

Cambridge Freeman.

EBENSBURG, PA., FRIDAY, JULY 22, 1881.

DEAN STANLEY, a famous divine, died in London, on Monday last, aged about 66 years.

It will be three weeks to-morrow since the attempt was made on the life of the President, and the latest bulletins from the White House justify a reasonable assurance of his recovery. The attending physicians still refuse to say that he is out of danger, or that he is convalescent, but their language is "that he progresses steadily toward convalescence," and if they can repeat the announcement at intervals during the next ten days his recovery may be regarded as fully assured.

The Johnstown Tribune of Friday last, in mentioning the fact that Judge Black had published in the North American Review for the present month a reply to an article by Bob Ingersoll in last month's Review, takes occasion to annihilate the Judge by speaking of him in following chaste and elegant style: "The Christian religion will not be benefited by a defense from such an old beast as Black." There is no wit and certainly no wisdom in this, and it can only be compared to a "mouthing owl" hawking at an imperial eagle.

CONKLING visited Washington at the close of last week and caused it to be announced in one of the daily papers that he did not care anything now for politics, and that his business there was to look after the interests of Senator Jones, of Nevada, in the Hudson River Tunnel Company, over which litigation is anticipated. From what was transpiring in the joint convention of the New York Legislature, just about that time in reference to the elections of successors in the Senate to Conkling and Platt, how very natural it was for the imperious Conkling to care nothing then, or at least to seem to care nothing, "for politics."

The joint convention of the New York Legislature on Saturday last elected Warner Miller as Platt's successor in the U. S. Senate. This result was brought about by seven or eight Conkling men voting for him. At the balloting on Monday and Tuesday for Conkling's successor, Lapham, the caucus nominee, failed of an election, Conkling's adherents persistently refusing to desert him. What the end will be to a successor to Conkling no man can tell. The only thing about it that is certain is that Conkling can never be re-elected. Brains seem to be at as heavy a discount in the Empire State as they are in the Keystone, but even the election of John I. Mitchell from this State is respectable when compared to that of Warner Miller.

We regret that owing to its length we must forego the publication of Judge Black's defence of the Christian religion in the current number of the North American Review, in reply to the assaults made upon it by Robert G. Ingersoll, the notorious infidel. It is a rich intellectual treat, marked by all the force and power, as well as peculiarities of style, of every production of Judge Black's vigorous pen; and when he gets through with "Royal Bob" there is nothing of him left worth mentioning. Ingersoll's attacks on revealed religion wonderfully abound in ribald jests and outlandish blasphemy, so peculiarly original, that they amuse and entertain a certain class of people, but never convince a man of ordinary common sense. When men like Bolingbroke, Hume, Gibbon, and other well known able writers of the infidel school, utterly failed in accomplishing just what Bob Ingersoll is now attempting to accomplish, it is not at all likely that he will succeed in the work he has undertaken.

According to the Washington correspondent of the New York Sun, there has been another unpleasantness among "the doctors of the White House." This time the quarrel, if it may be so called, is between the two hostile schools of medicine, the allopathic and the homoeopathic. The four physicians who are in charge of the President's case are allopaths of the strictest sect. Gen. Garfield is a believer in that system, while his wife is a pronounced homoeopathist. Mrs. Edson, her physician, as well as that of her children, is a homoeopathist, and so is Dr. Boynton. Mrs. Garfield's cousin, who is one of the consulting physicians in the case. Mrs. Edson and Dr. Boynton, as is alleged, have all along had some very distinct theories of their own in reference to the treatment of the case, while Dr. Bliss and his three colleagues hold entirely antagonistic views. Thus far Mrs. Edson and Dr. Boynton as physicians of the President, appear to be entirely ornamental, as their names are not signed to the daily bulletins issued from the White House by Dr. Bliss and his colleagues. The dispute, however, will hardly amount to anything serious.

"WING'S BREWERS' HAND BOOK" for 1881, an official authority with brewers, as we learn from the New York World, fully sets forth the magnitude and rapid increase of lager beer manufacture in this country for the year ending May 1, 1881, as compared with the four previous years. From the "Hand Book" it appears that the total sales in the United States for the year ending May 1, 1881, amounted to 14,125,490 barrels, showing an increase as compared to 1880, when the total sales amounted to 12,800,000 barrels, or as follows: New York, 4,856,428 barrels; Pennsylvania, 1,398,154 barrels; Ohio, 1,201,269 barrels; Wisconsin, 927,267 barrels; Illinois, 870,275 barrels; Missouri, 803,427 barrels; and Massachusetts, the home of that winning statesman, George F. Hoar, over the imaginary wrongs of Southern negroes, 739,833 barrels. No beer at all was brewed in Maine, Vermont, Florida, Mississippi or Arkansas, and the only brewery in the United States which brewed as much as 350,890 barrels was one in Milwaukee.

