate Judge Trunkey, to accomplish his defeat directly or to make a platform upon which he could not possibly stand. It is said that Hopkins is in the movement, and that the circular can be traced back to William L. Scott, of Erie." The circular runs as follows:

PITTSBURGH, June 11, 1882.

DEAR SIR: It now seems possible for the Democratic party to carry this State, and thus gather power for the next Presidential contest. The issues now, if successful, will be likely to be adopted then, and anything objectionable should, therefore, be carefully excluded from the platform of the party at the coming convention. The enclosed platform, it will be observed, antagonizes banks, railroads, telegraphs, and large land-holders as monopolies, thus seeking to prejudice the people against the right of every man or association of men to manage its own property on the business principles recognized throughout all history. Since the war, whenever the Democratic party has leaned to the heresies set forth in the enclosed platform, it has met with overwhelming defeat. Witness the elections in this State last fall and repeatedly in Ohio, and now, that it may again come to the front, care should be taken that a sound, outspoken, business platform may be adopted and the right kind of candidates nominated on it. See the delegates, if already elected, and impress upon them your view. If not elected, see that the right kind of men are sent from your district or county. Attend the conventions if your delegates are disposed to be communistic, and neutralize their influence.

OF the celebrated 306 who voted for Grant at Chicago forty-three were from New York, but Clerical Error Stoughton having died there remain but forty-two to receive the medals struck in commemoration of the shameless persistency of these men in the effort to restore corrupt boss rule. The Utica *Observer* has prepared a list of these and finds that only one among the whole lot has never held an office, while the remaining forty-one have averaged over two offices each, having among them held eighty-seven salaried positions, from which they have drawn in all about $2,000,000. That is the material out of which the Grant phalanx was composed. And it is about the same in Pennsylvania. Beaver leads the list and sold Blaine out for the promise of the Gubernatorial nomination. Don Cameron has paid the wages of sin and it remains to be seen if the people will ratify the bargain.—*Pittsburg Post.*

THE thinnest thing out, says the Pittsburg *Post*, is the secret circular, suggesting that the Democrats should lay down a certain sort of platform at their State convention to antagonize the labor element of the State. Whether it had a Cameron or a Greenback origin, the fabrication is transparent and shows a lack of invention. It is probably the work of a newsgatherer scant of material. The story of the movement to nominate General Hancock for Governor, on his recent visit to York, was started by an inventive 'special,' bound to have a "sensation" and a "beat." It took pretty well, and called forth columns of editorial in the New York papers. There is a strong possibility that the circular referred to may be one end of Cameron's business scare.

—Twelve divorce suits have been entered in Erie within a week.

THE NEW SILK INDUSTRY.

The greatest incentive to engage in silk culture is the knowledge that there is a home market for $15,000,000 worth of floss, which American manufacturers are obliged to import from foreign lands. The other consideration is, that silk culture furnishes women and children in the rural districts with a congenial occupation that does not require constant attention, and so will not interfere with household duties.

In view of these facts the Women's Silk Culture Association of Philadelphia was organized two years ago, for the attention of the women of the country to the opportunity given them for establishing a new industry, both suitable and profitable; and also to give the necessary instructions to all desiring to engage in silk culture.

The success of this pioneer association is remarkable; there has been aroused a wide spread interest in the cultivation of cocoons, which must go on increasing until the aim of the association is fulfilled.

This fact was most forcibly presented at the last exhibition of the association at which the display of coccoons was very fine and interesting. The chief feature of the exhibition was the display of specimen cocoons by the twenty-six contestants for the Strawbridge & Clothier premiums. The first of which, by the way, was carried off by Mrs. Rebecca Taylor (mother of Bayard Taylor) who is over 82 years of age, and a sufferer from paralysis.

The association announces that thro' the liberality of Messrs. Strawbridge & Clothier, the well-known dry goods merchants of Philadelphia, it is again enabled to offer to the silk culturists the sum of five hundred dollars in ten premiums, as follows: first premium, $100; second premium, $75; third premium, $65; fourth premium, $60; fifth premium, $50; sixth premium, $45; seventh premium, $40; eighth premium, $30; ninth premium, $25; tenth premium, $10. For these premiums any resident of the United States may contest. From the ten largest amounts of cocoons, one pound will be taken, without selection, and the test of reeling applied; the quantity and quality will be the conditions for premium. Application for competition must be endorsed and the amount of this year's cocoons raised by the culturist, testified to by some responsible person. Stock must be sent no later than December 1, 1882.

Anyone with sufficient land to grow a few mulberry trees can add the rearing of silk worms to their daily care and find it a source of pleasure and profit. The work occupies but a small portion of the year, and a child can attend to the daily gathering of leaves and feeding the worms. If a supply of mulberry leaves cannot be had, an osage orange hedge will answer every purpose. The osage orange leaf is admirable food for the silk worms, from which they spin splendid silk.

A very interesting event of national interest, connected with the subject of silk culture, has just occurred in Philadelphia. The Women's Silk Culture Association selected silk from twenty-six families living in fourteen States; had it spun on a "Yankee" reel, made into a web of twenty-eight thousand webs of silk, and woven as a brocade on a Jocquad loom, requiring three thousand six hundred needles to form the original and striking design. This is the first brocade ever woven in America of American silk; and probably the the heaviest in texture of any brocade ever woven. It is known as the Garfield dress, as it is the intention of the association to present this magnificent fabric to Mrs. James A. Garfield.

VICAR GENERAL QUINN, of New York, recently mentioned Captain DeLong, of the Jeannette expedition, as one of his proteges at the Sunday school of St. Peter's church, in Barclay street, New York, as long ago as 1856. "He and his mother, who was a very charming Irish lady," said the Vicar General "lived in Beekman street, I think, and he came to the Sunday school quite regularly. He showed signs of great brilliancy so that I took an exceptional interest in him. He passed many hours with me, and I used to take great pleasure in answering the questions of the bright dear boy. Ben Wood, who was then our representative in Congress for the district, told me that he had an appointment for the Naval Academy, and asked me if I did not know some capable boy whom he could justly recommend. I recommended DeLong, giving him a letter to Mr. Wood, who appointed him after a very satisfactory examination. While he was at the Naval Academy he would always write to me and visit me in vacation, and seemed to bear me in kindly remembrance. From one of his travels in the Holy Land he brought me the top of a little round table as a pleasant souvenir, and indeed, always showed me a great affection. I am most grieved at his sad end. I cannot recall any special incidents of his boyhood, when I knew him more closely, as it is such a long time ago."

THREE MURDERERS LYNCHED IN KANSAS.—Peter Vineyard, George Robinson and Ike King, all colored, were taken from jail at Lawrence, Kan., on Saturday morning, at 1 o'clock, by a crowd of vigilantes, and hanged from the bridge. Sheriff Asher offered all the resistance in his power, but was compelled to submit. Robinson pleaded for his life and fell on his knees three times while being taken to the point of execution. King said, when he was about to drop: "Boys, let me down easy." The men beyond said: "Did you let Bausman down easy?" and gave King a shove. The necks of Vineyard and Robinson were broken, but King's was not. Last night there was talk of revenge by the colored people, though most of them say the punishment was deserved. Vineyard had his life insured for $5,000. The crime for which these three men were thus summarily punished was the murder of David Bausman, of Southern Ohio, a well-to-do farmer. Bausman came to Lawrence about a week ago on a visit to relatives in the country, became intoxicated and was lured to the river bank by a degraded daughter of Vineyard, where the three murdered and robbed their victim. All confessed their guilt after arrest.