His Vice President Chester A. Arthur read the leading journals of the country, Republican, Democratic and Independent, during the week immediately succeeding the second day of the present month, when Guiteau shot President Garfield, as we assume that he had read them, he learned without much difficulty the tone and temper of public opinion in view of the probable, if not certain, contingency that under the provision in the constitution he would be required to take the oath and discharge the duties of Chief Magistrate of the Republic. This public opinion has been greatly modified owing to the condition of President Garfield having daily improved, rendering the prospect of his ultimate recovery more and more hopeful, but the fact nevertheless remains that during the few days of doubt and hope referred to, the country regarded a fatal termination of the President's wound with a feeling of tremor not unmixed with despair. This feeling did not spring from any fear on the part of the people that any imminent danger to the country must necessarily result from a peaceful assumption by the Vice President of the Presidential office—an ordeal thro' which the country has safely passed on three different occasions—but it originated in fear of the man who now sits upon the throne, and in the confidence in Mr. Arthur himself. And this, too, not because he is an exceptionally bad man, but because he is a public man who has been conspicuously identified with a large and influential wing of the Republican party whose methods of administering the government are odious to the American people. In other words, he represents Grantism and all that the term implies, and the country, after eight years experience of that kind of administrative rule, has not the most remote idea of ever trying it a second time. It is true that Grant himself, as was to have been expected, vouches for the safety of the country in the event of Mr. Arthur becoming President, but the country never commanded much respect, and his endorsement of Arthur failed to remove the doubts and misgivings of the people, who well remembered how swift Grant had been in endorsing Delknap, Babcock and George H. Williams, as well as other public plunderers who dwelt almost within the shadow of the White House. No man can tell what weighty and startling events, big with the destinies of the country, a day or an hour may bring forth; and it may be that in the inscrutable ways of Providence the office of President may yet devolve upon Mr. Arthur. If that contingency should happen, it is to be hoped that the lesson he has learned during the last few weeks will not be soon or lightly forgotten.

WILLIAM D. SPARKS, a contractor of Wilmington, Delaware, a leading Republican of that city, and during the rebellion a deputy Provost Marshal, and another man named Chandler, enticed an old negro named Townsend into Chandler's coal-yard on Friday last, made him drunk, stripped him naked, and whitewashed him with lime while he was tied to a post, a portion of the mixture severely injuring his eyes. Sparks was arrested and held in \$500 bail. Chandler escaped arrest by leaving the city. The only motive assigned for this brutal and cowardly act is that the old darkey is an active Democrat. Suppose this outrage had been committed in a Southern State—that the negro was a Republican and his assailants Democrats in the North would have sent up one long continued howl of horror and indignation—the people of the whole State would have been held responsible and denounced as worse than the savages of the South Pacific islands. A doubtful State election at the North has more than once been carried by the Republican party by inventing just such an outrage as this one at Wilmington as having taken place in a Southern State.

An unscrupulous demagogue like John Sheehan with this Wilmington affair loomed in Mississippi for his text on the stump, could possibly save Foster, the Republican candidate for Governor in Ohio, from defeat at the November election. In the Delaware case, however, Townsend, the old negro, was a Democrat, and in the estimation of Republican editors didn't receive any rougher treatment than a "Democratic nigger" deserves.

The Democratic State convention of Ohio met at Columbus last week and on the second ballot nominated John W. Bookwalter, of Springfield, for Governor. The nominee conducts a large manufacturing business which gives employment to many hundreds of hands, and it is claimed by the Democrats that he will be a tower of strength with the workingmen of the State. It is said that during the panic and depression of business in 1873, while other employers were cutting down the wages of their men, Mr. Bookwalter took the ground that at such a time the man who worked should be better paid for his labor, and that instead of reducing wages he increased them. This incident in his mode of doing business is known in every manufacturing establishment in the State, and cannot fail to make him a very strong candidate with the laboring class. Some of the Republican papers in this State, the Johnstown Tribune among them, knowing his strength and fearing the result, are already charging him with having "bought his nomination." This charge comes from the papers of a party that notoriously carried the Presidential election last year by the corrupt use of money and has for years compelled its hordes of office-holders to contribute to a fund for the avowed purpose of buying the election of its candidates with cash. The Democracy of Ohio, although as a general rule accustomed to defeat, never surrender, and they promise to make the campaign this year especially active and aggressive.