DR. J. S. MCKENZIE, the New York Oculist, who is stopping at the Mansion House, intends leaving here in a day or two. The Doctor has been very actively engaged in the practice of his profession during his stay here of three months. From our exchanges before he came to our town, and from many persons that he has treated since he came here, we have heard the best reports regarding his skill and success in the treatment of eyes. One notable case among many the Doctor treated here is young Grant Barnitz, brother of lawyer Barnitz. This young gentleman had to leave off going to school over a year ago on account of his eyes. He tried and did everything to overcome the difficulty but without success until he came under the care of Dr. McKenzie. The trouble has been removed. His sight he informs us is now good and does not bother him a particle. The Doctor made many warm friends here, and we are glad to say, on the eve of his departure, he did a vast amount of good. We cheerfully recommend him to the afflicted wherever he may go.—*Carlisle Valley Spirit.*

A FAMILY AND COMMUNION WINE.—The grape crop of A. Speer's vineyards in New Jersey last year was double that of any previous year. His vineyards in New Jersey have so increased each year that he has been enabled to keep a stock five or six years ahead. None sold less than four years old. It has become a popular wine among the best physicians in New York, and is largely used for communion purposes, and for weak and aged persons. For sale by E. James, Ebensburg, Pa.

RESTORED TO SIGHT.—Senator Alexander's son, who was obliged to leave college six months ago on account of some affection of his eyes, is back again at the State College with restored eyesight. Dr. McKenzie, the New York oculist, attended the case and thanks to his skill Mr. Alexander informs us his eyes and sight are better than they have ever been. The disease was functional and known to oculists as Compound Myopic Astigmatism.—*Bellefonte Centre Democrat.*

HEALTH IS WEALTH.—Hires' Improved Root Beer package makes five gallons of a delicious, wholesome, sparkling temperance beverage. Ask your druggist for it, or sent by mail for twenty-five cents. Charles E. Hires, 48 North Delaware Avenue, Philadelphia, Pa. [6-0.-13t.]

NEWS AND OTHER NOTINGS.

—A little North Carolina girl got hold of a jug of whisky, and drank until she fell dead.

—Three rafts, containing 27,000 cubic feet of timber, were recently sold at Marietta for $7,000.

—For lame back, side, or chest, use Shiloh's Porous Plaster. Price 25 cents. At James' drug store.

—Amelia Wells, a gypsy queen, with attendants and forty horses and wagons, is encamped near Erie.

—Croup, Whooping Cough and Bronchitis immediately relieved by Shiloh's Cure. At James' drug store.

—Harris French, delirious from small-pox jumped out of a window of the Leavenworth pest-house and broke his neck.

—Five lives were lost by a terrible storm in Southern Colorado last Saturday. Great destruction of property is reported.

—Emmeline West, of Richmond, has been poisoned once, shot twice, and stabbed three times, but is still alive and well.

—Shiloh's Cough and Consumption Cure is sold by us on a guarantee. It cures consumption. At James' drug store.

—A man named Priest and his wife while boating at Neenah, Wisconsin, on Sunday, were carried over a dam and drowned.

—Nervousness, peevishness, and fretting, so often connected with overworked females' lives, is rapidly relieved by Brown's Iron Bitters.

—Mrs. Byer, 70 years of age, was killed by a ram a short distance from her residence, in Ovid township, Branch county, Michigan, one day last week.

—William Gaylord Gordon, aged 115, died near Mount Gilead, O., on the 11th instant. He was a confirmed slave to tobacco, which habit no doubt hastened his death.

—Patrick McSweeney, a railroad laborer, living near Pittsburgh, struck and killed his wife with an axe on Friday night while insane from jealousy. He was arrested.

—Shiloh's Vitalizer is what you need for constipation, loss of appetite, dizziness, and all symptoms of dyspepsia. Price 10 and 75 cents per bottle. At James' drug store.

—The first lot of new oats was received in St. Louis from Texas and sold at auction on Monday noon at fifty-five cents in bulk and fifty-eight and one-half cents in sacks.

—The four-year-old son of N. W. Baker, of Bethlehem township, Washington county, got the metal cap off a lead pencil Wednesday, in his mouth, and slipping into his throat choked him to death.

—An angry young man struck his brother with a stone at Woodstock, Va., and then, thinking he had killed him, and being stricken with remorse, committed suicide. The brother was only stunned.

—William Mitkesen, of Boston, while hunting with a party in the vicinity of Lake Piseco, N. Y., last Saturday, was killed by a bear. The guide who went to his rescue was probably fatally injured.

—Robert Stephenson, the largest sawmill owner in Michigan, died at Menominee on Thursday night, from the effects of inhalation of fumes from a dam pit suddenly blown into his face by a change of wind.

—Gus Anders, proprietor of the Ocean View hotel, Atlantic City, who, it is said, was made insane by protracted sickness, on Saturday afternoon stabbed his wife and then cut his own throat. Both are expected to die.

—A Little Rock special from the Indian territory says a terrible storm passed over Broken Arrow and the surrounding country on Monday last. The damage to crops and property is very large. Several lives were lost.

—Lieutenant Danehower has learned from Melville that a memorandum was found on the body of De Long, of the Jeanette, dated October 18, 1881, show that at that date four of De Long's party were dead and another dying.

—D. W. Vanderhoof, who stole $100,000 while bookkeeper of the First National bank of St. Paul, pleaded guilty on an indictment and was sentenced to ten years in the penitentiary at Stillwater. He lost $30,000 in one wheat deal.

—Michael Davitt who sailed for this country on Friday last, says his object is to make an appeal toward the support of Miss Anna Parnell and Ladies Land League. He is announced to speak at Troy, N. Y., on the Fourth of July.

—Nathan T. Luck, a prominent farmer of Bedford county, Va., was driving a carriage to church on Sunday, when the horses ran away, overturning the vehicle. One of his two daughters was killed outright and the other seriously injured.

—In Monroe county, Mississippi, on Sunday, a 7-year-old white girl named Arknew was feloniously assaulted by George Becket, colored. Becket was arrested and committed to jail, but at night a mob took possession of him and hanged him to a tree.

—The Philadelphia *Press* implores Governor Hoyt to stand forth as the deliverer of the Republican party from the depth of perplexity. As the recognized head of the party in the state he is asked to issue a call for a new convention. That is an original idea.

—John Tibbits, aged fourteen, who recently murdered Washington and Ferbach, near Red Eye, Minn., incited by novel reading to win notoriety, was taken from jail on Thursday night by twenty men and hanged to the top rung of a ladder placed against a telegraph pole.

—Mrs. Guadalonpe Flores was assassinated in the street at Los Galos, New Mexico. Her former husband, John Warsly, recently released from the penitentiary, is supposed murdered her in revenge for her having obtained a divorce and remarried during his incarceration.

—Two ponies of Oregon ought to get up a jubilee. Six hundred Chinese en route from Hong Kong to Portland were shipwrecked at Yebo. The delay will not enable them to reach this country before the anti-Chinese bill goes into effect, so they will be sent back whence they came.

—A dispatch from London says: Walter M. Bourke, a Galway landlord, was shot dead Thursday, while returning from Gort, Ireland. His soldier escort was also killed. Bourke was riding in front of his escort when a volley from rifles was fired for them behind a wall and both fell dead.

—Amsley passed himself off as a bachelor at Fairfield, and was a favorite with the girls until they learned that he had a wife in another Iowa village. Then they formed a procession, with brass band and marched him to the railroad station, where he was glad to take a train without further punishment.

—A sad sight was witnessed at Washington, Pa., Monday afternoon. Little Jackie Baldwin, an eight-year-old child, was picked up in an alley dead drunk. He had been lying exposed to a dashing rain, and when carried to a house near by, it was thought he could not recover. He is getting all right again.