In an interview in New York, on Saturday last, Congressman Joseph J. Tilden, Republican, who represents the Petersburg (Virginia) district and resides in the same town with Malone, remarked: "There is not an honest hair in Malone's head."

NEWS AND OTHER NOTINGS.

A dead alligator, seven feet long, was found in the Allegheny river, near Pittsburgh, on Friday.

A young boy, named Buhman, has severely damaged speculative insurance from his pupil.

The people of Arkansas fasted and prayed on Thursday last for the better health of the President.

The majority of the girls married in Warren county, Ky., last year were children, their ages ranging from 13 to 18.

A young man named Andrew is in jail at Harrisburg, charged with murdering his wife and her three children.

Two daughters of George Fiedling, the oldest 12 years of age, were found on the north shore of Hans county, Nova Scotia on Saturday.

President Garfield received the Hancock and English and Garfield and Arthur battalions of Newburyport, Mass., will unite at the annual meeting of the company.

Four more little Baltimore boys who owned and manipulated toy pistols have climbed the golden stairs of the gallows.

James Atkinson has been arrested in Penobscot county, Wis., for murdering his wife and children and throwing their bodies into the Mississippi on the 4th.

Richard Wedley, of Walpole county, Ont., while riding on a reaper cutting grain on Saturday morning, was struck by lightning and instantly killed.

Congressman Spear and Eleanor D. Morgan, daughter of Dr. Morgan, were married Thursday at the residence of Dr. Morgan.

"Speculative life insurance" is dubbed by critical ethnographers in neighboring States as "a Pennsylvania industry."

A life and death struggle took place between J. Palmer, of McKean county, and a man named Palmer, who was proved fatal to the latter.

A man in Hyde Park has three wives living in the town. He is estranged from one of them, but lives amicably with the other two and nobody seems to think anything of it.

A Philadelphia man, being slapped in the face by his wife, turned white with rage, and in a moment afterwards he was dead.

There are now two hundred persons imprisoned in Ireland under the coercion act, including one member of parliament, one member of the House of Commons, and many poor law guardians.

The Rev. John Brook and Miss Jane H. Fink, of New York, were married Saturday evening, the young woman was killed and Mr. Brook and his wife were killed.

A Philadelphia guardian charged \$500 for administering an estate of \$400. The ward was a young man named...

The work of repairing the immense destruction caused by the late storm is now being vigorously pushed forward.

The Papal bulls for the consecration of Dr. McMillen, of Chicago, as Bishop of the new diocese of Davenport, Iowa, have arrived.

The Catholic paragon at Buxton Falls, Quebec, was burned on Saturday night, and the resident priest, Father Lorne, was burned to death by the falling of the roof.

The McPeckers (Kansas, Freeman says that a father-in-law of J. O. Dwyer, who has more than 70 years, has his left ear cut entirely off by a blow from a team from a plow and had then nearly lost his right eye.

A young man named James A. Gardner, who was James A. Gardner's nurse at the time of his birth, died near Dowagiac, Mich., on the 18th inst.

The Rev. J. M. McKim, of New York, has announced the death of another child of the same family, no other death in the congregation.

The proposed gift to Mrs. Garfield has called out the creditable fact that there is not a single man in the United States who during his term in Congress rendered important and entirely gratuitous service to the country.

It has been learned that Willie Catb, of Rockville, Md., who was reported missing a few days ago, was taken out in a punt on the icy pond by Ralph B. Gross, aged eleven, and drowned because he would not give him twenty-five cents which he had given up to cents and wanted to be put on shore when one of them—it is believed—generally the original proprietor of the board.

Frederick Millard, of this city, says a Baltimore correspondent of the Baltimore Herald has written him this morning to Mr. Anthony Pearce, of the firm of Pearce Bros. & Co., Hanover street, Baltimore, Md., who is the proprietor of an estate estimated to be worth between \$50,000 and \$75,000.

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A Fearful Western Cyclone.

DESTRUCTION OF PROPERTY AND LOSS OF LIFE MARK ITS PATH.

New Ulm, Minn., July 17.—Shortly before 5 o'clock on Friday afternoon, a cyclone of the most terrific violence struck this town, demolishing over one hundred buildings, and killing or wounding upwards of thirty persons.

The course of the cyclone could not be distinctly discerned and it seemed to be moving in several volleys over the north and south. At 4:30 o'clock black clouds gathered with great rapidity.

The storm was a hurricane, and the rain descended in blinding sheets. There was a moment's lull, and then the cyclone struck with renewed force.

John Robinson's show at Uniontown, Fayette county, Michael kept his stock of goods in the city, and he was not in the city when the cyclone struck.

A woman (Miss) special says: "I have been in the city of New Ulm, Minn., since I was a girl, and I have seen many a cyclone."

The Kieff newspaper, the Laborer, writes that the cyclone struck the city of New Ulm, Minn., on Friday afternoon, and that it was the most disastrous blow New Ulm has ever received.

On Wednesday evening the President and his son, and I think that it is probable that the President would have been killed.

THE REMOVAL OF THE REMAINS OF POPE PIVS THE SIXTH IMPROVED AND OUTRAGED BY A HOWLING MOB.

A special cablegram to the N. Y. World, dated 15th inst., furnishes the following information in relation to the removal of the mortal remains of the late Pope, and the indignities, insults and injuries perpetrated by the mob.

THE HEARTH OF POLLY.—To wit: Polly, who was a young woman, was found dead in a room in the city of New York, and it is believed that she had committed suicide.

MISS PROUDP is one of the loveliest girls in Southern Kansas, and a year ago was the victim of a most atrocious and cruel crime.

GOOD WORDS FROM DRUGGISTS.—"Malt Bitters are the best bitters." "They promote sleep and allay nervousness."

THE MISSING BULLET FOUND.—On Monday last District Attorney Corkhill found the missing bullet which was fired at the President on the 21st of July.

DISORDERLY AND LIVER COMPLAINT.—Is it not worth the trouble to get a bottle of Serravallo's Tonic?

A GANG OF OUTLAWS on Friday night captured a train on the Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific road between Cameron and Winston, Mo., killed the conductor, and captured a safe of several thousand dollars.

The Story of the Crime.

THE OFFICIAL ACCOUNT OF THE SHOOTING OF THE PRESIDENT.

District Attorney Corkhill, of Washington, who has made a thorough investigation into the movements of Charles Guiteau from the time he first came to that city up to the day he attempted to assassinate the President, has furnished the following statement for publication with the assurance that the facts detailed by him may be relied upon as accurate.

The interest felt by the public in the details of the assassination and the many stories published in regard to it, has led to the preparation of this accurate statement, covering the points to which reference is here made.

On Sunday morning, June 16th, he was at the Christian Church on Vermont avenue, and he returned to his room at the Hotel...

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Full Particulars.

On the 1st of this month our stock of Men's and Boys' Clothing and Gents' Furnishing Goods at Oak Hall was seven hundred and forty-three thousand one hundred and seventy-five dollars and eighty-one cents.

\$743,175.81 These are the exact figures.

Where is there another such stock to select from? The old house has been remodelled. The old hands (most of them) are still there.

The old principles of just and right prices, sound goods, fashionable styles, substantial finish, are strictly adhered to.

Who founded the business, is at Oak Hall every day looking after things, and in all the history of Oak Hall it was never so wide awake.

An old-time greeting to our friends everywhere and another cordial invitation extended to come to Oak Hall.

Wanamaker & Brown, OAK HALL, Cor. Sixth and Market Streets, Philadelphia.

The Largest Clothing House in America. Postscript. The last new thing we have done is to open a TEN DOLLAR ROOM, where we have gathered a great lot of full Suits, suitable for dress or business, which we shall sell at \$10.

You can judge of the cheapness of our stock by seeing what we can do for \$10.

This Innovation... you will find, among other places of interest, the Grand Depot well worthy of a visit. Its floor and gallery spaces now cover over three acres, and are filled with Dry Goods, Carpets, China, Furniture, etc.

There is a Lunch-Room in the building, Valises, baskets and packages can be left in charge of attendant in Ladies' Waiting Room.

Mr. Wanamaker is desirous that visitors should feel at home when they come, and be free to purchase or not, as they please.

NOTE.—Our large Catalogue, with prices and full directions for shopping by mail from any part of the United States, will be mailed gratuitously upon request, address JOHN WANAMAKER, GRAND DEPOT, PHILADELPHIA.

BROKEN LINES Dress Goods THAT ARE VERY DECIDED BARGAINS.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS JULY 11, 1881.

LINEN LAWN. 100 yards for \$1.00.

NEW GOODS. Special Values in Fancy Summer Silks.

St. Elmo Hotel. Nos. 317 and 319 Arch Street, PHILADELPHIA.

THE MISSING BULLET FOUND.—On Monday last District Attorney Corkhill found the missing bullet which was fired at the President on the 21st of July.

VENNOR'S PREDICTIONS! For this Month's Weather, prepared expressly for the use of the people.

PAMPHLET G. P. ROWELL & CO. N. Y.