—The San Francisco *Post* says that in a yard at the southwest corner of I and Sixth streets, Sacramento, is a lily, the flower of which is a foot and a half in length and of a deep purple color—almost black, while the pistil is coal black. The flower attracts much attention. It appears to be a floral accident.

—Twenty persons were killed and the English, Greek and Italian Consuls were wounded during a riot in Alexandria on Sunday last. Two hundred marines were to be landed from a British man-of-war on Sunday night to protect the British inhabitants. The full particulars of the riot have not yet been obtained.

—Two sons of Eli Charlebois, aged 4 and 14 years, were drowned in the river at Clayton, N. Y., on Thursday, while after a pail of water. It is supposed that the younger brother fell into the water and the elder endeavored to save him, as his coat and vest were found on the river bank. Both bodies have been recovered.

—A. J. Cassatt, First Vice President of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, will resign early in October next. He has wisely concluded not to wait until he is completely broken down by the arduous labors of his position, as was the case with Messrs. Thomson and Scott and so many public men. He will sail for Europe in the fall.

—In an attempt by a deputy sheriff to arrest the proprietor of the Grand Circus Royal for exhibiting at Southwest City, Mo., without a license, a performer named McBride was shot three times and killed; one Seaborn was shot badly in the breast, and David Robin, an assistant deputy, was shot in the knee. All the circus men were arrested.

—In Davenport, Iowa, the magazine of the Oriental powder company was struck by lightning and exploded with terrific force, hurling stones in every direction, one weighing eighty pounds a quarter of a mile. One was thrown into a house, striking a bed in which two children slept. Windows were broken a mile away. The report and jar were noticed a mile off.

—Flora Tomlinson, aged 5 years, living at No. 829 North Second street, Philadelphia, died on Sunday from worriment, caused by her mother's absence. The latter went to the country to work some time ago and the little girl was left with the grandmother. The child had never before been separated from her mother, and pined away until Saturday night, when she expired quietly.

—Mrs. Maggie Langren, of Chicago, fell from the third-story window to the sidewalk, a distance of forty feet, on Sunday afternoon, striking on her head and shoulders. She died on the way to the hospital. From the fact that her husband and brother had a quarrel in the room a few minutes before, and she was heard to say she "would rather be in hell than there," the supposition is it was a case of suicide.

—Lena Sherman was a reputable girl of Iowa, but her lover proved to be a horse thief and was sent to the penitentiary. His counsel thought that a new trial might be obtained by appealing, but there was no money to meet the expense. So Lena stole a horse in a neighboring county, sold it, and devoted the money to the appeal. The convict gained his liberty, but the girl went to prison. Gov. Sherman has just pardoned her.

—While a farmer named Laberge was crossing the bridge at Montmorency Falls with his married daughter, in a wagon, on Saturday night, the horse became unmanageable, and threw the wagon against the side of the bridge. The rail broke, throwing Laberge out upon the bridge and pitching his daughter with the horse and wagon into the torrent 300 feet below. The unfortunate woman leaves seven children. Her body, which was swept over the falls, has not been recovered.

—The New Orleans *Times-Democrat* tells of a strange incident which occurred a few days ago near Copenhagen, Ala., a small town below Chattanooga. While a small colored boy was at work in a corn field, a large eagle was seen to swoop down suddenly and land on the boy's back. It thrust its sharp talons into his neck and back and made a strenuous effort to carry him off. The little fellow's screams attracted the neighbors and when they approached the bird flew away.

—Egidius Hoch, a young man, in company with his wife, while in St. Mary's church, Buffalo, on Sunday morning, became uneasy and started to go home. His wife, supposing him faint, took him in her arms, when he drew a razor, cut his own throat, and, staggering a few steps, fell dead in the aisle. High Mass was stopped and there was great excitement. On Decoration day Hoch drove a wagon over a woman accidentally; he was nervous over fear of arrest ever since, and it is supposed he grew insane.

—Walter M. Bourke, the landlord recently shot in Ireland, was well known and generally hated for his ferocity towards tenants by evictions. It is alleged he had been in India, where he had seen English collectors scatter the natives with a whip and supposed he could deal with the Irish in the same manner. His mistake cost him his life. Mr. Dillon declares the league will not denounce murder till Mr. Gladstone denounces eviction, and Mr. Gladstone declares that eviction, though morally wrong is legally right. Who wonders at assassination?

—A young man named Lowery, residing in Carbondale, Pa., purchased a ticket for Canada on Thursday. He visited Brown's Hollow on the day following, and while in a tavern there was approached by a butcher named Stebbins, and challenged any man in the crowd to knock him down at one blow. Lowery accepted the challenge, and, when Stebbins said he was ready, struck him a powerful blow in the chest. Stebbins fell dead upon the floor, the blow having resulted in the rupture of a blood vessel, which made his death instantaneous. Lowery proceeded on his journey toward Canada, and has not yet been arrested.

—Reports from Patrick county, Va., are to the effect that 5,000 persons are starving. The drought last year greatly curtailed the crops in many portions of the county. Hundreds of people are crowding around the settlements imploring aid. A load of corn was received at the court-house a few days ago. Before it could be distributed hundreds of starving women and children crowded around the vehicle imploring to be given a quart or a peck of grain. A courier who arrived at Danville, Va., on Sunday gives a heartrending account of the situation. The court house is crowded with men, women and children begging for bread. Three hundred of them had not tasted a morsel of food for two days. The county is very isolated and mountainous. The nearest railway station is 45 miles. In some instances as much as $200 has been offered for a barrel of flour. Several wagons with relief have been pushed out from Danville to travel all night in the hope of saving the lives of some.

ROSE COLD AND HAY FEVER.

Being seriously troubled with Hay Fever and Rose Cold I tried Ely's Cream Balm, and was surprised in obtaining almost immediate relief. I cannot too earnestly recommend it to all similarly afflicted. W. P. ANDRUS, Druggist, Metuchen, N. J.

HAVING been afflicted with Hay Fever for years I gave Ely's Cream Balm a trial; was much benefitted. I have had no attacks since using it. E. R. RAUCH, Editor Carbon Co. *Democrat*, Mauch Chunk, Pa.

FOR years I have been afflicted with Hay Fever, from early in August until frost. I was induced to give Ely's Cream Balm a trial. The relief was immediate. I regard myself cured. G. SCHREIBER, Supt. of Cordage Co., Elizabeth, N. J. Price 50 cents.

Apply into nostrils with little finger.

A CARBONDALE (Pa.) telegram of June 10th says that a man named Harkness has been engaged for several weeks in peeling bark on Moosic Mountains and removing the logs to a mountain skidway near Herrick Centre, where they are rolled into the river 250 feet below. On Friday, while Harkness was at the skidway, attempting to move a large log with his cant hook, the hook slipped, throwing Harkness down the embankment, the log following after. As Harkness shot down the mountain side he gathered himself together, and made a fearful leap into the river. He happened to strike a clear place between the logs, and thus escaped a terrible death. He was rescued by the workmen a few feet from the large log which rolled into the river just behind him. Harkness held on to his canthook all the time, and was taken out of the river with it still in his grasp.

DUTY TO OTHERS.

CHAMBERSBURG, July 25, 1875.

This is to let the people know that I, Anna Maria Krider, wife of Tobias Krider, am now past seventy four years of age. My health has been very bad for some years past. I was troubled with weakness, bad cough, dyspepsia, great debility and constipation of the bowels. I was so miserable I could hardly eat anything. I heard of Hop Bitters, and was resolved to try them. I have only used three bottles, and I feel wonderfully good, well and strong again. My bowels are regular, my appetite good, and cough all gone. I feel so well that I think it my duty to let the people know, as so many knew how bad I was, what the medicine has done for me, so they can cure themselves with it.—ANNA M. KRIDER, wife of Tobias Krider.

An acephalic child (without a head) was born in Huntingdon a few days ago, and is causing considerable comment among the medical fraternity. The parents are strong and well developed, possessing ordinary intelligence, and are not related by any ties other than marriage. Both parents and physician are at a loss to account for the curiosity, or, more properly, monstrosity, and the fact that the mother has given birth to three creatures similarly deformed within a space of ten years causes greater surprise. The case will be reported to the different medical journals.

DELICATE FEMALES.

The exactness of society, added to the cares of maternity and the household, have tested beyond endurance the frail constitutions which have been granted the majority of women. To combat this tendency to premature decline, no remedy in the world possesses the nourishing and strengthening properties of MALT BITTERS. They enrich the blood, perfect digestion, stimulate the liver and kidneys, arrest ulcerative weaknesses, and purify and vitalize every function of the female system.

A NEGRO wom an named Belle Lipscombe, of Lynchburg, Va., finding that her child had the small-pox, threw it in a well in the city suburbs several days since, and escaped to to the woods three miles from Lynchburg. The dead body of the child was found on Thursday, and the authorities of Campbell county captured the mother on Saturday night. She had contracted small-pox from the child. If she survives she will be taken to Lynchburg and tried for murder.

BED-RIDDEN AND CURED.

W. E. HUESTIS, of Emporia, Kansas, says that his wife had been sick nearly seven years, and for the last four months bed-ridden. She has been treated by a number of physicians and only grew worse. Her attention was called to Dr. Pierce's "Golden Medical Discovery" and "Favorite Prescription," which she commenced using. In one week she could sit up, and in three weeks could walk about. By druggists.

WHY WOMEN USE IT.

Because they have learned by experience that it overcomes despondency, indigestion, weakness in the back and other troubles of the sex is why women everywhere use Parker's Ginger Tonic.—*Home Journal.*

$10,000 IN PREMIUMS absolutely No Chromos! No Humbug! NO CHEAP JEWELRY! GIVEN AWAY

SECOND GRAND DISTRIBUTION OF PREMIUMS AMONG AGENTS FOR Our Sunny South

On the 20th day of July, 1882, the Second Grand Distribution of Premiums among Agents for "Our Sunny South" will take place, at which time the publishers will distribute among the agents the following list of Premiums:

GRAND PREMIUMS!

One Im'd Farm, near Brownwood, Tex., val. ..$1,000	*One Ladies' Gold Watch, valued at* .....
One Elegant Rosewo'd Square Grand Piano, val. 500	*One Cash Premium of $50 in Gold.*
One Elegant Parlor Organ, valued at..... 120	*One First-Class Sewing Machine, valued at* .....
One Cash Premium of $100 in Gold.	*One Gentleman's Coin Silver Watch, valued at* .....
One Farm Wagon, valued at..... 80	*One Cash Prem'um of $20 in Gold.*

The remaining Premiums consist of Clocks, Watches, Household Articles, Novelties, Books, Toilet Articles, Musical Instruments, &c. Everything warranted first-class, and satisfaction guaranteed. We positively agree not to send out any chromos (so called), or cheap jewelry. The country is not flooded with trash of that character.

HOW TO OBTAIN THE PREMIUMS

These Premiums are given for (not to) subscribers. We are not in the market buying nutmegs or selling cheap goods at a dear price by throwing in a paper. The Premiums are given to those who obtain subscribers for our paper. Anyone can act as Agent. Our Sunny South is a large forty-column monthly paper, devoted to the interests of the home and farm. It is neatly and elegantly printed on good paper. It has a "State Department," which, each month, contains valuable information in regard to Texas. This feature alone is worth the subscription price. It has a "Ladies' Department" and a "Children's Department." It does not publish